ty disturbed, their prosperity retarded, or their liberties imperilled by the people of any other State, full and adequate redress can and ought to be provided for such grievances through the action of Congress and other proper departments of the National Government.

Mr. CLYMER moved to amend by adding the letter "s" to the last word of the resolution, and to insert between the two last words "and State."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. WELSH and Mr. CLYMER, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—Messrs. Blood, Clymer, Crawford, Mott, Schindel, Welsh.—6

NAYS.—Messrs. Bound, Finney, Fuller, Gregg, Hall, Hiestand, Imbrie, Irish, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Penney, Robinson, Serrill, Smith, Thompson, Wharton, Yardley, Palmer, (*Speaker.*)—22.

So the question was determined in the negative.

The question then recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. HALL and Mr. SMITH, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—Messrs. Benson, Blood, Bound, Clymer, Crawford, Finney, Fuller, Gregg, Hall, Hiestand, Imbrie, Irish, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Mott, Penney, Robinson, Schindel, Serrill, Smith, Thompson, Welsh, Wharton, Yardley, and Palmer, *Speaker*—28.

NAYS.—None.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

The second resolution was read by the Clerk, as follows:

Resolved, That the people of Pennsylvania entertain, and desire to cherish, the most fraternal sentiments for their brethren of other States, and are ready now, as they have ever been, to co-operate in all measures needful for their welfare, security and happiness, under the Constitution which makes us one people: That while they cannot surrender their love of liberty, inherited from the founders of their State, sealed with the blood of the Revolution, and witnessed in the history of their legislation, they nevertheless maintain now, as they have ever done, the Constitutional rights of the people of the slave-holding States to the uninterrupted enjoyment of their own domestic institutions.

Mr. WELSH moved to sirike out, after the words "Constitution which makes us one people; That," the word "while," and insert, after the word "inherit," which follows in the same line, (per the printed bill,) the words "in all white men;" and to strike out the word "nevertheless," in the seventh line, and insert, before the word "they," the words stricken out by the committee, "and while they claim all their rights under the Constitution."

On the question

Will the Senate agree go to amend,

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. WELSH and Mr. SMITH, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—Messrs. Blood, Clymer, Crawford, Mott and Welsh—5.

NAYS.—Messrs. Benson, Bound, Finney, Fuller, Gregg, Hall, Hiestand, Imbrie, Irish, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Penney, Robinson, Serrill, Smith, Thompson, Wharton, Yardley and Palmer, *Speaker*—22.

So the question was determined in the negative.

Mr. IRISH then moved to amend the resolution by striking out the word "slaveholding" in the latter part of the resolution, and inserting the word "several."

Mr. KETCHAM opposed the adoption of the amendment. He said: By leaving the word "slaveholding" in the resolution, we thereby assert our willingness, notwithstanding our love of our own institutions of liberty, that we are willing to protect the rights of the Southern States.

Mr. PENNEY moved further to amend, as follows: To insert after the first word of the resolution "that," the word "while," and in the 4th line after the word "happiness," the words "and the full enjoyment of all their rights," and insert after the word "people" at the end of the 4th line the words "they claim from them the same faithful observance of all the duties and obligations imposed thereby."

Mr. SMITH stated that though he was aware that the rights of the citizens of the North had been outraged in the Southern States, and that people had been driven out of the South who were located there in the proper performance of their different employments in life, still those *facts*, in his opinion, would not justify the incorporation into these resolutions, which were drawn up for a specific purpose, to produce a good effect, of any amendment which might tend to produce crimination and re-crimination.

Mr. PENNEY appealed to the Senator from Philadelphia not to oppose his amendment. He held that no assertion of the rights of the North had been made in the resolutions, and thought that while Pennsylvania declared her determination to maintain the rights of other States, she should claim to have her rights respected by them.

Mr. SMITH. As we have pledged ourselves to the country as Republicans to recognize the rights of the slave holding States, there is no occasion for such an assertion here.

Mr. PENNEY. I would ask the Senator whether the broad declaration that we recognize the rights of all the States does not include the rights of the citizens of the slave-holding States?

Mr. SMITH. I will answer the question by asking another: Has there been any question raised as regards the rights of States by other than the slave-holding States? Therefore, the difficulty is only in the slave-holding States.

The amendment of Mr PENNEY was then agreed to.

The amendment of Mr. IRISH was not agreed to.

Mr. KETCHAM moved to amend by inserting after the words, "their legislation," the words, "and while they claim all their rights under the Constitution."

The amendment was agreed to.

The question recurring, "Will the Senate agree to the resolution as amended,"

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. HALL and Mr. IRISH, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS.—Messrs. Benson, Bound, Finney, Fuller, Gregg, Hall, Hiestand, Imbrie, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Penney, Robinson, Serrill, Smith, Thompson, Wharton, Yardley and Palmer, *Speaker*—21.

NAYS.—Messrs. Blood, Clymer, Crawford, Irish, Mott, Schindel and Welsh—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Mr. IRISH stated, as his reason for voting as he did, that he was compelled to vote against the resolution because it recognized differences between States.

The third resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:—

Resolved, That we adopt the sentiment and language of President Andrew Jackson, expressed in his message to Congress on the sixteenth of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, that the right of the people of a single State to absolve themselves at will, and without the consent of the other States, from their most solemn obligations, and hazard the liberties and happiness of the millions composing this Union, cannot be acknowledged, and that such authority is utterly repugnant both to the principles upon which the general government is constituted and the objects which it was expressly formed to attain.

Mr. WELSH moved to amend the same, by adding thereto the following: "And we also adopt the sentiment and language of the same Executive in the same message, to wit: "that a State or any other great portion of the people suffering under long and intolerable oppression, and having tried all constitutional remedies without the hope of redress, may have a natural right, when their rights cannot be otherwise secured, and when they can do so without greater injury to others, they absolve themselves from their obligations to the Government and appeal to the last resort, need not on the present occasion be denied." The amendment being before the Senate,

Mr. WELSH said: The majority on the floor have expressed great devotion to, and have recently been imbued with, a new love for the "Old Hero." The quotation contained in the amendment I have offered, is taken bodily from the message of Andrew Jackson.

Mr. CLYMER. There has been such an inordinate love for General Jackson expressed here during the last few weeks, that the minority want to test that love. I regard what General Jackson says in regard to Democracy as I do any other truth, but if I see written beneath a heathen idol, "I am the Lord thy God, thou shalt have no other God but me," it is not to be expected that I will bow down and worship it.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. M'CLURE and Mr. WELSH, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS.—Messrs. Blood, Clymer, Crawford, Mott, Schindel and Welsh.—6.

NAYS.—Messrs. Benson, Bound, Finney, Fuller, Gregg, Hall, Hiestand, Imbrie, Irish, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Penney, Robinson, Serrill, Smith, Thompson, Wharton, Yardley and Palmer, *Speaker*.—22.

So the question was determined in the negative.

Mr. KETCHAM moved to amend, by striking out, in the first line, the words "and language," and in the fourth line, the word "single," and to insert, after the word "State," the words "or States."

The amendments were agreed to.

The question before the Senate being,

"Will the Senate agree to the resolution as amended,"

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. WELSH and Mr. SMITH, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Benson. Blood, Bound, Clymer, Crawford, Finney, Fuller, Gregg, Hall, Hiestand, Imbrie, Irish, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Mott, Penny, Robinson, Schindel, Serrell, Smith, Thompson, Welsh, Wharton, Yardley and Palmer, *Speaker*—28.

NAYS—None.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Mr. WELSH, in giving his reasons for voting, said: I do not know how the Senate construes the Message of General Jackson, which has been referred to; but it is well known that at the time that Message was given to Congress, it was directed in reference to the assumption by South Carolina of the right to remain in the Union and to nullify the laws thereof.

The fourth resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

Resolved, That the Constitution of the United States of America contains all the powers necessary to the maintenance of its authority, and it is the solemn and most imperative duty of the government to adopt and carry into effect whatever measures may be necessary to that end; and the faith and the power of Pennsylvania are hereby pledged to the support of such measures, in any manner and to any extent that may be required of her by the constituted authorities of the United States.

Mr. WELSH moved to amend the same by striking out the words "and carry into effect," and inserting the words "to carry out all its objects, purposes and compromises."

On the question

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Messrs. WELSH and SMITH, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—Messrs. Blood, Clymer, Crawford, Mott, Schindel and Welsh.—6.

NAYS.—Messrs. Benson, Bound, Finney, Fuller, Hall, Hiestand, Imbrie, Irish, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Penny, Robinson, Serrell, Smith, Thompson, Wharton, Yardley and Palmer, *Speaker*—21.

So the question was determined in the negative.

The question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution,

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. HALL and Mr. SMITH, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Benson, Bound, Finney, Fuller, Gregg, Hall, Hiestand, Imbrie, Irish, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Penney, Robinson, Serrell, Smith, Thompson, Wharton, Yardley and Palmer—*Speaker*—22.

NAYS.—Messrs. Blood, Clymer, Crawford, Mott, Schindel and Welsh—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

The fifth resolution was read by the clerk, as follows:

Resolved, That all plots, conspiracies and warlike demonstrations against the United States in any section of the country are treasonable in their character, and whatever power of the Government is necessary for their suppression should be applied to that purpose without hesitation or delay.

Mr. CLYMER moved to add to the end of the resolution the following words: "And that all State enactments, unfriendly to the domestic institutions of any of the States, are unwise and impolitic, and should be promptly repealed from the statute book."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. WELSH and Mr. CLYMER and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—Messrs. Blood, Clymer, Crawford, Mott, Schindel and Welsh—6.

NAYS.—Messrs. Benson, Bound Finney, Gregg, Hall, Hamilton, Hiestand, Imbrie, Irish, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Penney, Robinson, Serrell, Smith, Thompson, Wharton, Yardley and Palmer, *Speaker*—21.

So the question was determined in the negative.

The question recurring on the adoption of the resolution,

Mr. WELSH said: I shall vote against this resolution because I see no necessity for the Legislature to declare that thing treason which the Constitution of the United States does not so declare. That instrument says that treason shall consist only in levying war upon the United States. "To levy war" is to create and carry on a war, which can be done only by the employment of actual force, the raising of troops, etc. The words of this resolution do not apprehend anything of the kind.

Mr. SMITH here read an abstract from the Constitution of the United States defining that certain offences therein specified were treasonable in their character.

Mr. WELSH. That is merely a play upon words.

The question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. HALL and Mr. SMITH, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Benson, Bound, Clymer, Finney, Fuller, Gregg, Hall, Hiestand, Imbrie, Irish, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Mott, Penney, Robinson, Smith, Serrell, Thompson, Wharton, Yardley, and Palmer, *Speaker*—24.

NAYS—Messrs. Blood, Crawford, Schindel and Welsh—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

The sixth resolution was then read by the Clerk, as follows:

Resolved, That the Governor be, and he is hereby requested, to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the President of the United States, properly attested under the great seal of the Commonwealth, and like attested copies to the Governors of the several States of this Union, and also to our Senators and Representatives in Congress, who are hereby requested to present the same to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. WELSH and Mr. SMITH, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Benson, Bound, Finney, Fuller, Gregg, Hall, Hiestand, Imbrie, Irish, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Penney, Robinson, Serrell, Smith, Thompson, Wharton, Yardley, and Palmer, *Speaker*—22.

NAYS—Messrs. Blood, Clymer, Crawford, Mott, Schindel, and Welsh—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

The preamble was then read by the Clerk, as follows:

Whereas, A Convention of Delegates now assembled in the city of Charleston, in the State of South Carolina, did, on the twentieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty, adopt an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to dissolve the Union between the State of South Carolina and other States united with her under the Constitution of the United States of America," whereby it is declared that the said Union is dissolved:

And Whereas, It becomes the people of Pennsylvania, through their Representatives in this General Assembly, to make known what they consider to be the objects sought, and the obligation and duty imposed by the Constitution; be it therefore

On motion of Mr. SMITH the word "now" in the first line of the preamble was stricken out.

The title of the resolution was then read and agreed to.

On the final passage of the resolutions,

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. WELSH and Mr. HALL and were as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Benson, Bound, Finney, Fuller, Gregg, Hall, Hiestand, Imbrie, Irish, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Penney, Robinson, Serrell, Smith, Thompson, Wharton, Yardley, Palmer, *Speaker*—22.

NAYS—Blood, Clymer, Crawford, Mott, Schindel, Welsh—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

The Senate then (at 8 o'clock, P. M.) adjourned. The resolutions, as amended, read as follows:

JOINT RESOLUTIONS, relative to the maintenance of the Constitution and the Union:

WHEREAS, A convention of delegates assembled in the city of Charleston, in the State of South Carolina, did, on the twentieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty, adopt an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to dissolve the union between the State of South Carolina and other States united with her, under the Constitution of the United States of America," whereby it is declared that the said union is dissolved:

AND WHEREAS, It becomes the duty of the people of Pennsylvania, through their representatives in this General Assembly, to make known what they consider to be the objects sought, and the obligations and duties imposed by the Constitution: Be it therefore

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby resolved, 1. That the Constitution of the United States of America was ordained and established, as set forth by its preamble, by the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare and secure the blessings of liberty to themselves and their posterity and if the people of any State in this Union are not in the full enjoyment of all the benefits intended to be secured to them by the said Constitution, if their rights under it are disregarded, their tranquility disturbed, their prosperity retarded or their liberties imperilled by the people of any other State, full and adequate redress can and ought to be provided for such grievances through the action of Congress and other proper departments of the National Government.

2nd. *Resolved*, That while the people of Pennsylvania entertain, and desire to cherish, the most fraternal sentiments for their brethren of other States, and are ready now, as they have ever been, to co-operate in all measures needful for their welfare, security and happiness, and the full enjoyment of all their rights under the Constitution, which makes us one people, they claim from them the same faithful observance of all the duties and obligations imposed thereby. That while they cannot surrender their love of liberty inherited from the founders of their State, sealed with the blood of the revolution, and witnessed in the history of their legislation; and while they claim all their rights under the Constitution, they, nevertheless, maintain now, as they have ever done, the constitutional rights of the people of the slaveholding States to the uninterrupted enjoyment of their own domestic institutions.

3d. *Resolved*, That we adopt the sentiment (and language) of President Andrew Jackson, expressed in his message to Congress, on the sixteenth of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, "That the right of the people of a State to absolve themselves at will, and without the consent of the other States, from their most solemn obligations, and hazard the liberties and happiness of the millions composing this Union, cannot be acknowledged; and that such authority is utterly repugnant both to the principles upon which the general government is constituted, and the objects which it was expressly formed to attain."

4 *Recolved*, That the Constitution of the United States of America contains all the powers necessary to the maintenance of its authority, and it is the solemn and most imperative duty of the government to adopt and carry into effect whatever measures may be necessary to that end; and the faith and the power of Pennsylvania are hereby pledged to the support of such measures, in any manner and to any extent that may be required of her by the constituted authorities of the United States.

5 *Resolved*, That all plots, conspiracies and warlike demonstrations against the United States, in any section of the country, are treasonable in their character, and whatever power of the government is necessary for their suppression, should be applied to that purpose without hesitation or delay.

6. *Resolved*, That the Governor be, and he is hereby requested, to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the President of the United States, properly attested under the great seal of the Commonwealth, and like attested copies to the Governors of the several States of this Union, and also to our Senators end Representatives in Congress, who are hereby requested to present the same to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Honorable JOHN J. PEARSON, President of the Court of Common Pleas in the Twelfth Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Lebanon and Dauphin, and the Hon. A. O. Hiester and Hon. Felix Nissley, Associate Judges in Dauphin county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 10th day of December 1860, to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace, at HARRISBURG, for the county of Dauphin, and to commence *on the 3d Monday of January*, being the 21*st day of January*, 1861, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables of the said county of Dauphin, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Dauphin county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand at Harrisburg, the 15th day December, in the year of our Lord 1860, and in the eight third year of the Independence of the United States.

EXECUTIVE'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, Dec. 15, 1860. } J. D. BOAS, Sheriff.

de15-dawtd

Miscellaneous.

BOERHAVE'S

HOLLAND BITTERS.

THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMEDY FOR

DYSPEPSIA,

DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,

LIVER COMPLAINT,

WEAKNESS OF ANY KIND,

FEVER AND ACUE,

And the various affections consequent upon a disordered

STOMACH OR LIVER,

Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the Stomach, Colicky Pains, Heartburns, Loss of Appetite, Despondency, Costiveness, Blind and Bleeding Piles. In all Nervous, Rheumatic, and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial, and in others effected a decided cure.

This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Boerhave. Its reputation at home produced its introduction here, the demand commencing with those of the Fatherland scattered over the face of this mighty country, many of whom brought with them and handed down the tradition of its value. *It is now offered to the American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medicinal virtues must be acknowledged.*

It is particularly recommended to those persons whose constitutions may have been impaired by the continuous use of ardent spirits, or other forms of dissipation. Generally instantaneous in effect, it finds its way directly to the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve, raising up the drooping spirit, and, in fact, infusing new health and vigor in the system.

NOTICE.—Whoever expects to find this a beverage will be disappointed; but to the sick, weak and low spirited, it will prove a grateful aromatic cordial, possessed of singular remedial properties.

READ CAREFULLY!

The Genuine highly concentrated Boerhave's Holland Bitters is put up in half-pint bottles only, and retailed at One Dollar per bottle, or six bottles for Five Dollars.—The great demand for this truly celebrated Medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing.

☞Beware of Imposition. See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.

Sold by Druggists generally. It can be forwarded by Express to most points.

SOLE PROPRIETORS,

BENJAMIN PAGE, JR. & CO.,

MANUFACTURING

Pharmaceutists and Chemists.

PITTSBURG, PA.

For sale in the city of Harrisburg by D. W. GROSS & Co. septl-dawly

BININGER'S OLD LONDON DOCK GIN

GIN AS A REMEDIAL AGENT.

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT,

ESPECIALLY designed for the use of the *Medical Profession* and the *Family*, having superseded the so-called "Gins," "Aromatic," "Cordial," "Medicated," "Schnapps," etc., is now endorsed by all of the prominent physicians, chemists and connoisseurs, as possessing all of those intrinsic medicinal qualities (tonic and diuretic) which belong to an old and pure Gin. Put up in quart bottles and sold by all druggists, grocers, etc.

A. M. BININGER & CO.,
(Established in 1778:) Sole Proprietors,
No. 19 Broad Street, N. Y.

For sale in Harrisburg by C. A. Bannvart and John H. Ziegler.

For sale by W. W. & H. Smith, French, Richards & Co., and all of the prominent Wholesale Druggists in Philadelphia. sep27-dawôm

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

For Children Teething,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN, and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves AND RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and CAN SAY, IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED, IN A SINGLE INSTANCE TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW, after ten years' experience, AND PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in *fifteen or twenty minutes* after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescripton of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with NEVER FAILING SUCCESS in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

GRIPING IN THE BOWELS, AND WIND COLIC, and overcome convulsions, which if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the BEST and SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—DO NOT LET YOUR PREJUDICES, NOR THE PREJUDICES OF OTHERS, stand between you and your suffering child and the relief that will be SURE—yes, ABSOLUTELY SURE—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.
Principal Office, No. 13 Cedar St., New York.

Price only 25 Cents per Bottle.

☞For Sale in Harrisburg by D. W. Gross & Co., No 19 Market street, J. Martin Lutz, No. 22 Market street, C. K. Keller, No. 91, Market street, below Fourth, and G. W. Miles, 128 Market street.

aug22 dawly

NEW FIRM, NEW GOODS

NEW PRICES!

THE SUBSCRIBERS having succeeded to the WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERY BUSINESS of Messrs. GROSS & KUNKEL, at WALNUT STREET WHARF, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Harrisburg and vicinity, that they are prepared to offer for sale a large and complete assortment of

Groceries, Provisions, Fish, Salt, Grain, Flour, Ropes, in great variety, Queensware, Paints, Oils, Fluid, Glass, Nails, Cement, &c., &c.

Our Large SPRING STOCK, purchased in Philadelphia and New York, and now arriving, has been selected with much care, and will present great inducements to close buyers.

We intend to keep FIRST-CLASS GOODS, and WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD, and hope by honorable dealing to merit and receive a share of patronage.

mar24-tf ROBINSON & CO.

Miscellaneous.

THE

ONLY DISCOVERY

WORTHY OF ANY CONFIDENCE FOR

RESTORING

THE BALD AND GRAY.

MANY, since the great discovery of Prof. Wood, have attempted not only to imitate his restorative, but profess to have discovered something that would produce results identical; but they have all come and gone, being carried away by the wonderful results of Prof. Wood's preparation, and have been forced to leave the field of its resistless sway. Read the following:—

BATH, Maine, April 18th, 1859.

PROF. O. J. WOOD & Co.:—Gents:—The letter I wrote you in 1856 concerning your valuable Hair Restorative, and which you have published in this city and elsewhere, has given rise to numerous enquiries touching the facts in the case. The enquiries are, first, is it a fact of my habitation and name, as stated in the communication; second, is it true of all therein contained; third, does my hair still continue to be in good order and of natural color? To all I can and do answer invariably. My hair is even better than in any stage of my life for 40 years past, more soft, thrifty, and better colored; the same is true of my whiskers, and the only cause why it is not generally true, is that the substance is washed off by frequent ablution of the face, when if care were used by wiping the face in close connection with the whiskers, the same result will follow as the hair. I have been in the receipt of a great number of letters from all parts of New England, asking me if my hair still continues to be good; as there is so much fraud in the manufacture and sale of various compounds as well as this, it has, no doubt been basely imitated and been used, not only without any good effect, but to absolute injury. I have not used any of your Restorative of any account for some months, and yet my hair is as good as ever, and hundreds have examined it with surprise, as I am now 61 years old and not a gray hair in my head or on my face; and to prove this fact, I send you a lock of my hair taken off the past week. I received your fav or of two quart bottles last summer, for which I am very grateful. I gave it to my friends and thereby induced them to try it, many were skeptical until after trial, and then purchased and used it with universal success. I will ask as a favor, that you send me a test by which I can discover fraud in the Restorative, sold by many, I fear, without authority from you. A pure article will insure success, and I believe where good effects do not follow, the failure is caused by the impure article, which curses the inventor of the good. I deem it my duty as heretofore, to keep you apprised of the continued effect on my hair, as I assure all who enquire of me of my unshaken opinion of its valuable results. I remain, dear sir, yours,

A. C. RAYMOND.

AARONS RUN, KY., Nov. 30, 1858.

Prof. O. J. Wood: Dear Sir.—I would certainly be doing you a great injustice not to make known to the world the wonderful, as well as the unexpected result I have experienced from using one bottle of your Hair Restorative. After using every kind of Restoratives extant, but without success, and finding my head nearly destitute of hair, I was finally induced to try a bottle of your Hair Restorative. Now, candor and justice compel me to announce to whoever may read this, that I now possess a new and beautiful growth of hair, which I pronounce richer and handsomer than the original was. I will therefore take occasion to recommend this invaluable remedy to all who may feel the necessity of it.

Respectfully yours,
REV. S. ALLEN BROCK.

P. S.—This testimonial of my approbation for your valuable medicine (as you are aware of) is unsolicited: but if you think it worthy a place among the rest, insert if you wish, if not destroy and say nothing.

Yours, &c., Rev. S. A. B.

Depot, 444 Broadway, and sold by all dealers throughout the world.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz large, medium and small; the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, and retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for $3

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo.

And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers de20-dawôm

JUDSON'S

Mountain Herb Pills.

THE inventor and manufacturer of "Judson's Mountain Herb Pills," has spent the greater part of his life in travelling, having visited nearly every country in the world He spent over six years among the Rocky Mountains and of Mexico, and it was thus that the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS" were discovered. A very interesting account of his adventures there, you will find in our Almanac and Pamphlet.

It is an established fact, that all diseases arise from

IMPURE BLOOD!

The blood is the life! and when any foreign or unhealthy matter gets mixed with it, it is once distributed to every organ of the body. Every nerve feels the poison, and all the vital organs quickly complain. The stomach will not digest the food perfectly. The liver ceases to secrete a sufficiency of bile. The action of the heart is weakened, and so the circulation is feeble. The lungs become clogged with the poisonous matter; hence a cough—and all from a slight impurity of the fountain-head of life—the Blood! As if you had thrown some earth, for instance, in a pure spring, from which ran a tiny rivulet—in a few minutes the whole course of the stream be, comes disturbed and discolored. As quickly does impure blood fly to every part, and leave its sting behind. All the passages become obstructed, and unless the obstruction is removed, the lamp of life soon dies out.

These pills not only purify the blood, but regenerate all the secretions of the body, they are, therefore, unrivalled as a

CURE FOR BILIOUS DISEASES,

Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, &c. This Anti-Bilious Medicine expels from the blood the hidden seeds of disease, and renders all the fluids and secretions pure and fluent, clearing and resuscitating the vital organs.

Pleasant indeed, is it to us, that we are able to place within your reach, a medicine like the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS," that will pass directly to the afflicted parts, through the blood and fluids of the body, and cause the sufferer to brighten with the flush of beauty and health.

Judson's Pills are the Best Remedy in existence for the following Complaints:

Bowel Complaints,	Debility,	Inward Weakness,
Coughs,	Fever and Ague,	Liver Complaints
Colds,	Female Complaints,	Lowness of Spirits,
Chest Diseases,	Headaches,	Piles,
Costiveness,	Indigestion,	Stone and Gravel
Dyspepsia,	Influenza,	Secondary Symptoms.
Diarrhœa,	Inflammation,	
Dropsy,	* * *	* * *

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE!

Females who value health, should never be without these Pills. They purify the blood, remove obstructions of all kinds, cleanse the skin of all pimples and blotches, and bring the rich color of health to the pale cheek.

☞The Plants and Herbs of which these Pills are made, were discovered in a very surprising way among the Tezucans, a tribe of Aborigines in Mexico. Get the Almanac of our Agent, and you will read with delight, the very interesting account it contains of the "GREAT MEDICINE" of the Aztecs.

Observe.—The Moutain Herb Pills are put up in a Beautiful Wrapper. Each box contains 40 pills, and Retail at 25 cents per box. All genuine, have the signature of B. L. JUDSON & CO., on each box.

B. L. JUDSON & CO.,

Sole Proprietors

No. 50 Leonard Street,

NEW YORK.

☞Agents wanted always—Address as above. feb10-deodaw

ASSIGNEES' NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Wallower and John Wallower, Jr., of Dauphin county, by voluntary assignment have assigned and transferred to the undersigned all their property in trust for the benefit of their creditors. All persons therefore having claims against the said John Wallower and John Wallower, Jr. trading as John Wallower & Son, or against either of them, will present them to the undersigned, and those indebted will make immediate payment to

A. O. HIESTER,
CHAS. F. MUENCH,
Assignees.

jan1-3tdas3tw Residence Harrrisburg, Pa.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, Letters Testamentary on the estate of Isaac G. M'Kinley, late of the city of Harrisburg, deceased, have been granted by the Register of Dauphin county to the undersigned:

Therefore, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of said decedent to make payment as early as practicable; and those having claims, or demands against the same will present them without delay, duly authenticated, to Mr. Harris C. Fahnestock for settlement.

MARTHA A. M KINLEY,
Harrisburg, Dec. 17, 1860—d2taw4t Executrix.

ANOTHER NEW LOT

OF NEWTON'S (formerly Bagley's) CELEBRATE GOLD PENS, warranted to be the finest in quality and finish, of any manufactured. Also a fine assortment of GOLD AND SILVER CASES.

Just received and for sale at
BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE, 51 Market St.

DR. C. WEICHEL,

SURGEON AND OCCULIST,

RESIDENCE THIRD NEAR NORTH STREET.

mar21-daw

Medical.

SANFORD'S

LIVER INVIGORATOR

NEVER DEBILITATES

IT is compounded entirely from Gentle Medicine, and has become an established fact, a Standard Medicine, known and approved by all that have used it, and is now resorted to with confidence in all diseases for which it is recommended.

It has cured thousands who had given up all hopes within the last two years of relief, as the numerous unsolicited certificates in my possession show.

The dose must be adapted to the temperament of the individual taking it, and used in such quantities as to act gently on the bowels.

Let the dictates of your judgment guide you to the use of the LIVER INVIGORATOR, and it will cure SICK HEADACHE, ATTACKS, DYSPEPSIA, CHRONIC LIVER COMPLAINTS, BILLIOUS COMPLAINTS, DYSENTERY, DIARRHŒA, SUMMER COMPLAINT, SOUR STOMACH, HABITUAL COSTIVENESS, COLIC, CHOLERA MORBUS, CHOLERA INFANTUM, FLATULENCY, JAUNDICE, FEMALE WEAKNESSES, and may be used by FAMILY MEDICINE successfully as an ORDINARY PURGATIVE (as thousands can testify) will cure SICK HEADACHE IN TWENTY MINUTES, IF TWO OR THREE TEASPOONFULS are taken at commencement of attack.

ALL WHO USE IT ARE GIVING their testimony in its favor,

☞Mix Water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

—ALSO—

SANFORD'S

FAMILY

CATHARTIC PILLS

COMPOUNDED FROM

PURE VEGETABLE EXTRACTS, AND PUT UP IN GLASS CASES, AIR TIGHT, AND WILL KEEP IN ANY CLIMATE.

The FAMILY CATHARTIC PILL is a gentle but effective Cathartic which the proprietor has used in his practice more than twenty years.

The constantly increasing demand from those who have long used the PILLS and the satisfaction which their use, has induced the proprietor to place them within the reach of all.

The Profession well know that different Cathartics act on different portions of the bowels.

The FAMILY CATHARTIC PILL has, with due regard to established fact, been composed of the purest Vegetable Extracts, and is in all cases where a cathartic is needed, such as *Derangements of Stomach, Sleeplessness, Pains in the Back and Loins, Costiveness, Pain and Soreness over the body, Restlessness, Headache or weight in the head, all Inflammatory Diseases, Worms in Children or Adults, Rheumatism*, a great Purifier of the Blood, and many diseases to which flesh is heir, too numerous to mention in this advertisement. Doses, 1 to 3.

PRICE 30 CENTS.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR AND FAMILY CATHARTIC PILLS are retailed by Druggists generally, and sold wholesale by the Trade in all the large towns.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M. D.,
Manufacturer and Proprietor
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UDOLPHO WOLFE'S

AROMATIC

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS

A SUPERLATIVE

TONIC, DIURETIC,

ANTI DYSPEPTIC

AND

INVIGORATING CORDIAL.

To the Citizens of New Jersey and Pennsylvania:

Apothecaries, Druggists, Grocers and Private Families.

Wolfe's Pure Cognac Brandy.
Wolfe's Pure Maderia, Sherry and Port Wine.
Wolfe's Pure Jamaica and St. Croix Rum
Wolfe's Pure Scotch and Irish Whisky
ALL IN BOTTLES.

I beg leave to call the attention of the citizens of the United States to the above WINES and LIQUORS, imported by Udolpho Wolfe, of New York, whose name is familiar in every part of this country for the purity of the celebrated SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS. Mr. Wolfe, in his letter to me, speaking of the purity of his WINES and LIQUORS, says: "I will stake my reputation as a man, my standing as a merchant of thirty years' residence in the City of New York, that all the BRANDY and WINES which I bottle are pure as imported, and of the best quality, and can be relied upon by every purchaser." Every bottle has the proprietor's name on the wax, and a fac simile of his signature on the certificate. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.—For sale at Retail by all Apothecaries and Grocers in Philadelphia.

GEORGE M. ASH