

HARRISBURG, PA.

Monday Afternoon, December 30, 1861.

ERRATA.

In publishing the report of the commissioner to visit and examine the condition of our troops in Kentucky, the name of one of the gentlemen the men in the loyal states were struggling to on the commission was misprinted. It was printed Bellzhower when it should have been hypocracy of treason, the traitors themselves published as Mr. W. BELTZHOOVER. The gentleman in question is well known as having been connected with the commission, but we now designs. That terrible knowledge does not only make this explanation to preserve the startle us as much as it should cover truthfulness of our own record, it being presumed that the intelligent reader would make his own correction.

OUR FOREIGN RELATIONS.

The loyal people of the loyal states had ample time on the holy Sabbath day carefully to ponintercourse with foreign nations, while those cracy of Europe, and now we have the verificawho have any knowledge of the diplomatic corments, for the past sixty years, will have a Mason to Europe. Those commissioners of treasubject in the change in that correspondence for son and rebellion were instructed to offer the careful reflection for years to come. We feel absolute submission and vassalage of the people to-day as if our government had taken the most of the south to either England or France, in lieu important step yet attempted since our birth as of the protection of those governments to be exa nation. We feel that we are either pausing in our progress, or that we have received a fatal blow, notwithstanding there is reason in the reign in the south, that a desperate and bloody slave oligarchy might set itself up as a nation, argument, that not to have surrendered Mason and Slidell, would have been receding from a ten millions of people—TEN MILLIONS OF FREE WHITE long and persistent claim of every administration from the days of Jefferson down, that the WHIOH HOLDS THE MASSES OF ENGLAND AND FRANCE deck of a vessel was the soil of the country, and IN ABJECT BONDS AND SLAVISH OBEDIENCE TO A that the right of search was as monstrous as THRONE! the claims of invasion or transit over neutral territory for aggressive purposes. This govern tion to the rebellion, and the question is at once ment has long denied the right of search, but suggested-what is to become of the free white the search which was thus denied, did not cover cases of flagrant escapes for purposes as venal and traitorous as those implied in the escape of Slidell and Mason, from the blockaded ports of pletely destroying all the free states, and bringing their rebellion, and their subsequent refuge on board free masses under the yoks of one or the other of the a foreign mail steamer. The seizure of Mason and Slidell was not searching the Trent. It was known positively that they were aboard that vessel—it was known too that the British Queen had proclaimed a solemn determination to our proclamation as sacred, the arrest of Mason and whose services would be of incalculable value serve a neutrality, and therefore acting on this Slidell by our naval officers should have been taof their own doctrine of the right to search for and and contend for the Constitutional rights of the seizure of escaped culprits, such as traitors, and subjects seemed determined to violate. This had that government been less impressed with should, this would have been its policy and action, the error that the Administration was unable have crushed rebellion we will be compelled to to resist British arrogance and the American of England in a contest for the principles involved. It is on these grounds that we must view plate the dangers in which their delays have inthe course and the conduct of the British government, on the subject of the surrender of the arch traitors, Mason and Slidell. That the demand of England was prompted by a desire to humiliate this government, there can now be no question, and that it was forced for the purpose of provoking a war, there is even less doubt. On this account the British government will be equally disappointed by the surrender of Mason and Slidell as are the American people. The aristocracy of England long for the entire destruction of Republican institutions on this hemisphere. They feel that in such close proximity to a nation of freemen, they are not safe in their priviliges, and therefore, whether it be on the Mason and Slidell arrest, solicitude is entirely founded on a desire to sucor the revival of the boundary question, between the two governments, England is determined, if possible, to strike a fatal blow at this forget that the power they seek is the same by government, while it is now engaged in a which the country has been brought to its premighty struggle to maintain its own authority sent terrible confusion and animosity—the

within its own territory. While as a diplomatic question the case in the Trent difficulty has been ab'y managed by perpetuity of this government. The party the Administration, the affair will create a sen- which they claim to represent has done more to sation in circles in to which the observation of encourage rebellion than any other influence Cabinets seldom penetrates. The people will feel outside of the rebel states, and the motives substituted. We think they would consider it as a disgrace, deeply, terribly and eternally. which prompt them now to seek power are ani-It settles forever the feeling between the mass- mated solely by a desire to serve the same pures of the North and the aristocracy of Eng. poses. If they had a majority in the legislature, land, and whether we are permitted to go on as we might excuse their persistent declarations of our fellow-citizens from their allegiance to the Government under whose fostering care being able to control that body, but the fact of a free government, or are to be utterly demolbeing able to control that body, but the fact of they have grown to the proportions of wealth and capturing thirty-five prisoners, ninety-five ished in our institutions and laws by the combined in their being in the minority is so notorious, that and intelligence. We regret that the mild and horses, and one hundred and five guns. Our bined efforts of the Queens and Emperors of the the unblushing affrontery of their present conworld, the hate of Americans for an English- duct is only equalled by their past corruption, man henceforth becomes as implacable as death audacity and desperation. and as fierce as hell. Mothers will teach their children to hate England-fathers will rear their boys to hate England-and from a social are clearly in the majority in the House, and unexcellence to a religious virtue, this hate will less men who have been elected on this plain grow and increase, until the evil day in the his-lissue of sustaining these two administrations, tory of the British Government will be the one utterly forget the obligation of a pledge in a on which it took advantage of the domestic desire to serve their past party predelictions. trouble in these states, to heap insult and shame either an independent Union man or Republican and degredation on American justice, American will be made speaker of the House. The people integrity and American independence. Hereafter we become the natural allies of the enemies of England, ready at any moment to as-English aristocracy and destroy British authori- the organization of the House will be placed

In this manner, we can alone treat the surrender of Mason and Slidell. Under all the circumstances it was the best the Administranever be forgotten by the American people. existence. What is necessary is firmness and de- been made.

THE REAL CAUSE.

When the slave-holders rebellion first develped itself in the repudiation of the federal aupeople of the south desired to escape the tyranny of the federal government, which threatened, as they declared, to annul their rights, jeopard their interests, destroy their social equilibrium, and utterly neutralize their influence in the Union of American States. To escape these monstrous evils, it was claimed that the people of the south were compelled to revolutionise-actually forced to cut loose from all association with other states of this Union. or be absorbed and eventually ruined in all their political relations. These positions were first taken by the rebels, to neutralise that portion of the people of the free states, who had lways acted in political alliance with the slaveholding politicians of the south, while they were also maintained to postpone any decisive action on the part of the federal power to crush the rebellion and bring the leading rebels to condign punishment. During this delay, and while counteract the influence thus created by the were busy in perfecting their plans, and now we have a full knowledge of their real with shame those in the north who have persisted in opposing every vigorous effort to bring this rebellion to a final close. It does not do so, because we have always been impressed with the fact that the rebellion in the south was nothing more than a movement of the aristocracy of that region in sympathy with the aristotion of that fact in the information derived from the real intention of the mission of Slidell and

These facts give a new and startling construcmen of the loyal states should the rebellion succeed? Will the rebel leaders be satisfied with their own success, or will they join the tyrants of the world in comdespotisms of Europe? These are questions which cannot now be passed either in silence or indifference. They concern every white man in the free states, and it is to be seen bar our lower while we are hesitating to give liberty to others how much longer we will continue to chaffer await us while thus delaying the overthrow of cracy of the south will be in alliance with all so long been opposing the earliest and safest ment, if it desires immortality and future stability among the nations of the world, no longer

be inaugurated by destroying the power of provide just compensation to them for the loss slave treason in the south, when we will be ready to engage our foreign enemies in the defence of God and our country.

THE ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGIS

of a certain class of men in Pennsylvania, whose ceed in controlling the organization of the House for strictly party purposes. These men same which administers oaths to traitors and holds men in an antagonism to the peace and did not consider it binding.

This is the language of Rebels everywhere

The Republicans and the Union men elected to sustain the state and federal administrations expect this result. Any other will arouse their indignation against those who bring it about, and therefore the men who suffer themselves sist in any proceeding which will humiliate to be made a party to any bargain by which under the control of doubtful partizan influence, will be completely and irretrievably po-

litically damned in Pennsylvania. -But we have too much confidence in the tion could do to dispose of the affair—but re-integrity and patriotism of the men elected on viewed under the most favorable auspices, wheel Union principles, to believe now, that they ther it saves us from a present war with the can be seduced from their moral obligations to British government, or whether the British their constituents and the cause of the Union, ministry seek another pretext to provoke a by any promise of future political preferment quarrel, the humiliation of the surrender will from a party that has a mere doubtful present arms; and shot, and shells have also recently

cision on the part of the reliable Union Republicans in the House, and the plans which are now being concocted to betray the interests of thority, the assertion was indulged, that the the commonwealth and prostitute the power of the legislature, may be happily frustrated.

To England.

ON OUR GIVING UP SLIDELL AND MASON AT HE DEMAND.

In the manner of Burns' "Address to General Dumourier.

Tune-Robin Adair.

Written for the Pennsylvania Telegraph.] Take then the brace of knaves, Bully and coward!

Take then the brace of knaves, Bully and coward! Take then the brace of knaves Fresh from the land of slaves,

They'll yet fill traitor's graves, Bully and coward! Had peace possessed our land, Bully and coward! Had peace possessed our land, Bully and coward! Had peace possessed our land Dare you have made demand Dare you have raised a hand?

Bully and coward! Lark'd till our hands were tied, Bully and coward! Lurk'd 'till our hands were tied, Bully and coward! Lurk'd 'till our hands were tied, Or elsewhere occupied, Then your foul chance you spied, Bully and coward!

Thus have you always done, Bully and coward! Thus have you always done, Bully and coward! Thus, in each war you've won, Thus great Napoleon Sent to far isle alone, Bully and coward!

Once let our arm be free, Bully an 1 coward! Once let our arm be free, Bully and coward! Once let our arm be free, (Sword arm of liberty,) Then comes our victory, Bully and coward! Harrisburg, Dec. 1861.

Auditor General.

EDITOR TELEGRAPH:-Allow me to present to the notice and consideration of the approaching People's State Convention, the name of the Hon. Francis Jordon, of Bedford, as a candidate for Auditor General. Mr. Jordon has few equals for business capacity in our State, and is superior legal attainments with incorruptible integrity, renders his name especially suitabe in these war times when so many efforts are being made to bleed the public treasury. His nomination will be the harbinger of success FAYETTE COUNTY.

Shooting Slaves.

An overwhelming mass of testimony estabishes the fact that the slaves in the neighborhood of Port Royal, who have refused to ac-company their masters in their flight to the interior, have been shot down without mercy and tarily left behind by their masters, except the matter of system, dictated from the rebel headquarters, we quote the following from the Charleston Mercury:

"If it can be shown that any good under the un can come of the intercourse of the Yankees with the slaves, we would agree that they should be left with the Yankees. Supposing that they are neither carried off, nor used in any way against us, will they not be demoralized by Yankee intercourse? We published a ized by Yankee intercourse? We published a The steamer Empire City has arrived. She few days ago, the letter of the Secretary of left Beaufort on the 24th, and Port Royal of War of the United States, Mr. Cameron, to the 25th inst. She came out of Port Royal by the goutheast channel which has been buoyed. Gen. Sherman, as to the course he should purthe southeast channel, which has been buoyed such in this expedition with our slaves. The out, and has not less than thirty feet of water sue in this expedition with our slaves.

order spoke as follows: services of any persons, whether fugitives from labor or not, who may offer themselves to the labor or not, who may offer themselves to the persons in such service as they may be fitted for, either as ordinary employees, or, if special circumstances require it, in any other capacity, with employees are still positive from the 22d from Sevennel requirements or the Department of the Union. There are also men in the Department of the Department of the Union. There are also men in the Department of the Department o You will, in general, avail yourself of the with such organization of squads, companies, or otherwise, as you deem most beneficial to the see if the way was clear for the English steamer hesitate in wielding the power within its possession for its own preservation. The battle of pal arming of them for military service. You liberty must be fought now or never. It must be fought now or never. It must be fought now or never. It must be fought now or never.

the Yankees, no argument can influence him. Hines, Wentworth and Hodgworth, of the Burn your cotton and provisions rather than let This subject has been engaging the attention slaves, and treat those who voluntarily remain, against our authority, as our enemies. This is our only policy.

That Oath.

We learn from an intelligent citizen of this place, who a few days since was some distance out in the country, that he heard various persons, to whom the oath of allegiance has recently been administered by Federal authority, declare that they took it under duress, and hence

and we have often wondered why the practice of administering the oath has not been abandoned, and something that they will respect powder and ball binding, though the obligation night be administered to them under duress. and suggest this as the sine qua non for the Jackson and Price mania which hasled so many reasonable measures hitherto employed by the Government have failed, and that, in their Sovernment have failed, and that, it stead, the most stringent means must be employed. Let the responsibility fall upon the ployed. Let the responsibility fall upon the they intend to destroy all the cars on the road, to prevent it from being used during the president.

THE EVACUATION OF GALVESTON.—The intelligence of the evacuation of Galveston by the confederates, though entirely unexpected, may be regarded as entirely reliable, since it come to us from the enemy.

ed, we believe, by a stone fort, and protected only by open sand-bag batteries, whose incom-petency to cope with a brisk mortar fire from a flect was clearly demonstrated at Port Royal The Confederates have no doubt retired to the main land, leaving Galveston, the chie port and most important city in Texas, to be occupied by our troops. This adds another most valuable position to the chain of posts now

girding the Southern coast. The loss of it cannot fail to be discouraging to Texans. HEAVY ORDNANCE ORDERED .- On Tuesday and order went from the Ordnance Department to the three largest cannon founderies in the country—the Fort Pitt in Pittsburg, and Alger's in Boston—to manufacture, to their utmost capacity, 10 inch columbiads for the next twelve months. Their present make would in that time yield eighteen hundred guns. Contracts for immense quantities of small ordnance.

FROMUTRESS MONROE. The Sn Sherwood Captured by

Ibel Tug Boat. The Fraiun Boats Shell Pig Point

a Sewall's Point. A CAOF PROVISIONS FOR

ORT ROYAL.

FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 29. As staboat Express which runs between Old Pt a Newport News was leaving the latterice is morning, a rebel tug boat was leaterice is morning, a rebel tug boat was leaven for Point. She wore a commodore's blue envishich was mistalen at first for a blue anwhich was mistaken at first for a flag dubut on the Express coming within ranginged a show across her bows, followed byvd shells. The greatest consterna-tion eved for a short time on board the

lich is unarmed, and the schooner

Sheroemployed to bring water from New-portey which was at the time in tow, was Tigrwood was immediately deserted by The wood was immediately deserted by the wonsisting of four men who escaped by a silbat to Newport News and drifting downtide, was taken possession of by the rebut and towed to Craney Island. Her Casin link to her and was taken prisoner. annuck to her and was taken prisoner. The gubsequently made her appearance for the cod time, but the Express had crowded allead on and had reported the circumstances to flag ship. After a long delay about hadden gunboats got started and steaming

arent however, so far as known.

adt not been for the inexcusable delay in nighboats getting to the spot, the rebel tug mhave been intercepted and the schooner sed The latter had been lined with zinc and fiedut with a valuable force pump for a wa-that. The loss is estimated at about two tiuand dollars, and belonged to Ass't. Quar-

tolrd he scene threw a few shells into Sewall's

touster Noyes. be brig Empire, Crosby, which sailed yesterfor Port Royal to open trade with a cargo resh provisions, &c., took out a balloon and cmicals and apparatus for inflating it, con-sped to General Sherman, under direction of of. Starkweather of the Aereonautic Depart-

Prof. Starkweather will make ascensions in e vicinity of Beaufort.
The steam frigate Brooklyn arrived from the iladelphia Navy Yard this afternoon. A flag of truce was sent down this afternoon

ut we hear no news. A note from Gen. Huger to Gen. Wool an ounces that he is ready to send 240 prisoners of our down James river from Richmond by flag of

ruce whenever they will be received.

Gen. Wool will send a flag of truce to meet nem on Thursday or Friday next. No list of lose to be released has yet been received.

Later from Beaufort, S. C.

OF THE STEAMER ENPIRE CITY.

REBEL BOAT RUN ASHORE. Entrenchments on Tybee Island.

New York, Dec. 26. The steamer Empire City has arrived. She the question were on the appointment eft Beaufort on the 24th, and Port Royal on of the committee, but the committee has the 25th inst. She came out of Port Royal by already been appointed, and the very object of the southeast channel, which has been buoyed

The Seventy-ninth New York regiment had

on the 23d, from Savannah, reconncintering to are also men in the Departments who have see if the way was clear for the English steamer never uttered a word of sympathy for the Gov-Fingal to get out with her cargo of cotton. The ernment, notwithstanding the perils which

or the persons so employed.

"Now, we do not wish to analyze the above words. Let our readers each for himself, weigh their significancy. If they do not lead him, if Empire City. Colonel Strickland and Lieutenhe can, to take his slaves beyond the control of ant Smith, of the Eighth Maine; Captains Ninth Maine and Captain Newell, of the Fourth New Hampshire Regiments, are also passengers.

FROM MISSOURI.

ANOTHER REBEL DEFEAT.

REBELS DISPERSED NINE HUNDRED One Hundred and Fifty Killed and

Wounded. ----

THIRTY-FIVE PRISONERS.

PALMYRA, Dec. 29. Yesterday, Gen. Prentiss, with four hundred

and fifty men, encountered and dispersed a body of rebels, nine hundred strong, under Col. Dorsey, at Mount Zion, Boone county, killing and wounding one hundred and fifty of them, and capturing thirty-five prisoners, ninety-five loss was only three killed and eleven wounded. The rebels burned another train on the North

FROM BOSTON.

The city is situated on an island, and defend- Mason and Slidell to Sail for Europe To-morrow,

SUSPENSION OF SPECIE PAYMENTS

Boston, Dec. 29.

By instructions from Lord Lyons, the steamer liagara will sail direct for Liverpool to-morrow aking out Messrs. Mason and Slidell. The steamer Persia, now in the St. Lawrence, will come to Boston and take the place of the

Niagara for her regular day of sailing. Our banks have suspended specie payments. SECOND DISPATCH.

It is by no means certain that the steamer Niagara will leave to-morrow with Mason and Slidell. The agents of the Curard steamship company deny having any orders to that effect.

The Niagara coaled to day to make room at the dock for the steamer Persia. but it is not certain that she will leave before her regular

XXXVIIth Congress--First Session. WASHINGTON, Dec. 30. IN SENATE.

The Chaplain in his opening prayer trusted that Providence would sustain the nation for the moment, when it was forced to succumb under the plastic forms of soft diplomacy.

Mr. Sunner, (Mass.,) presented a petition of citizens of Steuben county, New York, praying for the passage of a law abolishing slavery in all the States. Mr. Foster, (Conn.,) presented a similar

petition. Mr. Sumner also presented petitions from cit izens of Massachusetts and Pennsylvania pray ing for the emancipation of slaves under the

war power. A communication was received from the Sec retary of War in reply to a resolution of the Senate, stating that it was incompatible with the public interests to furnish the correspondence which has passed between Gen. Scott and Gen. Patterson.
Mr. Grimss (Iowa) introduced a bill to ac

uire titles in the District of Columbia. Mr. Davis introduced a bill declaring certain persons alien enemies, and for confiscating their property for the benefit of loyal persons. Re

The Senate then adjourned till Thursday next.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. POTTER, (Wis.,) reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Treasury be requested to furnish without unnecessary de lay to the select committee, instructions to inquire into the alleged disloyalty of the Govquire into the alleged disloyalty of the Government employees, the information asked for by the letter of the 3rd instant, addressed by the chairman of the committee to the Secretary

of the Treasury.

Mr. Porten also reported a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Interior to similarly respond. He said it was necessary that the select committee should have this information in or-

der to make their report.

Mr. Wickliffe, (Ky.,) not caring to vote blindly on this question, inquired what was the character of the information called for.

Mr. Potter explained that in July last the heads of the departments were requested to furnish lists of their respective clerks, which they did, and the last request which the Secretaries of the Treasquest which the Secretaries of the Treasquest which they not complied with, and the last request which the Secretaries of the Treasquest which the Secretaries of the Treasquest which they not complied with, and the last request which the Secretaries of the Treasquest which the Secretaries Put ad Pig Point batteries without producing | der to make their report. ury and Interior have not complied with was to furnish the Committee with the name

was to furnish the Committee with the name of such clerks mentioned in their first communication, who have since been removed, designating such by name. It was necessary for the committee to have the information in order to ascertain whether the information in order to ascertain whether the Departments have removed those who have Departments have removed those who have been reported to them as disloyal, so far as the committee could learn this fact from the evidence before them.

If such persons have not been removed, the Departments, by this call, would have an opportunity to furnish the reasons.

Mr. Wickliffe said he did not feel himself called upon to defend the departments named, called upon to defend the departments named, called upon to defend the departments named, for each of the such persons have not been removed. These steamers have superior accommodations to These Steamers have all have passengers, and carry experienced Surgeous Have luttliff will in Walker-light Iron Sections, and have an

called upon to defend the departments named, but he did not understand how far this House has the right to assume the executive power of has the right to assume the executive power of this Government. If he understood the merits of the pending question, it was an inquiry why the heads of departments had not removed certain persons.

Mr. Olvin, (N. Y...) said the persons who had been charged with disloyalty ought to have an opportunity of refuting the allegations which he had learned incidentally had been afforded them.

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them.

A Reconnoissance, Six Rebels Uptured to judge or the quanticasts, see not competent subordinates, we should strike at and remove them. We should aim at higher game than mere clerks.

Mr. MALLORY (Ky.) objected to the introduction of the resolution calling on the Secretary of the Interior for information.

Mr. Potter said the remarks of the gentleman from Kentucky (Wicliffe) would be proper if sending to the Departments the testimony affecting the disloyalty of the clerks was to afford an opportunity for vindication. The committee have not decided on any matter. They have surrounded it. The Departments have not in this respect performed their duty. In a great cept two. who were put aboard the Wabash.

The captains, officers and crews of twenty of the vessels of the stone fleet, now sunk in mittee and called on God to witness that they were loyal men, while others brought letters from Senators and Members of the House, declaring them to be loval men. In many instances, the persons so certified to as loyal men have left their district, and are now to be found in the ranks of the enemy.

Every man employed should have the opportunity to give evidence of his loyalty and this

was the object of the committee. The resolution being objected to was not re ceived for consideration.

Mr. STEVENS (Pa.,) from the Committee of Ways and Means reported a bill repealing cer-tain laws creating posts of entry, the consid-cration of which was postponed till the second Tuesday of February, after Mr. Stevens had briefly expressed his views, saying among other things that the blockade was a great admission of the neutrality of those whose trality of those whose ports are block-aded, and that it was not a correct principle for a nation to blockade its own ports. Incidentally alluding to the Trent affair, he said that the conduct of France was impertment, as she was not invited to interfere, in the affair, but when we settle our domestic troubles look into the holy alliance of those powers and see how far they shall be permitted to contro our conduct.

Mr. Spaulding, (N. Y.,) introduced a bill authorizing the issue of Treasury notes payable on demand. Referred to the committee or Ways and Means. Adjourned till Thusday.

New Advertigements.

CAMP STOVES! CAMP STOVES!! THE cheapest place in town to purchase Camp Stores, Tin Ware, &c., is at the Tin and Shee Iron Manufactory of LYMAN GILBERT, Market street half way between market house and bridge. de80.3t

FOR THE NEW YEAR! NOW OPENING AT

KELLER'S DRUG AND FANCY STORE, 91, Market street.

FINE variety of those rare ONFECTIONS, just from the Factory. A most ELEGANT MIXTURE, (the finest yet received,) neatly put up in \$1 boxes. Call soon. Also, another lot of those splendid

Ladies' Satchels,
Ladies' Wire and Leather Purses,
Ladios' Companions or Work Cases,
and other fine goods which you would do well to see.

FOR SALE,

THAT lot or piece of Ground in the rear THAT lot or piece of Ground in the local of Mr. Waltman's property on the Ridge road. Will be sold cheap and on easy terms; the lot is 30 feet front, and 45 deep. Apply to W. G. MILLER, de28.3td*

Love Lane, Harrisburg.

New Advertisments.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, TWO active industrious working men.
Apply at the European House, Harrisburg Cityde27.3id*

JUST OPENED,

A LARGE STOCK OF FURS:

BICH DARK SHADES.

VERY CHEAP GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS

> At CATHCART'S, Next door to the Harrisburg Bank. ANOTHER ARRIVAL

FANCY GOODS

FOR THE HOLIDAYS! A FEW FANCY BOXES, Suitable for work boxes

A FEW SMALL CABAS, For little Girls.

LADIES PURSES and PORTEMONAIS. A splended assortment. NEW STYLES FINE TOILET WATERS BOXES FINE TOILET SOAP for \$1.00

Call and see the varieties that we are unable to notice in an advertisement. KELLER'S Drug Store 91 Market street.



STEAM WEEKLY BETWEEN NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL.

T ANDING AND EMBARKING PAS-AND ING AND EMBAKKING PAS-Syngerost QUEENSTOWN, (Ireland.) The Liver-prol. New york and Philadelphia Steamship company mion.) as a patching their full powered Clyde-built iron steams as follows:

intend as spatching that the property of the standard part of the standa

These Steamers have superior accommodations tor

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION

HELMBOLD'S KYTRACT BUCHU, Arising from Excesses, madis, or Desipation, Early Indiacretion or Abuse.

ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:—
Indisposition to Exertion,
Loss of Power,
Loss of Power, Difficulty of Breathing, oss of Memory,

Indisjosition to Exertion,
Loss of Remory,
Loss of Memory,
Weak Nerves,
Horror of Disease,
Horror of Disease,
Humese of Vision,
Universal Issistate of the Muscular System,
Hot Hands,
Englishing of the Body,
Dryness of the Skin,
PALLID COUNTENANCE,
These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medtoine invariably removes, soon follows
IMPOLENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS,
IN ONE OF WHICH THE PATTENT MAY SXPIRE.
Who can say that they are not frequently followed by
those "DIREFUL DISEASES,"
"INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."
Many are sware of the cause of their suffering,
BUT NONE WILL CONFESS.
THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASTLUMS,
And the Melanchaly Deaths by Consumption,
BASE LAWFLE WITNESS TO THE RUTH OF THE ASSECTION.
THE CONSTITUTION ONC. AFFECTED WITH
ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
Requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and
Invigorat the System,
Which Helmson's EXTRACT BUCHJ invariably does.

Which HELMBOID'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. A TRIAL WILL CONVICE THE MOST SKEPTICAL, FEMALES—FEMALES—FEMALES, LD OR YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED, OR CONTEMPLA-TING MARRIAGE, IN MANY AFFECTIONS PROULIAR TO FEMALES,

the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or as in Chlorosis or Reismon, irregularity, Fatilitates, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leworhea Whites, Steril-ity, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT! TAKE NO MORE BLASAM, MECURY, OR UNPLEASANT MEDI-CINE FOR UNPLEASANT AND DANGEROUS DISEASES. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

SECRET DISEASES.

In all their Stages,

It all their Stages,

Little or no change in Piet;

And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire any gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing Obstructions.

Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Imdianmation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous, Diseased and norm-out Matter.

THOUSANDS DEON TROUBANDS

WHO HAVE BEEN THE VICTINS OF QUACKS, and who have paid analysis to be curred in a short

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