MORNING TELEGRAPH.

BY GEORGE BERGNER. HARRISBURG, PA., SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1861. PRICE ONE CENT.

Medical.

DR. JOHNSON
BALTIMORE
LOCK HOSPITAL.

HAS discovered the most certain, speedy and effectual remedy in the world for

DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.

RELIEF IN SIX TO TWELVE HOURS.
No Mercury or Noxious Drugs.
A CURE WARRANTED, OR NO CHARGE, IN FROM ONE TO TWO DAYS.

Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Pains in the Loins, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, Decay of the Physical Powers, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Stomach, Affections of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin—those terrible disorders arising from the indiscretion or Solitary Habits of Youth—those dreadful and destructive practises which produce constitutional debility, render marriage impossible, and destroy both body and mind.

YOUNG MEN.

Young men especially who have become the victims of solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talent and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect health.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS

Immediately cured and full vigor restored.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

Office No. 7 South Frederick Street, Baltimore, Md., on the left hand side going from Baltimore street, 7 doors from the corner. Be particular in observing the name or number, or you will mistake the place. Be particular for *Ignorant, Trifling Quacks*, with false names, or *Paltry Humbug Certificates*, attracted by the reputation of Dr. Johnson, lurk near.

All letters must contain a Postage Stamp, to use on the reply.

DR. JOHNSTON.

Dr. Johnson member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greatest part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J. addresses all those who having injured themselves by private and improper indulgencies, that secret and solitary habit which ruins both body and mind, unfitting them for either business or society.

There are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.

MENTALLY, the fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded:—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evil effects.

Thousands of persons of all ages, can now judge what is the cause of their decline in health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, have a singular appearance about the eyes, cough, and symptoms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN

who have injured themselves by a certain practice, indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hopes of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

effect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

DR. JOHNSON'S INVIGORATING REMEDY FOR ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

By this great and important remedy, Weakness of the Organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored.

Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated who had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved. All impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous, Trembling, Weakness or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily cured.

TO STRANGERS.

The many thousands cured at this Institution within the last twelve years, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Dr. J., witnessed by the reporters of the papers, and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, *besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility*, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.—When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, affecting the head, throat, nose, skin, &c., progressing on with frightful rapidity, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings by sending him to "that bourne from whence no traveler returns." It is a melancholy fact that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that *deadly poison, mercury*, ruin the constitution and make the residue of life miserable.

TO STRANGERS.—The Doctor's Diplomas hang in his office.

Letters must contain a Stamp to us on the reply.
Remedies sent by Mail.
No. 7 South Frederick street, Baltimore.
aprl8-dawly

JUST PUBLISHED.

A MANUAL
OF
MILITARY SURGERY
OR,
HINTS ON THE EMERGENCIES
OF
Field, Camp, and Hospital Practice.
BY
S. D. GROSS, M. D.
PROFESSOR OF SURGERY IN THE JEFFERSON MEDICAL COLLEGE AT PHILADELPHIA.

For sale at BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE.
may 24

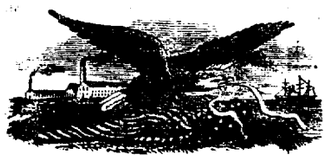
POWER'S
DIARRHŒA AND CHOLERA
ANTIDOTE,

For the cure of these distressing maladies. Agreeable to the taste.

Every soldier should procure a bottle of this valuable medicine before they take up their line of march. For sale at

C. A. BANNVART'S, Drug Store,
my2-d3m Harrisburg, Pa

D. W. Gross & Co.,



D. W. GROSS & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS
NO. [illegible]
MARKET STREET
HARRISBURG, PENN'A.

DRUGGISTS, PHYSICIANS, STORE-KEEPERS AND CONSUMERS,

We are daily adding to our assortment of goods all such articles as are desirable, and would respectfully call your atention to the largest and best selected stock in this city, of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS & PAINTS,

Oils, varnishes and Glues,
Dye-Stuffs, Glass and Putty,
Artist Colors and Tools,
Pure Ground Spices,
Burning Fluid and Alcohol,
Lard, Sperm and Pine Oils,
Bottles, Vials and Lamp Globes,
Castile Soap, Sponges and Corks,
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

With a general variety of

PERFUMERY & TOILET ARTICLES,

selected from the best manufacturers and Perfumers of Europe and this country.

Being very large dealers in
PAINTS, WHITE LEAD,
LINSEED OIL, VARNISHES,
WINDOW GLASS, ARTIST'S
COLORS, PAINT AND
ARTIST'S BRUSHES
IN ALL THEIR VARIETIES,
COLORS AND BRONZES
OF ALL KINDS,

D. W. GROSS. H. A. ROSS.

We respectfully invite a call, feeling, confident that we can supply the wants of all on terms to their satisfaction.

TEETH! TEETH!!

JONE'S AND WHITES'S PORCELAIN TEETH,

PATENT MEDICINES AND HAIR RESTORATIVES

Of all kinds, direct from the Proprietors.

Saponifier and Concentrated Lye!

Wholesale Agents for Saponifier, which we sell as low as it can be purchased in the cities.

THAYER'S MEDICAL FLUID EXTRACTS,

COAL OIL! CARBON OIL!!

Being large purchasers in these Oils, we can offer inducements to close buyers. Coal Oil Lamps of the most improved patterns, very cheap. All kinds of lamps changed to burn Coal Oil.

FARMERS AND GRAZIERS,

ose of you who have not given our HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS a trial know not their superiority, and the advantage they are in keeping Horses and Cattle healthy and in good condition.

Thousands can testify to the profit they have derived from the use of our Cattle Powders by the increasing quantity and quality of milk, besides improving the general health and appearance of their Cattle.

Our long experience in the business gives us the advantage of a thorough knowledge of the trade, and our arrangements in the cities are such that we can in a very short time furnish anything appertaining to our business, on the best of terms.

Thankful for the liberal patronage bestowed on our house, we hope by strict attention to business, a careful selection of

PURE DRUGS

at fair prices, and the desire to please all, to merit a continuance of the a discriminating public.

The Telegraph.

[illegible] PROCEEDINGS.

TRIAL OF GEORGE STARRY FOR THE MURDER OF GEORGE A. REIFF.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. George Starry, indicted for the murder of George A. Reiff, of Norristown, Montgomery county, on the 26th of last July, in this city, was called up at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Messrs. [illegible] HERR and CHAS. HUNSECKER, of [illegible] for the Commonwealth, [illegible] and R. L. MUENCH for the defendant.

THE JURORS.

The jurors selected to try the case were sworn or affirmed separately as they entered the box. The following are their names:

John Hoffman,	Jacob Rauch,
Levi Care,	Montgomery Kirk,
David Killinger,	G. W. Finney, *talesman.*
Hiram Bailey,	Dr. A. Patterson, do
Benj. Rumbarger,	T. J. Black, do
John Lingle,	Chas. Coates, do

The case was opened to the jury by the District Attorney, Col. Herr, in his usual able and lucid manner.

THE TESTIMONY.

GEO. ASHBURN, sworn. I live in Norristown, Montgomery county; was in Harrisburg on the 26th of July last; our regiment was quartered in the Capitol square to be mustered out; I belonged to the 4th Pennsylvania regiment; was coming down Walnut street between 10 and 11 o'clock; and when near the Exchange in Walnut street I heard cries for the second and fourth Pennsylvania regiments; I turned round and run up; Geo. Reiff was ahead of me; saw Starry have a pistol in his hand pointed at Geo. Reiff; Reiff caught Starry by the wrist; Starry pulled his wrist down and fired the pistol; Reiff staggered back, when another man came up and struck him down; the man that knocked Reiff down jumped on top of him; I then ran and struck at the man that was on Reiff; do not know if I hit him or not; Starry then shot me, the ball entering my back; Starry then turned around and ran off, the crowd giving away to him; he had a Sharpe's pistol. [A pistol was shown.] The pistol was like this one. When I first saw Starry I was in the middle of the street. It was between the Mayor's office and Omit's Hotel, when Starry fired at Reiff; I guess there were at least 150 people there at the time, if not more; some I think were halloeing for the fourth and second regiments to come up; when I came up to the crowd I did not notice that Starry had his pistol cocked; he pointed the pistol at Reiff; did not hear what Reiff said to him; did not see Reiff strike Starry, but I saw him grab his wrist; Starry was pointing the pistol at Reiff when Reiff grabbed Starry's wrist; this was in Walnut street below Third; Reiff was shot on his right side near his navel; I was carried to the depot; did not know what became of Reiff.

Cross Examined.—Starry was in the crowd when I first saw him; there was one hundred and fifty people around him or more; did not see any person striking at Starry at the time; did not see him knocked down; did not hear the words "kill him," or "knock him down;" Starry had his pistol in his hand when I first saw him; there were two or three persons in between Starry and myself when the pistol was fired; seen the pistol because it was held up; I don't know of any struggle between Reiff and Starry before the pistol went off; heard nothing said by either of the party before the pistol went off; think Starry was backing a little from the time I first saw him till the pistol went off; think he took two or three steps back; did not hear Starry say "for God's sake men don't kill me;" I came up the street and Reiff was coming from the Capital square; heard the call for the Fourth regiment before I seen Reiff coming down; the men ran from all directions; did not strike at Starry after Reiff was shot; Starry was struck after he shot Reiff; was standing in the street at the time.

By the Commonwealth.—I did not see any person else flourish a pistol except Starry; the two shots were fired within two minutes.

SAMUEL KUGHLER, sworn. I was here with Ashburn and Reiff on the 26th of July; went into the crowd at Third and Walnut streets; saw Starry with his pistol drawn; he was raising and lowering it, stepping backward a little; the crowd was in a circle; I walked across and told Starry to put up his pistol, as he might shoot somebody; he replied that he would be damn'd if he wouldn't shoot somebody; saw several persons running from the Capitol grounds; Reiff was at the head of them; saw Reiff grab for Starry's arm, and he caught him by the wrist; there was a kind of a scuffle between them there; I heard the report of a pistol; I then saw Reiff staggering, grabbing at his clothes; then some person struck Reiff and knocked him down; Ashburn then ran in; didn't see him strike Starry; Reiff then got up; went to him and asked him if he was shot, or if he was hurt bad; he replied that he did not know; the crowd then gave way and Starry made his escape; Starry hadn't the pistol cocked when I first saw him with it drawn; I saw Starry cock the pistol just as I told him to put it up; he said "he'd be damned if he wouldn't shoot somebody;" I did not hear Reiff say anything to him; I did not see any one else have a pistol in the crowd; did not see any person strike at Starry; Reiff did not strike at him; I saw the wound in Reiff, and waited on him till he died; the wound was about an inch to the right of the navel—rather above the navel; it was a small bullet wound; Reiff was shot on Friday, about 11 o'clock, and lived till the next Monday morning a little before 7 o'clock; there was no rush of the crowd for Starry; the crowd gave way to Starry when he brandished his pistol; I heard him say, distinctly, while brandishing his pistol, that "he would shoot somebody;" it was not two minutes after this until he shot Reiff; Starry had his coat and hat off; Reiff had no weapon when he came up to the crowd.

Cross Examined.—I can't say if Starry was excited or not; was somewhat excited myself; I did not know Starry before; I did not hear the cry of "kill him," &c., until after the shooting; Reiff did not catch Starry in a boisterous manner; was in the crowd perhaps three or four minutes after the report of the pistol; the crowd excited me; I was struck in the crowd at the Exchange; was fighting in the crowd, and others were fighting around me; saw no person strike at Starry; had no weapon with me at the time; saw no other weapon but the pistol in Starry's hand.

[The witness here went on to relate a fight that occurred at the Exchange, previous to the shooting of Reiff.]

By the Commonwealth.—When I got to the corner I saw no fighting.

Adjourned until 7 o'clock, P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

The Court re-assembled at twenty minutes past seven o'clock and resumed the homicide case.

Dr. J. B. DUNLAP, sworn. I am a surgeon physician; I attended Reiff on the day that he was shot; found him laboring under the effects of a wound received by a ball which I supposed was from a pistol; the wound was just above the left of the navel, near the centre of the belly; it was a small wound, looking like a wound made by a pistol ball; attended him until Saturday about [illegible]. I presumed the wound occasioned by the ball took an oblique direction, downward and inward; gunshot wounds are considered fatal when they enter the cavity of the abdomen; I probed the wound but could not find the ball; I passed the probe into the cavity of the abdomen. He was suffering with intense pain; the injury he received caused his death; am satisfied of this; was satisfied the time I first saw him that he would die; he was lying on the ground near the capitol when I first saw him.

SAMUEL STEVENS, sworn.—I was here on the 26th of July last. About half-past ten o'clock in the morning I was standing at the Capitol gate; saw a lot of men standing down at the Exchange; some men were fighting there: they were strangers to me, and I went out of the crowd, and came up and stood at the tobacco store at Third and Walnut street about five minutes; I met Starry standing there on the crossing by himself without coat or hat on; I said to him "put your pistol away or you will shoot somebody;" he didn't appear to notice me, at least he didn't give me an answer; I passed him, and stepped behind him at the corner; Starry walked into the crowd towards the State Capitol Hotel; I saw him have his pistol in his hand; it was not cocked then; at this time Reiff went into the crowd just in front of him and took Starry by the wrist, I supposed to get the pistol out of his hand. After Reiff caught Starry's hand, I kind of wheeled towards the tobacco store, when the pistol went off. Reiff was then taken away; the crowd was principally between us when Reiff was with Starry; I saw no person beside Starry have any weapons; Reiff came to the crowd about the same time that I did; heard nothing said by the crowd before Reiff was shot; after he was shot I heard some say "catch him."

Cross-Examined.—I first saw Starry standing alone at the crossing at the tobacco store; the crowd was about opposite the squire's office; it had moved up the street from below; there was a very large crowd—some soldiers and some citizens; there didn't appear to be much noise; but several were fighting; heard no cries of the "Fourth," "wade in Fourth," or anything of that kind; passed immediately in front of Starry and told him in a kindly manner to put up his pistol; saw none of the members of the Fourth regiment have pistols in their hands on that day; Starry was standing about three steps from the curbstone, on the sideway, with no person about him; I saw Reiff take hold of Starry's wrist; there was nothing said by Starry before the pistol was fired; Reiff told Starry to put up his pistol before it was fired; did not know any person engaged in the fight at the saloon.

By the Commonwealth. After the shot was fired I heard some say "catch him."

WM. W. OWENS, sworn. I was here on the 26th of July last; reside near Norristown, in Jeffersonville, Montgomery county; on the 26th of July as I was laying under the trees on the Capitol grounds, I saw the crowd down at the corner of Third and Walnut streets, when I, with others, went down to see what the fuss was; the others got ahead of me; when I got down the crowd had formed a circle around Starry, and I saw in his hand a pistol. [A pistol was shown.] It was like that; he had his hands inclined upwards; could not tell if the hammer was drawn; the crowd then pushing around, the first thing I heard was the report of the pistol; was then pushing to get into the crowd when I heard the second report; I then stepped back, but saw nothing more of the prisoners; Reiff and Ashburn were then carried away; heard nothing said in the crowd; there was great excitement after the shot was fired; am certain Reiff had no arms about him; saw no weapon about except the one in the hands of Starry.

Cross Examined.—I didn't go down to the crowd because of any calls for the fourth regiment, but merely from curiosity; Reiff was with the party that went with me; could see the crowd from where I was lying; there was a circle around Starry when I got to the crowd; it was somewhere near the middle of the street, rather down Walnut street; the first thing I saw was Starry with the pistol up and Reiff having hold of his arm; Reiff was rather at his side; did not see Reiff stagger or fall, there was too many around.

BENJ. FLEMMER, sworn. I was here on the 26th of July last; went down to the lager beer saloon, five of us, and took a glass of beer, when some strangers began to pitch into us; we all got outside, and I seen Starry having one of our men down in the gutter kicking him; after that I seen Starry on the cellar door, having one of our men punching him; I then seen a crowd up at the corner of Third and Walnut; I went up, and just as I got there a pistol was fired, and the ball hit Reiff; Reiff was not with me at the saloon; saw no one have weapons except Starry; after the shot was fired the crowd gave way a little, and I seen Starry shoot again, and the shot hit Ashburn; Ashburn and Reiff were then taken up to the Capital square, and I went with them. [A pistol was shown.] The pistol was like that.

Cross Examined.—Chas. Kener, Samuel Kugler and Jacob Alter of the fourth regiment, were with me in the lager beer saloon engaged in the fight; was in the party that were fighting from the saloon to the pavement; saw Starry on the pavement; he was punching away at one of our fellows; the first one I seen with Starry was in the gutter, the next was on a cellar door; suppose Starry got a couple of raps; the next time I saw Starry was at the corner; there was five of our fellows and about thirty other men engaged in the fight at the saloon; there were about 150 persons at the corner when the shots were fired; I suppose it was the alarm of the fight that brought the crowd together.

CAPT. ANDREW KRAUSE, affirmed—I was standing on the morning that this difficulty occurred on the cellar door of the Mayor's office; there was a kind of a rumpus in the bar room in the Exchange; when I went to look in, the crowd came out, with four or five men on Starry. He had neither coat or hat on. Mr. Herr came up to me and while we were standing there, Starry came up with a pistol in his hand; we told him to put his pistol away; he then went away and directly afterwards I heard two shots fired at the corner of Third and Walnut streets.

Cross Examined.—The four or five men who were on Starry when the crowd came out of the restaurant were beating him; some one pulled the men off of Starry; Starry said when he come up to Mr. Herr and myself "that the first person who would do anything to him he would shoot." Mr. Herr and myself told him to put the pistol away; I didn't see Starry have a man down on a cellar door on the opposite side of the street; when the men who were beating Starry were taken away from him, he went into the restaurant again; the crowd was very large, filling up the street to the corners.

By the Commonwealth.—When Starry came out of the restaurant the second time he had the pistol in his right hand; there was no crowd then pressing on him.

JOSIAH ROTAN, sworn. The reporter was unable to hear the testimony given by this gentleman, but it evidenced, however, to the difficulty in front of the Exchange between Starry and some others; to having seen Starry going up the street with a pistol in his hand towards the corner of Walnut and Third streets, and to hearing the pistol shots directly afterwards.

The testimony for the Commonwealth was here closed, when R. L. Muench, Esq., opened the case in behalf of the defendant, after which the Court adjourned until 8 o'clock this morning.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Latest From Washington.

THE EAST INDIA SQUADRON.

Asylum for Recaptured Africans.

The Rebels Trying to Induce Naval Officers to Join Them.

ALL QUIET BEYOND THE POTOMAC.

INTELLIGENCE FROM RICHMOND.

A FORCE OF 300,000 MEN.

EFFORTS TO SECURE MARYLAND.

THE NAVAL EXPEDITION.

THE CABINET QUESTION.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.

Official dispatches from the East Indies state that the flag officer had received the orders of the Navy Department for the immediate return of the squadron to the United States. One ship will, however, be left there, and also one on the coast of Africa and off Brazil, after the squadrons shall have been withdrawn for blockading purposes.

The Governor of Fernando Po has been authorized by the Spanish Government to receive in that Island a certain number of slaves who may be captured by vessels of the United States, that, being free, they may there acquire the benefits of civilization.

Flag officer Inman has communicated this proposition to our Government.

It appears by the same correspondence from the African squadron that the secessionists have been sending circulars to the naval officers of southern birth holding out inducements to leave the United States service and join that of the confederates, with equal rank. A first Lieutenant of Marines, actually, received one of these documents.

There is nothing new to-day from the other side of the Potomac. The rebels are unusually quiet beyond our lines. They doubtless hope to draw out our troops beyond the range of our defences. But General McClellan will make no such move till he is entirely ready.

A secessionist in Georgetown has been detected in exchanging clothes with runaway soldiers, giving them plain clothes in return for their uniforms.

The Provost Marshal in Washington, General Andrew Porter, is doing his duty most energetically.

Forty or fifty arrests are made by his guard every day. The effect is excellent.

One of the soldiers has been forging passes to leave the camps, and selling them at a quarter of a dollar a piece to such soldiers as desired to go to Washington.

Col. Charles Thomas, U. S. Quartermaster at Philadelphia, has been superseded by Col. George H. Crosman. Col. Thomas is ordered to join Gen. Bank's army.

Col Crosman entered upon his duties at the Quartermaster's office in Philadelphia this morning.

Attorney General Bates left the city this morning, for a brief absence.

His assistant, T. J. Coffey, Esq., will perform the duties of the office as Acting Attorney General, while he is away.

There will be no trouble, henceforth about the pay of the troops. All the regiments are paid promptly.

From a gentleman who just arrived from Richmond, *via* Louisville, the following interesting intelligence has been received: He has spent several weeks in Virginia, and visited the line of the rebel army of the Potomac. He estimates the number now in arms in Virginia at nearly three hundred thousand, and the force on the Potomac alone at one hundred and eighty thousand. Since the 1st of June immense quantities of arms, purchased in the east, have been carried into the State through Baltimore, and their whole army is now well armed.

Manassas Junction has been virtually abandoned, there being only a guard left there, to look after the guns in battery. The principal body of their forces has been pushed forward to the Upper Potomac; to be thrown across into Maryland, for which movement a column of forty thousand is prepared, with pontoon bridges, upon which they can cross at any point they find the least defended.

They are determined to make an effort to get Maryland in their possession, and they believe that will insure their ultimate possession of this city and all the immense accumulation of supplies here, and enable them to transfer the war from the Potomac to the Susquehanna, and secure to them the recognition by Europe of the southern confederacy. This programme has been decided upon.

A force of about fourteen thousand men has gone to Winchester, to be ready to co operate with the column now menacing the position of General Banks and General Stone. The approaches upon our lines immediately in front of this city are merely feints; but the force there is deemed sufficient to carry our works at Alexandria and the Chain Bridge, if the principal part of our forces should be called away to repel the attempt to cross the upper Potomac

General Scott expressed the opinion yesterday that the rebels must make an attack on our lines at an early day. General McClellan is ready to give them a warm reception.

One of the objects of the expedition was to sink vessels at the mouths of inlets to Southern harbors. But this is not the only object of its mission, probably. Four thousand troops and a major general were not necessary to accomplish that work. There will, doubtless, be raidings and assaults, which will give men and officers an opportunity to gather glory.

It is reported that two new rebel batteries have been discovered near Indian Head, on the Potomac.

The reply of the President to a New York gentleman, who endeavored to discover his policy with regard to the demand for a change on the part of his Cabinet, was significant. He said—"Tell your friends sir, to make war on the enemy, and not on each other."

THE REMAINS OF GENERAL LYON.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30.

The remains of the lamented Brigadier General Nathaniel Lyon, are expected to arrive in this city to-morrow morning, on their way to their final resting place in Connecticut. It is expected that the body will arrive at the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, at Eleventh and Market streets, at six o'clock in the morning. Upon its arrival there, it will be taken in charge by Company B, Captain Hastings, First Regiment of Artillery, of the Home Guard. This Company will act as a Guard of Honor to the body while it remains in the city. In addition to Company B, Company A, of Infantry of the Line, Colonel Charles P. Dare, will act as an escort to the New York Depot.

IMPORTANT FROM MISSOURI.

QUINCY, Ill., Aug. 30.

Lieut. Pinkney, of the Sixteenth Illinois regiment, arrived here, states that a body of rebels about 2,500 strong, under the notorious Martin Green, took possession of Palmyra yesterday morning, there being no United States troops there to defend it, and no resistance was made. Five hundred of the rebels were in town, and the rest encamped outside.

A train of cars containing a considerable quantity of muskets for the troops at St. Joseph, which left Hannibal yesterday, was fired into near Palmyra and forced to return. Nobody hurt.

Palmyra is the county seat of Marion county, and one hundred miles northeast of Jefferson city.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER ARAGO.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Aug. 30.

The steamship Arago from Havre and Southampton, with dates to the 20th inst., passed Cape Race this morning.

The steamer Anglo Saxon and City of Baltimore arrived out on the 19th inst.

The steamer Extra, crippled by the breaking of her shaft, had arrived at Queenstown. Her passengers were transferred to the steamer Glasgow, which was to leave for New York on the 22d inst.

THE BATTLE NEAR SUMMERSVILLE, VA.

CLEVELAND, Aug 30.

Governor Dennison has just received the following telegram from Brigadier General Cox:

"GAULEY BRIDGE, Va., Aug. 29.—Authentic reports show that fifteen were killed, and about forty wounded of the seventh Ohio. A large number are scattered or missing, however, but we hope most of these will return."

FROM FORT PICKENS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.

The storeship Release has arrived at this port from Fort Pickens on the 2d, and Key West on the 14th. James Brown and John S Brown, seamen, who were taken as invalids from the Colorado, died on the passage, and their bodies were consigned to the deep.

RUNNING THE BLOCKADE.

NEW YORK, Aug 30.

The steamer Matanzas at this port to day brings Matanzas dates to the 25th. A British schooner had arrived there, having run the blockade off Newborn, N. C., and sailed again for Charleston. A sloop from Charleston had also arrived, having run the blockade.