Gregg, Hall, Hamilton, Hiestand, Imbrie, Irish, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Mott, Nichols, Parker, Penney, Robinson, Schindel, Serrell, Smith, Thompson. Welsh, Wharton, Yardley and Palmer, *Speaker*—82.

NAYS—None.

On motion of Mr. YARDLEY, the Senate then adjourned at four o'clock P. M., till to-morrow (Tuesday) morning, at eleven o'clock.

Daily Telegraph.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Tuesday Afternoon, January 8, 1861.

PRESSES FOR SALE.

HAVING purchased new presses we will sell two second-hand ADAMS PRESSES at a very low price. Apply immediately.

TYPE FOR SALE.

A LARGE FONT of Brevier type is offered for sale at 15 cents per pound, *cash*. The type will answer for any country newspaper, but not being of the same cast as those used by us now, we will sell the same in order to make room for others. Apply immediately to GEO. BERGNER & CO.

Election of Senator.

The election of United States Senator took place to-day at twelve o'clock. EDGAR COWAN, Esq., one of the most talented and ablest men of western Pennsylvania, has been chosen to fill the place misrepresented by Wm. Bigler for the past six years. Mr. C. comes fresh from the ranks of the people and his election is hailed with joy by all true Pennsylvanians.

State Treasurer.

It is already well known that the Hon. ELI SLIFER, now State Treasurer, will assume the duties of Secretary of the Commonwealth under Gov. Curtin. Consequently he placed his resignation in the hands of the Governor to-day. Hon. HENRY D. MOORE, of Philadelphia, was last evening unanimously nominated to supply the vacancy occasioned by Mr. Slifer's resignation, and also for the term of one year from the 1st day of May next. Mr. M. is a gentleman of the highest character and strictest integrity, and his *unanimous* nomination for such an important office is but a just recognition of his worth. We are sure that the Financial affairs of Pennsylvania will be equally as safe under his care as they have been under the care of Col. SLIFER, who retires with the plaudit, "well done thou good

New Way to Collect Old Debts.

One good thing might come of a dissolution of the Union. When Mississippi repudiated her bonds issued in the great inflation of 1835-6, the British bond holders appealed to their government, and the subject become a matter of diplomatic controversy between England and the United States. England wanted to coerce Mississippi, but as that State could not be touched without attacking the Union, which was not responsible for the bad faith of the recalcitrant Mississippians, the ægis of the Federal power protected them from the consequences of their crime. Suppose, however, that Mississippi secedes and reassumes her sovereignty. There will then be no one between her and the power of England, which would soon be on the Gulf with a fleet to assert the claims of her citizens to the payment of these ancient bonds, and enforce justice by the strong arm.

"The mills of the Gods grind slowly."

How Buchanan was Swindled.

The recent change in the Presidential policy sets one wondering whether the O. P. F. was ever really in league with treason, as has been charged, with so much reason to believe the accusation. The Buffalo "Commercial Advertiser" thinks there is a single logical explanation of his course. Mr. Buchanan has believed that the only possibility of saving the Union lay in conceding to the South all that it wanted. That has been his policy for four years. When Lincoln was elected, we may easily imagine that he was approached by the Secessionists with the idea that a strong popular tumult at the South, with threats of Disunion, might answer the old purpose of securing new concessions from the North. The President consented to the scheme, agreeing not to check it, looking upon it as a mere political dodge to coerce the legislation of Congress. Whereupon the South Carolinians swindled him. They took his Arsenals, but only for political effect. They called a Convention, but only for political effect. And so with each step of treason, the O. P. F. was humbugged on, until at last he finds that this is a military and not a political question at all. He now grows indignant at the bad faith of those who have made him their tool; and if he don't give them enough of the cool malignity which forms a part of his nature, then our charitable theory, that he is no traitor, falls to the ground.

The Voice of Henry Clay.

During the debate in the Senate in 1850, on the "Compromise Measures" of that year, Mr. Dawson, of Georgia, declared that the contingency had arrived which compelled the calling of a convention in his State to provide for the extreme remedy of disunion. Henry Clay followed him, and in the course of his remarks, threw out the following patriotic sentiments, which every man at this time ought to read:—

Now, Mr. President, I stand here in my place, meaning to be unawed by any threats, whether they come from individuals or from States. I should deplore, as much as any man living or dead, that arms should be raised against the authority of the Union, either by individuals or by States. But after all that has occurred, if any one State, or a portion of the people of any State, choose to place themselves in military array against the government of the Union, I am for trying the strength of the government. [Applause in the galleries.] I am for ascertaining whether we have a government or not—practical, efficient, capable of maintaining its authority, and of upholding the powers and interests which belong to a government. Nor, sir, am I to be alarmed or dissuaded from any such course by intimations of the spilling of blood. If blood is to be spilt, by whose fault is it? Upon the supposition, I maintain it will be the fault of those who choose to raise the standard of disunion, and endeavor to prostrate the government; and, sir, when that is done, so long as pleases God to give me a voice to express my sentiments, or an arm, weak and enfeebled as it may be by age, that voice and that arm will be on the side of my country for the support of the general authority, and for the maintenance of the powers of this Union. [Applause in the galleries.]

FINANCIAL ASPECT OF SECESSION.—It puzzles us to understand how the new "Southern Confederacy" is to establish its public credit. Are they fools enough to suppose that capitalists will lend money to a confederation of States who admit the right of secession, and are pledged to its recognition? Under such a system, any capricious State might at any time take a "miff" and secede, and overthrow the whole finances of the confederacy.—We predict that when the agents of the new republic go into the money market to raise funds upon the faith in their public credit, they will see rather blue times, and find a dreadful stringency among money-lenders. Then some of these hotheads will realize the fact that secession is not going to be a very funny affair after all.

SOME of the Southern leaders, who have been so recklessly and falsely charging the Republicans with being an abolitionist, are beginning to see the consequences of the mistake and are trying to undo it. The following from a late Mississippi paper is a striking instance in point:—

We wish to suggest the propriety of all slaveowners taking some pains to correct a very false impression now prevailing among the negroes about the election of Lincoln. It is generally believed by our slaves that they were to be free if Lincoln was elected, or at least they think somehow or other they are to be benefitted by his election. We do not recommend it, but suggest for the consideration of the better judgment of our fellow-citizens whether it would not be best to tell them *that the election of Lincoln had nothing in the world to do with them or their freedom*, but has reference to the question of making new slave States; *that nothing has been done or will be done to change their condition by Mr. Lincoln or anybody else*, and that all the talk they hear about the slavery question cannot in any way free them.

GOV. HICKS, of Maryland, is entitling himself to the lasting gratitude of all the friends of the Union. The most desperate efforts have been made to induce him to revoke his determination not to convene the Legislature. But he stands firm—neither seduced by persuasions nor awed by threats. The object of the secessionists is to get a State Convention called, and, if possible, get Maryland out of the Union before the fourth of March, so as to take possession of the Capitol—prevent Lincoln's inauguration—start the Southern confederation in Washington, and claim to be the true United States Government, demanding recognition as such from foreign powers.

MR. LINCOLN A BLACK MAN.—The leading article of the Drogheda (Ireland) Argus, dated first of the month, is devoted to the consideration of the present complication in American politics. The writer's intelligence may be judged from this sample extract:

The election by the Northern States of America of *a black man* as President has at length brought about a state of feeling between the Southern and Northern States which for a long time has been feared, and which threatens to end in the disruption of the American Union. Since the confederation was formed, no Presidential election has excited so much party feeling as has the election of Abraham Lincoln, *a black gentleman*, hitherto unknown out of the State in which he lived—or at least unknown as a public man in Europe.

"A BIG THING."—Mr. Buchanan, on the fourth day of next March, will be like a certain Knickerbocker Governor we have read of. He can exclaim, "I am the most popular President the country ever had. I went in unanimously, and—I go out unanimously;" and so far as the sentiment of the American people is concerned, a loud "amen" will answer him on every side.

Capt. Anderson Sustained.

The House of Representatives adopted the following resolution yesterday, offered by Mr. Adrian:—

Resolved, That we fully approve of the bold and patriotic act of Major Anderson in withdrawing from Fort Moultrie to Fort Sumter, and the determination of the President to maintain that fearless officer in his present condition—and we will support the President in all constitutional measures to enforce the laws and preserve the Union.

[Cries from the Republican side of "Good."]

The resolution was adopted by a vote of 124 yeas to 56 nays, all the Republicans voting in the affirmative, and the Southern secessionists and Northern doughfaces against it.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE TELEGRAPH.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, Jan. 8, 1861.

The House was called to order at 11 o'clock A. M., by the Speaker.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday, when Messrs. SELTZER and SMITH, (Berks,) the committee appointed for the purpose, introduced the Speaker and members of the Senate in order to hear read, in conjunction with the members of the House of Representatives,

JACKSON'S PROCLAMATION TO THE PEOPLE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Proclamation was read by the Clerk of the House of Representatives.

The proclamation having been read,

Mr. LICHTENWALLNER submitted the following:

Resolved, unanimously by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in joint Convention met, that General Jackson's doctrine is the only true doctrine by which a Republican government can be sustained.

The SPEAKER of the House declared the resolution out of order.

The members of the Senate having retired

Mr. ACKER moved that the further reading of the journal be dispensed with,

Which was agreed to.

Mr. ACKER submitted the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to confer with a similar committee from the Senate to fix the time and place for opening and publishing the returns of the late election for Governor.

INAUGURATION OF GOVERNOR.

Mr. IRWIN offered the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, the Governor elect is required by the Constitution of the Commonwealth to enter upon the duties of the office on the Third Tuesday of January instant, therefore,

Resolved, (If the Senate concur,) that twelve o'clock M., be the hour fixed for the inauguration of the Governor elect, on Tuesday, the 15th inst., in the hall of the House of Representatives.

Resolved, That a committee of three members be appointed, in conjunction with a similar committee of the Senate, (if the Senate appoint such committee,) to make the necessary arrangements for the inauguration, and to wait upon the Governor elect, at his lodgings in Harrisburg, and to accompany him to the Hall of the House of Representatives, on the 15th inst., for the purpose of taking the oath of Governor of this Commonwealth.

The resolutions were read a second time.

Mr. IRWIN. I will state to the gentleman who has offered this resolution, that he make a modification. If the Governor elect shall be sworn in this hall, our chairs, benches, tables, desks—everything almost—will be broken down. It is not in the power of the officers of the House to preserve anything like the order requisite upon the occasion. The last inauguration took place upon the portico of the Capitol, staging having been erected for that purpose. There will be a multitude of people here, and it is impossible that they can be accommodated in the House. Everybody, on such an occasion, considers himself privileged to be here and you cannot keep out the crowd. Doubtless the military will be here in great numbers. I have even seen them attempting to force their way into this hall, when their place is outside. I suggest to the gentleman the modification I have mentioned.

Mr. IRWIN. I will state to the gentleman from Erie, that the resolution proposes the appointment of a committee to make the necessary arrangements for the inauguration of the Governor. A resolution to the same effect was offered in 1858, when Governor Packer was inaugurated; yet the arrangements were made for the performance of the ceremony in front of the Capitol.

Mr. BALL. If it is understood by the mover of the resolution, and by the House, that the portico is the hall of the House of Representatives, I am content. But if the resolution is to be understood literally, that the Governor is to be sworn in (as I have seen the Governor sworn in,) standing in the Speaker's desk, then, sir, I shall object very seriously.

Mr. IRWIN. If it be the sense of this House that the portico of the Capitol, and not the hall of the House, should be the place for performing the ceremony of inauguration, I have no objection; and if the gentleman from Erie proposes a modification to that effect, I accept the modification.

The resolutions, as thus modified, were agreed to.

Mr. MOORE moved that a committee of three be appointed to introduce the members of the Senate, for the purpose of proceeding to the election of a United States Senator, which was agreed to, and Messrs. Moore, Hill and Taylor were appointed said committee.

BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. THOMAS, on leave, read in his place a bill entitled "An Act to incorporate the 7th and 9th Streets Passenger Railroad company."

Referred to the Committee on City Passenger Railroads.

Mr. SELTZER, on leave, one to incorporate the Lombard and Shippen Streets Passenger Railroad.

Referred to Committee on City Passenger Railroads.

IN CONVENTION.—ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATOR.

The hour of 12 o'clock M, having arrived, Messrs. MOORE, HILL and TAYLOR, the committee appointed for the purpose, introduced the Speaker and members of the Senate in order to proceed to the election of a Senator to represent this State in the Senate of the United States, in the place of Wm. Bigler, whose term of office will expire on the 3d day of March next.

The Speaker of the Senate took the chair as President of the Convention.

Mr. KETCHAM officiated as teller on the part of the Senate.

Mr. PIERCE officiated as teller on the part of the House of Representatives.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for a United States Senator, which resulted as follows:

Messrs. Benson, Boughter, Bound, Connell, Finney, Fuller, Gregg, Hall, Hamilton, Hiestand, Imbrie, Irish, Ketcham, Landon, Lawrence, M'Clure, Meredith, Nichols, Parker, Penney, Robinson, Serrill, Smith, Thompson, Wharton, Yardly, Palmer, *Speaker*.—27 Members of the Senate voted for EDGAR COWAN.

Messrs. Blood, Clymer, Crawford, Mott, Schindel and Welsh.—6 Members of the Senate voted for HENRY D. FOSTER.

Messrs. Abbot, Acker, Alexander, Anderson, Armstrong, Ashcom, Austin, Ball, Barnsley, Bartholomew, Bisel, Bixler, Blair, Blanchard, Bliss, Bressler, Brewster, Burns, Butler, (Crawford,) Clark, Collins, Cowan, Craig, Douglas, Duncan, Elliott, Frazier, Gibboney, Goehring, Gordon, Graham, Happer, Harvey, Hayes, Hillman, Hood, Hofius, Huhn, Irvin, Koch, Lawrence, Lowther, M'Gonigal, Marshall, Moore, Mullin, Ober, Patterson, Peirce, Preston, Pughe, Reiley, Ridgway, Robinson, Roller, Schrock, Seltzer, Shafer, Sheppard, Stehman, Strang, Taylor, Teller, Thomas, Tracy, Walker, White, Wildey, Williams. Wilson, Davis, *Speaker*—71 voted for EDGAR COWAN.

Messrs. Boyer, Brodhead, Butler, (Carbon,) Byrne, Caldwell, Cope, Devins, Dismant, Donley, Duffield, Dunlap, Eilenberger, Gaskill, Heck, Hill, Kline, Leisenring, Lichtenwallner, M'Donough, Manifold, Morrison, Myers, Osterhout, Randall, Reiff, Rhoads, Smith, (Berks,) Smith, (Philadelphia,) Stoneback—29 voted for HENRY D. FOSTER.

EDGAR COWAN having received a majority of all the votes cast was declared by the President of the Convention to be duly elected a United States Senator in the place of Wm. Bigler, whose term of office will expire on the 3d of March next.

The Tellers and President of the Convention then proceeded to sign four certificates of election.

On motion of Mr. PENNEY the Convention adjourned.

NOTICE.

COUGHS.—The sudden changes of our climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic Affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges, let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be warded off. Public Speakers and Singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement. de10-d-swawfm

COMMON SENSE rules the mass of the people whatever the misnamed and misanthrope philosophers may say to the contrary. Show them a good thing; let its merits be clearly demonstrated, and they will not hesitate to give it their most cordial patronage. The masses have already ratified the judgment of a physician concerning the virtues of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, as may be seen by the immense quantities of this medicine which are actually sold in every section of the land. It is now recognized as greatly superior to all other remedies yet devised for diseases of the digestive organs, such as diarrhœa, dysentery, dyspepsia, and for the various fevers that arise from derangement of those portions of the system. Hostetter's name is rapidly becoming a household word, from Maine to Texas, from the shores of the Atlantic to the Pacific. Try the article and be satisfied.

Sold by all druggists in the world.

☞See advertisement in another column. d19

THE ATTENTION OF
MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE
AND STRANGERS

visiting the City is called to the largest and finest assortment of

Letter, Note and Cap Papers,
Envelopes, Pens and Holders,
Ink, Inkstands, Pencils,
Writing Sand, Sand Boxes,
Blotting Board, and a

full variety of all kinds of STATIONERY; which for price and quality cannot be excelled, at

BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE,
de29 51 Market Street.

W. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE!

THIS SPLENDID HAIR DYE has no equal—Instantaneous in effect—Beautiful Black or Natural Brown—no staining the skin or injuring the Hair—remedies the absurd and ill effect of Bad Dyes, and invigorates the Hair for life. None are genuine unless signed "W. A. Batchelor." Sold everywhere.

CHAS. BATCHELOR, Proprietor.
mar12-dawly 81 Barclay Street, New York.

MOTHERS, READ THIS.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the pastor of a Baptist church to the "Journal and Messenger," Cincinnati, Ohio, and speaks volumes in favor of that world-renowned medicine—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething:

"We see an advertisement in your column of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Now we never said a word in favor of a patent medicine before in our life, but we feel compelled to say to our readers, that this is no humbug—*we have tried it, and know it to be all it claims.* It is, probably, one of the most successful medicines of the day, because it is one of the best. And those of your readers who have babies can't do better than to lay supply. su22

SANFORD'S PATENT
PORTABLE HEATERS!

FOR WARMING with PURE HOT AIR Private Houses, Public Buildings, Churches, &c., is the MOST POWERFUL and Cheapest HEATER in the World. Recommendations and references by the hundred from those who are now using the HEATER, can be examined by calling on the subscriber, who is the only agent in Harrisburg for the sale of the article.

THE "CHALLENGE"
COOKING RANGE

IS ALSO ON HAND and for sale. This RANGE requires no walling in but can be set in a fair place or out in the room, and contains all the latest improvements in Cooking RANGES, has larger ovens than any other RANGE now in use.

ALSO ON HAND, an assortment of best pattern PARLOR and COOKING STOVES, and Stove Pipes. Also the largest stock of TIN WARE to be found in this section of country.

Wholesal dealers supplied on reasonable terms.
LYMAN GILBERT,
de6 Corner of River Alley and Market Street.

JUST RECEIVED
ANOTHER LOT OF THOSE
EXTRA FINE POINTED
GOLD PENS

OF NEWTON'S (formerly Bagley's) manufacture, warranted to be the best in material, the finest pointed, most durable and as cheap as any in market, for sale, with a variety of Gold and Silver Cases of various sizes and prices, at

BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE,
51 Market street.

FOR a Superior Sand Oil, go to KELLER'S DRUG STORE.

Latest by Telegraph.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES
TO THE
DAILY TELEGRAPH.

From the National Capitol.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.

It is understood that prominent members of the Diplomatic Corps have addressed the government, in reference to the commercial interests of their respective countries, in view of the present political troubles, and what degree of protection may be expected, or something to this effect. The government, however, has not replied.

Returns are daily received at the proper office from the South Carolina Postmasters, showing that the business is progressing as heretofore, including the honoring of contractor's orders and the purchase of postage stamps.

Salutes were fired here to-day in honor of the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans.

Later News from Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 7.

The British steamship Gladiator, from Vera Cruz, bound to Pensecola, touched at the South West pass, and reports that Miramon was completely routed on the 22nd. ult., and on Christmas day the Liberals occupied the capital.—Puebla has also capitulated to the Liberals.—President Juarez had been sent for and was to leave on the 3d. inst., to take possession of the seat of government. The city of Mexico, under the new order of National affairs, was tranquil.

Message of the Governor of Tennessee.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 8.

A dispatch from Nashville dated the seventh, says that the Legislature had assembled. The Governor's message recommends that the question calling a convention be left to the people. Says the remedy for present evils exists only in Constitutional amendments, on refusal whereof Tennessee should maintain her equality in or Independence out of the Union. He recommends the organization of the militia, and the purchase of arms. Leaves bank suspension penalties to the discretion of the Legislature. It was reported that Hon. S. S. Staunton and John H. Savage had left for Kentucky to fight a duel.

Movement of Government Troops.

LEAVENWORTH, Jan. 8.

The troops from Fort Leavenworth left this morning for Baltimore *via* St. Joseph, Chicago and Pittsburg. The force consists of two companies of Light Artillery, comprising 210 men, with 130 horses. A force of 20 Dragoons remains at Fort Leavenworth.

Secession Victory in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 7.

The election in this city has resulted in the success of the immediate secessionists.

New Advertisements

BUCKWHEAT MEAL!

EXTRA QUALITY in 12½ and 25th bags, just received and for sale low by

jan9 WM. DOCK JR. & CO.

FOR RENT.—THE DWELLING PART of the FOUR STORY BRICK HOUSE No. 93 Market street. Possession given on the 1st of April next. For particulars enquire of [jan9-tf] J. B. SIMON.

GRAND
INAUGURATION BALL
TO BE GIVEN AT
BRANT'S HALL,
ON THE EVE OF THE INAUGURATION,
MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 14th, 1861.
UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF THE
HOPE FIRE COMPANY No. 2.

TICKETS $1.00. All Tickets must be prepaid.

For sale at the principal hotels and by any member of the company. jan8

GRAND INAUGURATION
MILITARY AND CITIZENS'
DRESS BALL.
AT BRANT'S HALL,
ON TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 15, 1861.

TICKETS $2.00. To be had at the principal Hotels. jan7-d6t

FOR RENT.—The Two Story Brick House and premises, situate in State street, opposite Brady's Hotel and now in the occupancy of William C. Kirby. Rent $175.00. Possession given April 1, 1861. Apply to F. K. BOAS,
Attorney at Law,
1t* Third street near Market street, Harrisburg.

DR. C. WEICHEL,
SURGEON AND OCULIST,
RESIDENCE THIRD NEAR NORTH STREET.

HE is now fully prepared to attend promptly to the duties of his profession in all its branches.

A long and very successful medical experience justifies him in promising full and ample satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call, be the disease Chronic or of any other nature. jan7-dawly

FOR RENT.
A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, with a Two Story Back Building, being a very desirable private residence, situated in Second street below Mulberry, is offered for rent. The property has been refitted, and is now in good repair, being PAPERED and REPAINTED. For further information apply to
THEO. F. BOYER,
jan5-dtf Cor. Third and Chestnut Streets.

FOR SALE.—A lot of good NEW APPLE BUTTER, and also a lot of first choice DRIED APPLES just arrived at Harrisburg and for sale by
D. WOLFENBERGER.
For information call at No. 2 White Hall Hotel, Market street. jan5-1wd&2tw

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

THE SUBSCRIBER having purchased of Wm. Moyer his stock of STONE WARE, intends to commence the MANUFACTURE OF ALL KINDS OF STONE WARE at his NEW POTTERY on the canal opposite the Car Factory. With a superior kiln and experienced workmen, he expects to be able to make such ware as shall commend itself to public favor.
jan5-1md JOHN W. COWDRN.

JOSHUA M. WIESTLING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE IN WALNUT ST., HARRISBURG, PA.

Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted d26-eod-2w to his care.

INSURANCE AGENCY.
THE DELAWARE MUTUAL
Safety Insurance Co.,
INCORPORATED 1835.
CAPITAL AND ASSETS.....$904.907.51.

THE INSURANCE COMPANY
Of North America,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
INCORPORATED 1794.
CAPITAL AND ASSETS.....$1.219.475.19.

THE UNDERSIGNED, as Agent for the above well known Companies, will make Insurance against loss or damage by fire, either perpetually or annually, on property in either town or country.

Marine and Inland Transportation Risks also taken.

Apply personally or by letter to
WILLIAM BUEHLER,
de1-dawly. Harrisburg, Pa.

New Advertisements.

CANDLES!

PARAFFINE CANDLES,
SPERM CANDLES,
ADAMANTINE CANDLES,
STEARINE CANDLES,
STAR CANDLES,
CHEMICAL SPERM CANDLES,
TALLOW CANDLES.

A large lot of the above in store and for sale at the lowest prices by
WM. DOCK JR. & CO.,
jan2 Opposite the Court House.

JUST RECEIVED,
A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED
STOCK OF BRANDIES!
CONSISTING OF
PINET, CASTILLION & CO.
BISQUET, TRICOCHE & CO.
JAMES HENNESSY & CO.
OTARD, DUPUY & CO.
J. & F. MARTLE.
JULES ROBIN & CO.
MARETT & CO.
For sale by JOHN H. ZIEGLER,
17d 73 Market Street.

ALBUMS! ALBUMS!!

The finest assortment of ALBUMS ever offered in this city, ranging in price from 50 cents to $10 00 each, bound in all styles of Binding, at
BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOK-TORE,
12nov 51 Mark Street.

ALDERMAN
HENRY PEFFER,
OFFICE—THIRD STREET, (SHELL'S ROW,) NEAR MARKET.
Residence, Chestnut Street near Fourth.
CITY OF HARRISBURG, PENN'A.
my12 dtf

SOYER'S SULTANANA'S SAUCE
For Hot and Cold Dishes of all Kinds.

This most delicious and appetising Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," for the London Reform Club, is, since his decease, manufactured by the well-known house of CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London, from the original recipe. It is the favorite Sauce in England, and on the Continent, with a high and growing reputation among American Epicures, and is much approved of as a stimulant to the appetite and aid to digestion.

OPINIONS OF THE LONDON PRESS.

"We recommend our correspondent to try MONS. SOYER'S new Sauce, entitled the 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe; its flavor is excellent, and it affords considerable aid in cases of slow and weak digestion."—*The Lancet.*

"Savory, Piquant, and Spicy, worthy the genius of Soyer."—*Observer.*

"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Flesh, and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—*Atlas.*

Sole Agents for the United States.
GARDNER G. YUELIN, 217 Fulton st., N. Y.
and BRAY & HAYES, 24 Cornhill, Boston.
For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers everywhere.
jan14-d1y-3taw-ins

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
FANCY SOAPS, HAIR OILS,
POMADES, COLOGNES,
EXTRACTS,
are selling very cheap to dealers by the dozen.

Prepare for your Holliday Sales by buying some of the above articles, at
KELLER'S DRUG AND FANCY STORE,
de11 91 Market Street.

CITY LIVERY STABLES.
BLACKBERRY ALLEY, IN THE REAR OF HERR'S HOTEL

THE undersigned has re-commenced the livery business in his NEW and SPACIOUS STABLES, located as above, with a large and varied stock of HORSES, CARRIAGES and OMNIBUSES, which he will
sep28-d1y

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Honorable JOHN J. PEARSON, President of the Court of Common Pleas in the Twelfth Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Lebanon and Dauphin, and the Hon. A. O. Hiester and Hon. Felix Nissley, Associate Judges in Dauphin county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 10th day of December 1860, to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace, at HARRISBURG, for the county of Dauphin, and to commence *on the 3d Monday of January*, being the 21*st day of January*, 1861, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables of the said county of Dauphin, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Dauphin county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand at Harrisburg, the 15th day of December, in the year of our Lord 1860, and in the eighty-third year of the Independence of the United States.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, Dec. 15, 1860. } J. D. BOAS, Sheriff.
dc15-dawtd

"OUR GOVERNMENT."

"THE unity of Government, which constitutes you one people, is now dear to you."—*Washington's Farewell Address.* A nationality is essential to the enduring prosperity of our country. True patriotism must arise from knowledge. It is only a proper understanding of our civil institutions that can induce strong and settled attachment to their principles, and impart ability for their maintenance.

"OUR GOVERNMENT: An explanatory statement of the system of Government of the Country," contains the text of the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitutional provisions of the several States, with their meaning and construction, as determined by judicial authority, and precedent and practice, or derived from standard writers; digested and arranged for popular use Price $1.00. Sold by M. M'KINNEY,
del Harrisburg, Pa.

DENTISTRY.

THE undersigned, DOCTOR OF DENTAL SURGERY, has returned and resumed his practice in State street opposite the "Brady House," where he will be pleased to attend to all who may desire his services. [sep27] B. M. GILDEA, D. D. S.

FRANK A. MURRAY'S
LIVERY & EXCHANGE STABLE,
FOURTH STREET NEAR MARKET.

THE UNDERSIGNED is prepared to accommodate the public with SUPERIOR HORSES for saddle or carriage purposes, and with every variety of VEHICLES of the latest and most approved styles, on reasonable terms.

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CARRIAGES AND OMNIBUSES FOR FUNERAL OCCASIONS will be furnished, accompanied by careful and obliging drivers.

He invites an inspection of his Stock, satisfied that it is fully equal to that of any other establishment of the kind in the city. FRANK A. MURRAY.
dec5-dtf

DR. T. J. MILES,
SURGEON DENTIST,

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Harrisburg and its vicinity. He solicits a share of the public patronage, and gives assurance that his best endeavors shall be given to render satisfaction in his profession. Being an old, well tried dentist, he feels safe in inviting the public generally to call on him, assuring them that they will not be dissatisfied with his services.

Office No. 128 Market street, in the house formerly occupied by Jacob R. Eby, near the United States Hotel, Harrisburg, Pa. my8-dly

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