

OUR PLATFORM.

THE UNION-THE CONSTITUTION-AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAW.

HARRISBURG. PA.

Tuesday Afternoon, July 9, 1861.

THE BLOOD OF THE CHIVALRY.

The noisy chivalry of the south, who have conduct, that they are among the most arrant threatened. knaves and cowards in Christendom. They men born to such high distinction as has always press of the country also indulges its lucubrations over the bitter hypocricy of the southern a cotemporary asks whether it is not a humiliating fact for the gallant, the indomitable, the practiced gunnery and horsemanship in swaddling clothes, and grew up into such walking arsenals, that each man of them could laugh a siege of ten Yankees to scorn; who were to be such thunderbolts in war that they would sweep victorious over every battle-field, sack Philadelencamp their armies on the three hills of Boston-we say, is it not humiliating to find these terrible sons of thunder retreating everywhere before their long-despised and villified enemies. and crying pitifully before the world that all they want is "peace"-all they want is to be "let alone?"

But such is generally the ignoble end of the braggart's career. True courage is never loudand silent. And in the clash of "cold steel." and the sulphurous smell of "gun-powder," which Jeff Davis so lately and so indecently the complete organization our State forces promised the loyal men of the north, it will be have now obtained, were forthcoming at seen where the truest courage is found.

that the "invincible" secessionists no longer look to their wonderful warriors to win them able investments, yet it is a fact that three the victory, but are turning, with despairing | millions of bonds, bearing six per cent. interest eyes to England and France, to break the chains with which their limbs are already bound.

## A BOLD THREAT.

Mr. William Brent, of Richmond, was recentarrested in Washington, on a charge of being a spy. At his examination on Saturday, a number of letters, which were found upon his person, were produced, tending to implicate him in the rebellion. Among these letters was one in which a bold declaration is made, that it is the purpose of the rebels to deal first with the leading officers in the federal ranks, and, as in the case of the lamented Ellsworth, assassinate them as the opportunity is presented. The following is a copy of one of these letters:

MERCHANT'S INSURANCE CO. OF RICHMOND. No. 153 Main st., cor. Main and 12th. RICHMOND, 28th May, 1861.

Mr. W. L. Montague, Jr., Baltimore: DEAR WILLIAM—I take real pleasure in re-commending my friend, Mr. William Brent, of this city, to your acquaintance. He is all right, and it will do you good to hear him talk. If you can aid him in the furtherance of his designs, or extend to him any civilities, you will be serving the good cause, and doing the "hand-

some thing" for one of our truest spirits.

Mr. Brent will tell you we will never bow
the knee to Lincoln while water runs or grass grows. Every general officer in his array is "spotted;" and—note what I say—the number of them who will share Ellsworth's fate will astonish this whole land. In haste, yours, affectionately.

J. H. Montague

MR. CRITTENDEN'S POSITION.—Garrett Davis of Kentucky, writes a letter in defence of John J. Crittenden, declaring that that distinguished gentleman, so ar from opposing the administration in its suppression of the rebellion, stands ready "to vote men and money to any amount that may 2 come necessary to defend the government against all enemies, foreign or domes tic." If, however, the seceded states make "a just and reasonable proposition to restore the Union and peace," Mr. Davis declares that Mr. Crittenden "will not thereafter vote another man or dollar to make war upon them."

Mr. Davis adds: "It is not true that Mr. Crittenden intends to propose any ultimatum in Congress to adjust the existing national difficulties. He thinks the war ought never to have been begun, and ought to be brought to a speedy close, upon just and proper terms, which would restore the Union and peace. But he does not believe that he would be the most suitable person to present propositions to that end in Congress at its next session. He hopes they will originate with others under whose auspices they would be more likely to have a better promise of success; and will give any proper ones, come from what quarter they may, his most earnest support."

THE CAPTURE of a company of Pennsylvania deep feeling of regret wherever the fact has become known. The affair occurred near Martinsburg, and was the result of a surprise by a party of rebel cavalry, who were mistaken for regulars of the troops captured. From what we can learn, the men were from what is called the "Loop," in Centre county, commanded by Captain Hess, who is well known in that county as a brave and gallant gentleman. It is hoped that an exchange of prisoners will be made between the two armies in a short time, when these men will be released; but in the meantime we fear, from what we have learned, that the Pennsylvanians are treated in the most brutal and outrageous manner.

The Control of the Co

PENNSYL VANIA.

"Good wine needs no bush," nor does our good old state need any praise for her faithfulness to the principles of her founders, and her loyalty to our national compact, as exhibited in her prompt and liberal contribution of men and means in support of the constitution and the laws. She has always been law-abiding; she has never repudiated any call upon her to Treasury notes or Exchequer bills for sums of aid in restraining or putting down the violators of law; -rich in resources and powerful in all that constitutes the strength of a state, she has yet always fulfilled her part without any display or demonstration of vanity or self-laudation; -but whilst these characteristics are admirable, yet it may be, that simple justice calls for some remarks, in passing, as to the extraordinary readiness and great liberality manifested in her response to the requisitions of the government in the present momentous conflict.

In the first place -let it be noted now, and remembered for all time to come, that with nothing but the mere skeleton of a military organization, she was the first amongst the states to place her volunteer soldiery at the seat heretofore monopolized public attention by their of the general government, at a moment when eternal boasting of superior courage and powers danger encompassed it, and the personal safety in war, are beginning to prove by their own of the President and his cabinet was seriously

Then, let it not be forgotten, that in the same have at last become subjects for the jeers of the spirit, her citizens, as with one heart, stirred people of the world, who regard their conduct | themselves to the work of rendering her solas a result entirely unexpected from gentle- diery as effective as possible, by provisions for its armament, equipment and forage; and that, been claimed for the people of the south. The although in the haste of preparation, some things have been done that required to be amended, yet her Executive, the legislature and fire-eaters, and in the most becoming language, | the people of the state have made it most manifest that they were impelled alone by motives of the highest patriotism and have gone into invincible chivalry of the gulf states, who were and through the work with a devotion of purborn almost with rifles in their hands, who pose, and self-forgetfulness in action, fully up to and worthy of the great occasion.

Independent of the reserve corps of fifteen regiments, a large portion of which are well uniformed and equipped, Pennsylvania has now in the field some twenty-five regiments, comprising a body of men that will compare favorphia, seize the money chests of New York, and ably, in all respects, with soldiers from any other state. The "reserve corps," under the general control of a highly cultivated citizen and gallant soldier of our state, Major General George A. McCall, bids fair to become, if not the flower of the grand army of the Union, at least second to no other branch in all its appointments, and we have an unhesitating confidence that through its future conduct in the field the standard of our country will be nobly mouthed and ostentatious. It is modest, gentle defended, and neither deserted for a moment nor by any possibility disgraced.

The means for the accomplishment of the instant they were called for; and In the meantime, it is worth while to note although in times like these, there could doubtless have been found much more profit have been at once subscribed for AT PAR; and notwithstanding the fact that they were authorized to be sold to the highest and best bidder, and of course below ear: that offers for more than the whole amount were sent in without the suggestion of any de-preciation from the race of the honds.

Other states have, in this trying period or an country's history, most nobly done their part; and whilst having to a greater or less extent like obstacles to surmount, they have met with mischances similar to our own, we take pride in acknowledging their deserts, and their hearty co-operation for the maintenance of the long cherished institutions of our country. At the same time a fair regard for the truth of history requires us to say, that the Keystone state has this crisis sustained her ancient glory an that her citizens will, when the battle shall have been fought and the victory won, look back with a just pride upon the courage of her soldiers, the munificent liberality of her men of business, the wise action of her legislature, and the untiring self-sacrificing patriotism of her Governor, and those whom he has called to his counsels in the various departments of the state government.

HON. JOSEPH CASEY, one of the Judges of the United States Court of Claims, having recovered from a severe illness, will leave for Washington city to-morrow morning, for the purpose of taking his place on the bench of that court. to warrant his departure, and while his recovery will gratify his many friends in this city, his departure from our midst as a citizen and a the enemy cannot be definitely ascertained. professional man will create a void which will not be filled very soon. He will take with him the regrets and the respects of every man in the State capital.

Col. Perkins, of the Fourth Artillery, whose gallant work at Williamsport has been made the theme of a special message to the War Department, is a New Yorker. He graduated at West Point, in the usual manner, and was made a second lieutenant in the Second fourteen years ago. He was promoted a grade in 1854, and to a captaincy since the President's proclamation. The West Point officers are showing pretty plainly that they were not truants at school.

THE BALTIMORE PATRIOT says that Hon. Henry May, the representative in Congress from the fourth district in Maryland, has gone on a visit to Richmond, on invitation of Jeff. Davis, and that he is accompanied by two prominent Pennsylvanians, both friends of the government. The object of his visit is not stated, but troops, by the rebels in Virginia, has caused a is supposed to have some connection with the present condition of affairs.

> Senator Wilson has added a section to his bill for the organization of the volunteer force. It authorizes the Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel. Major Adjutant and Quarter Master of each regiment to frank letters for the troops under their command. The numbers of the regiment

THE NATIONAL LOAN.

Mr. Chase, in his admirable Treasury report proposes to raise at least one hundred millions of dollars by a great national loan. The New York Evening Post says he is evidently of opinion that more than this can easily be obtained in the manner he has specified; and he has good reason for this belief. He proposes to issue \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000 and \$5,000, to bear interest at the rate of 7 3-10 per cent. per an num, and to be redeemable at the will of the government after three years. Seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum is just one cent per day on every fifty dollars. Thus the calculation of interest is within the ability of in clerk hire, by doing away with fractions. this morning in Hampton Roads a force of 200 When we bear in mind, further, that the security the sum which can be raised in this way may greatly exceed one hundred millions. The success of the popular loan raised by Napoleon III. during the Crimean war astonished the world. The capitalists offered him money at rates which he did not choose to submit to:

to so great an extent places of deposit with us, we grant; but that the habit of saving is more common here than in France is evident from the statistics of savings banks in the northern states. The savings banks of this state alon had on deposit on January 1, 1861, \$67,440, 397; and the Superintendent of the Banking Department states in his report for the year that "every thirteenth man, woman and child in this state is a depositor in our savings banks.' Moreover, recent investigations show that these deposits have been but very slightly drawn ipon during the present suspension of business, touching their saved capital only in cases of xt reme necessity.

It has been objected that money is not laid by

There are deposited in banks of savings alone, in New York and New England, over one hundred millions. A portion of this will, doubtless, be withdrawn for investment in the naoffered, with equal security. It is safe to say that Pennsylvania, Ohio and the great West posit, from which drafts will also be made. Then there are the regular untouched deposits of business men and mercantile houses—sums which have been hitherto kept in bank, without interest, in readiness for any emergency, and which make the "deposit" column in the last weekly bank returns of this city alone figure up to more than eighty millions. A large part of this capital will naturally be turned into treasury notes, which bear a high rate of interest, and being, held at par, will be easily convertible into money in case of necessity.

And lastly comes what may have been hoardold-fashioned peur doubt hanks, but no one will doubt the government; and the old farmers who would never risk their gold in a bankvault, however secure, will be tempted alike by patriotism and profit to take the Union for

Thus we may look for a great success for Mr. Chase's project of a national loan.

### Interesting Letter from one of the Verbeke Rifles.

MARTINSBURG, Virginia, July 6, 1861.

of the Federal troops in killed and wounded stroying the boat and cargo. amounted to thirty—this is official. The loss of We found three dead bodies of the enemy on Tuesday, quite a number on Wednesday, twenty-eight on Thursday and found fifty-

quarters of Gen. Johnson, and from which a object being to seize another steamer in the few hours before the rebel flag flew. The gallant fifteenth had the honor of raising the flag, amid the booming of cannon, the beating of Henry, ordered the captain to stop at the drums, and the almost deafening cheers of the

A PRINTER HUNG. The James McGaff, of Greencastle, Pennsylvania, reported to have French lady. been hung at Harper's Ferry, was James Gaff, compositor in the Congressional Globe office, and a member of the Columbia Typographical Society. Mr. Gaff was employed in the Globe office the two last sessions of Congress, and had many friends among the printers of Washingon. He leaves a wife and one child, who are at present living in Greencastle.

## PURIFY THE BLOOD.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHOENIX BITTERS.

From Fortress Monroe.

MOVEMENTS OF WAR VESSELS.

SEWELL'S POINT TO BE ATTACKED DESERTERS FROM THE REBEL CAMP

FORTRESS MONROE, July 9 Com. Pendergrast has gone southward with the Roanoke and Cumberland, and the Daylight calculation of interest is within the ability of any man who can count on his fingers; and bly become the flag ship of the West India while the holder of a Treasury note can tell in squadron. The Quaker City was ordered up to a moment how much his money has earned old Point early this morning, to participate in the contemplated attack upon Sewell's Point. him, the government saves a considerable sum Including the frigate, gunboats, etc., there was

guns and 3,500 men.

It was hoped that a demonstration would be est will be provided for, not by loans, but by revenue, as the Secretary wisely suggests revenue, as the Secretary wisely suggests, we Duryea is acting Brigadier General. A moveshall see that he has reason for the belief that ment of his regiment to Fox Hill, about five miles distant, was contemplated but has been

Last night two men deserted from the Confederates. They belonged to the gunboat Teaser, which guards James river from Richmond to the vicinity of Newport News.

While she was at anchor last night, the men rates which he did not choose to submit to escaped with the yawl and this morning were He appealed to the people; and he received picked up by the Monticello. A small boat more than double the amount he asked for pursued them from the shore, but put back on the appearance of the Monticello. The men pelong in New York and Baltimore and report and hoarded by our people as among the French.

The stocking and the chimney corner are not in Richmond, and the same number posted becomes an extent places of denosit with us. low. On James river, the situation, they say, of the rebels is desperate.

# SCOTT'S PROGRAMME PERFECTED.

THE REBELS SURROUNDED

A GENERAL BATTLE ANTICIPATED

WASHINGTON, July 9.

The movements of the several divisions of the American army in Virginia are evidently tending to a point which must result in the upon during the present suspension of business, crisis of a battle. The commander of the depositors turning to other resources, and traitor forces is the late Quartermaster General Johnson, of the United States army, an experienced soldier, accustomed to the strategy of war, and fighting almost to maintain himself from ignominious death.

The immense body of troops thrown acros the Potomac to strengthen Gen. McDowell, and sent forward within the last few days, via Harrisburg and Carlisle, to reinfore Gen. Pattional loan, where a higher rate of interest is terson, show that Gen. Scott's programme is being steadily carried out, and that his plan of surrounding the enemy is on the eve of realization.

Many of those who censured the course of have another one hundred millions thus on de- the Lieutenant General have abandoned complaint, are now nervously waiting the issue All sides are confident that an action must take alace in a very short time. Johnson may avoid the risk of a battle by an early surrender. He said to be blockaded by water as well as environed by land, and nothing can prevent his early capture but a disaster to those who are gradually gathering the net around him.

If the opposing armies should get to close quarters, and a victory should crown the gallantry of the soldiers of the Republic, heavy and rapid blows will be dealt upon the traitors and an irresistible movement made upon their remaining strongholds; so that the three months volunteers, whose time is about expir months volunteers, whose time is about expiring, may yet have a splendid epportunity of listinguishing themselves before they return

# THE BURNED STEAMER CHIPPEWA.

Return of the Captain, Crew and the military board of New York to remit duties Passengers.

Omaha, July 9. Com. Charles P. Choteau, of St. Louis, and Capt. Wm. H. Humphrie, of the late steamer Chippewa, with all their crew and passengers, arrived at our wharf on Saturday, having traveled one hundred and fifty miles in a Mackinaw boat. The steamer Chippewa left St. Louis on the 28th of April, with government freight and supplies for the American fur company for Port Benton and Bitter Root valley, Washing ton territory. She passed on her way in com-On Tuesday morning we crossed the Potomac pany with the Spread Eagle as far as Fort river at Williamsport in company with about Union, at which point the Spread Eagle's five thousand as brave a set of men as ever freight was placed in charge of Com. Chodrew the breath of life. We had marched into teau, increasing the cargo of the Chippewa to Virginia but about two hours, when we receired the first attack of the enemy. The first company of our regiment on the left of the above the mouth of the Yellow Stone, it was the company of our programment on the left of the labove the mouth of the Yellow Stone, it was the company of the programment on the left of the labove the mouth of the Yellow Stone, it was "Verbeke Rifles" had one man killed, and discovered the boat was on fire. The pumps forty-four taken prisoners, besides the second were all set at work and the boat run ashore, Lieutenant. Skirmishing took place during the and the passengers and crew were hurried off entire day. We chased the enemy fully fifteen without having time to save anything, lest the miles on Tuesday, and on Wednesday morning fire should reach the magazine, which contook possession of their camp which they had tained two hundred and thirty-seven kegs of Judge Casey has recovered his health sufficient abandoned but a few minutes before we arrived. powder. The steamer floated down the river the enemy numbered two thousand. The loss ten miles, when the explosion took place, de-

> ARREST OF THE PIRATES OF THE ST. NICHOLAS.

BALTIMORE, July 8. seven graves yesterday. Besides this we have Lieutenant Carmichael, of Provost Marshal authentic accounts of six wagon loads of dead Kenly's police, went down the river in a tug Lieutenant Carmichael, of Provost Marshal bodies which passed here, so that the loss of and boarded the steamer Mary Washington, to the enemy must have been fully one hundred arrest a man named Neill Green, who was charged with being engaged in the riot on the on Wednesday, about noon, we marched into
Martinsburg, the headquarters of the rebel Gen.
Johnson, the gallant fifteenth regiment in the advance.
On Thursday we took military possession of the town and flung the "stars and stripes" to the occasion of the capture, was also on board the breeze from the Court House—the head-chief their stars and stripes to the occasion of the capture, was also on board with seven of his confederates, their supposed

Gallant soldiers.

Our boys during the engagement behaved themselves handsomely. We expect another fight to-day or to-morrow.

Banks, who ordered a company of Massachuser of the President, on the 18th of April, 1861, from the time they were called into service till the pirates were found, but Capt. Thomas had concealed himself. After an hours search he Mr. Stevens said that there is much suffering the concealed himself. was found in a large bureau drawer in the ladies' cabin. It will be remembered that he went aboard the St. Nicholas disguised as a

All these parties were detained at the fort, with several witnesses who were on board the steamer at the time of her seizure, including her captain and engineer.

PROVOST MARSHAL KENLY AFTER A SUSPICIOUS SCHOONER.

BALTIMORE, July 9.

Provost Marshal Kenly, having learned that a suspicious schooner, supposed to be in the employ of a piractical party who seized the St. Nicholas, some of whom were captured yesterday, is now in the bay, probably awaiting the return of Capt. Thomas alias the French Lady, and the company, together with the name of the writer, must be superscribed upon each letter.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILIS AND PHENIX BITTERS.—
Free from all Mineral Poisons.—In cases of Scrotula Ollors, Scurry, or Eruptions of the Skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing to a serving of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing to a serving of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing to the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing the same about leaving on her regular trip for the eastern shore. The passengers were put off and a squad of police and soldiers took their place, and she proceeded to the Government has had with the Government to Spain in reference to the incorporation of Spain in reference to the incorporation of Dominican territory with the Spanish monarchy, and what protest, if any, our Government has schooner.

ation things fill an engineer of the

## FROM WESTERN VIRGINIA.

Four Companies of the Ohio Ninetcenth Reported Besieged at Glenville.

BUCKHANNON, July 8.

A courier has arrived here from Webster, and reports that four companies of the Ohio Nineteenth are at Glenville, in Gilmer county, about forty miles distant to the southwest, and are beseiged by a picket regiment of Virginians, and 1,500 militia, under command of Col. O. Jennings Wise, late of the Richmond Enquirer. Col. Tyler, of the Seventh Ohio, who was at Weston, has marched to their relief, and the Tenth Ohio, Col. Lytle, has just gone forward to their rescue.

### SAD ACCIDENT AT WASHINGTON

Two Rhode Islanders Killed and Several Wounded.

WASHINGTON, July 9.

As the right section of the Second Rhode Island battery was drilling on the grounds near the encampment of the Mozart Regiment, of New York, early this morning, the cartridges in the limber chest of gun No. 2 exploded, killing Corporal N. J. Morse, Jr., and private Wm E. Bourn; seriously wounding private E. R. Free man, and slightly wounding privates Richard Thornley and Edward E. Weeks. The remains of the dead will be sent to Providence this af-

The cause of the ignition of the cartridges is unknown. A report prevails that it was in consequence of the explosion of a shell, but this is disproved by the examination of several gentlemen acquainted with pyrotechnics, and no fragments being found. Their theory is that the explosion was caused by the agency of friction matches, thrown into the limber chest by some enemy, or dropped into or near it by carelessness.

AFFAIRS ON THE UPPER POTOMAC.

BALTIMORE, July 8.

Letters received here from Martinsburg state that there had been no movement as yet toward Winchester by General Patterson's column, and no hostile advance by the enemy. Firing was exchanged on Fiday between the pickets of the Seventh Pennsylvania, Capt. Girard's com pany, and the secession pickets, which resulted in the retreat of the rebels, and the belief that some of them were wounded.

Two of the Federal pickets were captured

this morning at the house of a man named Small, two and a half miles below here. They were surrounded by ten rebels of cavalry. capture was entirely owing to their imprudence in venturing beyond their posts.

Under a false report, the Eighth, Sixteenth, and Niath Pennsylvania, the Scott Legion, and Capt. Royall's company of the Second Cavalry, turned out and marched two miles southward, to-day, at noon. There was firing on the extreme right, at some scattered troopers, but no casualities.

General Johnson is said to have 25,000 men between this point and Winchester, and 22 pieces of cannon

In the affair of to-day, General Cadwalader led in person, with the Scott Legion in the ad-

### XXXVIIth Congress--Extra Session.

WASHINGTON, July 9.

SENATE—Mr. TEN EYCK, (N. J.) presented a petition of citizens of New Jersey, in case the naval academy is permanently removed from Annapolis, to create the same at Perth Amboy. Mr. Ten Eyck, in a few brief remarks, presented the advantages and facilities of Perth Am boy for a naval school.

Mr. Fessenden, of (Me.,) suggested that all petitions not connected with war matters be laid on the table, and made a motion to that effect, which was carried.

on arms.

Mr. Wilson (Mass) reported back the bill to increase the army, with an amendment to in-

crease old regiments to the same numbers as Mr. TRUMBULL (Ill.) announced the death of Stephen A. Douglas, late Senator from Illinois. He referred to the early history of Mr. Douglas. and his political life; spoke of his power of attaching friends to himself, and the universal mourning which came from the hearts of the people at his death. He was a marked man in every position. He entered the Senate when our great men Clay, Benton, Webster. Calhoun and others, were in their prime, and proved himself no weak competitor. One of his distinguished characteristics was an uncon-querable will; he knew no such word as fail. Mr. Trumbell referred to his bold magnanimous stand for the Union, as the crowning act of his life, but he was cut off in the zenith of his fame. His memory shall last as long as constitutional liberty and free governments exist. Mr. Trumbull offered the customary re-

solutions of respect and that the Senate ad-Mr. M'Dougar (Cal.) followed, seconding the resolutions and speaking in high terms of the public and private character of the deceased. Mr. Collamer said that Mr. Douglas was native of Vermont, and he claimed the privilege to utter a few words at this time. The career of Mr. Douglas is a firm evidence of our insti reer of Mr. Douglas is a firm evalence of our insti-tutions, though his whole career was comprised in nearly twenty years, he yet secured the af-fections of the great mass of the Democratic party, and held their hearts in his hands.

HOUSE.—Mr. STEVENS (Pa.) from the Commit-tee of Ways and Means reported a hill for me

tee of Ways and Means, reported a bill for a national loan and for other purposes. Referred to the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union. Also a bill to provide for the payment of the militia and volunteers called into the service of the United States by the proclamation

Mr. Stevens said that there is much suffering among the coldiers and there was no means to pay them except by the passage of this bill. Mr. VALLANDIGHAM, (Ohio,) said that he trusted there would be no objection to it. Mr BURNETT, (Ky.) being fully satisfied that the House would pass the bill, he desired to in-

terpose no objections. He would content himself with saying that he was opposed to the whole system of war measures.

The bill was then passed. It appropriates \$6,000,000.

Mr. STEVENS gave notice that he will call up the loan bill to-morrow.
On motion of Mr. Sheffield, (B. I.,) the Com-

mittee on Commerce was instructed to inquire whether any and what further legislation is necessary to secure the forfeiture and condem-

who at the many

made against the insolent and aggressive conluct of the Spanish Government

Mr. Elior (Mass.) from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill providing for a code of marine signals, adapted to secret service at

sea to the despatch of vessels, etc. Mr. WASHBURNE, (Ill.) from the committee on commerce, reported a bill further to provide for the collection of duties on imports, and for other purposes. It is designed to close the parts of entry in seceded states and to make ports of entry in certain cases, to collect duties on snipboard, to seize and confiscate vessels belonging to rebels, etc. The bill was ordered to be printed and recommitted to the committee on commerce.

### New Advertisements.

FOR SALE.—One of the best business stands in the city on reason ble terms, or leased for three or five years structed in Market street between Fourth and Fifth. Enquire on the prentises of j. 9-42m DANIEL LEEDY.

SELF SEALING!!! JARS, CHINA POTS AND TIN CANS of five varieties just received and for sale low by WM. DOCK, JR., & CO.

### STRAY HORSE.

TAKEN up to-day (July 9,) in the Sixih ward, a stray GREY HORSE, without saiddle, bridle or harness. The owner can obtain the animal by proving property and paying charres.

LOUIS KAPPHORN, Sixth Ward, Harrisburg.

EUREKA SKIRT!! A N elegant skirt. Selt adjusting in Sit-ting down. A late and elegant improvement, la-thes please drop in at [jy9-2t] JONES' STORE.

## STAGE LINE FOR GETTYSBURG

FARE REDUCED TO \$1.25 THROUGH TO GETTYSBURG.

THE undersigned has established a regular LINE OF STAGE COACHES from Medinicaburg, connecting every other morning with the Cumberland Valley Ratiroad cars. The coaches leave every every Tuesday, Thursday and Saurday, returning every other day. Passengers for Sheppardstowa, Dillard Petersburg and Gettysburg are carried at reduced rates jell-dif

### NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THE UNDERSIGNED COMMISSION. THE UNDERSIGNED COMMISSION.

ERS of Dauphin county, in pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved the 18th day of May, 1861, endited "An Act of authorize the Commissioners of Dauphin county to appropriate a certain sum of money for the support of the families of Volunteers during the present war," do hereby inform the public that they will make a loan to the ameunt of a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars, for which bons will be issued for a term not exceeding ten years, with coupons attached, for the payment of half yearly interest, payable at the County Treasury as 6 per cent. Said bonds are to be clear of all taxation, it is therefore hoped that the said amount in bonds of sum is therefore hoped that the said amount in bonds of sum amounts as the lenders will desire, will be prompt. amounts as the lenders will desire, will be prompt ly taken by the patrictic capitalists or others, with our

PARTIES TO SPECIAL LAXATION AT THIS TIME.

JOHN S. MUSBER,

JACOB BEHM,

GEO. GARV ERICH.

Attacts. LOSER MUSC Clerk. my29-daw Attest-Joseph Miller, Clerk

### JOHN B. SMITH'S BOOT & SHOE STORE

CORNER SECOND AND WALNUT STS. Harrisburg, Pa.

LWAYS on hand a large assortment or A LWAYS on hand a large assortment of BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &c., of the very best cualities for lattes, gentlemen, and childrens' wear.—Prices to suit the times. All kinds of WORK MADE TO ORDER in the best style by superior workmen REPAIRING done at short notice.

OCIDEAU JOHN B. SMITH, Harrisburg.

### NEW COAL OFFICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having entered in THE UNDERSIGNED having entered into the COAL TRADE in this city, would respectfully solicit the patronage of the citizens. I will keep on hand Coal of all sizes, from the most celebrated and approval mines, which will be delivered to any part of the city free from dirt and other impurities. FOIL WRIGH GUARANTEED. COAL FOR SALE BY THE BOAY LOAD, CAS LOAD OR SINGLE ION. Persons purphusing by the Boat Or Car Load will receive 2,240 pounds to the Ton.
Offic: No. 74 Markot street, second door from Dewber ry alle, Yard on the Canal, toot of North street. i) dere leviat either place will receive prompt attention. y alle. Yard on the Canal, toot of North Server, ers let at either place will receive prompt attention, ap-6-lly HALL, agent

## PROF. ADOLPH P. TEUPSER.

I remit duties on arms for the use of States.—
The bill passed.

Mr. Hale (N. H.) offered a resolution that DeWitt C. Clark, be Clerk to the Senate in place of Nicholson, resigned, which was passed.

Mr. Wilson (Mass) reported back the bill to increase the common resigned.

### POWER'S DIARRHŒA AND CHOLERA

ANTIDOTE

for the cure of these distressing maladies. Agreeable to the taste.

Every soldier should procure a bottle of this valuable medicine before they take up their line of march. For

C. A. BANNVART'S, Drug Store, my 2-d3m

JOSEPH CASEV JOHN W. BROWN.

### CASEY & BROWN, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW HARRISBURG, PENN'A.

HAVING associated together in the practice of the Law, will attend faithfully and romptly to all professional business entrusted to their Office in Thurd street three doors from Market N. B. Consultations in English and German.

## NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED has opened his LUMBER OFFICE, corner of Third street and Black-lerry alley, near Herr's Hotel.

Dry Lumber of all kinds and qualities, for sale by

W. i. MURRAY.

The undersigned will sell Horses, Carriages and har ses low for cash,

ALSO.—Horses and Carriages to hire at the same office maril PRANK A. MUSRAY. JUST RECEIVED

### ANOTHER LOT OF THOSE EXTRA FINE POINTED GOLD PENS

OF NEWTON'S (formerly Bagley's) manufacture, warranted to be the test in miterial, the finest pointed, most durable and as cheap as any amarket, for sale, with a variety of Gold and a first conductive or desired the conductive of the conductive or desired th REGINER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE,

EMPTY MOLASSES HOGSHEADS.—A large quantity of empty Molasses Barrels, Hogahaads and Meat Casks, for sale by my24 wm. DOCK & CO.

ESTATE OF WM. H. LOCHMAN, DEC'D. NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of wm. H. Lechman, dec'd, will pleas make payment to the undersigned, and those having demands will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

14CLB HOUSEA.

mands will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JaCob Housek,

Administrator of the will annexed.

N. B —The remaining STOCK of HARDWARE, consisting in part of Locks, latchs, Hinges, Boils, Ferews, Carpenter, Cooper and Mason's tools, Mill and Circular Saws, Cork Serews, Bruss and Pewter Spiggols, Weights, Bruss, Inges and Holts, Razors, Iyory Knives and Plate 1 Forks, One Large Platferm 1,000 b; Morrison Scales and a variety of Hardware which will sold be at a great loss from Philadelphia prices.

Surviving Pariner.

THE ATTENTION OF GENTLEMEN HE ATTENTION OF GENT Interest is solicited to our very large assortment of Undershirts and Drawers of every size and quality Gents' Jouvin Kin Gloves, best article manufactured. All the different kinds of Winter Gloves. Largest assortment of Hostery in the city. Cravars, Sufferences, Handkerghires, Ready Hemmed and everything in Gents' wear, at CATHCART'S, Next to the Harrisburg Bank.

. N. Lybb., J. .