Pennsylvania Daily Telegraph, Thursday Afternoon, June 27, 1861.

THE REVELATIONS OF EDWARD EV-Daily Telegraph

Forever float that standard sheet ! Where breathes the foe but falls before us With Freedom's soll beneath our feet. And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us

HARRISBURG, PA. Thursday Afternoon, June 27, 1861.

THE OFFICERS OF THE VOLUNTEER ARMY.

At the commencement of our present difficulties, when it became necessary for the government to call out a large force to resist the rebels in the south, one of the embarrassments to which that military force was subjected, was the inefficiency of those who aspired to the command of regiments and brigades. A large class of poitical favorites began to clamor for appointment to such positions, and a system of corruption organized in the election of regimental and brigade officers, alike disgraceful to the service, the cause, and the onds to be achieved. The United States government at first refused to allow officers of the regular army to take comfor these commands was restricted entirely to on a battle field. As the organization of the volunteer force progressed this difficulty became painfully apparent, and when the catas trophy at Great Bethel startled the country, with its bloody details, the army and the people began to protest against the increase of incompetent officers, as an evil that would event. ually defeat the efforts of the government in its struggles with rebellion. The facts of the inefficiency in the command of the volunteer force have also at length come before the authorities, where a determination has been arrived of the hands of those who are notoriously incompetent, and as far as possible, head regibe detailed from the regular army. We are in the least confusing the volunteer force, or secessionists to break up the Union: disarranging its operations in the field. And direction of legions.

We are reminded of this determination on the part of the government to change the com- alone. mand of the volunteer force of the army, and place it in the hands of the regular officers of the line, by a letter in the New York Tribune, written from Hagerstown on the 23d of June, in which the writer says :

There is an indication here of a change in command, in the stead of political or civil bri-

ERETT. We stated some time since that Hon. Edvard Everett had written a letter on the origin of the couthern conspiracy, in which he made some startling revelations in regard to the

the state of the second second

manner in which this rebellion was concocted. We also stated that Senator Douglas had been engaged for some time before his death in preparing a similar letter on the history of this conspiracy, in which it is now asserted he proposed to prove that the conspiracy was one of long standing. It is even said that Senator Douglas had been cognizant of that fact for

several years, and it may be to this knowledge The Police Commissioners Superceded. that he was indebted for the hostility that southern statesmen and politicians so bitterly waged against him in the latter years of his life. Mr. Everett writes from a personal knowege, and his wide acquaintance with southern eaders, and the position which he has held, as a prominent advocate of southern interests, give special significance to these disclosures

Speaking of his own public policy, he says : "I pursued this course for the sake of strengthening the hands of the patriotic Union men at the south ; although I was well aware men at the south; authough 2 was well aware, parily from facts within my personal knowledge, that leading southern politicians had for thirty years been resolved to break up the Union as soon as they ceased to control the United States government, and that the slavery question was but a pretext for keep-ing up origination and ralling the south."

ing up agitation and rallying the south." The political leaders studiously planned to give victory to the Republicans, in the Presidential election, in order that they might seize upon this as the occasion for the long-plotted secession. , Says Mr. Everett :

"I certainly deprecated the choice of a Presi mands in the volunteer force, and thus the evil dent exclusively by the electoral vote of one was increased, by the fact that the competition section of the country, though consenting with for these commands was restricted entirely to for these commands was restricted entirely to of the opposing tickets. It was, however, fully gentlemen who knew better how to carry a in the power of the south to have produced a ward at an election, than to form a squadron different result. But the disumonists were determined to have their own candidate, though mistaken. I trust, in the belief that he shared their disloyal views I make this charge against them without scruple, jus-tified by subsequent events, as well as by the language of the entire Union press at the south during the can-

> "After the election was decided, the disunionists would not wait for overt acts, because they knew none could or would be committed. They know that there was an anti-Republican major ity in the Senate, and that there would be one in the present House. They 'precipitated' the rup-ture of the Union, because they knew that if they waited, even the pretext would fail."

Mr. Everett, it will be remembered, was very at to effect a change, to take the command out anxious for the success of the Peace Congress, and the adoption of the "Crittenden," the "Border State," or some other compromise. He ments and brigades with competent officers to now throws the blame of the failure of that Congress not upon the impracticableness of Reconfident that this can easily be done, without publicans, but upon the determination of the

"These conciliatory demonstrations had no we are certain also that it will meet with the effecting in staying the progress of secession, hearty concurrence of those in the ranks, who not to be satisfied; and to maintain their policy, will suffer most by the inefficiency of those in which, in the light of the constitution, is sim command, and among whom there are many ply rebellion and treason, they have appealed abler to direct those who have aspired to the to the sword."

which, in the descent of the south that she only asks to be let alone. "You say that the South desires nothing but demands a great deal more than 'peace.' She claims the capital of the country, although she is ; the right to command the most direct note to the Atlantic from Ohio Test to the Baltimore and "With men at war, with the south desires nothing but demands a great deal more than 'peace.' She claims the capital of the country, although she ine, organized for resistance to such laws and the constitution and laws of the United States the outlet of the speake Bay and its tributa-ties; the right to command the most direct "With men at war, with the speake in protecting property, the outlet of the constitution amounts' to "The speake Bay and its tributa-ties in the fullions – (the Baltimore and "The speake Bay and its tributa-ties in the tributa batt with the speake in protection amounts' to "The speake Bay and its tributa-ties in the inter the most direct "The speake Bay and its tributa-ties inter speake Bay and its tributa-ties inte their means There is an indication here of a change in the organization of the army devoutly to be wished, and which I am sure would be joyful news to the people-to all those who is the right to command the most direct sons and brothore, haspands, fathers and lovers in the army if II were universally adopted. I refer to the reorganization of brigades, and the appointment of experienced U. S. officers to the command, in the stead of political or civil brigadiers, who have never smelt powder or "set a squadron in the field." Such a determina-tion fully carried out would not only be 22-ceptable to the country but to the ordinate souri: and, finally, she claims the with the the army, who, however brave and willing to break up the Union. In enforcing these un-risk their lives in the cause of freedom and the pations, she asks to be 'let alone :' and when the Government of the United States, in obedience to the solemin oaths of its members, (from which the leaders of the revolt dispense then-selves,) take measures to defend itself, the capi-tal of the Union, the public establishments, avowed enemies. For this reason, superced tai of the Union, the public establishments, and the rights of the whole people against this invasion long premeditated by ambitious and disappointed politicians, (for Mr. A. H. Stevens truly declares that to be the source of a great part of our troubles.) she exclaiment that the commissioners of police of a great state of the unit of the provide the provide the commissioners of the unit of the provide the prov North seeks to 'subjugate the south.' * Kenly, of the First Maryland regiment of vol-'But I pray you believe me that I speak not unteers, Provost Marshal in and for the city of only my own conviction, but that of the entire has been forced upon us, to gratify the aspirations of ambitious men; that it is our duty to ourselves,



ARREST OF MARSHAL KANE.

His Imprisonment in Fort M'Henry

MARTIAL LAW PROCLAIMED

A PROVOST MARSHAL APPOINTED

The Commissioners Protest. THE UNION MEN REJOICE.

The Secessionists Indignant,

PROCLAMATION OF GENERAL BANKS

BALTIMORE, June 27. At three o'clock this morning, George P. Kane, Marshal of Police, was arrested at his house, by order of Gen. Banks, and conveyed to Fort McHenry, where he is now held priso-

ner. Gen. Banks issued a proclamation naming John A. Kenly, of the Maryland regiment; as Provost Marshal, superceding, also the powers of the police commissioners, who is to exercise supreme control-over the department, until some known loyal citizen is appointed to act as marshal marshal.

The proclamation gives as a reason for the arrest of Kane, that he is known to be aiding and abetting those in armed rebellion to the government, at the head of an armed force, which he has used to conceal rather than detect acts of treason to the government.

SECOND DISPATCH.

Considerable excitement has been occasioned by the arrest of Marshal Kane. The Union men are pleased, but the secessionists are indignant. Col. Kenly, the Provest Marshal, waited on the Mayor and Police Commission ers. The latter asked time to consider, but the Colonel told them that his orders were im-mediate, and proceeded to the Marshal's office, taking Deseasion. The Commission taking possession. The Commissioners then directed the police officers to obey the military authority, and declared their intention to prepare a protest against the action of the govern

ment. THIRD DISPATCH. PROCLAMATION TO THE PEOPLE OF THE CITY OF BALTIMORE.

HEAD QUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF ANNAPOLIS. June 27. -By virtue of authority vested in me, this outrage reached here, two companies of and in obedience of orders as commanding the cavalry were promptly sent to the point, but General Military Department of Annapolis, I have arrested, and do now detain in custody, were also sent up the river, one in the direc-Mr. George P. Kane, Chief of Police of the city tion of Clear Springs, in search of the supposed of Baltimore. I deem it proper at this, the mo-ment of arrest, to make, a formal and public them. declaration of the motive by which I have been governed in this proceeding. It is Columbia, has succeeded in raising three infant-not my purpose, neither is it in consonance with my instructions, to interfere in any It has transpired in official circles that Gen.

and cannot be permitted under any form of government whatever. Such combinations are well'known to exist in this department. The mass of citizens of Baltimore and Maryland loyal

for the performance of this duty, who will exe

oute these laws impartially and in good faith to

the government of the United States, the military force of this department will render to him that instant and willing obedience which

is due from every good man to his government.

TWENTY-FIVE PRIZES CAPTURED BY A

UNITED STATES STEAMER.

The Barque Virginia Ann arrived here, re-ports that on the 10th inst., in lat. 27 deg. long. 84 deg., she was boarded by the British ship Bramley Moore, from Mobile for Liverpool, and

received from her a negro man belonging to the north who was permitted to leave Mobile. She

reported that she was boarded the day previous

by the U.S. steamer Massachusetts, which had

the day previous taken twenty-five prizes, one

the English ship Forfarshire, from Mobile. The Virginia Ann was chased on the 23d, day and

THE REBELS AT MANASSAS.

WASHINGTON, June 27.

NEW YORK, June 27.

Department of Annapolis.

[Signed] NATH. P. BANES, Maj. Gen. Commanding,

TWO THOUSAND BEBELS AT NORFOLK. TYRANNY OF THE REBEL LEADERS Gov. Letcher's "Patriotism" Questioned

by Davis and Beauregard.

NO NEW MILITARY MOVEMENTS

FORTRESS MONROE, via Baltimore, June 27. Lynch, the refugee from Norfolk, who was picked up by the steamer Quaker City, confirms the previous information of about 2,000 troops being at Norfolk; 2500 are stationed this side of the city, and 1500 at Portsmouth. All are busily engaged in making fortifications. He knows nothing about the condition of affairs at Craney Island and Sewell's Point. Fruit and vegetables are cheap at Norfolk, but flour is searce, and all articles usually imported bring high prices.

A refugee from Richmond, sent by a flag of truce yesterday, says that a worse than Roman inquisition prevails in Virginia. There is a standing order that no one shall be permitted to leave the country. Governor Letcher is com-pletely over-uled by Jefferson Davis and Beauregard, and even his patriotism is called in question by many of the rehels. Two howitzers arrived here this morning for

Col. Duryea's regiment. The councils of officials called in reference to

the post of Sutler, sustain Mr. Moody, but their influence is likely to be overridden at Washngton. There are no military movements of impor-tance to report. Adjt. General Haines goes to

tative Martin F. Conway, of Kansas. The New Washington this evening. It is now known that the rebels fell back to Yorktown precipitately after the affair of Great Bethel

A bark, owned in Richmond and laden with coffee, was brought in as a prize to-day.

FROM THE UPPER POTOMAO eleven miles southes, at 10 miles feity bildge, eleven miles south of Warsaw, Mo., on Sunday morning last, at 10 o'clock. The Governor was moving southward. They had four can-non and about twenty-five baggage wagons, some of which were stage coaches. He reports Charles Babach. Isto around of the combined Movements of the Confederates, ADVANCE OF FEDERAL TROOPS.

INDICATIONS OF A BATTLE.

BIDDLE'S BRIGADE AT CUMBERLAND.

- WILLIAMSPORT, June 26.

Forty Confederate cavalry crossed the Poto mac this morning, immediately after the with-drawal of the Federal night pickets along the line of the river at Alexander Shaffer's Ferry.

They destroyed his ferry boat and skiff, and then recrossed the men. When the report of

enemy, but also returned without having found Ward H. Lamon, Marshal of the District of

tioned before. They encamped to-night at Curchman's farm, four miles this side of Martinsburg. They began their march from Win-chester on Sunday night.

The sixth, twenty-first, and twenty-second regiments broke camp on the Greencastle turnof the Gulf of Mexico; the right to shut up the outlets of the Ohio, Mississippi, and the Mis-souri; and, finally, she claims the right of any state that chooses to pass a law to that effect un-break up the Union. In enforcing these un-break up the Union. In enforcing these unlaw, he is, by direction or indirection, both wit-ness and protector to those engaged therein. and Perkins fiving battery had inst marched ness and protector to those engaged therein. and Perkins flying battery had just marched Under such circumstances the Government from that neighborhood, going in the same From the great secrecy observed in thes night marches, it is evident that General Patterson either expects to strike a heavy blow or receive one.



WASHINGTON, June 27. WM. H BOHL, DEWALT PAQUE, Administrator's Senator James H. Lane has received his com June 27, 1861-1wd nission as Brigadier-General. In addition to the three regiments heretofore accepted from BANK NOTICE. Kansas, he is authorized to raise two consisting

THE President and Directors of the Col-minis Bank at Columbia Lancaster Courty and State of Pennsylvasia, intrud to apply at the next exertion of the Logislature of said State for a renewel of Onarter and an extension of privileges of said Bank with all the rights and privileges-now-enjoyed, for a term of twenty years from the expiration of the present Charter, with the same unme, location, and capital of \$500,060. By order, SANUEL SHOCS, Cochlerge the Columbia Bank

By order, SANUEL SHOUR, Cashler of the Columbia Bank

June 27th, 1861-dlt-w6m

ESTATE OF WM. H. LOCHMAN, DEC'D.

ESTATE OF WM. H. LOCHMAN, DEC'D. NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of Wm. H. Lochman, dec'd, will please make payment to the undersigned, and those having ce-ment. JACOB HOUSER, M. B.—The romaining STOCK of HARDWABE, consist-ing in part of Locks, Latchs, Hinges, Bolts, Screws, Car-penter, Cooper and Mason's tools, Mill and Circular Saws, Cork Sorews, Brass. Ind Pewter Spiggots, Weighte, Brass Hinges and Bolts, Razors, Ivory Knives and Plate! Forkey, De Large Platferm 1,000-Bs Morrison Scales and a va-Plety of Hardware which will sold be at a great loss from Philadelphis prices. JACOB HOUSER, Surviving Partner.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC SALE.

THE County Commissioners hereby make A. The County Commissioners hereby make known, has ner: WEDNESDAY JULY the 3d, 1861 at 8 o'clock A. M., they will sell at public out cry in Brant's City Hall, Harrisburg, among the various arti-cles not here inumerated, one Bell, "Known at the old Court Heuse Bell;" Stone Coal, Stoves and Pipe, "Pigeon Court steuse Bell ;" Stone Coal, Stoves and Pipe, "Pigeon holes" or Cases to store away papers therein, Desks, Book Cares &co. Terms of sale are "cath." JOHN S. MUSSER. JACOB BEHM. GEODOR

GEORGE GARVERICH.

Jone 25th 1861. Patriot and Union Insert. J

SPICED SALMON !!

RESH AND VERY DELICATE. Put je25. WM. DOOK, Jr., &Co.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stock-holders of the atlantic and Ohio Telegraph Com-puty for the election of Directors, and the transaction of their usual business, will be held at the Telegraph office of said Company in Harrleburg on Thursday the 19th day of Joly, 1861. H. SHILLINGFORD. Philadelphia, June 14th, 1861.-td Secretary.

FOR RENT.--A desirable Residence in Locust near Front stream Locust, near Front street. Three-story brick, with modern conveniences, as to water, heat and light. For info mation apply to Dr. W. W. Rutherford, Foa-session siven immediately. je25-6td.



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Ideels at low rates. For further information apply at the Company's Offices. JNO. G. DALE, Agent, je24-tf 16 Breadway, New York. Or C. O. Zimmerman, Agent, Harrisburg.

FOR RENT.

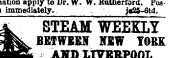
THE EUROPEAN HOTEL AND RE-STAURANT in Brent's City Hall Building, Harris-burg City, Pa. Apply to JOEN H. BRANT, jell-dem* On the premizes.

CRAB CIDER !!!-Strictly pure, spark-ling and sweet-has received a Silver Medal or Di-plema at every State Agricultural Fair since 1856, For sale by jell-d WM, DOCK & CO.

WORCESTER'S

ROYAL QUARTO DIOTIONARY





MONTPELIER, Vt., June 26. The Republican State Convention met here to day. There was a large attendance. Fred-erick Holbrock, of Brattleboro, was nominated for Governor, Levi Underwood, of Burlington for Lieut. Governor, and J. P. Page, of Rutland

of twelve companies of infantry, four of cav alry, and four of artillery. The Colonels of these two regiments are Wm. Weir, who served during the entire Mexican

war, and James Montgomery, well known in connection with the history of Kansas. Ar-rangements have been made for immediately

furnishing the uniforms, which are of United

States army pattern, and for their general equip-ments Col. Weir left here several days ago for

Kansas, taking with him Lane's proclamation calling on the people of that State to rally and fill up the two incomplete regi-ments, and stating explicitly that his purpose

is to put down rebellion, wherever it may be exhibited, and to sustain the Union men with-

out regard to State or locality. Gen. Lane will

occupy his seat during the extra session of Con-

perfected, and he expects to take command of it about the 20th of July. Members of Congress continue to arrive daily

including a number from the west. Among

hose who have just reached here is Represen

York twenty-eighth regiment arrived early

FLIGHT OF GOV. JOHNSON, OF MISSOURI

A gentleman who arrived here to day from

the south says that he met Governor Jackson, with Mr. M. Parsons and some one hundred

and twenty soldiers, at Pommede Ferry bridge

Charles Babcock, late agent of the overland mail, to be at Warsaw, and that he joined Gov-

ernor Jackson's force there, and furnished him with ten full teams belonging to the mail com-

pany. A good many horses were drowned in crossing the Osage rivtr.

VERMONT REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

SYRACUSE, June 26.

gress.

this morning.

In the meantime his brigade will be

for Treasurer. Resolutions were adopted recommending a uspension of old party lines and unity in support of the government, to put down rebellion

Paul Dillingham, a prominent Democrat and others made patriotic speeches.

ARRIVAL OF COL. FREMONT.

BOSTON, June 27. Col. Fremont has arrived in the Europa from Liverpool.

THE DR. KANE REFRIGERATOR. THIS superior REFRIGERATOR, together with several other cheaper, styles, may be found at the manufactory, at exceedingly low prices. Also, a great variety of WATER COOLLERS, of supe-rior finish rior finish

E. S. FARSON & CO. Cor. Dack and Pear streets, Philadelphis. april16-3m

A CORRESPONDENT of the Siecle Paris, the

overnment organ of France writes from Tunis, Algiers,

bably do accomplish a great deal for the cause of science but the Americans are the people to turn these discover-ies to practical account. Many of the modern inventions ies to practical account. Many of the modern inventions in use here are American, and one American chemist, Dr. J. C. Avsn, ol Lowall, suppiles much of the medicine consumed la this country. His Cherry Pectoral, Pills, Sarsaparilla and Ague Cure coustitute the staple reme-dies here, because they are of easy application, sure in their results, and have the couldence of the people.— While the acience of Medicine is carried to a higher per-fection in our own country (France) than any other, it strikes a Frenchmans a little singular that an American Physician should furnish the medical skilt and remedies for our Frincipal Province. We are happy to inform our readers that these supe-rior medicines which the Emperor's Principal Province is obliged to get from America may be had by our neigh-bors, at

defence of their flag, are not disposed to throw them away uselessly through the mismanagement of fresh-fledged militia generals.

How far the reorganization extends in this column I am not informed, as the order was promulgated only this afternoon, and I heard it on the parade of one brigade only, at which I was present. The 4th Connecticut, 1st Wis-consin, and eleventh Pennsylvania Regiments, which formed part of the 5th Brigade, Briga-dier James S. Negley, commanding, have been formed into the 6th Brigade, with United States Infantry and a battery attached. Brigadier General Abercrombie, late of Gen. Patterson's staff, commanding. Major Chapin, of the Wisconsin Regiment, has been appointed As-sistant Adjutant General, in the place of Gen. Abercrombie, promoted.

The progress of drill among the volunteers is very marked and creditable. A month or so in camp has made them very fair soldiers in the ranks, and skillful in the handling of their arms. That they will be good soldiers in the field, is unquestionable.

As this reform has commenced in Pennsylva-We have the time to make these changes now, graced and destroyed

FROM Virginia late advices state that the enemy were concentrating in great force at Big Bethel, where they have erected several additional batteries. It is said there are about 10,000 troops now at that point, among whom are upwards of five hundred Baltimoreans; and if they cannot hold it with this force against the Federal troops that may be sent to attack them, they will retreat to Yorktown, which is also strongly entrenched, and protected with a large number of rifled cannon.

LEGISLATIVE RECESS .- The immortal Legislature of Maryland has agreed to take a recess until the 30th July at four dollars a day I. When they meet on that day, the Union members will not go into session, but will appeal to the countenance, by their presence, to such unconstitutional proceedings as have marked the course of the present Legislature of Maryland.

present drama, is somebody to play "Cashus." to preach treason against his country.

to our children, and to the whole people, to sustain the government; and that it is, if possible, more the interest of the south than of the north that this attempt to break up the Union should fail."

These revelations conclusively prove that this rebellion is the result of the deliberation nia, we trust that it will be carried out in rola. of years. It was not concected to counteract tion to the officers from other states, and if we any political action of the north. It was not are to have a thorough re-organization of the brought about by the mere loss of office. It volunteer force, let it be speedily accomplished. was planned and created to destroy the freedom of speech, the liberty of the press, and and therefore should not delay until the hour the equality of mankind, so far as their social of battle arrives. Nor is it only necessary for and political relations were concerned in this these changes to be made in regard to the vol- government. This was the deliberate design unteer force. In the regular army the same and determination of the traitors. This is their incompetency has been introduced, which must proclaimed purpose now-and yet, in the face be sooner or later changed, or the service dis- of this design and purpose, there are those who

talk of compromise. There are those in every community north who propose to settle this question by a compromise that is only asked by the traitors of the south to afford them time to gather new strength for their rebellion, and corrupt, if possible, the masses of the north who are to be cajoled by this cry of compromise. The people must begin to watch the movement for compromise. They must begin now to demand immediate action against the rebels-or at least sternly to resist any legislation of Congress that will interfere with the arrangements or plans of the administration completely to crush out this rebellion.

ANDREW H. STEVENS is reported to have died to the great satisfaction of the commanding lately, in a dispatch to the New York Herald. We know on our personal knowledge, that pregood sense of their constituents to approve of parations have been made three times to bury their course in refusing any longer to lend their Mr. Stevens in Washington city. We know an undertaker who was twice paid by Mr. Stephens himself for coffins which had been ordered by

in the second second

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i Distributes of Equil.

general

thus denounces.

Governor Curtin's reinforcements sent to Col. Wallace have reached Cumberland. Col. Walace speaks of assuming the offensive at once. . McClellan is hourly expected at Cum berland. A very large force is following him from the West. The messenger from Cumber-land says that Wallace has estimated the force inteers, Provost Marshal in and for the city of Baltimore, to superintend and cause to be executed the police laws provided by the Legislature of Maryland, with the aid and assistance of the subordinate of Gen. McClellan at twenty thousand, but it

probably will not exceed fifteen thousand. This force will, it is thought, be sufficient to drive and assistance of the subordinate force will, it is thought, be sufficient to only officers of the police department, and the whole secession force from the valley of the he will be respected accordingly. When ever a loyal citizen shall be otherwise named Patterson's column of eleven thousand men now lying about here.

THE FEDERAL DEFENSIVE WORKS,

ALEXANDRIA, June 26.

A test of the rifled cannon at Fort Ellsworth. the formidable field works that have been in course of erection for several weeks on Shuter' Hill; and are now approaching completion, was made this afternoon, and resulted in giving the utmost satisfaction. Thirty ten-pounder were fired in making the experiment.

All the guns have been mounted, and the fort is now well garrisoned, including a force of regulars. Guns have also been placed outside. ommanding all the roads. Good military au thority pronounces these works perfect in every detail, and capable of being made good against a seige of ten thousand of the best troops. The

works have been constructed under the super Intendence of Captain Wright.

JUDGE SPRAGUE ON PIRACY.

Roston, June 26. Judge Sprague, of the U.S. District Court,

night, by a supposed privateer, which apparent ly had formerly been a pilot boat. in his charge to the Grand Jury to day, said that if any citizen of the United States had THE REPORTED COMPACT BETWEEN GEN. written letters to Mr. Gregory, of the English Parliament, or communicated with a foreign government, or any of its officers or agents, MCCLELLAN AND GEN. BUCKNER. WASHINGTON, June 27. Gen. McClellan telegraphs to the govern-ment that he has read in the newspapers an ac-count of a compact which he is shid to have made with Gen. Buckner, of Kentucky, in rewith an intent to influence the measure or conduct of any foreign government, or any officer or agent thereof, in relation to any disputes or controversies with the United States, or to degard to the status of Kentucky. He denies, contradicts and repudiates the whole statement, feat the measures of the government of the United States, he would be liable to a fine of \$5000 and imprisonment. In the same charge he said the government had a right to treat and the Administration, whose only rebel privateers as privates, although they were not recognized as such by the law of nations. knowledge of the pretended compact was from the newspaper statements which Gen. McClellan

THE REPORTED COMPROMISE.

WASHINGTON, June 27.

દેશ તુવા

The agent of the Associated Press has au-Intelligence from Manassas Junction gives ourse of the present Legislature of Maryland. This actor; most wanted by the rebels, in the dis any moment, and as likely to live for years present drama, is somebody to play "Cashus." to preach treason against his country: to preach treason be against his preach treason against his preach treason be a

aid uncash. I yang, and the saielde of the Freesener.

THE best defining and pronouncing Dic-tionary of the English language ; Also, Worcester's School Dictionaries. Webster's Pictorial Quarie and School Dictionaries for sale at ap13-tf

bors, at C. A. Bannvart's; C. K. Keller's; D. W. Gross & Co.'s; J. M. Luiz's, Holman & Co.'s; Armstrong, Hurrisburg, and dealers everywhere.

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!!

Wm. A. Batchelor's: Hair Dye !

The Original and Best in the World All others are more imitations, and should be avoid ed

f you wish to escape ridicule. GRAY, RED, OR RUSTY HAIR dyed instantly to a seautiful and Natural Brown and Black, without injury of Heir os Stin.

beautiful and Natural provides the second se his famous dye. WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is warranted not to injure in the least, however long it may be contin-hed, and the ill effects of Bad Dyes remedied; the Hair invigorated for life by this splendid Dye. Sold in all cities and towns of the United States, by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers: AT The Genuine has the name and address upon a steel plate engraving on four sides of each box, of Win-HARLE'S BATCHELOR, Proprietor, CHARLE'S BATCHELOR, Proprietor, ed-dawtaug 81 Barclay street, New York:

W. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE! THIS SPLENDID HAIR' DYE has no

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SAVE THE PER CENTAGE.

SAVE I LLE FER CENTATE. THE time for paying CITY TAXES has been extended to the last day of this month. On the 21st of Jnly the semi-annual interest fails due, and the abatement can therefore not be after SATURDAY, the 30th instant. The Treasurer's office is up status in the new Corrt House-entrance to the same can be had from the alley in the middle door. All persons destring to save the live per cent. will please call at once. je20d A. W. WATSON, Treasurer.

REMOVAL.

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ile at SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE, Near the Harrisburg Bridge.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THE UNDERSIGNED COMMISSION-ERS of Dauphin county, in pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pana-sylvania, approved the 16th day of May, 1861, entitled "An Actio authorize the Commissioners of Dauphin coun-ty to appropriate a certain sum of money for the sup-port of the families of Voluncers during the present war," do hereby inform the public that they will make a lean to the amenut of a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars, for which bonds will be issued for a term not ex-ceeding tea years, with coupons attached, for the payment of half yearly informst, payable at the County Treasury at 6 per cent. Said bonds are to be clear of all taration. It is therefore hoped that the said amount in bonds of such amounts as the leaders will desire, will be prompt-ly taken by the patrixit capitalists or others, with out rasorting to special taxation at this time. JOHN S. MUSSER, JACOB BEHM, Attest—JOSER MILLS, MY29-daw THE UNDERSIGNED COMMISSION-

Attest-Joseph Miller, Clerk. my29-daw

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