## Pennsylvania Daily Telegraph, Wednesday Afternoon January 8, 1862

FIRST ANNUAL MESSAGE	evidence of the confidence of the people in the stability and integrity of the Commonwealth	in this State should be clothed, armed, equip- ped, subsisted and transported by the State in	of the three months regiments have conductive in service under the later requisitions, and re-	men at that camp, viz., forty-four fr ness, two (belonging to regiments fre States.) who had been injured on railro
LINGI MILLONE MILLOPHIE	and of their determination to support the Gov-		tain their original humbers. Deducting	accidentally killed in Camp Curon
OF	ernment	States. This request was of course complete	1 AL	shot in Harrisburg.
	The operations of the Sinking Fund during	regiments beyond our quote ) comprising 20 175	i proparing for it. We have also in service and	To facilitate the making of allot their pay by our volunteers in the fiel
ANDREW G. CURTIN,	the last year have been as shown by my Procla- mation of 5th September last, as follow :	men from Pennsylvania served for the term of	and the sector of the sector o	aurment of their families at home. I
ANDREW U. CURTIN	mation of oth September last, as fortow	Abuse manthe million the foundaments management	I THE A FAILANING TABLE OF THE EXISTING THE PARTY -	Luzz Edwar Cowan Thomes E Frank
and a second	Debt redeemed from 4th Septem- ber, 1860, to 1st Sept. 1861,, \$300,801 01	tion above referred to. As the furnishing those	vania volunteer force is given for informa	1 C TINNES ESGS COMMISSSIONERS IO
Governor of Pennsylvania,	LOF store loans 3000,000,000	volunteers with supplies was necessarily under	tion:	Learning of our men on and south of the
	"interest on ceruin-	the circumstances a hurried operation, and as complaints were made in regard to them, and	BEGIMENTS IN SERVICE.	and also James Park and M. W. Bel
To Both Houses of the Legislature.	cates 3,330 01		66 regiments of infantry of which 6 were	Esqs., commissioners to visit those in and elsewhere in the western country
	"relief notes	appointed a board of commissioners to investi-	rifle regiments,	the attention of the troops to the syst
	I refer to the reports of the State Treasurer	gate the whole subject. A copy of their report	1 regiments of cavaly	I lotment and to encourage them in a
<b>READ, JANUARY 8, 1861.</b>	and Auditor General for the details of the fi-	with the evidence taken by them has been al-		I practical plan for carrying it into effect
	nancial affairs of the Commonwealth. The re-	ready laid before the public. It is the intention	84,956	The several reports of these commis
	ports of the Surveyor General and State Libra-	of the Auditor General to open the accounts of	COMPANIES IN SERVICE.	highly satisfactory.
To the honorable the Senate and House of Represen-	rian will exhibit the state of the Del artments	such parties as appear by the testimony to have been overpaid and this course has already been	7 companies of infantry	For details on the several subjects with the military operations of this S
tatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,	under their care.	taken in two of those cases.	Curtain J,	for to the reports of the Adjutant Ger
GENTLEMEN :	The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund dur- ing the last spring received from the Philadel-	On the expiration of the term of the three	6 " " artillery, 936 2,221	I geon General, Quarter Master General
It has pleased Divine Providence, during the		months men in July last, some eight or ten thou-		sary General and Paymaster General
last season, to give us abundant crops, unbroken peace within our borders, unanimity among our		sand discharged Pennsylvania volunteers were thrown into Harrisburg without notice and de-	87,177	company this Message.
people, and thus to enable this Commonwealth	\$100,000 each, and a mortgage to secure the	tained here, waiting to be paid, for an average	Enlistments in other than Pennsylva-	The duties imposed on me were so that I found it necessary to invite the
to do her full duty to the country, to herself.	same executed in conformity with the third	time of some ten days. Their tents, camp equip-	nia organizations, estimated, (the	assistance of gentlemen on my staff t
and to posterity. For these blessings we have	section of the act of March the 7th, 1861. That	age and cooking utensils had been taken from	officers of which are in course of be-	to perform them.
cause to be grateful.	company has also deposited in the State Treasury its bonds to the amount of five millions of	them at Williamsport, Md., and they arrived here	ing commissioned,)	In this capacity, Cols. Thomas A. S
The balance in the	dollars, in accordance with the 6th section of	destitute of all means of shelter and of preparing	Total in service,	eon J. Ball and John A. Wright co
Treasury on the 80th Nov., 1860,	the same act. On the 9th of May last I granted	their food. The Commissary of the United States furnished uncooked rations, and under		their valuable services from the
was \$681.433.08	my warrant authorizing the State Treasurer to	the aircumstances of emergency I deemed it us.	REGIMENTS PREPARING FOR SERVICE.	April until they were called away by
The receipts during	deliver to the said company one thousand of	cessary to make arrangements for aiding in the	12 regiments of infantry, 13 092	ties. Col. Scott remaining until he be nected with the War Department,
the fiscal year end-	said bonds, being to the amount of one million	cooking and baking of the rations, and also	1 " " eavalry . 1.186	until the 1st of June and Col. Wright
ing Nov, 30, 1861,	of dollars. This warrant was issued in conform-	for furnishing meals to such of the regiments	1 •• •• artillerv 1,077	23d of July ; for the time thus devote
were as follow :	ity with the law, the five per cent bonds men- tioned in the fifth section, of the act (except	as arrived during the night or under circum-		service of the State they have refus
From ord'y sources, 8,017,645.57	those belonging to the State and now in the	stances requiring instant relief. The expenses	COMPANIES PREPARING FOR SERVICE.	ceive any compensation.
From temporary loan	Sinking Fund) having been previously surren-	attending these operations amounted so far as ascertained to \$744 20, and I recommend that	1 company of Cavalry, 109	Cols. Joseph D. Potts, A. L. Russell,
under Act of Apr. 12, 1861, at 6 per	dered and cancelled, and satisfaction entered	the Legislature make an appropriation to pay	4 companies of artillery, 624 733	Parker and Craig Biddle were in serv the 20th of December. The Depar
cent. interest. and	on the Record of the Mortgage men-	them. It ought to be stated that these expenses		Telegraph and Transportation was a
negotiated at par 475,000	tioned in said fifth section. Having re-	would have been much larger, but for the lib-	16.038	exclusive control of Col Potts. Th
From 6 per cent.	ceived notice from the company that the bonds so delivered to the company or their	eral and patriotic efforts of the citizens and espe-		and economy of its management si
loan under Act	proceeds had been appropriated in accordance	cially the ladies of Harrisburg; their free-hand- d hospitality and generous aid to our wearied	In service,	falthfully and well he fulfilled his office
May 15, 1861, also negotiated at par 2,612,150	with the provisions of the law, on the 21st of	and hungry soldiers, deserve remembrance and	Preparing for service, 16,038	It is but just to all these gentleme
From society of Cin-	June last I appointed John A. Wright as Com-	gratitude	Pennsylvania's contribution, 109,615	should bear testimony to the unti and fidelity with which their duties
cinnatus 500	missioner to examine and to report to me whe-	At the special session of the Legislature which	Exclusive of 20,175 three months men now dis-	formed.
From United States	ther said bonds or their proceeds had been ap- propriated to the purposes required by the act.	commenced on the 30th of April last, I recom-	handed.	The quota of the State having been n
on ac't military	His report has not yet been received by me.	mended the organization of a reserve corps, to	The regiments preparing for service are in-	filled, and her military force organiz
expenses 606,000 From Pay Masters	It is understood that arrangements have at	be armed, equipped, clothed, subsisted and paid by the State, and drilled in camps of instruct-	complete. Those that may not be filled by the	enabled on the twentieth of Decen
and others, refund-	last been made under which the direct railroad	ion, in anticipation of the exigencies of the	16th instant will be consolidated and sent for- ward. Of the regiments in service, the 11th	to dispense with a personal staff,
ed	connection between Philadelphia and Erie will	country and by the Act of the 15th of May last	and 15th regiments of Infantry are at An-	temporary arrangement which had b
6,743,525.02	be completed within a short time. It is impos- sible to estimate too highly the importance of	such a corns was directed to be raised and a	napolis; the 28th, 29th, 21st, 66th, 69th,	for its employment was then closed. By the 13th section of the Act of th
	this great work to the Commonwealth, and espe-	1 TOWN OF WOR WAS AUCHOLIZED TO GENAS THE	71st, 72nd and 106th regiments and one compa-	May, 1861, I was authorised to draw
Total into Treasury	cially to Philadelphia and Erie and the hither-	expenses of that and other military preparations. Men more than sufficient in number to form	ny of Infantry are in the command of Major	rauts on the Treasury for a sum not e
for fiscal year end- ing Nov. 30, 1861 7,424,958,10	to neglected counties near its route west of the	some ten regiments of the Reserve Corps had.	General Banks; the 45th, 50th, 55th, 76th and	\$20,000 for compensation to such p
And the payments as follows :	Susquehanna.	previous to the: 15th of May been accepted by	100th regiments of Infantry are in South Caro- lina; the 48th Infantry are at Hatteras Inlet;	might be required to serve the cour
For ord'ry purposes \$3,144,480.34	By the act of the 21st April, 1858, for the	me in pursuance of a call on me (afterwards re-	the 108th Infantry and 11th Cavalry are at	military capacity, &c. Of this fund
For military expen-	sale of the State canals to the Sunbury and Erie	scinded,) for twenty-five regiments, and were	Fortress Monroe; the 77th, 78th and 79th In-	drawn from the Treasury \$8,500, out of paid the compensation of my perso
Bes.	railroad company it was provided that if that company should sell said canals for a greater		fantry, the 7th and 9th cavalry, one troop of	also other expenses of the military de
Under Acts April 12,	sum in the aggregate than three and a half	trol. Most of these men volunteered for the Reserve Corps and were immediately organized.	horse, one squadron of cavalry, two battalions	and the actual expenses of persons
1861, and May, 15	millions of dollars, seventy-five per centum of		of artillery are in Kentucky; the 84th and 110th	on temporary service, none of whom
and 16, 1861,	such excess should be paid to the Common-		Infantry are in Western Virginia, as are also three companies of Infantry, your companies of	any further compensation, and expens
474,873.85 1 708 462 68	wealth by a transfer of so much of such bonds	A. McCall, of Chester county, was commissioned	cavalry, five companies of light artillery; the	commissions appointed to investigat
1,708,462.68 170,535.51	and securities as said company should receive		87th infantry are at Cockeysville, in Maryland;	frauds, &c., and the expenses of est military patrols on the Maryland line
2,853,872.04	for the same and payable in like manner.	of all the forces raised or to be raised under the	one company of artillery is at Fort Delaware;	hundred dollars on secret service. My
For Am't loan under	that the share of the profit on such sale, due to	provisions of the last mentioned act. The regi- ments composing the Reserve Corps were in-	all the remainder of the volunteers are at or	is settled in the office of the Audito
Act April 12, 1861,	that the share of the profit on such sale, due to the Commonwealth was \$281,250 of which		near Washington. Upwards of 300 volunteers from Pennsylvania are now prisoners, but as	up to the 1st of December. On the
repaid	\$250 was paid in cash and for the remaining	State, until they were taken into the service of		had expended \$6,400, and except sor
Leaving balance in	\$281,000 the Commonwealth received coupon	the United States. Two of these regiments,	of prisoners it may be expected that they will	siderable payments made since, the remains in my hands.
Treasury, Nov. 30,	bonds of the Wyoming canal company to that		soon be released.	The report of the Auditor General
1861 \$1,551,605.72	amount, being a portion of bonds for \$900,000	dle aud Seneca G. Simmons, and two compa- nies of artillery under the command of Col.	In compliance with the joint resolutions of	bit the items of the account.
		Charles T. Campbell at the pressing in-	the 16th of May fast, I have procured regimen- tal flags for the Pennsylvania volunteers, and	An account of military expenditur
PUBLIC DEBT, FUNDED AND UNFUNDED.	Lower North Branch canal. These bouds bear	stance of the War Department were sent on the	have presented them in person to most of the	State on behalf of the United States,
Received from tem-	an interest of six per cent. per annum, payable	22d of June last to the reliet of Col. Wallace, at	regiments. In other cases, the regiments being	the same had they been ascertained at
porary loan, under	semi-annually on the 15th of January and July,	Cumberland, and remained for about six weeks	on or near the Potomac. I have requested Mr.	by the accounting departments here, up to the 1st day of September, 1861,
Act Apr. 12, 1861 475,000	and the interest was paid by the company to		Cowan, Senator, and Messrs. Grow and Wright	sented on the 12th of that month at
Repaid as above	January last inclusive. The interest due in July last has not been paid. Judgments hav-	Towards the close of July the whole Corps	members of the House of Representatives, from	sury Department of the United States
Outstanding Nov. 30,	ing been obtained against the company on some		Pennsylvania, to present them in the name of the Commonwealth.	ment and allowance. The sum of \$606
1861 100,000	of the coupons for the unpaid July interest, a	I the service of the United States. Within four	The General Government, requested that the	been received from the Treasury Depart
100,000	bill in equity was filed in the supreme court by	days after the disaster at Bull's Run, eleven	States would abstain from purchasing arms.	that account. The repayment by the Government of the expenses attending
Rec'd from loan un-	a bond and stock holder in which such proceed-	regiments of this fine body of men (armed,	as their competition was found injurious in the	lization and support of the Records Co
der Act May 15,	ings were had that by a decree made on the 2d Sentember last the property and affairs of the		and the set of the set	not be provided for by any existing ac
1861 2,612,150	September last the property and affairs of the company were placed in the hands of a recei-		of money in arming and equipping the volunteer	igicss. As these expenses were incurr
<b>≜</b> m't of public debt;	ver.	Virginia and the remaining two regiments		State for the benefit of the General Gov
funded and un-	A plan has been suggested for the assent of	making the whole number of fifteen, soon	any as authorized by the 28th section of the act	
funded, Nov. 80, 1980 97 989 847 50	the stock and bond holders which contemplates	joined them there, and they are all now in	of the 15th of May, 1861. The State has now	portant to the welfare and even safe
1860	a sale of the canal under lawful process and a	iservice under the command of Gen. McCall.	quite as many arms as are necessary to arm all	country, it would be right that an ac gress should be passed providing exp their repayment. It lies with the L to adout the proper means for dire
	purchase of the same for the purpose of forming	who has been commissioned as a Brigadier	her volunteer organizations in existence; but,	their repayment. It lies with the T
vear	a new company, of which the capital stock	General by the United States.	influenced by the threatening aspect of our rela-	to adopt the proper means for dire
year 101,881.42	shall be one		tions with foreign governments, I have directed	I FERRE
37,868,516.08	shall be one million of dollars, divided into			
37,868,516.08 Bemaining unpaid,	shall be one million of dollars, divided into twenty thousand shares of fifty dollars each, of	sand eight hundred and fifty-six men, and con-	the Adjutant General to procure arms as soon as	Assurances have been received
37,868,516.08 Bemaining unpaid, (exclusive of mili-	shall be one million of dollars, divided into twenty thousand shares of fifty dollars each, of which each assenting holder of a mortgage bond	sand eight hundred and fifty-six men, and con- stitute a division cemprising three brigades, a	the Adjutant General to procure arms as soon as it can be done on reasonable terms and without	Assurances have been received in Treasury Department that the examination
37,868,516.08 Remaining unpaid, (exclusive of mili- tary loans above	shall be one million of dollars, divided into twenty thousand shares of fifty dollars each, of	sand eight hundred and fifty-six men, and con- stitute a division comprising three brigades, a regiment of Artillery and one of Cavalry. The whole expense of raising, clothing, equipping,	the Adjutant General to procure arms as soon as it can be done on reasonable terms and without injurious competition with the National Gov- erment. Arms have been distributed among	Assurances have been received in Treasury Department that the examination
37,868,516.08 Remaining unpaid, (exclusive of mili- tary loans above mentioned,) Nov.	shall be one million of dollars, divided into twenty thousand shares of fifty dollars each, of which each assenting holder of a mortgage bond for one thousand dollars shall be entitled to eighteen shares, and each assenting holder of fifty shares of stock of the Wyoming canal com-	sand eight hundred and fifty-six men, and con- stitute a division comprising three brigades, a regiment of Artillery and one of Cavalry The whole expense of raising, clothing, equipping, subsisting and paying the Reserve Corres	the Adjutant General to procure arms as soon as it can be done on reasonable terms and without injurious competition with the National Gov- erment. Arms have been distributed among the border counties to all the orrenizations that	Assurances have been received f Treasury Department that the examin
37,868,516.08 Remaining unpaid, (exclusive of mili- tary loans above	shall be one million of dollars, divided into twenty thousand shares of fifty dollars each, of which each assenting holder of a mortgage bond for one thousand dollars shall be entitled to eighteen shares, and each assenting holder of fifty downed of facts of the Witeming some loss	sand eight hundred and fifty-six men, and con- stitute a division comprising three brigades, a regiment of Artillery and one of Cavalry. The whole expense of raising, clothing, equipping, subsisting and paying the Reserve Corps (including the expense of establishing and fit-	the Adjutant General to procure arms as soon as it can be done on reasonable terms and without injurious competition with the National Gov- erment. Arms have been distributed among the border counties to all the organizations that have been formed to receive them 1930 arms	Assurances have been received f Treasury Department that the examin the military accounts of the State will ceeded in without delay, so that the S receive a credit for the balance due, in

the lake. On examination it is found that there are no detences on the lake, and that the ordnance at the city of Erie was withdrawn by the National Government in the summer of 1861. The Secretary of the Navy, on a request made, directed that the crew of the United States steamer Michigan should not be disbanded, as has been usual, and that vessal will remain in the harbor of Erie during the winter Should the National Government unexpectedly fail in its duty providing adequate defences at our assailable points, East and West, I ear-nestly recommend that the Legislature take prompt means for that purpose. We should be admonished, by recent indications from abroad, to be prepared for our own defence, as well as for the suppression of domestic insur

rection In selecting a site for a National Armory, if In selecting a site for a Rational Armory, if the public good be alone considered, Pennsyl-vania will be preferred, as she affords the com-bined advantages of a central position, abun-dance of material and skilled mechanics, and a people of undoubted loyalty.

I commend to the attention of the Legisla-ture the report of the Superintendent of the Public Schools, the flourishing state of which and the rapid progress of education are subjects of just congratulation.

The reports of the Lunatic Hospital at Harrisburg and of Western Pennsylvania, of the Houses of Refuge at Philadelphia and Pittsburg, of the Institutions for the Deaf and Dumb and for the Blind and the Northern Home for Friendless Children at Philadelphia, and of the Fenn sylvania Training School for Idiotic and Feeble Minded Children at Media, show that these meritorious charities are well administered, and I recommend that the counter-ance and aid of the Commonwealth be continued to them.

Under the joint resolution of 16th May last commissioners have been appointed to revise the revenue laws, whose names will be forthwith submitted for the advice and consent of the Senate. It is hoped that the commissioners will be able to report during the present session of the Legislature. Considering the great labor imposed on them, and the vast importance at the meant time of an other and efficient perthe present time of an able and efficient performance of the duties of the commissioners, I suggest that the compensation provided for by the joint resolution should be increased to an

adequate amount. It was evident, long since, that it would be impossible for the banks to continue to redeem their obligations in coin, in the face of the large issues of paper, the necessity for which was imposed on them and the government by the exigencies of the times. No surprise, therefore, was felt at the supension of specie pay-ments by the banks, which took place on Mon-day, the 30th of December last. Under the circumstances, I recommend that they be re-lieved from all penalties for this breach of the

Pennsylvania has made great efforts to sup-port the Government. She has given more and better clothed, and better equipped men than any other State, and has far exceeded her quota of the military levies. The sons of our best citizens, young men of education and means fill the ranks of her volunteer regiments. Their gallant conduct, whenever an opportunity has been afforded to them, has done honor to the Commonwealth. The universal movement among our people, signifies that they are loyal to the Government established by their fathers, and are determined to quell the present insurrection and preserve the Union, and that they will not tolerate any plan for either the dissolution or reconstruction of it

A. G. CURTIN.

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, Harrisburg, Jan. 8, 1861.

## A Model Proclamation-What a Virginia Guerrilla says.

The Wheeling Intelligencer has the following: We are indebted to Senator Cather for an original copy of the subjoined rare contribution to the world's literature ; the production of a captain of a gang of robbers and horse thieves in the Alleghany mountains. It was found in the possession of one James R. Par-sons (familiarly known as "Tanner Jim") who was wounded and captured somewhere near the Pendleton county line, by a company un-der Lieutenant F A. Cather, of the Second Virginia, who have been scouting in that re gion with a view of breaking up the gang. "this 10th day of Oct 1861. "I hear By Notify all men thet durt Be lenge

"This 10th day of Oct 1861. "I hear By Notify all men that dont Be long to the dry fork Company such as Robes lyres theavs and falce dispatch Barrowes that has usurped the power of the officers this dry fork

RECEIPTS AND EXPEND	ITURES OF	MI	TTARY LOANS.			
Receipts from mili- tary loan und-r Act Apr. 12, 1861 "May 15 From Pay Masters and others refund- ed	475,000 2,612,150 82,229		0.110.000.44			
Paid for military ex- penses, as above, Paid for redeeming loan, Act Apr. 12.			3,119,979.45			
, ,			2,728,872.04			
Unexpended of mili- tary loans			\$ 390,507.41			
BRCEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF ORDINARY REVE- NUE.						
Balance in Treasury, from ord'ry sources, Nov. 30, 1860 Rece'd from ord'ary sources during fis- cal year	681,438					
Paid for ordinary	3,699,078	3.65				
expenses, as above Unexpended of or- dinary revenue.	3,144,480	). 84	554,598.31			
Rec'd from United States Gov. on ac t military expend. Rec'd from Society of Cincincatus Balance in Treasury,			606,000 <u>500</u>			
as above		:	81,551,605.72			

plan

first paid or fully secured.

the work itself.

be necessary.

resistance to it.

On the 9th of April last I directed the atten

tion of the Legislature to the necessity which

It will be observed that the fiscal year ends on the 30th of November, and the sinking nia. She cannot afford to have a foreign pow-er below or above or bounding her on the Delafund year on the first Monday in September, which accounts for the apparent deficiency in the amount of debt paid as stated in the Treasurer's report, and by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund. The State has on hand a surplus of uniforms and equipments which cost about \$190,000, which the United States have agreed to take and pay for at cost. Arrangements have been made with the general government for the reimbursement of the military expense of the State since the 27th of July last. The bills as paid are forwarded to Washington and partial repayments have already been made.

It will be observed that the receipts from ordinary sources of revenue for the year 1861 have decreased, but as payments have been made on some of them since the settlement at the end of the fiscal year on the first of December, and more may reasonably be expected in addition to the payments to be made by the National Government as hereinafter stated the balance available in the treasury will be largely increased.

It will also be observed that it has not yet been found necessary to call in all of the loan effected under the act of the 18th of May last.

In some items the ordinary revenue of 1861 was in excess of that of 1860.

The loan authorized by the act of May 15th, 1861, was taken at par. This occurrence, most gratifying under all the then existing circum-

no officer of the Commonwealth had anthority ips or p to assent to the proposal or in any way to affect her position. It is believed also that the supplying regimental flags, and the expenses of the campaign of the two regiments and compa-nies in Maryland and Western Virginia, which is not one that ought to be assented to by the Commonwealth, and that under all the ircumstances, if the convenience of individual parties requires a change such as proposed. the that account would have been a work of great debt due to the Commonwealth ought to be labor, nor does it include the pay of the two re-giments during the campaign, but it does include I suggest that the Act passed 8th of April, 1861, entitled, "An Act concerning the sale of railroads, canals, &c.," should be modified so Provide an Act on Railroads, for the two Provides and transportation, not on Railroads, for the two Provides and the two Prov raincads, canais, &c., Should be modified so that in all cases in which a debt may be due to the Commonwealth by the company as whose the Commonwealth by the company as whose property a public work may be sold, the purpaid, subsisted, &c., by the State to the average date of 22, July. The two regiments in Weschasers thereof shall not be entitled to the benetern Virginia were paid by the State to the fits and privileges conferred by the Act unless date of their departure from Harrisburg on that expedition. The Cavalry regiment was they shall have first paid the debt due to the State, or secured the same by their bonds to the not paid by the State. It will be perceived that Commonwealth secured by a first mortgage on the whole average expense per man was \$53:95. Previous to the 31st of April last, a regiment I commend the subject to the immediate had been enlisted in the city of Erie from North-consideration of the Legislature, as an effort western Pennsylvania. When the call was

may be made at an early day to enforce a sale made on me on that day, for 25 additional reof the canal, and some provision by law to progiments, the Erie regiment was ordered to march tect the interests of the State would in that case to Harrisburg. The call was rescinded, how-ever, before the regiment reached Pittsburg, The wicked and monstrous rebellion which and I ordered it to encamp at that city where it remained until the 30th of June. The Nabroke out many months ago, has not yet been quelled. Every sentiment of loyalty and pational Government declined to muster the regitriotism demands its effectual suppression.

ment into service-as all existing relinisi In my messages of the 9th and 30th of April made on the State were more than filled. last, I set for th at length my views of the char Much apprehension existed in the Western acter and objects of the contest which is still pending. Subsequent reflection has confirmed and South western borders of the State, and it was deemed prudent to retain the regiment at me in the correctness of the opinions then ex-pressed and to which I refer. In addition it Pittsburg to meet any emergency that might arise. After the passage of the Act of 15th May, 1861, it was expected that the regiment ught to be understood, that looking to the vawould form part of the Reserve Volunteer Corps but as the men had been a long time from home riety and character of her products and indus-try, her material interest alone would render

the preservation of the Union from the pres and remained inactive in camp, they declined ent assault upon it, indispensable to Pennsylvaentering the service, and were subsisted and paid up to the 30th of June by the State. Two regiments have since been enlisted from the ware, the Chesapeake or the Mississippi, and same part of Pennsylvania at the city of E.ie. one of which has been at Washington in service since September, and the other is now ready for she will never acquiesce in such a result, whatever may be the cost in men and money of her marching orders-and it is due to the first Erie regiment to say that most of the men are nov

in service.

existed for an improved military organization, Further requisitions for sixteen regiments of and on the 12th of the same month the Act Infantry and two regiments of Cavalry were entitled "An Act for the better organization of shortly afterwards made by the War Departthe militia of this Commonwualth" passed, appropriating the sum of \$500,000 for the purpose ment. Of these, sixteen have already been raised and are in the service of the United of organizing, equipping and arming the mili tia. On the 15th of April the President, by course of organization and nearly ready to proclamation, called for a military force of 75,march.

000 men, of which the quota assigned to Penn-sylvania was at first sixteen (afterwards reduced State, the War Department had given an In addition to the requisitions on the to fourteen) regiments to serve as infantry or thorities to numerous individuals to raise riflemen for the term of three months unless volunteers in Pennsylvania, but as that sooner discharged. This call was enthusiastically responded to by the people of Pennsylva- ment, a general order was issued by the War nia. The first military aid from the loyal Department on the 25th of September last plac-

States, which the Government received at ing all such organizations under the control of Washington, was a Pennsylvania corps which the Governor, and shortly afterwards a requisiarrived there prior to the 19th of April. On tion was made on the State to increase her that day the passage of other corps from this quota to 75,000 men. Those independent or-and other States through Baltimore was imped-ganizations, as they were called, thus became and other States through Baltimore was imped-ed by force and during nearly two weeks after-wards the communication between Washington sent forward form part of the quota of the that more than 60,000 men have been for vari-

and the loyal States was almost entirely cut off. State.

cruiting, a have been thus distributed. I have also addressed a letter to the commissioners of all the border counties, offering arms to them as soon as military: organizations shall be formed to were all defrayed by the State) has amounted to receive thion. Besides: thus complying with \$855,444 87. This does not include the transport of 15th May last, I have deemed it prudent to offer five thousand arms to such military organizations as may be formed in Philadelphia on a plan to be approved by me as Commander-in-Chief. Muskets and rifles to a considerable extent have been furnished to the Pennsylvania volunteers from the State arsenal -Others have been sent by the United States authorities to arm them before leaving the State. In some cases regiments have gone without arms under assurances from the Way Department that they would be armed at Washington or other near designated points, and that their immediate departure was required. It was thought wise in these cases not to insist on the arms being sent before the regi-ments marched, as this would have imposed on the government an unnecessary expense in freight, and would have been productive of de-

lays which might have been seriously detrimen-tal to the public service. Forty-two pieces of attillery with limbers, caissons, forges, ammuni-tion wagons, harness and all the necessary im-plements and equipments were furnished by the state to the artillery regiment of the Re serve Corps. Ten of these were purchased by the State, and their cost has been refunded by the

United States. Diligence has been used in collecting arms throughout the State and repairing and altering them in the most approved nanner.

The State has now

62 pieces of artillery, of which 17 need repairs. 26,758 muskets and rifles, some of which are in the hands of mechanics being repaired, 1910 are in the hands of volunteer corps throughout the State; 1930 in the session of County Commissioners, and 1,000 with the reserve corps of Philadelphia. In addition to this the city of Philadelphia

has 9 pieces of rifled artillery, and 4,976 muskets and rifles.

The State has also in the arsenal at Harrisburg 1,966 sabres and swords; and

1,957 pistols, and the city of Philadelphia has 440 sabres, and

326 pistols with the necessary accoutrements. There is also in the Arsenal at Harrisburg a arge amount of accoutrements and ammuni-

tion for artillery and small arms. The Adjutant General is successfully engaged a collecting arms throughout the State, and it is expected that the number above stated will be largely increased. Probably, at least, 5,000 muskets and rifles and several pieces of artillery will still be collected.

The care which has been bestowed upon the comfort of the volunteers, and the goodness and sufficiency of their supplies of all kinds, and the excellent arrangements of the Medical Department under the control of Surgeon Gen-

quota of the direct tax. Assuming the completion of this arrangement, if the State shall assume the direct tax for this year, a saving of fifteen per cent will accrue to her, and no present inease of her taxation will be necessary. Whether this credit be given or not, I re-

ommend that the payment of the direct tax be assumed by the State.

In case the State assumes the payment of this tax there should be such revision of the tax laws as will hereafter equitably apportion the burden among the various interests now subject or that can properly be made subject to taxation. The saving of fifteen per cent. to the people of the State by the assumption is a matter worthy of thought, but a more important consideration is that it will enable you who represent all the varied interests of the Commonrealth to apportion the tax in such manner as to bear equally upon all. Our revenue laws had imposed on real and personal property as its full proportion but little more than onethird of the taxes needed for the ordinary expenditures of the government. By the act of 15th May last, the tax on this species of property has already been increased one-sixth. Should would'nt be near so well with the "dry fork-the State refuse to assume the United States tax ers" as if he should have plenty. Sampson is the whole burden of it will fall upon these in very jealous of his authority, and makes death terests, interests too, most unfavorably affected the penalty of impertinent interference with it. by the war, whilst other kinds of property and ther sources of revenue, judged by our laws able to pay nearly two thirds of the present revenues of the State, would not be called on to contribute one dollar of additional tax.

The militia system of the Commonwealth is very imperfect. I recommend the establishment of a commission to frame and report a system more adequate to the exigency of the

times.

ance.

f youth. The appointment of a military instructor in the normal schools, would in a short period give teachers to the common schools cape before the gale commenced. She steered

be wise also to provide for the purchase or Be any the commonwealth of a building for a military school, and for employing competent instructors at the expense of the State, requiring the number of the state, requiring the state of the state, requiring the number of the state, requiring the state of the sta leasing by the Commonwealth of a building for the pupils to defray the other expenses. No give below the most disastr pupil should be admitted to this school without dates of their occurrence : having passed a thorough examination on Dec. 12—Charleston, mathematics and all fitting subjects of instruc-Dec. 17—Greenville, Ala., tion except the military art proper. I respect Dec. 12-Greenville, Ana., fully urge this subject on your early consideration, as one of material perhaps vital import-

I have taken measures to direct the efficient attention of the General Government to the fortification of the water approaches on the seaboard and the lakes, and arrangements are in ton before Mr. Seward sends his reply to Lord the course of being effected which it is hoped Lyons in regard to the demand of the British

I send with this message a copy of a communication from General Totten, chief of the Military Engineer Department at Washington. I have also represented to the Secretary of the Navy the necessity for fleating defences on the Delaware, and have his assurance that they shall be prepared at the earliest moment; I have had a correspondence with the au-

that more than 60,000 men have been for vari-ous, generally short periods at Camp Curtin since the 19th of April last, and that down the subject of the defenceless condition of that the squadron off Mexico, and also the squadron it and the part of the State hard to be marked the state hard to be another state and the squadron off Mexico, and also the squadron off Mexico. 1861, was taken at par. This occurrence, most gratifying under all the then existing circum-stances of embarrassment, affords triumphant affords triumphant and the troops preparing and the last to this date is numbered 115. Two to the last and the last to this date is numbered 115. Two to the last forty-nine city, and the part of the State bordering on off the northwestern coast of America.

Company and Lall sow Notify such men never to set foot of the soil of said Dry fork Such as Read White Blue and many other that I could name if necessary at other ways sholder thear wepon and defend this Country in which they ar leading Enmey in on us at the time Wee Need them they fley to south to Reffuge and leav us to sta d Bef r the miserable miscreants and herelings of the North to purputrate thear dark deed on A portion of our country wee will oppose them with all the means that the god of Batle can place in our power But not to defende those Robes to purpitrate thear dark deeds and us stand Blunt Now man come in this Company and Control them on less ent By proper Athority from them in A Command if they do the wadgeous of sin is doth And the wadelous of such is death.

"SAMPSON ELZA."

"Wadgeous" for wages is stupendous, so is the variation "wadelous." The "god Batle can place in our power' is very fine. Much depends on his ability to furnish "means," appears. If he should chance to be hard up it

Slidell Sea-Sick--Mason Consoles him with Brandy.

The Boston Traveler tells this story:

"We hear that Mr. Slidell was terribly seaaick in the tug Starlight, while on his way to Princetown. Mason was entirely free from the disorder, and upon hearing of the sufferings of his friend, sent him a tumbler of brandy, which had a favorable effect, and for which I earnestly recommend to the legislature that Sidell expressed his heartfelt thanks. In less provision be made for the military instruction than (en minutes after the four rebel commissioners were received on board the Rinaldo, she was under weigh, and probably cleared the who would be competent to train the boys in to the eastward, and is probably bound to attendance on them. It would in my opinion Halifax."

> give below the most disastrous fires, with the \$8,000,000 50,000 800,000 Jan. 1-Richmond, 65,000

\$8,915,000 Total.

THE English papers calculate on the despatch of the French government reaching Washinggovernment. The papers express the hope that the French despatch will reach Washington in time to influence the reply of Mr. Seward.

The London Times has a criticism of Secretary Chase's financial report, and expatiates at length on the extraordinary extension of the borrowing system, declaring that it exceeds anything in England's history.