

THE TELEGRAPH IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAY, BY GEORGE BERGNER.

Pennsylvania Telegraph

"INDEPENDENT IN ALL THINGS—NEUTRAL IN NONE." VOL. XV. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 8, 1861. NO. 6

Steam Printing Office. Having procured Steam Power Presses, we are prepared to execute JOB and BOOK PRINTING of every description...

Miscellaneous.

Dr. D. W. Jones Hagerstown, Md.

Office in his own dwelling, a few rods west of the Franklin Railroad Depot...

Dr. Jones may be consulted personally or by letter, describing every symptom...

SYPHILIS. This is one of the worst of all diseases. Dr. Jones pledges himself to cure Syphilis in its worst forms...

Female Complaints. Dr. Jones offers the only safe and certain remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Constipation, and all Derangements of the Stomach...

Opening of Spring and Summer Dress Goods, &c.

Black and Second Mourning Dress Goods, &c. English Rep. Mourning Silks, Plain Black Foulards, Black and White Foulards and Foulard Bl...

THE CONSTITUTION AND THE UNION.

At KELLER'S DRUG STORE you will find a complete assortment of all the best and most reliable medicines...

CASEY & BROWN, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

HARRISBURG, PENN'A. Having associated together in the practice of the Law, will attend faithfully and promptly to all professional business entrusted to their office...

CHAMPAGNE WINES.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully announces to the citizens of Harrisburg, that he has taken rooms over KELLER'S HARDWARE STORE, to execute every style of AMBROTYPE...

The West Chester Academy.

AT WEST CHESTER, PA., within two hours' ride from Philadelphia by the Pennsylvania Central or the West Chester & Gettysburg Railroad...

Dr. J. W. Jones

1861. BARGAINS IN

Follow Case Moulds, all widths. Sewing Machines, all widths. Unwashed and Bleached Muslins, all prices. Tickings, all prices and widths.

GREAT EXCITEMENT

In State street east of the Capitol, between 4th and Spruce streets. A new Lager Beer saloon just opened, where everything in that line is kept general, and I would respectfully solicit the patronage of my numerous friends and the public generally.

NEW BOOKS

BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE, 51 MARKET STREET. ELISE VERNER: A romance of destiny. By Oliver Wendell Holmes. GUADALOUPE: A tale of Love and War. By a Military gentleman of Philadelphia.

JOHN WALLOWER, JR., Agt.

GENERAL FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

GOODS AND MERCHANDISE promptly

forwarded by Philadelphia and Reading, Norristown & Pottsville, and Pennsylvania Railroads, and Canal.

NEW FAMILY DRUG STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A Wholesale and Retail Drug and Prescription Store, in the Iron Front Building, No. 128 Market Street, lately occupied by Mr. E. W. Wain.

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

MERINOS, Plains and Figured. GARNETTES, Plain and Figured. ALL WOOL FLANNELS, Extra Styles and Quality.

BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE

51 MARKET STREET, IS THE CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY TO GET SCHOOL BOOKS AND SCHOOL STATIONERY. Comprising all the various READING AND SPELLING BOOKS, ARITHMETICS, ALGEBRAS, GRAMMARS, ETYMOLOGIES, DICTIONARIES, HISTORIES, PHILOGOPIES, and VOYAGE PAPERS, MAPS, BOOKS, SLATES, LEAD AND SLATE PENCILS, PENS AND HOLDERS, INK, ENGLISHS, RULES and the most complete assortment of SCHOOL STATIONERY constantly on hand and for sale at THE LOWEST PRICES of ANY PLACE in the City.

UPHOLSTERING.

HUSB MATRESSES, COTTON TOP MATRESSES, COTTON COMFORTS, FRENCH CARPET HASSACKS, CHAIR CUSHIONS, LOUNGERS, &c.

CLOSING OUT our still large assortment

of FURS, consisting of Handsome Dark Siberian Squirrel Sets, Beautiful Dark and Light Seal, A fine stock of all kinds of low-price Furs, A chance for Bargains in Fine Furs.

THE ATTENTION OF GENTLEMEN

is solicited to our very large assortment of "Gentlemen's" GLOVES of every size and quality. All the different kinds of Winter Gloves, (Gaiters, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Ready Sewed, and everything in Gent's wear, at BERGNER'S, Next to the Harrisburg Bank.

Daily Telegraph.

From our Morning Edition.

PENNSYLVANIA AND THE BALTIMORE MOB.

The following resolutions were presented in the House of Representatives yesterday by Mr. Williams, of Allegheny, and referred to the Special Committee on the Governor's Message: WHEREAS, It is represented that the volunteer citizens of this State and of the State of Massachusetts, on their way to the Federal Capital, in obedience to the requisition of the President of the United States, have been treacherously assailed and some of them brutally murdered by a riotous assemblage on the streets of Baltimore, while the means of the defence of freedom who were then rushing to the defence of the Capital, have been embarrassed and interrupted by the destruction of railroad bridges in defiance of, if not in actual compliance with the authorities of that city and of the State of Maryland; therefore,

Resolved, That it is the right of the Federal Government to march its troops for the purpose of suppressing an armed rebellion against its authority or upon any other lawful errand through any part of the United States, without hindrance or molestation; and that any attempt to interfere therewith by waylaying the said troops or interrupting their passage is an act of rebellion against the authority of this nation which involves the quiet and must subject the parties so offending, whether acting in the name of State authority or otherwise, to all the penalties of treason.

2. That the people of Pennsylvania will expect the Federal Government to vindicate its own dignity and power, and to redress the insult and injury inflicted on its loyal citizens, while responding to the call of the Executive of this Nation, by demanding and insisting upon the immediate surrender, or condign punishment, of the cowardly malefactors who have wantonly shed the blood of the unarmed and defenceless volunteers, whose only offence was that they were repairing, in obedience to the summons of their Chief, to the defence of the standard of their country.

3. That they will ever hold in grateful remembrance the first martyrs in the cause of Liberty and Union, who have thus perished under the hands of the assassin in the performance of their duty.

4. That the attitude of the border States, in their refusal to respond to the call of the Executive, and the declaration of their purpose to observe a strict neutrality—whether armed or unarmed—as between the loyal States of this Union and those who are in armed rebellion against its laws, thereby giving aid and comfort to the public enemy—is, in effect, a renunciation of their allegiance, equally treasonable and less excusable, because more cowardly, than any act of treason; and that in the domestic struggle now inaugurated, there is no neutrality in which either treachery or pusillanimity can find a refuge, and those who are not with us are necessarily against us.

5. That looking to the paramount obligation to the government of the United States, we know no States as contradistinguished therefrom, and utterly repudiate, as unconstitutional and inadmissible, the idea of compacts between States, or mediation by any one or more of them, as though they were independent powers, and the present a mere war of sections.

6. That the whole question at issue being one only between the government of the United States and its revolted subjects, there is, of course, no care for treaty or compromise, even by itself, until it shall have proved inadequate to execute its laws against its rebellious members; that any overture involving the idea of its dissolution or re-constitution, would be an act of revolution, and that the people look to have a right to look to the Federal Executive to employ all the power which the Constitution and laws have armed him, to reclaim the public property, to re-establish the administration of the Federal laws, to reduce the malcontents to unconditional submission, and to visit upon them all the penalties which the law annexes to the aims of treason.

7. That while the people of Pennsylvania fully realize the difficulties which have surrounded the new administration of the general government, and duly appreciate the moderation and forbearance, as well as the wisdom and patriotism which have thus far characterized its policy towards the rebel States, they desire to declare it as their unanimous sentiment, that they would greatly deprecate any compromise with treason—that the Union of these States, one and indivisible, without abridgement or diminution—is to be maintained with all the power of this government, at all hazard, and at every sacrifice; and that the blood and treasure of this State will be contributed ungrudgingly and without stint or measure, to maintain the integrity of that Union, and to vindicate the honor of its flag by washing in the blood of the traitors, the stains which have dimmed its lustre, and damaged our fame and credit as a leading power amongst the nations of the earth.

8. That as the earnest of their willingness to follow and respect the standard of our common country upon the dismantled fortresses of which treason has deprived it, Pennsylvania can point with pride to the mustering squadrons of her gallant sons, who are now vainly clamouring for the envied privilege of raising that standard from the dust, and dying, if necessary, in its defence.

9. That the Governor of this State be requested to forward a copy of these resolutions to the President of the U. S., the Governors of the several States, to be laid before their respective Legislatures, so far as the same may happen to be in session.

The Secretary of War.

There was some disposition to complain, among the friends of General Cameron, that the President, in making up his Cabinet, did not give that gentleman the Treasury, instead of the War Department; but events have proved the choice of the President a wise one. At the head of the War Department, Gen. Cameron is emphatically "the right man in the right place."

At such a time as this the War Department is the most important branch of the public service. It needs, eminently, a quick and prompt man—a man of firmness, decision, sound judgment, and of good business habits. In all these qualities does Gen. Cameron excel, as the management of the War Office in his hands abundantly shows; and the country is fortunate in having secured his services at a time and in a place so well calculated to call all his abilities into play.

From the moment of the inauguration of the President, when the course to be pursued towards the seceded States became the great question before the Cabinet, Gen. Cameron was among those who stood firmly by the President in support of an active movement for the suppression of the rebellion, and he maintained this position until the Cabinet became a unit upon it. In spite of the rumors to the contrary, and the aspersions at him from various quarters, the Secretary of War has bent his whole energies, and all the energies of the government he could command, to the attainment of the result witnessed in the great demonstration now exciting the wonder of the whole country, and which is certain to accomplish the suppression of the rebellion, if there be no balk in its future management.

We are glad to note a willingness to acknowledge the error on the part of some of those who have heretofore been slow to do justice to Gen. Cameron. The New York Tribune much more inclined to depreciate than praise him, is now free to admit his energy and firmness. It says: "It is now acknowledged here, even by those who at first objected to that course, that the action of the War Department in the eight days following the riot at Baltimore was judicious and necessary to prepare the way for intelligent prosecution of the policy now determined on. Taken by surprise, not ready with the overwhelming force of an active campaign, whereas to cut a direct path, the question was between a circuitous route with certainty of arriving at the destination, and an abortive and murderous attempt at directness."

The fact is at least demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt, that the policy of the Administration, now and henceforth, is war. To this conclusion Mr. Lincoln has urged his Cabinet for ten days past. Messrs. Chase, Blair, and Cameron entered heart and soul into the plan, and but for the wavering of Messrs. Seward and Welles on this point the Cabinet would have been a unit. Mr. Welles has received such letters, petitions, and appeals from his own State as have inspired his conversion to an anti-peace doctrine, and finally Mr. Seward has added his undoubting assent to the necessity of such a course.

Prominent Baltimoreans have been important Lincoln for several days to reopen communication, to send dispatches by telegraph through the city, and to insure speedy mail facilities. This has been manfully opposed by Secretary Cameron, who was determined to force them to their senses, deeming a wholesale punishment the best thing for them."

It adds, in another paragraph, "Gen. Cameron exhibits a marked degree of shrewdness in the selection of men; and, altogether, it bears full and faithful, and true testimony to the vigor, ability and promptitude with which the affairs of the department are managed."

We refer to these facts with pleasure; first, because the country is so fortunate in having such a man in such a place, at such a time; and next, because the occasion affords an opportunity of doing justice to a much abused and much misunderstood man. The prejudice so widely felt against him where he was not known, by men who did not understand him, will now, thank fortune, melt away before the enlightened sentiment of the country, and the public will learn to appreciate one whose labors show him to be a true patriot, as well as an efficient, trustworthy and most valuable public servant.

ARRRESTED FOR STEALING A LETTER.

George D. Boyer, a carpenter, who had been employed at Camp Curtin, was last evening arrested on the charge of stealing a letter from the Post Office directed to Dr. Reed. It seems that Boyer was working inside of the office fixing up boxes, &c., and whilst thus engaged he took the letter. Mayor Kepner committed him to jail to await his trial at the August Court.

PORT OFFICE, HARRISBURG, PA., April 16, 1861.

Table with columns: Mails Cross, Pennsylvania R. R., East, West, Columbia Branch, P. R. R., Northern Central R. R., South, North, Lebanon Valley R. R., Duncannon & Susquehanna R. R., Chambersburg Valley R. R., By Stage.

KILLED ON THE RAILROAD.

Day before yesterday afternoon as the down passenger train on the Lebanon Valley Railroad, was approaching Wernererville, and about one and a half miles west of that place, a man named Daniel Stand, of Wernererville, was driving two cows on the track, although the engineer, Mr. Butz, gave all the warning in his power, the unfortunate man did not hear, and was struck by the engine, as were also his two cows. Stand was instantly killed, having had his neck and legs broken. The cows were also killed. The train was under full headway at the time, and there was no possibility of stopping it. Mr. Stand was about 55 years of age, and leaves a family of nineteen children to mourn his death. The deceased was carrying an umbrella at the time, and it is supposed that prevented him from hearing the warning of the whistle of the locomotive. When will people learn to keep off the railroad track!

MOSES Y. BEACH SHOWS HIS HAND.

MOSES Y. BEACH, formerly proprietor of the New York Beech, sends a patriotic letter to a meeting in his native town, Wallingford, Conn., urging the seceded States to the extent of \$100,000 on the railroad track!

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE WAR FOR THE UNION.

Latest From Washington.

The War Feeling in New Jersey.

LOAN BILL PASSED. Subsequent Enlistments of Soldiers to Serve for Three Years.

IOWA TO MUSTER TWO REGIMENTS INTO SERVICE.

MORE RESIGNATIONS IN THE ARMY.

MAJ. ANDERSON PROMOTED.

The First Boston Regiment Offer Their Services for Three Years.

RAILROAD TRAVEL OPEN.

THE REBEL FORCES.

MAJ. ANDERSON TO VISIT KENTUCKY.

SIXTY THOUSAND ARMS IN WASHINGTON.

CANNON PLANTED BY GEN. BUTLER.

WASHINGTON, May 7. The War Department has informed the Governors of the States which have ordered out their quota of military under the first proclamation of the President, that it is desirable and preferable that those who have not been marched forward shall be mustered in for three years under the subsequent proclamation. Full instructions on this subject will soon be given.

MAJOR ANDERSON TO VISIT KENTUCKY.

Major Anderson will soon be ordered to his honorable duty. The President contemplates promoting him a Colonel.

S. W. FUBBIGNER, of Cincinnati, has been appointed paymaster in the army.

THE CHARLESTON COURIER, of Saturday, says that the Collector of that port has been instructed by the Confederate government to clear private vessels and cargoes until war is declared, and the will of Congress is made known.

General Beauregard has left Charleston for Montgomery.

Brigadier General Cooke, commanding the military and the defenses on the Potomac border of Virginia, in a general order says that General Regules has taken up his quarters at Fredericksburg, and that he (Gen. Cooke) is to take a position in front of Washington, and in connection with the commanding officer at Harper's Ferry, on his left, will thus cover and defend the Potomac border against invasion from the North. He adds that the Capital has never been threatened, and that it is not now threatened. It is beyond and outside the limits of the free and independent State of Virginia. The North has not openly, and according to the usages of civilized nations, declared war on us. We make no war on them; but should Virginia soil or the grave of Washington be polluted by the tread of a single man in arms from the North of the Potomac, it will cause open war.

Major Anderson, the hero of Fort Sumter, contemplates a visit to Kentucky, where he will address the people in behalf of the Union.

Several of those officers of the United States Army who resigned their commissions and afterwards failed to get appointments in the rebel army, have had the impudence to ask the Secretary to restore them to the service; but they have met with an emphatic refusal.

There are sixty thousand stand of arms in the Washington Navy Yard.

Cannon have been planted, by Gen. Butler's force, on the large stone viaduct of the Washington Branch Railroad, which commands the Relay House and the surrounding country.

NEW JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

Trenton, N. J., April 7. In House Assembly this afternoon a bill to raise a loan of one million dollars and State tax of \$100,000 was ordered to third reading. There was spirited debate. The Republican members supported a loan of two million, and Democrats one million. The last named sum was finally agreed upon. The bill for raising four more Regiments and for purchasing ten thousand stand of arms, artillery and munitions of war, will come up to-morrow morning.

Resolutions thanking the Governor for the energy and activity he has displayed in raising the quota of troops for this State, and expressing strong confidence respecting his judgment, patriotism and ability in upholding New Jersey to use her power to maintain the Union and Constitution, and thanking the President for the energy displayed by him in defence of the Union, were introduced this morning by Mr. Moore, (Dem.) in the Senate, and passed by that body by a unanimous vote. Mr. Cook, (Rep.) has introduced in the Senate a supplement to the act for the punishment of crimes.

THE WAR IN EARNEST.

THE PHILADELPHIA TROOPS ON THE MARCH.

SENATOR BAYARD IN TROUBLE.

PHILADELPHIA, May 7. Orders have been issued for the marching of troops, and the following companies will leave here to-morrow, viz: Col. Lewis's First Regiment Infantry. Col. Moorehead's Regiment. Col. Patterson's Regiment, First Artillery. Col. Lyle's Regiment, National Guard. This body of Pennsylvania troops will be accompanied by two regiments of Ohio volunteers. They will be under the command of Brevet Major General Cadwalader. Their destination is as yet unknown, even to the Colonels of the Regiments.

Early this morning certain parties at Wilmington, Delaware, telegraphed to the city that Senator Bayard was coming hither in the morning train. Word was passed around among some parties in the southwest part of the city, and by the time the train arrived, between eight and nine o'clock, a crowd had gathered at the depot. Mr. Bayard was accompanied by two daughters. He was pointed out to the crowd upon the arrival of the train, but he was allowed to enter a Fifteenth street car without molestation.

Mr. Dubocoe escorted Mr. Bayard to the Central Station, at Fifth and Chestnut streets, where he remained a short time, until Mayor Henry arrived, when he was at once discharged, and entering a carriage with a friend, residing in this city, he was driven off. He returned to Wilmington to-day, having made but a very short stay in the city.

UNION DEMONSTRATION AT FREDERICK, MARYLAND.

FREDERICK, May 7. The presentation of a flag to the Brengle Guards, by the ladies of Frederick, will take place at two o'clock this afternoon. The presentation will be made by the Hon. Beverly Johnson, and the occasion is attracting thousands from the surrounding country, and will be made the opportunity for an enthusiastic Union demonstration. The Stars and Stripes are flying in all directions. Two secessionists have been arrested for cheering for J. C. Davis.

THE FIRST BOSTON REGIMENT.

Boston, May 7. The officers of the First Boston Regiment learning that no troops will be accepted under three years enlistment, waited on Gov. Andrew this afternoon in a body, and tendered their services and those of the Regiment for that term.

NEW GOODS! NEW PRICES!

FRESH ARRIVAL OF GROCERIES!

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES!

The subscriber has just returned from Philadelphia with a large and varied assortment of FRESH GROCERIES, QUEENSWAY, BAUME, HAMS, NOTIONS, and everything usually kept in a first class Grocery, respectively call the attention of his customers, as well as the public generally, to his list arrival. Thankful for past patronage he hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

FLAGS! FLAGS!!

NOTE PAPER AND ENVELOPES with

natural designs, LETTER PAPER with a view of the city of Harrisburg, printed and for sale at BERGNER'S BOOKSTORE, Near the Harrisburg Bridge.

BUEHLER HOUSE,

MARKET SQUARE, HARRISBURG, PENN'A.

GEO. J. BOLTON, PROPRIETOR.

ALDERMAN

HENRY PEEFER, OFFICE—THIRD STREET, (SHELL'S ROW, NEAR MARKET.)

Residence, Chestnut Street near Fourth.

CITY OF HARRISBURG, PENN'A.