Pennsylvania Daily Telegraph, Monday Afternoon, April 29, 1861.

Daily Telegraph



Forever float that standard sheet ! Where breathes the foe but falls before us With Ercedom's soll beneath our feet, And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us !

OUR PLATFORM. THE UNION-THE CONSTITUTION-AND THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAW.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Monday Afternoon, April 29, 1861.

THE FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION .-ADANOTHER PROCLAMARION.

All events are developed, the people of this country are delighted to learn that the President and his Cabinet are doing their dutynobly, sternly, zealously performing their whole duty." The message of Gov. Hicks to the tion of the merchants of Baltimore. It is now Maryland legislature, proves how firmly Mr. candidly declared that the reward of Baltimore the President, extending the blockade of the ports of the seceded states, to those of Virginia and North Carolina-an order which the country will hear with satisfaction and approval. The people (or a part of them) of both these states, with the permission of the Governors of the same states, have been acting in the most outrageous manner, and we rejoice to hear that the burden and punishment which their own acis have invoked, are about to be visited upon them.

The Administration is unfaltering in its determination to punish treason and preserve the Union.

PENNSYLVANIA AND HER DEFENCES OF THE UNION.

responded to the call of the President for troops | the destruction of the Federal Government, to defend the Union, has elicited the highest the mobs of Baltimore have fixed its doom and commendation of the Federal authorities. It covered it with such an eternal disgrace as will has also inspired the confidence of the people forever deprive it of the confidence and patronin the strength and stability of the Government, and infused new energy and fresh courage among those who had almost despaired for the safety of the Republic. In response to the enthusiasm of the people of this Commonwealth, Gen. Patterson has been instructed by the President to make another requisition on Gov. Cartin for twenty-five more regiments. These regiments are to be organized and accoutred as speedily as possible. It is the design of the Governor to fill this requisition from the companies that had offered but were too late to be enumerated in the first call, and sun. Foxes and ravens will have a good and also to distribute the acceptances as equally as undisturbed time of it in Baltimore in a few possible among all the counties of the State. In this manner an opportunity will be afforded to all those who are so zealous in the cause of the Union to take up arms for its defence.

HON. HENRY C. LONGNECKER.

This gentleman, the late member of Con-

THE MERCHANTS OF BALTIMORE. With a splendid harbor, and with other natu ral resources and advantages, Baltimore never was of any importance until Northern and Western energy and capital infused into its dull and sluggish veins activity and strength. Lying nearer to the great West and the markets of the South than the three great commercial emporiums of the North, Boston, New York and Philadelphia. Baltimore never at any time attempted a competition in trade, but was content to indulge in a natural jealousy and spirit of revenge, the result of which was to leave it still further in the rear of trade and commerce. and it was not until recently that the business

of the mob, instead of the monumental city, reached beyond a retail trade or assumed any importance above the fixing of the price of oysters or the distribution of the first invoices of green peas, dandelions, asparagus and fresh fruit. Northern capital, Western trade, with the few hundred thousand dollars which Mr. Winans brought from Russia, have made Baltimore a business which, with industry and care, might have eventually elevated that city to the position such as is occupied by any of the many respectable boroughs or towns of the mighty North. But the old adage of placing a beggar on horseback and his journey to regions more intensified than the parching heat of the torrid zone, seems to be verified in the case and ac-

mistresses of the commerce of the world, Baltimore was destined to occupy as the great commercial emporium of the far greater and most magnificent Southern Confederacy. Marble palaces, lofty domes, stately ware houses, extensive docks, trade, commerce and all the pomp and circumstance of brilliant success began to loom up before the bewildered gaze of the Baltimore merchants. They could restrain their ardor no longer; the golden apple was in their path; they stooped to pick It up, and lo ! they find their hands filled with the gore and blood of their fellow citizens. Thus Baltimore, instead of reaping a business salvation for her own act of treason, has hastened her own damnation. Fired and led on The alacrity with which Pennsylvania has by the merchants who were to be benefitted by

age of the people of the country.

The merchants of Baltimore have sacrificed city to mammon. The chivalry, the gallantry and patriotism of that once proud city, who deevil; and amid the desolation and ruin which little suffering temper the zeal of those hearts which have so often been fired by a southern vears.

SUPPOSE WE CONQUER? WHAT THEN ?-These are questions often asked by the careful business men of the times, but the most of them mistake the merits of the question and the effect of the warlike attitude of the Government. The idea is not to conquer the South. gress from the Luzerne district, is the Colonel That which of right belongs to the Union canof the Ninth Regiment, attached to Camp Cur- not be severed from it by a fitful burst of pastin; and in charge of the encampment. While sion, or the precipitate action of a band of trai-

NORTH WESTERN VIRGINIA.

THE CHURCH AND THE UNION The unanimity with which the pastors of all The interests of Virginia are as distinctly portion of the state in a war on the Federal tion and applause:-Government, or in an open renunciation of the In its purpose and efforts to suppress the Constitution and laws of the Union. The South, the national Government commands the people in that region are determined to give sympathies and is followed by the prayers of the secessionists a practical lesson in secession, the Church. Religious bodies occupy no doubtby separating entirely from the advocates of ful attitude; and the clergy of all denomina-tion of the righteousness of war. And while treason, and erecting for themselves a new the soldiers of the nation are doing battle for

April 22, 1861, a very large meeting of the sources, and capabilities for war, such as do not citizens of Harrison county, Virginia, assem exist in the South; and with the blessing of God on our volunteers, the issue can be neither protracted nor doubtful. of secession and rebellion. Twelve hundred War exists because the South is unwilling to men were present, and without a dissenting be ruled by a constitutionally elected President voice, adopted a preamble and resolutions, of Every step of rebellion so far has been against

WHEREAS, The Convention now in session in this State, called by the Legislature, the mem-bers of which had been elected twenty months before said call, at a time when no such action it is asserted, for their safety; but it is known Maryland legislature, proves now number and importance that the formation of the more the formation of the more the formation on the set of the more the set of the more the formation on the set of the more the set of the set the world. Venice and Holland, once the in May, 1869, at which time no one anticipated mon country by the extraordinary action of the State authorities of Sonth Carolina, Geor-gia, Alabama, Mississippi, Florida, Louisiana and Texas, has, contrary to the expectation of a large majority of the people of this State, adopted au ordinance withdrawiag Virginia from the Federal Union: and whereas, By the law calling said Convention, it is expressly de-clared the violation of Constitutional rights. Had of pistol shots and shouts around caused the alarm. For three hours they stoed there. At a o'clock they took the caus again, but did not the Union, their wishes, perhaps, might have attack continued for 24 hours. Each man had in wore for many hours; the probability of an the Union, their wishes, perhaps, might have attack continued for 24 hours. Each man had in a body, at the War Department, not a which urge an immediate assault on Washing which urge an immediate assault on Washing which urge an immediate assault on Washing never rose to an importance such as mon county by the extraordinary action of clared that no such ordinance shall have force or effect, or be of binding obligation upon the people of this State, until the same shall be ratified by the voters at the polls: and whereas We have seen with regret that demonstrations of hostility. unauthorized by law, and incon sistent with the duty of law-abiding citizens still owing allegiance to the Federal Govern-ment: and whereas, The Governor of this Commonwealth has, by proclamation, undertaken to decide for the people of Virginia, that which they have reserved to themselves, the right to decide by their votes at the polls, and has calied upon the volunteer soldiery of this State to report to him and hold themselves in readi ness to make war upon the Federal Government which Government is Virginia's Government, and must in law and of right continue so to be until the people of Virginia shall, by their votes, and through the ballot-box, that great conservator of a free people's liberties, decide the prospects and interests of the people of that otherwise ; and whereas, the peculiar situation of North-western Virginia, separated as it is by natural barriers from the rest of the State, pro natural barriers from the rest of the State, pre-cludes all hope of timely succor in the hour of by prove loyal to the State. Its loyalty is lighted to talk of Yankee love of money, have danger from other portions of the State, and already manifested in the eagerness of its min-themselves been led astray by the root of all demands that we should look to and provide istry and membership to respond to the call for our own safety in the fearful emergency in which we now find ourselves placed by the ac sanctify by its prayers the arms of the republic. they have invoked on themselves, repentance which we have invoked our state authorities, who have disre-may do something for their desperation, and a garded the great fundamental principle upon which our beautiful system of Government is based, to wit: "That all governmental power based, to wit: "Inst all governmental power is derived from the consent of the governed," and have without consulting the people placed this State in hostility to the Government by seizing upon its ships and obstructing the chan-nel at the mouth of Elizabeth river, by wrestive from the Federal officers at Norfolk and then, by the sympathies, and prayers, and sup-Richmond the custom houses, by tearing from port of the Christian Church. Richmond the custom houses, by tearing from the Nation's property the Nation's flag, and putting in its place a bunting, the emblem of rebellion, and by marching upon the National Armory at Harper's Ferry; thus inaugurating a war without consulting those in whose name crisis the eignificance of a term so much used, they profess to act; and whereas, The exposed and with so little accurate sense of its meaning, condition of Northwestern Virginia requires

marked, so far as the question of slavery is denominations have responded to the call of concerned, as are those of the North and the the President for aid, by encouraging the peo-South on the same subject. North Western ple to support the government, is not the least Virginia, while acknowledging all her obliga satisfactory of the results which have flowed Latest from Washington. tions to the entire state, and while in fact con from the efforts of the administration to mainstituting its main strength and wealth in tain the Union. The following article from the every respect, except in "niggers," refuses Pittsburg Christian Chronicle is an illustration of peremptorily to join the people of the other the fact, which deserves our highest admira-Arrival of More Troops.

denomina-Commonwealth, in which the franchises of all liberty, and free speech, and constitutional men will be better secured than they are in the Old Dominion. Just this day one week ago, on Monday, We have numercial strength, and national re-We have numercial strength, and national re-we have numercial strength and national re-we have numercial strength and national re-

voice, adopted a preamble and resolutions, of which we append a portion, as being the best statement of the merits and demerits of this rebellion in Virginia, that we have yet ex-amined: WHEREAS, The Convention now in session in it is true that they never asked the sister States been imperious and overbearing, and in palpa-ble violation of Constitutional rights. Had property, and requested permission to retire oath in a body, at the War Department, not a from the confederacy, they would either have man flinched, and the scene was most impression and its occupation as the Capital of the distracted with divisions. But their request or kept the free States distracted with divisions. But their actions the White House. They are on I from the first, in definice of law and justice, stationed at Georgetown Heights. and humanity, have sufficiently demonstrated

the unrighteousness of their cause. The Government at Washington has pursued have characterized its movements. It has long and patiently borne insults, and indigni-ties, and losses. It winked at treason. It was influenced by the dictation of the border States. And it tried by all honorable means to avoid collision with its rebel subjects. All was unavailing. It has been forced into an the engine went down an embankment. No-Texas, was ordered to be established, and. of the Government. It is a contest between order and anarchy-liberty and despotismfreedom and slavery. No good man can hesi-

MISCELLANEOUS.

WHAT IS MARTIAL LAW ?-At the present crisis the eignificance of a term so much used. becomes unusually important. Bouvier defines martial law as "a code esta-

refect blished for the government of the army and ell as navy of the United States," whose principle



BY THE OVERLAND ROUTE.

An Engagement Expected.

DASTARDLY CONDUCT OF TRAITORS.

More Pennsylvanians at the Capital.

It will rejoice the friends of the Secretary of War to learn that he is in the best of health, and acting in concert with Lieut. Gen. Scott-He is cheerful, hopeful and determined to do

He is oneerin, nopering and determined to do his duty at every risk. Indescribable consternation has spread through Virginia because of the arrival here of the famous General Lane and Captain Mutt-gomery, of Kansas. They have with them near-ter bundred of the desperadoes of the cish ly two hundred of the desperadoes of the civil wars of that Territory. They are to act as an independent corps of scouts for dangerous and forlorn service. The President will, to morrow, promulgate

his proclamation, extending the blockade to the ports of Virginia and North Carolina, for same reasons as heretofore declared by him ter blockading the other southern ports. Capt. Stringham will direct the general

blockade movements. Troops from the north continue to arrive

both by river and rail. An order will be issued to-morrow, prohib. ing soldiers from wearing side-arms, unless

when on duty. Great Britain Ready to Suppress the Slave Trade.

THE CONDITION OF WASHINGTON.

Health of Secretary Cameron and General Scott.

THE SECESSIONISTS FEAR GEN. LANE AND CAPTAIN MONTGOMERY.

PROCLAMATION OF THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, April 27, 1861.

The Seventy-first Regiment of New York arbrought them out into battle array. The noise

sive. A dress parade was also given in front of Confederate States, the White House. They are on Monday to be The Alexandria (

The volunteers generally are in excellent health and spirits.

Moses Herrick of the Beverly Company, 8th a conciliatory policy. It has dealt mildly Massachusetts Regiment, met with au accident Mr. Stephens has returned to Montgomery. with the rebellion. Humanity and forbarance by the accidental discharge of a gun. His foot The President has issued the following s to be amoutated.

The 6th, 12th, and 69th Regiments are on the road between here and Annapolis. The latter has 1,800 men.

unprovoked war. No other choice was left. body was hurt. Since this accident, the result And now it is the righteous duty of every man of rascally tampering by rebels, the guard along the United States has been seized, the collector to rally under the Stars and Stripes in defense the road has been doubled.

20,000 troops are at Richmond on the way to gaged in executing the orders of their superiors, this city. An effort is making to have Gen. Lane ap-

pointed Major-General of the Western Dis-

Everything is quiet to-day. Showers of rain this morning cleared the air, and the weather has grown cool. Many of the troops attended church, and divine services were also held at their quarters; those of the 7th (N. Y.) Regi-ment, at the Capitol, being most impressive. The stammers is constructed by the seal of the United States to be affixed. The stammers is divine services were also held at their quarters is those of the 7th (N. Y.) Regi-ment, at the Capitol, being most impressive. The steamers Bienville and Daylight arrived

this morning. The former had the residue of the Rhode Island troops, and the latter had some recruits for the 7th'(N. Y.) Regiment, and CHicago, ILL. April 28

a quantity of supplies. The soldiers are all doing well, excepting slight indispositions resulting from exposure, scanty food, and their irregular life during the march hither. None are ill. Some few trifling abcidental wounds from the discharge of mus-kets and revolvers are reported, but nothing serious except an amputation, of which I sent

march. They here the fatigue and privation informant reports the people of Alabama and the stout heart and right spirit. The Massachusett Fifth Regiment is at the

Parties on the Look-out for Virginia Bátteries GEN'L HARNEY RELEASED. DAVIS EXPECTED AT RICHMOND PROCLAMATION OF THE PRESIDENT

PORTS IN VIRGINIA AND NORTH CARO LINA BLOCKADED.

WASHINGTON, April 29. Rumor having stated that a battery had been thrown up by the Virginia troops at the place

The Alexandria Gazette says that Gen. Lee has ordered the release of Gen. Harney, who was stopped at Harper's Ferry on his way to Washington, and mentions a rumor that Jeffer son Davis is to come to Richmond this week The President has issued the following proclamation :

By the President of the United States of American. WHEREAS, For the reasons assigned in my proclamation of the 19th, a blockade of Whereas, Since that date public property of Among the reports of the day is this, that sioned officers of the United States, while enhave been arrested and held in custody as prisoners, or have been impeded in the discharge of their official duties without due legal process, by persons claiming to act under authorities of the States of Virginia and

CHICAGO, ILL., April 28. A gentleman has just returned to this city

from a business tour through Alabama and Mississippi, leaving Mobile on Tuesday last. He reports that hundreds of men, who had gone to Pensacola to take Fort Pickens, are returning home daily, disgusted, and satisfied that it is impossible for the Confederate States to capture the fort.

word yesterday. The Pennsylvania Fifth Regiment arrived last evening, after a tediously hard and hungry the fatigue and privation The pennsylvania Fifth Regiment arrived last evening, after a tediously hard and hungry the fatigue, exposure, and hunger. Our Mississippi almost crazy with excitement, and

that the mob spirit is rampant every where, and becoming daily more descerate in some

tate long in choosing sides. Throughout the entire contest, whether brief

We deprecate war. It is a fearful scourge—a blight—a pestilence. It demoralizes, devastates, destroys. But there may be and are in the world worse things than war. The suc-cess of the Southern rebellion would be the triumph of brutality, and barbarism, and despotism. Righteousness itsfelf requires it to be checked at every expense of blood and trea ure. Let the Government be made strong,

in the last House he was looked upon by "the use the expression) man on the floor, and the in debate-was courteous when "the chivalry" dealt in courtesy, and when they became bluff and brawling, Col. Longnecker carried a mediator on his hip, which set the heart of more the glorious memories of the South.) to heatof invasion, the name of Col. Longnecker would carry peculiar sensations to the bosoms of some of his Southern acquaintances, and be a tower of strength among those under his command. He is as generous, too, as he is brave, and as ardently devoted to the Union as he is to the honor and glory of the old Keystone State.

THE BRIDGES DESTROYED ON THE NORTH CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Gen. Thos. A. Power, formerly Adjutant Genconcocting the rebellion which is now controleral of Pennsylvania, has been detailed by the ing the mob, and when the Government raises War Department to superintend the erection of its arm to strike them down, it does not offer the bridges destroyed by the Baltimore mobon to conquer the South, to make it a dependent, that portion of the North Central road running or to force it into acknowledgments or humilithrough the State of Maryland. Gen. Power ation. Let the disunionists be rlunged into the has been for some time in Washington city, sea, or strung up amid the branches of their palwhere he was in command of a regiment of the metto trees, and neither their plunging nor their District volunteers. He was detached for this stringing could be construed into a conquest of service by the Secretary of War, and assigned the superintendence of crecting the bridges the redemption of a misguided people from the base influences of traitor leaders. Their places day last, and arrived in Harrisburg early this would be taken by a useful class of people, who morning. He reports Washington as entirely would encourage the true energies instead safe, and also informed us that the first train of the false enmities of the South. They of cars north since the attack on the Massachuwould develope Southern resources as they have setts troops in Baltimore, left Washington on never been developed, and banish the shallow Saturday, and there was little doubt that a idea that only servile labor can enable the direct railroad communication from the federal capital to the north would be opened in a few days. From the same source we also learn that the conveyance of troops by Annapolis to Washington, now amounts to about 2,000 men per day.

BER WADE writes to Columbus, Ohio, with reference to the tardiness of the Reserve, exmoluding :---

"Assure our brethren in other parts of the State that we will soon be alongside, equal to the chiefest. I have just calisted myself in the ranks, and I will devote all my time to persuad-ing others to do the same. BEN. F. WADE, High Private."

tors. They may concoct conspiracies and or chivalry" as the most indigestible (if we dare ganize new forms of government, but when the Federal Government takes up arms to disfire-eaters therefore never attempted to devour pel and disperse them, it does not enter on a him. He was the equal of the fiercest of them | crusade of conquest. It merely invokes the power within itself to prevent the influences that have grown up around it from affecting its own stability, from injuring its own power. or from destroying its securities and laws. The than one Southern bully, (fired at the time with suggestion of forcing the South into she Union is based on the idea that unless a people are ing for conditiation and compromise. In a war perfectly satisfied with their form of government, political connection with them becomes useless to the country at large. But the disunionists are not the people of the South. Those who head troops, and lead them on to riot, robbery and murder, are not those who have an interest in any goverment where order is supreme, where law is respected and where the decrees of justice are never questioned.

Free speech or a free pulpit have not been tole-

rated in the South for many years. Since 1833

a certain class of arrogant aristocrats, bequeath-

ing their treason from father to son, have been

South to prosper. If this is to conquer the

land as follows :

that her people should be united in action, and unanimous in purpose—there being a perfect identity of interests in times of war as well as A resolution was adopted calling on the peo-

ing on the 13th day of May next, to consult and proclaimed by a military chief. ing on the 13th day of May next, to consult and determine upon such action as it would be expedient for the people of that region to take process, — and, as such, approximates very the state of the state process. — and, as such, approximates very the state of the state process. — and, as such, approximates very the state of the expedient for the people of that region to take process, —and, as such, approximates very in this emergency. We also learn, through closely to a military despotism. in this emergency. We also learn, through the medium of a correspondent in that part of Virginia, that there is little doubt of rhe deter-view. In times of extreme peril to the State, either from without or from within, the public mination of the people to act firmly and welfare demands extraordinary measures. And promptly in this matter. They have resolved martial law being proclaimed, signifies that the operation of the ordinary legal delays of instance of the large amounts lying in vertices. They have resolved operation of the ordinary legal delays of instance operation of the ordinary legal delays of instance operation.

WHEN MEN TAKE UP ARMS they mean something more than a mere exhibition of their strength. They will not be satisfied with the beating of drums, the blowing of trumpets, the word of command to march and countermarch. The thousands and tens of thousands who have left their homes—who have cast their hammers down by the forge and the anvil—who have turned their backs on ripening fields and smilling Memphis Avalanche, a paper that ought to know turned their backs on ripening fields and smiling Memphis Avalanche, a paper that ought to know faces-these men will not be satisfied with idle better : pomp and glory. They have left home and business to settle the question of the permanency of this government. They have taken up arms to defend the Union. Until both these accounts of the tremendous panic that is that his offers of service to President Lincoln objects are clearly and positively accomplished, sweeping the Northern cities. Stocks are going are now on their way to Washington. there must be no talk of peace, no offer of conthere must be no talk of peace, no offer of con-ciliation, no terms of compromise. The recog-On every side may be seen the wide spread ruin land and sent to the United States to be tried nition of the Government, as represented by which an infatuated people have brought upon and hung under the extradition treaties Abraham Lincoln, or Battle, is the only alter- their own heads. Meantime there is some disnative that can or dare be offered to the rebels by those who represent the people. This question of supremacy must be decided now. It erect since they have parted company with must be decided whether rebellion reigns, or their traducers. We are sorry for the true chusetts trops under General Butler, and some men in the North who are involved in disasters other forces, there were 24,000 men in the city, bate (1, 5) 60(2) 55 for Ohio, and \$6 00(2) 55 for Ohio, and \$6 00(2 power is at the bidding of the Federal Gov-South, their are all the achievements of free and intelligent labor, worthy to be crowned as poses for which it has so spontaneously sprang ernment. Let them use it for the noble purinto existence.

THE BALTIMOR REPUBLICAN, a rabid secession ABKANSAS herself made a decision, sometime go, that she would not secede before Fall; the evolutionary traitors have now decided for ournal proposes to settle the position of Maryago, that she would not secede before Fall; the hungry. reference to the tardiness of the Reserve, ex-pressing his mortification that his section should appear to have fallen behind, saying that it was owing to the utter want of military revolutionary traitors have now decided for and ex-United states Sen ator, at the head of a small quantity is failed in Bardinia and Spain; upon the ingulands opponents of south the best blood. There is no time left the mander of the post, Capitain Stargis, with two the consumers it all. India fectually barricaded with the consumers it all. Doubtless the cut throats and cowards of

rules are to be found in the articles of war prescribed by act of Congress. But Chancellor A resolution was adopted calling on the peo-ple of North-western Virginia to elect delegates tary law, while martial law is quite a distinct to a Convention, which will assemble at Wheel-thing, and is founded on paramount necessity,

son to be summarily tried by Court Martial in-senger to detain the steamer Persia at New stead of Grand Jury ; justifies searches and seiz-York until full dispatches could be forwarded ergencies of the most imperative and perilous nature, such as now appear to exist in Balti-

more.

down. operatives are turned out to starve, con tress in the South, but the people of the Confederate States are generally comfortable. They United States men and arms, breathe freer, and their proud necks are more On Friday morning, with

with its best blood. There is no time left the Legislature to indulge in discussion or argu-ment. The issue is made up, the sword drawn and strokes must arbitrate it. The consumed at home There are six and the cast-iron plates intended for the subject of the rebels to Fort Washita which is consumed at home. There are aix mil-lion of alluvial soil in the British West Indies where it can be relead. The British West Indies West Indies Completion of the Great Dome of the Capitol. Skirts of the city. On the day previous a full where it can be relead. The British West Indies Completion of the British West Indies Completion of the Great Dome of the Capitol. Skirts of the city. On the day previous a full ous negro woman was taken into custody while the British West Indies Baltimore will be accommodated with the "strokes" this secession organ now parts for, and more of them, too, than it anticipates. The Memphis and Ohio Railroad offers to gravity free. The Memphis and Ohio Railroad offers to gravity is raised in Surinam. In Africa, of barrels of bacor, hogsheads of molasses and in our Southern exchanges.

the Rhode Island Regiment at the Patent Office. The New York Seventy-first Regiment and part of the Pennsylvania Fifth Regiment are at the building put up for the Inauguration Ball. The Capitol

is filled with Pennsylvania and Massachusetts troops, including the Seventh. The latter will terday came back from a cruise down the river,

and they report that no hostile preparations were to be seen on either shore. There is a great scarcity of specie here, and

stead of Grand Jury ; justines searches and seiz-ures of private property, and the taking pos-session of public highways, and other means of communication. Involving the highest ex-ercise of sovereignty, it is, of course, capable of great abuse, and is only to be justified on em-arctaronaics of the most imperative and perilous Persia he sent out orders for three hundred thousand stand of the improved Minnie musket, and for a vast number of the celebrated

leet will be sent to the Southern ports at an THE PANIC AT THE NORTH.—The heart of the early day, to co-operate with the United States philanthropist bleeds and sickens in contem. fleet in the blockade of the Secession ports. plating the distress that exists among the peo. Louis Napoleon has joined with Victoria to ple of the North. Every day brings additional suppress the Slave-State rebellion. It is stated

It is hoped here that Yancey and his confed-

Orders have been issued, it is reported, to the Governor-General of Canada, to offer to the United States men and arms. On Friday morning, with the arrival of the key dull at 18@181.

they could not avert. But let them come stationed at the Capitol, the Treasury for Southern. Wheat firm; 10,000 bbls sold; South, find new fields for their enterprise, and Department, the Soldiers' Home, the Navy White Western \$1 45@1 50; White Kentucky South, find new fields for their enterprise, and mend their broken fortunes. We pity while we despise the poor dupes who pinned their faith to the traitors who now mock at the cal: faith to the traitors who now mock at the cal: Smead, of the Regular Army, besides seizing the steamer St. Nicholas, with arms and pro-Let them turn upon their betrayers. In the traitors are approximately besides and pro-ter them turn upon their betrayers. In the traitors are approximately besides are seizing the steamer St. Nicholas, with arms and pro-bet them turn upon their betrayers. In the traitors are approximately besides are seizing the steamer tof the telegraph offices at West and a telegraph offices at West and active

localities, by threatened famine and starvation In view of events at St. Louis, a regiment was sent from Springfield yesterday to occupy

A bill for a loan of \$3,000,000 for war pur poses, and another to send 10,000 men into camp, to answer the next call of the Government, are before the Legislature. Both bills will probably pass to-morrow.

ARREST OF A TRAITOR.

PHILADELPHIA, April 29.

terson, who has supervision and command the line between this city and Washington. command of

PREPARING FOR ACTION.

Boston, May 29.

A force of 2,500 men were employed yester day in the Charlestown Navy Yard on the vessel now fitting out.

Lieut. Knox has been appointed to the com-mand of the steamer Massachusetts.

A STEAMER ON THE SHOALS.

NEW YORK, April 29.

The steamer Bremen from Southampton with dates to the 17th, is reported ashore east of the Romer shoals. Two tugs are engaged to pull her off.

MABKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

PHILADELPHIA, April 29. Flour quiet and firm without sales for export. Wheat scarce and firm at \$133@\$185 for red,

already published some statements relative to