## Pennsylvaniv Daily Telegraph, An

## Haily Telegraph Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio and Indiana, operating jointly as well as separately, will doubtless prosecute the Summer campaign with a vigor and an energy that must surprise our Southern rebel cousins. Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana are themselves able to crush this rebellion, and to crush it, too, without firing a gun. They can at their will hold the entire northern frontier of the Slave States, cut off the provisions which sustain them, and effectually damage the already insignificant trade of the border Forever float that star States. Unable to cope in numbers or strength Where breathes the foc but falls before u with the people of the free States, the rebels With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,

And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us OUR PLATFORM.

THE UNION-THE CONSTITUTION-AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAW.

HARRISBURG, PA. Tuesday Afternoon, April 30, 1861.

THE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY.

No branch of the public service is of more importance than the Medical Department, and the suggestion of a correspondent of a Philadelphis paper on the subject should be acted upon, both as regards the selection of skillful and experienced persons to purchase medicines for the use of the Pharmaceutists in the field, as well as the selection of skillful Surgeons.

The practice of Surgeons employed in the public service giving an order to an apothecary, who fills it without regard to quantity or price, is exceedingly to be deprecated.

The Governor has been peculiarly forfunate thus far in the selection of his officers, but it is not expected that he is acquainted with the geons who are applicants for commissions in Board of Examiners at Harrisburg would obviate much of the difficulty under which he must labor in making the selection of his medical staff. We submit the suggestion to those in

## power. THE GOVERNOR'S MESSSAGE.

We have only time this afternoon to thank he has taken in his message to the special sesthe same when they suffer passion or resentment to lead them astray. Therefore, in an peril, it is most fitting and appropriate that the of the country from its embarrassments and dangers.

The recommendations of the message were forced on the nation. foreshadowed in an editorial that appeared in Saturday afternoon's TELEGRAPH. The organization of a military force for the protection of our line of territory lying in juxtaposition with that of States that are either in open or secret rebellion with the Federal Government is, of dangers ebbing and flowing around the gov course, of a practical necessity and must be en | ernment. Had Abraham Lincoln openly and couraged by the most prompt legislation. The other references to the forces now organized by the State, will also meet with approval, while the manner in which the message defends the right of our people to march through any territory for the defence of a common capital, will sworn to have his life, and when they were assuredly call forth the enthusiastic response of disappointed, they raved like hungry tigers every true heart in Pennsylvania. Gov. Curern mob : he feels and declares the horror exdignity of his position had permitted him an ally obliterated and destroyed as John C. out the disgrace which has been heaped upon and at Charleston it was announced. The the State. the people of this State, as well as the approval of the citizens of the Union. ONE OF THE TRIBUTES to the people of the North which the rebels of the South are unconsciously paying them, is in the fact that all the women and children who can be removed from the rebel country are sent to the North for refuge and safety. There is neither, it ap. pears, in the South for defenceless women and helpless children. In this tribute the people of the South admit that the very elements and institutions they so much defend are not able to stand alone. They are destructable in themselves, and unable to bear the test either of revolution or rebellion. What better evidence and the influence of the free North ?---Even in war, our enemies send their most pretheir flying wives and children, not as hostages, but as sisters, who suffer by the perverseness of safety. The wives and children of our exas-

THE SUMMER CAMPAIGN. are calculating an an encounter between the army of the Government and the disease of their climate, but in this they may be disappointed. With the capital safe, with Maryland re-enlightened and brought back to her senses, and the mob of Baltimore chastised and humiliated, the summer campaign may rest on the border. Western Virginia has declared her purpose of standing by the Union, even if it becomes necessary to separate from the eastern portion of the State. Under such circumstances, it would be easy to take possession of Richmond, and to hold the Old Dominion by force of arms, where her ancient faith and noble ancestry, if both were animate and alive, would undoubtedly place her, viz: firm in her devotion to the Constitution and laws of the land. Virginia may have men, but she has neither money or credit, or means

of sustaining an army to carry on a lengthened campaign. Twenty-five thousand men could march from one end of the Old Dominion to the other, and encounter no fiercer opposition than the blustering of the Wises and the treachery of the Tylers. They could hold the city of Richmond, while the remainder of the medical standing of the numerous body of Sur- Federal , troops were protecting the borders .-As the winter approached, after the gathering the different regiments. A correspondent re- of the harvests of the Western and Middle commends that the establishment of a Medical States, an army could be organized such as would place all opposition at defiance, march to Montgomery, and take Jeff Davis with the surprise his vanity and ambition have long needed. There is nothing either improbable or impracticable in such a plan of operation. If

would not necessarily be a war of aggression or invasion. The march of the Federal troops Governor Curtin, in the name of the people of through its own territory, the territory of its Pennsylvania, for the bold and manly position sovereign states, whose sovereignty has been violated and disgraced by usurpation, would be sion of the Legislature, convened in Harrisburg an act of mercy, tending to its own vindito-day. It is the first executive document that | cation, and the (re-assertion of the rights has been laid before any of the legislative of its citizens, instead of an invasion of bodies of the loyal states, refering to the rebel- any of their sovereign privileges. It would lion which now prevails in the States that not be aggressive to rescue the people from the have renounced their loyality. Gov. Curtin phrenzy of a mob, to prevent the confiscation of takes the lofty position, that this government, their property, and the incarceration of their framed for specific objects and founded in prin- persons in loathsome cells, as punishment for ciples that are eternal, cannot and shall not be their refusal to fight under the banner of treabroken up to serve the visionary aims and ends son. An army of free mechanics marching of misguided ambition. With a written Con- through the benighted and prejudiced regions stitution, there can be no mistake in its purpo- | of the south, would have an immense influence ses, no misapprehending its powers, and there- on the future of the people of those States. fore no necessity to seek its violent overthrow. The knowledge which they could dispense, the The interests of the commonwealths of this natividence of power which they could exhibit, tion are all equal in its guarantees-their in- the material of their genius accompanying fluence is equal for good, their power for evi- their march, would dazzle the eyes of the southern laboring men with a wonder more brilliant than that which once marked the triumphal hour like this, of great public and private marches of the armies of Macedonia and Rome. -That the operations of the government Governor of a sovereign state should boldly will lead to its vindication and the perpetuity interpose his Executive power by invoking the of the Union, we never once doubted. It has legislature of his state to provide the most the power to do so, and while indulging in the ample and prompt means for the deliverance speculations such as are contained in this article, we only express the popular desire for practical results from the crisis which has been

TWO FAIR CONCLUSIONS. We are forced to two conclusions while reviewing the embarrassing circumstances and publicly attempted to pass through the mob town of Baltimore, while on his way to Washington, he would have been assassinated by the ruffians who laid in wait for his appearance. They were prepared for that purpose, had frustrated in their hunt for blood. The other tin feels and declares that the honor of the conclusion that forces itself on us is the cer-Keystone State has been tarnished by a south- tainty that had John C. Breckenridge been elected President the title of every white labor cited by the murder of our citizens, and if the ing man to freedom would have been as literexpression in an official paper, there is little Breckinridge has since destroyed his own proud doubt that he would have declared the purpose title of a loyal American citizen, and become a of the people of Pennsylvania to avenge these bold and unscrupulous traitor. The plot was wrongs sooner or later, and without delay wipe all arranged. It was concocted at Charleston.

A LADY writes to us on the subject of the promptness with which the ladies of Harrisburg have responded to the call of assisting with their needles in providing haversacks for the volunteers, and desires to know whether, as their work passes through so many hands before it reaches the Quarter-Master's department, the State will be charged for the same. All we can write in reply to our fair correspond-D ent is, that the State should not be asked to pay for this work, the voluntary contribution of the ladies, and if money is drawn from the treasury for such a purpose, i will be a baser fraud than any that has yet been perpetrated on the people of Pennsylvania. If our lady correspondent will write to the Auditor General, Thomas E. Cochran, the object she aims at will be much better accomplished than it can be by our discussion of the subject. In this connection we are also authorized to state that the ladies of the different churches, with the most commendable zeal, are busily engaged in preparing bedclothing, lint, &c., for the accommodation and service of the volunteers. All this is done voluntarily-the free contribution of beauty to valor-and in return for which no greater insult could be offered than the intimation that it was performed for pay. The ladies love their T country, its liberty and its cause, with a zeal that cannot, perhaps, shoulder a musket or wield a sword, but with a fervor that prompts M. them to deeds of loving kindness, and genuine acts of mercy and assistance.

ENGLAND will not recognize the rebel government, based on the principles of universal slavery. This, of course, settles the diplomatic Ri intercourse of the rebels with the governments of Europe. The refusal of England will be followed by similar refusals in every Court of the civilized and christian world. Not a nation on earth will bind itself in alliance of defence or riv comity with a band of men who stand on the principle that rebellion against truth is the di only way to correct error, and that treason is deemed a higher merit than honest devotion to a practical, reasonable, just and liberal government. Jeff. Davis and his confederate traitors the will next be compelled to turu their attention to less civilized nations. An offer to the King dis of Dahomey or the Emperor of Morocco would in perhaps be more successful than the one proposed to the virtuous and liberal Queen of the th English.

How strange it must read to Northern eyes what amongst us scarcely excites a remark, are that among the subscribers to the Confederate pa Loan at Montgomery, were two negresses, taking jointly \$400. Still more strange, that in the vicinity of the same city, a wealthy planter asks leave to arm his negroes and form ra-them into a company of wing the normal them into a company, offering to command them himself in any services which they might be ordered. - Mobile Register.

All this would be very strange, did not "northern eyes" view this infatuation of igno-the rance in a different light from that in which it the 'northern eyes" view this infatuation of ignos viewed by the slave owners. The Montgomery negroes had no other alternative to save their lives than to give up their money, as refusal would have entailed confiscation and death. As to the wealthy planter arming his as slaves and compelling them to fight, being an as as a state of the state of evidence of a slave's devotion either to his fo master or his slavery, is evidently false. It ti is only the evidence of the degradation to which the human soul and purpose can be brought by the institution.

WE WERE wrong, yesterday, in stating that ti Col. Longenecker was in command at Camp and over the line of Railway established by the Bolson, William Curtin, that duty devolving on Lieut. Col. W. H. R. Hangen, who is an officer of experience and ability.

MISCELLANEOUS.

iesday Afternoon, April, 30, 1861.				
NTT MITT TIM A TIT	Married.		New	Advertisemnts.
BY TELEGRAPH.	On the 28th inst, by Rev. Mobert J. Carcos, Mr. Che- MANS S. ERISMAN, of Lancaster, to Miss Salome E. Check- NEB, of Harrisburg.		McCrooker, S McCreery, G J McMullan, E M McCurdy, J K	S Seltzer, J H Shearer, Henry Shomo, C M
THE WAR FOR THE UNION.	New Advertisements.		M Maurer, P Mendenhall, J	Schmuck, C Shërtz, Jnó Shafer, F
	WANTED.		Meschand, S S M, M	Shay, SJ 2 Shaner, H F
elegates to the Southern Congress.	A good COOK at the European Hotel. Inquire on the premises. ar 30 3.*		Martin, Jas Mitheny, J S	Shepler, S Slugel, F
GEN. HARNEY AT WASHINGTON.	LIST OF LETTERS		Mary, Perry Magraw, H S	Scott, Wm 2 Seidle, T
A SECESSIONIST SHOT !!!	REMAINING IN THE	HARRISBURG POST	Martin, Wm Martin, J G W Martin, R L	Shrider, J Shaffner, D Smith, Allen
Postal Arrangements.	OFFICIALLY PUBLISHED IN	Y, APRIL 30, 1801- THE NEWSPAPER HAVING	Martin, Jas L Maginnis, Jas	Smith, Michael Stetzel, David
		F CIRCULATION. S' LIST.	Martin, Thos A Mechlin, Jos	Spring, J
ROOPS DRILLING AT ALEX- ANDRIA.	А.	Mc M'Guiley, Miss E	Martin, Jas A Miller, Samuel	Sturges, H 2 Sturn, Geo
Formating Dominant to Some	Anderson, Josephine Abert, Miss Sarah	M'Crum, Miss S M'Gare, Miss S A	Miller, W F Michaels, Wm	Spencer, J H Spaulding, T
Lassachusetts Regiment to Serve Through the War.	Albright, Miss E J Antes, Mrs Clara A B.	Mellinger, Miss A	Miller, J P Maurer, Peter Moar, Harry	Stouffer, P , Stuart, C Stanon Lag
lartial Law to be Declared in the Dis-	Balsbach, Miss Ange Bennet, Miss Josie	Matchett, Miss M R Mitchel, Mrs	Moar, Harry Morehead, J K Moore, Thos	Stanon, Jno Stademan, R J Strominger, Jos
trict of Columbia.	Blosser, Caroline Bitting, Miss Annie E	Molson, Mrs J Murphy, Mrs K	Myer, George Moody, W H	Stemler, Jos Stemler, Jno Souden, H
The Maryland Legislature Refuses to	Bebust, Mrs Sarah	O O'Brian, Miss C	Morrison, B Moor, Nichelas	Seltzer, Geo L
Pass a Secession Ordinance.	Brown, Mrs B Brown, Mary H	P Phillips, Miss R	Myers, Wm N	Sturgeon, Wm Straub, J (foreign)
IARYLAND WILL NOT CALL A CONVEN-	Buoy, Miss C M Brown, Miss Annie	Patterson, Patience Pluck, Miss_M	Nettles, Daniel Nelson, J W	Stewart, Jacob Street, F F
TION.	Brown, Mrs Polly Burgett, Miss M	R Rhine, Mary E	Osinger, F	Sullivan, J Sullivan, J H
LATER FROM EUROPE.	C Coleman, Marga	Rush, Miss E S	Orth, J Oplinger, Jas	Sumner, J N Sevasey, A
WASHINGTON, April 30.	Colter, Margaret Ciuck, Kate	Scott, Miss Mary Schlagel, Mrs P Shaffer, Mrs E J 2	Osgood, Wm O'Brine, Jas	Sullenberger, J T
Senator Hunter, Wm. C. Rives, Wm. C. Rives, Wm. J. Preston, and Judges Canden	Coble, Susan D Donnel, Miss M	Seitzel, Mrs S Seiberts, Miss M W	Ober, D Ogden, B V Oleer, Jacob	Tagg, W Thomas, W H Tucker, G L
nd Brockenbrough have been appointed by he Virginia Convention as Delegates to the	F F Fritchey, Miss E E	Shaney Aun Snowden, Susan	P Parker, Wm	Tarbox, D Taylor, J J
Southern Congress. The reported release of Gen. Harney by the Hovernor of Virginia is verified. He has ar-	G Garretson, M B	Street, Mrs M D Stevens, Mrs M A	Parimer, W Peck, C	Thompson, W A. Tickhill, Master
ived in Washington. The Virginia Convention has passed an Or-	Gray, Mary H	Stein, Mrs E Stahl, Miss A	Parry, Dr H C Palmer, Geo G	Terrance, Jas Thompson, O
linance establishing the Navy of Virginia and authorizing the banks to issue one and two	Huntch, Ellie Henderson, M	Spayd, Mrs H E T	Pettes, Geo W Purdee, Calvin	U Urich, Samuel
lollar notes. An unfortunate affair occurred here early on	Healy, Miss M Hoffman, Miss S	Tobor, Elizabeth Toy, Anna	Pittman, G H Piler, John	V. Van Gorder, J S
unday morning. A corporal's guard went to he house of one Boyd to arrest him on a charge	Hoon, Miss S Hon, A J	Ultz, Mrs Mary (ship) W	Postlewait, Jos Porst, Geo	Ward; Fred'k
of endeavoring to raise a company for the outhern army. Boyd resisted, and, it is said,	Jones, Miss S K	Walters, Mrs M Wenrick, J E	Power, Gen T J R Pomba E V	White, Hon R G
lischarged a revolver at the corporal. He was mmediately shot dead. A Coroner's inquest	Keindreck, Mrs L Kummerlin. Miss C	Wightman, Mrs J Wilson, Mrs A	Rambo, E Y Rapp, A J Reigner & Erl	Whitfield, Wm Welsh, B Weber, M. I
vas held, and, though the evidence was con- licting, it bore against the soldiers. They, to	L Longenecker, Mary	Wilkins, Miss M Wood, Mrs L R 2	Ramsdell, H J Raver, A	Weber, M L Weys, John 2 Welker, H H
the number of eleven, were arrested by the civil authorities, assisted by United States troops. Our communications by mail with the North	Longenecker, M L	Wolf Fanny er, Mrs H	Reily, Jas R Reed, W	Welsh, J H Wever, Jno
are not yet satisfactory. The Post Office De- partment stand ready to send a regular mail by	GENTLEMEN'S LIST.		Rittler, Jno Rupp, W K	• Worian, Wm Willie, D M
way of Annapolis and Perrysville, if the War Department willrun a regular train to Annapo-	A Abbott, S R	Fitzpatrick, D Feldman, A	Root, Z Roush, J H	Williams, Levi Wing, J B
is. This will probably be done, but the ar- angement is not yet perfected.	Albert, John	Fegley, Jno Faley, Thos	Royce, W P Robinson, Wm	Wiley, Wm Williams, R
From Alexandria we learn by an occasional raveler that drilling is going on, though it is	Barnes, J W	Fix, Conrad Foss, W J	Robinson, S Rohner, Martin	Wolf, I T
hought not over two thousand troops were in hat vicinity. Provisions have doubled in price	Balsbaugh Abraham Bauss, Henry G	Flickner, P Funk, Amos		g for any of the above letters they are advertised.
there within a few days, and stringent regula- tions are made to prevent supplies coming to the District.	Bankert, R F Bachilder, Dr B F	Frankurn, A H G	_1td	GEO. BERGNER, P. M.
the District. Two gentlemen of Boston, Mesers. Wilder Dwight and G. L. Andrews, left town this	Barnsley, Samuel W Bartlett, C S	Gilfillan, D I Giger, Elisha		ICAL BOARD
norning, authorized to raise a Massachusetts regiment to serve through the war. This	Benttley, Geo W 2	Gavih, J E Gavit, Jno E	A city of N	BOARD will convene in the ew York on the 1st of May en-
regiment will probably be commanded by well-known graduate of West Point, and	Brickley, John Benedict, George W Bennett, S M	Greasey, Jacob Gehr, J T Garman Wm	admission into t	examination of candidates for the Medical Staff of the United
an officer of the Mexican war. It will be sent at once to Fort Independence for drill	Bernard, M H Bentel, John	Garman, Wm Groves, Jos Guy, Dr E	Order.	accordance with the following
for two months, unless needed sooner for ac- tive service.		Gross, David Gundaker, J	Staff.	w five vacancies in the Medical
BALTIMORE, April 30. A despatch from Frederick says a gentlemen	Berry, F Bell, Jno	Gore, A P Guckenheimer, A	WA	R DEPARTMENT, Adjutant General's Office,
from Washington, informs me that Gen'l. Scott showed him yesterday, the copy of a proclam-	Bean, Henry H Bentz, Geo Z	Gross, Daniel Greiter, G	SPECIAL ORDERS.	Washington, March 13, 1861. No. 76
ation to be issued immediately, declaring par- tial martial law in the District of Columbia and over the line of Beilman established by the	Bitters, R N Biggel, Alex	Grubb, J H Greyam, C	A Board of M New York city	edical Officers will assemble in on the 1st day of May next, or
and over the line of Railway established by the Government for National purposes so far as to	Bolson, William Boughter, Geo N	Greiner, Fred Gormley, I G	as coon thereaft	er as practicable, for the exam- tant Surgeons for promotion.

suspend the right of habets corpus. Boss, D W In the Light of functions corpus. In the Light of functions corpus. from the majority of the Committee on Federal Belations, to whom was referred the memorial Brown, Shunner R Brown, Shunner R of 216 voters of Prince George's county, pray- Brown, Edgar C ing the Legislature, if, in its judgment, it Bruce, Samuel possesses the power, to pass an ordinance of Bright, John secession without delay, reported that, in the Bryson, George proclamation calling out troops to defend the judgment of the committee, the Legislature does Brittinger, Wm not possess the power to pass such an ordinance as is prayed for, and that the prayer of the Brown, Wm Brooks J P memorialists cannot, therefore, be granted. This report is signed by Messrs. Wallis, Long, Brickland, W Brinswune, S S Dennis, Briscoe and Compton. Mesers. Gordon and Goldsborough, of the Brown, Henry W Committee on Federal Relations, offered a mi-Bristol, H Bradford, Miles nority report favorable to the prayer of the said memorialists. Brinks, Á H Mr. Dennison moved that the minority re-Brisben, J S port be substituted for the majority report. The question was discussed by Messrs. Wallis, Brower, A Brown, W B Gordon, Dennis, Compton, Pitts, Chaplain, Brown, L B Briscoe, Long, and Dennison. Brown, L F Mr. Wallis said that the motion presented the direct question to the House of the consti-Carver, DK tional power of the Legislature to pass an act Chandler, D L F of Secession. He was in favor of immediately Christ, Wm taking the sense of the House on the subject, Capot, J F Capot, J F Car, Parks and settling the public mind as to the sentiment of the Legislature. Canton, Jacob Mr. Gordon said it presented only the ques-Clark, EH tion of the expediency of granting the prayer Cooper, Chas Conrad, George of the petitioners. The vote was regarded by many of the mem. Clem, W S bers as indicating their views upon the consti-Cope, H S tutional question. The motion to substitute the minority for the Clark. Jno C Cook, Geo E majority report was rejected by a vote of 13 Counsman, D Collin, Jas yeas against 53 nays. The yeas were Messrs. Worthington, Denni-Corell, C H son, Chaplain, Bryan, Wooten, Jones, of Prince Crocker, Silas H George's, Jacobs, Kessler, Goldsboroug, Grif-Crum, Jno H Crum, Jno H fith, Gordon, Barnard and Mills. Crone. J P Mr. Bryan, of Prince George's asked to be Crissman, A The majority report was then adopted with-Culp, E C Crozier, R J excused from voting, but the House refused. Crone. Daniel out a division being called. Crook, Bradford SECOND DISPATCH. D From information gathered from gentlemen Davidson, W M whose position and influence puts them in the Dawes, J L Daugherty, J way of knowing the feeling and views of a majority of the Legislature of Maryland, we feel warranted in saying that that body will not Davis, The Davis. E R R even pass a bill to call a State Convention, but Degrout, H W will content themselves with making a caim and dignified appeal to the country. Davis, Chas H Dillwine, A ST. JOHNS, N. F. April 30. Diehl, TJ The steamship Adriatic arrived at this port Dickson, J R Dunkel, Amos yesterday afternoon. She left Galway on Tuesday, the 23d inst. Dodge, R The steamship Africa, from New York, ar-Drane, D The steamship Africa, from New York, ar-rived at Liverpool on the 22d. The Liverpool cotton market was active, the sales being estimated at 15,000 bales. Bread-stuffs dull. Provisions steady. Londen - Consuls 917(@92. Durbarrow, S Drumore, G Dobbins, Saml Dunlap, M H Donen, H The political news was generally unimport Е ant. Eisenbise, D Ebert, H E MEN GOING to war, if nearsignted, should pro-The form of the rifle proper to these conical vide themselves with several pairs of those ext Etter, John L relations with several pairs of the army Emrich, John L relations of the army Emrich, John L Eby, M C should procure one of the elegant military spy Evans, R M glasses from Mr. Franklin, Optician, office on Erb, DS Third street, near Walnut. F † Fagen, Jas THE question is often asked, what is a "stand Fellaboum, I

plan of these rebels did not spring from We commend the business suggestions of the the election of Abraham Lincoln. It was message to our readers. The details which its not an antagonism to Republican princisuggestions will necessarily create, are of a ples, nor any fear of the principle of character such as become necessary in exigen- a republican organization. Altogether, the cies like the present. In this movement and treason which Breckenridge hoped to strengthen in the sentiment so boldly expressed by the and consumate by his own election, was the Executive, he will have the certain support of result of an ancient aristocratic opposition to free labor, now attempting for the last time to gain power in the South. The reader will bear

us out in our conclusion, and ponder well the dreadful dangers the country has just escaped. As we move forward in crushing the rebellion that has superceeded the effect which would have followed the result, such as the election of Breckenridge or the assassination of Lincoln, let us guard well every avenue to the safety of the Union, and provide for treason hereafter, by at once making a terrible example of the traitors.



Among those who have been voluntarily zealous in efforts to aid the State in its labor to is needed of the power of free institutions sustain the National Administration, there is no man in Pennsylvania who deserves more credit than John A. Wright, of Mifflin county. cious possession (their wives and children) into He left to its own charge a very large business our midst for protection. The North accepts at home, and came to Harrisburg with the only and the disinterested motive of serving his State. In this service he has been most assidithose who should be more solicitous for their ous in a hundred different respects, from the details of business to the most valuable counperated and insane brethren of the South are sel and support. Such men are seldom known, welcome to the hospitality and safety of the and are mostly satisfied with a consciousness free homes of the North, until their husbands of having done their duty. But they deserve and fathers learn to lové them and their country and must have the appreciation and gratitude of the people. The people of the pe welcome to the hospitality and safety of the and are mostly satisfied with a consciousness

GOVERNOR BURTON, of Delaware, has issued a

A CANADIAN has discovered that the insec foud on the common black spruce yields a dye of great beauty resembling cochineal.

A short time ago a man became as completely "wrapped in thought" that he was tied up, labled, and sent off on the "train of ideas."

THERE is a colored man in Charleston, South Carolina, who pays taxes on \$40,000 of real estate and fourteen slaves.

ALLEGHENX COUNTY, Maryland, has instructed its representatives that if they vote for secession, they will be hung when they return home.

SIXTY of the Amherst College (Mass.) students have formed a company, and are about leaving for Washington.

THE authorities of Queen Anne's county, Md., have appropriated \$20,000 for the defence of the county.

Andrew Jackson Smith, late United States Consul at Laguayra, Venezuela, died at Galves-ton, Texas, on the 14th inst.

Tax rebels saved the powder magazine at the Norfolk navy yard, as the slow matches did not burn sufficiently to reach them in time.

DIFTHEBIA does not arise from any known combination of physical causes. It is commu-nicable, but not highly contagious, and attacks families

GENERAL HARPER, the commander of the forces at Harper's Ferry, has given assurances that Virginia would allow no attack on the Capital from her soil.

THE MINNIE RIFLE.-The first rifle in vogue n France was the so-called pillar rifle of Thou venin, but the invention of M. Minie is the one which has practically revolutionized the fire arms of the present day. The improvements made by M. Minie are confined almost wholly to the form of the projectile, and have very little reference to that of the gun out of which out at the base into a cup-like form. The advantages of this form of projectile are that it offers less resistance to the air than a round ball would, and that having its centre of grav-ity in its foremost part, it has no tendency to turn over in its flight; but its chief merit, in a military point of view, is that with it the rifle can be loaded as easily as the ordinary smoothbored gun, the forcing of the ball into the grooves of the barrel being effected by the explosion of the gunpowder, and not by the ramrod.

the old spherical bullet, except that a threegrooved rifle has superseded the old two-grooved gun, and it is still an unsettled question whether four groove would not be better than three. With this weapon the soldier can

Harner, James Hagen, W Haase, Geo Hartan, E Hantsch, D Harrison, JH Harris, T J Halderman, H Haysl. F Hauck, A Hazzard, Jno Harrington, S H Hart, A F Hunter, ASB Hout, F 2 Hoffman, Peter Hoffard, A J Hopewell, Jas 2 Hummel, H Hoon, MH Holkin, Mr Hoffman, H A Hill, Richard Hoak, WA Harriman, Hiesler, CE Henderson, J B Hiener, J Houaburger, C Henry, W P Henry, S Henderson, W & Co 2 Henri, Geo Irvine, O W Irvin, B F Jackson, J R Jones, Henry Johnson, S Jones, D R Korabaugh, S E Kenedy, M Kaufman, A Kaufman, Aaron Keim, W R Klugh, G A 2 Kimble, J B Krum, Jonas Klechner, R Koser, J Leibprecht, P (foreign) Leibold, H Linn, J M Lichty, D D Leivers, H G Lanfair, G R Lightner, Chaa Lindermuth, E Lancaster, A W Long, W E Loyer, T Lobauch, F Lyder, Moses Lowry, M B Mo McCarty, H N McNaughton, D McReynolds, J McWalters, H McElroy, Jno McAllister, M O McDermant, C McCormick, S 2 McCormick, C McKane, J L McKean, Jas 2 ifax, N. S.

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Gursler, G

Hayes, F E

Board DETAIL FOR THE BOARD. Surgeon Clement A. Finley, "Charles McDougall, W. J. Sloan. By order of the Secretary of War: L. THOMAS, Adjutant General. Applications must be addressed to the Secretary of War; must state the residence of the applicant, and the date and place of birth. They must also be accompanied (references will receive no attention) by respectable testimonials of his profession, the moral and physical qualifications requisite for filling creditably the responsible station, and for performing ably the arduous and active duties of an officer of the the Medical Staff. Applicants must be between twenty-one and thirty years of age. There are now five vacancies in the Medir al Staff. ap30-33t HEAD QUARTF as PENNEYLVANIA AILLITIA. ) **GENERAL ORDER**, NO. 10. 1. All purchases and contracts for supplies or services for the troor stracts for supplies except personal services, when the public exi gences do not require the immediate delivery of the article. of the article, or the performance of the service, the net essity of which must be deter-mined by me, shall be made by advertising previous in for proposals respecting the same 2. The Adjutant General, Quarter Master Ge deral and Commissary General, shall, when advertising for proposals, transmit forthwith a copy of the advertisement and report of the case to Head Quarters. 3. Contracts will be made with the lowest responsible bidder, and purchases from the lowest bidder, who produces the proper article; but when such lowest bids are unressonable, they will be rejected, and bids again invited by public notice, and report of the same made to Head Quarters. 4. Contracts shall be made in triplicate; one to be kept by Head of Department, invit ing proposals, one by the contractor and one by the Auditor General. 5. It is the duty of Heads of Departments to enforce a rigid economy in their respective bu-reaus, correct irregularities and extravaganany should be found existing. cies, i 6. All estimates for supplies of property of money for the public service, within each Department, shall be forwarded to Head Quarters through the Head of Department, being card fully revised by him. By order of Commander-in-chief. JOHN A. WRIGHT, Aid-de-camp "THE LIPE OF THE FLESH IS IN THE BLOOD," WAS I by inspiration long before Harvey's discovery of its cir culation had brought to light its purposes and uses. Now we know not only that "life is in the blood," but that disease inhabits it also. Many of the disorders that pervade the human frame, have their home in it, thrive in it. The cclebratad J. C. Ayer, of Lowel, has bad regard to this important fact in making a Remedy to cure these disorders. His Extraot of Sarsaparilla purges (ut the impurities of the blood and induces a healthy action in it that exces disease. This looks reasonable, and it is true, for we know by our own experience. Seldom as we take any medicine, we have nevertheless se, eral

ination of Assistant Surgeons for promotion,

and of such candidates for appointment as may be invited to present themselves before the

times been under obligations to the skill of Dr. Ayer for the relief which his remedies never fail to affor 1 us when we are obliged to have recourse to them .- [Catholic, Halap29-1mdaw