

Daily Telegraph



Forever float that standard sheet! Where breathes the foe but falls before us! With Freedom's soil beneath our feet, And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

THE PENNSYLVANIA TELEGRAPH FOR THE LEGISLATIVE SESSION.

The publisher of the PENNSYLVANIA TELEGRAPH has made the most ample and complete arrangements, by the engagement of an experienced corps of reporters, to give the public a complete synopsis of the proceedings of the Legislature, embracing all legislation that will be of a general character and such private business as may have an effect or influence on the public interest.

The DAILY will be published during the session of the Legislature for \$1.00 per copy. The SEMI-WEEKLY will also be published at the low rate of \$1.00 for the session.

The WEEKLY is printed on a very large sheet at the low rate of \$1.00 per year.

GEORGE BERGNER, Harrisburg, Penn'a.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Thursday Afternoon, December 19, 1861.

PEOPLES' STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the members of the Peoples' State Central Committee will be held at Corvay's Hotel, Harrisburg, on

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22d, 1862, to determine the time and place for holding a State Convention to nominate State candidates, and to transact such other business as may be presented. A full attendance is requested.

ALEX. K. MCCLURE, Chairman. GEO. W. HEMMERSLY, JOHN M. SULLIVAN, Secretaries.

TO READERS AND CORRESPONDENTS.

Grave subjects will not bear the allusion of irony. Therefore we decline publishing two productions from the pen of a correspondent signing himself "E. G."

We cannot comply with the request of "C. T. K." simply because the publication of such communications as the one he has sent us, would lead to trouble which he could not share, while it could not possibly effect a reform.

ORGANIZATION.

We publish to-day, the call of the Chairman of the State Central Committee, to convene that committee on the 27th day of January next, for the purpose of fixing a time and place to hold a convention by which state candidates are to be nominated and such other business transacted as may be laid before that body. The importance of the movement cannot be too highly estimated, and we therefore trust that the objects of the committee may be entirely successful, while they thus patriotically tend to the success of our organization and our principles.

A CURIOUS FACT is coming to be understood in rebellion with regard to those in that region who have always underated the valor of the northern people. These men, it is now discovered, stand aloof from the "fighting part" of this struggle, content to let business to the "niggers and the mud-sills."

A special Committee of the House of Representatives has the matter in charge. The country will await its action with considerable anxiety, as by its report and bill on the subject depend the harmony and confidence between creditor and debtor, producer and consumer.

THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL, since Mr. Prentice has returned, is as rampant as ever. It gives evident tokens that it will rule or ruin. But if it cannot have its own way in the Union, it will join the rebels. Its course is in keeping with that of the other hypocrites who are now in the rebel army, and who remained in Congress on an assumed loyalty, until the force at Manassas was safely entrenched, when they threw off their disguise and at once joined their friends the rebels and their idol slavery.

AID AND COMFORT.

Every resolution offered in Congress defining the object of this war to be for Constitutional purposes, is so much aid and comfort to common traitors and the enemies of Constitutional law and order. Every speech made by either a member of the Senate or House of Representatives, arguing the legality of any policy in the suppression of this rebellion, is tantamount to an admission that the government is not entirely right in its efforts to vindicate the law, and that the judgment of the administration is not altogether clear with regard to the justice of an armed force to aid in crushing out civil war, destroying the rebellion, and thus averting social confusion and political anarchy.

Those who indulge in these speeches are not friends of the American Union, simply because such efforts are apologies in disguise for treason; and will eventually lead the world to infer that a people who doubt their own capacity and discuss the policy of preserving their government only by such means as its own enemies may suggest, are incapable of self-government, and unworthy a position among the nations of the world. Why should we hesitate at any means to preserve our nationality? Why should we pause before any work that will promote the success of free institutions, when they are made an issue with rebellion? Those who offer reasons to justify such a course, will be ready at the propitious moment to offer service to the rebel chiefs. They will be willing to take up the musket in defense of rebellion when their arguments fail any longer as apologies for its excesses, or pleas against its absolute extermination.

The course adopted in this particular, by certain gentlemen in Congress, in constantly urging that this war is to preserve the Union and defend the Constitution, should be deprecated by every loyal man in both the Senate and House of Representatives. We do not admit that the Union is dissolved. We deny that the Constitution has been violated except by those who are in rebellion, and therefore this war is to punish traitors and if possible remove the cause of treason. The idea of restoring a Union, once effectually destroyed, by the force of arms, is simply ridiculous, and therefore this war is not for restoration, but preservation. It is to rid the land of rebellion by any means and at any cost. It is to exterminate a race of traitors who have been conspiring against liberty, from father to son, since the Declaration of Independence was signed and sealed. The rebellion has but one purpose and object, one end and aim. It had its origin in slavery, and it now struggles to make slavery predominant in this government. Therefore to declare that we are not fighting the pretensions of slavery is to admit that we are doing nothing to crush rebellion.

A BANKRUPT LAW.

The proposition to petition Congress to pass a general bankrupt law as the only efficient means of relief in the present condition of trade and credit, is being widely agitated, and most properly so. Experiments we have already had on the influence of a universal bankrupt system, are too fresh in the minds of the people to win their favor or support of a repetition of such legislation, and therefore when Congress decides on legislating thus for the relief of business men, it is earnestly hoped that some plan or system will be devised by which the rights and interests of honest creditors will be rigidly guarded against the machinations and designs of dishonest debtors. The great danger in all bankrupt laws is confined to their practical administration, by which debts are sought only to be extinguished and not liquidated. The merchants of our loyal cities have this matter in hand, and will bring it before Congress in such a shape, it is said, as cannot fail to meet the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives. One of the propositions made accords with the law of 1841 in providing for volunteering and involuntary bankruptcy, and in being retrospective as well as prospective in its operations. It differs essentially, however, in many respects; particularly in those which relate to the safe keeping of the bankrupt's estate, and to the action of creditors in superintending the proceedings for winding it up in their various stages.

The creditors, being the real parties in interest, should have the responsibility and the right of choosing the assignee who is to collect and distribute the property of the debtor; the proposed law gives them this right in all cases, and also provides, in analogy with the French code, for the closing up of the estate at the option of three fourths in value of the creditors, by trustees, under the inspection of a committee, in lieu of the more formal proceedings in bankruptcy. The creditors who prove their claims share pro rata in the distribution, and the debtor is entitled to an absolute discharge, except as to debts involving a breach of trust, upon the surrender of all his property, and complying with the provisions of the law.

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THE CANADIAN FRONTIER.—The Detroit Advertiser states that a rumor, based upon what is considered reliable authority, is prevalent among the inhabitants of Windsor and Sandwich, that the military commission, now making the tour of the Province, will shortly arrive at those places, and put them, as well as Malden, in a complete state of defense. It is also stated that the Government steamers will proceed from Quebec and winter on the lakes, to be ready for emergencies.

BY TELEGRAPH.

From Fortress Monroe, Port Royal and Hatteras.

Departure of Mr. Faulkner for Richmond.

CAPT. RICKETS RELEASED ON PAROLE.

AFFAIRS AT HATTERAS.

Capture of Another Prize at Port Royal

BEAUFORT FULLY OCCUPIED BY U. S. TROOPS.

LARGE QUANTITIES OF COTTON SEIZED

Positions of the Federal Troops in Kentucky.

Advance of the Rebels on Lexington.

FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 18.

The steamer Georgiana brought down from Baltimore this morning the Hon. Charles J. Faulkner, released on parole from Fort Warren, Boston, en route for Richmond, where he is confident of being able to exchange himself for the Hon. Mr. Ely, representative from New York, taken prisoner at Bull Run.

Mr. Faulkner spent the forenoon at General Wool's headquarters and was sent by a flag of truce to Craney Island at noon.

Capt. Milward, on his return brought down Capt. J. B. Ricketts, of the 1st artillery, who was wounded and taken prisoner at Bull Run. He is released on parole and will be exchanged if possible, for Capt. J. A. Dagnall.

The steamer S. K. Spaulding, Capt. S. Howes, which left Port Royal last Sunday, arrived here at an early hour this morning. She stopped at Hatteras, leaving that place yesterday and bringing a mail and passengers. Everything is quiet at Hatteras and nothing happens to disturb the monotony, except the usual storms.

The schooner Charity, Capt. White, said to be owned by Senator Simmons, of Rhode Island, arrived at Hatteras on the 15th, with an assorted cargo, including a large proportion of whisky. She also took a collector to Hatteras, and on arriving he procured a building from the commissary, which he proposed using as a custom house.

Capt. White's papers were very irregular, however, and on the 17th, Capt. Worden, of the Stars and Stripes, seized the schooner as a prize and has sent her to New York.

The collector, Captain and crew of the Charity arrived here in the Spaulding to day. They are very indignant at their treatment. Among the other passengers from Hatteras is Commissary John Clark.

There is very little news of interest from Port Royal. The United States troops have fully occupied Beaufort. Large quantities of cotton continue to be gathered and brought to the coast.

Capt. Ricketts was serenaed by the band of the Second artillery on the wharf before the steamer. He is still very weak and suffering from the effect of his wounds.

By the flag of truce we have the Richmond Examiner of this morning. We extract the following news:

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 16, via New Orleans Dec. 17.—Bowling Green correspondent of the Union & American says: that the Yankee advance of from 5,000 to 6,000 men are at Green river, with some artillery, but they have shown no disposition to cross the river, but they are repairing the bridge.

Puduch is steadily advancing toward Lexington, Ky., and meeting with little or no opposition. A gentleman who left Puduch on the 11th inst., states that the Federals had only 6,000 there, 10,000 at Cairo and Bird's Point and 700 at Smithland.

A dispatch from Frankfort, Ky., of the 9th says that Gen. Crittenden was at Cumberland Gap on Saturday with a large force, and 6,000 were at Morristown and would join him. It is feared that Crittenden will invade Kentucky from that point.

Gen. Floyd's army has been ordered to Bowling Green, Kentucky. The removal of the army to the far west says the Richmond Dispatch, leaves a very large portion of Virginia exposed to the enemy. The effect on the temper of the people in the exposed counties will be extremely untoward.

The Richmond Examiner of the 16th says, we are assured that resolutions have been introduced into Congress offering sympathy to the people of Maryland, and urging such a policy in the conduct of the war as to open the way to the confederacy.

On Saturday last the Hastings' Court entered an order directing all free negroes to be sold who do not pay their taxes by the January term of the Court.

Confederate State bonds of the fifteen million issue are quoted at 98@98 1/2.

From Lexington, Kentucky.

Destruction of the Amphitheatre, at the Fair Grounds, by Fire.

A FIRST LIEUTENANT SHOT.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Dec. 19. The amphitheatre at the Fair Grounds, where a regiment of soldiers is encamped, was completely destroyed by fire last night. Loss, ten to twelve thousand dollars. During the excitement the sentinel shot Joel Hickman, First Lieutenant in Colonel Worley's cavalry, killing him instantly.

FROM NEW YORK.

ARRIVAL OF THE PRIZE SHIP CHESHIRE.

New York, Dec. 19. The British ship Cheshire taken off Savannah as a prize while attempting to run the blockade has arrived here. The prize ship Cheshire was seized by the gun boat Augusta off Savannah. She was from Liverpool, and is loaded with coffee, salt and army blankets.

The British gun boat Tecora has arrived here from Port Royal. She passed on the 15th inst. off Hatteras the U. S. ships Jamestown and Colorado cruising.

WARLIKE FEELING IN CANADA.

HALIFAX, Dec. 19. The warlike feeling is high here and throughout the province.

From Washington.

Arrival of the Foreign Dispatches to the Government.

BOSTON, Dec. 19. Capt. Geo. Cook has arrived here from Boston, with dispatches from the American minister at London to Secretary Seward. The contents of those brought thither by the Queen's messenger to Lord Lyons had not up to one o'clock been communicated to our government.

The President has recognized Carl Friedrich Adac, of Cincinnati, consul for the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg Strelitz for the Western States of America.

Highly Important Southern News.

TWO REBEL STEAMERS CAPTURED NEAR MOBILE.

CONDITION OF THINGS AT NEW ORLEANS.

The Federal Troops Near Little Rock, Arkansas.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 18. The steam gunboat New London has just come in, having captured two steamers and two schooners near Mobile. Lieutenant Reed commands the New London. Well done for her!

The New Orleans Delta of 25th November says: 1,500 families were supplied at the free market yesterday—an increase of one hundred families during last week.

This paper also says: The Federal troops are near Little Rock, where they can fit out an expedition, and descending the Arkansas river, will capture New Orleans, leaving Gens. Pily and Folk behind them.

FROM MEXICO.

Reported Attack on Matamoros.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 18. The Richmond papers received by the Old Point boat have an account of an attack on the town of Matamoros by Gen'l. Carvajal, copied from the Brownsville Flag of the 21st ult. The General appeared before the city on the 15th, and commenced the attack on the 20th. Great carnage took place, and at the hour of the flag going to press, both parties claimed to be successful.

XXXVIIth Congress--First Session.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19. IN SENATE.

Mr. SUMNER (Mass.) presented petitions, numerous signed, for the emancipation of the slaves with compensation to the loyal masters.

Mr. WADE (Ohio), presented a petition from citizens of Ohio, asking that John C. Fremont be appointed Lieut. General.

Mr. WILEY (Va.) offered a resolution that the existing war be forced upon the country by the States in rebellion without provocation, and was designed to destroy the Constitution, and that its purpose was to disavow and repudiate the fundamental principle of the republican government.

He proceeded to speak at length on the resolution, contending that the rebellion was life more secure and civil and religious liberty more properly, and especially was the more molested, and consequently there could be no grievance as a cause for rebellion.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. ARNOLD (Ill.) it was resolved that the Secretary of War be requested to furnish the cost of the transportation of arms, ordnance and munitions of war to that portion of the country west of the Alleghenies since May last, and give as far as practicable a detailed statement of the places from which they were transported, and the cost, whether by rail or water.

A bill to amend the Act of July last which grants \$100 bounty to soldiers at the expiration of two years and to those sooner if honorably discharged by reason of wounds and disabilities so as to extend its provisions to those who entered the service under the first proclamation of the President and were similarly disqualified, was after debate tabled.

Mr. STEVENS (Pa.), on the committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill making appropriations for the construction, preservation and repairs of fortifications and works of defence.

Referred to the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill providing for the construction of twenty iron clad steam gun boats to be built by contract or otherwise as the Secretary of the Navy may deem best for the public interests.

Mr. VALLANDIGHAM (O.) offered and advocated an amendment providing that the said gunboats shall be constructed at the public yard as far as practicable, or by private contract after giving ten day's notice for proposals, to be published in the papers of New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Mr. SEDGWICK (N. Y.) in explanation said these vessels are to be built on a plan entirely different from those already constructed.

THE PRESIDENT'S first levee of the season was held at the White House on Tuesday night. At the hour of eight, when the doors were thrown open, there was an immense crowd, which soon filled the rooms.

The Marine Band struck up, and for two hours the crowd surged backward and forward. The President stood the shaking process very well. Among the guests were General McClellan and wife, and so great was the rush to see him that it was with much difficulty that he could get through the rooms. He wore a very plain uniform, with small shoulder straps, and three stars upon them.

A very large number of Senators and members, and officers of the army and navy, were there, but very few ladies. During the evening not less than two thousand people attended. But few of the foreign Ministers were present, though they generally attend through the winter.

Neither the French nor British Ministers were present, although Baron Stockerl, of Russia, and half a dozen of minor importance were there with their families. Secretary Cameron and his daughter, Secretary Wells and lady, Secretary Chase and daughter, and all the Cabinet Ministers were present.

ACCOUNTS from Gen. Bank's column state that shots are continually exchanged between the enemy and Col. Leouarn's men. Reports as to the enemy's numbers add intentions are contradictory and unreliable. One statement is that Jackson with his brigade largely reinforced, is at Falling Waters, but other intelligence does not appear to corroborate it. It is evident that Gen. Kelly's advance from Romney towards Winchester, and the approaching opening of the road from Cumberland to Hancock, together with recent movements of Gen. Banks column has caused great consternation on the Confederate advance guards, but he progresses steadily and slowly towards Winchester. If it be true that the Strasburg and Winchester Railway connection has been completed, the enemy will undoubtedly receive heavy reinforcements immediately, and a hard fought battle of considerable magnitude be the result.

THE NASHVILLE BANNER urges the passage of an act by the Legislature providing for the payment of Tennessee's proportion of the Confederate tax, by the State itself, without calling on the tax payers to meet it, at this crisis of general financial difficulty. It is proposed to raise the means by an issue of paper by the Bank of Tennessee, which, endorsed by the State, would pass current.

Alluding to the matter of sequestrated property, the Memphis Appeal says: We are informed by the Receiver that parties are very remiss in responding to the garnishments served upon them under the late sequestration act. He accordingly requests us to state that, if they delay much longer, he will certainly report them to the District Attorney, and have the penalty of fine and imprisonment rigidly enforced against them until they do answer. The Receiver has his eyes on several of these delinquent individuals, who had better "walk up to the Captain's office and settle" immediately, if they wish to save their bacon. Their day of grace will soon expire.

SMALL CHANGE IN GEORGIA.—The following is a specimen of the small change which is in circulation in Savannah, Georgia. The ship-plaster is in the form of a bank bill, having "10" on one corner, and on the other an engraving of a dime piece, federal currency:

MECHANICS' SAVING BANK. SAVANNAH, NOV. 6, 1861. This certifies that G. O. Jones has deposited ten cents with this association, bearing four per cent. interest after thirty days' notice, payable to bearer on return of this scrip, in current bank bills.

No. 120 C. J. HENRY, President.

JAMES M. McLANAHAN, died suddenly in New York city on Tuesday last. He was a native of Franklin county, and represented the Congressional district of which that county formed a portion, from 1848 to 1852. The cause of his death is not stated.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. BUILDING STONE, A GOOD ARTICLE of Lime Stone for Building purposes, on hand, delivered in the shortest notice at prices to suit the times.

WANTED. BOARDING and a Furnished Room wanted for a gentleman and his wife in a private family. Address Mr. Box 100, stating terms. de19 1/2

LOST. A POINT LACE COLLAR. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. de19 1/2

WANTED TO RENT.—A comfortable Dwelling (one with a stable preferred) Possession to be had on or before the 1st of April, 1862. Address stating locality, terms, BOX 348, Harrisburg, Pa. de18-43\*

FOR SALE. THE valuable lot of ground opposite the Capitol on the corner of State and Fourth streets, being 200 feet on Fourth, 100 feet on State, and 110 feet on North street. The lot is chiefly situated for public use—hotels, market, and for private residences. For terms apply to C. C. MULLIN'S Cheap Grocery Store, de18-43.\*

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS. NOW IS THE TIME FOR A GOODLY GIFT. LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS from 6 1/2c upwards. Beautiful Linen Sets, sleeves and Col. Collars from 15c. to \$1.00. Fine linen Collars 12c. Wool Veils, Scarfs, Socks, Sleeves, Leggings, Mitts, Gloves, Wool, Cotton and Merino Hosiery for Ladies & children all prices. Worked Handkerchiefs, Wool skating Caps for children, Colonnades, Extractions, Or Hair Pomade, Silk Veils, Wool Yarn, Buckskin Gaiters, Sack Panicles, Calicos, Gingham, Mullins, &c. &c. at door above Felix's Confectionery, Harrisburg, Pa. de18-43\*

TO THE AFFLICTED. PROF. J. H. MONTYRE, HAS arrived in town with a full supply of roots and herbs also his celebrated Dandelion Pills, and other botanical medicines. He is located at the White Hall, and will remain until the 24th inst. He gives examination and advice free of charge. It is no charge. He invites those who have used his medicine if they have not given satisfaction, to come back and have their money returned. His medicines are sold by Gross & Co., Market & 2nd. de17-41\*

WANTED. TWO competent Bar-keepers and Two Waiters, apply at the European House, Harrisburg. de18-43\*

GOLD PENS! GOLD PENS! THE largest and most varied assortment of GOLD PENS is for sale at BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE. ALL PENS WARRANTED. de18-43\*

CHRISTMAS BOOKS!! A large collection of BOOKS suitable for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS has just been received at BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE. de18-43\*

1,000,000 ENVELOPES! A immense stock of ENVELOPES of every size is now opening at BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE. de18-43\*

FOR SALE.—ONE SINGER SEWING MACHINE in working order for \$27. Also Family Sewing Machines, (new.) \$30. Enquiries to W. B. WEST, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county, Pa. de18-43\*

NOTICE. WHERE is your destination, South Carolina? No. 101, Market street, Cheap Confectionery Store, has the largest assortment of Fine Confectionaries, Nuts, Raisins, Currants, Citron, and other delicacies. Give him a call, and ex-amine for yourselves. de18-42\*

PORT FOLIOS—WRITING DESKS. A entire new assortment of these useful articles just opened at BERGNER'S Cheap Bookstore, TO FAMILIES. OATS! OATS!! Cash paid for Oats by nov-41r

OUR newly replenished stock of Toilet and Fancy Goods is unsurpassed in this city, and feeling confident of rendering satisfaction, we would respectfully invite a call. 91 Market street, corner of ELLIOTT'S. de18-43\*

LARIES FOR 1862.—A great variety at exceedingly low prices, at SHIFFER'S BOOKSTORE. de18-43\*

FURS! FURS! FURS! FURS! Sable Fur, Siberian Squirrel Fur, French Sable Fur, Silver Marten Fur, GAZES, CURRS AND MUFFS, LARGE ASSORTMENT. Great bargains in these goods. Every article warranted to be exactly as represented, at GATHEART & BROTHER, Next to the Harrisburg Bank. no3

NOTIONS.—Quite a variety of useful and entertaining articles—cheap—at SHIFFER'S BOOKSTORE. de18-43\*

KELLER'S DRUG STORE is the place to find anything in the way of Perfumery. de18-43\*

New Advertisements.

LATEST NEWS.

NICHOLS & BOWMAN having just returned from the East with an extensive and well selected stock of goods purchased for cash, respect fully invite the citizens of Harrisburg and vicinity to call and examine their new goods the case. A grocery occupied by V. Hummel, corner Front and Market streets, Harrisburg, Pa. Prices as low as any other house.

COFFEE, Green and Browned; SUGAR of all grades; MOLASSES and Choice Syrups; FLOUR, in Barrels and Sacks; BUCK-WHEAT and CORN-MEAL; RICE, BEANS, POTATOES; FISH, of all kinds; SALT, Coarse and fine; OIL, Coal Oil and Whale Oil;

SPOICES, all kinds Ground and Unground, fresh from the Mill. APPLES, Green and Dried; RAISINS, CURRANTS, NUTS, DRIED FRUITS, SOAPS, Common and Fancy; WILLOW and CEDAR-WARE; CIGARS, best of Imported Brands; TOBACCO, Smoking and Chewing;

QUEENSWARE! QUEENSWARE!! Extensive assortment of all styles, and patterns and prices. Call and examine our Stock of Goods at the Wholesale and Retail Grocery, Fruit and Provision Store, corner Front and Market streets, Harrisburg, Pa. (Country Produce taken) de10

GIFTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS. THE LARGEST AND MOST VARIED STOCK OF RARE CONFECTIONS, OF THE FINEST QUALITY NOW READY FOR THE PUBLIC. CHOICE MIXED SUGAR PLUMS, Put up neatly in boxes, from one to five pounds. FINE CHOCOLATE CONFECTIONS, IN GREAT VARIETY. TOGETHER WITH A BRILLIANT IMPORTATION OF RICH FANCY BOXES. STEPHEN F. WHITMAN, No. 1210, Market street, Philadelphia. de7 d1m

CELEBRATED DANDELION COFFEE. THE DANDELION COFFEE now offered to the public, is prepared from the fresh roots. In submitting this valuable article to the public labor, the manufacturer only contemplates a reluctantly compelled measure in response to the increasing demands of the public. It is unquestionably one of the most reliable and effectual remedies yet discovered for the disease it is adapted to. It is strongly recommended by the Faculty as a safe and efficacious beverage for General Debility, Dyspepsia, Disease of the Liver, Bilious Affections and Irritable condition of the Stomach. The many thousands of copies which have been sold, and the commendation by the Faculty as a safe and efficacious beverage to abandon the use of Coffee, owing to the injury done to the health, will find this superior to the best Java Coffee, to say nothing of its great and acknowledged medicinal benefits. The intelligent portion of the community are well acquainted with the medicinal properties of the dandelion that they require but the assurance that the article offered to them is the pure Dandelion root. 2 1/2 lbs. of this Coffee will make as much as two pounds of the best Java. For sale by WM. DUCK, Jr., & Co. de10

Select Schools for Boys and Girls FRONT STREET ABOVE LOCUST. THE Fall term of ROBERT M'LEWEE'S School for boys, will open on the 1st Monday in September. The room is well ventilated, comfortably furnished, and in every respect adapted for school purposes. The same building, will open for the Fall term at the same time. The room has been elegantly fitted up to promote the health and comfort of scholars. AUGUST 17

WORSTED GOODS, LADIES' NUBIAS, Ladies' Head Dresses, Ladies' Hoods, Ladies' Mitts, &c. &c. A fresh invoice just opened at Next door to the Harrisburg Bank. JOHN B. SMITH, Harrisburg.

B. M. GILDEA, D. D. S. STATE STREET, OPPOSITE THE BRADY HOUSE. All operations, Surgical and Mechanical, scientifically performed. Charges moderate. de18-43\*

J. R. INGERSOLL'S PATENT FOUNTAIN HAIR-BRUSH. It dresses the hair without soiling the fingers. It effects a saving of one-half in the use of hair preparations. It does away with greasy hair-oil bottles. It is handsomer article than the common hair-brush. It regulates the quantity of fluid in a drop. It is perfectly moist, and cannot spill over in the trunk or on the hair. It carries enough of any preparation to last for a voyage or a long journey. Its price is moderate, and it saves its own cost in three months. For sale at Keller's Drug and Fancy Store, 91 Market street two doors east of Fourth street, south 5 de10

MINCIE PIES, Raisins, Citron, Currants, Spruces, &c. W. DUCK, JR., & CO. de6

WALLOWER'S LINE, DAILY BETWEEN HARRISBURG and PHILADELPHIA Wm. E. Burk, Agent, 812 Market street, Philadelphia, formerly Livingston & Co. Special Conductor in charge of each train. Goods delivered at the Warehouse, Philadelphia, at 4 o'clock P. M., will be delivered in Harrisburg next morning. J. WALLOWER, JR., Agent, next door to the Harrisburg Bank, Harrisburg, Pa. nov-23-r

THREE STEAM ENGINES FOR SALE. THE undersigned offers for sale ONE NEW 30 HORSE ENGINE, and two Second-hand engines of smaller size. This engine will be sold cheap or cash or approved paper. Apply at Market and Erie Works, Sixth street, between Walnut and Market, Harrisburg, Pa. nov-23-r

NEW DRESS GOODS. EMBROIDERED REPS, Plain and Figured Reps, Rich Figured all Wool Delaines, Plain Merinos and Cashmeres, Fancy Paris Dress Silks, Superior Plain Colored Dress Silks, Warranted makes of plain black silks, New Styles Low Priced Delaines AT CAHART & BROTHER'S Next door to the Harrisburg Bank Market Square. no3

GOLD PENS!—The largest and best stock, from \$1.00 to \$4.00 per pen, including all the latest styles. SHEFFER'S de18-43\*

SHAWLS! SHAWLS! A large invoice of New Styles of French Blanket Shawls received this morning by GATHE