BY GEORGE BERGNER & CO.

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Weekly And Semi-Weekly Treegraph.

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Miscellaneous.

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OR SECRET & DELICATE DISORDERS. SECRET & DELICATE DISORDERS. A Positive and Specific Remedy A Positive and Specific Remedy A Positive and Specific Remedy

A Positive and Specific Remedy A Positive and Specific Remedy A Positive and Specific Remedy A Positive and Specific Remedy

A Positive and Specific Remedy

FOR DIREAGES OF THE

BLADDER, GRAVEL, KIDNEYS, DROPSY,

ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

ORGANIC WEAKNESS, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, ORGANIC WRAKNESS

ORGANIC WEAKNESS, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, ORGANIC WEAKRESS, and all Diseases of Sexual Organs, Ana all Diseases of Sexual Organs, and all Diseases of Sexual Organs, and all Diseases of Sexual Organs,

Excesses, Exposures, and Imprudencies in Life. Excesses, Exposures, and Imprudencies in Life. Excesses, Exposures, and Imprudencies in Life, Excesses, Exposures, and Imprudencies in Life Excesses, Exposures, and Imprudencies in Life, Excesses, Exposures, and Imprudencies in Life, From whatever cause originating, and whether ex-

MALE OR FEMALE. Females, take no more Pills | They are of no avail for Demplaints incident to the sex. Use

Extract Buchu. Helmbold's Extract Buchu is a medicine which is per

Taste and Odor,
But immediate in its action, giving Health and Vigor to
the Frame, Bloom to the Pallid Cheek, and restoring the
patient to a perfect state of HEALTH AND PURITY:

Helmbold's Extract Buchu is prepared according to harmacy and Chemistry, and is prescribed and used by The Most Eminent Physicians Delay no longer. Procure the remedy at onco. Price \$1 per bottle, or six for \$5. Depot 104 South Tenth street, Philadelphia.

Beware of Unprincipled Dealers. Trying to palm off their own or other articles of BUOHU n the reputation attained by

Helmbold's Extract Buchu The Original and only Genuine.
We desire to run on the

Merit of our Article! Their's is worthless—is sold at much less rates and maissions, consequently paying a much better profit.

We Defy Competition!

Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

ke no other. Sold by D. W. Gross & Co. and all druggists every-here nevil-daw3m

HERR'S HOTEL!

NEWLY REFITTED!

THE UNDERSIGNED having leased this well known and popular hotel, in the city of the report of the theory is now refitting and furnishing the same with NEW FURNITURE in the very best modern style. It is located in the most central part of the city, within a short distance of the deplots of four clifferent railroad and also near the State Ca pitol buildings.

The house is large and the sleeping apartments are well vositiated.

The TABLE is well provided with all carries are also should be also sh

cles This eity is well known throughout the State as having the best market outside of the Allantic clies, and consequently no compalaints shall be made on that score. The BAR has also undergone changes and will be kept stocked with the best and purest Liquors in the country. No exertion will be spared to make the traveler and No exertion will be spared to make the traveler and sojourner comfortable in every respect. A continuance of the patronage of the old customers, together with new additions is respectfully solicited.

J. H. BENFORD & CO.

Harrisburg, August 28-tf

JOHN MAEURER,

RAPPBERRY ALLEY, BETWEEN CHESTNUT AND MULBERRY STREETS, HARRISBURG, PA.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that has the incated at the above mentioned place, and he has commenced the WOOL DYEING and CARPET WEAV ING BUSINESS in all its various branches. He is prepared to fill all orders at the shortest notice, and will guarantee genoral satisfaction. His prices will be reasonable.

reasonable.

Having carried on the business for many years in Germany, and over two years here, and also having had an extended experience in this country, he is fully competent to execute all work entrusted to him, and hopes to receive a reasonable share of custom from his fellow.

AGTA general assortment of Carpets are always kept a hand and will be sold at the lowest rate. nov21-60-3md

H. L. GODBOLD.

TORACTICAL Tuner and Repairer of Pianos, Melodeons, &c., &c., will receive orders in future at WM. KNOCHE'S Music Store, 92 Market streed All orders left at the above named place, or at the Buehler House, will meet with prompt attention. First class PIANOS for sale. sep18-dly

CANDLES!

PARAFFINE CANDLES. SPERM CANDLES, ADAMANTINE CANDLES, STEARINE CANDLES, STAR CANDLES CHEMICAL SPERM CANDLES.

TALLOW CANDLES.

A large lot of the above in store and for sale at the low eat prices by

WM. DOCK JR. & CO.,

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF BRANDIES!

PINET, CASTILLION & CO. BISQUET, TRICOCHE & CO.

OTARD, DUPUY & CO.
J. & F. MARTLE.
JULES ROBIN & CO. MARETI' & CO.
JOHN H. ZIEGLER,
73 Market Street. For sale by

HUSE desiring to paper their houses, will find a well-selected stock of WALL PARER for at COST PRICES, at BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE

Pennsylvania Telegraph.

"INDEPENDENT IN ALL THINGS NEUTRAL IN NONE."

VOL. XIV.

HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY AFTERNOON, JANUARY 14, 1861

Mr. WHARTON said: There are divers ways in which a legislative body may be waste ful of the public funds, the most common of which consist in being both extravagant and

penurious. Gentlemen who oppose the passage of this bill, act, I doubt not, in accordance with

their ideas of the duty devolving upon them but in my opinion, they take the penurious plan of being wasteful. The committee appointed by the Senate was composed of competent men, who carefully examined the subject, and was involved reported that the needed re-

and that before the end of this session we will

mansion, for years to come.

Mr. BOUND. I dislike exceedingly to oppose

The yeas and nays were regulated by Massac.

IRISH and PENNEY, and were as follows:

YEAS—Messrs: Benson, Blood, Clymer, Connell, Crawford, Finney, Gregg, Hall, Hamilton,
Imbrie, Landon, M'Clure, Mott, Nichols, Par-

mer; Speaker 20.

Nava Messrs. Bound, Fuller, Irish, Lawrence, Meredith, Penney, Robinson, Serrill, Thompson, Yardley 10.

to the maintenance of the Constitution and the

Union came up in order on second reading.

The first section of the bill having been read,
Mr. WHARTON moved to amend the same

by striking out all after the word "Resolved,"

public mind has become inflamed, bitter jealous

WHEREAS, This crisis, although resulting in

ermanence of the Union endangered; and

ur patriotic fathers. Be it therefore

ed, and thereby restore harmony to the country, re-establish fraternal feeling and inculcate that

ove of the Union always our pride and boast.

are willing to sub-divide this domain into States

and admit them into our common brotherhood

as such, with or without slavery therein, according as the wishes or interests of the citizens

thereof may dictate: or that the Missouri Com-

promise line be restored, and South of that line

the citizens be permitted to choose between slavery and freedom as their interests may dic-

tate, and thus remove from the halls of our

National Legislature this prolific source of strife.

Resolved, That recognizing all our territorial

and inserting the following:

NO. 9.

JOHNSON, BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAI

Medica:

AS discovered the most certain, speedy DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.

RELIES IN PIX TO TWELVE ROURS. No Mercury or Noxious Drugs

A Cure Warranted, or no Charge, in from One to Two Days. Two DAYS. AN Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Pains in the Loins, Affections of the Kidneys and Sladder, Organic Weakness, Nervous Deblity, Decay of the Physical Powers, Dyspepsia, Langnor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Falpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Danness of Sight er Glddiness, Disease of the Stomach, Affections of the Head, Thro t, Nose or Stim—those terrible dicorders arising from the indiscretion or Solitary Habits of Youth—those detailful and destructive practices which produce constitutional debility, render marriage impossible, and destroy both body and mind.

YOUNG MEN.

YOUNG MEN.

Young men especially who have become the victims of solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which aunually sweeps to an urtimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talent and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Schates with the thunders of choquence, or waked to ectasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect health.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS

Immediately cured and full vigor restored.

Immediately cured and full vigor restored.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and oon, fidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

35 Office No. 7 South Frederick street, Baltimore, Md., on the left hand side going from Baltimore street, 7 doors from the corner. Be particular in observing the name or number, or you will mistake the place. Be particular for Ignorant, Trifling Quacks, with false names, or Paltry Humbeg Certificates, attracted by the reputation of Dr. Johnson, lurk near all letters must contain a Postage Stamp, to use on the reply.

DR. JOHNSTON.

DR. JOHNSION.

Dr. Johnson member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, graduate from one of the mest eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greatest part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind were cured immediately,

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

addresses all those who having injured them Dr. J. addresses all those who having injured themselves by private and improper indulgencies, that secret and solitary habit which ruins both body and mind, unfitting them for either business or society.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimess of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Paiplation of the Heart, Dyspepsis, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.

MENTALLY.

MENTALLY, the feasful Arct: on the mind are much to be dreaded :—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Idens, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &e., are some of the evil effects.

Thousands of persons of all ages, can now judge what is the cause of their decline in health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, have a singular appearance about the eyes, cough, and symptoms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN

Who have injured themselves by a certain practice, in tulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evit companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hopes of his country, the darting of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and inculging in a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contexplating

plating

By this great and important remedy, Weakness of the Organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated who had lost all hope, have been-immediately relieved. All impediments 10 Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous, Trembling, Weakness or Exhaustion or the most fearful kind, speedily cured.

TO STRANGERS

The many thousands cured at this Institution within the last twelve years, and the numerous important Surgical operations porformed by Dr. J., wineseed by the reporters of the papers, and many other persons, actices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibitity, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

Diskases of Tairrudence—when the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it toe often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability can sione befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, affecting the head, throat, ness, skin, &c., progressing on with frightful rapidity, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings by sending him to "that bourne from whence ac traveler returns." It is a melancholy fact that thousands [all viotims to this terrible disease, owing to the unskilfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that deadly poison, mercury, ruin the constitution and make the residue of lite miserable. To Strangers.—The Doctor's lipiomas hang in his office. To STRANGERS .- The Doctor's Diplomas hang in his

AP Letters must contain a Stamp to us on the reply,
AP Letters must contain a Stamp to us on the reply,
AP No. 7 South Frederick street, Baltimore,
apr13 dawly

BUEHLER HOUSE, MARKET SQUARE, HARRISBURG, PENN'A

GEO. J. BOLTON, PROPRIETOR.

CARD.

The above well known and long established Hetel is now undergoing a thorough renovation, and being in a great degree newly furnished, under the proprietorship of Mr. Groker J. Bernon, who has been an immate of the house for the last-three years, and is well known to Thankful for the liberal patronage which it has enjoyed, I cheerfully commend Mr. Bolton to the public f yor. [je8 dawif] WILLIAM BUEHLER.

"OUR GOVERNMENT." 67THE unity of Government, which con-

Mr. FINNEY informed that the amount of \$5,000 had been fixed upon.

Washington's Farreeled Address. A mationality is essential to the enduring prosperity of our country. True parriotism must arise from knowledge. It is only a proper understanding of our civil institutions that can induce strong and settled attachment to their principles, and impart ability for their maintenance.

"OUR GOVERNMENT: An explanatory statement of the system of Government of the Country," contains the text of the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitutional provisions of the several States, with their meaning and construction, as determined by judicial anhority, and precedent and practice, or derived from standard writers; digested and arranged for groular use Price \$1.00. Sold by

Mr. FINNEY informed that the amount of \$5,000 had been fixed upon.

Mr. LANDON then declared that he would vote in such a manner as would approve the amendment to the amendment proposed by Mr. HIESTAND, was not agreed to.

The question recurring on the amendment of \$5,000 had been fixed upon.

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The parentment to the smendment of the Constitution of the Const

SENATE.

THURSDAY, January 10, 1861. The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clook the Senators present wearing a badge of mourn-ing, in honor of the memory of the late Sena-

tor Nunemacher.

Prayer by Rev. G. J. Martz. The Journal being partly read, On motion of Mr. HALL, the further reading of the same was dispensed with.

SPEAKER'S TABLE. The SPEAKER laid before the Senate the Report of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund,

for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1860. On motion of Mr. M'CLURE, the same was ordered to be printed in the Legislative Record.

OFFICERS SWORN IN. The SPEAKER requested the officers yesterday elected by the Senate, to appear and take the oath of office. Mr. KENNEDY M'CAUGH, Assistant Sergeant-

at-arms elect, then appeared and was duly Mr. DANIEL WELSH. Assistant Transcribing

Clerk elect, was also duly sworn.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented an extract from the House Journal, relative to the Executive Mansion, which was read and laid on the table. REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

Mr. CONNELL, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, "a further sup-plement to the Act to incorporate the Wilkes-

barre and Scranton Railroad company."
Also, same Committee, with amendments,
"An Act relative to Saving Fund and Trust
companies in the city of Philadelphia." Mr. HAMILTON, from the same Committee, reported as committed, "An Act to incorporate

Also, from same Committee, "An Act to incorporate the Penn Gas Coal company."

Also, from same Committee, as committed, "An Act to incorporate the Philadelphia Improvement, Saving Fund, and Loan company."

Mr. ROBINSON, from the same Committee, reported with amendments, "An Act to incorporate the Argeigen Franciscon Company." porate the American Engravers' Company."

Also, same Committee, as committed, "An

act to incorporate the Continental Brush Com-Also, from the Committee to Compare Bills.

a report which was read and journalized

BILLS READ IN PLACE. Mr. KETCHAM, read in place "an Act in re-lation to the accounts of the Delaware and Hudson Canal company."

Referred to Committee on Finance.

Mr. SCHINDEL, in place, "a supplement to an Act to incorporate the Allentown Railroad company."
Referred to Committee on Corporations.
Mr. NICHOLS, "an Act relating to the police

Referred to Committee on Judiciary.
Mr. PARKER, "an Act to incorporate the

Lombard and South streets Passenger Railway company of Philadelphia." Referred to Committee on Railroads.

THE EXECUTIVE MANBION. Mr. SMITH moved that the special committee to which was referred that portion of the Governor's Message, referring to the furnishing and repairing of the Executive Mansion, be dis-charged from the further consideration of the

Agreed to. On motion of Mr. SMTTH, the Senate then roceeded to the consi deration of the bill reported by said committee, providing for the appropriation of \$5,000, for the purpose of defraying expenses attending the furnishing and repairing of the Executive Mansion.

Mr. PENNEY believed the necessities of the case to require that a better building than that at present occupied as such, should be provided for the Governor's residence. He further said: The Executive Mansion should be located in a situation more suitable to the wants of the Chief Executive. I believe it to be the wish of our people, at large, that a more convenient mansion should be furnished for this purpose. For this reason, I am prepared to vote against the passage of the bill in question, appropriating five thousand dollars to making repairs to this mansion; as I believe that we are merely throwing away money by making such repairs, for in the course of this or next session we shall be called upon to authorize the erection

of another mansion. Mr. SMITH. I concur with the Senator (Mr. PENNEY) that the mansion now occupied by the Governor is not such a one as the Legislature should offer to the Chief Executive of the State. for his residence therein. Our accommodations for that officer, at present, are entirely unworthy of the dignity and character of our State The repairs necessary to be made to this man-sion, cannot be made at a less cost than that estimated by the committee who had the mat-

ter in charge.
Mr. PENNEY asked, for information, whe ther it was customery for the State, at any time, to furnish the Governor's mansion. Mr. SMITH replied that a great portion of the present furniture of the house had been purchased along with the mansion. Mr. PENNEY moved to strike out the words

"five thousand," and insert "twenty-five hundred" for furnishing the house. Mr. GREGG Every gentleman who has been in this house, must be aware of the need for repairs in which it stands. There is no prospect of the Capitol being removed from this city for a period of perhaps four or five years, and repairs are now needed to the mansion, in order to enable the Governor to be

properly accommodated. Mr. HIESTAND offered an amendment to the amendment, to add that \$500 be appropriated for improvements to the mansion.

Mr. SMITH believed that the appropriation fixed by the special Committee, was required

for the purposes stated. Mr. CLYMER stated a similar opinion. Mr. LANDON inquired whether the special ommittee had fully agreed upon any specific amount.

Mr. FINNEY informed that the amount of \$5,000 had been fixed upon.

Mr. LANDON then declared that he would

Resolved, That to remove another cause of angry discussion and acrimony, it is our opinion that on the one hand all legislation in the different free States which seems even to discountenance the recapture of fugitive slaves, should promptly be repealed; and that on the other hand, the fugitive slave law should be so amended that an officious officer cannot call

> Resolved, As our sentiment upon the general subject of controversy, that while we will try all reasonable efforts to maintain and sustain our Southern fellow citizens, in the enjoyment of all their Constitutional rights, it is our belief that the Northern sentiment is decidedly and unchangeably opposed to the extension of Slavery, and that this sentiment has been greatly strengthened by the frequent indignities and outrages to the persons of Northern people in Southern States, inflicted for some casual ex-

Pennsylvania Legislature. Landon, M'Clure, Mott, Parker, Schindel, Smith, Welsh, Wharton and Palmer, Speaker—18.

So the question was determined in the negative.

So the question was determined in the negative.

of these States, and that we will sustain the Executive in maintaining the Constitution and The committee of the House of Representatives, to escort the Spraker and members of the Senate to the Hall of the House of Repreguaranties inviolate, and that if all measures guaranties inviolate, and that if all measures looking to conciliation and compromise should unfortunately fail, we are in favor of the stern enforcement of the Constitution and laws of the United States at any cost, and all hazards, be United States at any cost, and all hazards, be that telerated secession, or nullification, sentatives, was then introduced, when the fur-ther-consideration of the subject before the Senate was postponed.

The Senate then proceeded in charge of the House of Representatives, for the purpose of opening and publishing the returns of the late election for Governor of this Commonwealth.

At 10 of clock W. M. the Senate returned of the Senate then proceeded in charge of the House of Representatives, for the purpose of opening and publishing the returns of the late election for ments; the surrender of all the sacred rights which the Constitution, wielly administered, were passed by the Legislature of 1823 on the extinguishment of same subject, and are in reference to the de-

At 12 o'clock M. the Senate returned.

Mr. IRISH, Teller on the part of the Senate in the Convention which had just adjourned, delivered a report setting forth the total number of votes received by the candidates for Governor in the late election.

The orbital president under consideration The subject previously under consideration by the Senate, was then taken up, and the ust read, and insert another series of resoluquestion recurring on the first section of the bill, tions, which will be published hereafter."

Mr. SMITH. I am not surprised that the Senator from York should have introduced subjects that might be properly termed questions be shown in reference to this subject, by introjects that might be properly termed questions
of political controversy relative to the present
condition of our country. But I confess that
I was somewhat surprised when the Senator
from Huntingdon (Mr. Wharron) introduced a
similar proposition. The original resolutions
that I offered some time ago, the printed copies of which have been lying upon our desks
for several days, have been so carefully drawn
up as to avoid all allusion to any of the political controversies of the day. But one idea tent men, who carefully examined the subject, and unanimously reported that the needed repairs etc. proposed to be made would require an expenditure of \$5,000 I am satisfied that the present mansion is not a fit residence for the Chief Executive officer of Pennsylvania; and that hefore the end of this continuously reported that the medded repairs etc. proposed to be made would require an expenditure of \$5,000 I am satisfied that the present mansion is not a fit residence for assailed by the people of certain States. There has been a careful avoidance of executive.

Mr. SMITH then moved that the time of the mansion is not after the end of the mansion is not after the end of the mansion. has been a careful avoidance of everything having an offensive interpretation towards be called upon to report a bill making provision for another residence. I believe, however, that if the repairs now suggested are made, the present residence of the Governor can be so re-fitted as to make it suitable as an Executive mansion for years to come.

Mr. DUNNOL I dislike expectdingly to expect any substance in the present residence of the Governor can be so the property whatever. The substance is not alluded to in them, lowing amendment, which he would submit:

The unanimous consent of the Senate being obtained, the Clerk read as follows:

"Resolved, That we will continue to roll over their local institutions, which is a doctrine in the dirt until we hear the first tap of a which no man will dark to deny our Targe. mansion, for years to come.

Mr. DOUND. I dislike exceedingly to oppose the appropriation for re-fitting the Governor's harmon. The appropriation of this amount appears to me like placing a jewel in a spider's taken in the resolutions I have proposed, with web, as I have been informed that the present reference solely to the maintenance of the building, though requiring repairs, would not answer the purposes for which it is designed, if such repairs are made.

Mr. McClure called the attention of the Senator from Northumberland (Mr. Bound) to the fact that the predecessor of the present Gov Senator from Northumberland (Mr. Bound) to the fact that the predecessor of the present Gov ernor was compelled, not being a man of independent means, to live the whole of his official term in the little room of a hotel. He believed that the present mansion was not such as comported with the character and dignity of the State. If the Legislature did not intend to make the residence of the Governor comfortable as such, there was no benefit to be derived from a small appropriation.

One spressing to the first and only section of the first the wealth as the presentation, on that occasion, of the famous proclamation to which we all listened on Tuesday last, relative to the maintenance of the Union, are familiar to every gentleman acquainted with the history of those times as is also the presentation, on that occasion, of the famous proclamation to which we all listened on Tuesday last, relative to every gentleman acquainted with the history of those times, as is also the presentation, on that occasion, of the famous proclamation to which we all listened on Tuesday last, relative to every gentleman acquainted with the history of those times as is also the presentation, on that occasion, of the famous proclamation to which we all listened on Tuesday last, relative to every gentleman acquainted with the history of those times as is also the presentation, on that occasion, of the famous proclamation to which we all listened on Tuesday last, relative to every gentleman acquainted with the history of those times as is also the presentation, on that occasion, of the famous proclamation to which we all listened on Tuesday last, relative to every gentleman acquainted with the history of those times as is also the presentation, on that occasion, of the famous proclamation to every gentleman acquainted with the history of those times as is also the presentation, on that occasion, of the famous proclamation to which we all listened on Tuesday last, relative to the nullification, by South Carolina, of the revenue laws, at that more interest in that than we have. It is the question of protection protection to the The Speaker was here interrupted by the enforthern laborer—and they (the people of the trance of the committee fees the House of South) have been frank enough to acknowledge this fact in their proclamations. They have er and members of the Speaker was here interrupted by the enforcement of the speaker was the end of the Speaker was here interrupted by the enforcement.

IRISH and PENNEY, and were as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Benson, Blood, Clymer, Connell, Crawford, Finney, Gregg, Hall, Hamilton, Imbrie, Landon, M'Clure, Mott, Nichols, Parker, Schindel, Smith, Welst, Wharton, Palmore, Speaker—20.

NAYS—Messrs. Bound, Fuller, Irish, Lawrence, Meredith, Penney, Robinson, Serrill, Thompson, Yardley—10.

Thompson, Yardley—10.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

The bill, was then read a third time and and passed finally.

Senate Bill, No. 1, Joint Resolutions relative to the maintepance of the Constitution and the fuller proclamations. They have been frank enough to say so in their declaration of the speaker the Speaker and members of the Spinier to the half of the House, in order to proceed to the blection of a State Treasurer.

The bill, was then read a third time and and passed finally.

Senate Bill, No. 1, Joint Resolutions relative to the maintepance of the Constitution and the full representatives, appointed to escore the Speaker and members of the Spinier to the half of the House, in order to proceed to the blection of a State Treasurer.

The bill was then read a third time and and passed finally.

Senate Bill, No. 1, Joint Resolutions relative to the maintenance of the Constitution and the full representatives, appointed to escore the Speaker and members of the Spinier to the half of the House, in their question of the Senate by the sleet on the part of the Senate in the convention for the Senate of the Senate in the convention of the State Treasurer.

Mr. PARKER, Teller on the part of the Senate in the convention of the Senate in the convention of the Senate in the convention of the State Treasurer.

Mr. PARKER, Teller on the part of the Senate in the convention for the senate proceeded to ine and members of the Senate read members of the State Treasurer.

Mr. PARKER, Teller on the part of the senat positively make the assertion.

Mr. HALL. Such is the fact.
Mr. SMITH. The Senator from Blair informs ne that I am correct in my assertion. The esolutions are as follows:

and inserting the following:

WHEREAS, A crisis in our national affairs has arisen out of seeming and imaginary rather than real difficulties, resulting from the long exciting controversy between ambitious partizans in the Resolved, By the Senate and House of Repre sentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, That the Constitution of the United States, and the laws of the North and South, and in relation to which the United States, made in pursuance of the Consti tution, are the supreme law of the land to which every citizen of the United States owes es engendered, fraternal strife begotten and the obedience, and that no authority whatever can release him from his obligation to obey, or require him to take any oath or enter into any engagement inconsistent with such obligation, our opinion from no adequate cause, has, in the progress of unbridled passion and fanaticism assumed an aspect so threatening as to demand assumed an aspect so threatening as to demand an unqualified expression of opinion and prompt and decided, action on the part of those who value and are impressed with the importance and necessity of preserving for ourselves and our posterity the blessings of this best of all the constitutional and without the least foundation of right, and can afford pattle and constitutional and without the least foundation of right. our posterity the blessings of this best of all the excuse for offences he may commit against the laws of the United States.

governments of earth, as transmitted to us by Resolved, That no portion of the citizens of the United States, have a rightful power to render invalid, an act of the Congress of the United States, duly made by the people's re-Resentatives, and approved by the Executive, of the mode prescribed by the Constitution, Resolved, That the people of Pennsylvania carnestly desire by conciliation and compromise to bring back the working of the National Government to what it was in the days of the fathers of the Constitution, if it can be so affectnor to nullify the same either generally or within particular districts; but that every such act of Congress continues in full force where within the United States, notwithstand ing any such asserted nullification, and all persons who resist its execution, offend against the possessions as the common heritage of the peo-ple, we, as a measure and means of conciliation, Constitution and laws of the United States, and are liable to prosecution and punishment for nch offence.

Resolved, That no State has a right to with draw from the Union, and to declare itself in dependent of it, and that every attempt to do would be a virtual infraction of the Consti tution of the United States, justifying and requiring the use of constitutional measures to suppress it.

Resolved, That the faithful execution of all laws of the United States made in the mode prescribed by the Constitution, is a duty en-joined upon the President of the United States, in the constitutional discharge of which he is entitled to and ought to receive the aid and support of every citizen of the Union.

Resolved, That it is the clear and indisrutable

right of Congress, to impose duties upon importations and of the government of the Uni upon citizens to act as a posse comitatus, unless violence or rescue be attempted. portations and of the government of the On-ted States to collect the duties payable by law upon goods imported into every part of the Union, and that every resistance to the collec-tion of the same, is an offence against the Conthat the offenders are liable to prosecution and punishment for such offence.

Resolved, That in enforcing, by all constitu-

tional means, the laws passed by Congress, for imposing and collecting duties upon goods im-ported into the United States, and all other acts of the Congress of the United States, and in

Steam Printing Office.

Having procured Steam Power Presses, we are n, cheaper that it can be done at any

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and individually to sustain the Chlef Magistrate of the United States, in all constitutional measures, calculated to preserve and perpetu-ate the Union of the States.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the President of the United States, and to each Senator and Representative in Congress from this

ments; the surrender of all the sacred rights which the Constitution, wsiely administered, secures and protects; the extinguishment of every patriot's hopes, and the most direful event that could happen this country, or the world.

Mr. WELSH moved as an amendment to the amendment, to strike out all after the word "Resolved" in the first line of the amendment in this Senate. I did not think that there was a man interpret with the resolutions that were passed by the Legislature of 1833 on the same subject, and are in reference to the descendants of the same individuals who then agitated this discussion question in the South. I believed, when they were offered, that they would receive the unanimous support of this senate. I did not think that there was a man in this Senate who would vote "no" on the first passes of those resolutions. I did not be final passage of those resolutions. I did not be-lieve that there was a Senator here who would be willing to hazard the harmony that should be shown in reference to this subject, by intro-

morning session be extended indefinitely.

Agreed to.

Mr. TRISH asked for the reading of the fol-The unanimous consent of the Senate being

in the dirt until we hear the first tap of a Southern drum, when we will sun under our

The SPEAKER ruled the amendment out of

Mr. WHARTON delivered a lengthy argu-Mr. WHARTON delivered a lengthy argument in favor of the adoption of the resolutions presented by himself, urging that while they did not embody the platform of any political party, they fully met the great underlying question in the present controversy—that of obedience to the Revenue laws of the United States government. The speaker held that compromises were demanded and should be made by the people of all sections of the confederacy, for in the adoption of conciliatory federacy, for in the adoption of conciliatory measures alone was the country to find that prosperity which for eighty years had attended its progress. He charged upon the Demo-cratic party, by whose exertions the Missouri Compromise was repealed, all the evils which

stitution, fully discussed and acted upon, tha when the Senate adjourns, it adjourn to meet this afternoon, at three o'clock. Mr. WELSH opposed the adoption of the motion on the ground that the Committee on Finance would hold a meeting during the af-ternoon, when a distinguished gentleman, at

present in the city, was to be heard before that committee relative to a special matter. Mr. SMTPH believed that the passage of some measure in regard to the sentiment of the people of the State relative to our national diffficulties, was of far more importance to

gentleman alluded to than would be any other Mr. HALL suggested to the Senate that the Governor having stated his opinion that the subject proposed to be considered by the afternoon session was one which should meet the attention of every Senator, it was time for the Senate to take some action thereupon. On the question, "will the Senate agree to he motion,"

HIESTAND and Mr. WELSH, and were as YEAS-Messis. Gregg, Hall, Hamilton, Ket-cham, Landon, M.Clure, Nichols, Parker, Pen-

The yeas and nays were required by Mr.

ney, Serril, Smith, Thompson, Wharton and Palmer, Speaker—14.

NAYS—Messrs. Benson, Blood, Boughter, Bound, Clymer, Crawford, Hiestand, Imbrie, frish, Meredith, Mott, Robinson, Schindel, Vorder, 14. Yardley—14.
So the question was determined in the nega-

Mr. IRISH moved that the Senate adjourn. On which motion,

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. HALL and Mr. IRISH, and were as follows,

YEES-Messrs. Benson, Blood, Bound, Clymer, Crawford, Fuller, Hiestand, Imblie, Itish, Ketcham, Landon, M'Clure, Meredith, Mott, Penney, Robinson, Schindel, Welsh, Wharton, Yardley and Palmer—Speaker—21.

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