Daily Telegraph.



Forever float that standard sheet! Where breathes the foe but falls before us! With Freedom's soil beneath our feet, And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us

OUR PLATFORM

THE UNION-THE CONSTITUTION-AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAW.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Monday Afternoon, September 9, 1861.

CAPT. JOHN H. DUCHMAN, among the oldest of the volunteer soldiers of Lancaster city, who has done much to improve and elevate the volunteer system of the state, has recruited a company and attached it to the regiment being raised in that county by Col. Henry Hambright. This is a glorious example to the young men of men who have themselves reflected the honor passed around.

SAMUEL McWilliams has been nominated by the Republicans of Centre county as their legislative candidate. It is not our purpose to make invidious destinction by lauding individual candidates from various parts of the state during the coming contest, but when we know a gentleman as thoroughly as we do Mr. McWilliams, we cannot refrain from congratulating the men who placed him in nomination, and commending the cause which has so worthy a representative and advocate, as the cause of our friends in glorious old Centre will have in their legislative candidate. Samuel McWilliams is an able and an accomplished gentleman, with that morality of character which alone can give security and tone to the integrity of a man, and without which no man is worthy of confidence or support. Mr. McWilliam's election is cer-

THE OLD ELEVENTH.

Immediately before the expiration of the term of the three-months men, the eleventh regiment, of which Phaon Jarrett was the colonel, offered its services to the federal government for three years. At the expiration of their term, the colonel and a considerable number of the men refused to re-enter the army, when it was found necessary to re-organize the regiment by the election of new officers. Richard Coulter, who was lieutenant colonel, under the old organization, was made colonel, a choice which could not have fallen on a more chivalrous gentleman or more accomplished soldier. He is a thorough tactician, and has seen sufficient service to render him all that a regiment of brave men could desire, both in the camp and the field of battle. William D. Earnest, another good solder, is the lieut, colonel. He has also seen service. H. A. Frink is the major elect. Major Frink is a graduate of West Point, but for some years has been devoting himself to other pursuits. He is regarded by those who know him best as having the qualifications to federal government was to facilitate the state or distinguish himself on the field of battle, and ganization, by granting power to additional inin every respect to make himself really essential to the discipline and efficiency of his regi-

Our reason for noticing this regiment at this time is, that it is the only distinct regiment created jealousy and bickering both unbecomwhich has, with a slight difference, preserved ing and embarrassing to the general cause. its first organization, and is therefore the oldest | The public understand these facts, and they regiment in the service from this state. We will still higher appreciate and approve the achave a high regard for its officers and men, and do not hesitate to predict for both rank and file learn that an order has been issued to the effect a noble success in the noble cause in which they that all troops from the states for the federal have pledged their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honors.

WHEN THE HARVEST is gathered and garnered, there will be in the state of Pennsylvania at least fifty thousand men all of whom will be out of regular employment. Hundreds of men who heretofore found employment in the pineries of the state, as wood choppers, colliers and lumbermen, will be compelled to seek other engagements, from the fact that these operations will be suspended during the coming season, or at least so restricted as to be carried on with much less the force of labor required during former seasons. The men thus thrown out of employment are used to exposure, hardships and long hours of labor. They have been inured to the inclemencies of seasons and the roughest climates. Out of this material the very best soldiers in the world can be disciplined, and to this force Pennsylvania will appeal in case another requisition should be made on her for additional troops to swell the federal army. The idle farm help will also constitute another element of good strength, not yet fairly brought into service in this struggle, for the simple reason that when our difficulties first made it necessary to organize armies, this portion of our population were engaged in work that could not be neglected for the same reason that on the success of the agricultural interests depended very much the complete organization, discipline, sustenance and support of the federal troops.-According to these facts, Pennsylvania can very easily furnish at least five regiments of a thousand men each, any time during the winter .-She can do this any time after the first of November, and in the meantime it would be a most judicious plan on the part of those who may thus expect to be called on, to organize may thus expect to be called on, to organize of the State authorities, can recognize commiscompanies at once, and enter on a system of drilling in anticipation of the discipline to which to the Adjutant-General thereof, and filing in they will be subjected in the army. If hy such his office a duplicate of the muster-rolls of their they will be subjected in the army. If by such a system they improve and perfect themselves in the manual, without being called on to take up arms, they will have achieved a benefit for themselves amply sufficient to repay them for the time and labor devoted to its accomplish-- ment.

A TIMELY EXPLANATION. While there is a most commendable and

chivalrous rivalry among the people to serve their country in this great hour of its trial, there is another rivalry among a certain class of men to serve themselves, to gain position for distinction and not to aid in a great work, which is deserving of the most unqualified condemnation. These are the men who are always ready push themselves into positions for which they have no earthly merit or ability.-It is these men, too, who are striving to raise issues between the states and the federal authorities, on the subject of levying troops, with the hope that in the general confusion could profit by the antagonism, and reap any benefit which the success of one or the other of these powers would confer. But it is only just to declare that there is no difference or dispute between any of the authorities of the loyal states and the federal government, and that, on which they should be organised and mustered into the federal service. Immediately after the catastrophe at Bull

centre with the most poignant sorrow at what was then deemed a great calamity, the War Dethe state, and an honor to that school of old partment was besieged by men making profers to raise regiments and brigades, and particularmen who have themselves reflected the honor of Pennsylvania of which we all love to boast.

The name of the veteran Captain Duchman deserves to be mentioned with distinction by our serves to be mentioned with distinction where the serves to be mention cotemporaries, and we therefore ask that it be anxiety raised to its highest pitch, the policy of refusing such offers would have been very doubtful, while the desire of the department was so well known to be the concentration of a force immediately to insure the reorganization and strengthening of the army. At the same time requisitions had been made on the states to furnish certain quotas of men, so that the regiments thus being formed by order of the state authorities and the independent organizations of individuals, engendered local and personal rivalries which were fast demoralizing the service and were anxious to enter the army, but who were prevented from getting into active service by the delays and corruptions of the men engaged in the various organizations. Among the tricks resorted to was the publication of despatches

Run, and when the country was pierced to its

such as the following: HARRISBURG, September 2.—The act of the 15th May, 1861, section 12th, expressly forbids any volunteer leaving the state except he shall be accepted by the governor of the state under a requisition from the President. It has, there fore, been decided by the state authorities, that persons enlisting in independent regiments, accepted only by the war department, are not entitled to commissions from the state, and their families are not to receive the benefits of the funds raised by their respective counties, and in case of their death the pension of \$8 a month for five years allowed by the state, will not be made to their widows and minor children.

Under this condition of affairs, it became neessary for the War Department at once to correct all misapprehensions as to the troops which the different states were to furnish. When the authority was given to raise independent regiments or brigades, it was not deemed necessary to say that the states furnishing such troops would receive full credit for their quota, as it was justly considered that the faith and intention of the federal government on this subject were well understood, but as rival parties have sought to create a different impression, such as the publication of dispatches as the one we quote, it is dividuals to raise troops as speedily as possible. The rivalries of those engaged in this business have produced other results than those anticipated, and in their haste to succeed, they have tion of the federal government, when they army must be organized and reported through the state governments before they can be regularly mustered into the United States army. This will save all future trouble, and put an end to the false issues which a few insiduous and interested people were fast raising between the states and the federal authorities.

The following is a copy of the order on this subject which has been forwarded to the authorities in all the states, where the same confusion produced the same rivalry between interested parties as has been the cause of so much complaint and annoyance in this state. It will be seen by this order, a copy of which has been or will be directed to the authorities of Pennsylvania, that the War Department finally settles the difficulty where it has existed by making it the order for all regiments from all the states to report for service to the federal authorities through the Adjutant Generals of their various states. This finally harmonises the difficulties heretofore attending this branch of the military service, and we trust, therefore, that all complaint will in the future give way to the old spirit of a hearty support of the government:

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, Sept. 5, 1861.

First: All persons having received authority to raise volunteer regiments, batteries, or com-panies, in the State of Pennsylvania, will imme-diately report to his Excellency, Gov. Curtin, at Harrisburg, the present state of their respective organizations. They and their commands are will reorganize them, and prepare them for service in the manner he may judge most advantageous for the interests of the General Govern-

Second: All commissioned officers of regiments, batteries or companies, now in service, raised in the state of Pennsylvania, independent espective organizations.

L. THOMAS, By order. Adjutant-General

Official.—Geo. D. Ruggles, Assistant Adjuant-General.

See Professor Wood's advertisement in anoth-

Editor Telegraph:—An incident transpired a few days ago, which I will relate. It was the presentation by the honorable Secretary of War to a rifle regiment from New York, bearing his name, of a handsome gon alon and two small flags, designed for right and left guides. Gen. Cameron presented them in a brief, pithy, and to head rival factions in any cause, and in the present juncture are doing more harm than good, by their persistent determination to the color of the present juncture are doing more harm than good, by their persistent determination to the color of the juncture are doing more harm than good, by their persistent determination to the color of the juncture are doing more harm than good, by their persistent determination to the color of the color o they would never disnoner the ensign which he is about to transmit to their protection, nor prove recreant to the glorious cause in which they were now engaged, to which the colonel very gallantly and urbanely replied, "That he would either bring that flag back or leave his dead body on the field." How much patriotters was couched in that one sentenced had ism was couched in that one sentence! with the hope that in the general confusion though raining copiously, the General, nothing which a dispute or difference would create, they daunted, proceeded to review the regiment. It being in open order, he passed in front and come up the centre, and his presence seemed to inspire the troops beyond measure.

His (the Secretary's) health is somewhat fee-

ble, harrassed as he is by the buzzards which constantly hover around him. He is bored dreadfully; and thousands of visitors call to see him whom he has to refuse admittance. the contrary, the very best of feeling prevails Did he receive all the calls made upon him he both as to furnishing troops and the manner in would have no time to attend to public busi-

A great evil existing in this city is our citizens patronizing grocery keepers and tradesmen of all denominations who are hostile to the government. Sutlers of regimen's too, who expend thousands of dollars during a week, never make inquiry as to the loyalty of those from whom they make purchases, and thus a certain class of avowed sece-sionists, particularly on Louisana avenue, are making untold forceded that one half are traitors, while numberless Union men are walking the streets in search of employment, reduced almost to a state of mendicity. The government printing office, nothwithstanding the oath is administered, still swarms with traitors. A traiter will not regard a solemn oath. The Star and the Sunday Morning Chronicie, both staunch Union papers, the composition is done principally by secessionists and in the Republican office, the recognized official crgan, there are several who, a short time ago, justified all the treason promulgated in the south, and when she won a victory applauded her. And in other branches of business the which were fast demoralizing the service and disheartening thousands of young men who Tender-footed Union men obtain lucrative employment while sincere ones idly peregrinate the streets. Mr. John C. Rives, the gentlemanly proprietor of the Congressional Globe who employs over one hundred hands in his printing office, stereotype room, press room, bindery and counting room, and who is a de-voted and unfaltering friend of the Union, says hat next session of Congress he will not employ a man, women or boy, without rendering sufficient proof that they are true to the interests of the government. They must not only take an oath, but produce papers to that effect. Let others follow his example and all will be well. Mrs. S. S. Williams, a ledy of some intelli-

> city, publishes a card in a recent number of the Republican, vindicating herself and husband from certain vituperative charges, set afloat by petti-fogging lawyers, jealous of his talents and de-sirous of injuring him in any conceivable man-ner. I have known Mr. Williams long, and can truly testify to his loyalty. He is one the most distinguished young lawyers at the Washington bar, acknowledged as such by his colleagues, and has been offered creditable posts by formor Administrations, all of which he per-empforily refused. Although a Virginian by birth, he has been on the side of the Union during all its trials and vicissitudes, and I sin cerely trust that the busy-bodies who arraigned him before the bar of public censure on false and scurrilous charges, will hereafter hold their peace, or else some of them, who are known to

gence, and wife of a prominent lawyer in this

favette. A hint to the wise. The Star announces this evening that the main force of the rebels have been withdrawn from Manassas, but what direction they took is no more than just to state that the design of the not known. I suppose the statement can be pronounced with safety a canard. Erato.

be enemies to the Government, may have an

opportunity of enjoying a sea breeze at Fort La-

An Incident at Cresson .-- An affecting i dent took place at Cresson the other day on the occasion of the arrival of the train bearing Gen. Lyon's remains at that point. The moment the cars stopped, General Anderson most unexpectedly appeared on the train, and shook hands with the escort. He said he was stopping at Cresson, and could not allow the cocasion to pass without taking a final farewell on earth of the remains of so brave a soldier and excellent portant.

officer as Gen. Lyon. The General then passed to the coffin, and bending his head above it, for the said with a trembling voice: "We could ill afford to spare so courageous a soldier at this time. America needs all her heroes now." As Gen. Anderson was leaving the car, Mrs. Plummer, wife of Captain Plummer, U. S. A., one of the escort, and wounded at Wilson's Creek, rose from her seat, and saying she would be most happy to know the hero of Fort Sumpter, the General cordially grasped her hands, and gal-lantly replied, pointing to the Captain: "You need not seek, my dear Madame, to know heroes when you have so brave a one in him you have nosen for your husband!"

Ir is highly probable that Mexico will soon become the theatre of interesting events that may have some connection with our own troubles. The British and French Governments recently severed relations with Mexico, by with-drawing their Ministers, and advices from Eu-rope lead us to believe that those two nations are about to unite in an interference in Mexican affairs, to enforce the payment of claims of European citizens—the redress of outrages or Frenchmen and Englishmen, and the resent

ment of insults to their consulates. But it is hardly probable that the interference will stop here. Ulterior designs, looking to a France-British protectorate, and even to intermedling with the affairs in the United States, it is suspected, are entertained. Events are of rapid occurance now-a-days, and what ever schemes and aims the British and French Governments propose on this continent, will shortly be unfolded.

A Good IDEA.—The Governor of New Jersey has sent a commissioner to visit all the Nev Jersey regiments at the seat of war, and prevai upon the men to send their money home, either for their families or for safe keeping. His plan, which meets with success, is, to have the chap canizations. They and their commands are lains go around a few days before pay day, and ced under the orders of Gov. Curtin, who al reorganize them, and prepare them for sermaster. The whole amount is then sent to th Governor, and the men's orders on him are paid wherever the men reside. This is an excellent idea, and one which might be carried out with advantage by the authorities of our own State We have no doubt whatever that if steps like the above were taken with our troops, that large portion of their pay would every month find its way to their families. The Governor would do well to give the matter his attention as the plan is one which must work well, and might be imitated with advantage by the dif-ferent States having troops in the field.

> Dan Rice's rhinoceros, which escaped while being brought to La Crosse, (Wis.,) a few weeks since has been recaptured by means of a chain-

FROM THE FEDERAL CAPITAL. BY THIEGRAPH. WASHINGTON, Sept. 8, 1861.

BALTIMORE REBELS ARRESTED

INGENIOUS COACH CAPTURED

ALL PASSES COUNTERMANDED

MRS. DAVIS' LETTER SEIZED

BALTIMORE, Sept. 9. Some important arrests were made here within the last twenty-four hours, which reflect credit on the vigilance of the Government police.
On Saturday night the officers arrested M. J.
Grady, and nineteen others, mostly residents of
the Eighth Ward, at the North Point Monument House, on the Trap road, about eight miles from the city. They were endeavoring to make their way to Virginia. The party had gone thither in three wagons, and were to have embarked on a schooner, probably for the Eastern Shore, and from thence to Virgina. Among the articles seized was a quantity of blue flar the articles seized was a quantity of the har-nel, several Military uniforms, packages of let-ters, medicines, etc., and a Secession flag. The whole party were taken to Fort McHenry.—

Grady is one of Marshal Kane's police. This morning, about day break, A. Williamson, doing business as a coach-maker, at No. 50 German street, was arrested, charged with treason against the government A few days pre-vious it was ascertained that he had been engaged by certain parties to make a wagon with a false top and bottom to facilitate the trans-mission of contraband articles south of the Potomac. The accused, after being closely watched, was arrested in the new wagon, with a fine pair of excellent horses, just as he was about leaving his shop. At first he protested his innocence, and invited investigation; but the police soon demonstrated that they were better acquainted with the secrets of his wagon than was supposed, and gently drew from its secrets recesses ample evidence of the guilt of some one. The vehicle had a false floor, and as the police quietly removed it the accused exclaimed

"My God! I am a ruined man."
The articles found embraced among other things twenty large sized heavy revolvers, of superior qua ity, a quantity of gold lace, red flannel, a package of about one hundred and twenty letters, addressed to parties at Petersburg, Richmond, Norfolk, and Fairfax, and some from several first class business houses in Biltimore. The letters and other articles were sent to General Dix. Williamson was sent to

Fort McHenry.

General Dix has issued an order interdicting all communication with the State prisoners at Fort McHenry. All passes heretofore issued are countermanded.

It is understood that, among the letters seized, were some addressed to officers in the rebel zrmy, and one to Mrs. Jefferson Davis.

Rev. W. H. Wilson, a Methodist preacher of this city, was arrested on Friday at Waterville, plane No. 1, of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, on a charge of being concerned in the smuggling of quinine and other contraband aricles, mostly medicines, through the lines of the federal army into the confederate States for the "aid and comfort" of the Southern army. The accused was arrested by Lieut. Jordon, of the Twenty eighth Pennsylvania regiment, who sent him to the Point of Rocks, the head quarters of Gen. Banks' army.

LATER FROM FORTRESS MONROE,

THE REBEL FORCES RETREATING.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 8. via BALTIMORE, Sept. 9. 1 Hon. Caleb Smith, Secretary of the Interior Mr. Kennedy, of the Census Bureau, and Col. Seaton, of the National Intelligencer, have spent the day at Old Point and Newport News. They eave to-night for Washington.

The Minnesota has not yet arrived. A prevalent gale is driving a large number of trans-ports into Hampton Roads. Distinguished visitors bring cheering intelligence from Washing-ton of a retrogade movement of Beauregard's forces. It is well understood here that he mus soon capture Washington or suffer a disruption of his army by the withdrawal of troops to the invaded States of the Confederacy. We have Davis.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP AFRICA. St. Johns, N. F., Sept. 9.

The Cunard steamship Africa passed Cape Race this morning with Liverpool dates to Sun-day the 1st inst. The political news is not im-

Liverpool, August 30.—The sales of cotton for the past week have been 100,000 bales, the market closing at an advance. BREADSTUFFS are quiet and firm. Provisions

ending downward. London, August 31.—Consols quoted at 927 $@92\frac{3}{4}$.

ARREST OF A SECESSIONIST.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 9. of Key West was arrested at

Cooperstown last evening, having in his possession a large number of important letters from About a hundred of his friend the South. tempted his rescue, but the officers drew their revolvers and cooled their arder. He will be sent to Fort Lafayette this afternoon.

> IN SEARCH OF THE SUMTER. NEW YORK, Sept. 9.

The bank Reindeer arrived this morning from Barbadoes. The Reindeer reports that the gun-boat Keystone State left Barbadoes on August 16th. in search of the Sumter.

Died.

On Sunday night, the 8th inst., ANNETTE J. RITTENHOUSI aged 17 years. [The funeral will take place to morrow (Tuesday morning, at 9 o'clock, to proceed to the Dauphin Cemetery. The relatives and friends of the family are respec fully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of hir mother in Meadow Lane without further notice.] *

New Advertisements

TO MILITARY MEN.

ANTED-A First Lieutenant, a Sec ond Licutenaut, an Orderly Sergeaut, and three ts. Persons of acknowledged ability, and those we served in the three months service preferred. 3, VOLUNTEER, Harrisburg P. O.

POLYTECNIC COLLEGE

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA

WEST PENN SQUARE PHILA.

FOR the professional Education of EN-GINEERS, ARCHITECTS, practical CHEMISTS and

GINEERS, ARCHITECTS, practical Official Science Section 1800 (CHSTS.

The one year course on Military Engineering for graduate of literary Colleges and others mathematically prepared, and the two year course for less proficient students, will include Field Fortifications, Seige Operations, Strategy, Tactic and Drill.

The Nicht annual session of the College will begin on September 16th, 1861.

For catalogues and further information address

A. S. KENNEDY, M. D.,

sept 46t

President of Faculty.

New Advertisements.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Board Reduced to \$2 per Day.

SINCE the opening of this vast and commodious Hotel, in 1854, it has been the single ondeavor of the proprietors to make it the most sumptuous, convenient and comfortable home for the citizen and stranger on this side the Atlantic.

And whatever has seemed likely to administer to the comfort of its guests they have endeavored, without regard to cest, to provide, and to combine all the elements of individual and social enjoyment which modern art has invented, and modern taste approved; and the patronage which it has commanded during the past six years is a gratifying proof that their efforts have been appreciated

lowing articles of supplies, in such quantities at such times and at such places as may be directed by this office :

300 cords of oak wood. 100 tons of Lykens Valley coal. The same to be inspected by proper persons

selected as provided by the act of Assembly. R. C. HALE, sep9-dtd Quartermaster General

PENNSYLVANIA, SS: In the name and by the authority of the Common wealth of Pennsylvania, Andrew G. Cuetin, Governor of said Commonwealth.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, By the third section of the Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth passed the twenty-second day of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, entitled 'An Act to establish a sinking fund and for the payment of the public debt," it is made the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the Auditor General and State Treas urer, commissioners of the sinking fund created by the said Act of Assembly, on the first Monday of September, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and on the same day annually thereafter, to report and certify to the Governor, the amount received under the said act, the amount of interest paid, and the amount of the debt of the Commonwealth redeemed and held by them-whereupon the Governor shall direct the certificates representing the same to be cancelled, and on such cancella tion, issue his proclamation stating the fact and the extinguishment and final discharge of so much of the principal of said debt.

AND WHEREAS, By the ninety-eighth section of the Act of the General Assembly, passed the nineteenth day of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundredand fifty-three, entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Government, the repair of the public canals and railroads, and the public canals and ranroaus, and other general and special appropriations," it is provided that thereafter, the receipts to the sinking fund, to the amount that may be necessary to cancel the relief issues now in circulation under the provisions of the Act of the lation under the provisions of the Act of the fourth of May A.D. one thousand eight hunlation under the provisions of the Act of the fourth of May, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and forty-one, and the re-issues under the Act of the tenth of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, shall be applied toward the cancellation of soid issues. toward the cancellation of said issues.

AND WHEREAS, Eli Slifer, Thomos E. Cochran and Henry D. Moore, ex officio commissioners of the sinking fund, in obedience to the require-ments of law, report and certify to me, that the debt of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, re-deemed and held by them, from the fourth day of September, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty, to the first day of September, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty one, amounts to the sum of three hundred thousand eight hundred and one dollars and one cent, made up as follows:

.....\$300.801 01

NOW THEREFORE, as required by the third NOW THEREFORE, as required by the third section of the Act of Assembly aforesaid, I do hereby issue this my proclamation, declaring the payment, cancellation, extinguishment and final discharge of three hundred thousand eight hundred and one dollars and one cent of he principal of the debt of the Commonwealth including four hundred and twenty one dollar of the relief issues which have been cancelled and destroyed, as authorized by the ninety-eighth section of the Act of the nineteenth of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this fifth day of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and of the Commonwealth the eighly-sixth.

EEI SLIFER, Secretary of the Con sep6-d3w3

By the Governor.

All Work Promised in One Week

104. PENNSYLVANIA STEAM DYEING ESTABLISHMENT.

104 Market Street between 4th and 5th, HARRISBURG, PA.,

HERE every description of Ladies And Gentlemens' Garments, Piece Goods, &c., are yet, cleansed and fluished in the best manner and at restortest notice

Non-Sataria

FOR SALE,

ROM One to Five Hundred Dollars worth of CITY BONDS. Enquire of C. O. ZIMMERMAN, No. 28 South Second street.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of the death of W. J. E. Bishop, one the firm of W. J. E. Bishop and Kilne, notice is hereby given that the books of the late firm are in the hands of the surviving partner. All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the late firm, and all those having claims, will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. SAMUEL KLINE, Surviving partner. au31-doaw6t*

SPICED SALMON!

FRESH AND VERY DELICATE. Put up neatly in five pound cans.
WM. DOOK, Jr., &Co.

EMPTY FLOUR BARRELS. LARGE NEW BRIGHT EMPTY FLOUR BARKELS in good condition for sale | je28| wm. DOOK, Jr., &Co.

WANTED. -- ASSENTS TO SELL PACKAGES OF STATIONARY and JEWELRY, at not VV AGES of STATIONARY and JEWELRY, at pries one third less than cau or purchased elsewhere.—ation or address (stamp enclosed.) J. L. BAILEY, m23-3md No. 154 Court Street, Boston, Mass. New Advertisements.

MILITARY GAUNTLETS. NEW LOT, just received, of the best quality, at CATHGART'S, next door to Harrisburg sep7

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!! SHIRTS!!!

HOME MANUFACTURE.

THE CHEAPEST IN THE MARKET.

THE undersigned having opened their manufactory of Shirts &c., at No. 12 West Market street, Harrisburg, Pa., do most respectivily solicit the patronage and attention of the Ladics, Grattemen and Merchanis to the following assortment of goods all of which are our own manufacture:

SHIRTS,

COLLASS.

terms. Also sales and the sales are able to make the sales wishing sairs or under garments of any discription, can have them made to order by sensing sample of such kinds as may be desired.

LYNN & REBMAN,
No. 12. market, treet.

No. 12, warket street,
Harrisburg, Pa
Rooms next door to Hummel & Killinger's Grocery

GENERAL ORDERS, NO 2. HEAD QUARTERS, P. M. Harrisburg, Aug. 19, 1861.

BY DIRECTION of the President of the United States, all volunteer regiments or parts of Regiments accepted directly by the War Department from Pennsylvania, either with or without arms, equipments or uniforms, are to be forwarded at once to Washington. Their commanders will therefore immediately report to these headquarters, stating the number of men and the station from which they are to be taken, that transportation may be furnished them without delay. By order or

A. G. CURTIN, Governor and Commander-in-Chie CRAIG BIDDLE, A. C. D

aug2 STRAWBERRY PLANTS, A Selection of the best kinds known, J MISH, J MISH, Keystone Farm.

Per dozen 25cts; per 100 \$1; per 1,000 \$5.

COAL.

THE under igned would respectfully in-THE under igned would respectively inform the clitzens of Harrisburg that he is prepared to furnish in any part of the city, Ly:ens Valley, Trevorton and Wilkesbarre Coal as low as any other dealers in the city. Please call and give me a tri-l.

J. WALLOWES, Jr., Agent,
No. 8, Reading Railroad Depot,
sel-6 dlm Harrisburg, Pa.

WANTED, 50 SHOEMAKERS on Coarse Work.
Apply in 'orth State street between Sixth and [sep6-1m] WM SMALL.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

POR RENT.—The large brick dwelling house now occupied by David Mumma jr. Esq., on Third street near Market, with an office suitable for an attorney. Possession given first of October next. Enquire at the Prothonotary's office.

W. M. MITCHALL.

UNDERTAKER,



TATE Street near Third street, a few doors below Brady's Hotel, Harrisburg A fine new Hearse Ready made Coffins always on hand and neatly finished to order. Silver plates, &c. Terms reasonable.

[au30-08m*]

STONE FOR SALE. BUILDING STONE or Stone suitated for turnpiking purposes will be delivered to any

mar23 WM. COLDER, Jr. ANTED at the Harrisburg Car Shop, SMITHS. W. T. HILDRUP, Supt. sep2-dtf

REGULATIONS. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

HARRISBURG, Sept. 8, 1861. 1. No pardon will be granted until notice of the application therefor shall have been given by publication once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the county in

which the conviction was had.

2. No pardon will be granted unless notice of the application therefor shall have been given to the District Attorney of the proper County.

3. No pardon will be granted without first consulting the Judge who presided at the trial of the party. By order of the Governor.

ELI SLIFER. sep 4-1 m.Sec'y of Com.

WANTED, TEADY and sober young men to join the Harrisburg Cavalry conspany, accepted by the Government, and already in camp. Enquire at the rendezvous, Exchange, Walmutstreet. aug26-dtf CHAS. C. DAVIS, Captain.

OR SALE.—One of the best business stands in the city on reasonable terms, or leased for three or five years situated in Market street between Fourth and Fifth. Enquire on the premises of jy 9-d2m DANIEL LEEDY.

JOHN B. SMITH'S BOOT & SHOE STORE.

CORNER SECOND AND WALNUT STS. Harrisburg, Pa.

LWAYS on hand a large assortment of A LWAYS on hand a large assortment of BOOTS, SHOES, GATTERS, &c., of the very best lualities for ladies, gentlemen, and childrens's wear.—Prices to suit the times. All kinds of work MADE TO ORDER in the best style by superior workmen REPAIRING done at short notice.

JOHN B. SMITH, Harrisburg

PAROCHIAL SCHOOL THE Sixth Semi-anual Term of this Institution commenced this day. Pupils, (male and female) of the age of nine years and upwards will be recieved. All the usual branches of a good English education as well as Latin and Greek languages are taught.

Terms: \$10, \$12, \$14 and \$16, per session of five months, according to the branches taught. No extra

C. V. MAYS, A. M., Princip Or to Rude. F. Kelker, D. W. Gross, G. P. Wiestlin J. Herr and Geo. Z. Kunkel, School Committee. 8ep2-d6t*

ARMY OVERCOATS FOR SALE.

To Newly Organized Regiments.

A lot of the very best overcoats, made according to the army regulations, and sufficient occupin a full regiment, are for sale at 1. SEKLENBERGER & Co., Second street, below Jones House Harrisburg.

REMOVAL.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has removed his Plumb-and Brass Founding establishment to No. 22 South de street below Herr's Hotel. Thankful for past Pat-age, he hopes by strict attention to business to merit J. JONES.