

The Telegraph

HARRISBURG

Thursday Afternoon, May 23, 1861

UNION ESTABLISHERS, Note Paper and Badges can be had at Bergner's Book Store.

THE BIDDEN GUARDS, Capt. George K. Shall, recently organized at Liverpool, have tendered their services to the Governor and been accepted.

HEMP.—One of our exchanges, in alluding to the market, says, "hemp is quiet." The article will not rest so long, as it will very speedily be in great demand for stringing up traitors.

SOLDIERS BATHING.—The volunteers at Camp Curtin now take baths regularly in the Susquehanna, a most excellent sanitary measure and highly conducive to health. They march to and from the river in squads and companies.

ANOTHER ROW.—This morning a fight occurred between three or four soldiers on Ridge Road. One of them was badly damaged, retiring from the field with a broken head and eyes shrouded in mourning. All the participants had been indulging in fighting whisky.

KILLED ON THE RAILROAD.—A few nights ago a man named Barney Logue, about sixty years of age, was killed by a passenger train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, at the crossing below Patterson. He was on the track at the time, and the accident was the result of his own carelessness.

MILITARY DRILL.—The organization of home companies for military drill should be encouraged everywhere. Two or three are now in successful operation in this city, and our young men are rapidly perfecting themselves in the science of war. In times like the present every able-bodied man should familiarize himself with military tactics. Let all who are able to bear arms attach themselves to some military organization and strive to acquire as much knowledge on the subject as possible. The services of the stay-at-home patriots may not be required immediately, but the future looks dark, and we should hold ourselves in readiness, so that when called upon we will be ready to enter upon active service, not as raw recruits, but as well-drilled soldiers.

GENEROUS AND PATRIOTIC.—The Steuben Monument Association of this city, composed of German adopted citizens, have contributed one hundred dollars to the fund for the maintenance of the families of volunteers now in the service of their country. This money was realized from a festival held here about two years ago for the purpose of raising funds to aid in the erection of a monument over the remains of Baron Steuben, and placed in bank, subject to the order of a committee of the Association. The monument having been abandoned, the members of the Association held a meeting recently, resolved to dispose of the fund as above stated, and placed in the hands of Mayor Kepner a check for the full amount. This is an act of generosity and patriotism on the part of our German fellow-citizens worthy of the highest commendation.

ARMY BLANKETS.—A Camp Scott correspondent, after speaking of the villainous quality of the clothing of many of the volunteers—not fit to wear, because of the rotten quality of the cloth and bad sewing—and of the miserable shoes of many companies, says of blankets: "I saw a pile of blankets thrown outside the commissary tent of one of the regiments, any one of which could be torn to atoms as readily as a sheet of brown paper. Held by the four corners, an ordinary pleasant breeze would split them from end to end. They are not fit for a decent horse or dog, much less for brave men. They are about as well calculated to keep men warm and comfortable in a cool night as a piece of bobbinet. The only use I can find for them will be to make mosquito bars, should they hold together until the soldiers reach the South."

THE WRITER says the rations are good and abundant—the troops remarkably healthy—their drill and discipline most admirable—but he would not hesitate to hang the rascals who have swindled them in blankets, shoes and clothing.

ENTERTAINING THE SOLDIERS.—The "Buck-Tails" are not the only soldiers in Camp Curtin who "fare sumptuously" just now, thanks to the kind-hearted and patriotic ladies of our city, who dispense their hospitality to all alike. Yesterday the Cookman Rangers, Capt. J. W. Fisher, and the Irish Infantry, Capt. Dennis M'Gee, were the recipients of bountiful supplies of pies, cakes and other delicacies, and the treat was properly appreciated by the gallant men who have abandoned comfortable homes and luxurious fare for the hardships and privations of a soldier's life in defence of their country's flag. Both companies passed resolutions of thanks to the fair donors. The "Buck-Tails" were again in luck yesterday, several ladies presenting them with a large number of substantial woolen shirts, an article of apparel which many of them greatly needed. On Saturday next the National Guard and two or three other companies will be feasted by the ladies, who are making extensive preparations for that purpose, and we can safely promise them a sumptuous entertainment. We doubt whether the volunteers in any Pennsylvania encampment have fared as well as those in Camp Curtin. In the language of a soldier who fully appreciates and is grateful for the generous hospitality with which himself and his brave companions-in-arms have been treated, we say, "God bless the warm-hearted and patriotic ladies of Harrisburg." Long may they live under the protection of the stars and stripes, in the enjoyment of "Liberty and Union, one and inseparable."

AFTER writing the above we learned that this forenoon several large baskets of provisions were forwarded to camp and distributed among the soldiers. The contents of the baskets comprised home-made bread, pies and cakes, and other substantial edibles. Some gentlemen also kindly furnished an ample supply of tobacco, for the benefit of those who use the article and have not the means to purchase it,

THE SORE THROAT prevails to a considerable extent in this community, among adults and children. The disease, however, readily yields to prompt and proper medical treatment, and we have not heard of any cases resulting fatally.

THE PEACH CROP.—When the peach passes the middle of May uninjured, it is considered safe; and the peach growers in this region say they will have an average crop this season.—The trees are not so full as usual, but the fruit looks thrifty and promises to be large and fine.

CAPTURED.—Yesterday afternoon the Chief of Police and officer Cole found four hogs and two or three horses running at large in the upper section of the city, in violation of a municipal ordinance. The animals were captured and impounded. This morning the owners appeared at the Mayor's office and redeemed them.

LIBERAL CONTRIBUTION.—The State Capital Lodge, No. 70, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, recently contributed twenty dollars to the fund for the maintenance of the families of those of our citizens who volunteered to serve their country in the present war. The money was placed in the hands of the Mayor of the city.

HINTS FOR OUR SOLDIERS.—An experienced gentleman, for twenty years well acquainted with the South and the Southern climate, makes the following suggestions for the benefit of our troops: "A bunch of green leaves worn under the crown of the hat will effectually prevent sun strokes. Northern troops must keep entirely free of ardent spirits, or else more will be killed in that way than by the secessionists."

A GOOD IDEA.—We notice that the New York volunteers are being re-vaccinated, as fast as circumstances permit. This is a wise precautionary measure and might be imitated with advantage here. Though our camp is now free from small-pox, there is no telling when or where it might break out, so that the re-vaccination of our volunteers is a step which must commend itself to all alike as necessary and judicious.

NATIONAL STORE HOUSE.—The Secretary of War has leased the Novelty Iron Works Building in this city for a government store house, from which provisions will be furnished to the various Federal Camps in our State. Capt. Du Barry, of the United States Army, the Commissary in charge of this establishment, is actively engaged in procuring the requisite supplies so that hereafter our volunteers in the United States camps will not suffer for want of provisions. The building is a substantial and spacious one, admirably adapted to the purpose for which it has been selected.

NEXT STATE FAIR.—At the last meeting of the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society a committee was appointed to select a proper place to hold the next annual exhibition, and the town or city offering the best inducements to be selected. The committee have accordingly advertised their intentions, and it remains to be decided where the location shall be. Proposals have been proffered for holding the same in Harrisburg, Philadelphia and Pittsburg. If the business men of our city understand their own interests, they will offer sufficient "inducements" to secure the location of the Fair here.

FLAG RAISING.—An American flag was raised at Rossville, York county, yesterday, with appropriate ceremonies. A large number of patriotic people, including many ladies, were in attendance from the rural districts, and participated in the demonstration. The glorious emblem of our nationality was run up to its destined place on the flag staff, amidst the sounds of martial music, the singing of the Star Banner, and the shouts of the patriotic masses present. During the progress of the interesting ceremonies appropriate and eloquent addresses were delivered by Dr. A. C. Hetrick, S. H. Heyward, C. H. Underwood and others.—Our friends in Rossville and vicinity are all for the Union, and ready to fight in its defence should their services be required.

FREE SPEECH.—Thousands of our young men have left their homes to fight for their country against the traitors of the South. They go to fight for liberty and law at the call of their country. While these gallant fellows are following the stars and stripes, we must see that the enemy does not receive "aid and comfort" from the counsels and correspondence of traitors at home. The government is safe so long as the States which remain true to the Union do not permit traitors in their midst. Sympathy with rebels is not "free speech," but treason. Let every true heart unite in the sentiment of Jackson—"The Union, it must and shall be preserved."

THE GUARD AT THE ARMORY.—This guard is composed of twenty-eight men, who relieve each other in squads of eight, at intervals of two hours. At nine o'clock in the morning a fresh company of twenty-eight comes down from Camp Curtin, and those who have been upon guard for twenty-four hours return to the camp. After being upon duty all night, often standing for hours in the rain, and not allowed to have any fire about, on account of the large quantity of powder stored in the building, these men are just in a condition to relish a cup of hot coffee in the morning. Sometimes they have been supplied by citizens living in the vicinity and have fairly danced at the sight of the steaming beverage and fresh rolls that unexpectedly came to take the place of cold water and hard crackers. Arrangements have now been made by some of the neighbors to furnish them with hot coffee every morning for the next two weeks; and, unless suitable provisions be made by the authorities to continue this supply regularly at the public expense, other citizens will be invited to take their turn in enjoying the luxury of treating these men as we would like to be treated under similar circumstances.

WE are keeping up our usual full stock of fancy goods. Customers can find almost anything in that line at Keller's Drug store, 91 Market street.

THE HOME GUARD CAVALRY CORPS will meet at the European Hotel on Saturday evening to organize permanently, adopt a constitution and uniform, and elect officers. We hope to see the company on parade, in full equipments, in the course of a week or two.

VERBEKE RIFLES.—A gentleman direct from Camp Johnson reports the members of the Verbeke Rifle company all well and in good spirits, but like the rest of the soldiers there dissatisfied with the quality and quantity of rations they have been receiving lately.

THE SANFORD TROUPE, one of the best of the kind extant, will favor our music and following citizens with a series of entertainments the present week, commencing this evening. Sanford is to be commended for the liberality and patriotism he has lately evinced in giving away the proceeds of his house in Philadelphia for the last ten nights—amounting to almost twelve hundred dollars—to the volunteer soldiers of that city. We hope our play-going citizens will greet him to-night with a full house and enthusiastic welcome.

THE CAMERON GUARDS are still in the vicinity of Cockskeyville, guarding the railroad bridges. They are kindly and hospitably treated by the women in that neighborhood, who provide them with fresh and wholesome provisions. The members of the company generally enjoy good health, but are growing weary of their monotonous mode of life, and long to be engaged in active service. The boys are "spilling" for something to do, and would like to pitch into the rebels. When the time comes, Capt. Eyster and his men will win as many laurels as any other company in the service.

DEERTERS.—When men volunteer to fight for their country they should not let anything turn them from their purpose. If sick, or disqualified by any bodily infirmities to serve, a man can be honorably discharged; but any one who deserts invests himself with a mantle of shame that will cling to him like the poisoned shirt of Nessus. Here is an instance of the manner in which a deserter is received at home, copied from a late Berwick paper:—"Jacob Puff, of Nescopeck, Luzerne county, who went with the volunteers from this place, deserted the camp and came home one day last week. He was waited upon by a committee at his home, and brought to this borough on Saturday last. He was then carried through the streets on a rail, and egged. Served him right. He should have been treated to a coat of tar and feathers, which in our opinion would be still to a lenient."

CORN PLANTING.—The last week has been a busy one with our farmers, who are now engaged in putting in their corn. The weather was quite favorable for this important operation, and the kernels of promise were embedded in many broad acres and fertile fields. More than the usual extent in Dauphin county will be covered with corn this season. This is right. Farmers can rely on having a good market for all the crops they will be able to raise. Every farmer should appropriate a piece of ground to the culture of the small white bean, commonly called the "soup bean," used extensively in the army and navy. It is still time to plant them. Should the present war continue any length of time, which is very likely, beans will be in great demand. It will pay farmers to raise them.

MORE WORK FOR THE LADIES.—HAVELOCK ASSOCIATIONS.—One of the "Ladies' Havelock Associations," of New York city, has just sent out eleven hundred of the Havelock cap covers to the Seventh Regiment, and they are delighted with them, adding as they do greatly to the comfort of the troops. One of these associations has already caused cap covers, of pattern and material approved by military officers, to be transmitted to nearly a hundred cities and towns of the loyal States, one of which is in possession of Mayor Kepner of this city. Mr. Ruggles has issued an address to the Mayor of each city to which a Havelock has been sent, in which he urges the ladies to form associations for making these sun protectors. We are sure it is only necessary to mention the fact here. Experience has shown that troops serving in warm climates generally need protection from "sun-stroke," often quite as dangerous and fatal as the fire of the enemy. The provident care of the British officers in India, and in the Crimea, furnished their soldiers with thick, white linen cap covers, reflecting instead of absorbing the heat of the sun, and having a cape long enough to fully cover the back of the neck. They were also extensively worn by the French at Solferino. The average temperature of the regions around Washington is quite as high as that of the Crimea. A covering of some description will be indispensable for our troops when serving on the scorching plains of the South. About fifty covers can be made from a piece of linen of twenty-three yards, costing about thirty cents a yard; and about seventy from every ten yards of thick white linen sheeting, two yards and a half wide, and costing about sixty-five cents a yard. A common traveling trunk will contain about eight hundred cap covers, and should be sent by express directly to the Colonel or the Regimental Quartermaster. Ladies, shall we have a "Havelock Association" in this city?

A FRESH lot of choice confectionery received at Keller's 91 Market street.

DECIDEDLY COOL.—The finely flavored ice cream and orange water ice served up by Mrs. Jones, in Locust street, this evening.

AMID the general prostration which now pervades almost every department or avenue of our industrial and commercial interests, it is gratifying to find that there are some exceptions to the rule. Passing along by the corner of Front and Market streets yesterday, our attention was called to the large number of persons going in and out of the corner Dry Goods Store. Upon inquiry we found it was owing to the large and cheap stock of goods just received from New York by URICH & BOWMAN.

SPLENDID LOT of Broche Border for Shawls, 7-4 wide Black Merino for Shawls. Large lot of remnants of Lawes and Calicos, half price. 10 dozen linen Shirt Breasts, 133, 25, 31 cents. New lot of Calicos and Muslins, very cheap. Black Shawls, with Broche Border, cheap.—200 Parasols, latest style, at all prices. A very large lot of White Cambric, Jaconette's, Nanooks, Swiss Muslins, and Cambric Bands and Edging. Baltimore money taken at par; Maryland and Virginia notes taken at a discount for dry goods, at S. Law.

THE STAY LAW. This law, approved by the Governor, May 21st, as published in the Philadelphia papers contained many inaccuracies. We now print it in full revised and corrected.

AN ACT relating to judgments and executions. Sec. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That upon all judgments now remaining unsatisfied, or which may be obtained within six months from the passage of this act or upon which a sale of real estate has not yet been confirmed, there shall be a stay of execution for one year from the passage hereof as regards judgments now existing, and from their date as regards judgments obtained within six months after the date hereof. Provided, that the defendant is possessed of real estate within the respective county or counties in which such judgment shall have been obtained, or in any other county within this Commonwealth, to which the said judgment shall have been transferred, subject to be sold for the payment of such judgment, or judgment in the opinion of any court or any judge, in vacation, justice, or during jurisdiction of such judgment, at a fair valuation of such judgment at a fair valuation, sum sufficient to pay or satisfy the same, over and above other incumbrances, and the amount exempted from levy and sale on execution, or said defendant shall give security for the payment of the same, to be approved by the court, or a judge thereof in vacation, or the justice or alderman before whom the same was obtained or may be depending, within sixty days from the date of the judgment or from the passage of this act, which security shall consist of one or more persons, who shall satisfy the court, judge, or justice, by oath or affirmation, and such other evidence as may be required, and that they are the bona fide owners of real or personal estate within the county where such judgment has been entered, worth at a fair valuation double the amount of such judgment, over and above all other debts and incumbrances, to which security the plaintiffs may file exceptions as now provided by law. And that in all actions now pending, or instituted within twelve months after the passage of this act, in any of the courts of this Commonwealth, on notes, bills, bonds, or other instruments, for the payment of money, or for the recovery of book debts wherein the defendant or defendants at any stage of the proceedings shall be required to file a sheriff shall have filed an affidavit setting forth that the majority of his or their creditors, whose demands exceed two-thirds of his or their entire indebtedness, have agreed in writing to extend the time of payment of the debts due them respectively, to report the terms of the said extension, upon evidence submitted to him by the defendant or defendants, and thereupon the court shall enter an order in the cause, that no execution shall issue, except at the periods when, and in the proportions which it shall appear by the report of the prothonotary that the majority of the creditors of the defendant or defendants, whose demands exceed two-thirds of his or their entire indebtedness, have agreed, as aforesaid to extend the time of payment of the debts due them respectively, and no person or firm, bank or broker, holding collateral securities for debts due to or to become due, shall within one year from the taking effect of this Act sell at public or private sale any such collateral securities, whether the same consist of mortgage, bond, note, or other security, commercial or otherwise, and any party selling such collateral securities within such time shall be deemed responsible for the same as double the amount for which it was pledged to the creditor of such collateral securities. And provided further, That the provisions of this Act shall extend to judgments entered or to be entered, as well upon bond and warrant of attorney as upon mortgages to secure the same, and to any subsequent grantee or owner of the premises so bound, as well as to the original obligor or mortgagor, and also to all judgments or debts upon which stay of execution has been or may be waived by the debtor in any original obligation or contract upon which such judgment has been or may hereafter be obtained, or by any stipulation entered into at any time separate from said obligation or contract. And provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to stay any execution that may be issued after the expiration of sixty days from the passage of this act for the purpose of collecting interest due, or to become due, upon any judgment for any sum, not less than \$500, heretofore obtained; but no such execution shall be issued for less than six months' arrearages of interest. Provided, That this Act shall not apply so as to stay the collection of interest on judgment entered for the security of the payment of money to widows, orphans, or minors. And provided further, That this Act shall not apply to any judgment obtained for the wages of labor, or to debts contracted after the passage of this Act, but shall apply to all corporations, whether defendants or holders of collateral securities.

Sec. 2. That in all cases in which a defendant shall be entitled to a stay of execution under the provisions of this act, and shall neglect or refuse to claim the benefit thereof, any mortgagee of the premises levied upon, or other lien creditor, whose estate or interest therein would be affected by sale of the said premises, shall have the like right with the defendant to claim such stay of execution.

Sec. 3. That on all judgments heretofore entered, or which may hereafter be entered, upon conditional verdict stipulations or warrants of attorney, in actions of ejectment, a like stay of execution shall be had, upon the same terms and conditions provided in the first section of this act.

Sec. 4. That the provisions of this act shall be construed to apply to all judgments on which a sale by judicial process has not been actually made.

ELISHA W. DAVIS, Speaker of the House of Representatives. LOUIS W. HALL, Speaker of the Senate. Approved the twenty-first day of May, 1861, one thousand eight hundred and sixty one. A. G. CURTIN.

A CARD TO THE LADIES. DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PILLS FOR FEMALES. Infallible in correcting, regulating, and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and in every way successful as a prevent.

THESE PILLS HAVE BEEN USED BY the doctors for many years, both in France and America, with unparalleled success in every case; and is urged by many thousands of ladies who used them, to make the Pills public to the world, and to prevent an increase of family where health will not permit it.—Females particularly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against these Pills while in that condition, as they are sure to produce miscarriage, and the proprietor assumes no responsibility after this advertisement, although their mildness would prevent any miscarriage, unless otherwise the Pills are recommended. Full and explicit directions accompany each box. Price \$1.00 per box. Sold wholesale and retail by CHARLES A. BANNVART, Druggist, No. 2 James Row, HARRISBURG, Pa.

"Ladies," by sending him \$1.00 to the Harrisburg Post Office, can have the Pills sent free of observation to any part of the country (confidentially) and "free of postage" by mail. Sold by S. S. STEVENS, Reading, JONSON, HOLLOWAY & COVENS, Philadelphia, J. L. KEMMERER, Lebanon, DANIEL H. HERRICK, Lancaster, J. A. WOLF, Wrightsville, E. T. MANN, York, and by C. S. D. HOWE, sole proprietor, New York.

N. B.—Look out for counterfeits. Buy no Golden Pills of any kind unless every box is signed S. M. Howe. All others are a base imposition and unsafe; therefore, as you value your lives and health, (no saying of being humbugged out of your money,) buy only of those who above the name of S. M. Howe on every box, which has recently been added on account of the Pills being counterfeited. 483-4wayly.

BY TELEGRAPH. THE WAR FOR THE UNION.

From the Federal Capital.

The Winan Steam Gun to be Sent to New York.

FALSE REPORTS OF MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

Arrival of the New Granadian Commissioner.

Liberality of President Lincoln.

WASHINGTON, May 23. A passenger from Annapolis states that the Winan steam gun was brought there last night and will probably be sent to New York.

Many of the recent reports relative to the movement of troops, are not confirmed by those having the direction of military affairs.

The New Granadian Commissioner, Mr. Hurtado, appointed for the settlement of the claims of citizens of the United States against that Republic under the recent Convention, has arrived here.

The President, while seated in his new parlor, with Mr. Cameron, awaiting Mr. Chase, at the Treasury Department, yesterday, to proceed to the funeral of Col. Vosturg, expired, in the steps of that building, a poor-looking, deformed young man, with crutches, whom he called to his side and questioned as to his condition. The lad responded promptly to the Presidential queries, and with tears of joy, pocketed a gold piece which Mr. Lincoln gave him, probably the first he had ever possessed. Such acts of liberality and disinterested charity are frequently practised by our Executive, who can never look upon distress without attempting to relieve it.

Gen. Butler at Fortress Monroe.

GRAND REVIEW OF THE TROOPS AND GREAT ENTHUSIASM.

The Rebel Battery at Sewell's Point to be Attacked.

BALTIMORE, May 23. The steamer Adelaide from old Point Comfort reports that Major Gen. Butler and staff arrived at Fortress Monroe yesterday afternoon and was received with the usual military honors.

A grand review of the troops took place in the evening, when the line embraced 4,000 men stretching clear across the parade ground of the Fortress. A magnificent spectacle was presented and great enthusiasm manifested by the men.

It was understood at Fortress Monroe that the United States steamer Minnesota was to make an attack on the Battery at Sewell's Point to day from the sea, whilst an efficient land force would be sent in small tug boats to effect a landing and capture the Battery.

Latest from Baltimore.

March of United States Soldiers Through the City.

GEN. PATTERSON AND STAFF AT FORT MONROE.

Location of Federal Troops.

BALTIMORE, 23. A train from Philadelphia arrived at 8 o'clock this morning, with 500 recruits for Washington; also one company of the 12th Regiment of New York, 90 men. The latter marched through the city to the Washington Depot, where the recruits remained in the cars and passed through.

Gen. Patterson and staff reached Fort McHenry yesterday by the steamer Wheddin.

Col. Moorhead's regiment will be removed to Patterson park, on the Eastern suburbs of the city, to-morrow. This is a splendid location; very large and healthy.

Col. Lyle's regiment will go inside of Fort McHenry to-morrow.

Col. Lewis' regiment will remain encamped at Federal Hill. The change has greatly improved the condition of the sick; only some half dozen are now in the hospital, and they are doing well. The large number who were sick at the former camp became convalescent under the influence of the high and airy position which they now occupy.

IMPORTAAT FROM WHEELING. THE ELECTION TO-DAY.

ATTEMPT TO INTIMIDATE UNION MEN. A Philadelphia Elected Colonel of the First Union Regiment of Virginia.

WHEELING, May 22. Advice received yesterday and to-day state positively that the Virginia secession troops are now in the neighborhood of Granton. It is evidently their design to intimidate the Union men from voting on the ordinance of secession to-morrow.

Eleven companies of United States troops are now encamped on the Fair grounds.

B. F. Kelly, of Philadelphia, was to-day unanimously elected colonel of the First Virginia Regiment, under the Presidential requisition. Colonel Kelly reviewed the troops this afternoon, when they were addressed by Hon. John S. Carlisle.

Affairs at St. Louis.

A REBEL STEAMER CAPTURED. Seizure of Five Thousand Pounds of Lead en route for the South.

St. Louis, May 23. The steamer J. C. Swan was seized yesterday at Harlow's Landing, thirty miles below the city, and brought to the Arsenal, by order of Gen. Lyon. This is the steamer that brought the arms from Baton Rouge which were captured by Gen. Lyon at Camp Jackson. Measures will be taken for the legal confiscation of the boat.

About 5000 pounds of lead, en-route for the south, were also seized yesterday at Ironton on the Iron Mountain Railroad, by order of General Lyon. Some resistance was offered by a party of citizens and several shots were fired on both sides, but nobody was hurt.

OHIO REGIMENTS IN BALTIMORE. PHILADELPHIA, May 23.

Two Ohio Regiments, under command of General Cooke, which have been encamped for some time past at Suffolk Park, started for Baltimore this morning by railroad.

SAILING OF STEAMERS SOUTHWARD. Boston, May 22.

The United States steam frigate Mississippi sailed to-day for the south. The steamers South Carolina and Massachusetts will follow in a day or two.

FIRST NEW HAMPSHIRE REGIMENT. CONCORD, N. H., May 23.

The First New Hampshire Regiment, Col. Tappan, will leave on Saturday via Worcester for Washington.

PURIFY THE BLOOD. MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PINKETTS BITTERS.

From from Mineral Follies, in cases of Scrophulous Ulcers, Scrupy, or Eruptions of the Skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing in a few days, every vestige of these loathsome diseases by their purifying effect on the blood. Biliousness, Fever, and Ague, Hypertrophy, Dropsy, Piles, and in short, most all diseases, owe their curative properties to their purifying effect on the blood. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense are saved. Prepared by W. B. MOFFAT, M. D., New York, and sold by all Druggists.

THE DR. KANE REFRIGERATOR. THIS superior REFRIGERATOR, together with several other styles, may be found at the manufactory, at exceedingly low prices. Also, a great variety of WATER COOLERS, of superior quality. E. S. FARSON & CO., Cor. Dock and Pear streets, Philadelphia.

MANHOOD. HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED. JUST PUBLISHED ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT AND RADICAL CURE OF SPERMATORRHEA, or Seminal Weakness, Sexual Exhaustion, Nervousness, Irritability, Gonorrhoea, Impotency, resulting from Self-abuse, &c. By F. J. CULVERWELL, M. D. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on the receipt of one dollar. Dr. CHAS. J. C. KLINE, 127 Bowery, New York. Post Office No. 4, 483.

THE CONFESIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF an Invalid. PUBLISHED for a young man who suffered from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c., suffering at the same time, the means of Self-Cure, by one who has taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges, for the Cough, or Irritation of the Throat, or even so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be averted. Public Spellers and Singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement. 419-11-1nd

NOTICE. COUGHS.—The sudden changes of our climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic Affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and efficaciously when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges, for the Cough, or Irritation of the Throat, or even so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be averted. Public Spellers and Singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement. 419-11-1nd

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS. Prepared from a Prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES. It is peculiarly suited. It will in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity. Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION. These Pills should not be taken by females during the first THREE MONTHS of pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES. DR. CHEESMAN'S PILLS, Prepared by Cornelius L. Cheesman, M. D., NEW YORK CITY.

THE combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, Pains, Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from the uterus or elsewhere, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysteria, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

TO MARRIED LADIES. Dr. Cheesman's Pills are invaluable, as they will bring on the monthly period with regularity. Ladies who have been disappointed in the use of other pills, should place the utmost confidence in Dr. Cheesman's Pills doing all that they represent to do.

NOTICE. There is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARriage. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the regular functions of a normal condition, that when the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

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MILITARY RELIEF FUND. The undersigned Associate Judges and Commissioners appointed a Board of Relief for the 13th section of the act of Assembly of the 15th day of May, 1861, give notice that they will meet at the office of the Com. Assessors, in the Court House, at Harrisburg, every Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, until systematized, and after that will meet monthly.

The applicant for relief will be furnished with a blank card that can be filled up at the office at great expense, containing for the information of the Board, the name, age, residence, occupation, when employed, birthplace, whether married or single, number and names of members of his family, and whether he has been enrolled in service, whose company, position in company, whether any, and if any, what assistance has been received from other sources, &c.

A. G. STEVENS, Associate Judges. JOHN S. MUSSER, JOSEPH BEEM, GEORGE BISHOP, Commissioners.

All newspapers in the county are requested to publish the above. my23