## Pennsylvania Daily Telegraph, Monday Afternoon, July 29, 1861.



OUR PLATFORM. THE UNION-THE CONSTITUTION-AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAW. HARRISBURG, PA. honday Afterhoon, July '29, 1861. 3.31

icated to music and song, to eloquence and poetry, 71 ... if This Smonard Thought is always the best or engulphing in its billows the trophies of valor thought, when expressed in free and frank lanand renown won in centuries of contests, until a inclusion grage. In this contest, this is particularly moral desolation had spread like a pall over the true-true in our relations to the government that is in danger-true in our position before countries of the Adriatic and the Mediterranean, the world, and most true in our attitude to- in these lands the old darkness is giving way to wards the rebels. We believe that the rebel- a new light; and a fresh feeling animates the lion is an unholy and a sinful concert of action revived pulsation of nations. From the north on the part of a few desperate men to subvert to the south of Europe, the slettric sentiment the prerogatives of government, that they may of freedom has aroused the masses ... They are the better prostitute its powers to their ag. invited to new shrines by strange apostles. grandisement. We believe that the rebelshave They listen as it were to new doctrines, and they been engaged in this conspiracy even while de cannot or dare not resist their influences. The

" A ving the greatest befiefts from bur most per- reformations in Europe, hurried thus impetuous fect form of government. We believe that the ly forward, have in view the elevation of the activite in the set of caste or class who are daily engaged in ministering to the vio- gives way to a healthy Democratic sentiment, lence of mobs, inciting the passions of the ig- in which is involved and insisted upon, the norant, and contributing to the differences of principle of self-government, an equality of socithe prejudiced. They do this, that they may ety and an opposition to that aristocracy which embarrass the action of the government. Like has produced the moral and political prostitutheir leader, John C. Breckinridge; they are tion of the governments in which they have ready with epithet and slander to assail and as succeeded in maintaining their power. shalt the government now struggling to main- While all this change and effort after eleva tain itself, but refuse to utter a single word of tion mark the developments and progress of condemnation against the very men who are in society in Europe, a singular drama or rather arms for its destruction." And yet these men tragedy is being enacted in this country. While are permitted to escape with their crimes dis- the people of Europe, under the light and influplayed in their actions and their sentiments .- | ence of the most limited knowledge, are digging 'Like Breckinridge they are licensed in their down their old altars of superstition, and cre-

"hameful business to any excess of treason they ating in their stead new shrines to be consecramay choose to adopt, and will only be arrested ted to pure religion and an exalted principle of In their treason when wantonness is punished as equality, the people, or a portion of the people the law provides, with the hangman's halter of the United States, are struggling in the full from the gibbet's platform.

NEGRO SOLDIERS .- The Legislature of Tennessee has passed an act "for the relief of volunteers," which authorizes the Governor to impress into the army all the free negroes of that state between the ages of fifteen and fifty years, being sound in mind and body. These tweek unteens' are to perform such menial services in thropist or friend of mankind. It either proves the camp as may be required, and to receive that the tide of intelligence is receding from therefor regular rations, with eight dollars per. nun as wages. This is all right, of course, as long as it is done in the South, but if a free black man in the north offers to shoulder and face death to assist in maintaining the supremacy of the Union, the cry is at once raised by the journals of the Patriot and Union ilk. that the government is encouraging the servile rebellion of the negro. It is time that such puerile policy was abolished, and every human being who loves this country, permitted to fight for its defence and perpetuity.

......HENCHFORTH this contest must be regarded as a war on an extensive scale. It must not be with madness against a chimera. But unfortuconducted only at this political centre, but at at ately for Christianity and mankind, the strug-

THE DETECTION OF A FALSEHOOD AND A WORD OF EXPLANATION.

THE SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.

thrones. In lands where heretofore freedom of

speech was esteemed one of the worst extrava-

gancies of the mob, it is now exercised as freely by

the peasantry as by the peer. In the frozen

north, where but a few years ago the people

talked of liberty as our children discourse of and

repeat their fairy tales, they now rehearse new

and wild anthems to the theme of freedom, and

begin to stand creat, shorn of their serfdom,

scarcely realizing that they are free, yet anima-

ted and buoyant with the mighty imbuings of

freedom. In the south of Europe, where the

old flames of freedom have long since been

quenched by a deluge of superstitition and ig-

norance, rolling its waves over lands once ded-

There is not a nation in all Christendom but which is moved by some mighty pulsation-When the time of the three months' volun moved now by some strange and mysterious inteers was about expiring, in the column under fluence for good or evil. The nations of the command of Gen. Patterson, the plan of the HALF-PAST FOUR O'CLOCK. Old World are all stirred to the deepest recesses government was to pay those men before they of the society of which they are composed, and returned to their homes in Pennsylvania. Prior in Europe there is a feeling of longing existing to that expiration of term, the dilitory conduct

ment untried, to rally these three months' men

to his service for a few weeks longer. This Gen.

Patterson neglected or refused to do, when at

the same time he knew that a foe was lying

on his flanks, or secretly eluding the pursuit

which the foe himself, with his military know

ledge, had a right to expect from the column

under Patterson. Harper's Ferry was in danger

and there the government expected that Patters

son would concentrate his force, after he had

succeeded in holding the army under Johnson

from marching to reinforce that under Beaure-

gard. By such operation and vigorous effort,

the disaster at Bull Run would have been hap-

pily avoided, and the confusion and distress

among the return volunteers in Harrisburg

completely prevented. But such an obedience

of order did not suit the passion of the deposed

General, or increase his prospect of gratifying

his revenge for the imaginary neglects and hu-

miliation heaped upon him by the government

He not only flagrantly omitted his duty in fail-

-From Fortress-Monroe. among the people, that perplexes politicians of Gen. Patterson, added to the suspicion which and startles the mightiest rulers on their attached to his loyalty before he entered the BUILDINGS BURNED AT HAMPTON army, compelled the government to supercede

him in command. His command was to end WITHDRA WAL OF OUR TROOPS almost simultaneously with the expiration of the first term of enlistment, and humiliate The Hampton Bridge Destroyed.

ecessionists.

and chagrined by his proposed removal, Gen. Patterson determined to damage both the ad-TRICKS OF THE ENEMY ministration at Washington and at Harrisburg. In the first place, a popular and devoted com-Threatened Attack on Newport Newsmander would have left no appeal or induce-

Warm Reception.

FORTRESS MONROE, July 28. via BALTIMORE, July 29.

The Odd Fellows Hall, the jail, and a few terday by our troops in apprehension of an troops were entirely withdrawn from Hampton last night. Max Weber now occupies Colonel Duryes's former quarters. A part of the on the 6th proximo.

Hampton bridge has been destroyed in order to prevent communication with this side of the XXXVIIth Congress--Extra Session.

Capt. Bryan, of the Georgia Hussars, and four others, came in yesterday with a flag of truce, relative to the baggage of Capt. Jenkins nd the artist Shurtliff, who were wounded and supplementary to the act authorizing the namade prisoners by them some time ago. It tional loan with amendments. One amend-turns out that they were met by a party of ama-teur soldiers on the other side. The flag was received by Capt. Butler and Lieut. Wiegel, passed. received by Capt. Butler and Lieut. Wiegen, passed. outside the entremchments. A proposal to ex-change them for two Confederate soldiers was rejected, but arrangements were made to for-ward the baggage of the wounded men. The military affairs. flag of truce was evidently a feint for reconnoi-tering Hampton and vicinity.

A flag of truce came into Newport News this army was taken up. morning with a proposition giving our troops twenty-four hours to leave, with the threat that force us out.

evidently intended to excite the worn out pa-against twice the number of his force, which tience and passionate disappointments of the now consists of four effective, regiments. The entrenchments are of a formidable character of such tax, the federal government is to put into and the rebels will meet with a warm reception. Both flags of truce of course represent that The Committee also add a tax on carriages there is a very large rebel force between York-to of from one to fifty dollars; on gold watches of one dollar; on silver ditto fifty cents; and The rebels have to-day been practising from

administration at Washington were concerned, miles below Sewell's Point. Heavy firing is now THE SEARCH FOR THE BODY OF COL. CAMERON.

His Two Friends Taken Prisoners

GEN. M'CLELLAN'S COMMAND, ETC. DESIGNS OF THE REBELS.

WASHINGTON, July 28.

Information was received this evening rela-tive to Messrs. Arnold, Harris and Magraw, Junction. They did not, accomplish the object that additional revenue may thus be derivable.

soldiers, by men who hate the administration on has returned, and reports that all the dead are political differences.

FORSYTHE W OCCUPIED.

FIVE REBELS KILLED.

FORSYTHE, Mo., July 28.

RELEASE CONTRACTOR OFFICE

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE. WHEELING, VA., July 29. The Legislature adjourned on Friday, after ransacting a good deal of business looking to the complete working establishment of the new State government. A stay law was enacted. MAYO The Patrol bill passed, authorizing the Gover-To the Citizens of Harrisburg . nor to organize a patrol in such counties as may need them. About two hundred thousand dollars were appropriated for carrying on the gov-ernment, and a similar sum for military purhas given rise to approheusen it becomes my dety to exercise with which I am invest d, is so poses. Resolutions were adopted on the last day of the session, pledging the members of the Legislature, in an individual capacity, to use all their efforts in effecting a thorough military organization in Western Virginia. military organization in western virginia. The last week of the session was occupied to the in this producemanion is group chiefly in discussing a bill reported from the Special Committee, on the division of the State. the set of the set The bill proposes to give the assent of the Le-gislature to division, recommending the Con-

vention to re-assemble to take immediate action. The discussion developed a pretty strong ele-ment opposed to division. A good many favored immediate action, on Our Troops Ready to Give the Rebels a the ground that when the State should be fully represented, assent could not be obtained, and they wanted to make use of the advantage circumstances had thrown in their way. They were for division first, last, and all the time. Another, and the majority class, favored, di vision, but thought it impolitic, as it would in

other buildings in Hampton, were burned yes. terfere with the plans of the government, which would not at this time countenance such a move mmediate attack by the second onists. Our The result was that no action at all was taken

WASHINGTON, July 29.

SENATE .- Mr. FESSENDEN, (Me.) from the Committee on Finance, reported back the act

The report of the Committee of Conference

on the bill for the better organization of the

HOUSE .- Mr HOBTON, (O.,) from the Com twenty-four hours to leave, with the threat that mittee on Ways and Means, reported back the in case the place was not evacuated they would direct tax bill as amended, in accordance with the instructions of the House. He explained the gun boat Dale, twenty-four guns, at once the modifications which had been made, name went up from Old Point. The Albatross and ly, the sum to be received from direct taxation went up from Old Point. The Albatross and 19, the sum to be received from \$30,000,000, as originally de-Penguin are also stationed there, while the is reduced from \$30,000,000, as originally de-Minnesota and seven gun boats at Old Point are signated, to \$20,000,000; this amount to be ready to assist should Newport News be attack-apportioned among the States according to their population. The States are authorized to their population. The States are authorized to their be allowed 15 per Col. Phelps says that he can hold the place collect the money, each to be allowed 15 per on spirituous liquors, of fifty cents per gallon ; a battery at Willoughby's Point, some five and fermented liquors sixty cents per barrel, or two cents per gallon ; on all incomes over six hundred dollars, a tax of three per centum, including money at interest. The scope of the internal duties has als , been enlarged, and the tax on landed estates reduced. Every interest in the country is taxed in fair proportion, including a tax on the nett income of banks, but ncluded in the items of taxation. The House, by a vote of 65 yeas against 67 nays, refused to order the previous question on the passage of the tax bill. Mr. COLFAX, (Ind.,) moved to recommit the

bill to the Committee of Ways and Means, with instructions to provide for the return of the surplus revenue heretofore distributed among the States, which would, he said, obviate the necessity for direct taxation and be much less objectionable; also to modify the present tariff so as to impose duties on the free list, and volunteers of Pennsylvania, before it now seeks who several days ago went in quest of the body increase those on such other schedules as will to turn the current of indignation from the of Col. Cameron. The former was sent by the augment the revenue. Thirdly, the reduction men who have earned it, to those who are not under the reduction. They did not accomplication to massas And fourthly, the retention of the internal duties as provided for in the bill and the addi-

tion thereto of stocks. Mr. HORTON opposed

sities of the low enforced again the attes of the low entropy against the shall to taken to ravely, the house In order to carry out the proves received positive airections to reput of its provisious Harrisburg, July 26, 1861-11 M ESS BEEF AND 1'Olik of twenty five barrels for car-J. Wallowith Office P. a. HOSPITAL DEPARTMEN State of Pennastration HARRISPLES A Medical Board for the exaidates for the post of Surgeon vania volunteer regiments will burg on Tuesday, August 6th, 194 where candidates will preserve and

New Advertisments

OF THE

PROCLAMATION

By order of the Governor. HENRY H SM jy26-4d Surgeon G.

ARMY SUPPLIES

. " QUARTERMASTER GENERAL SOLT Harrisburg, July 26 Sealed Proposals will be received until 12 o'clock, M., on Friday, the August, 1861, for the following Arm deliverable at the State Military St burg, in quantities as required. Sa. to be publiciv opened at the time named, and the successful bid ters in nounced as soon thereafter as convenright being reserved by the State to m diminish the number and quantity of s.

Sixteen Hondred and Fifty Commapoles, pins, etc., complete. Two Hundred and Fifty Wall Tents

poles, pins, etc., complete. One Hundred Drums, with sticks,

riages, cases, etc., complete. Two Hundred (200) Drum Heads-batt

Two Hundred (200) Drum Heads-sint One Hundred Cocoa Fifes.

Ten Thousand Three-pint Canteens, over the strapped, cotton. Ten Thousand Haversacks, army station

Ten Thousand Haversacks, enatureled

Ten thousand Knapsacks, straps, etc., ca army standard. Ten thousand Knapsacks, straps, etc. compati

· enameled cloth.

Six hundred Shovels. Six hundred Spades.

Six hundred Hatchets-handled. Six hundred Axes-handled.

Six hundred Picks-handlad Ten Thousand Tin Plates.

Ten thousand pairs Knives and Forks

Ten thousand Tin Cups. Three thousand Mess Pana.

One thousand Camp Kettles. Ten thousand Great Coats-Infanty

Ten thousand Blouses. One thousand, yards sky blue tape for enevrons Ten thousand pair Trowsers, footmen. Twenty thousand white Domet Flance, shirts Twenty thousand pairs of Drawers. Twenty thousand pairs Stockings. One thousand pairs Cavalry Bouts.

Ten thousand pairs Bootees. Ten thousand Forage Caps. Ten thousand sets of Accoutrements. Twelve thousand Double Numbers 39 + 500

clusive. Twelve thousand Letters A to K inclusion One hundred and thirty Seargents' States Ten Thousand Blankets, seven feet by it six inches, wool-gray, letters P. V. 1981 four inches long, weighing five poinds. Forty Ambulance Wagons, of the patter the U. S. army, of 4 wheels and 2 week Forty Hospital or Medical Transport S. army pattern. Also, Sets of Harness for horses of above The Ambulance Wagons, Carts and Hatta to be subject to the inspection and approquality and finish, of the Surgeon Gerennsylvania, whose decision shall be that a

period of great public and private embarrass ment. And on the same principle, the Pairiot and Union defends the wrong and seeks to blind our shores, again to cast its jewels on the and destroy the right, in order to accomplish The Timmense Loss of the Rebels. its mean purpose of opposition to a party in vote itself to repentance for the assaults in which it indulged against the cause of the country and those who were engaged in its defence

while absent struggling with traitors. Let the Patriot take warning of the past. Let it rememper its own grievous misrepresentation of the responsible for the neglects, or who have been of their mission.

ng to hold the rebel force under Gen. Johnson in check, but after he did reach Harper's Ferry, he again neglected the performance of that duty, by urging the return of the volunteers, when he was well aware that the arrangement and plan of the Paymaster General, under the direction of the War Department, was to pay these troops at Harper's Ferry, whose terms of service were limited to three months. The haste and anxiety of the Patriot and Unio o throw the blame of this disgraceful business first upon Gov. Cartin, exhibits both its ignorance and brutish purposes. By this means it volunteers against the person of the Governor. Its effort, also, to bring the federal authorities into disrepute, was another exhibition of its light of intelligence and religious freedom, to political spleen at the sacrifice of every manly town and Old Point. principle of truth and candor. So far as the destroy the equality in which they have prospered as a nation, and establish on its ruins distinctions they had prepared to pay these men, but were going on at Pig Point. and orders that have held whole races in bondage

thwarted in their plans by the haste and pasin Europe, and prostituted to their uses, the sions of a man who allows his political prejuenergies and labor of nations of men. This is the Strängest spectacle certainly that ever was dices to warp his personal estimate of duty in a presented to the contemplation of the philanbanks that have been so long unwashed by its waters, or that we as a free people are com- power. It would be better employed, did if depelled to fight over again the battles we fought with that aristocracy which sought our first subingation and oppression. If this is not so. then the influence of the declining aristocracy in Europe has been transferred to that meaner aristocracy in this land, that has subsisted so long, neither upon its own intellect or accumulated wealth, but upon its barter and sale of the bodies and souls of men, women and children. If this is not so, then we are struggling

all points of the rebellious country. The armies of the Union must carry their operations into is distinctly against that which the people of Virginia, Tennessee, Missouri, Texas, and the Europe have almost crushed out in countries Indian countries. Our flotillas will cover the where it ruled longest and strongest. It is . Mississippi from Cairo to the Balize, while in against the elevation of an aristocratic class. It qualities of a soldier and statesman !-

A CORRESPONDENT of the Charleston Courier. dia. Washington and Fairfax, that Baltimore papublication." In another letter the same writer says that every movement of the Union regard has so distributed his troops that in case he desires to advance upon Washington, or inerely fall back upon positions already selected, he can bring the whole array into action

with the greatest possible despatch.

MILITARY BOARD will be established at an early - day, before which all the officers suspected of incompetency will be summoned, and those who are not found to be in every way responsible for the discharge of their important duties will be cashiered at once. This board also attend faithfully to the examination of any fresh officers that may be called to the army, Congress, of qualified Union sentiments, may 

the First Dragoons, has been appointed a Briga- spect than for our flag of truce, are permitted to dier General. Gen. Kearney was well known visit them in like manner. We do not wish to in the Mexican war, where he lost his left arm quibble nor to cavil; but it does appear to us in charging one of the gates at the city of that there is more of confidence than of wisdom Mexico. He also paid a visit to Italy during in this system of proceedings, or in these prothe Crimean war; and was present, at some of ceedings without system. the decisive battles in the Sardinia. For sevaral years previously he was on the staff of the late Gen. Macomb, and subsequently aid to Gen. Seott.

THE VOTE ON THE CONFEDERATE CONSTITUTION which is being taken in the rebel states, is reported to be very small. In Georgia a very decided opposition is made to its adoption, but those who are opposed to it are subjected, of seening, to the arrogance of the mob and the insolence of the officers who are holding the milection. And and antiplication of the second

Giningats Mochetsan' AND CADWALADER had a long interview with General Scorr on Saturday morning. The result of the conference is not definitely known; except that the war is to be vigorously prosecuted, and a great demonst stration is to be made as soon as possible.

gle in which the people of America are engaged

the Gulf Mexico the centre of our operations is against the plain principle of slavery-a will be Fort Pickens and Key West. What an principle which has sought and achieved the immense field for the display of the greatest destruction of freedom wherever it has not been boldly encountered and opposed.

We ask the careful observer of events in this

rebellion to note their similarity with those. writing under the date of July 11, says : "Such events which marked the triumphant elevation are the facilities of communication between of the aristocracies of Europe—and we ask him, too, to ponder well the mighty issue involved it has well been 'reserved for a traitor and repers arrive in our camp on the very day of their in this struggle with the rebellion of 1861. It is a plain, an open fight for the right of selfgovernment. It is the struggle of a free govarmy is known, even to details, and that Beau, ernment with conspirators who seek the subversion of its rights, that they may exercise the prerogatives of government and the dictation of laws to the majority of men.

THE SECRECY practiced by the rebel conspirators commends itself to imitation. It is the right war policy under all circumstances, but is peculiarly essential to each army at the present time, however faintly we have hitherto attempted its observance. A flag of truce from the commander of the federal forces, with a message relating to the wounded prisoners they hold, cannot enter their lines : a member of our visit their headquarters on "private business," tion they claim, their services, will not be tarry many days there, and return to our capi-

tal, with impunity; and three gentlemen, for PHILIP KEARNEY, formerly a Brevet Major in whom it is presumed the rebels have more re-

THE ANNOUNCEMENT of the death of Col. James Cameron, in Sunbury, the place of his former residence, was received by the tolling of bells, the half-masting of flags, the suspension of all business, and every token of respect that a stricken and sorrowful people could bestow to the memory of the gallant dead. The Sunbury Gazette thus alludes to his glorious death : "When he accepted the command of the distinguished regiment at whose head he fell, some doubted the propriety of the selection, while others caviled and sneered. His death has no-bly answered then Whatever might have been his deficiencies in a military point of view,

we never doubted his courage, for we knew that one in whose weins nan the blood of that race whose swords had flashed in every Scottish war from Bannockburn to Culloden, would meet the foel of his country in battle without fear and without reproach.

JEFF. DAVIS AND THE STARS AND assigned to the command of the troops on both sides of the Potomac. He visited Arlington on STRIPES.

Among the lies and exaggerations contained Sunday, in Company with Secretary Cameron, "Unofficial information has been received here in the bulletin of the chief traitor to the Congress of traitors at Richmond, giving what purthat the rebels contemplate, at an early day, ported to be an account of the battle of Bull Run, he stated that the rebel troops had captured the Stars and Stripes. This is the first Creek, five guns upon one battery and three and crossing ove time that ever any mortal man had the satisfaction of declaring to the world that had the satisfaction of declaring to the world that had the satisfaction of declaring to the world that had the satisfaction of declaring to the world that had the satisfaction of declaring to the world that had the satisfaction of declaring to the world that had the satisfaction of declaring to the world that had the had the satisfaction of declaring to the world that had the had time that ever any mortal man had the satisfaction of declaring to the world that he had asin that vicinity, on Saturday, a train of cars full sisted in capturing the banner of the free, and of troops came up to the station there. By way it has well been reserved for a traitor and re. of amusement, or experiment, a few ineffectual padiator of honest obligations to make that shots were area at a usually, which the steamer containing the pleasure party, which declaration. The stars and stripes have been comprised several members and ex-members of lowered in defeat, but they have never been left Congress. on a field of battle to fall into the hands of the **OPERATIONS IN MISSOURI.** victors. Through the American revolution, British hands never stained that ensign -through the war of 1812 it was preserved as pure as when transmitted by the heroes of the revolution, and in the struggle with Mexico, it wayed from

Seizure of Military Stores, etc., etc. the Castle of Vera Cruz until it was triumphantly raised to float above the palaces and domes of the city of Mexico. But Jeff. Davis and his rebel followers have captured that flag, and much good may it do them. Doubtless they have trampled the en-

Gen.' Sweeny's command, which left Spring-field on Saturday last, arrived here to day and dissign under which they derived their resources to persed a band of one hundred and fifty rebels, that was stationed at this point, and took pos-celsion of the third. carry on rebellion, into the dust, and Davis himself spit upon a flag on the protection of which he presumed, when he induced the state of .Five of the rebels were killed and several Mississippi to repudiate its debts, or demanded .bebruow. Three of our men were slightly wounded, but that the Christian people of this nation would none killed. The first and second stories of the court approve of the barbarities and oppression of the very institution for which he is now strughouse here were filled with blankets, provisgling. We congratulate the rebels on the capions, camp equipage, &c., which, together with two tons of lead, found in a well, and other arture of the stars and stripes. May its presence, ticles secreted in different parts of the town, in in their midst remind them of what they have all valued at between \$18,000 and \$20,000, done and are doing to invoke on their heads fell into our hands. the terrible retribution of outraged law and Mr. Wilkey, curreputered.

THE Lexington (Ky.) Statesman edited by Thomas B. Monroe, jr., who is Secretary of State under Gov. Magoffin, boldly avows that he is a ARRIVAL OF TWO STEAMERS. disunionist, and rejoices in the opportunity to make the avowal. He is the son of Judge M., of the federal court ; and were he to be indicted for his treasonable utterances, the father would be "fixed," and the judge "softened" to interpose all technicalities to his conviction. Secession cannot be killed in Kentucky until its official aiders and abettors are scotched.

The scamer Kangaroo arrived out on the 18th. The Scontract, The Scontraction important, The President's the anglement of Tailer and the scale internation in the second se of the employment of Indians and negroes in a commation message had neen received, and was variously of the employment of Indians and negroes in a commation on by the press. An obstinate military capacity by the so called southern Constanting of the predicted. The Inndon Time thinks federacy, and has so advised the House, in re-sponse to their resolution upon that subject. and Sol 200 for account.

side of the enemy is greater by far than they Mr. Colfax themselves report. It is believed that Gen. M'Clellan has been

HARPER'S FERRY EVACUATED BY THE FEDERAL ARMY. BALTIMORE, July 29.

Passengers who left Harper's Ferry yesterday, brought information last evening that 'Gen' Banks sent over to the Maryland side on Saturthe planting of a battery on the Potomac, at Banks sent over to the Maryland side on Satur-points to command the channel. As part of day all his camp equipage and military stores, their general programme, they have, at Acquia and yesterday his army evacuated the place, Creek, five guns upon one battery and three and crossing over to the Maryland side, occu-

Confederate pickets were reported to be close upon Harper's Ferry, and it was even rumored that a strong confederate army was approaching posals the time when the goods can be dely from the vicinity of Leesburg. from the vicinity of Leesburg. ommand on Thursday last, and since then several regiments have passed through Baltimore, en route for Harper's Ferry, and have, of course

LOUISVILLE, July 28. The Montgomery Confederation of the 23d says, the Norfolk Day Book reports nightly riots be-tween soldiers and citizens, and that soldiers have entered houses of citizens and committee horrible depredations. The Confederation requests the Day Book to particularize hereafter, so that Alabamians need not be implicated.

THE DEFENCES OF WASHINGTON. WASHINGTON, July 29. The National Intelligencer of "this morning says : "Some of the newspaper writers are de signating points in the neighborhood of Washington which they think need special and stronger defences. All we can say is to repeat the remark of one in authority, namely, that Mr. Wilkey, correspondent of the New York nilitary men in charge have an eye to all these things, and the arrival of regiment after regiment gives us assurance that no proper safe guard is omitted."

THE INDIANA REGIMENTS.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 29. The Tenth Indiana regiment returned home be re-organized and go for the war. The Nineteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-first regiments will leave for Washington this week. 

ESCAPE OF THIRTY PRISONERS. ST. LOUIS, July 28.

Thirty, prisoners, escaped from the county jell, this evening, only two of whom have yet been captured. Two or three escaped charged with murder.

It is desirable that all the above article of domestic manufacture, and when any them are furnished by the United States same must conform in all respects to the states standard pattern in the United States gast master's office and military store, Philade

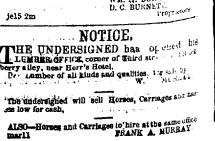
Ten per cent of the amount of each denote to be retained as a forfeiture until me contra Is completed. Contractors to state in their ; are needed will be considered in awarding contract. Successful bidders to give but as an

two approved securities. Every proposal to be endorsed. [rejeated Army Supplies. August 2d, 186].

All supplies contracted for Vader there posals to be delivered at the Military house in the city of Harris ourg, unless wise directed, free of all charge ter boxing or drayage, unless freight to delivery is greater than to Harrisburg. case the difference will be allowed. ages so delivered to be marked on the and name of party furnishing such by with an invoice of contents, end set cing, in addition to above, notice of with supply it is a part. R. C. Har jy27-dtaug2. Q. M. G.L.

A PARTNER WANTED NY person who would be wi A ingage in a profitible business with a bout \$1000, will plean address J. ef. M at tab jy 23 d6t

THE LATEST NEWS. THE Harrisburg TELEGRAPH and Philadelphia PXESS are for sole de ly issburg immediately after the arrivator for a orst's block, Rast Main street, opposite 2.4 TO PRINTERS. -One-half of the VAL LEV STAR offset, at New ile, Pa. is the sale. The proprietor desiring to change in balance where, This is one of the bast locations it they walley. jy23-2td J. M. M. 1. WHITE BULPHUR SPRINGS HOTEL WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS III'''' GARLISLE, Cumberland county, Pa-Tas prietors take pleasure in announcing that they are in prepared to roctive visitors. Persons destring they ited the surpassed for drinking, butting and mean purposes. For information and cracket addre-WM. H. BURGOUSS, D. C. BURNET, jel5 2m



LATER FOREIGN NEWS.

The British war steamer Gladiator, arrived last evening. This regiment returned home here, reports speaking the United States ships fighting at Rich Mountain. The regiment will Roanoke, St. Lawrence, Savannah, and Alba be re-organized and go for the war. The tross. Sr. JOENS, July 29.—The Royal Mail steamer Africa passed Cape Race on Sunday afternoon, with Liverpool advices to the 21st inst.

NEW YORK, July 29.

ere this arrived there, swelling his entire, force to 85,000 or 40,000 men. AFFAIRS IN THE SOUTH. BIOTS AMONG CITIZENS AND SOLDIERS. OUTRAGES BY REBEL TROOPS.