

Forever float that standard sheet! Where breathes the foe but falls before With Freedom's soil beneath our feet, And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us

OUR PLATFORM

THE UNION-THE CONSTITUTION-AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAW.

TO THE ARMY.

SOLDIERS: - WE HAVE HAD OUR LAST BETREAT—WE HAVE SEEN OUR LAST DE-FEAT. YOU STAND BY ME AND I WILL STAND BY YOU, AND HENCEFORTH VIC-TORY WILL CROWN OUR EFFORTS .-Gen. McClelland.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Saturday Morning, September 14, 1861.

THE VICTORY IN WESTERN VIRGINIA. Every deleat of the rebels to Virginia is worth a dozen in any other locality, simply because the rebellion receives all its present encouragement and virulence from the politicians and truitors in the Old Dominion. They rule in the cabinets and dictate in the camps of the rebels. so that when a rebel army is checked, defeated and its route made complete, the cause of rebellion is staggered every where, while the glotious cause of the Union gathers new strength in the same localities. The recent defeat of the traitor and thief, John B. Floyd, who was prowling in Western Virginia at the head of a we allude, and will fill the country with honthe rebels could not be ascertained—but the fact that they were completely routed and put to flight, is sufficient for the strongest rejoicing. It is the commencement of the Union victories which are to crown the efforts of the loyal men in all parts of Virginia.

sympathisers with even more than it does the participants in rebellion. They strain and splutter in their arguments against confiscation, and seek to use that law to prove that this struggle is for the emancipation of the slaves of the south. In the slave states, the negro is regarded as property equally with a horse, a hog or s dog. He is engaged in the labor of building fortifications, digging trenches, concealing batteries, mining roads, and in all the service, requiring the strong labor of the hands. Where he can be used in the ranks, he is summomed with very little scruple. If he can be worked usefully at a seige, in attack or a retreat, there is no pause to consider whether such a use is justified by Christain warfare, or whether "the property" is worth, the risk or the venture will repay "the property. In But when the government announces comes contraband, or that when its owners are declared free, then the sympathisers in the north begin to how! that the administration is engaged in an abolition movement, and that this war is a crusade on the rights and the institumen in the north are imposed upon and induced to believe that the confiscation of slave property is only another term for abolition, but when they view the subject fairly and properly understand that in the south there is no distinction between a negro and all other property, they will admit that the government is only doing its duty in this matter of confiscation. The southern rebels themselves make slavery surely horses and hogs when used to aid or sustain, a rebellion become contraband of war. And when a slave or his master is engaged in rebelilion; that slave, as common property, becomes contraband. This is a sore point for the acvocates and the supporters of slavery. It is forcing them to partake of, in effect their own reason, made doubly severe in their own punishment by their own rebellious action. The contraband of slavery is one of the results of avoida, halter, or flight from the country a rebelliance. It is a less punishment than the most certain doom. The longer they can prohability of rebels, which they themselves will tract the war, the longer they escape their fate.

The different members of the Cabinet Tabor.

Hereafter no attention will be paid to a dispatch. Since he took possession of it he has gathered unless it is a fact, that the same information magic, he has built up and given his and in a wholesale house in Columbia street, in this condition in this Government is contributing his full information that he was in Louisville, and had in this Government is contributing his full share to the success of the war, it is him. Late of those who desire to exhibit their zeal in the and early he is at his nost. I am well information but that he would morbiably here it. Herestter no attention will be paid to a dispatch | Since he took possession of it he has gathered

P. s appointment will be hailed with satisfac ton by his numerous friends in the "Wild Cat District, and elsewhere wherever he is known.

lias been authorized to raise a regiment for the war. Col. M. was formerly a resident of Harrishing and is a good soldier. He was in

THE NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Corporations are generally able to take care of their own interests without the aid or the defence of the press, and when they commit a wrong or accidentally on an injury to those using whatever facilities they advertise to the public, juries are not inclined to assess the damages too low, nor are courts of justice slow in their enforcement and carrying out of a sentence. And this is of course all very proper, but when a prejudice is sought to be created interested in its injury, it becomes the duty of the press to expose the hypocracy, and protect the public as well as such corporations from the be made in such a connection. In this respect, the Northern Central Railroad has been assailed by certain parties in New York and elsewhere, because the government has been forced to use its great facilities and shorter route to the federal capital for the transportation of troops. These parties take advantage of every accident on that road to denounce its management, and thus if possible destroy its popularity and usefulness, but when the facts in the case are brought before the public, as in the case of the late accident, when several soldiers were killed and others severely injured, the circumstances exonerate the agents of the road and completely vindicate and sustain its management.

The latest cry, and the meanest opposition waged are those by roads running from New York through Philadelphia and Baltimore to Washington. Parties interested in these roads, with their runners and barkers are constantly howling at the government because the Northern Central Railroad is used for the transportation of troops from the north-east and east to Wash_ ington. They seek to create the impression that the preference is unjust and expensive, and that the public business would be greatly facilitated by the transportation of troops and munitions over other roads. This is all false cry for the use of those who hold depreciated stock in useless roads, and designed as much to injure the Northern Central road, as if it is to "bear up" railroad fancies in the stock market. The difference on the Harrisburg and the Philadelphia route, between the east and the federal capital, is not only a saving of time and money, but a facility and accommodation in travel of the highest importance to those who are band of assassins, is of the description to which compelled to make short and economical trips, and the government who is under the necessity est and hearty rejoicing. The exact loss of of transporting large numbers of men and amunition. This the general public does not fully understand, and therefore cannot appreciate the difference; but when we state that a saving of \$5,000 is made on each regiment forwarded to Washington from the east over the Northern Central road, they will understand why that corporation is preferred to all others, and when THE CONFISCATION LAW continues to affect the the additional fact is made known that all trans-shipment is also avoided, the preference modation and speed.

Under the present management, the Norththe safest and most accommodating avenues of ny county won golden opinions from all parties those who attempt its injury by falsehood or it is now impossible for a suitor to get hi attraction.

ANOTHER WESTERN VINDICATION.

It is gratifying to behold the manner in which the great west repels the attacks that a few in terested and disappointed speculators had been making on the Secrecary of War. These vindithat such "property" when thus engaged be comes contraband or that when its owners are the more valuable because they come contraband or that when its owners are enment can alone rely for support; the great thing about it, and many care nothing about it.

The election of delegates to the People's Capt. McGroarty, of Cincinnati, Captain McGroarty, of Cincinnati, Captain McGroarty, of Cincinnati, Captain McGroarty, of Charles are the more valuable because they come from a class of men in whose confidence government can alone rely for support; the great thing about it, and many care nothing about it.

Twenty-five men of Col. Tyler's regiment, producing and agricultural classes of this still mightler west. We have already quoted largely from namerous of the most prominent journals "Eternal vigilance is the price of Liberty!" in the west, the very clearest vindications of the One of the most important, most sacred duties, Sacretary of War, but the following from an in the land of freedom is attention to the election of slavery. By this means, hundreds of Secretary of War, but the following from another of the most respectable journals in the same quarter, is too truthful not to be placed on the same record in the columns of the TELE-GRAPH, for the purpose of affording the old friends and neighbors and the great mass of the high estimation in which Simon Cameron is held by the people of the western states. I We quote from the Washington correspondence of contraband by insisting that all slaves are only properly to be claimed as horses and hogs, and of the correspondence we are induced to believe that it is from the pen of one of the editors of that journal. It is as follows:

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28. A stay in Washington of a week or ten days has satisfied me of the gigantic preparation now making for this war. When the blow is struck making for this war. it will be crushing, and will blot out all hopes of the rebels. Still, I do not look for a terination of the war, even after a decisive blow is struck. The loading rebels will fight hard t

admit when the hangman's rope is brought into day and night; and as this gigantic mevement is more in the hands of the War Department. The Adjurant General of the United States so its duties are more oppressive. General Cameron, its head; is the man of all others for that position. With untiring industry, denied by the officers in the army; and that the couracy and expense of the practice are a source of great annoyance to the War Department.

Hereafter no attention will be read to distribute took nossession of it has been greated. This will put an end to much of the buttomb of those who desire to exhibit their zeal in the service by constantly telegraphing to the War Department.

Department.

LIRET HO. PATTOS, of the Raffeman Rangers, Kane rifle regiment, has been appointed brigade martermaster by General Banks. Lieutenant who fell at Bull Run, he will die in the hardess

but when a prejudice is sought to be created at \$262,000, at private sale. This was congainst a certain corporation by those who are municated to Gen. Cameron, who at once refused to make the purchase, and thus defeated this conspiracy, under professions of patriotism, to rob the Government of \$100,000. Thereupon the public as well as such corporations from the the participators in this nefarious attempt at false statements or libellous charges that may plunder raised the howl against the Secretary Rebel Baggage and War Implements of War, and have since been continually engaged in attempting to poison the public mind

I will give you, in a few days, further instances of attempts by these catriotic and disinterested merchant-politicians to rob the government; also off other attempts promptly and firmly printed win by Gen. Cameron, Non inay rest asked that the will come dution this trial triumbent. trium thant.

The rebel influence in the free states has also been busy at work to prostrate time and to destroy his usefulness. A DOOKER-ON.

THE REPUBLICANS OF THE Old Grand mot in convention in Lancaster city on Wednesday, and nominated, an unusually, strong and popular ticket for the various county offices, judicial and legislative positions. Alexander H. Hood; the candidate for President Judge of the district composed by that county, is a ripe scholar and an able lawyer. He was for many years one of the editorial fraternity in that city, in which capacity he was known for the devotion with which he clung to the organization of the Whig party, and the seal with which he attained its measures and men. Ha will make a most worthy and impartial judge, and of course will be elected. The candidates for the assembly are John M. Stehman, Henry C. Lehman, Nathaniel Mayer and Joseph Hood. These are all good men, and are destined to represent that county in the approaching session of the legislature The following are two of a series of strong reso lutions passed by the convention:

Resolved, That we, the members of this Convention, repudiating, for the time being, party distinctions, and discarding party prejudice, for ourselves and constituents, unanimously pledge our property, our lives, and our every effort to uphold the Constitution as it is and the Union

of the States.

Resolved, That the efforts of certain person residing among us counseling peace in the face or an armed foe, advising submission to trai tors who have disgraced our flag, stolen the national property, alaughtered our brethren, and attempted to subvert the forms of government they assisted in forming—should be forcibly put down by all true parriots and order loving ci izens.

JUDICIAL NOMINATION.—The conferees repre senting the Union men of Lycoming, Monton and Northumberland counties, met in Milton will be commended not only on the policy of on Thursday, and nominated Hon. John W economy, but as a matter of safety, accom- Maynard, of Williamsport, a Douglas Demo crat, for Judge of that district. Mr. Maynard is a man of eminent legal attainments, and ern Central railroad is justly regarded as one of during the time he served as judge in Alleghe travel and transportation in the country, and there as an able, impartial jurist. The "laws we have a right as Pennsylvanians to feel proud delay" has been such in Lycoming from what of the improvement, and justly indignant with we understand from respectable authority, that cause tried under two years, so that just such man as Judge Maynard is needed to clear up the business. He will doubtles be elected.

> The Delegate Elections. For the Telegraph.]

tions, the choice of our representatives and rulers, and the first step in this important budiness is the choice of delegates to our nominating conventions. There is a struggle new ness is the choice of upone ing conventions. There is a struggle new sun, conventions. There is a struggle new sun, conventions among the various aspirants for office to secure ficers displayed particular among the various aspirants for office to secure ficers displayed particular among the various aspirants for office to secure ficers displayed particular among the various aspirants for office to secure ficers displayed particular among the various aspirants for office to secure ficers displayed particular among the various aspirants for office to secure ficers displayed particular among the various aspirants for office to secure ficers displayed particular among the various aspirants for office to secure ficers displayed particular among the various aspirants for office to secure ficers displayed particular among the various aspirants for office to secure ficers displayed particular among the various aspirants for office to secure ficers displayed particular among the various approach to a secure ficers displayed particular among the various approach ficers displayed particular among the various among th

the people is given expression. Let the people, therefore, arouse to a sense of their duty, attend the primary meetings to morrow evening, and see that proper delegates are elected to the County Convention for the nomination of a

County ticket.

There should be no party ticket nominated, but a Union Ticker! a ticket composed of the best men of all parties for the several offices to bee filled.

Such a ticket would be generally approved, would command the votes of patriots of all parties, and would be elected by an overwhelming

majority.

There are traitors among us, politicians who would sell their country, and their souls for filthy lucre," and who make a trade of politics. Let each man be rebuked, and now is peculiarly the time to rebuke them. Awake, therefore, to your dity. Attend the primary elections, and choose delegates who will properly represent the voice of the people in the County Convention. ounty Convention

A REPUBLICAN

A Traitor Caught with a Snuff Box A Cincinnati paper tells this story :

nampened to have an unsettled account of \$1200 take possession of the camp which he did about that will city. A day or two since his creditors received information that he was in Louisville, and had made extenside purchases of merchandise. Cincinnati, but that he would probably have it landed by the Louisville packet on the Ken-

The matter was put in the hands of United States Marshal Sands All clue that this offi-Kane rifle regiment, has been appointed brigade quartermaster by General Benks. Heintenant who halled with satisfact the first problem of the problem of the Wild Catter of the Condition by his numerous friends in the Wild Catter of the Condition of the the less bitterly assailed. Attarks that and elsewhere wherever he is known. I do not wonder that he is bitterly assailed. Attarks that class of men who come here to stead and to rob. the Government. Their name has been authorised to raise a regiment for the government. Their name has been authorised to raise a regiment of main the conditions of life contribute to their that has and devices are past finding a sentiate looking individual in possession and it seems that all grades and conditions of life contribute to their that he was to been sent in the conditions of life contributed to raise a regiment for main the conditions of life contributed to raise a regiment for main the conditions of life contributed to raise a regiment for main the conditions of life contributed to raise a regiment for main the conditions of life contributed to raise a regiment for main the conditions of life contributed to raise a regiment for main the conditions of life contributed to raise a regiment for main the conditions of life contributed to raise a regiment for main the conditions of life contributed to raise a regiment for main the conditions of life contributed to raise a regiment for main the conditions of life contributed to raise a regiment for main the conditions of life contributed to raise a regiment for main the conditions of life contributed to raise a regiment for main that he was to lain at the other was all grades and conditions of life contributed to the conditions o cial could obtain to the personal appearance of

Another Victory in Western Virginia.

OF THE REBELS.

RUNS AWAY

Captured.

Recaptured. GLORIOUS NEWS FROM MISSOURI.

OFFICIAL REPORT FROM GEN. FREMONT.

CLARKSBURG, Va., Sep. 12. A battle commenced between the Federal roops and the enemy at 8 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, near Summerville.

Gen. Rosecrans, after taking a reconnoisance found Floyd's rebel army 5,000 strong, with sixteen field pieces, to be entrenched in a powerful position on the top of the mountain at

discovered themselves in the face of a parapet battery and a long line of palisades for riflemen, when the battle opened fiercely.

The remainder of the 10th and the 13th Ohio regiments were then brought into action successively by Gen. Benham, and the 12th Ohio regiment afterwards by Capt. Hartsuff, whose object was an armed reconnoisance. The enemy played upon our forces terrifically

with musketry, canister and shell.

Col. Lyttle led several companies of Irishmen

Col. Lyttle led several companies of trisment to charge the battery, when he was brought down by a shot in the leg.

Col. Smith's 18th Ohio engaged the enemy on the left, and Col. Lane's 12th Ohio directly in the front. Col. Lane tell dead at the head of his regiment, early in the hottest of the fire, by receiving a ball in the forehead. Captain McMullin's howitzer battery, and

Captain Snyder's two field pieces, meantime, were got into the best position possible under the circumstances, and soon silenced two of the rebel guns.

The fire slackened at intervals, but grew mor furious as night approached.

The German Brigade was led gallantly into action by Col. McCook, under the direction of Adjutant General Hartsuff; but, after a furious fight of three hours, darkness compelled the recall of the troops, and the men laid on their arms within a short distance of the enemy ready to resume the contest next morning.

when the morning came, however, our scouts reported that Floyd had ingloriously fled during the night, sinking the boats in the river in his rear, and destroying the temporary bridge he had made when he first crossed to occupy the position. The turbulence and depth of the river, and the exhaustion of our troops made it impossible to follow the fugitive rebels. So hasty was his flight that he left behind his camp equipage, wagons, horses, large quanti-ties of amunition and fifty head of cattle.

Our loss is only fifteen killed and about seventy wounded, generally flesh wounds.

The rebel's loss is not ascertained, as they carried their dead and wounded across the river during the night, but it was certainly very se-

who were taken prisoners by General Floyd at Cross Lane, were recaptured by our troops

Gen. Floyd's personal baggage, with that of all his officers, was also taken.

Gen. Benham's brigade, which suffered most, was commanded by him in person, and Col. McCook also led his brigade into action. Maj. Gen. Rosencrans, Gen. Benham, Cols. McCook, Lyttle and Lowe, and Captains Hart-

WASHINGTON. Sept. 12. The following dispatch was received at head quarters this evening:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF VIRGINIA, Camp Scott, Sept., 12, P. M. To Col. E. D. Townsend - We yesterday march ed seventeen and a-half miles, and reached the enemy's entrenched position in front of Cannax Ferry, driving his advanced outposts and pickets before us. We found him occupying a strongly entrenched position, covered by forests the dense to admit of its being seen at a distance of three hundred yards. His force was five regi-ments, besides the one driven in. He had pro-

bably sixteen pieces of artillery.

At 4 o'clock we began a strong reconnoissance which proceeded to such length that we wer about to assault the position on the flank an front when night coming on, and our troops being completely exhausted, I drew them out of the woods and posted them in the order of battle behind ridges immediately in front of the enemy's position, where they rested on their arms until the morning. Shortly after day-light a runaway "contra-

A Cincinnati paper tells this story:

A Kanawha merchant, who had concluded to repudiate his Northern debts, was vesterday served a trick rather unpleasant to him. He had completed, Col: Ewing was ordered to have an unsettled account of \$1200 in a wholesale house in Columbia conditions.

equipage...
The enemy have destroyed their bridge across The enemy nave destroyed their bridge across the Gauley, which here rushes through a deep gorge, and our troops being still much fatigued and having no material for immediately repairing the bridge, it was thought prudent to encamp the troops and occupy the ferry and the captured camp. We sent a few ride cannon shots after the retreating enemy, to produce a

FROM MISSOURI.

Route of Gen Green's Rebel Army CAPTURE OF HIS BAGGAGE. &c. Reported Flight of Martin Green's Forces

Five Hundred Rebels Routed and

Six Hundred taken Prisoners.

ANOTHER UNION VICTORY.

Washington, Sept. 12 The following dispatch was received to-night at headquarters of the army: Sr. Louis, Sept. 12.—Col. E. D. Townsend. Assistant Adjutant General:—A dispatch from Gen. Pope, received to day from Hunnewell, on Twenty-Five of Col. Tyler's Men the North Missouri railroad, states that he made a night march on the rebels under Gen. Green, last Sunday, who, however got notice of his approach, but he was successful in causing the dis-persion of 8,000 rebel force, who left behind them much of their baggage, provisions and forage; also the public property seized by Gen.

Green, at Shellbins. Gen. Pope's infantry were too much fatigued to pursue them. The horsemen, however, fol owed in pursuit for ten or fifteen miles until the enemy were completely scattered and dis-

The railroad east of Brookfield is now open. and no more secession camps will be made within twenty miles.

Gen. Grant telegraphs to me that the first

gun is in position at Fort Holt, Ky.
J. C. FREMONT,
Major Gen. Commanding. erful position on the top of the mountain at Cannax Ferry, on the west side of Gauley river. The rear and extreme of both flanks were inaccessible. The front was masked by heavy forests and close jungles

Col. Lyttles. 10th Ohio Regiment of Benhan's Brigade was in advance and drove a strong detachment of the enemy out of their camp, this side of the position, the state of which was unknown. Shortly afterwards his tured at Shelbina. Green's force numbered scouts, consisting of four companies, suddenly discovered themselves in the face of a parapet made a forced march of 23 miles, were unable

made a forced march of 23 miles, were unable to pursue him. At the latest accounts it was understood that the bulk of Green's force had crossed the Northem Missouri Bailroad, and were making for the ten by a solder in the service of the woods in Charlton county. Gen. Pope follow ed in pursuit with the Sixteenth Illinois and Third Iowa regiments, after giving them a few witer is attached. The envelope show the sixteenth of the s hours rest; but as Green's forces are mounted, there is but little prospect of overtaking them. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Sept. 11.—A messenger

from Sidallia states that Capt. Jamison's Kansas Jay Hawkers had defeated the notorious Dr. Staples, at the head of five hundred rebels, completely routing them and killing their leader. This will restore peace to Pettis and the surrounding counties, as Staples and McGoffin, who were captured some days since, were the principal instigators of secessionism in that sec-

It is also reported that Col. Marshal's Illinois Cavalry have captured rebels under Capt. Skelley with two field pieces.

Maxico, Mo., Sept. 11.—The timbers of the bridge of the North Missouri Railroad, near this place; were burnt by the rebels, with the design of precipitating a train loaded with United States troops into the river, but fortunately the act was discovered in time, and the troops are now encamped until the bridge can be repaired.

MORE BALTIMORE TRAITORS CAGED

tha Frank Child Baltimore, Sept. 18. Mayor Brown, Congressman May, and ten members of the Maryland Legislature were ar-rested this morning by order of the Govern-ment. These men have acted too long in open violation of all law, and there is a general reoicing at their arrest. They were at once ransferred to Fort M'Henry.

SECOND DISPATCH.

The Provost Marshall arrested this morning before daylight the following distinguished cit-izens: Mayor Brown; Chivles H. Petts, Law-rence Sangston, S. T. Wallis, T. P. Soott and Ross Winans, members of the Legislature. F. K. Howard, the editor of the Baltimore Exchange was also arrested. The whole party were conveyed to the losspital for sick patriotism located at Fort McHenry.

THIRD DISPATCH.

The following additional arrests have been made: Messrs. Dennison, Quinland, and Dr. Lynch, members of the Legislature from Balti-more county; Henry M. Warfield, Dr. J. Han-son, Thomas and John C. Brunn, city members. Also Thomas W. Hall, Jr., editor of the South Also Inomas w. Hall, Jr., editor of the South.
The Legislature was to have met. on Tuesday
next, and these arrests effectually defeats the
intended legislation hostile to the Government,
including as is supposed the passage of an ordnance of secession. It is rumored that other arrests are to follow, the large of the All the arrests have been made pursuant

orders direct from the War Department. Occurse there has been no official announcement of the arrests, but it is believed that all the names given above are correct.

It is also reported that Henry May, the mer ber of Congress, Henry F. Morfit, and W. G Harrison, member of the Legislature from the city, have also been arrested. These, with the names before given, complete the ten city dele-

The rumor is also current that Benjamin C. Howard, the Peace candidate for Governor, has also been taken into custody. There is considerable excitement of a subdued character about the streets.

Maraboul at a LATER FROM FORTRESS MONROR ANOTHER FLAG OF TRUCE

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 12 A flag of truce has gone to Norfolk to-day with Mrs. Phillips, of Washington, who was retained some time in her own house as a risoner.

Several Southern ladies and released confederate prisoners accompanied her.
Gen. Wool permits none but official letters to be carried by flags of truce, and but one federal

MASSACHUSETTS VOLUNTEERS.

Boston, Sept. 18th. Six new regiments of infantry, one of cavalry and three new batteries of artillery will be sent to the seat of war from this State within a

Surge and the Care Straighter Died This morning Little, daughter of Charles and Marga et Weaver, aged five years, lour months and twenty leven days.

even days.

[The funeral will start from the residence of her pa nts in Short street to-morrow (Saturday) at 4 oldlock ाक क्षांने ज्ञान के विकास के क्षांत्र के स्थान

New Advertisements

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, TWO BREAD BAKERSking Apply at MILITARY GAUNILL AND BEEN BOUNFORT & BROS. Fourth and Chesnut streets.

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GOOD KNITTERS WANTED To make One Thousand Pairs of Washington Balf hose for men. Inquire at JUNESS 202

ATTENTION VOLUNTEERS CAPTAIN JAMES CROSSON. Little Book Legion, wants 20 not be in the pany, attached to the Regiment of Galden Salar and Lawrence Book Crosson Louisian Camp. Inquire of Pennsylvania House, corner of North American Street.

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Respectable middle-agod white was as childs nurse. Good reference of ex-Govern record to the residence of ex-Govern record rec

How a Letter Written by Soldiers can be sent without the Preparment of Postage.

HARRISBURG POST OFFICE, Sept. 11, 180 In order to give a full explanation of recent law passed by Congress on the sale sending letters written by soldiers without paying the postage, the undersigned pulse the instructions received from the Post Department on the subject, from which be seen that Regiments must be fully grange fore they can enjoy the privilege of that and that the certificate of the Miles and that the stacked to each letter

GEO. BERGNER. SOLDIERS' LETTERS

POST OFFICE DEPARTMEN Appointment Office, July 23, [8] The following order has been main Post Office Department, for the execution new law respecting soldier's let ets: Postmasters at or near any camp or cupied by the United States forces, w without prepayment of postage, any less ten by a soldier in the service of the States, and certified to be such by the M.

plainly stamped or written on its facetificate "Soldier's Letter," signed in written the Major or Acting Major of the regiment scribing his regiment by its number and State. The postage due on such letters and collected at the office of delivery.

The certificate and address may be to the lowing form : "Soldier's Letter. A. B., Major 10th Reg't, N. Y. Volunteets.

Mr. John Jones, Utica, N. Y Commissioned officers will prepay their part age as heretofore.

JOHN A. KASSON First Assistant P. M. 4.

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Magaines, Stoves, Patents, &c., engraves senal application.
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Next door to the Harrish of oils re among the lis :* SKELETON SKIRTS.

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Twenty-five per cent lower than can be isolated lawrer in the city.

CATHCART & BROTH:
No. 14, Market Personal No. 14, Market Personal No. 14, Market Personal No. 15, Market Personal No. 16, Market Personal No. 17, Market Personal No. 17, Market Personal No. 18, Market STONE FOR SALE.

PUILDING STONE FOR SALE.

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MILITARY GAUNTLETS.