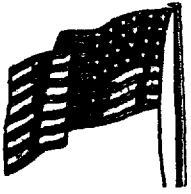


Daily Telegraph.



Forever float that standard sheet! Where breathes the foe but falls before us...

OUR PLATFORM. THE UNION—THE CONSTITUTION—AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAW.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Friday Afternoon May 3, 1861.

THE MORNING TELEGRAPH.

We are now circulating an edition of the TELEGRAPH every morning, larger than any other morning paper that is either published or re-tailed in Harrisburg.

Advertisers would do well to take advantage of the morning edition of the TELEGRAPH.

WE MAY NOT EXPLORE the hundreds and thousands of young men from Pennsylvania who are enlisting under the bright and beautiful flag of their country to beware of the enemy of republics, as well as the foes of their nation.

THERE IS A STARTLING RUMOR going the rounds of the press, that John Brown, jr., is uncaptured near Beaver creek, about midway between New Castle, Pa., and the Ohio river, with four hundred negroes, principally from Canada, whom he is practicing in military drill.

The amazing unanimity of the people of the loyal States—at least nineteen of the thirty-four—in support of the vigorous war preparations of the government has paralyzed the secessionists.

BALTIMORE is in a terrible condition, the result of the crimes and excesses of her own citizens. The city has been cut off from communication with all sections, and its supply of provisions almost entirely stopped.

THE VICE PRESIDENT BRADENBERRY advises the border States to be represented in the next session of Congress. The counsel is kind, but it is late.

THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER says that the army now in Washington city is to be increased to fifty thousand men, and there will be large camps formed at convenient distances, each perhaps equally large.

THE PATRIOT AND UNION, this morning, could not restrain the exhibition of its love and wisdom on the subject of the present fearful crisis. The old allies of democracy in the South must be defended and sustained, and, therefore, the policy of hitting at the possibility of the present uprising of the people in the free States eventually resulting in the overthrow of the institution of slavery, must be used to prejudice the cause of those who are struggling for the Constitution and laws of the land.

This war is for the Union, and the destruction of all its enemies. That which assails the Union must not be permitted to exist. We cannot compromise with those who are now opposing the federal authority.

The Northern men will become heretofore the most powerful military people in the world. Present indications exhibit the fact, that every man wants to become a soldier.

The good that must and will result from thus organizing every community in this land need not be calculated now. We can see sufficient of its utility from the disadvantages labor under for lack of just such a system of discipline and preparation.

MARSHAL KANS, of Baltimore, is very anxious to escape the odium and responsibility he has incurred by his participation in the riots and incendiarisms of Baltimore and Maryland during the past few weeks.

THERE IS A GREAT SCARCITY of percussion caps in the Southern Confederacy, and a heavy bonus is said to have been offered by the State authorities of Virginia to any one who will establish a percussion cap manufactory in that State.

SPECIAL MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

The following message, communicating a very important correspondence between the Secretary of War, Gen. Cameron, Gov. Curtin and Gen. Robert Patterson, was sent into the Senate yesterday.

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, Harrisburg, May 2, 1861. To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In my communication to you, of the 30th of April, I had the honor to say that a requisition had been made for twenty-five additional regiments of infantry and one of cavalry, for the service of the National Government.

The first order made upon me by the Federal Government was for sixteen regiments of infantry, which, by a subsequent order, was reduced to fourteen. That order was filled immediately, and I continue to receive companies for the regiments assigned in my message of April 30th, until twenty-three regiments were mustered into the service of the United States.

HEAD QUARTERS, MILITARY DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON, Philadelphia, April 26, 1861. His Excellency, Andrew G. Curtin, Governor of Pennsylvania:

Sir: I feel it my duty to express to you that the force at the disposal of this Department should be increased without delay.

I therefore have to request your Excellency to direct that twenty-five additional regiments of Infantry and one regiment of Cavalry be called for forthwith, to be mustered into the service of the United States.

I have the honor to be, With great respect, R. PATTERSON, Major General.

I commenced immediately to raise the additional force, and a large number of companies were accepted from different parts of the State, and from which we had not taken companies to all the first Pennsylvania regiments.

HEAD QUARTERS, MILITARY DEPARTMENT OF PENNSYLVANIA, Philadelphia, April 30, 1861. To His Excellency, A. G. Curtin, Harrisburg, Pa. Sir:—On the 25th inst., I addressed you a communication expressing my opinion that the force at my disposal was inadequate.

The three companies referred to in my communication of the 25th, are required for immediate service, and one troop will be on duty tomorrow.

A call may be made for an additional force of volunteers to serve for two years, or the war, but the authority therefor will be provided in time to cause no delay or inconvenience.

The Government informs me that no more than three months men will be required, plans having been adopted to increase the army in a more efficient manner. I have, therefore, to request that my suggestion in relation to additional regiments be not taken into consideration.

I am, sir, very respectfully, Your obedient servant, R. PATTERSON, Major General.

For the purpose of a clear understanding of the terms and conditions upon which the Pennsylvania quota of the call of the General Government is admitted into the service, I communicate with this message the following answers to interrogations put by me to the War Department on that subject:

WAR DEPARTMENT, Washington, April 29, 1861. His Excellency Andrew G. Curtin, Governor of Pennsylvania:

DEAR SIR:—In answer to the queries propounded by you to this Department and presented by O. J. Dickey, Esq., I have the honor to reply:

1st. That the quota of militia from Pennsylvania cannot be increased at present. But the President has authorized the raising of twenty-five regiments of volunteers, to serve for three years, or during the war.

2d. The soldiers as soon as mustered into service, are provided for by the United States.

3d. Camp equipage is always supplied by the United States; but being unable to do so as rapidly as needed, would recommend your State to do so and present the bill for the same.

4th. The law provides pay, as transportation from place of rendezvous to the place of muster.

5th. Not knowing the wants of the troops, it is difficult to answer this query. Arms and equipments are furnished by the United States.

6th. Should the troops be in immediate want of clothing or equipments, and the State can furnish them, the United States Government will reimburse the expense of doing so, but being out of the regular order of furnishing, this Department could not, of course, direct that it should be done, but would recommend it.

7th. The Department has no regular form of voucher for the purpose desired. Any form that shall specify the items in detail as to number, the matter to be present, would be sufficient.

I hope the foregoing answers will be sufficiently full and satisfactory for your purpose.

I have the honor to be, Very respectfully yours, &c., SIMON CAMERON, Secretary of War.

I take this occasion to again repeat my opinion of the necessity for the immediate organization and equipment of at least fifteen regiments, as recommended in my message of 30th April.

Since the change in the order of the National Government, it becomes more necessary for the defence of our border, and the protection of our citizens—who may soon leave the State in the service of the Federal Government. As the force directed to the National Capitol will be very much diminished, it is eminently proper that a portion of our people, fully prepared for any emergency, should follow their advance, and if necessity should occur, march to their relief.

I submit these facts which have transpired since my message of the 30th inst., to aid you in your deliberations upon the weighty issues involved.

A. G. CURTIN. MISCELLANEOUS

THE REACTION.—There is evidently a reaction going on in the public mind of our city and State, and it is not likely that it will reach its culmination until the demand be satisfied in relation to the authorized repair of the railroads and the arrest and conviction of the traitors of the raid of the 19th, and the assurance to the General Government that no resistance of its order was contemplated nor effected in its erection of Maryland and the District of Columbia into a military district.

A MARYLAND AMBUSH.—As the last Rhode Island regiment came along the route, beyond Bladensburg, the advance guard of about two hundred mounted riflemen, who questioned them closely and asked how many were behind. They replied six thousand, with artillery. They then asked what were their orders if attacked. The reply was "to burn every building, and destroy all property within three miles each side of the road."

ANOTHER SEIZURE OF CONTRABAND GOODS.—The Committee of Virginians from Butler had long and satisfactory interviews with Messrs. Lincoln and Cameron last night. Their object was to induce the Administration to pledge itself to support them if, at the coming election, the loyal citizens of that county showed need of protection.

GENIUS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS.—Cornelius did not speak correctly the language of which he was such a master. Discartes was silent in mixed society. Thematostols, when asked to play on a lute, he said, "I cannot fiddle, but I can make a little village and a great city."

REASON OF THE MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

The fears expressed that the address of the Maryland Senate, announcing that no act of secession would be passed, was not in good faith—a proclamation that a majority of the Senate were not secessionists, though indeed to quiet public apprehension, have been justified by the proceedings of to-day.

There was a desperate row at the Adams House, on Monday. The volunteers had been complaining of the food furnished them for some time, and an officer of one company knocked down a waiter.

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A CORRESPONDENT of the New York Commercial says:—General Jackson, soon after he was elected President, said to a friend (who narrated the remark to Commander Maury), that there were three things which he had at heart, and he went on to declare that "with the blessing of God, these three things will cause to be done: 1st, the national debt—kill the monster back to Philadelphia!—and fortify the Tortugas!—One of his official acts was to order an examination of the Tortugas by Commodore Rodgers, and while he had the debt paid and the bank virtually destroyed, he never lost sight of the key to the Gulf."

THREW HER SHOES AT THEM.—A day or two since, an incident occurred to the Harlanburg (Lawrence county) volunteer company, which is worthy of record. There is an old Irish superstition that if a shoe is thrown at you, when starting upon any expedition, it is certainly good luck, or success in what you have undertaken.

DISCOVERY.—A letter from the Independence Belge, says that a distinguished chemist, M. Rousseau, has made a discovery by means of which any private family may make sugar for its own consumption.

I should be drafted into the service, what should you do? "Get a substitute," was the reply. "Get a substitute," was the reply. "Get a substitute," was the reply.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TELEGRAPH LINES OUT OF ORDER.—In consequence of the weather our dispatches were interrupted to-day. We expect full reports, however, for the "Morning Telegraph."

From Washington.

BLOCKADING OF THE PORTS. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company Aiding the Government.

THE VIRGINIA COMMITTEE.

THE NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILROAD TO BE REPAIRED.

WASHINGTON, May 2

Most active preparations are being made for the further blockading of Southern ports. Ten vessels of the fleet will, within a week, be at sea. The entire fleet will consist of at least fifty vessels of various description, accompanied by sufficient steam transports for the accommodation of a land force of at least 20,000 strong.

It was announced in the press that the Government had selected at various times quantities of flour. Prior to its sale, the price had risen to \$30 per barrel. The whole amount taken was 80,000 barrels, all of which was destined for the New York market, and for which regular prices were paid.

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Died.

On the 1st inst., JACOB HALDERMAN HOSS, aged two years. (The funeral will take place to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon, at three o'clock, from his father's residence. The relatives and friends of the deceased are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.)

New Advertisements.

POTATOES. 1,500 BUSHELS of choice POTATOES for sale by EBW & SON, my3-5d*

NOTICE.

A CHANCE TO OPERATORS. THE greatest ever offered in our country. Good female operators can find employment here. Also, good Collier hands at the best prices. Yearly salary from \$100 to \$150. For particulars apply to JAMES A. LINDSAY, my3-2d*-fam

FOR SALE.

Three empty ARKS for sale, very cheap. If applied for immediately, by my3-3*

DENTISTRY.

DR. GEO. W. STINE, graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, having recently located in the city of Harrisburg, on the corner of Second and Walnut streets, opposite the office formerly occupied by Dr. George, on the corner of Market and Walnut, respectfully solicits the friends and the public in general, that he will perform all operations in the Dental Department, surgical or mechanical, in a manner unsurpassed by operators in this or any other city. He is also a graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, and is a member of the American Dental Association. Teeth, from one to a full set, mounted on gold, silver, or porcelain plates or the Vulcanite Base.

WILL BE PUBLISHED.

ON MAY 5th. For Sale Everywhere. THE VOLUNTEER'S MANUAL. CONTAINING FULL INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE INSTRUCTION OF THE SOLDIER AND SQUAD. WITH ONE HUNDRED ILLUSTRATIONS. THE DIFFERENT POSITIONS IN THE RANGING AND MANUEVRE OF ARMS AND THE LOADING AND FIRING.

Arranged According to Scott's system of Infantry Tactics. BY LIEUT. COL. D. W. C. BAXTER. PRICE 25 CENTS.

Liberal terms to Dealers and Agents. PUBLISHED BY KING & BAIRD, NO. 607, BAYSON STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

REVOLVERS.

For sale at the EAGLE WORKS, my3-5d*

THE SOLDIER'S BOOK. M'KENNEY'S. "Our Government," an exposition of the Constitution of the United States, explaining the nature and sources of our government, from judicial and author sources. Price \$1.00. For sale at BERGER'S STORE, my3

FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY.

M. I. FRANKLIN, Scientific and Practical Optician. (Store and Factory 112 North Fourth street, Harrisburg, Pa.)

HAS arrived in this city and opened an office for a short time for the sale of his celebrated IMPROVED SPECTACLES and all other optical instruments, forming the Complete Connoisseur's assortment with the philosophy of Nature, superior purity and transparency of other glasses obtained from the sun, producing clear and distinct vision, being easy and comfortable in reading the most minute type, affording altogether the best help for the eyes, vision, improving, strengthening and restoring the eye. These glasses are corrected and adapted to every eye. STEEL RINGS in every variety.

POWER'S DIARRHŒA AND CHOLERA ANTIDOTE. For the cure of the most distressing maladies. Agreeable to the taste. Every soldier should procure a bottle of this medicine before they take up their line of march. For sale at C. A. BANNVANT'S Drug Store, Harrisburg, Pa. my3-5d*

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES.

HEAD QUARTERS, PENNA. MILITARY DEPARTMENT, QUARTER MASTER'S DEPARTMENT, Harrisburg, May 1, 1861.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office in Harrisburg, up to twelve o'clock on TUESDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF MAY, 1861, for the whole or part of the following quantities to be delivered at this place:—

15,000 Great Coats, 15,000 Army Blankets, Indigo Blue of Gray, 15,000 Pair Trousers, 15,000 Undershirts, 80,000 Pairs of Knit Woolen Socks, 80,000 Pairs Canton Flannel Drawers, 80,000 Pair Woolen Stockings, 15,000 Pair Hosiery.

All the above to be of the army pattern, and conform strictly to the regulation of the United States Army. In quality of material and workmanship to be as good as the best. The successful bidder will be required to give satisfactory evidence of his contract.

REQUIREMENT. 15,000 Great Coats, 15,000 Army Blankets, Indigo Blue of Gray, 15,000 Pair Trousers, 15,000 Undershirts, 80,000 Pairs of Knit Woolen Socks, 80,000 Pairs Canton Flannel Drawers, 80,000 Pair Woolen Stockings, 15,000 Pair Hosiery.

NEW GOAL OFFICE. ADAMS UNIVERSITY having entered into a contract with the city of Harrisburg, to erect a new goal office in this city, will accept of proposals for the purchase of the site of the same. The site is located on the corner of Second and Walnut streets, opposite the office formerly occupied by Dr. George, on the corner of Market and Walnut, and is bounded by the streets of Second, Walnut, Market and Third. The successful bidder will be required to give satisfactory evidence of his contract.