MORNING TELEGRAPH.

BY GEORGE BERGNER. HARRISBURG, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 13, 1862. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE TELEGRAPH

IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAY,

BY GEORGE BERGNER,

TERMS.—SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION.

THE TELEGRAPH is served to subscribers in the city at 12½ cents per week. Yearly subscribers will be charged $6 00 in advance.

WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH.

The Semi-Weekly is also published twice a week during the sessions of the Legislature, and weekly during the balance of the year, and furnished to subscribers at the following rates, viz:

To Semi-Weekly subscribers per year	Semi-Weekly	$1 50
" " " "	"	12 00
" " " "	"	22 00
To Weekly subscriber, Weekly		1 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Eight lines or less constitute one half square. Eight lines more than four constitute a square.

Half square, one day	$0 25
one week	1 00
one month	2 00
three months	3 00
six months	5 00
one year	8 00
Quarter square, one day	50
one week	2 00
one month	3 50
three months	5 00
six months	10 00
one year	15 00

Business notices inserted in the *Local Column*, or Marriages and Deaths, FIVE CENTS PER LINE for each insertion.

Marriages and Deaths to be charged as regular notices.

Medical.

DR. JOHNSON

BALTIMORE

LOCK HOSPITAL.

WAS discovered the most certain, speedy and effectual remedy in the world for

DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.

RELIEF IN SIX TO TWELVE HOURS.

No Mercury or Noxious Drugs.

CURES WARRANTED, OR NO CHARGE, IN FROM ONE TO TWO DAYS.

Diseases of the Back or Loins, Strictures, Pains in the Limbs, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, Decay of the Physical Powers, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Stomach, Affections of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin—those terrible disorders arising from the indiscretion or Solitary Habits of youth,—those dreadful and destructive practises which produce constitutional debility, render marriage impossible, and destroy both body and mind.

YOUNG MEN.

Young men especially who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talent and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect health.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS

Immediately cured and full vigor restored.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J., may confidently confide in his honor as a gentleman, and can, confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

Office No. 7 South Frederick street, Baltimore, Md., on the left hand side going from Baltimore street, 7 doors from the corner. Be particular in observing the name or number, or you will mistake the place. Be particular for *Ignorant, Trifling Quacks*, with false names, or *Paltry Humbug Certificates*, attracted by the reputation of Dr. Johnson, lurk near

All letters must contain a Postage Stamp, to use on the reply.

DR. JOHNSTON.

Dr. Johnson member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greatest part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind were cured immediately,

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J. addresses all those who having injured themselves by private and improper indulgencies, that secret and solitary habit which ruins both body and mind, unfitting them for either business or society.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.

Mentally, the fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded:—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evil effects.

Thousands of persons of all ages, can now judge what is the cause of their decline in health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, have a singular appearance about the eyes, cough, and symptoms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN

who have injured themselves by a certain practice, indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are slightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hopes of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life by the consequences of departing from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

DR. JOHNSON'S INVIGORATING REMEDY FOR ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

By this great and important remedy, Weakness of the Organs is speedily cured, and full vigor restored.

Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated who had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved. All impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous, Trembling, Weakness or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily cured.

TO STRANGERS.

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last twelve years, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Dr. J., witnessed by the reporters of the papers, and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a *gentleman of character and responsibility*, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.—When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, affecting the head, throat, nose, skin, &c., progressing on with frightful rapidity, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings by sending him to "that bourne from whence no traveler returns." It is a melancholy fact that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that *deadly poison, mercury*, ruin the constitution and make the residue of life miserable.

TO STRANGERS.—The Doctor's Diplomas hang in his office.

Letters must contain a Stamp to us on the reply.

Remedies sent by Mail.

No. 7 South Frederick street, Baltimore.

april3-dawly

BUCK-WHEAT MEAL and CORN MEAL just received and for sale low at NICHOLS & BOWMAN, corner Front and Market streets. 16

HAIR, TOOTH, NAIL, CLOTH, HAT, FEATHER and INFANT BRUSHES, in great variety KELLER'S DRUG AND FANCY STORE

Lines of Travel & Transportation.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD

WINTER TIME TABLE.

FIVE TRAINS DAILY TO AND FROM PHILADELPHIA.

ON AND AFTER

MONDAY JANUARY 27th, 1862.

The Passenger Trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will depart from and arrive at Harrisburg and Philadelphia as follows:—

EASTWARD.

THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Harrisburg daily at 3.20 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 7.40 a. m.

FAST LINE leaves Harrisburg daily, (except Sunday,) at 1.00 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 5.10 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 5.55 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 11.00 p. m.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, via Mount Joy, leaves Harrisburg at 7.30 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 12 35 p. m.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, via Columbia, leaves Harrisburg at 2.00 p. m. and arrives at West Philadelphia at 7.20 p. m.

WESTWARD.

THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 10.30 p. m., Harrisburg at 3.05 a. m., Altoona 8.40, a. m., and arrives at Pittsburg at 1.25 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 8.00 a. m., and arrives at Harrisburg at 1.20 p. m.; leaves Harrisburg at 9.00 a. m., Altoona, 3.30 p. m., and arrives at Pittsburg at 9.30 p. M.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia at 11.25 a. m., Harrisburg 4.05 p. m., Altoona at 9.10 p. m., and arriving at Pittsburg at 1.40 a. m.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 2.30 p. m., and arrives at Harrisburg at 8.00 p. m.

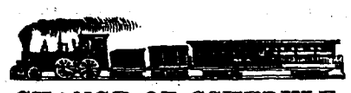
MOUNT JOY ACCOMMODATION via Mount Joy, leaves Lancaster at 11.33 a. m., arrives at Harrisburg at 1.30 p. m.

The NEWS EXPRESS and PASSENGER TRAIN will leave West Philadelphia at 4.00 a. m.; Lancaster 7.07 a. m.; Mount Joy at 7.43 a. m., Middletown at 8.25 a. m., and arrive at Harrisburg at 8.55 a. m., connecting with Mail Train west, from Harrisburg, at 9.00 a. m.

SAMUEL D. YOUNG,
Supt. East, Div. Penna. Railroad.

Harrisburg, January 24, 1862.—dtf

Northern Central Railway



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

THREE TRAINS DAILY TO AND FROM

BALTIMORE.

Close Connection made at Harrisburg TO AND FROM NEW YORK.

SLEEPING CARS RUN ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, NOV. 24, 1861, the Passenger Trains of the Northern Central Railway will arrive at and depart from Harrisburg and Baltimore as follows, viz:

GOING SOUTH.

MAIL TRAIN arrives at Harrisburg		1.05 P. M.
and leaves	"	1.20 P. M.
EXPRESS " arrives at	"	2.47 A. M.
and leaves	"	3.40 A. M.

GOING NORTH.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Baltimore at	8.25 A. M.
and arrives at Harrisburg	1.00 P. M.
and leaves North at	1.20 P. M.
EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Baltimore at	3.00 P. M.
and arrives at Harrisburg	8.00 P. M.
and leaves North at	8.10 P. M.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN

Leaves Harrisburg for Baltimore at	8.45 A. M.
Returning—leaves Baltimore at	3.30 P. M.

The only train leaving Harrisburg on Sunday will be the Express Train, South at 3.20 A. M.

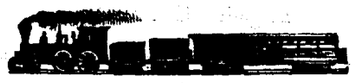
For further information apply at the Office, in Penna Railroad Depot.

JOHN F. UHRICH, Agent.

Harrisburg, Nov. 23, 1861.—dtf

WINTER TIME ARRANGEMENT.

NEW AIR LINE ROUTE.



THREE TRAINS DAILY TO NEW YORK, AND PHILADELPHIA WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1861, the Passenger Trains will leave the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Depot, at Harrisburg, for New York and Philadelphia, as follows, viz:

EASTWARD.

EXPRESS LINE leaves Harrisburg at 3.30 a. m., on arrival of Pennsylvania Railroad Express Train from the West, arriving in New York at 11.5 a. m., and at Philadelphia at 9.00 a. m. A sleeping car is attached to the train through from Pittsburg without change.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Harrisburg at 8.35 a. m., arriving in New York at 5.30p. m., and Philadelphia at 1.25 p. m.

FAST LINE leaves Harrisburg at 1.40 p. m., on arrival of Pennsylvania Railroad Fast Mail, arriving in New York at 9.50 p. m., and Philadelphia at 6.40 p. m.

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves New York at 6 a. m., and Philadelphia at 8 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 1 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves New York at 12.00 noon, and Philadelphia at 3. 15 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 8.10 p m.

EXPRESS LINE leaves New York at 8 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 3.10 a. m., and connecting with the Pennsylvania Express Train for Pittsburg. A sleeping car is also attached to this train.

Connections are made at Harrisburg with trains on the Pennsylvania, Northern Central and Cumberland Valley Railroads, and at Reading for Philadelphia, Pottsville, Wilkesbarre, Allentown, Easton, &c.

Baggage checked through. Fare between New York and Harrisburg, $5 00; between Harrisburg and Philadelphia, $3 25 in No. 1 cars, and $2 70 in No. 2.

For tickets or other information apply to

J. J. CLYDE,
General Agent, Harrisburg.

no4

IMPROVEMENT IN DENTISTRY.

DR. P. H. ALLABACH, Surgeon Dentist, Manufacturer of Mineral Plate Teeth, the only method that obviates every objection to the use of artificial teeth, embracing partial, half and whole sets of one piece only, of pure and indestructible mineral, there are no crevices for the accumulation of small particles of food and therefore, no offensive odor from the breath, as no medical is used in their construction, there can be no galvanic action or metallic taste. Hence the individual is not annoyed with sore throat, headache, &c. Office No. 42 North Second street, Harrisburg.

oct12-dly

D. W. Gross & Co.,

D. W. GROSS & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

NO. 19

MARKET STREET

HARRISBURG, PENN'A.

DRUGGISTS, PHYSICIANS, STORE-KEEPERS AND CONSUMERS,

We are daily adding to our assortment of goods all such articles as are desirable, and would respectfully call your atention to the largest and best selected stock in this city, of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS & PAINTS,

Oils, varnishes and Glues,

Dye-Stuffs, Glass and Putty,

Artist Colors and Tools,

Pure Ground Spices

Burning Fluid and Alcohol,

Lard, Sperm and Pine Oils,

Bottles, Vials and Lamp Globes,

Castile Soap, Sponges and Corks,

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c

With a general variety of

PERFUMERY & TOILET ARTICLES,

selected from the best manufacturers and Perfumers of Europe and this country.

Being very large dealers in

PAINTS, WHITE LEAD,
LINSEED OIL, VARNISHES,
WINDOW GLASS, ARTIST'S
COLORS, PAINT AND
ARTIST'S BRUSHES
IN ALL THEIR VARIETIES,
COLORS AND BRONZES
OF ALL KINDS.

We respectfully invite a call, feeling, confident that we can supply the wants of all on terms to their satisfaction.

TEETH! TEETH!!

JONE'S AND WHITES'S PORCELAIN TEETH,

PATENT MEDICINES AND HAIR RESTORATIVES

Of all kinds, direct from the Proprietors.

Saponifier and Concentrated Lye!

Wholesale Agents for Saponifier, which we sell as low as it can be purchased in the cities.

THAYER'S MEDICAL FLUID EXTRACTS

COAL OIL! CARBON OIL!

Being large purchasers in these Oils, we can offer inducements to close buyers. Coal Oil Lamps of the most improved patterns, very cheap. All kinds of lamps changed to burn Coal Oil.

FARMERS AND GRAZIERS,

Those of you who have not given our HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS a trial know no their superiority, and the advantage they are in keeping Horses and Cattle healthy and in good condition.

Thousands can testify to the profit they have derived from the use of our Cattle Powders by the increasing quantity and quality of milk, besides improving the general health and appearance of their Cattle.

Our long experience in the business gives us the advantage of a thorough knowledge of the trade, and our arrangements in the cities are such that we can in a very short time furnish anything appertaining to our business, on the best of terms.

Thankful for the liberal patronage bestowe on our house, we hope by strict attention to business, a careful selection of

PURE DRUGS

at fair prices, and the desire to please all, to merit a continuance of the favor of a discriminating public.

CHEAP SUGARS!!—Call at NICHOLS & BOWMAN, corner Front and Market streets 16

Miscellaneous

STEAM WEEKLY. BETWEEN NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL.

LANDING AND EMBARKING PASSENGERS at QUEENSTOWN, (Ireland.) The Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Steamship company intend dispatching their full powered Clyde-built iron Steamships as follows:

CITY OF WASHINGTON, Saturday, February 8th
CITY OF BALTIMORE, Saturday, February 15th; EDINBURG, Saturday, February 22d, and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

FIRST CABIN	$75 00	STEERAGE	$30 00
do to London	$80 00	do to London	$33 00
do to Paris	$85 00	do to Paris	$38 00
do to Hamburg	$85 00	do to Hamburg	$35 00

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

For further information, or to bring out their friends cheap, buy tickets here at the following rates, to New York: From Liverpool or Queenstown, 1st Cabin, $75, $85 and $105. Steerage from Liverpool $40 00. From Queenstown, $30 00.

These Steamers have superior accommodations for passengers, and carry experienced Surgeons. They are built in Water-tight Iron Sections, and have Patent Fire Annihilators on board.

For further information apply in Liverpool to WILLIAM INMAN, Agent, 22 Water Street; in Glasgow to WM. INMAN, 5 St. Enoch Square; in Queenstown to C. & W. D. SEYMOUR & CO.; in London to RIVES & MALY, 61 King William St.; in Paris to JULIUS DECOUE, 5 Place de la Bourse; in Philadelphia to JOHN G. DALE, 117 Walnut street; or at the Company's offices.

JNO. G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.
Or C. D. Zimmerman, Agent, Harrisburg.

PASSENGERS FOR EUROPE.—By order of the Secretary of State, all passengers leaving the United States are required to procure Passports before going on board the Steamer.

Passengers will not be subjected to any trouble or delay in procuring them, if they call for instructions at the Company's Offices, 15 Broadway, New York.

JOHN G DALE, AGENT.

jan21-tf

SOLDIERS' NICK NACK'S,

FOR Sale at KELLER'S DRUG AND FANCY STORE

Camp Writing Cases,
Needle or Sewing Cases,
Shaving or Razor Cases,
Toilet Cases,
Match Cases.

Pocket Ink Stands,
Pocket Mirrors,
Pocket Knives,
Pocket Combs,
Fine Combs,
Camp Mirrors.

Bryer Pipes,
Tobacco Boxes,
India Rubber Tobacco Pouches,
Wicker, Leather & Platina Flasks,
Leather Drinking Cups.

Pens, Penholders, Pencils, Paper, and Envelopes.

Soldiers will see at a glance that the place to get an outfit in small wares is at No. 91, Market street.

See "Fort Pickens" in the window. no5-tf

WHOLESALE

UMBRELLA MANUFACTORY!

No. 69, Market Street, below Third,

HARRISBURG, PA.

M. H. LEE,

MANUFACTURER OF UMBRELLAS, PARSOLS and WALKING CANES, will furnish goods at LOWER PRICES than can be bought in any of the Eastern cities. Country merchants will do well to call and examine prices and quality, and convince themselves of this fact. au23-dly.

PORT FOLIOS!

WRITING DESKS,
TRAVELING BAGS,
PURSES,
PORTMONAIES,

And a general assortment of FANCY GOODS have just been received at BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE.

DR. T. J. MILES,

SURGEON DENTIST,

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Harrisburg and its vicinity. He solicits a share of the public patronage, and gives assurance that his best endeavors shall be given to render satisfaction in his profession. Being an old, well tried dentist, he feels safe in inviting the public generally to call on him, assuring them that they will not be dissatisfied with his services. Office No. 128 Market street, in the house formerly occupied by Jacob R. Eby, near the United States Hotel.

Harrisburg, Pa. may8-dly

TO GRAIN CONTRACTORS.

THE BALTIMORE BAG FACTORY,

No. 77 South Street, Baltimore, Md.

IS PREPARED to furnish Government Contractors and others with Linen or Cotton Bags of all sizes, promptly for cash at low prices. *Oats and Corn Contractors* will find it to their advantage to give me a call. JOHN C. GRAFFLIN.

Baltimore, Jan. 17th, 1862. jy24-2md*

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at Public Sale at 10 o'clock A. M., on SATURDAY THE EIGHTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D., 1862, at the Court House in Harrisburg, the following valuable Real Estate, viz:

A certain lot of Ground situated in Upper Swatara township, Dauphin county, about one quarter of a mile below the line of the city of Harrisburg, containing nine acres, more or less, on which is erected a large Distillery (known as the Keystone Distillery,) together with a sufficient number of Pens for feeding one thousand Hogs; also, other out buildings necessary about an establishment of the kind.

The Distillery is located on the Pennsylvania Railroad with a siding belonging to the property, the Pennsylvania Canal making the boundary line of the east end of said property.

Any person wishing to examine the premises before the day of sale, will please call on Mr. John Young, near the same, who will give any information that may be requested. If the premises should not be sold on said day they will be for rent.

Attendance will be given and conditions of sale made known by

JACOB L. EBY.

j23 o3w.

FOR SEWING MACHINES.

JONAS BROOK & BRO'S

PRIZE MEDAL SPOOL COTTON,

200 & 500 YDS. WHITE, BLACK & COLORED.

THIS thread being made particularly for Sewing Machines, is VERY STRONG, SMOOTH AND ELASTIC. Its strength is not impaired by washing, nor by friction of the needle. For Machines, use Brooks' Patent Glace,

FOR UPPER THREAD,

and Brooks Patent Six Cord, Red Ticket,

FOR UNDER THREAD,

Sold by respectable dealers throughout the country.—Also, in cases of 100 DOZEN EACH, ASSORTED NOS., by

WM. HENRY SMITH, Sole Agent.
36 Vesey street, New York.

no9-d6m

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR in fourth and half bbl. sacks, also, wholesale and retail at the New Grocery and Provision Store, Front and Market sts.

NICHOLS & BOWMAN.

TO FARMERS.

OATS! OATS!! Cash paid for Oats by JAMES M. WHEELER.

nov6-dtf

HAY! HAY!!—Superior baled Hay for sale by JAMES M. WHEELER, d230

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM MISSOURI.

ACTIVE PREPARATIONS AT FORT LEAVENWORTH.

GEN. HUNTER'S EXPEDITION.

LEAVENWORTH, Feb. 11.

The greatest activity prevails at Fort Leavenworth in preparation for the expedition to start from here under Gen. Hunter. Troops and supplies being concentrated in the southern portion of the State, and indications appear favorable for an early advance.

The General himself is working earnestly and unceasingly in perfecting the details of the expedition, and every department is pushed to its utmost capacity.

Seven regiments of cavalry, four regiments of infantry and three full batteries of artillery, with parrot and wiard guns, are now *en route* from the east and are daily expected to join the expedition, which will be one of the most formidable yet organized during the war.

XXXVIIth Congress--First Session.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.

IN SENATE.

CONTINUED FROM SECOND PAGE.]

Mr. WILSON, (Mass.,) introduced a bill for the establishment of a national foundry and furnace.

Also, a bill for the appointment of a warden at the jail in the District of Columbia. He said he wished to make a brief statement: Some days ago the Secretary of State addressed an order, the object of which was to clear the jail of persons held there under the charge of being fugitive slaves. That order was received at that jail of course with the disposition to evade it, because it is well known that the jail is under the control of the deputy of the marshall of the district and under the superintendency of a negro thief named Wise. To evade this order of the secretary, a person in jail owned by a man named Chapman, of Charles county, Md., who is a secessionist, was taken out and before a justice to be formally committed. This person was put in the jail by this Wise, who visits the regiments and other places to steal all negroes that he can. A week ago he stole a negro from the Rhode Island regiment, who he got away, but this person believed that he was to be sent back to his master, so he cut up his blanket and let himself down from the jail near fifty feet, but fell, and was taken back by the guard. A loaded revolver was placed at his breast, and he told them to shoot, that he had rather die than go back to his master. He was put in a dungeon. There his hands were tied over a barrel, to be "hogged," as they call it. Yesterday morning he was taken to the slave pen at Baltimore. He wanted it understood by the country and the people that these crimes against humanity are committed by this negro thief; that these men control that jail by our votes, and we are responsible before the nation and before God. He wanted to wash his hands and denounce these crimes, and take this jail from the care of Marshal Lamon and his negro-catching creatures, and put it in the hands of a warden.

The Treasury note bill was then taken up.

Mr. FESSENDEN referred to the speech of Mr. Sherman where he said, that not only the army delayed, but that Congress also wasted time. He concluded that Congress was not at all to blame. It had not wasted time. The Senate could not consider this important bill until it had come from the House. The House Committee of Ways and Means had done as well if not better than any other committee. The Secretary of the Treasury had proposed very important measures in relation to treasury notes, taxation and banks. These were very important measures, and had to be considered carefully. They had received a thorough and long attention of the other House, and he thought the time well spent. The measure of forcing on the country millions of irredeemable paper, was something never done before, and it required much attention. It was admitted by all that it was with great reluctance that such a measure was adopted. He explained the features of the House bill and the amendments of the finance committee. The committee had deemed it necessary that the government should pay the interest in coin, as calculated to sustain the credit of the government and to give confidence to creditors. The committee thought that if the legal tender clause was to be adopted the country should know that such was not to be a permanent policy.

Mr. COLLAMER, (Vt.,) opposed the legal tender clause in long argument, showing that it was unconstitutional, and would destroy all credit, public or private. It is a practical deception of the people, in which they are not willing to participate. He did not believe in any necessity for this measure.

Mr. SHERMAN offered an amendment to the amendment of the committee, that the notes authorized in July, also be received in payment of public dues, &c. Adopted.

The committee's amendment in regard to the payment of interest in coin was adopted. Also the amendment striking out the provision that the notes be exchanged for bonds bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. Adopted.

Mr. HOWE spoke at some length in favor of the bill. He contended that we must have money to carry on the government and could not raise a sufficient amount by taxation in time sufficient to effect the object, consequently the government must issue something. This will for the time take place of currency and coin. The government owes a large amount and must pay some way, either coin or something else, and better pay in notes than not pay at all. He denied that any other government had tried such experiment as this. He declared that the country was dying for want of currency, and currency needs inflation. He contended that England preserved her credit for a long time on paper currency. He urged the necessity of this currency, because the country needs it, and because it is safe.

Mr. FESSENDEN moved an amendment to the amendment in regard to deposits that are withdrawn on only ten days' notice. Adopted.

Mr. SHERMAN objected to the amendment providing for the deposit and exchange of notes into bonds.

Mr. KING thought it would be giving the banks too much advantage, and moved to reduce the per centage to one per cent. Rejected.

The amendment providing for deposit at five per cent, was rejected.

The amendment, setting apart proceeds, public lands and confiscated property and duties on imported goods as special fund for the payment of interest debt on bonds and notes, U. S., and for sinking fund, was adopted.

Several other verbal amendments of the committee were adopted.

Mr. FESSENDEN moved to amend the first section so as to make bonds for which notes funded redeemable at pleasure in five years, instead of twenty, and payable in twenty years.

Mr. SHERMAN opposed the amendment as tending to depreciate the character of the bonds.

Mr. FESSENDEN said the amendment was to prevent paying too high an interest for a long number of years.

Mr. CHANDLER said there was no time since the first of November that the war could not be closed in sixty days. Only one obstacle stood in the way for four months, which Congress could remove to-morrow. He believed that the order forward would be given, and the war closed by the first day of May.

The Senate then adjourned. No quorum.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House acted on the Senate's amendments to the civil and miscellaneous appropriation bill.

The Committee on Ways and Means had recommended disagreements to the Senate amendment, appropriating $6,800 for painting and papering the White House.

Debate occurred on the question, during which it was said that this amount exceeded the sum heretofore appropriated for refitting, &c.

Mr. KELLOGG, (Ill.) said the discussion was in the character of a mutual admiration society to-day. The Secretary of the Treasury had been both soundly abused and beautifully admired. Gentlemen had been anxious to sound his praise and become competitors for the championship of his fame, and yet others voted to stab him by their votes in refusing to provide for the settling the accounts for the treasury notes already printed. Gentlemen now seem to be anxious to be leaders of the administration and champions of the President's fame, and yet they cause scurrilous paragraphs to be read, and then vote to stab the President. God grant that he (Mr. Kellogg,) might never have such friends. The Senate's amendment was then agreed to.

All the other amendments were acted upon.

At this point the sergeant-at-arms appeared, having in custody Henry Wikoff, whom the House to-day ordered to be arrested for contempt.

The prisoner was brought before the bar of the House at the instance of Mr. HICKMAN.

The Speaker then informed Mr. Wikoff that he had been arrested by order of the House, charged with contempt of its authority in refusing to answer a question propounded by the judiciary committee, and asked him what he had to say.

Mr. Wikoff replied that he hoped not to be considered wanting in respect either to the House or to the committee, but the information which the committee demanded was received by him under an obligation of secrecy which he felt bound to respect.

Mr. STEVENS, (Pa.,) suggested that the answer be reduced to writing.

Mr. RICHARDSON, (Ill.,) remarked and also the interrogatory.

Mr. COX, (Ohio,) moved the postponement of the case in order that the prisoner might have an opportunity until to-morrow to reflect.

Mr. HICKMAN said the witness had declined to answer the interrogatory propounded on the ground that certain information was communicated to him under a pledge of secrecy. There could scarcely be any necessity for the House to delay action for a day in order to enable the person in contempt to put his answer in writing, therefore he was opposed to his colleague's (Mr. Stevens) motion because there was no necessity for it. This was an extraordinary case. The witness testified that he received information of a portion of the President's Annual Message prior to its delivery to Congress and caused it to be communicated through the telegraph to the New York *Herald*, but when he was asked by the Committee on the Judiciary, who were appointed to inquire into the censorship of the press, how he obtained this information, he declined to answer by saying he received it under the pledge of secrecy. The committee believe no witness has a right to withhold so important a fact under such a pledge. The answer to the question propounded by the Speaker to Mr. Wikoff, as furnished from the reporter's notes, was read to him, which he pronounced correct.

Mr. HICHMAN offered the following:

WHEREAS, Henry Wikoff, a witness subpoened to appear and testify before the Committee on the Judiciary in the matter of the investigation by said committee into the alleged telegraphic censorship of the press, and refusing to answer certain questions propounded to him in his examination, upon being brought before the bar of the house has failed to satisfy the House of the propriety of his refusal; therefore,

Be it resolved, That the said Henry Wikoff, by reason of the premises, is in contempt of this House, and that the sergeant-at-arms be directed to hold the said Henry Wikoff in close custody until he shall purge himself of said contempt, or until discharged by order of the House.

Mr. DIVIN, (N. Y.,) as a member of the Judiciary Committee, wished to say a few words, but Mr. Hickman declined to withdraw his demand for the previous question, under the operation of which the resolution was adopted—yeas 82, nays not counted.

Mr. Wikoff was soon thereafter conducted from the Hall by the sergeant-at-arms. The House then adjourned.

DR. JONES, OF NEW YORK.—I have been afflicted with deafness and noise in my ears, and a heavy, dull feeling, singing, cracking, &c., which has been growing worse for a number of years. I could not tell the direction of sound, and though far advanced in years, I placed myself under Dr. JONES' treatment, who by his skill has cured the distress and noise in my head, and restored my hearing. I recommend Dr. JONES as a skilfull physician, who is master of his profession.

WM. P. BRADY,
Librarian of State Senate.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 12th, 1862.

N. B. Dr. JONES has been induced to prolong his stay at Herr's Hotel, in Harrisburg city a few days.

TIME EXPIRED.—The time allowed by law for shooting partridges and rabbits expired on the first of this month. Persons too fond of hunting had better be careful that they do not subject themselves to prosecution.