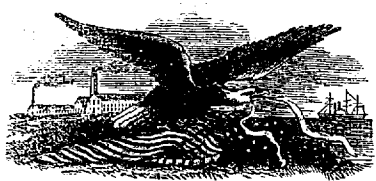


Steam Printing Office.

Having procured Steam Power Presses, we are prepared to execute JOB AND BOOK PRINTING of every description, cheaper than it can be done at any other establishment in the country.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.	
Four lines or less constitute one-half square. Five lines or more than four constitute a square.	
Half Square, one day.....	\$0.10
one week.....	0.70
one month.....	2.00
three months.....	5.00
one year.....	15.00
One Square, one day.....	0.20
one week.....	1.40
one month.....	4.00
three months.....	10.00
one year.....	30.00
Business notices inserted in the Local column, or before Marriages and Deaths, FIVE CENTS PER LINE for each insertion.	
Marriages and Deaths to be charged as regular advertisements.	

D. W. Gross & Co.



D. W. GROSS & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

NO. 119

MARKET STREET

HARRISBURG, PENNA.

DRUGGISTS, PHYSICIANS' STORE-

KEEPERS AND CONSUMERS,

We are daily adding to our assortment of goods all such articles as are desirable, and would respectfully call your attention to the largest and best selected stock in this city, of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS & PAINTS,

Oils, Varnishes and Glues,

Dye-Stuffs, Glass and Putty,

Artist Colors and Tools,

Pure Ground Spices,

Burning Fluid and Alcohol,

Lard, Sperm and Pine Oils,

Bottles, Vials and Lamp Globes,

Castle Soaps, Sponges and Corks,

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

With a general variety of

PERFUMERY & TOILET ARTICLES,

selected from the best manufacturers and Perfumers of Europe and this country.

Being very large dealers in

PAINTS, WHITE LEAD,

LINSEED OIL, VARNISHES,

WINDOW GLASS, ARTIST'S

COLORS, PAINT AND

ARTIST'S BRUSHES

IN ALL THEIR VARIETIES,

COLORS AND BRONZES

OF ALL KINDS,



We respectfully invite a call, feeling confident that we can supply the wants of all on terms to their satisfaction.

TEETH! TEETH!!

JONE'S AND WHITE'S PORCELAIN TEETH.

PATENT MEDICINES AND HAIR

RESTORATIVES

Of all kinds, direct from the Proprietors.

Saponifier and Concentrated Lye!

Wholesale Agents for Saponifier, which we sell as low as it can be purchased in the cities.

THAYER'S MEDICAL FLUID EXTRACTS,

COAL OIL! CARBON OIL!!

Being large purchasers in these Oils, we can offer inducements to close buyers. Coal Oil Lamps of the most improved patterns, very cheap. All kinds of lamps changed to burn Coal Oil.

FARMERS AND GRAZERS,

Those of you who have not given our HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS a trial know not their superiority, and the advantage they are in keeping Horses and Cattle healthy and in good condition.

Thousands can testify to the profit they have derived from the use of our Cattle Powders by the increasing quantity and quality of milk, besides improving the general health and appearance of their Cattle.

Our long experience in the business gives us the advantage of a thorough knowledge of the trade, and our arrangements in the cities are such that we can in a very short time furnish anything appetizing to our business, on the best of terms.

Thankful for the liberal patronage bestowed on our house, we hope by strict attention to business, a careful selection of

PURE DRUGS,

at fair prices, and the desire to please all, to merit a continuance of the favors of a discriminating public.

Pennsylvania Telegraph.

"INDEPENDENT IN ALL THINGS—NEUTRAL IN NONE."

VOL. XV.

HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 3, 1861.

NO. 28.

New Advertisements.



STEAM WEEKLY
BETWEEN NEW YORK
AND LIVERPOOL.

LANDING AND EMBARKING PASSENGERS AT QUEENSTOWN, (Ireland.) The Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend dispatching their full powered Clyde-built iron Steamships as follows:

LTNA, Saturday, 1st June; EDINBURGH, Saturday, 8th June; CITY OF WASHINGTON, Saturday, 16th June; and every Saturday, at Noon, from Pier 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
FIRST CABIN, \$75 00; SECOND, \$50 00; THIRD, \$30 00. Steerage Return Tickets, good for Six Months, \$60 00. Passengers forwarded to Paris, Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at reduced through fares.
Persons wishing to bring out their friends can buy tickets here at the following rates, to New York: From Liverpool or Queenstown, 1st Cabin, \$75, \$50 and \$30. Steerage from Liverpool \$40 00. From Queenstown, \$30 00.
These Steamers have superior accommodations for passengers, and carry experienced Surgeons. They are built in Water-tight Iron Sections, and have Patent Fire Annihilators on board. For further information apply at the Company's Offices, 15 Broadway, New York, my27-41

Or C. O. Zimmerman, Agent, Harrisburg.

No Home Without a Stereoscope!
THE WONDERS OF THE STEREOSCOPE!



STEREOSCOPES MANUFACTURED IN EVERY STYLE WITH THE FINEST LENSES.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS, comprising the latest novelties by American, French and English Artists, representing Landscapes, Statuary, celebrated Edifices, Groups with the utmost fidelity, at the lowest prices, at

M. I. FRANKLIN'S, Optician,
112 SOUTH FOURTH ST., BELOW CHRISTY, PHILADELPHIA.
OFFICE IN HARRISBURG, THIRD ST.
(NEAR WALNUT.) my24 d1w

PRESERVE THE EYE SIGHT!

M. I. FRANKLIN, Optician,
INFORMS the citizens of Harrisburg and vicinity, that his professional stay in this city is limited now to

WEDNESDAY June 5,
when he will close his office here for the sale of his CRYSTAL SPECTACLES.

The sale of his
Microscopes,
Telescopes,
Military Field Glasses,
Opera and Marine Glasses,
Mathematical, Surveyors' and Physical Instruments,
Stereoscopes and
Stereoscopic Views, &c.,
will close on the previous day.

TUESDAY, JUNE 4th.

Returning his sincere thanks to the public for the liberal patronage he has received here, he solicits the continuance of the same at his establishment, where he will be happy to execute all orders with promptness and speed.

M. I. FRANKLIN,
(Store and Factory 112 South 4th street, Philadelphia.)
Office in Harrisburg, Third street, near Walnut.
my25-1dw

[BY AUTHORITY.]

UNITED STATES

INFANTRY TACTICS.

FOR THE

Instruction, Exercise, and Manoeuvres

OF THE

U. S. INFANTRY;

INCLUDING

INFANTRY OF THE LINE, LIGHT INFANTRY, AND RIFLEMEN.

Prepared under the direction of the War Department, and authorized and adopted by SENATOR CAMERON, Secretary of War.

CONTAINING

The School of the Soldier; The School of the Company; Instruction for Skirmishers;

The General Calls; The Calls for Skirmishers, And the School of the Battalion;

INCLUDING

A DICTIONARY OF MILITARY TERMS.

One Volume Complete, illustrated with numerous Engravings. \$1.25.

WAR DEPARTMENT, Washington, May 1, 1861.
This System of United States Infantry Tactics for Light Infantry and Riflemen, prepared under the direction of the War Department, having been approved by the President, is adopted for the instruction of the troops when acting as Light Infantry or Riflemen, and under the act of May 15, 1860, for the observance of the militia when so employed.

For sale at BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKS. By remitting the regular price the book will be sent to any place free of postage. my24

REDUCTION IN PRICES!
MERINOES, Plain and Figured.
CASHMERE, Plain and Figured.
ALL WOOL DELAINES, Extra Styles and Quality.
BROOK LONG SHAWLS, different prices.
FINE STOCK OF BLANKET SHAWLS.
The prices in all the above Goods, on examination, will be found "lower than ever," at

CATHART'S,
Next door to the Harrisburg Bank.

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
HOMONY, BEANS,
SALT, GRITTY,
HOMONY, SHAKES, CORN,
SPLIT PEAS, BARLEY,
MARROW FAT BEANS,
WHOLE PEAS, &c., &c.
Just received and for sale at the lowest cash prices.
WM. DUCK JR. & CO.,
615

JELLIES.
QUINCE, PEAR,
CURRANT, PEACH,
APPLE, BLACKBERRY,
ORANGE, RASPBERRY.
Just received from New York and warranted superior.
(To be sold)
WM. DUCK, JR. & CO.,
615

STONE FOR SALE.
BUILDING STONE or Stone suitable for all building purposes will be delivered to any part of the city or its vicinity. Apply to
WM. COLDER, JR.,
615

The Telegraph.

PASSAGE OF TROOPS.

Yesterday afternoon a special train arrived here from Philadelphia, containing Major General Patterson and Staff, and the Independent Rangers, Capt. McMullin. The train stopped here about half an hour, to afford Gen. Patterson an opportunity of visiting Governor Curtin officially. He was clad in plain citizen's dress, while the members of his staff sported full uniforms.

The Rangers, about one hundred strong, were very neatly and substantially equipped, armed with patent Minnie muskets, and presented a fine appearance. The Rangers are the best equipped volunteers we have seen since the commencement of the war. They are all "fighting boys," and will make their mark in the present campaign. Their appearance was greatly admired by the large crowd of people at the depot, and the kindest attention was shown them during their brief stay here. At three o'clock the train left for Chambersburg.

The large number of troops concentrated at that point, and the visit of Major General Patterson there at this time, is indicative of a speedy and important movement. We think it is entirely safe to predict an invasion of Virginia from that point within a day or two. There are now at Chambersburg nearly twenty thousand troops, comprising artillery, infantry and cavalry; and several additional regiments are expected to reach there to-day.

The First Pennsylvania Regiment, quartered near Baltimore for the last week, arrived at Bridgeport about twelve o'clock last night, and passed over the Cumberland Valley railroad en route for Chambersburg. The Cameron Guards belong to this regiment.

MORE HORSES AND CAMP WAGONS.

Within a few days the stock of horses and camp wagons in the government depot at this place has been largely increased. The whole number of wagons now here is about one hundred and forty, and of horses some two or three hundred. A portion of these will be shipped to Chambersburg immediately, and the balance to other points east and west. Great care and good judgment seem to have been exercised in the selection of the horses. It will be difficult to find a collection of finer looking, or more substantial animals anywhere. We say this in justice to the contractors who furnished them for the government, one or two of whom are residents of our city.

PARSON BROWNLOW'S DAUGHTER.—A gentleman just arrived in Chicago from Knoxville, Tenn., brings intelligence of affairs in that city. He says that 2,500 Secession troops are stationed there, for the express purpose of over-awing the Union men. It is a part of their business to engage in quarrels in saloons, and in street fights, with all who are not friendly to Secession. Two men were last week shot for no other offence than speaking words of loyalty to the Federal Government. The house of the celebrated, bold-hearted, and out-spoken Parson Brownlow, is the only one in Knoxville over which the Stars and Stripes are floating. A few days ago, two armed Secessionists went, at six o'clock in the morning, to haul down the Stars and Stripes. Miss Brownlow, a brilliant young lady of twenty-three, saw them on the piazza, and stepped out and demanded their business. They replied that they had come to "take down the d—n Stars and Stripes." She instantly drew a revolver from her side, and presenting it, said: "Go on! I'm good for one of you, and I think for both!"

"By the looks of that girl's eyes she'll shoot it!" one remarked. "I think we'd better not try it; we'll go back and get more men," said the other. "Go and get more men," said the noble lady; "get more men and come and take it down, if you dare." They returned with a company of ninety armed men, and demanded that the flag should be hauled down; but on discovering that the house was filled with gallant men, armed to the teeth, who would rather die as dearly as possible than see their country's flag dishonored, the Secessionists retired.

THE NAME OF BUCHANAN smells rank in the nostrils of the nation. The Wheatland traitor is now so broken down as to be trembling, chattering, pulling imbecile, the frowns of Heaven already descending on him as a superfluous laggard on the same stage with virtuous men. He talks about the villainy of those wretches, as he calls them, who fired on the American flag! Villains whom he took to his bosom, knowing them to be such, and consenting to die for their traitorous deed. But he has given \$100 to aid the Lancaster Volunteers to go forth and fight these old villain friends of his. Think of it; spend four years in aiding to destroy the Government and then give one hundred dollars to aid in saving it! This miserable man who now starts at a cloud and shivers at a breeze, has not sold his farm and gone to Canada. A purse could readily be raised to buy him out, and purge the soil of Pennsylvania of his presence. His gray hairs protect him from banishment. What a spectacle of national loathing is presented by the closing years of this man's life. He will die unwelcome, unhonored and unused.

SECESSION IN THE "PANHANDLE."—The vote of the four counties which make up the "Panhandle," against the ordinance of secession, amounts to the incredible sum of six thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight. Take from this vote the pitiful batch of secession ballots that were cast, amounting to four hundred and thirty-one, and we have a clean majority of six thousand three hundred and ninety-seven. The conspirators have been smote bap and thigh in the "Panhandle." Never was a vote so unanimous and sweeping.

THE MINNIE BULLET.—The Charleston Courier learns from an experienced sportsman, who is in constant practice with the rifle, that the conical (Minnie) bullet can be successfully used in any of the common rifles usually found in the South and Southwest. It adds about two-thirds to the ordinary distance of the common rifle.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

The Contest at Aquia Creek.

Full Details of the Engagement.

PREVIOUS REPORTS CONFIRMED.

One Hundred and Sixty Shells Fired by the Pawnee.

THE REBEL BATTERIES DAMAGED.

Ten or Twelve of the Enemy Killed and a number Wounded.

THE RAILROAD DEPOT AND BUILDINGS AT ACQUA DESTROYED.

WASHINGTON, June 2.

From messengers direct this morning at ten o'clock from Aquia Creek, by the steamer Anacostia, the following facts are obtained relative to the contest yesterday at Aquia Creek: The engagement commenced on Friday, as heretofore stated, and lasted two hours. Yesterday it was renewed and continued twice that length of time. The lower or beach battery which had been so essentially damaged the day previous, had meantime been repaired by the Confederates in force, it is supposed 2,000 strong.

The Freeborn, yesterday approaching about two miles from the shore, early in the afternoon, fired four or five shots, when the Pawnee entered into the conflict, taking a position nearer to the land for the first two hours.

The fire from the shore batteries was very brisk, but was returned with more expedition by the Pawnee. During the engagement she fired one hundred and sixty shells, one of which was seen to explode immediately over the heads of the Confederates who were working the battery. The observer through the telescope saw a number of the bodies of them carried away in wagons. During that time the shore movements were exceedingly brisk.

The Freeborn lodged three shells in succession in the beach battery, perceptibly damaging the works, which had the effect of greatly diminishing the fire. The Freeborn received two shots, one of which passed through the cabin, damaging some crockery, but not the vessel, except making a passage through the bulwarks, of slight consequence.

The Pawnee received eight or nine shots, but all too high to inflict much damage. One struck the main top sail yard, which was thereby unrigged, another grazed the mainmast, and one passed through the hammock nettings. It is the opinion of the officers on board, that had the Confederates been provided with good gunners, the vessels might probably have been sunk. Some of the Confederate shots passed over the mast head to the Maryland shore.

The Anacostia returned here this morning, the Pawnee and Freeborn hauling off beyond the range of the enemy's fire.

The Yankee, which went down on Friday with dispatches, fired a few shot only, not being prepared for a long contest.

The railroad depot and buildings on shore at Aquia Creek were destroyed.

The damage to the beach battery is not considered permanent, as the Confederates can soon repair it. It is safe to say that at least ten or twelve were killed on the part of the Confederates—not known how many wounded. All the officers engaged in the fight concurred in the opinion that the Confederates have little cannon, perhaps several; and in all it is supposed about eight guns.

Arrival of a California Steamer.

SOUTH AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

New York, June 2.

The steamer Northern Light has arrived from Aspinwall with \$378,000 in gold from California.

Colonel Guthrie had been arrested at Panama, suspected of disaffection to the Peruvian Government.

It is reported that Mousquero had entered Bogota and arrested President Calvo. This is thought to be unfounded, though likely to occur.

Two British subjects have been murdered by Peruvian authorities. One was suffocated and the other starved to death in prison because he had killed a robber who attacked him.

WESTERN MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

St. Louis, June 2.

Col. McArthur's Regiment of Illinois volunteers are under orders for a march southward, and are prepared to start at a moment's notice.

Two regiments of Iowa volunteers are now quartered at Keokuk, and a third is expected daily. The Iowa Legislature has voted an appropriation of \$800,000 for war purposes.

SEIZURE OF MAILS BY THE REBELS.

Baltimore, June 2.

The Confederate troops seized the Western mail at Harper's Ferry this morning coming East, and emptied the mail car.

Latest from Washington.

Another Regiment Sent to Virginia.

ALL QUIET AT WASHINGTON.

The New Levy of Troops.

FREMONT'S WORK IN THE WAR.

The Federal Campaign in Virginia.

NEW DEPARTMENT CREATED FOR MAJOR GENERAL BANKS.

ADVANCE ON MANASSAS GAP.

Exploits of the "Pet Lambs."

WASHINGTON, June 2.

At one o'clock this morning one of the Connecticut regiments broke up their camp here and went over into Virginia. All was quiet during last night among the camps on the Virginia shore between Alexandria and Cambridge.

It is now said that there is no truth in the statement that the Government will call out one hundred thousand more men. There are now two hundred and fifty thousand men in the pay of the Government and under arms. The Government originally called for seventy-five thousand, and then for forty thousand. In reality, it has accepted threetimes the number originally called for.

The work which will be assigned Major General Fremont will be the command of the Western division of the army, which is to move down the Mississippi river. The force will go down in a flotilla of gun-boats. Part of it will land, forming an attacking party in the rear of the forts or fortifications, while the gun-boats will engage the same in front. His instructions will be discretionary as to details, but positive as to the re-possessing and occupying of all territory now held by secession forces, all rebel cities and places of defence, and all appearances of offence that may present themselves in his onward march.

The rebel Congress will never meet in Richmond. It is the fixed determination of the Government to have possession of that hotbed of Secession before the Fourth of July. No less than sixty thousand freedmen of the North, strong with the consciousness of fighting for a right cause, and amply provided with all the requisites for successful warfare, will be moving towards the capital of the ill-fated Old Dominion in less than two weeks, and sweep the last vestige of treason from this side of James river, ere the people of the loyal States will unite in celebrating the National Anniversary.

Of the ninety thousand, thirty-five thousand will push onward from this point towards the Blue Ridge, to meet the rebels in battle should they attempt to dispute their advance, and cut off the retreat of the Secession forces at Harper's Ferry; twenty thousand will invade Virginia's soil under General Patterson, from South-eastern Pennsylvania; twenty thousand, under General McClelland, will cut their way towards Winchester and Strasburg; and fifteen thousand, under General Butler, aided by a naval force, will gradually make their way up James river.

Governor Banks has accepted the appointment of Major General conferred upon him, and will be assigned to a department to be created on the Atlantic, near to that commanded by General Butler. The two will be expected to co-operate.

Three sections of flying artillery have gone to Alexandria, to precede the "Pet Lambs" and the Michigan regiment, who march on Manassas Gap.

The Zouaves seized sixty kegs of powder and five tons of lead in a house about four and a half miles from the furthest outpost from Alexandria, southwest from the camp. The seceding party who seized it were at a loss to know what to do with the prize. It would not do to leave it, and yet the party was so small and far from camp that they could not separate and go back to give notice; so they took all the lead and about half the powder, in the only conveyances they could find, and blew up the powder which they could not carry with them, by a train which they fired at a safe distance. The explosion was distinctly heard in this city, and for many miles around.

LATER FROM WILLIAMSPORT.

Fight between the Union Men and Rebels.

SEVERAL OF THE REBELS WOUNDED.

ANOTHER SKIRMISH ANTICIPATED.

THE UNION MEN REINFORCED.

Hagerstown, June 2.

This morning the rebels attempted again to take possession of the ferry boat lying opposite Williamsport, for the purpose, it is conjectured, of removing to Falling Waters, a point about four miles below, where there is a considerable number of rebel troops stationed, who doubtless intended by means of the boat to cross to the Maryland side on a marauding expedition. The Union company at Williamsport, as soon as they perceived the rebels taking pos-

THE TELEGRAPH

IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAY,
By GEORGE BERGNER.

TERMS.—SINGLE SUBSCRIPTION.

The Daily Telegraph is served to subscribers in the

morning at 4 1/2 cents per week. Yearly subscribers

will be charged \$4.00.

Weekly and Semi-Weekly Telegraphs.

The Telegraphs are also published twice a week during

the session of the Legislature, and weekly during the

remainder of the year, and furnished to subscribers at the

following rates, viz:

Single Subscribers per year.....\$ 2.00

Seven "....." 12.00

Ten "....." 15.00

THE LAW OF NEWSPAPERS.

If subscribers order the discontinuance of their news-

papers, the publisher may continue to send them until

all arrearages are paid.

If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their news-

papers from the office to which they are directed, they are

responsible until they have sold the bills and ordered

them discontinued.

From Fortress Monroe.

Progress of Defensive Prepa-

rations.

PREVALENCE OF THE MEASLES AMONG

THE VOLUNTEERS.

Four Thousand Secession Troops at

Yorktown, under Magruder.