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The Daily Telegraph is sent to subscribers in the City at 50 cents per week. Yearly subscribers will be charged \$4 00.
WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH.
The Telegraph is also published twice a week during the session of the Legislature, and weekly during the remainder of the year, and furnished to subscribers at the following rates, viz.:
Single subscribers per year.....\$2 00
Seven.....12 00
Ten.....15 00

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If subscribers order the discontinuance of their newspapers, the publisher may continue to send them until arrangements are made.
If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their newspapers from the office to which they are directed, they are responsible until they have sent the bills and ordered a discontinuance.

Pennsylvania Telegraph.

'INDEPENDENT IN ALL THINGS—NEUTRAL IN NONE'

VOL. XVI. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY AFTERNOON, SEPTEMBER 16, 1861. NO. 16.

Medical.
DR. JOHNSON
BALTIMORE
LOCK HOSPITAL.
HAS discovered the most certain, speedy and effectual remedy in the world for
DISEASES OF IMPURITUDE.

RELIEF IN SIX TO TWELVE HOURS.
No Mercury or Noxious Drugs.
A CURE WARRANTED, OR NO CHARGE, IN FROM ONE TO TWO DAYS.
Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Pains in the Loin, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Urinary Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of the Physical Powers, Dyspepsia, Langor, Loss of Spirit, Confusion of the Head, Trembling, Timidity, Tremblings, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Stomach, Affections of the Head, Throat, Lungs or Skin—those terrible disorders arising from the indiscretion or solitary habits of Youth—those dreadful and destructive fevers which produce constitutional decay, render marriage impossible, and destroy both body and mind.

YOUNG MEN.
Young men especially who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most brilliant talents, who might otherwise have attained listening Senators with the thunders of oratory, or walked to occupy the living throne, may call with full confidence.

Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect health.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS.
Immediately cured and full vigor restored.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J., may rely upon his skill as a physician.
Office No. 7 South Frederick street, Baltimore, Md., on the left hand side going from Baltimore street, 1 doors from the corner. Be particular in observing the name of number, or you will mistake the place. Many persons for want of Dr. J.'s Quacks, with false names, or *Falsely Handed Certificates*, attracted by the reputation of Dr. Johnson, lurk near.

All letters must contain a Postage Stamp, to use on the reply.
DR. JOHNSON.
Dr. Johnson member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, graduated from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greatest part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has selected some of the most astonishing cures that have ever been known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and deafness, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, business, with frequent dreaming, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.
Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private indiscretions, such as the use of stimulants and solitary vice which ruin both body and mind, and suffering them for other business or society.

These are some of the most distressing evils produced by early habits of youth, viz.: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Lymphatic Nervous Irritability, and the various other Disorders, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.
Generally, the fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirit, Evil Fancies, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evil effects.

The cause of persons of all ages, can now judge what is the cause of their decline in health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, have a singular appearance about the eyes, cough, and symptoms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN
who have injured themselves by a certain practice, in joyed in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are slightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hopes of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in certain secret habits. Such persons must, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,
effect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote conjugal happiness. Indeed without these, the life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another person is blighted with his own.

DR. JOHNSON'S INVIGORATING REMEDY FOR ORGANIC WEAKNESS.
By this great and important remedy, Weakness of the Organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored.

Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated weak and lost hope, who have been miserably relieved. All impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous Trembling, Weakness or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily cured.

TO STRANGERS.
The many thousands cured at this institution within the last twelve years, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Dr. J., witnessed by the reporters of the papers, and many other persons, copies of which have appeared again and again before the public, render his standing as a *gentleman of character and responsibility*, in a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

DISEASES OF IMPURITUDE.—When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure mind has been imbued with the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, affecting the head, throat, nose, skin, so progressing on with frightful rapidity, till death's pale period to his dreadful sufferings by sending him to "that bourne from whence no traveler returns." It is a melancholy fact that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of mercury, arsenic, and other noxious substances, make the medicine of life miserable.

TO STRANGERS.—The Doctor's Diploma hang in his office.
Send letters sent by Mail.
Office No. 7 South Frederick street, Baltimore.
ap13-daily

JUST PUBLISHED.
A MANUAL
OF
MILITARY SURGERY

OR
HINTS ON THE EMERGENCIES
OF
Field, Camp, and Hospital Practice.

BY
S. D. GROSS, M. D.
PROFESSOR OF SURGERY IN THE PETERBONN MEDICAL COLLEGE
OF VIRGINIA.
For sale at BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE,
May 24

SCHAEFFER'S BOOK STORE!
(Near the Harrisburg Bridge.)
\$1.25 JUST RECEIVED FROM THE PAPER, which will sell at 50 cents per copy for NOTE PAPER, decorated with the latest and very handsome emblems and patriotic mottoes.
\$3.50 for 1000 WHITE ENVELOPES, with national and patriotic emblems, printed in two colors.
Please give us a call. **THE F. SCHEFFER,** Job-2.

Miscellaneous.
THE ONLY PREPARATION
WORTHY OF
Universal Confidence & Patronage
FOR STATESMEN, JUDGES, CLERGYMEN,
Ladies and Gentlemen, in all parts of the world (testify to the genuineness of the Press are mentioned in its price). A few testimonials only can be here given; see circular for more, and it will be impossible for you to doubt.
47 Wall Street, New York, Dec. 20th, 1858.
GENTLEMEN: Your note of the 15th inst., has been received, saying that you had heard that I had been benefited by the use of Wood's Hair Restorative, and requesting my certificate of the fact if I had an objection to give it.

I would like to do so cheerfully, because I think it due to my age as being 50 years; but five or six years since it began to turn gray, and the scalp on the crown of my head to lose its softness and tenderness to the touch. Each of these changes gradually increased with time, and about four months since a fourth was added to them, by hair falling out of the top of my head and threatening to make me bald.

In this unpleasant predicament, I was induced to try Wood's Hair Restorative, mainly to arrest the falling out of my hair, for I had really an expectation that gray hair could ever be restored to its original color (except from dyes). I was, however, greatly surprised to find after the use of two bottles only, that not only was the falling out arrested, but the color was restored to the gray hairs and something to the scalp, and dandruff ceased to torment me, my hair, by the gratification of my wife, at whose solicitation I was induced to try it.

For this, among the many obligations I owe to her sex, I (strongly recommend all husbands who value the admiration of their wives to profit by my example, and use it if growing gray or getting bald.

Very respectfully,
W. H. KENEDY.
To O. J. Wood & Co., 444 Broadway, New York.
My family are absent from the city, and I am no longer at No. 11 Carroll place, Savannah, Ala., July 20th, 1859.

To PROF. O. J. WOOD: Dear Sir: Your "Hair Restorative" has done my hair so much good since I commenced the use of it, that I wish to make known to the public its effects on the hair, which are great. A man or woman may be nearly deprived of hair, and by a resort to your "Hair Restorative" the hair will return more plentiful than ever; at least this is my experience. Believe it all!
Yours truly,
W. H. KENEDY.

P. S.—You can publish the above if you like. By publishing in your Southern papers you will get more patronage south. I see several of your certificates in the *Medical Mercury*, a strong Southern paper.
W. H. KENEDY.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
PROF. O. J. WOOD: Dear Sir: Having had the misfortune of losing my hair, from the effects of the yellow fever, in New Orleans in 1851, I was induced to make a trial of your preparation, and found it to answer as the very thing needed. My hair is now thick and healthy, and no words can express my obligations to you in giving to the afflicted such a treasure.

FINLEY JOHNSON.
The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz.: large medium, and small; the small holds half a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent more in proportion than the small; retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent more in proportion, and retails for \$3.
O. J. WOOD & Co., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo.
And sold by all good druggists and fancy goods Dealers.

PEPPER'S DAILY LINE!
Between Philadelphia and
HAVEN, JESSE SHORE, WILLIAMSON, MURPHY, UNKUNSTON, WATSON, MILTON, LAWRENCE, NORTHBORLAND, SUDWORTH, TAYLOR, GREGORY, LYNN, MILLER, HUBB, HALL, DAVEN,
AND HARRISBURG.

The Philadelphia Depot being centrally located the Drayage will be the lowest rates. A Conductor goes through with each train to attend to the safe delivery of all goods entrusted to the line. Goods delivered at the Depot of
FRED. WARD & FRED. No. 311 Market Street, Philadelphia, by 5 o'clock P. M., will be delivered in Harrisburg the next morning.
Freight (always) paid as by any other line.
Particular attention paid by this line to prompt and speedy delivery of all Harrisburg goods.

The undersigned thankful for past patronage, hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.
T. PEPPER,
del17-66m Philadelphia and Reading, Pa.

B. M. GILDEA, D. D. S.
STATE STREET,
OPPOSITE THE BRADY HOUSE.
All operations, Surgical and Mechanical, scientifically performed. Charges moderate. jeb

THUNDER AND LIGHTNING.
THE vast amount of property destroyed annually by lightning ought to be a warning to property holders to secure their buildings. All orders for lightning rods left at the auction store of W. BARR, will be attended to. Rods put up in the latest improved and warranted manner.
1612-4

PROF. ADOLPH P. TEUPSER,
WOULD respectfully inform his old patrons and the public generally, that he will continue to give instructions on the **PIANO FORTE, MELODION, VIOLIN** and also in the science of **THE VOICE** &c. He will with pleasure wait upon pupils at their homes at any hour desired, or lessons will be given at his residence, in Third street, in the house formerly occupied by German Reformed Church, on the corner.

FIRST CLASS GROCERIES!
LARGE ARRIVAL!
HAVING JUST RETURNED from the Eastern cities where we have selected with the greatest care a large and complete assortment of the best goods which embrace anything kept in the best city groceries, we respectfully and cordially invite the public to call and examine our stock and prices on our

DR. T. J. MILES,
SURGEON DENTIST!
OFFERS his services to the citizens of Harrisburg and its vicinity. He solicits a share of the public patronage, and gives assurance that his best endeavors shall be given to render satisfaction in his profession. Being an old, well tried dentist, he feels confident that he will not be dissatisfied with his services. Office No. 112 Market street, in the house formerly occupied by Jacob R. Eby, near the United States Hotel, Harrisburg, Pa. my8-d1v

WORCESTER'S ROYAL QUARTO DICTIONARY!
THE best defining and pronouncing Dictionary of the English language; Also, Worcester's School and Webster's Pictorial Quarto and School Dictionaries for sale at
SCHAEFFER'S BOOKSTORE,
Near the Harrisburg Bridge.
ap13-4

TO FARMERS!
BUTTER (good sweet and fresh) in one pound rolls, and fresh EGGS in large and small quantities taken at all times and cash paid or groceries given in exchange. Regular market rates always paid.
W. M. DOCK, JR. & CO.
Opposite the Court House
aug19

IMPORTED BOLOGNA SAUSAGE.—A very rare lot just received and for sale by
W. M. DOCK JR. & CO

Crops in the North West.—The weather during the week has been moderately warm, varied by several heavy thunder showers—and on the whole quite favorable for the growing corn crop. Ten days more of warm, forcing weather will place the corn in the northern part of this State and Iowa, beyond the reach of frost. The crop in some of the southern counties has suffered from drought; but in the central part of the State it looks strong and healthy, and promises a heavy yield.

The advices from all parts of this State, as well as from Wisconsin and Iowa, with regard to the wheat crop—all agree in one point—that the yield is not nearly as good as was expected. Along the line of the Galena and Chicago Railroad and its branches, the crop only threshes out about ten bushels to the acre—while last year the yield was about thirty bushels. The same is partly true of the country along the lines of the Rock Island and the Burlington railroads, and also through the center of the State. From Wisconsin and Iowa we hear the same story over and over again of a deficiency when thrashed. From some points we have complaints also in regard to the quality; but this is less general, and judging from the quantity of the receipts at this point, there cannot be much ground for dissatisfaction in this particular.

But taking the reports from all sections, there can scarcely be doubt of a great deficiency, as compared with last year. Some estimate the crop at two thirds of an average; but nearly all agree that it will not exceed half of the crop of 1860.—*Chicago Tribune.*

A contemporary announces "the death of Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed, the excellent and accomplished wife of the well known 'Carl Bristed.' Mrs. Bristed expired at her residence at Baden Baden, Germany, on Monday, August 5, of a complicated heart disease. She was a woman of great personal and mental attractions, which she inherited from both her parents, (the late Henry Brevoort, of New York, and Laura Carson, of South Carolina), as well as a most enchanting sweetness and gaily of disposition. In Baden she was universally loved and respected. The inhabitants and residents attended her funeral with almost regal honors; members of the Diplomatic corps came from a distance to be present at the ceremony, and ladies of the highest aristocracy followed the procession to the grave. She was in her thirty-seventh year of age and in the zenith of her matronly bloom and beauty. Her loss will be severely felt in the brilliant circles of which she was so bright an ornament.

GREAT GUNS.—The Union Gun at Fortress Monroe is 12 inches in diameter, and being rifled, carries an elongated shot weight as the round ball of Rodman's 16-inch gun, which is 425 lbs. These two guns, the 12-inch rifled and the 16-inch smooth-bore, are the most powerful pieces of ordnance that have ever yet been made; that is, in modern times, three children XI had a gun which threw a stone ball equal in weight to 1,200 pounds, and Mahomet II breached the walls of Constantinople in 1449 with a gun and balls of this description. The introduction of iron plated ships has made it very desirable for sea-coast defense to have enormous cannon, the shots from which would break the iron plates to pieces. But, until Rodman's improved mode of casting was invented, it was impossible to make large cannon strong enough to bear the charges required to give effective velocity to balls weighing 400 lbs.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A painful and sad gloom was cast over our community on last Saturday evening, on receipt of a telegram from Broad Top, announcing that Joseph H. Thompson, of this borough, had been fatally injured by a car running off the track on a switch-back leading to the mines. Several other persons were slightly injured at the same time. Mr. Thompson was severely cut and bruised, and lingered in great pain until about half-past ten o'clock, when death kindly closed the silver cord. The deceased was a returned volunteer, having served three months in the ranks of the Standing Stone Guards. He leaves a wife, three children and a large circle of friends to mourn his untimely end. May that God who "tempers the wind to the shorn lamb" be his friend in this sad hour of their affliction.—*Huntingdon Journal.*

RECEIPTS OF THE AMERICAN BOARD OF FOREIGN MISSIONS.—The receipts of the American Board for August have reached the sum of \$45,000.—The amount usually received for that month has been from \$10,000 to \$12,000. Two legations amounting to \$17,000, have been received, which are included in the sum stated above. The financial year closes with Saturday, and the debt will not be over \$40,000. This is very much less than was expected, and the friends of the cause are very much gratified to find the sum so small. It was feared, two months ago, that it would reach the sum of \$70,000.—The meeting of the Board will be held in Cleveland, October 1st.

ON SUNDAY MORNING, as Mr. Henry Smith, of Walpole, Mass., was drawing a bucket of water, holding in one arm his little girl, eighteen months old, the child sprang suddenly forward to seize the chair, lost her balance, and fell into the well. The father ran into the cellar, from which there was an opening into the well, the water being only about eighteen inches deep. She lay in the water two or three minutes, and was lifeless when taken out.

In one of the companies now being raised in Cincinnati for Fremont's command there is an old man who witnessed the burning of Moscow. He has also three nephews in the company.—The Captain at first refused to take the veteran, but he insisted on going "to teach his nephews how to fight." He says he can stand fire as well as any young man in the regiment.

A QUESTION OF CONTRABAND.—Some time ago, a number of persons were indicted, at Chicago, for aiding contrabands to escape from service. In every instance, the defendants were ordered that the owners of the slaves or rebels, the Attorney General has, we understand, ordered the indictments to be dismissed, and the defendants discharged from custody and their bonds. It is probable the same course will be pursued in relation to similar indictments elsewhere.

REBEL PIGEON EXPRESS.—The New York Leader reports the arrest of agents of the rebels in New York, and the discovery of a carrier pigeon communication from the suburbs of that city with Richmond. A pigeon was shot by a rifleman, and under the bird's wing was an important dispatch on its way south. A shed somewhere on Long Island was used as a starting point for the pigeons.

The Masonic order of Maine, has disbursed one hundred thousand dollars for benevolent purposes, since 1840.

BY TELEGRAPH.

From Washington.

DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY BY THE REBELS.

ALL QUIET AT MUNSON HILL.

REBEL PREPARATIONS.

OUR MEN PREPARED.

EXAGGERATED REPORTS.

TWO REBEL OFFICERS CAPTURED.

MARYLAND REBELS WATCHED.

MILITIA FROM THE DISTRICT.

THE ARRESTS IN BALTIMORE.

LATER FROM HATTERAS INLET.

VALUABLE PRIZES CAPTURED.

NEW YORK AND BOSTON MERCHANTS IMPLICATED.

IMPORTANT ARRESTS.

Serious Injury to F. W. Walker of the New York Express.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.
The advance of a large reconnoitering force of Confederate troops in the neighborhood of Balls Cross Roads, and the destruction of the property of known Union men were renewed this morning. They drove in our pickets to within half a mile of the roads so as to get possession of a house occupied by a colored man named Lorn Bennett, which they burnt to the ground. Bennett and his wife were captured two weeks ago and taken south.

The names of those who have suffered by the force of the enemy are Basil Hall, whose house is located a mile and a quarter to the right of the cross roads. Everything perishable belonging to him was destroyed, excepting six cows, which our troops succeeded in bringing away this morning. His loss is six thousand dollars. This was the house alternately occupied by the confederate pickets and our own. Mr. Hall says he previously suffered much from the destruction of his furniture by the members of the DeKalb New York regiment for which he has made out a bill of damages against the Government. Mr. Whipple and Thomas and Samuel Burch also suffered by fire—the confederation being extended to all known Union men. The dwelling of C. H. Upton, near Falls Church, is spared, as the confederates occupy it and have a large force in that vicinity.

The position of affairs at Munson's Hill remains unchanged. No large force is visible from this side of the entrenchments.

In a skirmish last night near Ball's Cross Roads it is feared that a Lieutenant in the Third Vermont regiment, and three privates in the Ninth Massachusetts regiment whose names could not be obtained, were taken prisoners as they are missing. One of our men was wounded. From a prominent position on the Virginia side of the river to-day a dense column of smoke was seen in the direction of Fairfax Court House. The confederates were evidently burning the woods in that direction around their fortifications. Nearly all the regiments in the neighborhood of Arlington Heights and Chain Bridge were out under arms during all last night. The artillery practice is duly continued at the forts.

The Lincoln cavalry composed of two companies from Pennsylvania, one from Michigan and nine from New York, is now thoroughly organized, and the field and staff officers having been sworn in as follows: Col. M. Reynolds, Lieut. Col. Van Schilfhus, formerly of the Prussian army; Majors C. H. Ogle, late of the regular army, dragoons; A. W. Adams who raised two of the companies in New York, and Agate Hourand, formerly of the Prussian army; Adjutant, Battersly, of New York; Quartermaster, E. H. Bailey, formerly of Michigan; Chaplain, Rev. Raleigh, latterly of Newark, N. J., an old and intimate friend of Col. McReynolds.

The skirmish of pickets which took place near Bull's Cross Roads, in Virginia, was not a serious affair. The accounts of it have been greatly exaggerated. Our troops simply retired from Hall's house at nightfall, as usual.

Mr. Sickle's yesterday arrested two rebel officers at a point twenty miles down the Potomac.

Our troops practiced with heavy artillery at the Chain Bridge yesterday morning. The firing was rapid and well sustained.

The Maryland rebels are closely watched by General Dix, who does not intend that they shall commit overt acts of treason. A day or two since a secessionist meeting at Rockville was broken up by a detachment of our troops, sent by the General for that purpose.

The militia of the District of Columbia are preparing for active service. A full regiment is now organized and will soon be sworn in.

A company of gentlemen, lately engaged in the banking business in New York, have just completed their arrangements for opening a new banking house in this city.

Prominent citizens at Baltimore who are now in this city declare that the effect of the arrests yesterday will be very salutary. The secession fever in Baltimore and Maryland is likely to be checked by such summary proceedings as those which the government felt compelled to adopt.

The following dispatches have been received at the Navy Department:
U. S. STEAMER PAVINE,
Hatteras Inlet, Sept. 10, 1861.

SIR:—I have to state for the information of the Department that I have taken a valuable prize this morning, now called the Susan Jane of Nevis, West Indies.

This schooner was called the Charles McClees when she cleared at Newburn, N. C., two days before the blockade went into effect on the coast. She took a cargo of spirits of turpentine to the West Indies, and at Charleston, Nevis Island, obtained an English register, but without a bill of sale or an endorsement of any kind on the part of the master or agent, and without any other paper required under the English law.

She sailed from Nevis to Halifax, N. S., and there took on board an assorted cargo consisting of blazkets, cloth, iron, steel, brogans, axes, &c., all of which were purchased in New York and Boston, as is shown by the bills of lading from different houses in those cities. I will send the prize to Philadelphia or New York at the discretion of the Prize Master, Lieutenant Crosby, so he may be authorized to enter the port most accessible at this stormy period of the year.

I send all the papers found on board the prize in charge of Lieut. Crosby, to be handed to the proper admiralty officer. Capt. Ireland and four of the crew I shall detain for the present, and two passengers, believed to be super-cargoes, and also the mate. When this duty is completed, I have to request that Lieut. Crosby may be permitted to return to his important duties at this place as post captain, under the order of Gen. Wool. I send Capt. Crosby on board the prize because he is an important witness of what occurred after we boarded the schooner.

This vessel like the three already captured stood in under the belief that the forts were still in the hands of the enemy. The Pawnee showing no colors was taken for an English cruiser and they were not boarded until inside the bar.

We are beginning to see signs of the enemy on the south-western side of the entrance, where it is believed a picket guard frequents to watch our movements. I enclose a letter found among the papers of the so called Susan Jane, which may give the Department some idea of the policy in Nova Scotia.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
J. C. ROWAN,
Commander U. S. Navy.

To GIBSON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.
List of Vessels Captured at Cape Hatteras Inlet.—
The schooners Susan Jane, Ocean Wave, Harriet Ryan and Mary Ware.

A detachment of Col. Young's cavalry under Capt. White arrested three spies yesterday near Point Tobacco, Maryland, and brought them to Washington. On their persons was found topographical and other information designed for transmission to the enemy from that neighborhood so contiguous to the Virginia shore and of the advantages of which the secessionists have long availed themselves.

F. W. Walker, of Brooklyn, the Washington correspondent of the New York Express, went thither on Friday afternoon, with a detachment of Young's cavalry on a scouting tour, and aided by a guard of two soldiers, captured an active secessionist, who was placed in confinement at a house near by the place of arrest. The guard having necessarily to absent themselves from the premises to attend to their horses and other business, the prisoner, while Walker was taking minutes of the conversation with him, suddenly drew his knife and plunged it into the latter's bowels, and rushing from the house made his escape before one of the guards who was outside could have a fair shot at him. The neighborhood was afterwards searched for the fugitive, but without success.

The pursuit is not, however, abandoned. Walker is lying in a dangerous condition and receiving proper attention. He had, it is related by the officer who communicates the above, facts gathered of much valuable information.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.
The Rebel Steamer Yorktown Opens Fire on the Blockading Squadron.

Twenty-five Shells Fired, but Fell Short.

Arrival of the Baltimore Prisoners.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 14, via Baltimore.
There was a prospect of an engagement last night at Newport News. About 4 o'clock P. M. the rebel steamer Yorktown ran down within three miles and opened fire upon the camp and blockading squadron, consisting of the Savannah, Cumberland and gun boat Louisiana. She fired twenty-five shells, one of which exploded near the Savannah and the others fell considerably short.

The guns of the Cumberland and Savannah could not reach the Yorktown, but a couple of shells from the Sawyer gun on the shore exploded three-fourths of a mile beyond the steamer.

A Frenchman, who managed to make his escape from the Yorktown the day before yesterday, states that she has been watching some time for an opportunity to run the blockade, and that the loyalty of many of her crew was suspected.

About 4 o'clock P. M., a party sent out to cut fuel encountered 200 rebel cavalry and an equal number of infantry, about three miles from Newport News.

The teamsters left their wagons and galloped in to give the alarm, but no further demonstration was made, and the wagons were afterwards recovered.

The rebel steamer Curtis Fitch made her appearance this morning above Newport News, and a steamer from Norfolk also made a reconnaissance.

The steamer Yorktown has been cut down, forward and aft, by the removal of her upper cabins, so as to carry two large pivot guns. She had in addition six heavy guns on each side. There are no indications of her being iron plated.

The distinguished political prisoners from Baltimore, including Mayor Brown, Ross Winslow, Henry May and others arrived at Old Point this morning. They will be closely confined in the casements within the Fortresses.

LATER FOREIGN NEWS.
ARRIVAL OF THE KANGAROO.
Spies on Board the Trans-Atlantic Steamer.

COTTON MARKET UNCHANGED.
BREADSTUFFS IN BETTER DEMAND.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Sept. 5.
The steamship Kangaroo, from Liverpool, on the 4th, via Queenstown on the 5th inst. passed Cape Race this afternoon.
The political news is unimportant.
England was about to send three more regiments forthwith to Canada.
Spies in the employ of the Government at Washington were reported to be on board all the trans-atlantic steamers.
Another terrible railroad accident occurred near London, by which thirteen persons were killed and fifty wounded.
LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, Sept. 4th.—The sales of cotton for two days, Monday and Tuesday, amounted to 27,000 bales, the market closing unchanged. Breadstuffs are in better demand. Provisions are quiet.
LONDON, Sept. 4.—Consols for money closed at 92½@92½.
SECOND DISPATCH.
ST. JOHN'S, N. F. Sept. 14.
The Kangaroo passed here with dates to the 5th inst.
The Nova Scotian arrived at Liverpool on the 4th inst.
GREAT BRITAIN.—The three regiments for Canada will start about the middle of September in the steamer Great Eastern, which subsequently goes to New York as advertised.
The London Times, in an editorial, says that the Government may have private reasons for the movement, but that there is none apparent. If it is a purely defensive movement and a mere declaration of identity between England and Canada, it hopes that Canada will not take for more than it means, but hold herself ready, if it should be needful, to protect herself. It is regarded as a wise guarantee against all complications and calculated to strengthen her interest.
The Times in another editorial says that the great question with capitalists is this, how will the Americans endure the burdens of taxation to which they are as yet strangers? It also argues that the temptation of high prices is almost sure to set some part of the cotton crop free; especially as the crops of Texas is not far from the ports of Mexico.
FRANCE.—The following diplomatic changes are announced. The Duc de Grammont is changed from Rome to Vienna, and the Marquis de Breteuil from Constantinople to Rome.
A new pamphlet on the question of Rome had appeared and was attracting considerable attention. It was regarded as a daring imposition on the recent manifesto of the Emperor.
The Paris bourse advanced but closed dull at 69½.
ITALY.—The resignation of Mingetto, minister of the interior, has been accepted, and Baron Ricasola has been nominated to the vacancy, with a change of the Interior to Foreign Affairs.
Victor Emanuel has informally received Mr. Benedict, the new French minister.
Additional successes are reported over the Neapolitan Brigades. It is also reported that some collisions have occurred between the Piedmontese troops and the Papal Gendarmes.
AUSTRIA.—The draft of an address to the Emperor has been adopted in the lower house of Reichsrath. The Polish members refrained from voting.
HUNGARY.—In Hungary the situation of affairs continues unchanged.
SPAIN.—President Jaffard of Hayti paid the indemnity demanded by Spain.
PRUSSIA.—Another amnesty was to be granted by the king of Prussia to political offenders.
SECESSION STORIES AFLOAT.
BALTIMORE, Sept. 14.
The streets have been full of extravagant rumors all day, put afloat by secessionists to keep their spirits up. Of course there is no truth in these. There are also rumors of additional arrests, but in the absence of reliable information we forbear giving names.

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