Baily Celegraph.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Saturday Atternoon, December 1. 1860.

Secret of the Panic.

The New York Independent, a leading ably edited in that city, sums up the nature and causes of the present financial and candid man, no matter what his political sentiments, will agree with the writer that the attempt of the Slave Power, to do through the stock-market what it failed to do through the ballotbox-bully the North into some cunningly devised "compromise" for the especial benefit of the slave breeders and drivers -is the real secret of the "panic." But here is the Indépendent's article, brief and to the point:-

A party of merchants in this city united several weeks ago in a discreditable combination to defeat the election of Mr Lincoln by working upon the fears of those who were made to be lieve that his election would bring ruin upon the laud. The Herald, for a fertnight before the election, announced the coming of a Panic with as much assurance as the coming of the next steamer. Of course it was easy to prophesy it, because it had been already planned. Of course those who were to make it knew that it would be made. A pre-arranged movement to push down stocks is easily effected in this city. Such a pre arrangement was made. Only some who had a right to be parties to it were not told in time, and lost money enough to vote for Mr. Lincoln. But the leaders, if not the rank and file of followers, knew very well when to get id of their stocks before the coming depreciation of value. We could mention the names of some well known champions of the Fusion party who sold out all their stocks shortly be-fore the market was to be borne down by their defeating Mr. Lincoln, it has been kept up since—regardless of expense l—to break up the moral force of his election, to embarrass the incoming Administration, and to defeat the popular will expressed in the vote of the Sixth of November. It is supposed that if the South clamors loud enough, and the Panic pinches long enough, and the lie be told often enough that the Republican party did it—the Republi-can States will at last be bullied into blotting out Personal Liberty Bills-into permitting some of the free territories to be turned into slave soil—and into accepting some cunning compromise by which the country shall still continue to be governed by the old hereditary Slave Power whose dominion has now, by the people's decree, come lawfully to an end. But thank God that an honest and brave man is to be President. This is the secret of the Panic The Slave Power, undertaking to do through the stock-market what it failed to do through the ballot box.

A STORMY SESSION.

A stormy session of Congress is expected.
But the nepurorus, having achieved a triumph, can afford to be very quiet. Besides,
they have the organization of the House, and are responsible to the country for the business of the House. The contests in the House that may occur this winter will not, therefore, be between them and their opponents, but between the three several opposition parties in the House—the Breckinridge men, the Douglas men and the Bell men.—Exchange Paper.

It is not likely that the scenes of the coming session will be more stormy, or the speeches of Southern extremists more intemperate, than they were last winter during the contest for Speaker. The Republicans preserved a dignified and judicious silence, while the surplus steam blew off through the harmless safety valves of these haranguers. At the coming session, however, there is likely to be a bitter "irrepressible conflict" between Southerners themselves. Representatives from the Cotton States will feel it their duty to make speeches against the Union, which Representatives from Virginia, Tennessee, Kentucky, Maryland and Missouri will probably deem it their duty to answer by arguments in its favor. At the North there is but one sentiment in regard to the Union. At the South there are two, and the contest will be between Representatives of Southern people, to whom its decision will be of vital importance. That it will be decided wisely and patriotically when "sober second thoughts" shall have been listened to, we hope and sincerely believe.

Stopping Congressional Legislation.

A correspondent of a southern paper has State, at the opening of Congress, must prevent a constitutional organization. It is evident, however, that the framers of the constitution and the early statesmen of the country differed in toto with the suffrage, as follows: South Carolina logician upon this as well as many other important matters of State and government. The Convention which formed the original Constitution, provided in that instrument that it should go into effect when nine States had adopted it. Eleven States gave in their adhesion to the Constitution, and elected Representatives to assemble at New York March 4, 1789. The bad state of the roads at that time, and other circumstances, prevented an organization until April, as no quorum was present until then .-North Carolina came in in November of that year, and Rhode Island chose her Senators and Representatives to Congress in 1790, but neither State ever expressed

The Negro Equality Humbug.

The Germantown Telegraph, a newspaper whose neutrality in politics will not be questioned, thus refers to the charge Rev. Hiram Mattison, an ultraist on the quesmade by the Democratic papers and ora- tion of slavery, and for several years a source tors, previous to the election, that the of discord to the Methodist Episcopal Church. Republicans were in favor of extending | He thus describes the movement : the elective franchise to the colored race:

commercial paper, and one of the most campaign was that the Republican party and years in New York, was instrumental in the campaign was that the Republican party and years in New York, was instrumental in the supporters of Lincoln wanted to make erection of a church edifice known as Trinity that, if elected, he was pledged to make war upon the institutions of the South. The false-Church. On his return, a number of gentledisturbance in the following expressive hood of this statement has been abundantly men, without consulting him, had hired a hall nood of this statement has been abundantly proved. In the State of New York, where Repullicanism is of the strongest Seward type, the question of amending the Constitution, so as to allow negroes to vote, was submitted to the people, at the polis, on the same day that they were to vote for President. And yet, while organize a regular Methodist Episcopal Church there were a majority of about fifty thousand for in New York Ha (Rev. Mr. Mattisca). terms. We believe that every intelligent proved. In the State of New York, where Rethere was a majority of about fifty thousand for in New York. He (Rev. Mr. Mattison) re-Lincoln, the proposed negro suffrage amend-sponded that if such was the case, he should Lincoln, the proposed negro suffrage amendment was defeated by more than one hundred thousand. Lincoln had 361,210 votes, but negro suffrage had only 172,477, showing that nearly two hundred thousand Lincoln men were opposed to it. If the same question had been submitted to the people of the other submitte States, more emphatically than it was in New York."

many very worthy but rather verdant people throughout the country. A correspondent of the "National Intelligencer," who remembers the excitement sixty to the laws of God, and inconsistent with the years ago, says it was then contended that Mr. Jefferson's election would dissolve the Union; our country would be overrun by paupers and criminals from other countries; our religion would be R destroyed; our churches closed and bibles a burned. None of these occurred. The writer adds :- "Mr. Jefferson proved to be one of our most popular Presidents, but as this preliminary Panic did not succeed in the rights of each State protected, no no churches closed and no Bibles burnt. Such, I dare believe, will be the course of Mr. Lincoln; and if I do not greatly err in my judgment, he will prove to be one of the safest and best Presidents we ever had."

> THE PALMETTO, now so popular in South Carolina, has been much neglected in Charleston in recent years. It is stated in a letter from that city that but a single tree of the kind was to be found in the place on the day of the Presidential Election. Another has been set out during the present excitement.

> THE Chicago "Times," in announcing the result of the election, heads its article with the quotation, "Whom the Lord loveth He chasteneth." If this is a correct application of the text, Democracy is likely to enjoy the particular favor of the Almighty for some years to come.

The Electoral Vote.

The latest news by the Overland Pony Express from the Pacific Coast makes it pretty certain that Lincoln has carried both California and Oregon. Thus every one of the free States has voted for him, if we except New Jersey, and even there he gets four out of the seven electors. Among the slave States, Vir-ginia and Missouri are in doubt, but it is most probable that the former has voted for Bell and the latter for Douglas, though in each State the vote is extremely close. Fresuming the reports to be all correct, the following will be the electoral vote of the United States:

	FOR LINCOLN.	FOR BRECKINRIDGE.
ទ	California	Alabama
_ }	Connectiout	Arkansas
r(Illinois 11	Delaware
.	Indiana 13	Florida.
,	10wa 4	Georgia
,	Maine 8	Louisiana
	massachuseus 13	Marvland
-	Michigan 6	Mississippi
	alinnesola 4	North Carolina
ם כ	New mampshire 5	South Carolina
	New Jersey 4	Texas
t	New York	
a	Oregon	
4	Pennsylvania. 27	FOR BEIL.
e	Rhode Island 4	Kentucky
Ĭ	Vermont	Tennessee
a	Wisconsin	Virginia
ı		
0	Total150	Total,
_		FOR DOUGLAS.
7	<u> </u>	Missouri
1	-	New Jersey
١.		

Total. The whole number of the Electors being 303, the number necessary to a choice is 152. Mr. Lincoln has obtained 180, or 28 more than were necessary. So that he might have done without Pennsylvania; or he might have done without California, Indiana and Illinois combined and still been elected. It will be some produced a series of articles with the design of showing that the absence of one will probably come quite as near to it as Mr.

> CONSERVATISM IN NEW YORK .- The World demonstrates the conservatism of the Lincoln party of New York, by showing the difference between the Lincoln vote and that for negro

Mr. Lincoln's vote was...... 362,367 In favor of negro suffrage...... 179,891

The World assumes that the excess of the Lincoln vote over that in favor of negro suf-Lincoln vote over that in layor of negro sur-frage, shows the conservative majority in the party. We do not consider this method of cal-culation quite fair. Those who supported Gerrit Smith undoubtedly voted for negro suf-frage, yet the whole vote is accredited to the Lincolnites. Then we have no doubt that many Lincolnites. Then, we have no doubt that many of the fusionists voted for the negro amendment, as it was not at all a party measure .--All these votes should be substracted from what the World estimates as the radical Lin-coln numbers, and added to the conservative

REMARKABLE SIGHT.-Ulfsber, Iceland, was lately the scene of a most remarkable mirage. Several ships were seen sailing through the air in a line apparently some miles in extent; some appeared at anchor near a fortress built on a

majority.

Independent Methodist Church.

An organization, bearing the title of "Indepeudent Anti-Slavery Methodist Church" has been started in New York. The founder is

He was still a minister of the Methodist the elective franchise to the colored race:
Episcopal Church, and a member of the Black
One of the bugbears of the late Presidential
River Conference. He had labored for several public know that he was not the settled pastor of the Church, but would serve the society un-THE ELECTION OF MR. JEFFERSON as

President, in the year 1800, frightened

The Electron of Mr. Jefferson as the great moral questions that were agitating the Church and the nation, they had adopted the rules of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which could be have in a constitution of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which could be have in a constitution of the method to the church and the property of the first of the fi which forbade the buying or selling of men, women and children, with an intention to enslave them, and also the declaration of opinion that the holding of human beings, with the intention to use them as chattels, was contrary

countries of the world, as given by Professor	Ts.
Rogers, in his admirable "Description of the	Banson, O C
Coal Fields of North America and Great Brit-	Ball, Horaco
ain," annexed to the "Government Survey of	Balnerson, J
and, annexed to the Government burvey of	Barry, John
the Geology of Pennsylvania :''	Bangman, Joseph
Square miles of Total	Banks, Gcorge
coal area. sq. miles.	Baker, John
	Barnbart, Jacob
United States196,650)	Bell, A E Beadell, D P
Br. Provinces and North > 204,180	Bennett, S M
America 7,530)	Beek, John
	Benedetto, Mattee
Great Britain 5,400 (Bensbe, Samuel
The rest of Europe 3,564 8,964	Betz, B
The estimated quantities of coal in the prin-	Black, Samuel
	Boak, James K
cipal countries are as follows:	Bowman, Peter
Belgium	Bok, Frederick
France 59,000,000,000	Bostger, H
British Islands 190,000,000,000	Buck, Isaac Brenner, John C
Pennsylvania	Brenneman, Christ
	Broombaugh, Wm
Great Appalachian coal field,	Brown, Wm . H
(this name is given to the	Brubaker, DH
bituminous coal fields which	Buttwolf, George Bricker Samuel
extend through parts of	Bricker Samuei
Pennsylvania, Ohio, Ken-	Brown, O.S.
tucky, Tennessee and Vir-	Bready, John R
ginia)	Brightbill, John
To Stand Title of the 2 3 3 To the	Buck, Henry, Butterfield, EF
Indiana, Illinois and Western	Broback, Mr
Kentucky	Brigham, Robt
Missouri and Arkansas Basin. 739,000,000,000	Bumbaush, Jos
All the productive coal fields	B igham, Robt
of North America4,000,000,000,000	Brainard, Fiske
	Brecibanboch, J.R.
Salaman no France Concessor Che fella-	Brady, E A
STATES TO ELECT CONGRESSMEN.—The follow-	Carter, M C
ing States, which have not chosen members of	Carwell, John
Congress, will do so at their elections next year,	Cona I
Al-home	Conjest John V.
AlabamaAugust 5, 1861 CaliforniaSeptember 4, 1861	Clark, Hiram
CaliforniaSeptember 4, 1861	Capeen, Joseph
Connecticut	Clingam, John F Cothrel, F C
GeorgiaOctober 1, 1861	Cooper, B Augustu
KentuckyAugust 5, 1861	Ciocn, Britton E
LouisianaNovember 4, 1861	Cochran, J.P.
MarylandNovember 6, 1861	Crawtord, J
JAMAGARA ARA ARA ARA ARA ARA ARA ARA ARA AR	Cupoita Taku

Latest by Telegraph. Epman, P. Epman, P. Espense, Jacob

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE

DAILY TELEGRAPH.

Movements in South Carolina.

been transacted by the Legislature. It is understood that Alabama will send Mr. Yancey as

on Poetal Affairs, and passed resolutions directing the Military Committee to consider the best method of fortifying the exposed portions s announced to speak at the Capitol on Friday

no national airs were played. The Marsellaise Hymn closed the ceremonies.

State of Affairs in Georgia.

RICHMOND, Va. Dec. 1. The Governor intends to request the clergy men of the State to appoint a day of fasting

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES! WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES

NEW IMPROVEMENTS, AT REDUCED PRICES. THE WHEELER & WILSON Manufacturing Company having gained all their suits at law, with intringing manufacturers of Sewing Machines, propose that the public should be benefitted thereby, and have accordingly reduced the prices of their Sewing Machines. After this date they will be sold at rates that will pay a fair profit on the cost of manufacture, capital invested, and expense of making sales; such prices as will enable them to make first class machines, and, as here ofore, guarantee them in every particular.

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine

LIST OF LETTERS

Allender, Miss Jano Barnhart, Miss Eusan Black, Miss Henrietta Bowle, Miss Catherine Brenizer, Mrs C Bretz, Miss Maggie

Cassiday, Miss Rilen Conners, Miss Mary Cain, Catherine D Dupp, Miss Barbare Dorward, Miss Lizzie B Eslinger, Miss Annie

Hensen, Mrs Julia Hooper, Mrs Elizabeth Houseworth, Mrs Jane

to the laws of God, and inconsistent with the golden rule.

Coal Fields of the World.

The following is a table of the areas and solid contents of the coal fields in the principal countries of the world, as given by Professor

Armstrong, Francis Andrews, Mohert Allen, Charks B Arnstrong, A T Ayres, Barney Angre, Henry O Andrews, J Aire, W J

by Professor	B
	Banson, O C
ription of the	Ball, Horace
nd Great Brit-	Balnerson, J
ent Survey of	Barry, John
	Bangman, Joseph
	Banks, Gcorge
iles of Total	Baker, John
rea. sq. miles.	Barnbart, Jacob
	Bell, A E
iO)	Beadell, D P
} 204,180	Bennett, S M
30)	Pools John
ω <i>)</i>	Beek, John
007	Benedetto, Mattee
8,964	Bensbe, Samuel
, , 0,002	Betz, &
al in the prin-	Black, Samuel
•	Boak, James K
	Bowman, Peter
36,000,000,000	Bok, Frederick
59,000,000,000	Bostger, H
000,000,000,000	Buck, Isaac
	Brenner, John C
16,400,000,000	Brenneman, Christian
•	Broombaugh, Wm A
	Brown, Wm AH
	Brubaker, D H
	Buttwolf, George
	Bricker Samuel
	Brown, OS
	Bready, John R
27 500 000 000	Brightbill, John

Louisiana..... November 4, 1861 Maryland......November 6, 1861 Mississippi.....October 7, 1861 New Hampshire...... March 12, North Carolina......August 1, 1861 Rhode Island.......April 3, 1861
Tennessee.....August 1, 1861 Texas..... August 5, 1861

COLUMBIA, Nov. 80.

Very little business of general interest has Commissioner to the South Carolina Conven-

A palmetto tree, brought here from Charleston, was planted in Main street this morning.
Yesterday the House appointed a Committee of the coast of South Carolina.

At the raising of the palmetto tree to-day,

MILLEDGEVILLE, Nov. 30. The election of Presidential electors took H. Colquitt was nominated in the place of Mr. McDonald. The result of the vote was as follows: For Breckinridge, 173; Bell, 54; Douglas, S. About 70 members declined voting. The bank bill passed the Senate, this forenoun, over the Governor's vete the reverse of 55 to 19. over the Governor's veto, by a vote of 95 to 18. The bank bill passed the House, by a vote of 108 to 20, over the Governor's veto.

Fasting and Prayer in Virginia.

Flanigan, Charles Orth, George and prayer to advert the evils of secession. re advertised.

with enable them to make first class machines, and, as here ofter, guarantee them in every particular.

In accordance with the announcement above I will sell their splendid Sewing Machines at prices from \$45 to \$90 for the fine full case machines. It is a well established fact that the

any doubt of the constitutionality of the proceedings of her sister States in council.

In 1790, but neither State ever expressed any doubt of the constitutionality of the proceedings of her sister States in council.

In 1790, but neither State ever expressed rock; others seemed to approach so near the state best one in the market, the best made, most supple and least liable to get out of order, and they are now as a low as the inferior machines. Call and see them at Third and Market.

Third and Market.

W. O. HICKOK, Agent. W. O. MICKOK, Agent.

New Advertisements.

REMAINING in the Post Office at Haracordance with an act of Congress in the DAILY TELEGRAPH, it baying the LARGEST circulation.

LADIES' LIST.

Kaufman, Mrs Maria Kister, Miss Leuisa Kimmell, Jennic B

Leed, Miss Elizabeth

Lee, Miss Mary Light, Miss Barbara Louies, Miss Mary Lentz, Miss Flizabeth

McCrea, Mrs E-izabeth

Bromell, Miss Christiana Broton, Rachel Brado, Miss Ne'lie C

McCrea, Mirs Rizabeth
Ri
Mace, Miss Frances
Matchell, Miss Margaret
Makel, Mirs Marta
Miller, Miss E A
Miller, Ann
Murphy, Mrs Hannah
Meyers, Mrs Mary E
O
Osburn, Miss Flora August
Reel, Mrs Margie Gilbert, Mrs A Gibson, Mary Jane 2 Greenawalt, Miss Jane Goldsborough, Mrs Jane M 2 Rcel, Mrs Maggie Rankin, Miss Jane M Rose, Miss Mary Herman, Miss Catherine B
Barkins, Miss Lydia
Hardy, Miss Lucetta
Harkins, Sarah

Shallenberger, Mrs Willie
Shaeffer, Lavinia F
Shick, Miss Mary C
Smith, Miss Lottie J

2 Smith, Miss R A Southwell, Mrs Ellzabeth Spitter, Mrs Sarah Sweigard, Mrs Sarah Hannan, Mrs Rebecca

Taber, Miss blizabeth Traeger, Mrs S W Walle, Mrs Mary Wise, Miss Lydia Holt, louiza Jackson, Elizabeth James, Miss Lully Jones, Miss Isabella

Zorger, Miss Mary Magdaler Keller, Miss Mary S GENTLEMEN'S LIST. Kimble, J C Line, G W
2 Learsing, L D
Lingle, David
Lille, Ellis
Lees, W E
Light, Samuel Light, Samuel
Mc McWilliams, John
McGhonaghal, Alexn
McOrd, George
McKelker, Isaac G
MI
Malone, Joshua
Mellinger, David
Mason, J
Mellinger, David
Mason, J
Mellinger, David
Mackenson, J S
Mills, S N
Morrissey, James
Moyer, George
Moyer, Christian
Murphy, Samnel
Mulvihill, Thomas
Myers, Abrabam
N
Nannegan, Wm an, Joseph George John irt, Jacob

Nannegan, Wm Nesley, John Orr, James O'Brine, James Patten, Andrew Park, BC Pueres, George Parke, Wm J Page, J H Patrick, James Pool, Patrick Pool, rulling, TP

R
Rbiaehard, II
Raines & Co, Wm
Reece, John D
Rodel, Jacob
Rittler, John
Ridley, Hozea
Rick el, Daniel
Royee, Wm P
Roush, Jacob
Runyon, George

Carter, M C
Carwell, John
Cane, J
Canyer, Jame V
Clark, Hiram
Capeen, Joseph
Clingam, John F
Cothrol, F C
Coeper, B Augustus
Cloch Britton E
Cochran J P. Shaner, Jacob Shartz, Gaorga Saul, Joha H Shunk, David Scholield, Win Sochl, a Shannon, Wm Sell, W H

Sell, W H
Santo, J
Shaw, kichard
Schabinger, Wm
Shives, George
Seidirs, J E
Snader, John Snader, John
Scharp, A
Schepperd, J W
Seliers, Georgo
Sholl, Peter
Sonner, Slagle E
Sinciair, David
Stidey, Uri
Smith, Georgo
Stechenson, Loco Deeker, George -Davidson, Geo W Dewald, S F Stephenson, Jacob Spark, J F

Davis, Charles Dennis, James

Deretine, G A

Glover, C B Grove, Jacob Gurckard, Era

Green, Thos

Hanshoe, J G Hamilton, John

Handshoe, David

Hetterington, W
Hershberger, Samuel
Heinegar, Adam A
Herman, John W
Heenan, John C

Spickler, E E
soilenberger, John
Stimeler, John
Stevens, Wm J
Souder, Henry
Steigler, Jehn
Storrett, F R
Spencer, Charles
Steiker, T J
Spencer, George
Spondullx, J S
Swiler, A
Swilckard, Ezra
Swasey, A
Swilvan, J H
Trusty, J R Entocken, Philip W Ewen, John krb, John; F Fitzwater, Joseph Filty, Harrey Faux, Sylvester Forde, Patrick Fulton, E M Freese, Jacob Fyock, Joseph Ferguson, W A Frowert, W H

Trusty, J R
Thompson, James
Todd, Charles P
U Ulman, Business Director

Ulman, Bnsiness

W
Walters, Wm
Walmer, Samuel T
Warden, S W
Walders, Swm
Walters, John B
Walton, I ewis
Way, Caristian
Weller, Wm T
White, Jacob H
Weltzel, Dayid
Wetzel, Wm
Whittman, W G
Wheatland, Flijah
White, Ch. rles
Windhauser, S
Wilk, J A
Wilmer, John
Wigy, Augustine
Williams, G F
Winghist, C
Warren, Wm
Wright, A
Wright, Charles S
Y
Young, George

Heenan, Joan C Henry, Abraham Hilligas, Jostah Hopkins, Anurew Hutton, F P Hough, Isatah Hoyer, John Hughs, H Hoover, Joseph Jaurley, Samuel Jones, George W Young, George Young, D Kelling, George Keith, J Kuckel, Geo Koller, Jacob King, & Klinefelter Zollinger, C L Ziegler, A O Zetter, & Wason Kreuaer, C.E. Kimble, J.C.

SHIP LETTERS.

Persons calling for these letters will please say they GEO. W. PORTER, P. M.

"OUR GOVERNMENT." 667THE unity of Government, which con-

stitutes you one people, is now dear to you."—
Washington's Farewoll Address. A nationality is essential to the enduring prosperity of our country. True partiotism must arise from knowledge. It is only a propar understanding of our civil institutions that can induce strong and settled attachment to their principles, and impart ability for their maintenance.

'OUR GOVERNMENT: An explanatory statement of the system of Government of the Country," contains the text of the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitutional provisions of the several States, with their meaning and construction, as determined by judicial authority, and precedent and practice, or derived from standard writers; signested and arranged for popular use. Price \$1.00. Fold by

M. M'KINNEY, del

BITUMINOUS BROAD TOP COAL

Harrisburg, Pa.

BLACKSMITH'S USE.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE, for sale at \$2 00 per (en, or 12st cents per bushel.

REF ALL CGAL DELIVERED BY PALENT

WHICH CARTE. JAMES M. WHEELER.

New Advertisements.

PROGRAMME No. 1.

LOOK AT

LADIES' SHOW WINDOW.

"JONES' STORE,"

MONDAY DECEMBER 3, 1860.

EDUCATIONAL.

CONTROLLING ELEMENT OF NATIONALITY is the system of education in a country. "In proportion as the structure of a government gives force to public opinion, that public opinion should be entightened."—Washing/on's Farewell Address. To this end the people in general should be educated into a correct and familiar acquaintance with the nature and principles of our coveroment and civil institutions.

"OUR GOVERNMENT: An explanatory, statement of the system of Government of the Country, &c. A MANU-AL FOR SCHOOLS, ACADEMIES AND FOPULAR USE," is a work which, with proper historical notices, gives the construction of the provisions of the Constitution of the United States and of those of the soveral States, as determined by judicial authority, or derived from standard writers, including some references to administrative law and practice, so as to show the actual working of our general system of Government. It is free from speculative or inions, conservative in its tendency, and calculated to cultivate the love of our country. It has been used, to a considerable extent, in the EDUCATION OF YOUTH, in different States, and is recommended by Juriste, Statesmen and Presidents, and Professors of Golleges.—
Price \$1.00. Sold by M. M'KINNEY, del Harrisburg, Pa. CONTROLLING ELEMENT OF NA

INSURANCE AGENCY THE DELAWARE MUTUAL Safety Insurance Co.,

OF PHILADELPHIA. INCORPORATED 1835.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS......\$904.907.51.

THE INSURANCE COMPANY Of North America, OF PHILADELPHIA.

INCORPORATED 1794.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS......\$1.219.475.19. THE UNDERSIGNED, as Agent for the THE UNDERSIGNED, as Agent for above well known companies, will make Insurance against loss or damage by fire, either perpetually or annually, on property in either town or country.

Marine and inland Transportation Risks also taken.

Apply personally or by letter to

WILLIAM BUEHLER,

del dawly

Harrisburg, Pa.

CHANGE OF HOURS. Cumberland Valley & Franklin R. R. N and after MONDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1860, Passenger Trains will run as follows, (Sundays excepted):

2.20 8.00 8,84 4.05 4.45 5.35 6.16 ind 2.45 1.25 1.57 8.10 Carlisle......10.10
Mechasicsburg.....10.42
Harrisburg.....11.15

O. N. LULL, Sup't. ATTENTION! CAMERON GUARD!

"ARMORY OF THE CAMERON GUARD,"
Harrisburg, Nov. 28, 1860. Harrisburg, Nov. 28, 1880.

In accordance with the orders of Brigadier General E. C. Williams, to parade on the 10th day of January A. D. 1861, at 10 o'clock A. M. to participate in the inauguration of Governor Andrew G. Curtin, ihe members of the Cameron Guard will meet in their armory on MONDAY EYENING NEXT at 7 o'clock, to make arrangements for said parade. The Guards must be punctual in their attendance, and all persons desirous of enrolling their names with the Guardi are most cordisily invited to be present at that time, as a course of drill will then be commenced. By order of J. M. EYSTER, Commanding Cameron Guard.

JOHN BALL, Orderly Sergeant. 129-3t



GET THE BEST. WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED DICTIONARY,

NEW PICTORIAL EDITION; 1,500 PICTORIAL ILLUSTRATIONS.

9,000 to 10,000 NEW WORDS in the Vocabulary, Table of SYNONYMS by Professor GOODRICH. with other new features. Together with all the matter of previous editions, in one volume of 1750 pages.

Price \$6.0C. For sale at nov30 BERGNER'S BOOKSTORE.

OLD AND SILVER BOUGHT AND SOLD at C. O ZIMMERMAN, Banking, Stock, Bill and Collection Office, No. 28, South Second street. n28

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at public out-cry, at the EUROPEAN HOTEL, in the city of Harrisburg, on FRIDAY EVENING the 7th day of December, 1860, at half-past six o'cl ck, the following described property, late the residence of Mis. Harriet Burd, dec'd, to wit — A two story BRICK HOUSE with back buildings, and LOT OF GROUND, straate on Third street between Pine and Locual in the said city. Any person desiring to examine the property can call upon Thomas J. Jordan.

Terms will be made known on the evening of sale by E. C. JORDAN,
L. C. JORDAN,
Executors of Harriet Burd, dec'd.

THE CONTINENTALS!

THE ORIGINAL QUARTETTE. FRANKLIN, SMITH, WATSON and LEWIS Will give one of their Vocal and Instrumental Concerts

AT BRANT'S HALL, SATURDAY EVENING, DEC. 1. Doors open at 7; Concert commence at 71% o'clock. TICKETS "A QUARTER."

C. H. CORNWELL, Agent. EXECUTOR'S NOTICE, THE UNDERSIGNED having been ap-

HE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed Executors of the last will and testament of HARKIET BURD, late of Harrisburg, dee'd., all persons notified to present them to the undersigned for actilement.

L. C. JORDAN,
B. C. JORDAN,
Executors. WANTED. 5.000 POUNDS of OLD COPPER of market price in cash, at the

EAGLE WORKS. A GREAT VARIETY OF DIARIES For sale at 10 cents and upward in price at

RERGNER'S CHEAF BOOKSTORE,

61 Market Street, FOR 1861.

New Advertisements.



and SINGERS. Few are aware of the importance of checking a serior "Common Cold" in its first stage; that win in a tile beginning would yield to a mild remedy, it neglected some attacks the Lungs. "BROWN'S BRONCH'A!. IR CHES containing denulcent ingredients, all y Painway and Bronchial Irritation."

ironchial Irritation.

"That trouble in my Throat, (for water, the "TROCHES" are a specific) laving made me often a mere whiteperer."

N. P. Wil Lis.
"I recommend their use to rubbe TROCHES BROWN'S

REV. E. H. CHALIN. "Have proved extremely service able TROCHES for Hoarseness."
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"Almost instant relief in the distribution in the distribution of breathing peculiar to Asthm."

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"Contain no Opium or acyt log ingri ug." DR. A. A. HAYES, Chemist, Bucon TROCHES Chemist, Boston.
"A simple and pleasant combination for BROWN'S DR. G. F. BIGELOW, Boston

"Beneficial in Bronchitis"
DR. J. F. W. LANE, TROCHES BROWN'S "I have proved them excellent for TROCHES

Whooping Cough."

REV. H. W. WARREN, BROWN'S "Beneficial when compelled to speak TROCHES suffering from Cold."
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"Effectual in removing Hoarceness and Irritation of the Throat, so common with Speakers and Singers."

Prof. M. STACY JOHNSON,
La Grange, Ga.
Teacher of Music, Southern Female College.

"Great benefit when taken before and TROCHES RROWN'S TROCHES

BROWN'S TROCHES after preaching, as they prevent Hourselbern will be of permanent advantage to me."

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REV. E. ROWILEY, A. M.,

President of Athens College, Tenn.

Sold by all Druggists at 25 cents a box.

nov26-daw6m f NEW f LIVERY f STABLE,

PINE STREET, NEAR SECOND.

IN THE REAR OF THE "MORGAN HOUSE." THE SUBSCRIBER has opened a new LIVERY STABLE, located as above and has a stock of excellent HORSES, and new and fasti nable BUGGIES and CARRIAGES, which he will bire at moder-GEORGE W. LUCHER, agt.

ncv24-dtf LADIES! LADIES!! LADIES!!! JUST RECEIVING, 100 TALMAS of all patterns and styles, warranted all wool cloth (not patterns and styles, warranted all wool cloth (not usual in this town); the all wool cloth, worth double in value. Patterns very handsome from \$4 to \$15 cheap for each

ALSO. Just receiving a second supply of DRESS GOOD, EMBROIDERY, SHAWIS.
SILKS, good style, at 50 cents a yard. DRES GOOD; at 1832 cents, worth 31 cents; and a full assertment cheap for cash.

GENTLEMEN! GENTLEMEN! GENTLEMEN! JUST RECEIVING, all styles Undershifts, Drawers, Junen Shirts, Gloves and Hosiery all styles, cheap for 138h, at [n24-1w] JONES' STOKE.

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RESPECTFULLY informs the public that has commenced the WOOL DYEING and GARPET WEAVING BUSINESS in all its various branches. He is pro-

ING BUSINESS in all its various branches. He is propared to fill all orders at the shortest notice, and will guarantee general satisfaction. His prices will be reasonable.

Having carried on the business for many years in Germany, and over two years here, and also having had an extended experience in this country, he is fully competent to execute all work entrusted to him, and hopes to receive a reasonable share of custom from his fellow-citizens.

And general assoriment of Carpets are always kept on hand and will be sold at the lowest rate, nov21-60-8md

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HARRISBURG, PA., FFERS the most certain remedies in America for Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Fominal Weakness, and all those Diseases arising 'rom an injudicious habit, all Mercurial and Syphilitie Eruptions, Plyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Rheumatiem, Ring Worm and Tetter. All female complains, such as Monthly Irregularities. All those above named Diseases will be restored to Constitutional soundness or no charge. Any person or persons being afflicted with the above named Diseases, will call on me at the WHITE HALL.

I will make a written article with him or her, and place it in the han's of some responsible person to hold until a cure is performed, and if there be no cure effected after using the medicine a reasonable time, the patient shall lift the article without a charge. All the remedies used by me are entirely vegetable, and can be taken at all times without change of diet or hindrance from business.

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Medicines can be sent by mail or express.

Persons desiring information by letter must enclose a lamp to insure an answer.

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WRITING FLUID. THIS INK is a rival of the celebrated THIS INK is a rival of the celebrated Arnold Fluid. It is equal to it in every respect, being undoubtedly made of similar material. It flows freely from the pen, does not thicken and will not mould, and is nearly one-third OHEAPER than Arnold's. Quarts, Pints, Hait-Pints, 4 oz., 2 cz. Bottles. Writing and Copying Fluids, for sale at KELLER'S DRUG STORE.

1020 91 Market Street.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at public out-cry, at the EUROPEAN HOTEL, in the city of Harrisburg, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 5th day of December, at half-past six o'clock, the following described property, situate on the north side of Second street, between Locust and Pine streets, to wit: Two Two-Story BRICK DWE LLING.

HOUSES, with back buildings and LOT OF GROUND to each. The one tot extends back inches the other one hundred and fifty-seven feet six inches the other one hundred and forty-seven feet six inches the other one hundred approperty owned by Mrs. Black, and occupied by James R. Black and Lorseller, altored, the whole together, or separately—For further information enquire of the undersigned. Terms made known the evening of the gaie.

BERRYHILL & EURELS, Attorneys. WILL be sold at public out-cry, at the

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MADE and REPAIR D, in good style, at short notice, and on reasonable terms, by A. R. SHARP, S. cond street ow Chestaut. STORAGE! STORAGE!!

STORAGE received at the Warehouse of JAMES M. WHEELER.

YKENS' VALLEY NUT COAL! FOR Sale at \$2 00 per too. Sale at \$2 00 per too. WEIGH CARTS. JAMES B. WHELEER. EOVIS. CABINET WAREHOUSE.

JAMES R. BOYD & SON, 29 SOUTH SECOND STREET, Cabinet Makers and Undertakers

A LARGE VARIETY of Tete-a-Tete So-fas, Arm and Parlor Chairs, Marble Tep Tables, Bureaue, Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Hat Racke, &c. Call and examine our stock and prices, as we can see as to a can be bought in the State

URICH & COWPERTHWAIT WROLESALE & RETAIL AND DAILY POCKET JOURNALS DRY GOODS MERCHANTS, Corner of Front and Market Streets, HARRISBURG, PA.