

Daily Telegraph

HARRISBURG Tuesday Afternoon, December 11, 1860.

The Right Kind of Compromise.

We believe, with a cotemporary, that if the State of South Carolina, or any other Southern State, or all of them, will go to work at once, and pass personal liberty bills for the protection of every free white man that may come among them from the North, and conduct himself properly as a citizen should, no matter what his private political opinions may be— we say, if the South will pass such laws, make them stringent in their operation, and give full assurance of their being carried out—it will have the effect of making nineteen out of twenty Northern men not only respect, but willing to help to enforce all general Government laws. A movement of this kind on the part of the South, would be the signal for the repeal of the personal liberty bills in nearly every State that has enacted such laws. As the case now stands there is neither protection for the white nor black man south of Mason and Dixon's line. It does not need an avowal of his sentiments, but a mere suspicion that he entertains opinions adverse to the "peculiar institution," to bring down on him the wrath of every man who stands upon the soil of the South. We say to the South, give us personal liberty bills for the free white man, and we will give you the protection the law affords for your property. What say you, Messrs. Fire Eaters of the South?

MR. LINCOLN'S ADMINISTRATION.—A short time after the Presidential election, we are informed, the Board of Trade of Memphis communicated with Mr. Lincoln, the President elect of the United States, and received such assurances as were satisfactory to them. He asked the members if they could endure Mr. Buchanan's administration? They assured him they could. "Then, gentlemen," said Mr. Lincoln, "you will be able to endure mine." We think he was about right. A country never was governed much worse than our own during the last four years, and the very fact that it has been able to endure this great affliction is an insurmountable Providence, satisfies us that the experiment of self-government is not destined to prove a failure on this continent. Mr. Lincoln, it cannot be reasonably doubted, will execute the laws of the National Congress, and we advise our Union friends, and our friends in the South, to try before condemning him.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—If evidence were wanting of the deliberate intention of South Carolina to dissolve the Union, it exists in the breaking up of the Democratic National Convention. Judge Douglas, who, like Mr. Van Buren, had only failed in a single, isolated case, to go with and for Slavery, had a plurality in that Convention. To prevent his nomination the "fire eaters" succeeded. And had his subsequent nomination at Baltimore resulted in his election, the same consequences would have followed. The extreme Slave Power only tolerates Democracy while it is wholly subservient. The Tombes, the Keatts, the Rhett, the Yanceys, &c., &c., "would rather reign in Hell than serve in Heaven." With such there can be no peace. Republicanism is repugnant to all their views and purposes. Slavery makes them arrogant and despotic. They hate the Union and will do their best to destroy it.

THE STATE OF FLORIDA, next to South Carolina, seems most vehemently anxious to get out of the Union. The Territory from which Florida was converted into a State was purchased of Spain. With a very few thousand white inhabitants, some remnants of Indian tribes, and an army of runaway negroes, it was admitted, by an act of grace, into the Union. Its wars, to expel the Indians and reclaim the slaves, have cost the United States Treasury more than thirty millions of dollars. Florida has nothing to complain of, nothing to excuse, and less than nothing to justify its treason against the Union. It has received nothing but good from the Government, for which it returns nothing but evil. To protect the citizens of Florida from robbery and murder, it has cost the Treasury of the Union more than \$100,000 for every head standing upon traitor's shoulders.

PISTOLS AND COFFEE.—It is understood that times will be hot in Washington about the 4th of March next. The demand for fighting will, probably, be pretty large, and if half the threats made by politicians shall be executed, the classic grounds of Bladensburg may again become a favorite place of resort.

The Presidential Contest.

It is morally certain that the seven Presidential Electors chosen on the Pacific slope have voted, with one hundred and seventy-three of those chosen this side of the Rocky Mountains, for Lincoln and Hamlin. The general result may be succinctly summed up as follows:

Table showing electoral votes for Lincoln and Hamlin, Breckinridge and Lane, and Bell and Everett across various states.

Recapitulation—Electoral Votes. For Lincoln and Hamlin, 180; For Breckinridge and Lane, 72; For Bell and Everett, 39; For Douglas, 12.

THE FUTILITY of expecting to keep South Carolina or any other secession State in the Union by the humiliation of the North, is demonstrated by the declarations of the disunionists themselves.

They don't want to save the Union, and consequently do not ask for new guarantees. They declare themselves for separation, "permanently and forever." Their treason is of so deep a dye that it cannot be effaced or mitigated by the salve of Northern concession. In truth, the North has nothing to concede, unless it is her liberty. Except a national slave-code can be coerced or bullied out of her, she can pay no premium on threats of destruction to the Union. We are strong in the faith that the Union men of the country will never humble themselves to beg such terms from avowed insurgents and traitors.

AMENDING THE CONSTITUTION.

The President in his Message recommends an amendment of the Constitution. The modes of doing this, as prescribed by the Constitution itself, are two: 1st. Congress, by a two-thirds vote, may propose an amendment. It must then be ratified by three-fourths of the States, either through their Legislature or State Convention, as Congress may prescribe.

2d. Two-thirds of the Legislatures of the States may require Congress to call a National Convention to propose amendments. The amendments proposed by the Convention must then be ratified by three-fourths of the States, as in the other case.

NO CONCESSIONS OF THAT KIND.

The Albany "Evening Journal," the leading Republican paper in New York, in view of the political troubles which have followed Lincoln's election, proposed recently that the Republican party ought to make certain concessions to allay the excitement, among others the restoration of the Missouri Compromise. The Republican electors, it is said, universally condemned the "Journal," which paper receded from its proposition. Mr. Seward, it is said, also disapproves of the Journal's suggestion.

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.

A lady friend, residing in Mansfield, Ohio, sends us a business letter, which she concludes with the following allusion to politics: "I very much fear that the Republicans will have trouble with the South, but I hope that they will never compromise the matter with them, and stand firm for their rights." Would that all Republicans were imbued with the spirit of this woman. The South would very soon be brought to terms.

PLAIN PRAYING.

Thomas Stockton, the venerable chaplain of the House of Representatives, in his prayer at the opening of the session, occasioned an irreverent grin on the faces of members by the following invocation to the Almighty Power: "O Lord, consider our President and his advisers! They lack wisdom, but if they ask Thee, Thou wilt give them liberally and upbraid them not."

UNITED STATES MILITARY OFFICERS CALLED HOMES.

The Charleston Mercury, in behalf of the State of South Carolina, calls upon all of her sons, who are now engaged in the military service of the United States, to renounce at once the sword and the rations of the vulgar oppressor, and to hasten at once to the homes that gave them birth, for the protection of their native soil, the preservation of the institutions of their State, and the maintenance of the liberty of freemen bequeathed them by their fathers. We quote: "South Carolina wants her soldier-citizens around her now. The mother looks to her sons to protect her from outrage. Shall she look in vain? She wants now, military skill and science, to direct the courage and energies of her people. She looks to her army and navy officers to supply that want. Let them return home at once without any hesitation whatever. They need have no more doubt of South Carolina's going out of the Union than of the world's turning round. Every man that goes to the Convention will be a pledged man—pledged for immediate separate State secession, in any event whatever. Once out of the Union, nothing but conquest will bring her back. She is resolved—sick of the Union, disgusted with it upon any terms that are within the range of the widest possibility.

An Inflammatory Publication.

The Cincinnati Commercial has gone and done it. It has committed high and rank treason against the free and independent State of South Carolina, the light and shining star of the "Southern Confederacy." Under the heading of "The Rattlesnake Confederacy," that journal says the following awful things:

A writer in the Charleston Mercury suggests the following as a suitable and appropriate national banner for the Southern Confederacy: "The ground entirely blue, with a golden Palmetto in the center; a golden rattlesnake twining round the stem of the Palmetto, with its rattle sprung, head erect, and tongue protruded. In the background, to the rear of the tree and snake, a golden spread eagle, and a single golden star in the upper right corner, with the words 'Room for More' on the opposite."

Rattlesnakes and spread eagles! What a coat of arms have we here? Does it this beat the Turks, slightly? "The ground entirely blue, with a golden Palmetto in the center," as if with us are made of money, and our very trees drop gold, which considering the suspension of all the banks, is quite four hundred thousand dollars, is quite a fine feat.

"A golden rattlesnake twining round the stem of the palmetto, with its rattle sprung, head erect, and tongue protruded." What a brave and gentlemanly rattlesnake, to be sure! Just in the "covert act," too, of striking the deadly blow which shall finish the enemy for ever! "Battle sprung, head erect, and tongue protruded,"—eyes right, head up, tail down, make ready, take aim, fire! bang! and straightway the bloody cores of the foe bite the dust. Certainly there is nobody but must admit the propriety of selecting the rattlesnake—rampant—as the appropriate emblem of modern Carolina warfare. We can only venture to suggest one slight modification; instead of the "blue ground," which might be taken as so suggestive of the cerulean prospects of the new "Southern Confederacy," let this wretched rattlesnake be seen "protruding" from a bucket of tar and feathers hanging from a hook.

"In the background, to the rear of the tree and snake, a golden spread eagle." Still golden? But we decidedly approve of the position of the "spread eagle" in the rear of the snake. He is more out of harms way, you know, and besides, should not every cause aim to put its best foot foremost?

"A single golden star (more gold!)—in the upper right corner, with the words: Room for More! on the opposite." Well done, South Carolina! The "lone star" of Texas has found a rival. But what sublime and never-sufficiently-to-be-admired magnanimity is contained in that significant motto, borrowed, without credit, from the combing line of business—"Room for more!" Here's richness! South Carolina with her golden palmettos, golden spread eagles, golden rattlesnakes, and golden "lone star," will absolutely take into partnership any poor devil of a fire-eating commonwealth which will follow her banner. The force of concession could go no further. Ho, there! Principals and powers! Flags of all nations! Prepare to salute the shining star of the kingdom of South Carolina! Room for the rattlesnake of the Palmetto State!

A BOY STEALS ELEVEN THOUSAND DOLLARS FROM THE WESTERN MAILS.

—William H. Hudson, a lad of 18 years of age, employed as train boy, to carry water, sell fruit, &c., on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, was arrested on suspicion of having robbed the mail. As the train was approaching Chicago, the baggage master passed through the mail car, where Hudson was watching his bed, as was his wont, when he observed several letters on the floor. He returned with a light to search more carefully, when nothing could be found. Hudson was arrested, and three letters opened. He was conveyed to Chicago, where a partial examination was had, and the boy eventually confessed his crime. Mail matter has been missed frequently on this route, but no one suspected the train boy. On the night of September 10th, the bag sent from Chicago to Quincy arrived at its destination in due time, but empty; the entire contents having been abstracted. This was the work of Hudson, as now appears by his confession. Upon searching his trunk a large amount of mail matter was found, among which were drafts, land warrants, &c., amounting to \$11,824.78, all carefully enveloped in a handkerchief. In view of the carelessness of permitting a boy to enjoy such facilities as to sleep in the mail car, the Chicago Tribune says: "One would suppose that a bed of plump-filled mail bags might grow a first-rate mail robber as readily as a bed of guano a monster cabbage."

THE SOUTH AND ITS COTTON.

The Paris Monitor publishes a report to the Emperor by M. Guerin-Meneville, on the result of the work undertaken by the Emperor's orders for introducing into France and Algeria the breeding of a silk worm, procured from China, producing a very strong silky matter, which for ages past has been used to make a material for the clothing of the poorer classes in that country. The experiment has been exceedingly successful, and the report is sanguine of the new silk worm producing, in the course of a few years, sufficient silk to furnish the clothing of the working classes of France, to the exclusion of cotton, which now forms the staple of the apparel of the working population.

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE! The Original and Best in the World! ALL others are mere imitations, and should be avoided, if you wish to escape ridicule. A. R. H. or F. H. H. HAIR DYEING, is a beautiful and Natural Brown or Black, without injury to the Hair or Skin. FIFTY DOLLARS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to Wm. A. Batchelor since 1838, for his various inventions have been to the Hair of the Patrons of his famous dye. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and it may be continued, and the ill-effects of Bad Dyes remedied; the Hair invigorated for life by this splendid Dye. Sold in all cities and towns of the United States, by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. The Genuine has the name and address upon a steel plate engraving on four sides of each box, of WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, Address: CHARLES BATCHELOR, PROPRIETOR, mar12-daw17 81 Barclay street, New York.

NOTICE.

Coughs.—The sudden changes of our climate are sources of Pulmonary, Bronchial and Asthmatic Affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies do not act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges, let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be averted off. Public Speakers and Singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement. delo-ds-stravon

DR. JAS. McCLINTOCK'S PECTORAL SYRUP.

Are your lungs weak? Does a long breath give you pain? Have you a hacking cough? Do you expectorate hard, watery matter? Are you wasted with night sweats and want of sleep? If so, use my PECTORAL SYRUP. It will unquestionably save you. Price \$1.00. Sent by mail on receipt of the money. Dr. JAS. McCLINTOCK'S GOLD AND COUGH MIXTURE, the established and sure remedy for Cough, Cold, Indigestion, Hoarseness, and all Irritations of the mucous membrane of the throat, palate and nose, is endorsed by physicians, and all who have used it, as a preparation that has no equal in the field. Price 25 cents. Sold by

Latest by Telegraph.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE DAILY TELEGRAPH.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11. SENATE.—The House bill to provide for the payment of outstanding Treasury notes authorizing a loan etc., was called up.

Mr. CAMERON (Pa.) was in favor of considering it. The bill was taken up by a vote of 39 yeas to 37 nays.

The ten million treasury note bill was received from the House. Mr. RICE moved its reference to the Finance Committee. Agreed to.

The resolution of Mr. POWELL, referring that part of the President's Message relating to domestic affairs to a select committee, was taken up.

Mr. HALE (N. H.) offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to enquire whether the expenses of that branch of the public service cannot be reduced without detriment to the safety; and if so, that they be instructed to report to what extent and what particular branch or branches can be dispensed with or reduced. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. BIGLER (Pa.) then took the floor, having yielded it yesterday for an adjournment.

HOSS.—Mr. COBB (Ala.) said he did not rise to make a speech, but to express his anxious desire that the Select Committee should commence business and present the result of its deliberations in some tangible form. His hope was however faint, as to any useful result. If anything was to be done to save his State from secession it must be done at once.

The House then voted and refused to excuse Mr. HAWKINS—yeas 95, nays 101.

Mr. HAWKINS (Florida), Lest silence should be construed into consent to serve on the committee, he wished to say, with all deference and good feeling for those who voted against his request, that he would not serve.

Mr. BOYD (S. C.) asked to be excused from serving on the committee.

Later News from California.

FORT KEARNEY, Dec. 10. The Pony Express from San Francisco passed here at 5 o'clock this morning, bearing a package containing the following advices: The full election returns have been received from every county in the State, showing the total vote to be 119,537, thus divided:

Table showing election results: For Lincoln 98,702; For Douglas 38,060; For Breckinridge 34,041; For Bell 8,734.

Notwithstanding this heavy vote, it is stated that the new census gives the State only about 400,000 population, showing conclusively that the census agents have not faithfully performed their work.

The suits of the United States vs. Beverly C. Sanders, and the same vs. Augusta Harasethy, the former charged with defalcation in 1852, while Collector of the port of San Francisco, and the latter charged with embezzling in 1857, in the refining department of the San Francisco Mint, have both been dismissed, the United States District Attorney entering a nolle prosequi.

Position of the North-Western Democratic Members of Congress.

WASHINGTON, December 11. The Democratic members of the North West have had several Conferences relative to the present condition of political affairs. They generally take the position set forth in Mr. M'Clintock and Mr. Vallandigham's speeches yesterday, namely: That the Union cannot be peaceably dissolved; that the North West, under no circumstances, will consent to be cut off from the Gulf of Mexico and city of New York; that the Government, whatever may be its faults, is of inestimable value. The leading idea is a Central Government embracing the Middle, Western and Border Slave States, but depending for its consummation on future circumstances.

Louisiana Legislature in Session.—Message of the Governor.

MONROE, La., Dec. 10. The extra session of the Louisiana Legislature met to day. The Governor's message excites calmness and deliberation, and says that the election of Lincoln shows that the northern mind is poisoned against the South; that the wise councils of our fathers are forgotten and the fraternal remonstrances of the South disregarded. He recommends a convention, and says that Louisiana ought not to refuse to meet her sister slave holding States in council to demand from the North the repeal of obnoxious legislations, and a guarantee against future similar measures. He says that the inauguration of Lincoln, because the self respect and honor of the State does not comport with her remaining under a black republican President. A resolution has been presented for the erection of a military board, and asks an appropriation of \$500,000 for the purchase of arms for the volunteer companies.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 11. Flour sells only in small way at \$4 75@5 12 1/2 for common and good brands, \$5 25@5 97 for extra, \$5 62 1/2@6 50 for fancy. Wheat has declined 2c; sales of 1500 bush at \$1 16 1/2 25 for red and 1 80@1 35 for white. Corn is held firmly; 3000 bush. old yellow sold at 65 @66c. Groceries and provisions unchanged. Whisky dull at 19@18 1/2.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11. Receipts of flour 7,718 barrels. Wheat 15,929 bushels. Corn 7,703 bushels. Flour quiet and prices unchanged; 8,500 bbls. sold; State \$4 35@4 50, Ohio \$4 80@5 00, Southern \$4 50@4 95. Wheat quiet and nominally unchanged; sales unimportant. Corn steady; 10,000 bush. sold at 57@59c. Lard unchanged; sales at 10 1/2@10 1/4. Whisky dull at 17 1/2c.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE HARRISBURG, PORTSMOUTH, Mt. JOY AND LANCASTER RAILROAD CO., PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 8, 1860. A SPECIAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Harrisburg, Portsmouth, Mount Joy and Lancaster Railroad Company will be held on THURSDAY, the 27th inst., at 11 o'clock a. m., at Sanson street Hall (Sansons street, between Sixth and Seventh streets) in the city of Philadelphia, for the purpose of accepting or rejecting a contract for a more permanent lease of their road to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. By order of the Board of Directors.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

THE Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Dauphin county to distribute among the creditors the balance remaining in the hands of PETER HOCKER, administrator of Henry C. Spangler, late of the borough of Dauphin, in said county, deceased, will meet the parties interested, at his office in the city of Harrisburg, on Tuesday, the 11 day of January next, at 10 o'clock a. m., of which they are hereby notified. H. M. GRAYDON, Auditor.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FANCY SOAPS, HAIR OILS, POMADES, COLOGNES, EXTRACTS.

are selling very cheap to dealers by the dozen. Prepare for your Holiday Sales by buying some of the above articles, at KELLER'S DRUG AND FANCY STORE, 91 Market Street. del1

New Advertisements.

SANTA CLAUS' HEAD QUARTERS. FELIX'S, MARKET SQUARE.

I thought I was dreaming. Quite well with surprise for I instantly closed my mouth and my eyes. The former, lest speaking the spell I might break. The latter to prove I was really awake. Above me, beside me, before me, around me, was scattered the semblance of all that's been found remarkable, beautiful, laughable, gay, since the world was created, even down to to-day. Each object was fraught with most wonderful grace, and look where I would, naught but beauty I'd see. The mist of bewilderment passing away, I noticed a camel hitched fast to a dray, Who quietly pulling his bur leg along, Proceeded a queer but magnificent train of Ofroets, and princes, musicians and nuns, Corneled knights, and soldiers with guns, Shopkeepers and students, peasants and Kings, Women in wooden shoes, ladies with wings, All on a pilgrimage, bound for a shrine Called—Please guess its name, for their secret's not mine.

In a grove in their rear an elephant grazed, While lions and tigers looked on quite amazed. At an ox, who declared the benevolent beast— He was fattening himself for a Christmas feast. Some reindeers from Lapland, some birds from Brazil, Each holding a diamond, or pearl in its bill; Arabian horses, and stately giraffes; A grunting bear, which actually laughs, Alligators from Egypt, and hogs from Japan, A monkey which danced quite as well as a man, American sheep whose musical bass Were accompanied by donkey's more musical brays, All peacefully shared the delights of that grove, And seemed ruled by no power stronger than love. A few steps beyond was assembled a group Of Chinese dining on rich kitchen soup. While Japanese Tommy, the witty young noodle, Regaled them with snatches from old Yankee Doodle. A venerable schoolmaster sat in a corner, His name I believe was Myker Dingelsterner, Teaching twenty-four pupils, assure him they stood, Their ab, lay, izz, lesson. The sight did me good. Behind him a student, who actually read, Its treasures of canon, sword, lance and shield, But each from its duty had found a release. For the motto that ruled, was "In Union there's peace." (Gaius) played old checkers with kings in disguise, John Brown promanaded with Henry A. Wise, And Blue Beard who killed his inquisitive wives Was giving Fairy an account of their lives. Uncle Sam and his table was there in great state Surrounded by friends, both the small and the great. John Gilpin was taken; his unlucky ride, While honest Ben Franklin jogged on by his side. I saw the old folks' saw with kings in disguise, Rooked dear little babies; while fairies with eyes Bright as candles, and dresses of snowiest white Looked on with expression of purest delight. Swiss cottages, sheep folds, villages, towns, Dogs dressed up like dandies, old witches and clowns, Lord Chesterfield sprung to a smart snipe Jack, Whostraddled who springing out from a sack, Whiskered his bed with its rich silken to do, And sweetmeats to heal the most obstinate colds; The loveliest bon bon for Christmas trees, Innumerable puzzles one's patience to test; My braids must be swept with a magical broom Ever I tell all I saw in this wonderful room. At length glancing upward, to I who did I see Not old Santa Claus, but a young man, The darling old gentleman looks as of yore, He makes his head quarters at FELIX'S store; And all that is comical, excellent, rare, You'll find at his rooms—No. 10 Market Square. decl1-d2w

PROGRAMME No. 4.

LOOK AT LADIES' SHOW WINDOW, "JONES' STORE," WEDNESDAY, DEC., 12, 1860. GREAT BARGAINS! ELEGANT FURS FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN, UNDER THE CONTINENTAL HOTEL.

THE Largest and Best Stock in the City. Our facilities enable us to sell lower than any other establishment. "Politeness and Fair Dealing" our motto. CHARLES OAKFORD & SONS, 826 and 828 Chestnut Street, Philada. delo-2nd*

INSTRUCTION FOR BOYS.

NEAR PHILADELPHIA. A GENTLEMAN who has had much experience in fitting boys for College, desires to receive TWO PUPILS to be prepared for College or business. They will have thorough instruction, together with the comforts and supervision of home, under circumstances calculated to inspire literary tastes and fondness for study. Address "TEACHER," delo-3rd Germantown P. O., Pa.

CHRISTMAS TOYS.

THE ATTENTION of the public is called to the large assortment of FRENCH CONFECTIONS, CHINA, GLASS AND WOODEN TOYS, GUM BALLS, DOLLS, &c. New style Letter Paper and Envelopes, at the store of [88-1w] S. H. EITLA.

FOR RENT.

The store room occupied at present by Samuel E. Zollinger, in Market street, from the first of April next. Apply to JOHN B. THOMPSON, delo-1nd

FURS! FURS! FURS!!!

A LARGE LOT OF ALL KINDS, at very low prices, received this morning at CATHCART'S, Next to the Harrisburg Bank, Market Square.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

UNDERSHIRTS, all kinds. GENTLEMEN'S DRAWERS, all kinds. SPENCED WOOL OF HOSIERY, all kinds. A LARGE STOCK OF GENTS' GLOVES, all kinds. GENTLEMEN'S SEAT BELTS, all kinds. CRAVATS AND SUSPENDERS, all kinds. HANDKERCHIEFS, SILK AND LINEN, all kinds. CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES, in great variety. GAYNE'S GROUND AND WHOLE. For good and cheap Goods in "GENTLEMEN'S WEAR" call at CATHCART'S, Next to the Harrisburg Bank.

WE SELL NONE BUT PURE SPICES!!!

AND HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND PEPPER GROUND AND WHOLE. CINNAMON GROUND AND WHOLE. ALLSPICE GROUND AND WHOLE. MACE GROUND AND WHOLE. MUSTARD GROUND AND WHOLE. GLOVES GROUND AND WHOLE. MUSTARD GROUND AND WHOLE. CAYENNE GROUND AND WHOLE. Sage, Thyme, Sweet Marjoram, Summer Savory, Ground or Upround. KELLER'S DRUG STORE, 91 Market Street.

FRANK A. MURRAY'S LIVELY & EXCHANGE STABLE.

FOURTH STREET NEAR MARKET. THE UNDERSIGNED is prepared to accommodate the public with Superior Horses for saddle carriage purposes, and with every variety of VEHICLES of the latest and most approved styles, on reasonable terms. PLEASURE PARTIES will be accommodated with Omnibuses at short notice. CARRIAGES AND OMNIBUSES FOR FUNERAL OCCASIONS will be furnished, accompanied by careful and obliging drivers. A particular inspection of his Stock, satisfied that it is fully equal to that of any other establishment in the city, FRANK A. MURRAY, delo-3rd

New Advertisements.

HO, FOR THE HOLIDAYS!!! CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS GIFTS!

IN THE GREATEST VARIETY AT BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE, 51 MARKET STREET,

Comprising the largest and best selected stock of ILLUSTRATED AND STANDARD RELIGIOUS, HISTORICAL, POETICAL, SCIENTIFIC, AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, CHILDREN'S BOOKS, TOY BOOKS, (Linen and Paper.)

Innumerable in quantities and kinds

GAMES AND PUZZLES.

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT EVER OFFERED IN THE CITY, AT ALL PRICES.

FAMILY BIBLES,

POCKET BIBLES, PRAYER and HYMN BOOKS, Suitable for all Denominations, in all Sizes and Kinds of Bindings from the most common to the finest Velvet Bound.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF DRESSING CASES, LADIES TRAVELING and SHOPPING BAGS, PORTFOLIOS, CABAS, WRITING DESKS and CASES, MONEY PURSES, POCKET BOOKS, &c., &c.

Mathematical Instruments, Call Balls, Fine Pocket Cutlery, Pearl and Ivory Paper Cutters and Tablets, Fine Gold and Silver Pens and Pencil Cases, Infinite in number, Style and Finish.

A GREAT VARIETY IN SIZE AND PRICE OF Checker Boards and Men, Dominoes, Chessmen, &c.

GUM TOYS,

IN GREAT VARIETY. PARLOR and BAT BALLS, NICELY COLORED. PERFUMERY, POMADES, EXTRACTS, &c., Of all the favorite kinds.

Hair and Cloth Brushes.

The above consists in part of the many articles which have been selected and purchased expressly for their appropriate character for the approaching HOLIDAY SEASON, and will form a large and choice assortment from which to select CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS PRESENTS.

For price and assortment of Goods in our line, we feel confident that we cannot be surpassed by any house in the city, and for a proof of what we say, we invite one and all to call and look at the great variety at BERGNER'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE, 51 MARKET STREET. HARRISBURG, December, 1860. del1