HARRISBURG, PA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 27, 1864.

The Senatorial Oath. The large majority with which Senator Summer's resolution prescribing an oath to members of the United States Senate, by which the very strongest test of loyalty is made, passed that body, shows the intensity of the sentiment and justice involved in its passage. It may be regarded as one of the most patriotic measures of the age, and as the first of a series of legislative precautions to preserve the purity of all legislative bodies, we trust it will be followed by other resolutions equally as binding to frustrate the secret designs of cowardly traitors. After having completely frustrated the efforts of bad men to destroy the Government, it now becomes the duty of the Government to cast around itself every guard that may be necessary to counteract the influence which first engendered treason. And in no way has that influence been more palpably shown than in the action of certain men, when robed with Congressional power. Men deemed their oath to support the Constitution, only the privilege to attack the Government-to obstruct its healthy operation, and to embarrass those invested with power to wield its authority, with miserable technicalities. Now, thanks to Senator Sumner, we will be spared all these disgraces. The Senatorial oath will put an end to many a Senatorial scene of treason and vituperation of Government.

-In this connection we cannot forbear deploring the position which Senator Cowan has chosen to take; nor, to be frank, was his vote on Senator Sumner's resolution, the first of his Senatorial acts directly in opposition to the loval sentiment of the people whom ho represents. We will not be harsh with Senator Cowan, but we must confess to have learned a severe lesson in his case, in supporting an untried man for one of the highest offices in the gift of the Commonwealth, when so many able and distinguished and true men were candidates for the same position. That Senator Cowan has failed to be of service to Penn sylvania, his own conscience must remind him; and that he has forfeited the respect and the confidence of the men who transferred him from the Greensburg bar to the United States Senate, it will not be necessary for him to live many years to realize.

As Col. Dick White, to-day, marched at the head of his veterans, the 55th Regiment P. V. through the streets of the capital of his native State, the occasion was made one of congrat ulation, and among those who seemed most ardent in their welcomes we noticed men who have been encouraging the minority in the Senate, to persist in their mean efforts to take advantage of the absence of Major Harry who seek to turn the imprisonment of his noble brother to political account? He cannot fail, certainly, to treat such men with disdain, and hold them accountable for the beastliness with which his brother is now treated. Had it not been for the Copperheads who infest Harrisburg and who have seats in the Legislature, Harry White would have been in Harrisourg to-day to greet the return of his brother, Col. Dick White.

A SLIGHT MISTAKE. - A writer in the Pittsburg Commercial, signing himself a "Benton Democrat," and who seems to be very much annoyed with the increasing enthusiastic manner in which the people are rallying to the support of Abraham Lincoln, accuses one of the editors of the Philadelphia North American with having written the letter lately addressed to Abraham Lincoln and signed by the loval men of the Pennsylvania Legislature. "A Benton Democrat" is slightly mistaken, as neither the editor of the North American or any newspaper correspondent in this city, had a knowledge of the letter in question until it was submitted for the signatures of the Union men of the Legislature. The letter was prepared by one of the editors of the Harrisburg EVENING TELEGRAPH, at the suggestion of a distinguished citizen of Dauphin county, a statesman whose great service and identification with the struggle for the National Government have now become a portion of the national history.

WHAT WE HAVE WON BACK .- The three States, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee the people of which are now preparing to reestablish civil government as free States and within the Union, have an area of 139,023 interests that may suffer, that we desire to square miles—a territory a third greater in see continued through another administration extent than the island of Great Britain, and only a third less than France. All this region is, by the voluntary action of the loyal people—who have been taught wisdom by suffering devoted to liberty; and it will quickly be sought out by freemen from Europe, who will make homes and independence in this pleasant and fertile country for themselves and their families.

THE Copperhead papers are complaining about the recent sale at Alexandria, Virginia, of property belonging to the rebels for the payment of taxes, now due for two or three years past. Among these rebel property owners is the rebel Gen. Lee. The Copperheads would have these traitors excused from the payment of taxes while fighting against the Government-loyal men meanwhile being compelled to bear increased taxes in consesequence of a war brought on by traitors.

THE State Constitution for Nevada has been rejected by the people. The Constitution was rejected by the people. The Constitution was ing the enerts which have been made to seriodered very unpopular by a clause provided ing for the taxation of mines, and this has doubtless largely increased, if not entirely from the Record the damnable proof of Demdoubtless largely increased, if not entirely from the Record the damnable proof of Demdoubtless largely increased, if not entirely from the Record the damnable proof of Demdoubtless largely increased, if not entirely from the Record the damnable proof of Demdoubtless largely increased, if not entirely from the Record the damnable proof of Demdoubtless largely increased, if not entirely from the Record the damnable proof of Demdoubtless largely increased, if not entirely from the Record the damnable proof of Demdoubtless largely increased, if not entirely from the Record the damnable proof of Demdoubtless largely increased, if not entirely from the Record the damnable proof of Demdoubtless largely increased, if not entirely from the Record the damnable proof of Demdoubtless largely increased in the Record the damnable proof of Demdoubtless largely increased in the Record the damnable proof of Demdoubtless largely increased in the Record the damnable proof of Demdoubtless largely increased in the Record the Recor

A Word to our Loyal Côtemporaries.

We endeavor so to conduct ourselves in our editorial rolations, as to leave no impressions pose to tie the Commonwealth to the Juggerthat we question the ability or fail to appreci- naut car of secession and thus crush its honor ate the alacrity with which our loyal cotemporaries overywhere ever the Commonwealth of lecture or tutorage, but of friendly counsel, ecause from our standpoint, we have a better opportunity to view the operations of the desperate political enemy with whom we will shortly be called on to contend for the highest position in the gift of the American people.— What, then, are our loyal cotemporaries doing in the way of awakening the people to a proper appreciation of the situation? What are we all doing, in fact, to consolidate our strength for the coming Presidential campaign?

It will not do to reply, that we have no time to attend to politics—that the recruiting of armies is of more importance than the organi zation of parties, and that the worsting of the traitors in the field is vitally more desirable than the defeat of those who differ with us in politics. The man who talks thus is either unable to appreciate the crisis in which we are involved, or he is a tame lover of his country. The duty is incumbent upon us to attend to both—to recruit armies and organize parties for the defeat alike of armed rebels in the field, and their sympathizers at the ballot-The more men that we send into

the army to fight, the greater the necessity of disabusing the minds of those who remain at home—of opening their eyes to the foul corruptions of the demagogues who daily assail the National Government in in the pamphlet laws of 1863, be printed for every shape and style possible—who question its authority, when vigorously put into force against traitors-who denounce its acts when tending to exhibit the power and the invincibility of the nation. It is as necessary to be organized to meet such foes of the Government, as it is to contond with the enemies who are armed and who with a sort of savage manli-it will be very beneficial to the people of the Commonwealth, and I would like to see it ness fight openly to achieve their objects. This fact should be seriously and plainly presented to the people. To do this, is the work of our loyal cotemporaries. Hence, we urge upon the journalists of the Commonwealth at once to accept the issue which has been made by our political foes, and thus open the cam-

paign for 1864. What we desire to see accomplished, and what our loyal cotemporaries we know will at once enter on securing, is the thorough organi- Montgomery, Reilly, Smith and Stark-12. zation of a party-a political party, if you please to strengthen the Government. Our political foes are now engaged in effecting such an organization for the deliberate purpose of weakening the National authorities. It is prisoned by the rebels, it is not a sufficient only necessary to read their organs to become apprised of this fact. They are daily appealing to their adherents to oppose the men in authority—weekly laboring to convince their deluded followers that we have no Government—that there is no just authority in existence—and that anarchy to a certain extent prevails in the places where law and order should yeas 12, nays 12. be represented with dignity and wisdom. This is done to weaken the Government, and white, a brother of Col. Dick. What must therefore organize a party to strengthen the gallant Colonel think of the demagogues Government, by making that party a portion Government, by making that party a portion Mr. LOWRY offered a resolution to assure of the Government itself. We can do this if the soldiers that they would be allowed to vote we accept the issues which our fanatical foes are already making. They insist that there is no Government—that all just authority has been destroyed, simply because those who represent the national authority will not yield its dignity to traitors; and because they wield its dignity to traitors; and because they wield its full force in all its fault fau we accept the issues which our fanatical foes by a constitutional provision to that effect beits full force in all its terrors to overcome and destroy treason. Thus the men who deny the existence of a Government and insist that its authority has become extinct, are impelled to their denials by the force of conscious guilt and the fear of a visitation of its just punishments. And these are the men whom we must fight politically. They are the foes against whom our brethren of the press must operate with all their effective force. In every locality, where they exist, they should be publicly named and fearlessly denounced; because the men who make these infamous issues with the Government, are public enemies—are foes to our citizens; therefore,

lies olved. That the Auditor General be rein the shape of wild beasts, who should be fought

> only to be exterminated. We trust that our brothers of the loyal press will at once begin to organize the campaign States, and owning, controlling or operating throughout the State. The re-election of tained a charter from the Legislature of this Abraham Lincoln is of paramount importance. His re-election is in a manner part of the great work of perpetuating the Government against the destructive efforts of the slave driving traitors. And it must be borne in mind that it is not merely the man that we desire to retain in power, however much we honor him, and the boundless character of our confidence in his capacity and position. It is the policy which he organized—the purpose which he manifests to secure the entire safety of the Government, without regard to what For the success of these we appeal to our brothers of the loyal press and to all loyal men to organize immediately the political cam

Can the Record be Expunged?

paign for 1861.

The Democracy are coming to their senses The Democracy are coming to their senses, proceeded to the consideration of join resoif we may believe the reports which we hear intions relative to the payment of interest on of the repentance of the leaders in the Senate who have within a few weeks past done so much to disgrace the Commonwealth, and impede the transaction of legitimate public business. Having fully gratified the spirit engendered by their defeat before the people at the late election-having essayed every possible plan to secure power—having assailed to be paid in specie or its equivalent; and without effect the most sacred principles of also the third section of an act approved the without effect the most sacred principles of the Government, the Democratic leaders in the Senate are about to concoct a plan by the same are hereby repealed: Provided, That which they hope to escape the odium of their proceedings. In their secret councils these proceedings. In their secret councils these loss valuable than specie, the State reasurer shall not collect from the loan-holdes the tax men are discussing a purpose to resist the publication of the proceedings in the Senate during the efforts which have been made to select of the sixteenth day of Afril, Anno Domini one thousand eight huntred and

and its vitality beneath its whoels. Such a movement is worthy of the Democratic lead-

discharge their duty. And yet we cannot re- ers. The day will yet come when their chilfrain just at this moment to offer a word, not dren will resent as insult, the charge that they are the descendants of the Democratic leaders to these same cotemporaries. We do this, of 1864. But neither the efforts to expunge their infamous proceedings from the records of legislation, or the denial of their children, will save the memory of the Democratic leaders of 1864 from eternal infamy.

> REPENTANTS. - The Louisville Journal says: A great many of the deluded young men who left this State two years ago to obtain their rights' in the ranks of the rebel army, are returning daily. Some are brought in as prisoners of war, and others are availing themselves of the oath of amnesty offered by the President.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE TELEGRAPH.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, January 27, 1864. The Senate met at 11 o'clock, A. M. The Journal was read and approved.

AN ACT RELATING TO CORPORATIONS, ETC. Mr. CONNELL offered the following reso

Resolved, That one thousand copies of the et entitled An act relating to corporation for mechanical, manufacturing, mining and quarrying in this Commonwealth, passed at the last session of the Legislature, approved by the Governor July 18th, but not published the use of the Senate.

Mr. CONNELL. Before the question i

taken on proceeding to consider that resolu-tion, I would like to say that this is a very important bill. It was passed at the last ses-sion of the Legislature, but not published in the pamphlet laws. I have received within the last two or three days a number of letters, asking for copies of that bill. I have no doubt

On the question, Will the Senate proceed to a second reading of the resolution The yeas and nays were required by Mr. STEIN and Mr. STARK, and were as follow

Yeas—Messrs. Champneys, Connell, Dun lap, Fleming, Graham, Hoge, Householder Johnson, Lowry, Turrell, Worthington and

Penney, Speaker—12.

NAYS—Messrs. Beardslee, Bucher, Donovan Glatz, Hopkins, Lamberton, Latta, M'Sherry So the question was determined in the negative.

DOCUMENTS FOR SENATOR WHITE'S CONSTITUENT Mr. LOWRY offered the following: Resolved, That because Harry White is im-

reason why his constituents should be de-prived of the documents and copies of the LEGISLATIVE RECORD, belonging to them.— Capt. Brady, the Senato Librarian, is therefore requested to forward them to the commissioners of the counties of Armstrong and Indiana for distribution.

thirteenth ballot for Speaker. Disagreed to-Mr. CONNELL moved that the Senate bal lot for Clerk. Disagreed to, 12 to 12.

teenth ballot for Speaker. Disagreed to

On motion of Mr. CONNELL, adjourned HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. WEDNESDAY, Jan. 27, 1864.

The House met at 11 o'clock. VASION OF TAXATION BY FOREIGN CORPORATIONS

Mr. HOPKINS offered the following resolu ion, which was adopted: Whereas, There is reason to believe that WHEREAS, There is reason to believe that a number of corporations chartered by other sight off Point Bois Island.
States own property and transact business in Commonwealth, they working taxes to this captured, while attempting to run the block-Commonwealth, thus working great injustice

quested to report to this House the names of any and all corporations, including telegraph and express companies, chartered by other

State. REPORT ON CONTESTED ELECTION After the reporting of various local bills, the committee appointed to investigate the con-tested election of J. B. Chambers, sitting member from Armstrong county, reported in favor of the contestant, John W. McKee, who presented himself and was duly qualifid.

Mr. WIMLEY, representing the mirrity of

the committee, announced their intertion to file a minority report. BILLS IN PLACE.

Among the bills read in place were the fol-

wing, which were finally passed:
Mr. WALSH, a supplement to an act to in

orporate the city of Carbondale.

Mr. GRABER, an act repealing the ct authorizing the appointment of a seller of weights and measures, so far as the some reweights and measures, so are as the same relates to Schuylkill county.

Mr. McKEE, adjoint resolution, relative to the pay of John B. Chambers. (The jill approximation of the pay of John B. Chambers.)

propriates \$400,00 in full for pay and in leage.) INTEREST ON THE PUBLIC DEBT. On motion of Mr. BIGHAM, the House

he public debt. The joint resolution is as

follows:
SECTION 1. Be it resolved by the Serate and House of Representatives of the Communealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, That so much of an act approved the twelfth day of "June, Anno Domini one tousand eight hundred and forty, as requires the interest on the public debt of this Communealth to be read in specie or its converset; and ollows:

caused the heavy vote against that instrument. ocratic duplicity—the proof of their affiliation monwealth, on and after the thity-first day Banks.

with the men in arms to destroy the National of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight Government—the proof of a deliberate purbundred and sixty-four, in such notes as have been or may be issued by the United States

Government The bill, after being slightly amended in ommittee of the whole, was reported to the

Mr. REX moved a postponement of the subject till next Tuesday. Not agreed to.
Mr. WEISER moved to adjourn. Not

Mr. BIGHAM called the previous question, under the operation of which the first section of the bill was agreed to. The House then adjourned.

FROM CINCINNATI RECEPTION OF VETERAN SOLDIERS.

Vote for Senator in the Kentucky Legislature

Destruction of Vessels by the Ice.

MPORTANT DECISION.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 27. A public reception was given the veteran soldiers at Indianapolis, yesterday.

A dispatch from Bridgeport, Ala., says that the rebel desertions are unusually large. The last ballot for Senator in the Kentucky Legislature yesterday stood Guthrie 51, Bell 42, Burnham 38, Buckner withdrawn. Louisville specials say the steamer Henry Fitzhugh, from Nashville to Cincinnati, was

sunk by icc on the 22d at Shenctonny and is a total loss. She had on board 193 bales of cotton for Cincinnati. The ice gave way at Louisville yesterday, sinking five coal boats and carrying twenty-four barges over the falls.

Capt. Samuel Black, quartermaster, was

entenced by the court martial, at Louisville, to be dismissed from the service, with loss of pay and allowances due, to pay a fine of ten thousand (10,000) dollars and be imprisoned two years. The charges were neglect and

violation of duty and conduct unbecoming an officer, making false reports, &c. In the Louisville Circuit Court yesterday, in the suit against the Adam's Express Company, to recover money seized by John Morgan, at Coal City, the court decided that guerrillas are common enemies, and that as such, a common carrier is not responsible for goods seized by them.

## From New York

New York, Jan. 27. The steamer Merrimac arrived last night from New Orleans, via Kcy West on the 22d. She left at Key West, the frigate Colorado, ound to Portsmouth, and the Huntsville rioga, San Jacinto and De Soto. She brings nonews.

A terrible affair occurred, last evening, A terrible aftair occurred, last evening, at No. 65, Maiden Lane. A quantity of pistol cartridges exploded, killing Paul Hoffman, a clerk, and seriously wounding another named Charles Block. The upper part of the building was destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$175,000, mostly in the store of Mehn & Strasburger. They are fully insured.

A special dispatch to the *Herald*, dated Headquarters, Department of Virginia, Jan. 26th, says that Maj. Gen. Sullivan has just ot for Clerk. Disagreed to, 12 to 12. informed Gen. Kelly, from Harper's Ferry, Mr. JOHNSON moved to consider his bill that his scouts have returned with Richmond was discovered in time to save the building.

Major Runyon of the 1st N. Y. Cavalry

who commanded the scouts, reports that there are bands of men forming in Virginia to resist the rebel conscription

# Southern News.

FORTRESS MONROE Jan. 27. says that seven hospital buildings at Camp Central 131%; Michigan Southern 87%. Winder, near Richmond, were burned yester day. A large quantity of c and clothing was destroyed. A large quantity of commissary store

The Charleston Courier of Tuesday says the bombardment of the city continues the same as previously reported. The damage has been ery small in comparison to the number of thots and weight of metal fired.

Pascaqoula, Miss., Jan. 20.—The enemy's reveilles and also a repeated discharge of musketry on the west end of Horn Island was

adc, by a Federal gunboat.

The same papers also say an unsuccessful attempt was made to burn the Presidential mansion at Richmond on Tuesday night last.

Nearly half our military force is scattered as absentees and stragglers over the country If they were all returned, not another man yould be needed in the field.

The steamer Advance run on the beach under the guns of Fort Caswell, while at tempting to run the blockade off Wilmington N. C. The crew are supposed to be safe. The cargo will be saved, but the ship is a total

THE ICE IN THE HARBOR-ATTEMPTED

OF A REBEL SPY.

ce to-day, and the ferry boats have resumed their trips.

General Grant arrived to-day, and proceed

ed immediately to the bedside of his sick son. General Rosecrans is expected here to

H, B. Boyd, a young Englishman, who was arrested at the Planter's House a few days since by authority from Washington, on the charge of being a rebel spy, attempted to escape from the guard te-day, while being conducted to the Provost Marshal's office, by the centre of the winding staircase to the pasement. He was taken up insensible, and he now lies in a critical condition, though no bones are broken.

Renomination of Mr. Lincoln in New Jersey. TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 26. The Union members of the New Jersey Legislature have appointed a committee to pudraft a memorial to Abraham Lincoln, en

dorsing the policy of the Administration and

recommending his renomination to the Presidency. Death of Hon. James B. Clay. Montreal, C. W., Jan. 27. The Hon. James B. Clay, of Kentucky, Ex-Minister to Portugal, and ex-member of Con-gress from Ashland District, died in this city

last night. His remains will leave to night

Gen. McClernand.

for Kentucky for interment.

Washington, Jan. 27.
Maj. Gen. John A. M'Clernands of Illinois; has been ordered to duty under Maj. Gen,

NORFOLK.

THE CUERRILLA BURBOUGHS ATTEMPTS AN ES SANFORD AND TROUPE. CAPE AND IS SHOT NORFOLK, Jan. 26.

being treated for the small pox.

XXXVIIIth Congress---First Session.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27. Mr. Wilson (Mass.) reported back the bill iving bounties to solidiers who enlisted pre-

ious to May, 1861,
Mr. Hale (N. H.) reported back the bill that to the appointment of Naviltoniers.
Mr. Lane introduced a bill providing for the safe and speedy transmission of money from soldiers to their families. The house bill, appropriating money to

pay Indian said other pensions for the year ending on the 30th of June, 1855. was passed.

Mr. Wilson called up the bill promoting

enlistments. iThe amentiment of Mr. Grimes was adopted, which gives, instead of two months' pay, such sums as bounties as the President shall order, not exceeding one hundred dollars. Mr. Powell's amendment to strike out the clause freeing the families of colored recruits,

was taken up and discussed.

Mr. Morrell addressed the Senate on the resolution to expel Mr. Davis of Kentucky.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Washington, Jan. 27. The House proceeded to the consideration

of the deficiency appropriation bill as reported from the committee of the whole on the state of the Union with amendments.

The House disagreed to the amendment to suspend work on the extension of the capital

or treasury buildings, and the deficiency bill was finally passed with only four dissenting

Mr. Kenney, delegate from Utah, defended the people of that territory from the charge of Fernando Wood that they are profligate casts. He maintained that the people there are loyal, and hence they incurred Mr. Wood's displeasure. If he (Mr. Kenney) were a full member of the House he would introduce a resolution expelling Wood for the expression of the cast strength of treasonable sentiments. The object of the traitor Floyd and Buchanan in sending troops o Utah was to cripple the north and open th

way to secession.

Fernando Wood (N. Y.) replied, saying that his remarks yesterday about Utah were predicated on official documents which he was prepared to produce. He was not required to defend his loyalty. He charged any man with falsehood who impugned it, and he would meet any such resolution for his expulsion when any gentleman had the temerity to offer

The House resumed the consideration the amendatory confiscation resolution.

# Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, January 27.

There is a firm feeling in breadstuffs but not mu doing; sales 1,000 bbls. extra at \$7 25; extra family a \$7.50; and fancy at \$9@9 50. Supplies come in very slowly and stock moderate. Rye Flour firm at \$6 50, and Corn Meal at \$5 50. Wheat dull; small sales of red at \$1 70@1 75; and white at \$1 95@2 00. Rye is scarce and commands \$1 40@1 41. Corn dull with sales 4,000 bush. yellow at \$1 10. Oats in good request, and 5,000 bush. Pennsylvania sold at 88c. Cloverseed com mands \$8 50@8 75; Timothy \$3; and Flaxseed \$3 25 No change in Groceries or Provisions. Petroleum held firmly at 30c for crude; 46c for refined in bond; and 53@ 56c free. Whisky unsettled, with small sales at 88@91c the former for drudge. Stocks irregular; Pennsylvania 5's 95; Reading Railroad 5716; Pennsylvania I

## 7234; gold 157; Exchange on New York, par. New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, January 27. First board New York Central 136%; Eric 107%; Eric preferred 101¼; Hudson 139¾; Missouri 67¼; Virginia's 47; Canton company 38½; Delaware & Hudson 177; Pennsylvania Coal company 177; Cumberland Coal 49%; The Petersburg Express of January 22d Pacific Mail 222; Harlem 9914; Reading 115; Michigan

On Wednesday morning, the 27th inst., at his residence a Second street below Mullberry, JAMES HENRY COLDER ged 37 years, 6 months and 23 days.

# NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HEADQUARTERS NISTH ARMY CORPS.

New York, January 23, 1864. SPECIAL ORDERS NO. 3.

NO. 3.

I. All officers and men belonging to Pennsylvania Regiments, attached to the Ninth Army Corps, now absent from their commands on recruiting or detached service and all furloughed men, will report for duty to Capt. John A. Morris, A. Q. M., in charge of recruiting service fo Ninth Army Corps, at Harrisburg, Penn'a. By comman of MAJOR GENERAL BURNSIDE.

EDWARD M. NEILL, Assistant Adjutant General.

UM PECTORALS are useful to soothe a cough, allay Ticking in the Throat, to relieve to the cough cough, Sore Throat, &c. They contain the cough throat throat throat throat and South loarseness, Catarrin, Sore Throat, &c. They contain toltsfoot, Horehound, Ipecacuanha, Senega and Squill the most reliable expectorants known,) are the chief active constituents, so blended with Gum Arabic and Sugarhat each lozenge contains a mild and very pleasant dose Manufactured solely by S. A. KUNKEL & BRO., jan<sup>27</sup> Apothecaries, 118 Market street, Harrisburg.

FOR RENT. STORE ROOM, now occupied by Sam A STOKE ROUM, HOW decaped uel Singer, on Second Street, first door below Enest uel. For particulars apply at THIS OFFICE. [jan25,dlw

St. Louis, Jan. 26.

A large portion of the harbor was cleared of ce to-day, and the ferry boats have resumed and a \$1 bill. The finder will please leave it at THIS OF-FICE or at Walter's Store on Third street. VALENTINES! VALENTINES

COME and see the Large and New Assort-VALENTINES that has just been received at SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE

Wholesale and Retail.

PURE CONCENTRATED caping from the fifth story of the hotel, down COFFEE, SUGAR AND MILK PERSONS making up boxes to send to their friends in the army, will find this an elegant article; one box making forty cups of coffee, equal to any Java coffee, and with little labor. For sale at will DOCK, Jr., & CO.

VISITING, WEDDING, INVITATION,
AND AT HOME CARDS.—By a special arrangement
with one of the best engravers in the country, cards of
any description will be executed in the highest style of
art, conformable with the latest fashion, and supplied
promptly, at lower prices than are charged by the station
ors in New York or Philadelphia. For samples and prices
call at
BERGNER'S BOOK STORE.

OUND OR STOLEN One Horse Blanker and Buffalo Robe, which the owner can have by calling on the Chief of Police, proving property and paying for this advertisement.

B. CAMPBELL, jan 12

Chief of Police.

EGARS! SEGARS!!

25,000 CONCHAS 35,000 GOOD SIXES. On hand an for sale by JOHN C. HERMAN, Ja23-dlw\* Lewisberry, York col. Pa. DR. B. M. GILDEA,

DENTIST. POPULO MARKET SERE AMUSEMENTS.

SANFORD AND TROUPS RE-OPENING OF THE SEASON.

Major Burroughs, the guerrilla chief, was shot by the guard last night while attempting to escape from the Pest House, where he was MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY ON MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY ON MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY OF MONDAY EVENING, AND MONDAY EVEN

> The interior renovated, re-decorated, &-NEW PAGE

SANFORD AND TROUPE. DIRECT FROM NEW ORLEANS, OPEN ON MONDAY EVENING Orchestra Scats can be procured in advance at vart's Drug Store. [jan2]

BRANT'S HALL. BRANT'S HALL

GRAND STAR

Combination Dramatic Company. Combination Dramatic Company, Combination Dramatic Company. REPEATED THIS EVENING.

In consequence of its
GREAT SUCCESS! GREAT SUCCESS THE GREAT SENSATION DRAMA.

THE GREAT SENSATION DRAMA

ritten by that prince of dramatists. DION BOURCICAULT, ESQ. And played with marked success in all the principal Co of England, Ireland, Scotland and America, entitled to COLLEEN BAWA COLLEEN BAWN.

COLLEEN BAWN, COLLEEN BAWN, COLLEEN BAWN Or the Brides of Garryowen. Or the Brides of Garryowen.

MISS FANNY DENHAM, MISS FANNY DENHAM. MISS FANNY DÉNHAM. MISS FANNY DEVILO

ntroducing several songs.
For particulars see small bills CANTERBURY MUSIC HALL

WALNUT ST., BELOW THIRD. OPEN EVERY EVENING. With a First-class Company of SINGERS, DANCERS, COMEDIANS, &c., &c.

WANTS.

WANTED—Several Machinists, Cabine Makers and Laborers. Also, several Boys to learn trades at the [jan28-d81] EAGLE WORKS

TO PRINTERS.

WANTED, immediately, a practical printer, as foreman in the office of "The Columbia Spy." To one thoroughly booked up in all branches he business a rare chance is here offered. None clied apply. Address or apply to A. RAMBO, jan27-dlt\*

Columbia, Penn

WANTED—A White Woman as COOK Liberal wages paid. Apply at THIS OFFIC

WANTED TO RENT—A House contain ing four or five rooms, from the lat of April not neguire at a jan22-dif THIS OFFICE WANTED—An Experienced Salesman : YV a grocery, doing a large business. One who is a fruid to work, and study the interests of his employer will find a good situation. Fast young men need not sply. Address [jan20-dlw\*] D. & H., Harrisburg WEAVERS AND SPEEDER OR FL

FRAME TENDERS WANTED at Shenk, Bauss.
Carpenter & Co's, No. 3 Mill, Lancaster, Pa. The having been increased, girls can now make good wag-jan23-dlw\*

C. S. DAVIS, Sur

RECRUITS WANTED, for the 47th Reg. ment, P. V., stationed at Key West, Fla. This regment having re-callsted, recruits any wanted to fill dranks. Bountees, \$402 and \$302. Apply to LIEUT. W. W. GEFTY. S. Second street, opposite Presbyterian Churcian 122w.

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PROPOSALS FOR BEEF

PROPOSALS will be received until Frimorning, Jan. 29, 1864, for supplying the Pervania State Lunatic Hospital with Freeh and Cornell The beef must be delivered in the side, cut weighed on the scales at the Hospital. Any information desired can be had on application the undersigned, to whom all proposals must be said the undersigned, to whom all proposals must be said. PENNA. STATE LUNATIC HOSPITAL, January 25, 1884.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF CONFIDENCE OF THE CURRENT
WASHINGTON, Jan. 16, 1564.
WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence. I

HEREAS, by satisfactory evidence, sented to the undersigned, it has been made pear that the First National Bank of Harrisburg. County of Dauphin and State of Pennsylvania, laddly, organized, under and according to the required the act of Congress, entitled "An act to provide for the circulation and reductional currency, secured by a pledge of United Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and reductional currency, secured by a pledge of United Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and reductional currency, approved February 25th, 1863, and has swith all the provisions of said act, required to be convicted by the commencing the business of banking:

Now, therefore, I, Hugh M'Calloch, Comptroller Currency, do hereby certify that the First National of Harrisburg, county of Dauphin and State of Penning, is authorized to commence the business of based on the control of the co

under the act aforesaid.
[L. S.] In testimony will
of office, this 17th day.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand be, this 17th day of January, 1864.

HUGH MCCLLOCH jan 19-2m Comptroller of the Cur-JUST OPENED,

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