

Daily Telegraph

HARRISBURG, PA.

Monday Afternoon, September 30, 1861.

PRINTING MATERIAL FOR SALE.

TWO POWER PRESSES, old Adams' Patent. TWO IRON HAND PRESSES, one nearly new, and a large amount of second hand printing material, will be sold at exceedingly low prices, for cash or approved paper.

THE PROPERTY of serving out tobacco with soldiers' rations is under consideration. Gen. McClellan is said to favor it, as a means of increasing the comfort and cheerfulness of the troops.

THE PENNA. CANAL.—The repairs on the Western Division of the Pennsylvania Canal have been completed in the beginning of last week, the water was let in on Tuesday. Boats were running on Friday, but were unable to get through, as a sufficient water had not yet reached the lower levels.

PLEASING INCIDENT.—A very pleasing incident transpired in the Pennsylvania 29th regiment the other day. At the request of Col. Murphy and the Protestant chaplain of the regiment, the Rev. Father Dougherty, of Montgomery county, celebrated mass in the camp.

THE "CAMP KETTLE."—We saw this morning a copy of the "Camp Kettle," a small newspaper published by the Field and Staff officers of Col. Leasure's regiment—the "Round-heads"—as often as the exigencies of the service will permit, and is designed to be the vehicle through which much valuable information will be conveyed to the soldiers on all subjects relative to camp life from mounting guard to cleaning a musket.

PRISONERS OF WAR EN ROUTE.—A party of rebel soldiers, consisting of a captain and thirteen privates in charge of a squad of Ohio volunteers under Capt. Bond, passed through here this morning from the west en route to Fort M'Henry at Baltimore. Eight of the prisoners had received wounds more or less serious; some walked on crutches; some limped with their arms in slings, while one fellow more unfortunate than the rest, possessed but one leg, the other having been taken off by a cannon ball.

FIREMEN'S AFFAIRS.—The manufacturers of the Friendship steam fire engine neglected to send with it the proper "reducing screws," without which the "steamer" is unable to obtain water from the fire plugs. Hence its trial at the corner of Canal and State streets last week, where the proximity of the canal afforded a fine opportunity to test its suction powers.

WE hear it stated that the Paxton Hose Company intend to make application to the City Council for the Friendship Company's hand engine. This should be granted by all means. The "Paxton boys" are already an efficient branch of our fire department, and would be far more so if the Council would supply them with the necessary apparatus.

HIGH WATER IN THE WEST.—Last Saturday's Pittsburg Chronicle says that the rivers and creeks in that neighborhood are swollen to a great extent. The Allegheny was pouring out an angry flood, with twenty-five feet in the channel and still rising. It rose some twelve feet last Friday night, and though ample time had been given those having rats, &c., along its banks to make them secure, a large amount of property has been swept away, and much of it irrecoverably lost.

WE HAVE BEEN requested to state that those of our citizens who furnish blankets to the Quartermaster-General, to meet the present immediate wants of the troops at Camp Curtin, and desire their return, should attach their name, or some mark by which they may be identified and returned to their owners, after their place is supplied by the Government blankets.

GREAT FLOOD IN THE WEST BRANCH.—IMMENSE DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY.—\$1,000,000 WORTH OF LOGS ADRIED!—Last Saturday, the people residing along the West Branch of the Susquehanna river were visited by the horrors and devastations of one of the greatest floods that has occurred since the memorable freshet of 1846. A gentleman direct from Williamsport informs us that the river commenced rising at that place on Friday night, and continued to increase with frightful velocity during Saturday, until serious apprehensions of a general inundation began to be entertained. At Lock Haven the water rose with astonishing rapidity, and deluged parts of the town with such celerity that the inmates of some dwellings were obliged to fly for personal safety, without stopping to save their moveables.

THE most serious effect of the flood, however, is the destruction of the booms at Williamsport and Lock Haven, and the escape of 1,000,000 dollars in the aggregate at about one million dollars! We understand that the booms first began to yield to the immense pressure of the water about four o'clock Saturday afternoon, and in six hours afterwards there was not a vestige of them remaining, their site being occupied by nothing but a moving mass of logs, the product of many a poor man's months of weary toil, and upon which depended perhaps the support of himself and family through the rigors of the long and dreary winter whose approach even now is heralded to us in every breath of air that stirs the atmosphere.

The floating logs reached this city about ten minutes before 12 o'clock yesterday morning, and presented a scene of the most thrilling description. The wind came with considerable force from the west, which had the effect to drift most of them to the channel east of Foster's island, and for the first two or three hours, so profuse was their number, that they appeared to cover almost the entire surface of the water between the islands and this shore. This effect was the same also as far as the eye could penetrate up and down the river—nothing but logs packed close together, as if they composed one immense moving raft. Towards two o'clock they were more scattered, and small boats began to make their appearance in the stream. The occupants of these, however, did not seem to pay any attention to the logs, their efforts being chiefly directed towards the capture of boards, of which quite a large quantity were secured. The reason of this was that the Williamsport Boom Company refused to pay salvage on the logs captured in this vicinity when their boom broke two years ago, and owners of boats therefore, with this experience, were loath to enter into a speculation which promised so little profit. Had the company treated the salvors right on that occasion, several thousand logs would have been captured in this vicinity yesterday.

The logs were still floating past the city up to nine o'clock last night, though much scattered, and in less numbers. Of course it is impossible for us to estimate the number of logs in this immense flotilla—we can only measure them by the mile; and accordingly estimate, the swiftness of the current assumed at seven miles hour, from the time they first appeared here up to nine o'clock last night, that the line of logs extended a distance of fifty-six miles below this city, with an average breadth of one hundred yards.

The water in the river at this point rose rapidly during Saturday night, and yesterday morning the channel was "bank full," and the water still rising. Towards the middle of the day, however, it began to subside, and this morning it was standing at a stage only several feet above the ordinary low water mark.

EXPLOSIVE COAL OIL.—The late explosions in factories where coal oil was being distilled, have drawn public attention to the fact, and many persons have begun to doubt the propriety of using the oil in private houses. There are many persons not only in the country villages, but in the city, who are not favored with the introduction of gas into their premises, and who are compelled to resort to other illuminating agents. Coal oil, from its brilliant light, has become a great favorite, and as it has been represented as non-explosive, it has been used where burning fluid would not be tolerated. That coal oil is non-explosive is true, when rightly made, notwithstanding the late accidents from its use. In order to furnish a cheap article some manufacturers neglect to complete the distillation which separates the benzole, the explosive substance. When the oil is purified entirely of the benzole, it is impossible to cause an explosion, unless the oil be first brought to a boiling point. Persons who use coal oil should be careful to obtain the pure article; it may cost a trifle more, but it will be perfectly safe to use.

KISSING BY A REGIMENT.—The Webster (Mass) Times relates the following incident of the return of the Sixth regiment: "The engine halted for water at the North Village, and as the girls in Slater's mills had congregated upon the lawn between the mill and railroad track, the soldiers flocked from the cars and occupied the few minutes of the halt in most prolonged and indiscriminate kissing, to which the blushing girls submitted with a commendable and becoming grace."

THE MILLERITE ORGANIZATIONS, which have long since become nearly extinct, are now reorganizing in various portions of the county preparatory to the end of all things, which is to occur this time on Saturday, the 12th day of October.

FIRST CITY ZOUAVES.—The members of the First City Zouaves are requested to meet at their armory at eight o'clock this evening, on important business.

A MEDICAL BOARD for the examination of candidates for Assistant Surgeons in the volunteer force of Pennsylvania, will assemble in the chamber of the House of Representatives next Wednesday, October 24.

THE POLICE OFFICERS of ALLENTOWN, by order of Town Council, have adopted a uniform after the New York style—blue frock coat with brass buttons, pants and cap of the same color, with leather belts for club and billy. A similar arrangement was suggested in this city some months ago; but we believe the Chief was the only one of our police who adopted the regimental, and even he only appears in this tattered semi-occasionally.

MISCHIEVOUS RASCALS.—Some mischievous rascals were about again on Saturday night, and amused themselves by removing several of the signs of our citizens, and placing them at other premises. For the benefit of those night prowlers, we publish the following section of the new penal code; and should any of them be caught in their mischievous acts His Honor, Judge Pearson, will no doubt give the fullest extent of the law:

Sec. 148.—If any person shall willfully and maliciously break, injure or destroy any window or door belonging to any dwelling house, or out house, or parcel thereof; or shall unlawfully and maliciously break or take off from the door any knocker or bell-pull, or plate inscribed with the name of the occupant or number of the house; or shall willfully and maliciously destroy, take down, injure or deface any sign, put up by any inhabitant to denote the place of his abode, occupation, business or employment, such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or suffer an imprisonment not exceeding six months, or both, or either at the discretion of the court.

EDITORIAL VISIT.—Our sanctum was visited this morning by Samuel H. Clark, Esq., for a number of years connected with the press of this city, and formerly a representative from this county in the State Legislature. Mr. Clark, is at present engaged publishing a Republican newspaper at Medina, New York; but he still entertains a strong affection for the place of his early struggles and triumphs— "The orchard, the meadow, the deep tangled wildwood, And all the loved scenes to memory so dear."

HE is in the enjoyment of good health, and time has treated him with more than usual kindness, as he seems to have lost none of that vigor and activity which distinguished him fifteen or twenty years ago.

A NEW VOLUNTEER COMPANY.—A meeting will be held at the Exchange, Walnut street, at 7 1/2 o'clock to-morrow evening, for the purpose of taking the necessary steps towards raising a volunteer company, to be composed exclusively of young men of this city. Our city has already contributed a large number of volunteers to the army, but they are scattered among a number of different companies, so that, properly speaking, we have not really a Harrisburg company in the field. The design of the meeting to-morrow night is to supply this omission, and by calling upon our patriotic young men, the promoters of the measure hope to secure not only a company filled and officered exclusively by Harrisburgers, but one that will also, by its proficiency in drill and good appearance generally, reflect credit upon the city.

BLANKETS.—Owing to the announcement from our different pulpits yesterday, that the poor soldiers in Camp Curtin are in a suffering condition for want of blankets, and that they cannot be bought, I am informed by good authority, if an order is furnished to purchase, several thousand pairs can be furnished and delivered within a week, and as the State has appropriated sufficient money to buy, "the bold soldier" should not be allowed to suffer a day. I merely present these facts, that those connected with the departments supplying the soldier may know. Particulars can be given at this office. A. CRITZEN.

FEELING AND LOOKING WELL.—It is always a source of great pleasure to us when we see our friends and acquaintances looking well, and the comfortable and handsome outward appearance has much to do with our feeling well. In view of this fact, we say to the ladies, our stock of cloaks, shawls, and dresses goods is large and complete, and will find strong inducements in our cloth, cassimere and vesting department, at the south east corner of Front and Market streets. sep30-d2t

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS, LARGE ASSORTMENT!—We have now on hand one of the best selected and largest stock of goods in the city. Having enlarged our store, we are now enabled to keep a full line of all kind of goods. 100 pieces of new fall DeLaines. 25 pc. of plaid Poptins. 25 pc. splendid figured all wool DeLaines. 15 pc. black Alpacaes from auction. 100 proche and wool Shawls. 25 pc. of plain French Merinos, all colors. 200 dtz. of ladies' men's and children's stockings. 50 pc. of heavy brown Muslin. 100 pc. of bleached Muslin, all prices. Large lot of Shirt Buses, Hoop Skirts, infants' Bodies, Collars, white Cambrics. 50 pc. Canton Flannels and Cosh. Thankful for past favors, we most respectfully invite the public to call, and we promise not to be outsold by any one. S. LEWY, sep24-d4f Rhoad's old stand.

MANHOOD. HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED JUST Published in a Sealed Envelope; Price 6c. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and radical Cure of Spermatorrhoea or seminal Weakness, involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impotency to Marry, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Palsy, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c. A Book to Thousands of sufferers, sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by Dr. CHAS. J. C. KLINE, 127 B. swerly, New York, Post Office, Box 5588. sep3-daw3m

TO CONSUMPTIVES. THE ADVERTISER, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he trusts every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh, Kings county, New York. oct31-w1y

LET THE RECORD SPEAK!

Dr. Heck's Estimate of the Safety of the Country and the Courage of its Defenders.

He Refuses to Appropriate Money to Secure the National Honor and Uphold the Federal Authority!

FREEMEN AND SOLDIERS OF DAUPHIN COUNTY, READ!

While the hot shot and bombs were falling thick and fast around the gallant band who were defending their country's honor in Fort Sumter, Gov. Curtin had sent into the Legislature of the state, then in session, a message suggesting the better organization of the militia, and asking for an appropriation of five hundred thousand dollars to place the state on a war footing. The bill as it passed, can be found in the last volume of the laws of the state, page 299—and the proceedings attending its passage in the House, in the Journal of 1861, page 957. We extract the yeas and nays as they appear substantial on the Journal of the House:

YEAS.—Messrs. Abbott, Acker, Alexander, Anderson, Armstrong, Ashcom, Austin, Ball, Barnsley, Bartholomew, Biesel, Bixler, Blair, Blanchard, Bliss, Boyer, Bressler, Brewster, Burns, Butler, (Crawford,) Byrne, Clark, Cowan, Craig, Douglass, Duncan, Eilenberger, Elliott, Frazier, Gibboney, Goehring, Gordon, Graham, Happer, Harvey, Hayes, Hillman, Hood, Hofius, Huhn, Irvin, Koch, Lawrence, Leisinger, Lowther, M'Gonigal, Marshall, Moore, Mullin, Ober, Osterhout, Patterson, Pierce, Preston, Pughie, Reife, Ridgway, Robinson, Roller, Seltzer, Shafer, Sheppard, Smith, (Berks,) Smith, (Philadelphia,) Stehman, Strang, Taylor, Teller, Thomas, Tracy, Walker, White, Wilder, Williams, Wilson and Davis, Speaker—76. NAYS.—Messrs. Broadhead, Butler, (Carbon,) Caldwell, Cope, Dismant, Divins, Donley, Duffield, Dunlap, Gaskill.

HECK,

Hill, Kline, Lichtenwallner, M'Donogh, Manifold, Morrison, Myers, Randall, Reiff and Rhoads—21.

Freemen of Dauphin county! Soldiers! who went at the first call of danger to the capital of your country, and who still rest upon your arms night and day around the limits of that capital, are you ready to vote for a man who so lightly estimated the honor of your country and the lives of its defenders? Dr. Heck is one of the old Breckinridge Democrats who sympathized with and still sympathize with and confide in the course of the traitor Breckinridge, and showed his attachment for those who are at the head of this rebellion by refusing to make an appropriation to arm the great state of Pennsylvania to aid their overthrow and its suppression. This man is again before you, and again solicits your vote that he may again disgrace the halls of legislation with his presence and his conduct. He desires to be returned that he may aid in embarrassing the future efforts of our noble old commonwealth in assisting to redeem the land from rebellion by enforcing the laws and vindicating the federal authority. No patriot, no brave, loyal lover of his country can vote for Dr. Heck.

A CARD TO THE LADIES. DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PILLS FOR FEMALES. A reliable, correcting, regulating, removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and in ways successful as a prevent.

THESE PILLS HAVE BEEN USED BY the doctors for many years, both in France and America, with unparalleled success in every case; and he is urged by many thousands ladies who used them, to give to the public or for the alleviation of their sufferings from any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family where health will not permit it. Female particularly situated, or those supporting them, are cautioned against these Pills while in that condition, as they are sure to produce miscarriage, and the proprietor assumes no responsibility after this admission, although their mildness would prevent any mischief to health—otherwise the Pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price \$1.00 per box. Sold wholesale and retail by CHARLES A. BANYART, Druggist, No. 2 Jones Row, Harrisburg, Pa. "Ladies," by sending him \$1.00 to the Harrisburg Post Office, can have the Pills sent free of obligation to any part of the country (confidentially) and "free of postage" by mail. Sold also by S. B. STEVENS, Reading, Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, Philadelphia, J. L. Lankford, Lebanon, JAMES H. HARRIS, Lancaster, J. A. Wenz, Wrightsville; R. T. MILLER, York; and by one druggist in every city and village in the Union, and by S. D. Howe, sole proprietor, New York. N. B.—Look out for counterfeits. Buy no Golden Pills of any kind unless every box is signed S. D. Howe. At others are a base imposition and unsafe; therefore, as you value your lives and health, (to say nothing of being a few days every year,) buy only of those who show the signature of S. D. Howe on every box, which has recently been added on account of the Pills being counterfeited. 443-daw1y7.

PURIFY THE BLOOD. MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS. Free from all Mineral Poisons.—In cases of Scrofula, Ulcers, Scarcy, or Eruptions of the Skin, the operation of the Life Pills is truly astonishing, often removing in a few days every vestige of these loathsome diseases by their purifying effects on the blood. Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Piles, and in short, most all diseases soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved. Prepared by Wm. B. MOFFAT, M. D., New York, and for sale by all Druggists. none-ly

New Advertisements.

UNITED STATES LOAN.

TREASURY NOTES—INTEREST 7 3/10 PER ANNUM. PURSUANT to instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, a book will be opened on the 23d DAY OF SEPTEMBER, AT THE HARRISBURG BANK for subscriptions for United States treasury notes, to be issued under the act of July 17, 1861. These notes will be issued in sums of fifty dollars, one hundred dollars, five hundred dollars, one thousand dollars and five thousand dollars each, dated 19th August, 1861, payable three years after date to the order of the subscriber or as directed, and bearing interest at the rate of 7 3/10 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually; such interest being at the rate of two cents for each day on every hundred dollars. For the convenience of the holder, each note will have coupons attached expressing the several amounts of semi-annual interest, which coupons may be detached and presented for payment separately from the notes.

Subscription for such treasury notes will be received during fifteen days from the day of opening the book as aforesaid. No subscription for less than fifty dollars nor for any fraction of that sum can be received. Subscriptions must be paid in lawful coin of the United States or in Philadelphia or New York Exchange at the time of subscribing.

Certificates will be granted in duplicate to subscribers for the amounts so paid, the original of which the subscriber will transmit by mail to the Secretary of the Treasury, when treasury notes, as aforesaid, will be issued thereon to such subscriber, or his order, carrying interest as expressed in such certificate; on payment the subscriber will pay, in addition thereto, a sum equal to the interest accrued thereon from the 19th of August to the date of payment, which payments of interest will be reimbursed to the subscriber in the payment of the first coupon. The treasury notes issued upon such certificates by the treasury will be sent to the subscribers by mail, or such other mode as may be indicated by them when they transmit their original certificates. The duplicate certificates may be retained by them for their own security. J. W. WEIR, Subscription Agent. sep21-d2w

REGULATIONS.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, HARRISBURG, Sept. 3, 1861. 1. No pardon will be granted until notice of the application therefor shall have been given by publication once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the county in which the conviction was had. 2. No pardon will be granted unless notice of the application therefor shall have been given to the District Attorney of the proper County. 3. No pardon will be granted without first consulting the Judge who presided at the trial of the party. By order of the Governor. ELI SLIFER, Sec'y of Com. sep4-1m.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!! SHIRTS!!!

HOME MANUFACTURE.

THE CHEAPEST IN THE MARKET.

THE undersigned having opened his manufactory of Shirts, &c., at No. 12 West Market street, Harrisburg, Pa., and respectfully solicits the particular attention of the Ladies, Gentlemen, and Merchants to the following assortment of goods all of which are our own manufacture:

- SHIRTS, SHIRT BOSOMS, COLLARS, CUFFS, WAIST BANDS, NIGHT SHIRTS, &c., &c., &c. Also the particular attention of the Ladies to our large assortment of under garments &c. (From the latest improved London and Paris styles), LINEN COLLARS, GUFFS, &c., in great varieties, all of which being our own manufacture we will sell cheaper than can be purchased elsewhere. Persons desirous of furnishing their own materials, can have cutting, sewing, &c., of every variety done according to order. All of the above named goods for female wear, we will make to measure, guaranteeing to fit, and give entire satisfaction to the purchaser for style, durability and material. All special orders will be promptly attended to upon the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. Also Merchants supplied upon the most reasonable terms. Ladies wishing skirts or under garments of any description, can have them made to order by sending sample of such kind as may be desired. JAMES A. LYNN, No. 12, Market street, Harrisburg, Pa. Rooms next door to Hummel & Killinger's Grocery Store.

TREES! TREES!! TREES!!!

THE undersigned invite attention to their large and well grown stock of FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, shrubs, &c., embracing a large and complete assortment of:

- APPLES, PEARS, PEACHES, PLUMS, CHERRY, &c. &c. &c. Standard for the Orchard, and Dwarf for the garden. ENGLISH WALNUTS, SPANISH CHESNUTS, HAZELNUTS, &c. RASPBERRIES, STRAWBERRIES, CURRANTS and GOOSEBERRIES, in great variety. GRAPES, OF CHOICEST KINDS ASPARAGUS, RHUBARB, &c., &c. Also a fine stock of well formed, bushy EVERGREENS, suitable for the Cemetery and Lawn. DECIDUOUS TREES for street planting, and a general assortment of Ornamental trees and Flowering Shrubs. RUBES of choice varieties, CAMELLIAS, BRIDGING PLANTS, &c. Our stock is remarkably thrifty and fine, and we offer it at prices to suit the times, and to all applicants. All orders by mail to be paid for by the order of EDWARD J. EVANS & CO., Central Nurseries, York, Pa. sep25-2nd

GUM GOODS FOR THE ARMY,

SUCH AS Beds, Pillows, Blankets, Coats, Caps, Leggins, Drinking Cups, &c., &c. FOR SALE BY WM. S. SHAFER, North Side Market Square, near Buehler's Hotel, HARRISBURG, PA. aug12-d3m

UNDERTAKER,

STATE Street near Third street, a few doors below Brady's Hotel, Harrisburg. A fine new Hearse. Ready made Coffins: always on hand and neatly finished to order. Silver plates, &c. Terms reasonable. [au30-d2p] C. BARKER. DWELLING HOUSE WANTED TO RENT. A comfortable two or three-story dwelling house, with six or eight rooms, with rent not to exceed \$175 per annum, for the three, or \$150 for the two-story house, will be rented immediately on application at this office. sep18 if

EMPTY FLOUR BARRELS.

100 LARGE NEW BRIGHT EMPTY FLOUR BARRELS in good condition for sale by WM. DOCK, Jr., &c. none-ly

New Advertisements.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS.

A. G. CURTIN. In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of said Commonwealth.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by the twelfth section of the Act of Assembly, passed the Fifteenth day of May 1861, it is provided that it shall not be lawful for any Volunteer Soldier to leave this Commonwealth as such, unless he shall have been first accepted by the Governor of this State, upon a call under a requisition of the President of the United States made upon the Governor direct, for troops for the service of the United States.

AND WHEREAS, Notwithstanding such prohibition, sundry persons, (many of them engaged in raising regiments to be furnished from other States,) are persisting in endeavoring to enlist volunteers in violation of law. AND WHEREAS, It is necessary for the public service and for the honor of Pennsylvania, that her military force should be regularly organized and furnished for the suppression of the existing rebellion, in conformity with the acts of Congress of twenty-second and twenty-fifth July, 1861, and with the laws of the State, and that her citizens should not be seduced into organizations independent of the State authority whereby the raising of her quota is embarrassed, the regiments are not enrolled in her Archives, the families of the men are deprived of the relief provided by the laws of the State for the families of her own volunteers, and the State herself by the absorption of her men in such unlawful organizations may be found unable to supply volunteers to fill the future requisitions of the Government of the United States.

AND WHEREAS, the following order has been issued by the War Department of the United States, viz:

WAR DEPARTMENT, September 25, 1861. His Excellency A. G. CURTIN, Governor of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg.

SIR:—I have the honor to transmit the following order from the War Department:

1. All men now enrolled or mustered into the service of the United States, including regiments, batteries or companies in the State of Pennsylvania, under the direct authority of the Secretary of War, are placed under the command of the Governor of Pennsylvania, who shall organize or re-organize them as he may deem most advantageous to the interests of the General Government.
2. The United States will continue to furnish subsistence, camp equipment, clothing, &c., as heretofore, for the organizations referred to in the first paragraph, and all U. S. commissaries and quartermasters will furnish, on requisitions made, the necessary subsistence, clothing, &c.
3. All authorizations heretofore given to said brigades, regiments or companies in the State of Pennsylvania, are hereby revoked from and after the expiration of the times limited in the original authority, or in any renewals heretofore granted; and in cases where no limit of time has been specified, then from and after the expiration of ten days from the date of this order; and in future all volunteers for the service of the United States shall be raised, in Pennsylvania, only under requisitions made on the Governor. All authorities issued by the War Department for Independent Regiments, subject to the approval of the Governor, which have not been so approved are hereby revoked. Respectfully, SIMON CAMERON, Secretary of War.

And, whereas, the President of the United States has, in accordance with the acts of Congress of the twenty-second and twenty-fifth of July last, made requisitions on the Governor of Pennsylvania for sundry regiments of volunteers, which requisitions are in the course of being filled.

Now, therefore, I Andrew G. Curtin, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the purpose of preventing further impositions on the good and loyal citizens of Pennsylvania in this regard, do make this my proclamation, hereby prohibiting all persons from raising volunteers in Pennsylvania otherwise than by authority of the Governor, and especially forbidding the raising of volunteers for regiments to be furnished from other States. And also forbidding all citizens of Pennsylvania from enlisting in or attaching themselves to any such irregular and unlawful organizations, and warning all persons that in disobeying this proclamation they will be disregarding the orders of the Government of the United States, as well as defying the laws of the State and violating their duties as sons and citizens of the Commonwealth. And I do hereby require all Magistrates, District Attorneys, and officers of the Commonwealth to arrest and prosecute all persons who shall disobey this proclamation, and particularly all persons and their aiders and abettors, who under any pretended authority, shall enlist volunteers for any Brigade, Regiment, Battery or Company of Volunteers other than such as may be authorized by the Governor of this Commonwealth, or advertise or open or keep recruiting stations for such enlistments, so that such offenders may be brought to justice and punished according to law. Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this twenty-eighth day of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and of the Commonwealth the eighty-sixth. By the Governor. ELI SLIFER, Secretary of the Commonwealth. sep28

ELI SLIFER, Secretary of the Commonwealth. sep28

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE, | HARRISBURG, Sept. 27, 1861. My opinion is requested by the Governor on the following questions, viz:

- I. What volunteers will be entitled to vote at the approaching general election in their camps?
 - II. Whether the volunteers so entitled to vote, can vote for County officers?
 - I. I am clearly of the opinion that no volunteers will be entitled to vote in their camps, except such as are in actual military service in conformity with law, viz: Such as are in service under the authority of the Governor on the requisition of the President of the United States. All the field officers of such regiments will be commissioned by the Governor, and the holding of such commissions by the field officers will be a fair test of the right of the regiment to vote.
 - II. The Act of Assembly provides that the volunteers may exercise the right of suffrage; of course they have as much right to vote for County officers as for any other.
- W. M. MEREDITH, Attorney General.

"Since writing the above an additional question has been propounded to me, viz: Where men from several counties are in the same company, what course should be pursued? I am of opinion that in such cases there should be separate ballot-boxes, tally lists &c., for each county, and the votes should be returned to each county of the voters entitled to vote in such county." W. M. MEREDITH, Attorney General. Sept. 28, 1861. Sept. 28-d6t.

WANTED,

50 SHOEMAKERS on Coarse Work, Apply in North State street between Sixth and Filbert. [sep1-1m] WM. SMALL.

MILITARY GAUNTLETS.

A NEW LOT, just received, of the best quality, at CATERGARTS, next door to Harrisburg Bank. none-ly