[Continued from first page.]

Mr. BURNS, one from citizens of Allegheny county for a law to prevent horses, cattle, sheep, and swine from running at large in said Referred to the Committee on Agriculture

Also, two remonstrances from citizens of Al-

legheny county against the same.
Referred to the same Committee. Mr. OSTERHOUT, one from citizens of Susquehanna county, praying for the passage of a law to prohibit the immigration of colored persons into this State, with a view of acquiring a residence therein, and to prohibit the intermarriage of the white and black races.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary (general.) Mr. DOUGLASS, a remonstrance from owner of coal lands and other citizens of Alleghenv county, against the repeal of the supplement t

the lateral railroad law.

The petition was read, and
Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

(general.)
Mr. ANDERSON, a petition from the trustees of the African Methodist Episcopal church, of Canonsburg, asking for a supplement to an Act authorizing the School Directors of said dis trict to erect a school house on a certain lot. Referred to the Committee on Estates and

Mr. HOFIUS, one from citizens of Venango county for a State road in Venango and Clario Referred to the Committee on Roads, Bridges

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, (general.

Mr. DUFFIELD, one from the commissioned efficers of the First Division of Pennsylvania Volunteers, asking for an appropriation for re-pairs to the State Armory at Philadelphia.

Mr. LEISENRING. Mr. SPEAKER: I beg leave to submit the proceedings of a mass meeting of the workingmen of Philadelphia, held in Independence Square, on Saturday evening, January 26th. A Committee of thirty-three was there appointed to visit Washington and Harrisburg, to lay before Congress and the State Legislature the action of that vast army of our fellow citizens. The Committee visited the Na-tional Capital, and on Thursday last arrived here in the fulfillment of the duties of their appointment. The gentlemen composing that representation requested me to present to the body over which you have the honor to preside, those proceedings, and in doing so at this time, I desire to thank my colleagues on this floor, and the Senators who favored us with their presence at the interview between the Committee and the Philadelphia delegation, for their respectful and kind attention.

This Committee gave us, as you will remember, an interesting account of their flattering reception at the Capital of the nation—of the kindness exhibited towards them by the President of the United States, by Senators Cameron and Bigler, of our own Pennsylvania, the venerable statesman of Kentucky, and numerous members of Congress. Their visit there, sir, was exceedingly pleasant and agreeable, and it was surrounded by circumstances which will cause it to be remembered so long as time shall obnoxious to the citizens of any portion of the continue with the participants in the enjoyment Union and conflicting with any provisions of thereof. These gentlemen were treated in a manner worthy of their mission. They were

not coldly met or indifferently greeted, nor were they thrust aside carelessly, as many Committees have been, in former times, there and here, and why? Because their mission was one of peace. Never have the same number of gentlemen left their firesides to transact more important duties—never have a nobler band been engaged in a work, which, if successful, will be productive of greater results.

The Committee from Philadelphia who visited us represents upwards of 50,000 men, whose daily bread is earned by their labor. Upon these men depend the existence of at least a quarter of a million of persons, or about onetenth of the entire population of this Commonwealth. This representation is of a class powerful and mighty; hence the importance of their proceedings. Every branch of labor us to-day for protection—every factory and workshop in the second city on the continent, loudly proclaims for acrion, and the cries of thousands of men, women and children, who hunger for the common necessaries of life, neal to us to a the course which they have marked out, as the best, in their judgment, for the settlement of our National misunderstandings and difficulties. We will find in perusing the report of that meeting, that these 50,000 workmen—these men who give activity to trade, commerce, manufactures, to every department of life—desire that union nd harmony shall continue among the familles of States composing this Confederacy. Impelled by patriotism and love of country, a few men in the Industrial Works, located in the Tenth Representative district of this State. happily conceived the idea of securing an expression from those upon whom, in the Providence of God, our very existence depends, upon the affairs which so fearfully agitate us. little gathering gave vent to their patriotic feelings, and on the evening referred to, standing in Independence Square, in six inches of snow, amid a raging storm, acres of stalwart men experiencing the sad effects of the depress-ed condition of the affairs of our whole country, counselled together and unanimously agreeto sustain the General Government in all just

and legal measures to enforce the laws of our

Mr. Speaker, they not only did this; they earnestly urged upon us to unite our efforts "to repeal all laws obnoxious to the citizens of any portion of the Union, and conflicting with any provisions of the Constitution or laws of the General Government." They resolved to re-commend to our Senators and Representatives in Congress the adoption of the Crittenden Compromise, on the passage of an Act allowing a vote of the people to be taken thereon. They deprecated "all warlike or hostile collision be tween the military forces of the General Gov ernment and the States, believing that a peace able arrangement is possible when honorably and justly sought for," and resolved that "civil war would be an end to all hopes of reconcilia tion between the different portions of the country." This is the whole story. The action was wise and honorable. That Saturday night meet ing forcibly reminds us of Valley Forge. As the patriots of that dark period struggled amid the snowy elements of Heaven for freedom and happiness, union and harmony, so did the workingmen of Philadelphia, at that meeting, commence a struggle which, I trust, will soon terminate in the peaceable adjustment of the troubles with the peaceable adjustment of the troubles with the structure of the structu bles which so very seriously threaten the perpe-tuity of our blessed Union. The patriots in the revolution listened and obeyed the commands of the great and good Washington. Let us to-day imitate their example and listen to the appeals. which have been made to us, and obey the commands of those in whom rests the right and power to dictate.

Mr. Speaker, these gentlemen came here as citizens bearing the message of peace. It was a fitting time for them to come. We had requested Gov. Curtin to appoint Commissioners' to meet the representatives from Virginia, Mary-land, Kentucky and other States, and these workingmen opportunely appeared among us and endorsed what we did. Their watchword is endorsed what we did. Their watchword is action—peace! They desire no sword to settle the difficulties, but words of conciliation—no acts of violence but enactments of justice, equity and brotherly kindness-no estrangement of interests but the immediate repeal of unfriendly legislation.

by aiding to plunge different sections of the country into war, as seems to be the determina-tion of some who insist upon arming the State, regardless of the Commission just appointed or Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, the fearful consequences which may ensue.— Our neglect to comply with the wishes and earnest desires of so large a portion of our constituents may compel them to change their usual avocations of industry and trade, and hereafter enter the exciting arena of politics. Therefore, stand manfully by the m in the object of their mission. Let our efforts to repeal all unfriendly Legislation, asked for by nearly 80,000 voters, be united, and justice and victory will span the brow of every national conserva

tive Pennsylvanian.

Mr. MARSHALL. I would like to ask the gentleman a question.

I would like to know if the working men of

Philadelphia said anything with regard to a tariff, or whether they intend to sacrifice that

Mr. LEISENRING. They did not, sir; the workingmen of Philadelphia are known to be

in favor of a tariff.

Mr. LEISENRING then presented the pro-ceedings, which were read and ordered to be published in the *Record* as follows:

To the House of Representatives of the State of Penn At a mass meeting of the Mechanics and Workingmen of Philadelphia, without distinction of party, held in Independence Square on

Saturday evening, January 26th, 1861, the fol-

owing preamble and resolutions were adopted : The workingmen, citizens of Philadelphia, Mr. MARSHALL, one from fifty-five citizens of Pennsylvania, praying for an Act to secure to married women the control of their earnings and an equal right of guardianship with the husband over their children.

Referred to the Corposition of the United States as will be constitution of the United States as will be constituted by the solemnity and peril of the present state of public affairs, and with a desire to preserve every right guaranteed or reserved under the Constitution of the United States as will be constituted by the solemnity and peril of the present state of public affairs, and with a desire to preserve every right guaranteed or reserved under the Constitution of the United States as will be constituted by the solemnity and peril of the present state of public affairs, and with a desire to preserve every right guaranteed or reserved under the Constitution of the United States as without distinction of party, deeply impressed by the solemnity and peril of the present state of public affairs, and with a desire to preserve every right guaranteed or reserved under the Constitution of the United States are without distinction of public affairs, and with a desire to preserve every right guaranteed or reserved under the Constitution of the United States are without distinction of the United States ar perpetuate the religious, social and political district. blessings of the Union, in a general mass meet-ing assembled, deem it to be their duty to announce to their fellow citizens of the nation their deliberate judgment, their hopes, their irs to the State Armory at Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on the Militia retem.

Referred to the Committee on the Militia protection which the Union has hitherto secured o us, and, as we believe, that Union alone can

preserve and insure to us in future. We meet as workingmen and citizens of great and glorious nation to proclaim that the Union of these States is consecrated in our affections by the inestimable benefits secured to us by the history and traditions of the past, and by patriotic recollections that can never fade Standing near the sacred edifice in which away. Standing near the sacred edince in which the Union was consummated, and animated by the consciousness that nowhere in the vast domain which the Union protects has it been more resolutely sustained, than in Pennsylvania, we therefore look at any attempt to dissolve the Union with unaffected sorrow and alarm.

In the event of a disunion of the States, no

earthly power could restore us to the same dignified position, social and political, that we now occupy. Therefore, we counsel and will support concert of action on the part of all workingmen of every city, county and State in our land, to aid in maintaining the government as it now exists under the Constitution, and to adopt all necessary and proper amendments to the Constitution that may be required for the complete protection of the rights of every citizen, North or South, East or West.

We, moreover, earnestly urge our Senators and Representatives in the Legislature of Pennsylvania, to unite their efforts to repeal all lay Union and conflicting with any provisions of the Constitution or laws of the General Government.

Resolved. That we respectfully and earnestly recommend to our Senators and Representatives in Congress assembled, to adopt the resolutions proposed by Senator Crittenden of Kentucky, to pass an Act allowing a vote of the people to be taken thereon.

Resolved, That if the present Congress refuse to adopt any measure that will reconcile the existing differences between the sections of our isting differences between the sections of our cils of the country, that the members be requested to resign their seats in order that the people may have an opportunity to adjust the difficulty and Referrer

elect others in their places.

Resolved, That we deprecate all warlike or hostile collision between the military forces of the General Government and the States, believing that a peaceable arrangement is possible when honorably and justly sought for. Civil war would be the end of all hopes of reconciliation between different portions of the country.

Resolved. That if after all fair and h orable neans have been exhausted without effecting the desired object so ardently cherished by all Union loving citizens we, as workingmen, will sustain the Federal Government in all just and legal measures to enforce the laws of our land and nation.

Resolved, That this meeting authorize the Committee of Arrangements to appoint two Delegates from each Congressional district of this city, to meet in Convention in Philadel-phia, on the 22d of February, 1861, as recommended by the mechanics and workingmen of Louisville, Kentucky.

Resolved, That the Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements appoint a Committee of thirty-three to convey copies of the foregoing resolutions to our Senators and Representatives n Congress, and to our Senators and Representatives in the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

I. W. VANHAUGHTEN, President.

John Keesey, R. J. Magne, Secretaries.

Mr. MULLIN, one from citizens of the bo Mr. MULLIN, one from cluzens or the hor-ough of Summitville, Cambria county, praying for the passage of an Act authorizing the erec-tion of a lock-up house in said borough. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary,

Mr. KOCH, one from citizens of North Manheim township, Schuylkill county, praying for a law relative to supervisors in said township. Referred to the Committee on Roads, Bridgeo

and Canals. Also, a remonstrance from citizens of North Manheim township, Schuylkill county, against

Referred to the Committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals. Also, a petition of citizens of South Manheim

township, Schuylkill county, praying for the repeal of the law passed Feb. 17, 1859, entitled "an Act to secure a stricter accountability of public officers in Schuylkill county, so far as the same relates to the township of South Man-Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary,

(local.)

Mr. REIFF, one from citizens of York county, for the repeal of an Act passed April 2, 1860, entitled "an Act for the preservation of fish in the county of York." Referred to the Committee on Agriculture,

Mr. SELIZER, one numerously signed from the voters of the Seventh Representative Dis-irict of Philadelphia, opposed to the repeal of the ninety-fifth and ninety-sixth sections of the revised penal code.

The petition was read and referred to the

Committee on the Judiciary, (general.)

Mr. DISMANT, two from the stockholders
of the Limerick and Coalbrookdale Turnpike road company, remonstrating against the passage of an Act to place said company under the provisions of the general turnpike road compa-

ny.

Referred to the Committee on Roads, Bridges

and Canals.
Mr. BISEL, two from citizens of Mt. Carmel Mr. Bishil, two from cluzens of Mt. Carmer, two from chuzens of Mt. Carmer, that the Act for the selling of the repairing of the public roads in certain townships of Schuylkill county, may be extended to Mt. Carmel. Referred to the Committee on Roads, Brilges

and Canals . Mr. PUGHE, three from cttizens of Luzerne county, asking that the Sheriff's sales, county Mr. COLLINS asked for, and obtained leave statements, and other legal notices, required to te withdraw certain papers of Nancy Christy.

Their hope is peace. Don't disappoint them be published by authority of the Legislature or Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary,

Mr. HILLMAN, four from citizens of Luzerne county of like import.

Referred to the same Committee.

Mr. BARTHOLOMEW, one from citizens of Schuylkill county, asking for the repeal of the 95th and 96th sections of the Penal Code. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

Mr. GASKILL, one from one hundred and fifty-three brushmakers of the city of Philadel-phia, remonstrating against the passage of an Act to incorporate the Continental Brush company of Philadelphia.

The petition was read, and Referred to the Committee on Corporations. Mr. EILENBERGER, one from citizens of Easton, of like import.

Referred to the same Committee.

Mr. MARSHALL, one from F. C. Nagely renonstrating against the repeal of the lateral Referred to Committee on Judiciary (generation)

Mr. BOYER, one from the members of the bar of Berks county, for the repeal of the Act of 22nd of February, 1858, authorizing the binding of law books in sheep. Referred to Committee on the Judiciary (gen-

Also, one from citizens of the North-West Ward of the city of Reading for an additional Election District in said ward.

Referred to the Committee on Election Dis Mr. ARMSTRONG, one for the erection of the county of Lycoming into a separate judicial

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary Also, one from citizens of Lycoming

county, praying that the Act of March 12, 1860, extending the "Act relating to Roads and Bridges in Washington county, to Lycoming county," be repealed.

Referred to the Committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Also, two remonstrances from citizens of Ly coming county, against the annexation of a part of Brady township to Union county. Referred to the Committee on New Counties

and County Seats. Mr. IRWIN, eight from citizens of Cumber-land county for the incorporation of a bank at Mechanicsburg.
Referred to the Committee on Banks.

Mr. KOCH, on leave, read in his place, an Act to change the place of holding borough elections in Port Clinton, Schuylkill county. Mr. KOCH moved to suspend the rules, and that the House proceed to the consideration of

The motion was agreed to; and said bill was taken up and passed finally.

Mr. COLLINS, one from four hundred and thirty-four citizens of Brownsville, for the repeal of an Act changing the name of Browns ville to that of Red-Stone Old Fort.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations

Also, one from the Society of Friends, in Payette county, for a law authorizing them to ell two lots of ground in said county.

Referred to the Committee on Estates and

Mr. STEHMAN, one from citizens of Lan aster county for the repeal of the 95th and 96th ections of the revised Penal Code. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary general.)
Mr. BLAIR, three remonstrances signed by

orty out of the sixty citizens of that portion of Dublin township, Huntingdon county, remonstrating against annexing that township to Fulon count Referred to the Committee on New Countie

and County Seats.
Mr. THOMAS, a remonstrance from the Councils of the city of Philadelphia against the pasage of the bill relative to public buildings in Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

local.) Mr. WILDEY, a remonstrance from the City Councils of Pailadelphia against the passage of a law providing for the inspection of cattle, &c.,

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary Also, a remonstrance from the City Councils

of Philadelphia against the passage of a law re-lative to public buildings in said city. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, Mr. SELTZER, two of like import with the

wo last named. Referred to same Committee Mr. RIDGWAY, two of like import. Referred to same Committee.

Mr. M'DONOUGH, two of like import.

Referred to same Committee.

Mr. PRESTON, two of like import. Referred to same Committee.

Mr. SHEPPARD, two of like import. Referred to same Committee. Mr. LIESENRING, two of like import. Referred to same Committee.

Mr. CALDWELL, two of like import.

Referred to same Committee. Mr. MOORE, two of like import. Referred to same Committee.

Mr. DUNLAP, two of like import. Referred to same Committee.

Mr. SMITH, (Philadelphia,) two of like im

Referred to same Committee. Mr. GASKILL, two of like import. Referred to same Committee Mr. DUFFIELD, two of like import. Referred to same Committee.

Mr. IRWIN, a petition from citizens of Cumberland county, asking for an appropriation of one million of dollars, or so much thereof as the Constitution of the State will justify, to purchase arms for the State. Referred to the Committee on the Militia

Mr. MOORE, a remonstrance against the purchase of cert-in grounds north of Coates street and west of the Reading railroad. Referred to the Committee on Estates and

Escheats.
Mr. WILLIAMS, a memorial from tibe mem bers of the Bannecker Institute of Phila delphia, remonstrating against the repeal of the ninety-fifth and ninety-sixth sections of the revised pe-

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, (general.) Also, a memorial from the colored citia ons Philadelphia, for such an amendment to the D. Haas. Constitution as will restore to them the elec-

ive franchise Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, eneral.)

Mr. EILENBERGER, a petition from cittzens said estate by the directors of the Cannonaburg (general)

of Northampton county relative to t'ne Wetherill zinc company.

Referred to the Committee on Corp orations. ORIGINAL RESOLUTION.

Mr. COWAN submitted the following, which ras agreed to:

Resolved, That on and after to-morrow the hour of meeting of this House shall be ten o'clock a. m., and the hour of adjournment one clock p. m., until otherwise ordered.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE. &C. Mr. TAYLOR asked for, and obtained, leave of absence for Mr. ALEXANDER for a few days.
Mr. BLISS asked for, and obtained, the same

Mr. THOMAS asked for, and obtained, the same leave for Mr. REILEY. Mr. ANDERSON asked for and obtained the same leave for Mr. Happen.
Mr. COLLINS asked for, and obtained leave,

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Mr. SHAFER (Corporations) with amendment, an Act to incorporate the Fishing Creek Im-

provement company.

Mr. SMITH, Phila., (same) with amendment, an Act to incorporate the American Salvage company.

Mr. RIDGWAY (same) as committed, a sup-

plement to the Act incorporating the borough of Birmingham, in Allegheny county. Referred to the Committee on Corporations Mr. BISEL (same) as committed, an Act to incorporate the North American Oil company. (same) with amendment, an Act

corporate the West Sunbury Academy of Butler Mr. WILDEY (same) as committed, a supplement to the Act incorporating the Allegheny Mountain Health Institute.

Mr. ROLLER (same) as committed, an Act to incorporate the Pittston Hose company, No. 1, of the borough of Pittston, Luzerne county. Mr. LAWRENCE, (same,) as committed, an Act to incorporate the Philadelphia Turner's As-Mr. M'DONOUGH, (same,) as committed,

supplement to the Act incorporating the Hills-dale Cemetery company of Allegheny county. Also, (same,) as committed, an Act to incor porate the Disco Oll company.

Mr. HUHN, (same,) as committed, an Act to amend the charter of the Presbyterian Church

of Frankford, Philadelphia: Also, (same,) as committed, one to incorporate the Eagle Cotton Works of Allegheny

county.

BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. MARSHALL, a supplement to an Act in-corporating the Pittsburgh and East Liberty assenger Railroad company.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations Mr. BOYER, one to extend an Act relative to Sheriffs' and Prothonotaries' costs in Luzerne

county to Berks county.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary Mr. MULLIN, a supplement to the Act to

incorporate the Beaver Dam Turnpike and Plank Road Company. Referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.
Mr. IRWIN, one to incorporate the Mechan-

icsburg Bank. Referred to the Committee on Banks. Mr. CLARK, one to incorporate the Harris burg City Passenger Railroad Company. Referred to the Committee on City Pa

Railroads. Also, one to provide for the fencing of a por tion of the Northern Central Railroad, and for the better protection of property in Dauphin

Referred to the Committee on Railroads Mr. COLLINS, one to establish the boundary line between Westmoreland and Fayette coun

Referred to the Committee on new Counties and County seats. and County seats.

Also, one to authorize Edward Vail and Morgan Connel, of Fayette county, to sell and convey two lots of ground in said county.

Referred to the Committee on Estates and Es-

Mr. GORDON, a supplement to the Act regulating the compensation of Associate Judges.
Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary (general.)

Also, a bill providing for the settlement of claims against the Commonwealth. Referred to the Committee on Claims Also, an Act to extend the charter of the Glan Hope and New Washington turnpike and plank

road company. Referred to the Committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals. Mr. ARMSTRONG, a further supplement to

the Act for the greater certainty and more se-cure enjoyment of real estate. Referred to the Committee on Estates and Es-Also, one to erect the county of Lycoming into a separate judicial district.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary,

(general.) Also, Joint Resolution to pay John Hall Clerk of committee on the contested election case of Lewis Pughe.

Mr. ARMSTRONG moved that the rules be

suspended, and that the House proceed to the consideration of the resolution. The motion was agreed to;
And the resolution was taken up and passed

finally.

Mr. EILENBERGER, a bill relative to the Easton Library Company of Northampton county.

Mr. THOMAS, one to repeal the fourth paragraph of the 95th section of the Penal Code, which was read and Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, (general.)

Mr. SELTZER, one to appoint Commissioners to revise the Militia laws of this Commonwealth, which was read and

Referred to the Committee on the Militia Also, one to revise the municipal charter of

the City of Reading.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations. Also, one to provide for the fencing of a portion of the Delaware, Lackawanna and West ern Railroad Company, and for the better pro-tection of property in Monroe county.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

Mr. LEISENRING, one to vacate a portion of Buck road in the first ward, City of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Boads, Bridges

and Canals.
Mr. WILDEY, one to regulate Intelligence Offices in this Commonwealth. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

general.) general.)
Mr. PRESTON, a supplement to the Actincorporating the Cheltenham and Chestnut Hill
Railroad company.

Referred to the Committee on City Passenger Mailroads.

Mr. BARTHOLOMEW, one providing for copying drafts, etc., in the Surveyor's Office of Schyulkill county.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary Railroads.

local.)
Mr. KOCH, one to extend the provisions of an Act for the selling and repairing of the roads in certain townships in Schuylkill coun-ty to the township of North Manheim, Schuyl-

kill county.

Referred to the Committee on Roeds. Bridges and Canals.

Mr. ANDERSON, one to authorize the Au itor General to examine the claim of Charles

Referred to the Committee on Claims. Also, a supplement to the Act relative to the escheated estate of John Chase, a negro man,

school district.

Referred to the Committee on Estates and Escheate Mr. BRESSLER, a further supplement to the Act authorizing the construction of a water course in Clinton county.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations. Mr. WALKER, one to extend the limits of the borough of Brompton, Wayne county Referred to the Committee on Corporations. Also, one to change the name of Samuel M' Glaughlin, of Wayne county.

Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

Cocal.) Mr. OSTERHOUT, one to authorize the Com missioners of Wyoming county to borrow Mr. OSTERHOUT moved to suspend the rules,

Act to incorporate the Cumberland Valley Railroad company.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

BILL PASSED. Mr. SHEPPARD moved that the House resume the consideration of House bill No. 65, entitled "an Act to authorize the Select and Common Councils of Philadelphia to culvert Cohocksink creek, in the 18th ward of the city

of Philadelphia.

The motion was agreed to, and said bill was taken up and passed finally.
On motion of Mr. PRESION, the House Adjourned.

Lines of Aravel & Aransportation

TO NEW YORK!

SHORTEST IN DISTANCE AND QUICKEST IN TIME BETWEEN THE TWO CITIES

OF NEW YORK

AND HARRISBURG! VIA READING ALLENTOWN AND EASTON.

MU. NING EXPRESS, West, loaves New York at 6 A priving at Harrisburg at 1 P. M., only 6% hours are the two cales. 1.26 or the two cuies.

1.41: 11NE leaves New York at 12.00 noon, and aretives at Harrisburg at 8.15 P.M.

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AFTEANCON EXPRESS LINE, East, leaves Harris-Connections are made at Harrisburg at 1.00 P. M. with nic rassenger rishes in each direction on the remayiva-tin, Cumberland Falley and Northern Central Railroad. Alt trains connect at Reading with trains for Pottsville and Physicolphia, and at Allentown for Mauch Chunky

And Privaceipins, and at Annual Privaceipins, and an Annual Privaceipins, and an Annual Privaceipins, by the 6.00 A. M. Lin. from New York or the 1.15 P. M. rom Rarrisburg.

For beauty of scenery, and speed, comfortand accommodation, this reuse presents superior inducements to the traveling public.

Fare between New York and Hurrisburg FIVE DOLLARS. For lickets an other information apply to

dec13 J. J. CLYDE, General Agent, Harrisburg PHILADELPHIA

READING RAIL ROAD WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER DEC. 12th, 1860 TWO PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE HARRISBURG DAILY, (Sundays excepted.) at 8.00 A. M., and 1.15 P. M., tor Philadelphia, arriving there at 1 25 P. M., and 6.15 P. M.
RETURNING, LEAVE PHILADELPHIA at 8.00 A. M.,
and 3.50 P. M., arriving at Harrisburg at 1 P. M., and
8.15 P. M.
FARES:—To Philadelphia, No. 1 Cars. \$3.25; No. 2 (in

FARES:—To Prinancipola, No. 1 va.c., same train.) \$2.75.

FARES:—To Reading, \$1.60 and \$1.30.

A! Reading, connect with trains for Pottsville, Mineraville, Tamqua, Catawissa, &c.

FOUR TRAINS LEAVE READING FOR PRILADELPHIA DAILY, at 6 A. M., 10.45 A M., 12.36 noon and 8.43 P. M. I EAVE PHILADELPHIA FOR READING at 8.00 A. M., 1.00 P. M., 8.30 P. M., and 5.00 P. M.
FARE: —Reading to Philadelphia, \$1.75 and \$1.45.
THE MOWNING TRAIN "PROM HARRISBURG CONNECTS AT READING with aptrain for Wilkesbarro,

Pittston and Scranion:
For through lickets and other information apply to
For through lickets and other information apply to
General Agent

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD WINTER TIME TABLE.



ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOVEMBER 26th, 1860,

FROM PHILADELPHIA

pany will depart from and arrive at Harrisburg and Philadelphia as follows:— EASTWARD. THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Harrisburg at 2.40 a.m. and arrives at West Philadelphia at 6.50 a.m. FAST LINE leaves Harrisburg at 12.55 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 6.00 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Harrisburg at 5.15 p. m., arrives at West Philadelphia at 10.28 p. m. These trains make close connection at Phuadeipnia with

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, No. 1, leaves Harrisburg at 7.30 s. m., rubs via Mount Joy, and arrives at West Philadelphia at 12 30 p. m.

HABRISRURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves Harrisburg at 1.15 p. m., and arrives at West Philadelphia at 6 40 p. m. at 5 49 p. m.

ACCOMMODIATION TRAIN, No. 2, leaves Harrisburg
at 5.25 p. m., runs via Mount Joy connecting at Dillerville with MAIL TRAIN East for Philadelphia.

WESTWARD. THROUGH EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 0.50 p m , arrives at Harrisburg at 3.10 a. m. MAI: TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 8.00 a. m., ar-rives at Harrisburg at 1.20 p. m. LCCAL MAIL TRAIN leaves Harrisburg for Pittsburg

FASI LINE leaves Philadelphia at 12.00, noon, arrives at Harrisburg at 4.10 p. m.

HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION TRAIN leaves Philadelphia at 2.00 p. m., and arrives at Harrisburg at 7.85 n. t 7.35 p. m.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN, leaves Philadelphis at 4.60

m , and arrives at Harrisburg at 9.45 p. m. Attention is called fo the fact, that passengers leaving Philadelphia at 4 00 p. m., connect at lancaster with MOUNT JOY ACCOMMUDATION TRAIN, and arrive at Harrisburg at 9.45, p. m.

SAMUEL D. YOUNG,

Samuel D. Poung,
Supt East Division Pennsylvania Railroad
200226 60-dtf

Northern Central Railway



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, January Soth, 1861, the Passenger Trains of the Northern Central Railway will leave Harrisburg as follows:— GOING SOUTH.

GOING NORTH.

MAIL TRAIN will leave at...... 140 P. M The only Trains leaving Harrisburg on Sunday will be the ACCOMMODATION TRAIN South at 8, a. m. For further information apply at the Office, in Penna." Rallroad Depot:

JOHN W. HALL, Agent.

Harrisburg, January 80, 1860.—30-di

GLEANINGS

FROM THE
HARVEST-FIELDS OF LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ARTI

Medical.

DR. JOHNSON BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL

AS discovered the most certain, speedy and effectual remark in the most certain, DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE. RELIEF IN SIX TO TWELVE HOURS.

A CUBE WARRANTED, OR NO CHARGE, IN FROM ONE TO TWO DATE. Two Days. The Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Pains in the Loins, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, Decay of the Physical Powers, Dyspepsia, Langnor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palj itation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Dianness of Sight er Giddiness, Dissease of the Stomach, Affections of the Head, Throst, Nose or Ekin—those terrible disorders arising from the indiscretion or Solitary Habits of Youth—tho e dreadful and destructive practises which produce constitutional debility, render marriage impossible, and destroy both body and mind.

No Mercary or Noxious Drugs.

YOUNG MEN. Young men especially who have become the victims of olitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which sontary vice, inst treath is not the treath which about it is tweeps to an unit nely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted taleat and billiant intellect, who might otherwise have entrained intelling Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ectasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE. Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect health.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS

Immediately cured and full vigor resores.

Immediately cured and full vigor reserved.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J., may religiously confide in his kenor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

APOffice No. 7 South F derick street, Balumore, Ma., on the left hand side going from Baltimore street, I doors from the corner. Be particular in observing the name or number; or you will mistake the place. Le particular for Ignorant, Trifling Quacks, with its so names, or I altry Humbig Certificates, attracted by the reputation of Dr. Johnson, lurk near.

All letters must contain a Postage Stamp, to use on the reply.

OR. JOHNSTON.

Dr. Johnson member of the Roya College of Surgeons, London, graduate from one of the mest eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greatest part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the mest astoni-hing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when asiece, reat nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind were cured immediately,

Dr. J. addresses all those who having hipred them-selves by private and improper indulgencies, that secret and solitary habit which roins both body and mind, unand solutary and which rules both dody and mind, dar-fitting them for either business or society.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects pro-duced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, l'ains in the Head, D'mness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Patpitation of the Heart, Dys-pepsia, Norvous Irritability, Deraugement of the Digestive Functions, General Deblity, Symptoms of Consump-tion by

MENTALLY. the fearful effects on the mind are nuch to be dreaded :—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas; Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion toxociety, Self-distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evil effects.

Thousands of persons of all ages, can now judge what is the cause of their decline in health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emicusted, have a singular appearance about the eyes, cough, and sympms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN

who have injured themselves by a certain practice, in dulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evit companions, or at school the effects of which are nightly felt, even when saleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hopes of his country, the darling of his parents, should be anatoled from all prospects and enjoyments of life by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and inculging in a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating

effect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote computed happiness. Indeed without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prespect hourly durkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the mel ancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our cwn.

TO STRANGERS.

which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gendeman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarance to the afflicted.

DISFASSE OF IMPRUDENCE—When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he afflicted.

DISFASSE OF IMPRUDENCE—When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he miscuted the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horid disease make their appearance, affecting the head, throat, nose, skin, sc., progressing on with frightful rapidity, till death puts a period to his dreadful suffarings by sending him to "that bourne from whence no traveler resums." It is a melianchy fact that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease, owing to the unsatifulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that deadly poison, merculy, rain the constitution and make the residue of lite miserable.

To Strangers.—The Doctor's Lipiomas hang in his office.

Ag-Letters must contain a Stamp to us on the reply, Ag-Remedies sent by Mail.
Ag-No.7-South Frederick street, Baitimore, apr.13 dawly

JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER LOT OF THOSE EXTRA FINE POINTED GOLD PENS

F NEWTON'S (formerly Bagley's) manufacture, warranted to be the best in material, the finest pointed, most durable and as cheap as any n market, for sale, with a variety of Gold and Silver Cases of various sizes and prices, at

**REGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE, 51 Market street.

Office Walnut St., between Second and Third, Harrisburg, Pa.

THE SUBSCRIBERS having succeeded to the WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERY BUSINESS Of Messrs. GROSS & KUNKEL, at WALNUT STREET WHARF, would respectfully aunounce to the citizens of Harrisburg and vicinity, that they are prepared to offer for sale a large and complete assortment of Groceries, Provisions,

Salt, Flour, Ropes, in great value and the Ropes, Paints, Oils. Phyld, in great variety, Glass,

Cines, Walls, Coment, &c., &6.

Our Large SPRING STOCK, purchased in Philadelphia and New York, and now arriving, has been selected with much care, and will present great inducements to close buyers.

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Total 24-dif BOHINSON & CO

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LARS BOROUGH BONDS: Also, from Ten to Firty hares of Harrisburg Gas Stock, by C. U. ZIMMERMAN.

STATE OF STA

OR JOHNSTON.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

MENTALLY.

[MARRIAGE,]

DR. JOHNSON'S INVIGORATING REMEDY FOR OR-GANIC WEAKNESS. By this great and important remedy, Weakness of the Organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debiliated who had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved. All impedments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous, Trembling, Weakness or Exhaustion or the most fearful kind, speedily cured.

The many thousands cured at this Institution within the last twelve years, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Dr. J., winessed by the reporters of the papers, and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public,

W W. HAYS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

NEW FIRM, NEW GOODS NEW PRICES!

Pish,

Mails,

No. 28 South Second Street

EXTRA SUGAR CURED HAMS

eave for Mr. TRACY.

and proceed to consider the bill

Mr. MARSHALL, a further supplement to the

The motion was agreed to, and said bill was taken up and passed finally.

A Melange of Excerpta Chrious, Humor-ous and instructive. Collated by C. C. BOMBAUGH, A. M. M. D.
The above interesting Work has just been received at BERGNING CHEAP BOCKSTORE.

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