

Forever float that standard sheet! Where breathes the foe but falls before us With Freedom's soll beneath our feet, And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us

OUR PLATFORM

THE UNION-THE CONSTITUTION-AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAW.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Tuesday Morning, September, 10, 1861.

CAPT. JOHN H. DUCHMAN, among the oldest of the volunteer soldiers of Lancaster city, who has done much to improve and elevate the volunteer system of the state, has recruited a company and attached it to the regiment being raised in that county by Col. Henry Hambright. This is a glorious example to the young men of the state, and an honor to that school of old men who have themselves reflected the honor on Pennsylvania of which we all love to boast. The name of the veteran Captain Duchman depassed around.

SAMUEL MOWILLIAMS has been nominated by the Republicans of Centre county as their legislative candidate. It is not our purpose to make invidious destinction by lauding individual candidates from various parts of the state during the coming contest, but when we know a gentleman as thoroughly as we do Mr. McWilliams we cannot refrain from congratulating the men who placed him in nomination, and commending the cause which has so worthy a representative and advocate, as the cause of our friends in glorious old Centre will have in their legislative candidate. Samuel McWilliams is an able and an accomplished gentleman, with that morality of character which alone can give security and tone to the integrity of a man, and without which no man is worthy of confidence or support. Mr. McWilliam's election is cer-

#### THE OLD ELEVENTH.

Immediately before the expiration of the term of the three-months men, the eleventh regiment, of which Phaon Jarrett was the colonel. offered its services to the federal government for three years. At the expiration of their term, the colonel and a considerable number of the men refused to re-enter the army, when it was found necessary to re-organize the regiment by the election of new officers. Richard Coulter, who was lieutenant colonel, under the old organization, was made colonel, a choice which could not have fallen on a more chivalrous genfleman or more accomplished soldier. He is a thorough tactician, and has seen sufficient service to render him all that a regiment of brave men could desire, both in the camp and the field of battle. William D. Earnest, another good solder, is the lieut colonel. He has also seen service. H. A. Frink is the major elect. self on the field of battle, and in every respect to make himself really essential to the discipline and efficiency of his regi-

which has, with a slight difference, preserved ing and embarrassing to the general cause its first organization, and is therefore the oldest The public understand these facts, and they regiment in the service from this state. We will still higher appreciate and approve the achave a high regard for its officers and men, and tion of the federal government, when they do not hesitate to predict for both rank and file learn that an order has been issued to the effect a noble success in the noble cause in which they | that all troops from the states for the federal have pledged their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honors.

WHEN THE HARVEST is gathered and garnered, there will be in the state of Pennsylvania at least fifty thousand men all of whom will be out of regular employment. Hundreds of men who heretofore found employment in the pineries of the state, as wood choppers, colliers and lumbermen, will be compelled to seek other engagements, from the fact that these operations will be suspended during the coming season, or at least so restricted as to be carried on with much less the force of labor required during former seasons. The men thus thrown out of employment are used to exposure, hardships and long hours of labor. They have been inured to the inclemencies of seasons and the roughest climates. Out of this material the very best soldiers in the world can be disciplined, and to this force Pennsylvania will appeal in case another requisition should be made on her for additional troops to swell the federal army. The idle farm help will also constitute another element of good strength, not yet fairly brought into service in this struggle, for the simple reason that when our difficulties first made it necessary to organize armies, this portion of our population were engaged in work that could not be neglected for the same reason that on the success of the agricultural interests depended very much the complete organization, discipline, sustenance and support of the federal troops. According to these facts, Pennsylvania can very easily furnish at least five regiments of a thousand men each, any time during the winter. She can do this any time after the first of November, and in the meantime it would be a most judicious plan on the part of those who may thus expect to be called on, to organize companies at once, and enter on a system of sions from the Governor of that State by reporting drilling in anticipation of the discipline to which to the Adjutant-General thereof, and filing in the will be subjected in the army. It has such this office a duplicate of the muster-rolls of their they will be subjected in the army. It by such a system they improve and perfect themselves in the manual, without being called on to take up arms, they will have achieved a benefit for themselves amply sufficient to repay them for the time and labor devoted to its accomplish-

A TIMELY EXPLANATION.

While there is a most commendable and chivalrous rivalry among the people to serve their country in this great hour of its trial, there is another rivalry among a certain class of men to serve themselves, to gain position for distinction and not to aid in a great work, which is deserving of the most unqualified condemnation. These are the men who are always ready to head rival factions in any cause, and in the present juncture are doing more harm than good, by their persistent determination to push themselves into positions for which they have no earthly merit or ability.-It is these men, too, who are striving to raise issues between the states and the federal authorities, on the subject of levying troops, with the hope that in the general confusion which a dispute or difference would create, they could profit by the antagonism, and reap any benefit which the success of one or the other of these powers would confer. But it is only just to declare that there is no difference or dispute both as to furnishing troops and the manner in which they should be organised and mustered into the federal service.

Immediately after the catastrophe at Bull Run, and when the country was pierced to its centre with the most poignant sorrow at what was then deemed a great calamity, the War Department was besieged by men making profers to raise regiments and brigades, and particularly their ability to bring any number of men into the service that the department might reserves to be mentioned with distinction by our quire. At that particular time, with the public cotemporaries, and we therefore ask that it be anxiety raised to its highest pitch, the policy of refusing such offers would have been very doubtful, while the desire of the department was so well known to be the concentration of a force immediately to insure the reorganization and strengthening of the army. At the same time requisitions had been made on the states to furnish certain quotas of men, so that the regiments thus being formed by order of the state authorities and the independent organizations of individuals, engendered local and personal rivalries which were fast demoralizing the service and disheartening thousands of young men who were anxious to enter the army, but who were prevented from getting into active service by the delays and corruptions of the men engaged in the various organizations. Among the tricks resorted to was the publication of despatches auch as the following:

HARRISBURG, September 2.—The act of the 15th May, 1861, section 12th, expressly forbids any volunteer leaving the state except he shall pe accepted by the governor of the state under a requisition from the President. It has, therefore, been decided by the state authorities, that persons enlisting in independent regiments, accepted only by the war department, are not entitled to commissions from the state, and their families are not to receive the benefits of the funds raised by their respective counties, and in case of their death the pension of \$8 a month for five years allowed by the state, will not be nade to their widows and minor children.

Under this condition of affairs, it became necessary for the War Department at once to correct all misapprehensions as to the troops which the different states were to furnish. When the authority was given to raise independent regiments or brigades, it was not deemed necessary to say that the states furnishing such troops would receive full credit for their quota, as it was justly considered that the faith and intention of the federal government on this subject were well understood, but as rival parties have sought to Major Frink is a graduate of West Point, but for some years has been devoting himself to other pursuits. He is regarded by those who know him best as having the qualifications to distinguish himself on the federal government was to facilitate the state or distinguish himself on the federal government was to facilitate the state or distinguish himself on the federal government was to facilitate the state or ganization. By granting nower to additional to the wise. The Star announces this evening that the major elect. A hint to the wise. The Star announces this evening that the major elect. The Star announces this evening that the major even of the state of the s ganization, by granting power to additional i dividuals to raise troops as speedily as possible The rivalries of those engaged in this business have produced other results than those antici-Our reason for noticing this regiment at this pated, and in their haste to succeed, they have time is, that it is the only distinct regiment created jealousy and bickering both unbecomarmy must be organized and reported through the state governments before they can be regularly mustered into the United States army. This will save all future trouble, and put an end to the false issues which a few insiduous and interested people were fast raising between the

states and the federal authorities. The following is a copy of the order on this subject which has been forwarded to the authorities in all the states, where the same confusion produced the same rivalry between interested parties as has been the cause of so much complaint and annoyance in this state. It will be seen by this order, a copy of which has been or will be directed to the authorities of Pennsylvania, that the War Department finally settles the difficulty where it has existed by making it the order for all regiments from all the states to report for service to the federal authorities through the Adjutant Generals of their various states. This finally harmonises the difficulties heretofore attending this branch of the military service, and we trust therefore that all complete that the interference will stop here. Ulterior designs, looking to a France-British protectorate, and even to intermedling with the affairs in the United this branch of the initiary service, and we intermeding with the analysis in the contract trust, therefore, that all complaint will in the States, it is suspected, are entertained. Events future give way to the old spirit of a hearty ever schemes and aims the British and French

# WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, Sept. 5, 1861.

First: All persons having received authority to raise volunteer regiments, batteries, or companies, in the State of Pennsylvania, will immediately report to his Excellency, Gov. Curtin, at Harrisburg, the present state of their respective which meets with success, is, to have the chaporganizations. They and their commands are placed under the orders of Gov. Curtin, who will reorganize them, and prepare them for service in the manner he may judge most advantage. The whole amount is then sent to the Harrisburg, the present state of their respective vice in the manner he may judge most advantageous for the interests of the General Govern-

Second: All commissioned officers of regiments, batteries or companies, now in service, raised in the state of Pennsylvania, independent of the State authorities, can recognize commisrespective organizations. By order.

L. THOMAS. Adjutant-General Official.—Gro. D. Ruggirs, Assistant Adjutant-General.

See Professor Wood's advertisement in anoth

### FROM THE FEDERAL CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8, 1861 Editor Telegraph:—An incident transpired a few days ago, which I will relate. It was the presentation by the honorable Secretary of War to a rifle regiment from New York, bearing his name, of a handsome gon(alon and two small flags, designed for right and left guides. Gen. Cameron presented them in a brief, pithy, and impromptu speech, complimenting the colone. for gathering around him such able-bodied and soldierly looking men, and felt assured that they would never dishonor the ensign which he is about to transmit to their protection, nor he is about to transmit to their protection, nor prove recreant to the glorious cause in which they were now engaged, to which the colonel very gallantly and urbanely replied, "That he would either bring that flag back or leave his dead body on the field." How much patriotism was couched in that one sentence! Although raining copiously, the General, nothing daunted, proceeded to review the regiment. It being in open order, he passed in front and come up the centre, and his presence seemed to inspire the troops beyond measure.

His (the Secretary's) health is somewhat fee

ble, harrassed as he is by the buzzards which between any of the authorities of the loyal constantly hover around him. He is bored between any of the authorities of the loyal dreadfully; and thousands of visitors call to states and the federal government, and that, on the contrary, the very best of feeling prevails Did he receive all the calls made upon him he would have no time to attend to public busi-

> A great evil existing in this city is our citia great evil existing in this city is our city zens patronizing grocery keepers and tradesmen of all denominations who are hostile to the government. Sutlers of regiments too, who expend thousands of dollars during a week, never make inquiry as to the loyalty of those from whom they make purchases, and thus a certain class of avowed sece-sionists, particularly on Louisana avenue, are making untold for-tunes from a government the overthrow of which they would hail with rapturous applause. But the story is not yet told. At the navy yard, where in the neighborhood of three thousand hands are employed, it is confidently con-ceded that one half are traitors, while numberless Union men are walking the streets in search of employment, reduced almost to a state of mendicity. The government printing office, nothwithstanding the oath is administered, still swarms with traitors. A traitor will not regard a solemn oath. The Star and the Sunday Morning Chronicie, both staunch Union papers, the com-position is done principally by secessionists; and in the Republican office, the recognized official organ, there are several who, a short time ago, justified all the treason promulgated in the south, and when she won a victory applauded her. And in other branches of business the

same sad picture is presented to the view. Tender-footed Union men obtain lucrative em-Tender footed Union men obtain lucrative employment while sincere ones idly peregrinate the streets. Mr. John C. Rives, the gentlemanly proprietor of the Congressional Globe who employs over one hundred hands in his printing office, stereotype room, press room, bindery and counting room, and who is a devoted and unfaltering friend of the Union, says that next session of Congress he will not employ a man, women or boy, without rendering sufficient proof that they are true to the interests of the government. They must not only take an oath, but produce papers to that effect. Let others follow his example and all will be well.

Mrs. S. S. Williams, a lady of some intelli-

Mrs. S. S. Williams, a lady of some intelli-gence, and wife of a prominent lawyer in this city, publishes a card in a recent number of the blican, vindicating herself and husband from colleagues, and has been offered creditable posts by former Administrations, all of which he per-

emptorily refused. Although a Virginian by birth, he has been on the side of the Union during all its trials and vicissitudes, and I sin-cerely trust that the busy-bodies who arraigned him before the bar of public censure on false and sourrilous charges, will hereafter hold their peace, or else some of them, who are known to be enemies to the Government, may have an opportunity of enjoying a sea breeze at Fort Lafavette. A hint to the wise.

An Incident at Cresson.—An affecting incident took place at Cresson the other day on the occasion of the arrival of the train bearing Gen. soon capture Washington or suffer a disruption Lyon's remains at that point. The moment the cars stopped, General Anderson most unexpectedly appeared on the train, and shook hands with the escort. He said he was stopping at Davis. Cresson, and could not allow the occasion pass without taking a final farewell on earth of the remains of so brave a soldier and excellent officer as Gen. Lyon. The General then passed to the coffin, and bending his head above it, said with a trembling voice: "We could ill af-ford to spare so courageous a soldier at this time. America needs all her heroes now." As Gen. Anderson was leaving the car, Mrs. Plummer, wife of Captain Plummer, U. S. A., one of the escort, and wounded at Wilson's Creek, rose from her seat, and saying she would be most Lappy to know the hero of Fort Sumpter, the General cordially grasped her hands, and gallantly replied, pointing to the Captain: "You need not seek, my dear Madame, to know heroes when you have so brave a one in him you have hosen for your husband!"

It is highly probable that Mexico will soon become the theatre of interesting events that may have some connection with our own troubles. The British and French Governments recently severed relations with Mexico, by with-drawing their Ministers, and advices from Europe lead us to believe that those two nations are about to unite in an interference in Mexican affairs, to enforce the payment of claims of European citizens—the redress of outrages on Frenchmen and Englishmen, and the resent-ment of insults to their consulates.

Governments propose on this continent, will shortly be unfolded.

A Good IDEA. - The Governor of New Jersey has sent a commissioner to visit all the New Jersey regiments at the seat of war, and prevail upon the men to send their money home, either for their families or for safe keeping. His plan, which meets with success, is, to have the chap-Governor, and the men's orders on him are paid wherever the men reside. This is an excellent idea, and one which might be carried out with advantage by the authorities of our own State. We have no doubt whatever that if steps like the above were taken with our troops, that s large portion of their pay would every month find its way to their families. The Governor would do well to give the matter his attention, as the plan is one which must work well, and might be imitated with advantage by the different States having troops in the field

Dan Rice's rhinoceros, which escaped while being brought to Ia Crosse, (Wis.,) a few weeks since has been recaptured by means of a chain-

BALTIMORE REBELS ARRESTED.

INGENIOUS COACH CAPTURED

ALL PASSES COUNTERMANDED

MRS. DAVIS' LETTER SEIZED

BALTIMOBE, Sept. 9. Some important arrests were made here with in the last twenty-four hours, which reflect cred t on the vigilance of the Government police.

On Saturday night the officers arrested M. J Grady, and nineteen others, mostly residents of the Eighth Ward, at the North Point Monument House, on the Trap road, about eight miles from the city. They were endeavoring to make their way to Virginia. The party had gone thither in three wagons, and were to have embarked on a schooner, probably for the Eastern Shore, and from thence to Virgina. Among the articles seized was a quantity of blue flannel, several Military uniforms, packages of let-ters, medicines, etc., and a Secession flag. The whole party were taken to Fort McHenry.— Grady is one of Marshal Kane's police.

This morning, about day break, A. Williamson, doing business as a coach maker, at No. 50 German street, was arrested, charged with trea son against the government A few days previous it was ascertained that he had been engaged by certain parties to make a wagon with a false top and bottom to facilitate the transmission of contraband articles south of the Potomac. The accused, after being closely watched, was arrested in the new wagon, with a fine pair of excellent horses, just as he was about leaving his shop. At first he protested his innocence, and invited investigation; but the police soon demonstrated that they were better acquainted with the secrets of his wagon than 'My God! I am a ruined man.'

Fort McHenry.

It is understood that, among the letters seized, were some addressed to officers in the rebel

zrmy, and one to Mrs. Jefferson Davis.

# LATER FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

THE REBEL FORCES RETREATING.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 8. via Baltimore, Sept. 9.

Hon. Caleb Smith, Secretary of the Interior, Mr. Kennedy, of the Census Bureau, and Col. Seaton, of the National Intelligencer, have spent the day at Old Point and Newport News. They leave to-night for Washington.

The Minnesota has not yet arrived. A prevalent gale is driving a large number of trans-ports into Hampton Roads. Distinguished visi-tors bring cheering intelligence from Washington of a retrogade movement of Beauregard's of his army by the withdrawal of troops to the invaded States of the Confederacy. We have no authentic information of the death of Jeff.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP AFRICA.

St. Johns, N. F., Sept. 9. The Cunard steamship Africa passed Cape Race this morning with Liverpool dates to Sun-day the 1st inst. The political news is not important. LIVERPOOL, August 30.—The sales of cotton

for the past week have been 100,000 bales,— the market closing at an advance. Breadsturgs are quiet and firm. Provisions ending downward.

London, August 31.—Consols quoted at 923

ARREST OF A SECESSIONIST.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 9. G. L. Bowne, of Key West was arrested as

Cooperstown last evening, having in his possession a large number of important letters from About a hundred of his friends at tempted his rescue, but the officers drew their revolvers and cooled their arder. He will be sen to Fort Lafayette this afternoon

IN SEARCH OF THE SUMTER.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9. The bark Reindeer arrived this morning from Barbadoes. The Reindeer reports that the gun-boat Keystone State left Barbadoes on August 16th, in search of the Sumter.

# New Advertisements

BOARDING. PLEASANT apartments, with use of beater, bath gas &c, with good board, can be obtained by a couple of gentlemen at No. 6. Locust street. (House lately occupied by Gen. Miller,) near the river.

TO MILITARY MEN.

WANTED—A First Lieutenant, a Second Lieutenant, a Second Lieutenant, an Orderty Second Lieutenant, and Control of Control ond lieutenant, an Orderly Sergeant, and three Sergeants. Persons of acknowledged ability, and those who have served in the three months service preferred. Address, VOLUNTEER, Harrisburg P. O.

# POLYTEONIC COLLEGE

OF THE

OF PENNSYLVANIA WEST PENN SQUARE PHILA. FOR the professional Education of EN-GINBERS, ARCHITECTS, practical OHEMISTS and

GINERRO, Anomicson, passengering for graduates of literary Colleges and others mathematically prepared, and the two year course for less proficient students, will inclide Field Fortifications, Seige Operations, iants, will include more recurrentees, being open and, strategy, Tactic and Drill.

The Ninth annual session of the College will begin on

ptember 16th, 1861. For catalogues and turther information address
A. S. KENNEDY, M. D.,
sep9 dct
President of Paculty New Advertisements.

### ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Board Reduced to \$2 per Day. SHIRTS! SHIRTS!! SHIRTS!

CINCE the opening of this wast and commodious Hotel, in 1834, it has been the single endeavor of the proprietors to make it the most samptuous, convenient and comfortable home for the clitzen and stranger on this since the Atlantic.

And whatever has seemed likely to administer to the comfort of its guests they have so deavored, without regard to cest, to provide, and to combine all the elements of individual and social enjoyment which modern art has invented, and modern taste approved; and the patronage which it has commanded during the past six years is a gratifying proof that their efforts have been approciated

To meet the exigencies of the times, when all are re-qu red to ; ractice the most rigid economy, the under-sloped

Have Reduced the Price of Board to Two Dellars per Day, at the same abating none of the luxuries; with which their table has hitherto been supplied.

TREADWELL, WHITCOMS & CO.
New York, Sept. 2, 1861.—sep9-d3m\*

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES:

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT,

Harrisburg, Sept. 9, 1861.

CEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office up to twelve o'clock on Friday, the office up to twelve o'clock on Friday, the large of Santambar 1861. to furnish the fol-13th day of September, 1861, to furnish the following articles of supplies, in such quantities, at such times and at such places as may be directed by this office:

300 cords of oak wood. 100 tons of Lykens Valley coar. The same to be inspected by proper person elected as provided by the act of Assembly.

Quartermaster General

PENNSYLVANIA, SS: In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of said Commonwealth.

### PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, By the third section of the Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, was supposed, and gently drew from its secrets of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, passed the twenty-second day of April, A. D. one. The vehicle had a false floor, and as the police quietly removed it the accused exclaimed the police quietly removed it the accused exclaimed and for the payment of the public debt," it is and for the payment of the public debt,' "My God! I am a ruined man."

The articles found embraced among other things twenty large sized heavy revolvers, of superior qua ity, a quantity of gold lace, red flaanel, a package of about one hundred and twenty letters, addressed to parties at Petersburg, Richmond, Norfolk, and Fairfax, and some from several first class business houses in Baltimore. The letters and other articles were sent to General Dix. Williamson was sent to Fort McHenry. Fort McHenry.

General Dix has issued an order interdicting shall direct the certificates representing the same to be cancelled, and on such cancella Fort McHenry. All passes heretofore issued are tion, issue his proclamation stating the fact and countermanded. the extinguishment and final discharge of so the extinguishment and final discharge of so

much of the principal of said debt.

And whereas, By the ninety-eighth section of the Act of the General Assembly, passed Rev. W. H. Wilson, a Methodist preacher of the Government, the plane No. 1, of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, on a charge of being concerned in the smuggling of quinine and other contraband articles, mostly medicines, through the lines of the Government, the repair of the public canals and railroads, and other ticles, mostly medicines, through the lines of the Government, the repair of the public canals and railroads, and other ticles, mostly medicines, through the lines of the federal army into the confederate States for provided that thereafter, the receipts to the sinking fund, to the amount that may be not be confederate from the p not the under general and special that thereafter, the receipts to the sinking fund, to the amount that may be not be under general and special through the lines of the Government, the receipts to the sinking fund, to the amount that may be not be under general and special through the lines of the Government, the repair of the general and special appropriations," it is republican, vindicating herself and husband from teles, mostly medicines, through the lines of certain vituperative charges, set afloat by pettithe federal army into the confederate States for the federal army into the confederate States for the sinking fund, to the amount that may be nestrous of injuring him in any conceivable manner. I have known Mr. Williams long, and can truly testify to his loyalty. He is one of sent him to the Point of Rocks, the head quarthemost distinguished young lawyers at the ters of Gen. Banks' army.

Washington bar, acknowledged, as such by his The large brick dwenner for the tenth of April, A. D. one thousand light hundred and forty-nine, shall be applied bouse now occupied by Day d Mumma jr. begins thundred and forty-nine, shall be applied bouse now occupied by Day d Mumma jr. begins the cancellation of said issues.

AND WHEREAS, Eli Slifer, Thomos E. Cochran and Henry D. Moore, ex offsio commissioners for augs-dut. toward the cancellation of said issues.

and Henry D. Moore, ex officio commissioners of the sinking fund, in obedience to the requirenents of law, report and certify to me, that the lebt of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, redeemed and held by them, from the fourth day of September, A. D. one thousand eight hun-dred and sixty, to the first day of September, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixtyone, amounts to the sum of three hundred
thousand eight hundred and one dollars and
one cent, made up as follows:

| Content | Conte thousand eight hundred and one dollars and

Stock Loans.....\$800,050 00 Interest Certificates..... Relief Notes cancelled.... 421 00

Total.....\$300,801 01 NOW THEREFORE, as required by the third

section of the Act of Assembly aforesaid, I do We have hereby issue this my proclamation, declaring the of Jeff. the payment, cancellation, extinguishment and final discharge of three hundred thousand discharge of three hundred thousand eight hundred and one dollars and one cent of the principal of the debt of the Commonwealth including four hundred and twenty one dollars of the relief issues which have been cancelled and destroyed, as authorized by the ninety-eighth section of the Act of the nineteenth of

> the State, at Harrisburg, this fifth day of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and to the District Attorney of the properties of the Commonwealth the eighly-sixth A. G. CURTIN. By the Governor.

ERI SLIFER, Secretary of the Commonwealth

All Work Promised in One Week

# 104. PENNSYLVANIA

STEAM DYRING ESTABLISHMENT. 104 Market Street between 4th and 5th. HARRISBURG, PA.,

W HERE every description of Ladies' and Gentlemens' Garments, Piece Goods, &n., are yed, cleaneed and finished is the best manner and at a chortest notice DODGE & OO;

# FOR SALE,

PROM One to Five Hundred Dollars worth of CITY BONDS. Enquire of C. O. ZIMMERMAN, mar14 No. 28 South Second Street. NOTICE.

N consequence of the death of W. J. E Bishop, one the firm of w. J. E. Bishop, one the firm are in the hands of the surviving partner. All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the late firm, and all those having claims, will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. SAMUEL KLINE,

au31-doaw6t\* SPICED SALMONII

PRESH AND VERY DELICATE. Put up neatly in five pound cans.

WM. DOCK, Jr., &Co.

EMPTY FLOUR BARRELS. LARGE NEW BRIGHT EMPTY
FLOUR BARREIS in good condition for sale
[is28] WM. DOOK, Jr., &Co.

WANTED.—A. ENTS TO SELL PACKces one third-less than can oe purchased elsewhere.—
Oall on or agartem (stains anothed.) J. J. BALLEY,
mi28-Bmd. — No. 452 Court Street, Boston, Mass.

New Advertisements.

MILITARY GAUNTLETS. NEW LOT, just received, of the best quality, at CATRUART'S, next door to Harrisbyr.

HOME MANUFACTURE. THE CHEAPEST IN THE MARKET.

THE undersigned taving opened their street, Harrisburg, Pa., do most respect unit selection partonage and attention of the ladic, 6, nt men and Merchants to the following assortment of 8 ols at a SHIRTS.

BHIRT BOSOWS.

SHIRT BOSOMS,

O'ILLAGS,

CUFFS,

WHIST BANDS,

NIGHT SHIRTS,

Also the particular attention of the Landshirt Resolution of the Landshirt Resolution and Paris styles, Lives Goldens

Droved London and Paris styles, Lives Goldens

CUFFS, SETTS &c., in great varieties, and Goldens our own manufacture we will sell cheeper to a Cog a purchased elsewhere. or own manufacture we will sen energial to a carrier to a

able terms.

P. S. Ladles wishing skirts or under keet tests. theoription, can have them made to up a sample of such kinds as may be desired.

LYNN & REBSAN
NO. 12, %2 per

8u29-d6m Hammel & Klinger

GENERAL ORDERS, NO 2

HEAD QUARTEES, P M Harrisburg, Aug. 19, 19,1

By DIRECTION of the President of the United States, all volunteer regiments parts of Regiments accepted directly by a War Department from Pennsylvania, either a or without arms, equipments or unitoria. to be forwarded at once to Washington commanders will therefore immediately to these headquarters, stating the numer men and the station from which they are: taken, that transportation may be farmage

them without delay. By order of A. G. CURTIN. Governor and Commander in the CRAIG BIDDLE, A. C. D

STRAWBERRY PLANTS. Selection of the best kinds strong

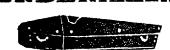
| Per dozen 25cts; | per 100 \$1 ; | per 1,00 ) \$1. | per 1,00 ) \$5.

COAL.

THE under igned would respecting to form the citizens of Harrisbur, that he spray to furnish in any part of the city, Lyens Wiley live ton and Wilkesburre Coal as low as any the river, the city. Please call and give me a trial J. Wallief Wey, Jr. Askell No. 8, i eading Ramout agricultures of the city of the city.

FOUR good sized Hogs were eithers:
len or strayed from the p n of the antersor.
West Harrisburg on last Sanday might. Three are suited the other is black spotted. A reward of sorting hald for information leading to their recorrescent seepts 8td.

UNDERTAKER,



STONE FOR SALE. DUILDING STONE or Stone suitated for turapticing purposes we no describe to a specific to the otty or the encentry A specific CM order A.

WANTED at the Harrisburg Car Sa & BIX GOOD MOULDERS and FOUNDERS and BIX GOOD MOULDERS and FOUR 60 wills: W. T. Hilbeld Sec.

# REGULATIONS.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT HARRISBURG, Sept. 3, 1561 1. No pardon will be granted until natureighth section of the Act of the nineteenth of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this fifth day of September, in the year of our Lord. one of the application wherefor shall have been the application once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution was had.

2. No pardon will be granted until the application therefor shall have been to be publication once a week for two consecutive whether the constitution of the application therefor shall have been to be publication once a week for two consecutive whether the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the constitution once a week for t

of the application therefor shall have better 3. No pardon will be granted without consulting the Judge who presided at the

of the party. By order of the Governor. ELI SLIFER Sec'y of Com.

WANTED, TEADY and sober young men to the Harrisburg Cavairy company, accepted a Government, and already in camp. English is rendezeous, Exchange, Walnutstreet ang 28-dat CHAS. C DAVIS, CALLE POR SALE.—One of the best business

atands in the city on reason the terms of the for three or five years situated in Market street beautiful and Fifth. Enquire on the premise of partial first. JOHN B. SMITH'S

BOOT & SHOE STORE, CORNER SECOND AND WALNUTSIN

Harrisburg, Pa.

LWAYS on hand a large as diment of BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &c., o he of the straight of trades, sentences, and this many west traditions for ladies, gentlemen, and this many west of the suit the times. All kinds of works MADE TO ORDER in the best style by superior working REPAIRING done at short notice.

JOHN B. SMITH, Harrish Harrisburg, Pa.

PAROCHIAL SCHOOL THE Sixth Semi-anual Term of this lies

tution commenced this day. Popular (male activities and male) of the age of nine years and upwar is white cleved. All the usual branches of a good E. ghis claton as well as Latin and Greek languages are taking months, according to the branchus taught (charges of any kind. Apply to C. V. MAYS, A. M., Prudia Or to Rude, F. Kelker, D. W. Gross, G. P. Wiestling, J. Herr and Geo. Z. Kunkel, School committee.

ARMY OVERCOATS FOR SALE. To Newly Organized Regiments A lot of the very best overcoats, made according to the army regulations, and rundices to equip a full regiment, are for sale at 10. SHCLENBER GER & Co., Second street, below Jones aug. 30-41a

REMOVAL. THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has removed his plant ing and Brass Founding establishment to No. 22 South ing and Brass Founding establishment to No. 22 South ing and Brass Founding establishment to No. 22 South ing and Brass Founding establishment to No. 22 South ing street below Herr's Hotel. Thankful for past part ronage, he hopes by strict attention to business to men a continuance of it.