TERMS .- SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION. The DAILY TRIEGRAPH is served to subscribers in the City at 614 cents per week Yearly subscribers will be harged \$4 00.

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If subscribers order the discontinuance of their news papers, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

ll arrearages are paid. It subscribers neglec Il subscribers neglect or refuse to take their newspa-ers from the office to which they are directed, they are responsible until they have settled the bills and ordered hem discontinued

Mledical.

DR. JOHNSON BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL

H As discovered the most certain, speed, and effectual remedy in the works for DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.

RELIEF IN SIX TO TWELVE HOURS. No Mercary or Noxious Drugs. A CURR WARRANTED, OR NO CHARGE, IN PROM ()NE TWO DAYS.

Weakness of the Bacs or Limbs, Strictures, Paine to the Loins, Affections of the Kifflings and Bladder, Organic Weakness, Nervous Doblity, Pecay of the Physic: Powers, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of densal, liation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Dianness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Stomach, Affectious of the Head, Throat, Ness or Ekin—those terrible disorders arising from the indiscretion or Solitary Habits of Youth—those dreadful and destructive practises which produce constitutions debility, reader marriage impossible, and destroy both body and mind.

YOUNG MEN. YOUNG MEN.

Young Men.

Young men especially who have become the victims of solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an antiquely grave thousands of young men of the most exhibed talent and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise bave entranced listening Senates with the thunders of elequence, or waked to estasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence. MARRIAGE

MARKIAGE.

Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should immediately contail Dr. J. and be restored to perfect health. ORGANIC WEAKNES

Immediately cured and full vigor restored. Immediately cured and full vigor restored.

He who places himself under the one of Ir. J., may religiously conside in his bonor as a gentleman, and coe, idently rely upon his skill as a physician.

ACOffice No. 7 South Frederick street, Raltimore, add., on the left hand side going from Baitlimore street, 7 doors from the curner. Be particular in observing the name or number, or you will mistake the place. Be particular for Ignorant, Trifting Quacks, with faise names, or Pallry Humbug Certificates, attracted by the reputation of Dr. Johnson, lurk near.

All letters must contain a Postage Stamp, to use on the

All letters must contain a Postage Stamp, to use on the

DR. JOHNSTON Dr. Johnson member of the Roya: College of Surgeons, conden, graduate from one of the mest eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greatest part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philaand occur spent in the constant of honoring rate, Phina-delphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most as-tonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the cars and bend when asleep, great ner-vousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, hashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derange-ment of mind were cured immediately.

TARE PARTICULAR NOTICE. a oresses all those who having injured them selves by stivite and improper indugencies, that secret and solitary abit which ruins both body and mind, un-fitting them for either businessor society.

Then are some of the sad and melancholy on the

Thes, are some of the sac and maintaining it is produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muccular Power, Papitation of the Heart, Dyrespia, Nervous Irritability, Dorangement of the Digestive Functions, General Dobility, Symptoms of Canaump-

MENTALLY, the fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded:—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Expression of Spirits, Myll Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evil effects.

Thousands of pages 19

by self-distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evil effects.

Thousands of parsons of all area, can now judge what is the cause of their receive in health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, have a singular appearance about the eyes, cough, and sympms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN

What have futured themselves by a certain practice, in dulyed in when alone—a habit frequently learned from will companions, or at school, the effects of which are slightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hopes of his country, the darfing of his parents, should be snatched from all prespects and enoyments of life by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Su th persons must, before contemplating

MARRIAGE, effect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospect bourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the

melancholy reflection that the comes blighted with our own reflection that the happiness of another be

comes blighted with our own.

DR. JOHNSON'S INVIGORATING REMEDY FOR OB;
GANIC WEAKNESS.

Sy this great and important remedy, Weakness of the
Organs are speedily cured, and full vigor-restored.
Thousands of the imisst nervous; and debilitated whe
had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved. All
impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous, Trembling, Weakness or Exhaustion or
the most fearful kind, speedily cured.

cation, Nervous, Trembling. Weakness or Exhaustion or the most fearful kind, speedily cured.

TO STRANGERS.

The many thousands cured at this instintion within the last twelve years, and the numerous important Surgica operations, porformed by Dr. J., witnessed by the reporters of the papers, and many other persons, actices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a rentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted. DISKASES OF IMPRUDENCE.—When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbited the seeds of this paintiu disease, it too often happens that an III-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery determined from applying to those who, from education and respectability can alone betriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, affecting the head, throat, nose, skin, Xopprogressing on with frightial rapidity, III death puis a period to his dreadful sufferings by sending him to "that bourne from whence so traveler returns." It is a meianchely fact that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease, owing to the unskillulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that deadly poison, mercury, ruis the constitution and make the residue of life miserable.

To Strangers.—The Poctor's biplomas hang in his office.

To make the contain a Simp to us on the reply Letters must contain a Simp to us on the reply See Remedies sent by Mail.

No. 7 South Frederick street, Baltimore.

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DAILY ME LINE Between Philadelphia

LOCK HAVEN, JERSEY SHORE, WILLIAMSPORT, MUNGY UMONTOWN, WAISONTOWN, MILTON, LEWISBORG, NORTHUMBERLAND, SUNBURY, TREVOKTON, GEORGETOWN, LYKENSTOWN, MILLERS-BURG, HALIFAX, DAUPHIN,

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all goods entrusted to the her before the people of FREED, WARD & FREED, No. 811 Mark et Steet, Phila Depot of FREED, which was been as the cellivered in Harrisburg the next morning.

Freight (always) as low as by any other line.
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Philadelphia and Reading (a.t.)

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Also, Fiags, Union Breast Pins, Eagles, Union Ringe and Badges at very low prices. Call at my8

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Bennsplvania

Telegraph.

"INDEPENDENT IN ALL THINGS-NEUTRAL IN NONE."

VOL XVI.

HARRISBURG, PA., THURSDAY AFTERNOON, DECEMBER 12, 1861

Lines of Cravel & Gransportation ENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD

Me Timbor St. A Marie and American

WINTER TIME TABLE. FIVE TRAINS DAILY TO AND FROM PHILADELPHIA.

> ON AND AFTER MONDAY NOVEMBER 25th. 1861.

The Passenger Trains of the Penusylvania Railroad Company will depart from and arrive at Harrieburg and

Philadelphia as follows :--EAST WARD.

THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Harrisburg daily at 3 20 a.m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 7.40

FAST LINE leaves Harrisburg every morning (except Monday) at 8.45 a. m., and arrives at West Philadelphi at 1.00 p. m. MAIL TRAIN leaves Harrisburg daily (except Sunday) at 1.15 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 5.20

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, via Mount Joy, leaves Harrisburg at 7.00 a.m., and arrives at West Phila-delphia at 12.10 p. m. HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, via Columola, leaves Harrisburg at 4,00 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 9,20 p.m.

WESTWARD.

THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 10.30 p. m., Harrisburg at 3.05 a. m., Altoona 8.40, a. n., and arrives at Pittsburg at 1.25 p. m. MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 8.00 s. m., and arives at Harrisburg at 1.20 p. m.; leaves Harrisburg at 7.45 m., Altona, 2.45 p. m., and arrives at Pittsburg at 4.5 p. M.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia at 11.30 a. m., Harrisburg 4.05 p. m., Altoona at 9.10 p. m., and arriving at Pittaburg at 1.40 a. m. HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves Philephia at 2,30 p. m., and arrives at Harrisburg at 8.05

MOUNT JOY ACCOMMODATION via Mount Joy leaves Lancaster at 11.34 a. m., arrives at Harrisburg at 1.80 SAMUEL D. YOUNG, Supt. East, Div. Penca. Railroad, Harrisburg, November 23, 1861.—dtf

Northern Central Railway

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE. WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

THREE TRAINS DAILY TO AND PROF. BALTIMORE

Close Connection made at Harrisburg TO AND FROM NEW YORK. SLEEPING CARS RUN ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

N AND AFTER SUNDAY, NOV. 24, 1861, the Passenger Trains of the Northern Centra' Baltimore as follows, viz :

GOING SOUTH.

 MAIL TRAIN arrives at Harrisburg
 1.05 P
 M.

 and teaves
 1.20 P
 M.

 EXPRESS
 arrives at
 2.27 A
 M.

 and leaves
 3.20 A
 M.

GOING NORTH. MAIL TRAIN leaves Baltimore at. 8.25 A. M. and arrives at Harrisburg: 1.00 P. M. and leaves North at. 1.20 P. M. EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Baltimore at. 3.00 P. M. and errives at Harrisburg 8.00 P. M. and leaves North at. 8.10 P. M.

The only train leaving Harrisburg on Sunday will be the Express Train, South at 3.20 A. M. For further information apply at the Office, in Penn's Railroad Depot.

JOHN F. UHRICH, Agent. Harrisburg, Nov. 28, 1881.—dt/

WINTER TIME ARRANGEMENT.



AND

PHILADELPHIA

WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS. N AND AFTER MONDAY, NOVEM-BER 4, 1861, the Passenger Trains will leave the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Depot, at Harrisburg, for New York and Philadelphia, as follows, viz:

EASTWARD. EXPRESS LINE leaves Harrisburg at 3.30 a. m., on ar EXPRESS LINE leaves Harrisburg at 3.30 a. m., on arrival of Ponnsylvania Railroad Express Train from the West, arriving in New York at 11.5 a. m., and at Philadelphia at 9.00 a. m. A sleeping car is attached to the train through from Pittsburg without change.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Harrisburg at 8.25 a. m., arriving in New York at 6.30p. m., and Philadelphia at 1.25 p. m. FAST LINE leaves Harrisburg at 1.40 p. m., on arrival of Pennsylvania Railroad Fast Mail, arriving in New York at 9.50 p. m., and Philadelphia at 6.40 p. m.

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves New York at 6 a. m., and Philadel-nia at 8 a. m., arriving at Harristourg at 1 p. m. MAIL TRAIN leaves New York at 12 00 noon, and Phil-delphia at 3, 15 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 8.10 p. m. FXPRESS LINE leaves New York at 8 p. m., arri-ring at Harrisburg at 3.10 a. m., and connecting with the Pennsylvaria Express Train for Pittsburg. A sleeping ear is also attached to this grain. Connections are made at Harrisburg with trains on the

Gonnections are made at Harrison; with trains of the Pennsylvania, Northern Central and Cumberland Valley Railroads, and at Reading for Philadelphia, Pottaville, Wilkesbarre, Allentown, Easton, &c.

Baggage checked through. Fare between New York and Harrisburg, \$5 00; between Harrisburg and Philadelphia, \$3 25 in No. 1 cars, and \$2 70 in No. 2.

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EXTREMELY LOW RATES.

they will be sold at a very small advance. Please call and examine the stock at BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE, 61 Market Street.

An Inside View of Life at the South, GOOD-HUMORED PRIVATE LETTER FROM A FLORI-

[From the Buffalo Courier, Dec. 4.] By the courtesy of one of our citizens we are permitted to publish the following letter from a gentleman of high standing, and decidedly the most able lawyer in Florida. Humorous and unguarded as it is, it casts much light on the state of feeling and condition of things in the South; and his positive prediction as to the end of this war is indicative of some reason operating or

his mind, which is unknown to us: "JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 26, 1861. "Most High, Most Mighty and Most Puissant Antipode: Sometimes a vessel manages to run over from Savannah, or else Nassau, New Providence, and with the expectation that one will be going from thence in a few days, I think proper to try and report myself. If, therefore, this should ever reach you, be pleased to understand that I and my household are well. Notwithstanding the whole South seems to be turned into a military camp. I have been of late and still am much occupied in professional matters, and I write this under the influence of whip and spur, for I am to be off to-morrow morning to St. Augustine to attend the Confederate court, where divers cases and questions of Prize Sequestration, &c., must be discussed and disposed of, and as there is now not a solitary lawyer residing there, no, not even ----, there is no library, and I must select my books and authorities and lug them along, for in these days of distrust and conceit, no court because I say so. It must be read from a book. Printed paper, bound in sheep or calf, manufactured by asses, becomes an oracle, and reason, principle and common sense are silenced and aughed out of countenance. Well, I am in a hurry, but I write you a line to say God bless you. I hope you and Mrs, — are well, and I want to propose to you, if this d—d war continues, to go out to Nassau this winter to avoid the cold, and if you will, I promise positively waters. to go over from here and visit you. Now do it. The British steamers, you know, between Havana and New York, stop at Nassau twice a excepting on business during the last hours of the session, and this is the first instance of the kind certainly within the past quarter of a ceninto your hands or let Mrs. — have them, kind which is perhaps still better, and pack up early tury. and go out to Nassau, I don't know much about the place; but I do know the climate is warm there, and moreover it is English, and fortable, respectable and quiet among the English, wherever they govern, than with any other people on the earth. And, although that is a matter of little consequence, I presume liv-ing in Nassau is cheap. I should like to live there a while, however, just for economy's sake. Pray, have you any idea of our pricos here. Pork \$50 per barrel; butter fifty cents per pound; lard forty cents. I have paid these thing else in the same ratio, except per-haps flour. But, we don't seem to mind it except, that it seems to me it makes us hun- Frederick Wetzinger, Fourth. gry, for I can swear we eat more than we ever did in peaceable times. We have raised this

my love to Mrs. — [how is that knee?] I am very truly yours. Henry Clay and the Southern Con-

can, and enclose the letters as aforesaid.

same thing for our enemies. His position there-

this year, he left pretty much to our niggers.

I mean to say that if it hadn't been for the niggers,

I don't think much of a crop would have been made.
"Well, I cannot tell you how much I wish

(when there is no wind). We could go down to the bar or to Indian river, or to Cedar Keys

it, but the fact is it cannot in my judgment last.

federacy. There are some sentences in the running de bate in the United States Sen te in 1850, following Henry Clay's speech on the admission of California, which, strange as they seemed then to an unsuspecting North, sound starting ly familiar now. Some one had reminded Mr. Clay that his position was a very strange one for a Senator from a slaveholding State. He said: "I have heard something said on this and a former occasion, about allegiance to the South. know no South, no North, nor East, nor West, to which I owe any allegiance. My alle giance is to this Union and to my State, but if gentlemen suppose they can exact from me an acknowledgment of allegiance to any ideal or future contem plated Confederacy of the South, I here declare that I owe no allegiance to it, nor will I, for one, come inder any such allegiance. I know what my duties are, and gentlemen may cease to remind me of the fact that I come from a slaveholding

At the close of Mr. Clay's remark, Senator Foot replied: "I was quite startled by one remark that fell from the lips of the honorable Senator from Kentucky. He insinuates that he fears that some persons in the South are aiming to establish a Southern Confederacy. What did the honorable Senator mean by disclaiming so emphati-cally all allegiance to a Southern Confederacy, now

or hereafter?" Mr. Clay—"The honorable Senator knows perfectly well that the language, as used here again and again, is 'treachery to the South,' 'abandoning the South,' 'failing to uphold the interests of the South.' Now, what I meant to say was, that I knew of no South in the shape of a Confederated Government: no South to

which I owed allegiance.' THE SONS OF SENATOH DOUGLAS .- It will be recollected that a few days since a messenger from Gov. Reed, of North Carolina, came under a flag of truce to Gen. Hooker's Division, and was thence forwarded to Washington. His mission was to procure the children of Senator Douglas to be sent south, to prevent the confiscasion of their estate in Mississippi by the rebel government. Mrs. Douglas, who has the guardianship of the sons of the deceased Senator, very properly refused to listen to the proposi

From our Morning Edition-

FROM WASHINGTON. The President Declines to Communicate

to Congress the Correspondence relative to the Mexican Intervention. Another Appropriation Asked for by

The Announcement of Col. Baker's Death,

PRESIDENT LINCOLN VISITS THE SEN-

the Quartermaster's Department.

ATE CHAMBER. Another Misrepresentation by Dr Rusell.

Wyshington, Dec. 11.

The President has declined to communicate s going to believe the law is so and so, merely and Spain, in regard to the armed intervention proposed by them on the affairs of Mexico. He

deems it inexpedient at this exigency to do so. The Quartermaster's Department has asked Congress for an appropriation of one million dollars in addition to the million and one hundred thousand voted at the extra session to meet expenses for the armed flotilla on the Western

The President occupied a seat beside Vice President Hamlim to-day during the delivery month, and I need not tell how much more of the eulogies consequent on the death of Senacomfortable they are in every way than an tor Baker. The visits of the President to American steamer. Pray take my advice foronce. either Houses of Congress are of rare occurence the session, and this is the first instance of the sentiments. kind certainly within the past quarter of a cen-

The Kentucky Congressional delegation declare that if the Republican caucuses continue according to my experience it is more safe, com- to be held, they will call a Union caucus, in order to see whether party spirit shall prevail or

Col. Mulligan, of Lexington renown, now here, has assurances that authority will be given him to raise another regiment in Illinois. The following Pennsylvania soldiers died since my last despatch: John Buckwalter, per pound; lard lorey cents. I have paid pures prices this day: Soap also thirty-five cents per pound, and in short, pretty much every- Wm. Berringer, Eleventh; Isaac Kelley, Twelfth; Daniel Strawcutter, Forty-fifth, and

The select committee appainted by the Speaker on that branch of the President's Message season abundant crops of all kinds of provisions in the South. This is attributed to Providence, but I understand he has done the rivers consists of Messrs. Arnold, (Ill.,) Ashley, to relative to the defence of Northern lakes and

nclined to think that the making our crop for Wheeler, (N. Y.,) and Potter, (Wis.) Letters from Europe say that Dr. Russell, of the London Times writes that the administration is becoming disposed to accept foreign mediation that you and Mrs. — could come and pass with a view to a compron the winter with us. We could go boating the basis of a separation. with a view to a compromise with the south on

It is difficult to conceive how Mr. Russell and eat oysters, and do in fact whatever we pleased. As it is, I don't believe this war can should have been deceived into the adoption of such an idea. Niether the Administration nor last till spring, now mark my word. It can't last, and there is no reason on earth why it should. No matter—you and I cannot discuss any one connected with it would ever accept such mediation from any quarter or a peace on any basis but the complete submission of the Never mind, you and Mrs. —— pack up and go out to Nassau, and write me as often as you States in revolt to the authority of the United

FROM FORT PICKENS.

FURTHER NEWS OF THE LATE FIGHT.

The Steamer Richmond Disabled. FORT PICKENS UNINJURED

The Rebel Fort McRae Badly Damaged, ate to the saddle on a glorious battle field with

FINAL RESULT OF THE FIGHT NOT GIVEN.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11. A private letter has been received from a party on board the steamer Richmond which took part in the late fight at Fort Pickens.

dated Nov. 23d. He states that the Richmond commenced bombarding Fort McRea at ten c'clock on the morning of the 23d. The writer had been complimenting the Captain of one of the guns on the accuracy of his aim when he says a shell bounded through our

raised the ship out of the water and made her stagger like a drunken man. Another shell burst six feet below the water line, causing a bad leak, but the steam pumps kept the vessel free.

The firing continued all day, and was resumed by the enemy on the next morning, when we moved out of his range. The frigate Niagara still kept at them, but

being outside of the enemy's guns she cannot e much injured. Fort Pickens had up to date lost but one man killed and seven wounded.

Fort McRea is much damaged but we cannot destroy it with our smooth bore gugs as they are no match for the enemys rifled cannon. The bombardment was to be renewed the

or be whipped.

From Gen. Banks' Column.

No Further Hostilities at Dam No. 5.

Statement of a Deserter from the Rebel Ranks.

FREDERICK, Dec. 11.

NO. 80.

There are no advices of any further hostilities at dam No. 5. After recovering their guns under cover of the night the enemy withdrew to a stood. safe distance and sent a few harmless compliments to our troops, after which they disappear-

The Union soldier who was shot twice has since died.

The rebel battery was commanded by Capt. Pendleton.

A Quartermaster's office is to be opened at Hagerstown to-morrow under the superintendence of Capt. G. A. Flagg. The object of this from them. is understood to be to supply the troops at and around Williamsport, as well as to prevent the operations of speculation in forage in that vi- ry. The allusion by his colleague, Mr. Lovecinity. Capt. Flagg is from Connecticut.

Yesterday a man named J. F. Monroe, arrived from Winchester. He was a private in the rebel army but having come under the ban of an ambuscade. Let the resolution pass and retheir arbitrary military code, he fled and found cruiting in Illinois will cease. The army will refuge within the Union lines. The information he brings is not of much importance. Gen. Johnston's force consisted of one brigade of four regiments of about 700 men each and was located five miles east of Winchester. His men were principally residents of the country, were plentifutly supplied and clothed, and were generally Cavalry were in the neighborhood of Martinsburg and Pendleton's battery was understood to be on its way from Bath to Winchester. There were many Union men in and around Winchester, but they were afraid to openly avow their

GOOD NEWS FROM KENTUCKY.

Louisville, Dec. 10. The report that Capt. Nevitt, with 40 men from Col. Burbridge's regiment, burned a bridge at Whipporwill, five miles from Russeliville on the Memphis branch railroad, is confirmed .-They attacked the rebels guarding the bridge, numbering 13, killed two and took the remain-

der prisoners. Russellville is southwest of the rebel forces at Bowling Green, and the destruction of this gress to give a little time to more important bridge cuts off their direct communication with Memphis.

THE PURSUIT OF THE SUMTER.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.

A letter from Martinique, dated November 23, states that the United States steamer Iroquois was off that point waiting for the pirate (Ohlo,) Noole, (Mo.,) Aldrich, (Minn.,) Babbit, Sumter. Another dated the 25th says the Irofore is not very well defined, if the real truth could be got at, he is on our side, still, I am (Pa.,) Spaulding, (N. Y.,) Granges, (Mich.,) quois arrived at that point the previous night, nt the Sumter had eccaned

XXXVIIth Congress—First Session.

[CONCLUSION OF YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.]

Washington, Dec. 11. IN SENATE.

Mr. Cowan, (Pa.,) claimed for Pennsylvania the Foster Mother of the dead, the right to weep Oregon his adopted home. He was naturally would have come down with Hengist and and private character of the deceased. quence, worth and true greatness of Gen. Baker.

Mr. Dixon, (Conn.,) spoke of the true devotion of the late Senator to the cause of his country of his brilliant life and glorious death. Mr. Sumner, (Mass.,) said that General Baker united both the character of orator and soldier, and in both was he worthy of admiration. He referred to various instances of his almost unexampled eloquence. After achieving a brilliant success in the Senate he vaulted from the Senhis face to the foe. He passed from the service of his country to the service of his God. He said that the true cause of Gen. Baker's death was slavery; and the only way to avenge his death is to say to this violator of the Constitution, this murderer of our dead Senator, be

thou overturned. Mr. Latham, (Cal.,) closed with a beautiful and eloquent eulogy on the deceased and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Lovejov expressed his honest conviction that such orders were issued by the Commanding Generals without any authority from the bulwarks, took the Captain's head off, and President. He was satisfied of this fact. While wounded six men. The shell on exploding the President does not remove and cashier them as he, (Mr. Lovejoy,) would advise, did he not believe they had the power for any such inhuman and shameful measures. As far as can be ascertained the testimony of every General in the field is that the slaves are true, loyal and faithful. Wihle with Gen. McDowell, previous to the battle of Bull Run, that General carefully enquired of every black fugitive with regard to the movements and positions of the enemy and the topography of the country. They are the most reliable scouts we have, and he thought it most shameful, mean and contemptible for the Major Generals of the army to slander a race already sufficiently disgraced.

Mr. Blair, (Mo.) said that Mr. Stevens had evidently misunderstood General Halleck's orvery property retused to insten to the proposi-tion, contending that the children belonged to next day the 23d, with a determination to whip der. The latter had informed him that he had an idea of doing anything contrary to the law

Steam Printing Office.

Having procured Steam Power Presses, we are pred to execute JOB add BJOK PRINTING of every destion, cheaper than it can be done at any other establishment in the country.

Marriges and Deaths to be charged as regular ad-

of the last Congress and the policy of the Government.

Mr. Blair said for the benefit of the House and the country he positively knew that General Halleck gave an order to diccharge fugitives from the prison in St. Louis on his (Mr. Blair's) application.

Mr. Lovejox repeated that slaves had actually been delivered up under General Halleck's rder.

Mr. Blain stated that he called on General Halleck the day after the order was issued, and informed him that it was liable to be misunder-

Gen. Halleck said he had no idea of contravening the law of Congress and the policy of the administration. His simple object was to exclude from his camp such persons as could convey information to the enemy. The General added that at Cairo slaves came into the camp to sell fruit, but returning to Kentucky and the southern part of Missouri they fell into the hand of the enemy who obtained information

Mr. FOURE, said that the officers regarded Gen. Halleck's orders as most wise and salutajoy, to the fidelity of these slaves was untrue. The army was misled on the 7th of November by slaves. His own regiment was thus led into stand by the order of Gen. Halleck. If his colleague would pay less attention to the negro and more to the interests of the country, we would

[This last remark was received with applause which the Speaker promptly checked.]

yeas 78, nays 640. The resolution heretofore introduced looking to a recognition of the independence of Havti and Liberia coming up Mr. Cox (Onio) offered as an amendment, "that the Committee on Foreign Affairs inquire into the expediency of doing so instead of direct instructions to report

a bill for that purpose." He said instead of bringing up so frequently the pestiferous negro, the country expects Con-

The amendment was agreed to and the reso-

Mr. Vallandigham called attention to the fact that select committee was appointed at the former Congress to consider the subject of the abolition of the franking privilege. The bill reported by that Committee was first on the calandar, and it was his desire that members should examine it before it regularly comes up for consideration.

Mr. COLFAX, (Ind.) remarked that the committee on post offices and post roads had framed a bill to abolish the franking privilege, with other provisions swelling the revenue and satisfying the public desire. They propose to report the bill next week.

A message was read from the Senate announ-

Messrs. Shiel (Oregon.) Phelps and SARGENT son (Ill.,) Kelley (Pa.,) and RIDDLE (Ohio.)

Horsa. He paid a beautiful tribute to the elo-

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get along much better.

Mr. Blair, reruming, said that Gen. Halleck contented. Ashley's company of Black Horse informed him that he intended to use the slaves if he could to the advantage of the Government and if it would injure the enemy he would take their slaves from them, but he did not intend such persons should come into the lines of his camp.

Mr. Vallandigham (Ohio) moved to lay the pending resolutions on the table. Agreed—

lurion was adopted.

cing the death of Senator Baker. and pay her tribute to his worth at the side of (Cal.,) DUNLAP (Ky.,) COLFAX (Ind.,) RICHARDnoble and brave and had he lived in the olden severally delivered eulogies abounding with elotime would have been a Viking, and his name quent and interesting allusions to the public

and the House adjourned.

LA NORMATIE,
HARI KARI,
EL MONO,
LA BANANA.

EAU LUSTRALE,
CRYLTALIZED POMATUM,
MYETLE AND VIOLET POMATUM.
FOR THE COMPLEXION:

HANDKERCHIEF PERFUMES