

The Health of Governor Curtin.

We quote the following paragraph from the Montgomery Ledger:

"LIES OF GOVERNOR CURTIN.—Governor Curtin is lying at Harrisburg seriously ill. He was in feeble health last summer, but the excitement of the election campaign gave him artificial strength. Since the termination of the canvass, reaction has set in and completely prostrated him. His physicians find it necessary to keep him perfectly quiet, and permit no one to see him except on the most urgent business."

—In order to put at rest any apprehension which may arise from such statements, we are enabled to assure the friends of Gov. Curtin throughout the Commonwealth and the Union, that his health, instead of being alarmingly bad, is cheerfully improving, and that he is now not only regaining his strength, but he is fast acquiring a physical vigor which he has not possessed for the past three years. His official labors certainly did prostrate him to an alarming degree, while the excitement of the campaign through which he has just so triumphantly passed, did impair his health to a large extent, still neither the friends or the physicians of His Excellency ever despaired of his final full recovery. We expect, in a few days, to see Gov. Curtin resume his official labors with the zeal and energy which characterized his administration during the stirring scenes of the past three years; and we feel confident that his health will soon be such as to enable him fully and successfully to discharge every trust imposed upon him by his high official duties. It would be well, therefore, for our brethren of the press to remove any apprehension on the subject by repeating this announcement.

The County Committee. Before the final adjournment of the Dauphin County Union Committee, the Chairman of the Sub-Committee on Finance reported that the accounts of the Chairman of the County Committee had been fully examined and that the same were correct, when, on motion, it was resolved, That the thanks of the County Committee be tendered to its Chairman, Henry Thomas, and its Secretary, Sullivan S. Child, for the alacrity and efficiency with which they cooperated with the committee in the campaign that has just so gloriously terminated. To the efforts of these gentlemen, we are indebted for much of the influence which contributed to our success in this county on the 18th of October, and we deem it only just, there, that those services be thus promptly recognized and honored.

—The above resolution was unanimously adopted by the County Committee before its final adjournment, and we consider it right that the same be laid before our readers. Messrs. Thomas and Child, the Chairman and Secretary, respectively, of the County Committee, were assiduous and untiring in their labors for the success of our nominees. Both faithfully discharged the duties assigned them, and both deserve the acknowledgment of loyal men.

WILLIAM B. REED, who, while District Attorney of the county of Philadelphia, authorized the arrest of the members of a Democratic club because they claimed and exercised the freedom of speech, and who was the leader of the peace Democracy in the late election in this State, is now violently denouncing his political associates, charging them with cowardice and double-dealing. Reed claims that certain of the Democratic leaders, while the platform of the party indicated a policy looking to immediate peace, actually deluded the war element of the Keystone State with the profession that they were in favor of coercive measures to crush the rebellion. On this account Mr. Reed now bitterly denounces these leaders, and advocates the immediate re-organization of the Democratic party on principles contemplating a policy for unconditional peace. This policy Mr. Reed expects to make effective in the campaign for the Presidency in 1864; and by unconditional peace he undoubtedly means the affording of active measures to secure rebel success. We are free to admit that Mr. Reed is right in this attempting to re-organize the broken and scattered sections of the dough face Democracy. As a party, the Democracy cannot secure an organization on any other base. The war Democracy will never submit to the lead of such a man as Bill Reed, while the peace Democracy are too mean and cowardly to be led by any other than just such a white-faced hypocrite as Reed. Hence, the unconditional peace organization of the Democracy, under the lead of Bill Reed, with the Tory Organ for its central mouth piece, becomes a necessity before the party can be utterly destroyed.

FOR STATE TREASURER.—The Pittsburg Daily Commercial nominates Henry D. Moore as a candidate for State Treasurer, and urges that his election would be hailed with satisfaction by the people of the Commonwealth. It is a fact that there are few better men than Henry D. Moore in the State of Pennsylvania. Competent, honest, faithful and popular, we regard him as every way fitted to take charge of a position which he has heretofore filled with credit to himself and profit to the Commonwealth.

GOOD AS GOLD.—Mr. Garswell, the Canadian orator, who spoke in Cooper Institute, New York city, on the evening of the 29th ult., used these words: "I would rather take Jiff Davis himself by the hand than a man who, in any of the loyal States, dare not repeat for the glorious Stars and Stripes." Let such words be remembered. They are the golden warp that is weaving into a glorious history.

DELAWARE.—Little Delaware has an election this fall for member of Congress. The Union men have nominated Hon. N. B. Smithers, present Secretary of the State, and the copper heads Charles Brown, late of Pennsylvania, and a "tinder-box" notoriety. The Union platform squarely supports the war and the policy of the Administration, and although a slave State, will elect the Union ticket by a decided majority.

How the Soldiers Would Have Voted.

As long as Pennsylvania survives as a State, to remember the glory which her sons achieved while contesting for the stability of the National Government and the perpetuity of the National Union, she will regret the course of her Supreme Court, which disfranchised her soldier citizens. That decision was prompted by the vilest partisan motives. The Judges who engaged in it have since been rejected by a vote of the people, one for reelection to the Judgeship and the other for election to the Chief Magistracy of the Commonwealth. That rejection proves how deeply the people feel on the subject of the disfranchisement of the soldier, for in the late election that question constituted one of the main, if not the principal, issue involved.

When our soldiers were absent in Mexico, they were allowed to vote, because it was then supposed that the army was principally composed of Democrats, as the Mexican war was a Democratic crusade for the extension and increase of the power and interests of slavery. But in the war for the Union, the influences at work are different. The very fact that the slaveholders are engaged in a struggle to destroy the Government, places the dough-face Democracy of the North in a position different from that which they occupied in the Mexican war. And to show why these leaders demand the disfranchisement of the soldiers engaged in fighting this war for the interests of this Government, we submit a report of a vote taken in the 40th Reg. P. V., as a test of the opinion and the purposes of the men:

CAMP OF THE 46TH REG. PENNA. VOLTS. Dechard, Tenn., October 14, 1863.

Yesterday being the day for election in Pennsylvania, we took a test vote in our regiment, which resulted as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Officers, Men. For Curtin 21, Woodward 4. Total Curtin 25, Woodward 4.

The votes of companies were as follows: A, from Lewistown, 19; B, Pittsburgh, 27; C, Bethlehem, 40; D, Harrisburg, 1; E, Reading, 34; F, Petersburg, 47; G, Potter Co., 47; H, Potter Co., 45; I, Scranton, 7; K, Northumberland Co., 47.

Three of the officers voting for Woodward were from the 1st company. The other is not known. This evening, at dress parade, the news was announced of the election of Curtin and Brough as Governors of Pennsylvania, and the Colonel addressed the regiment, congratulating them and the country on the glorious result.

—The result, as shown above, is the solution of the secret of Democratic opposition to the soldier's vote. It exhibits the intolerance of the Democratic leaders in its fairest aspect. Those leaders are in favor of the disfranchisement of all who differ with them in opinion. Like the slaveholders, the Democratic leaders of the North are the enemies of free suffrage. This is a historical fact, which the late election again clearly established.

A Well Timed Rebuke. Col. A. K. McClure, the editor in chief of the Franklin Repository, administers the following well timed rebuke to Tom Williams, of Allegheny county, member elect to the next Congress. Williams is a highly educated, frangible, and impracticable man of letters, who is constantly engaged in some quixotic scheme to destroy the practical good which other men are engaged in accomplishing. He took into his head some years since to gobble up and devour the Supreme Court, but the hard sense and invulnerable integrity of that body did not lay well on Thomas' stomach, and Thomas soon discovered that the Court was indigestible. Of late, he pledged himself to "damn and eternally destroy Andrew G. Curtin," and to accomplish that object Williams entered on a crusade of personal abuse against Curtin, such as would disgrace the vilest billingsgate ever scraped from the papyrus of degradation. In this, Williams so signally failed, that the Repository deems the occasion appropriate for a rebuke. Gov. Curtin received more votes in Allegheny county than did Williams, when he was a candidate for Congress. In that fact, Gov. Curtin has his vindication. Here is what the Repository says on this subject:

Hon. Thomas Williams wrote a pamphlet of an hundred pages or so to prove that Judge Woodward was a perjurer, scoundrel, and probably half as many to prove that Gov. Curtin was a thief and an imbecile. Both were subsequently nominated for Governor, and Williams, like an ass between two bundles of hay, did not know which way to nibble, and nobody seemed to care on which side he should forage. As Gov. Curtin ran more than double the majority a certain M. G. received in the Allegheny district about a year ago, we suggest that Williams might come down a cat or two in his bill of indictment against Curtin, without materially damaging his reputation for common sense. If the vote of Allegheny don't teach him a little wisdom, there is still some consolation in the reflection that the State contributes generously towards the decent support of the insane in Western Pennsylvania.

THE FURNISH SPECIFIC which the brilliant result of the 18th of October has yet presented, that we have seen, is that of the glorification of some of the Pittsburg newspapers over the triumphant re-election of Gov. Curtin. This Dispatch is particularly jubilant. It sings a psalm, and promises never again to indulge in the luxury of ordering the flogging of American soldiers, while the Gazette is as calm as a summer morn, eking out its dignity in solid columns of editorial, and rejoicing in the fullness of its coldness over what it dubiously claims as the exclusive result of its labors in Allegheny county. We trust that our loyal cotemporaries in Allegheny county have learned a salutary lesson. We trust that henceforth they will not drag their petty personal objections into an arena where good men contend for principle, where the most sacred hopes and interests of the country are involved in the contest; Personal abuse, rather benefits than injures a good man. Let the re-election of Andrew G. Curtin forever establish this fact.

OLD TIOGA.—Glorious Tioga, the land of the first Bucktails, the true, the loyal and the brave! She rolls up a majority of 2900 for the loyal Governor. By two townships in the Tioga district a majority for the republicans—Liberty and Ward. The township of Elk has never had its ballot-box polluted by a modern Democratic vote.

By Telegraph.

FROM MISSISSIPPI.

SKI-MISH OF THE BIG BLACK RIVER. DEFEAT OF THE REBELS.

A Provincial Government in Mississippi.

Chicago, Oct. 22. A special dispatch from Cairo says that a British took place about the 18th on the Big Black River, eighteen miles below Vicksburg, with the Adams cavalry, numbering two hundred. Our loss was fifteen killed and wounded. The rebels were driven beyond Port Gibson. A Vicksburg letter dated the 18th, says we shall in all probability have a Provincial Government established in Mississippi in two or three weeks.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22. Mr. Markland, of Kentucky, is spoken of as most likely to fill the gubernatorial chair. The latter adds important movements are on the tapis, and in two weeks there will be no armed force on the soil of Mississippi.

FROM CAIRO.

LATE NEWS FROM MEMPHIS.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 21. The Memphis Argus has news from Little Rock to the 11th ult. All was quiet there. On the 25th ult. Kirby-Smith visited the rebel army at Arkadelphia, and finding Gen. Price's forces demoralized, relieved him from the command, and placed Gen. Holmes in his stead.

Both the officers and men harbored feelings of hatred towards Holmes ever since the battle at Helena, consequently the placing of Holmes over Price produced a mutiny. The officers and men swore they would not submit to the change. The streets of Arkadelphia, and the roads leading to the camp were crowded with soldiers and officers in the greatest confusion. Between Sunday afternoon and Friday morning from 600 to 700 men deserted. The whole comprised force of the rebel Trans-Mississippi department, is estimated at less than 20,000 men.

Owing to their disaffection and desertion, and to prevent further desertion, the rebel army has moved further south. The Confederates and Quartermaster's stores were moved to Texaco on the Rio Brazos. Kirby Smith's headquarters were at Marshall. The rebel guerrilla Shelly had crossed the Arkansas river in the direction of Missouri to look after a number of Missourians. He had 800 well mounted men.

Col. Cloud had gone in pursuit. Since the defeat of the rebels at Helena a bitter feeling existed between Price and Holmes, and on Holmes superseding Price the animosity resulted in a challenge to fight a duel. The difficulty was however privately settled by their friends, and they are now on the best of terms. Reconciliation between the two rebel Generals had a good effect on the rebel army.

A strong Union feeling began to manifest itself in Northern Texas about the time news was received of the surrender of Vicksburg and Fort Hudson. Secret Union organizations were formed and a number of men holding situations under the confederate government, became active members. As a result of this movement, at the August election, Mr. Morgan, a Union candidate for Congress in the First Congressional District, comprising the 19 northern counties in the State, was elected.

From the Army of the Potomac.

FEDERAL OCCUPATION OF WARRENTON—THE REBELS RETREATING. WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.

Advices from the Army of the Potomac say that the rebels fled yesterday afternoon to within three miles of Warrenton, and the left column as far as Greenleaf village. Our advance entered Warrenton without serious opposition, contrary to the general expectation. The conclusion is, that the rebels are really retreating before our advance. The rebels are in fact to Manassas Junction and Galleville, on the Manassas road, and the telegraph connects with the latter place.

The Removal of General Rosecrans.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21. The removal of Rosecrans is the subject of much and contradictory comment. The more correct understanding of the cause that led to this change was preferred yesterday after Gen. McCook and a number of officers, like conduct on the battle field, of a peace-stricken fight from the field, to Chattanooga, while the battle was in its crisis, and of his unsoldierly and mischievous conduct in publicly reporting, on reaching Chattanooga, to both officers and men, that the day was lost. Superadded to this is alleged Governmental resentment of his disobedience of positive orders not to risk a general engagement by advancing beyond Chattanooga before he was reinforced, also, his impetuosity of his disposition and handling his troops on the field.

The reputation for courage that he won at Stone River is plead in bar to the imputation of cowardice in his abandonment of the battle ground, and his friends attribute it to a mistaken impression that the army had been wholly whipped, and he fled on the retreat. This is a replication to this, that such a mistake is a complete disqualification for command.

The statement acquiring growth that he had an attack of epilepsy during the battle, and that he was subject to that disease, is untrue; but that he was constitutionally and by education subject to his religious depression of the profoundest character, is correct, though he was an austere Roman Catholic, as is well known. In connection with this it may not be unsuitable to add that it is understood that the fourth specification of the preferred charge is an excessive use of opium.

The relations between Gen. Rosecrans and the General-in-Chief, Halleck, have been bad. A sharp correspondence took place between them after the battle of Chattanooga, and before that the Government had found fault with his military conduct on several occasions, and he had retorted by charges of neglect by the Government, and want of support. His removal has been in contemplation for some time.

Murder of a Recruiting Officer in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 21. Information reached here to-day of the murder, on Tuesday, of Lieutenant Eben White, of the Seventh United States Colored Regiment, which is now being organized by Colonel Birney, near Benedict, St. Mary's county. The perpetrator was Colonel John H. Sotheron, a prominent slave owner of that county. The lieutenant, with a squad of his company, was sent by Colonel Birney to Benedict on Monday to obtain recruits. Hearing that Sotheron had two of his slaves tied up to keep them from enlisting, the lieutenant proceeded to Sotheron's house and ordered the men to be released.

Latest from Europe.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Oct. 20. The Hibernia, from Galway, with Liverpool dates to the 18th inst., has arrived.

The Hecla arrived at Liverpool on the morning of the 12th. The advices by the Scotia of the seizure of the rebel rans is fully confirmed. Lord Lyndhurst is dead.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 12.—The sales of cotton to-day was 20,000 bales, at the advance of 1d. headwards steady. Provisions quiet.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—Consols 92 1/2 @ 98 American stocks—Illinois Central 18 1/2 @ 19c discount; Erie R. R. 68 @ 69.

Celebration of Election Triumph at Easton.

EASTON, Oct. 21. The Union men here are having a grand and imposing torchlight procession to-night, in honor of the election of Gov. Curtin. The procession is very large, and displays many banners and transparencies, &c., and a very large boat drawn by eight horses. Large delegations from the country are here, and the night is a blaze with fireworks, bonfires and cannon firing. The utmost good feeling appears to prevail.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22. Breadstuffs move slowly, but prices are unchanged; the export demand for flour has fallen off, but holders are firm at these values—sales of 500 bbls at \$5 50 for superfine, \$6 for extra and \$6 50 for old stock, fresh ground and extra family; receipts and stocks light; nothing doing in rye flour or corn meal; the demand for wheat has fallen off, and prices are hardly maintained—sales of 50,000 bus red at \$1 48 @ 50, and 2,000 bus Kentucky white at \$2; small sales of rye at \$1 20; corn is dull at 98c for yellow and 97c for mixed; oats have declined to 78c; in provisions no change; coffee held firmly; cotton steady at 90 @ 91; sugar in better demand, with sales of Cuba at 12 1/2 @ 13c; petroleum is unsettled and lower, 4c quote crude at 32 @ 33c, refined in bond at 50 @ 52c and free at 61 @ 63c, benzole sells at 21 @ 21 1/2; whisky firm at 61 @ 62.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22. Flour dull—sales of 7,000 bbls at \$5 30 @ 5 50 for State, \$5 70 @ 5 90 for Ohio, and \$6 15 @ 6 25 for Southern; wheat has declined 1c for white—sales of 60,000 bus Chicago spring at \$1 26 @ 30, \$1 27 @ 31 for Milwaukee city and \$1 28 @ 31 for Western; corn in dull and sales unimportant at 98 @ 1 00; beef dull; pork heavy; lard dull; whisky closed firm at 62c.

New Advertisements.

ANY one having a large House to let, in a desirable part of the city, will find a good tenant by applying to E. Snyder, Esq., in the street.

EIGHT Gentlemen can be accommodated with good board, on reasonable terms, by applying on the corner of Second street and Cranberry alley, right hand side.

PUBLIC SALE.—There will be a sale of Household Furniture, on Saturday, Oct. 24th, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the residence of the subscriber, on North Second street, below Broad.

MISS M. V. WILSON REQUESTS the ladies of Harrisburg and strangers to call and see her Fall stock of TRIMMINGS AND FANCY ARTICLES at her old stand, corner Second and Walnut.

DURHAM COWS FOR SALE. A FEW fine Durham Cows, with Calves, just from Kentucky, are offered for sale. They can be seen at the farm of I. M. KELKER.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application for the incorporation of the Paxton Fire Company, No. 6, has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county, and filed in the office of the Prothonotary, and that a charter will be granted at the next regular term of the said Court, unless cause be shown to the contrary. By order of the Court, J. G. YOUNG, Prothonotary.

\$25 REWARD. THE above reward will be paid for returning my Watch, which was lost this morning at the depot. It is a double case Watch, marked in German text (M) on the case. Any one leaving the above Watch at the United States Hotel will receive the reward. HENRY B. MAXNADIE, Capt. U. S. Army.

ASSESSMENT OF DAMAGES. PURSUANT to an order of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin county, notice is hereby given to the Commissioners of said county, and to the property holders along the line of Cumberland street, from Seventh street to Eighth street, and York street, and from the line of Seventh street to the line of Harrisburg, that upon the petition of the Mayor of said city, the Court has appointed six assessors to assess the damages caused by the opening of said streets, and that they will proceed to assess said damages on Saturday the 31st day of October, inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., at which time all parties interested may appear upon the ground, if they think proper.

LYKENS VALLEY RAILROAD AND COAL COMPANY. A MEETING of the stockholders of the Lykens Valley Railroad and Coal Company will be held at the office of Edward Gratz, Esq., No. 4 South Seventh street, Philadelphia, on Thursday, the 12th of November next, at 10 A. M., for the purpose of amending the By-Laws and disposing of unclaimed stock of the company; by order of the Board.

LYKENS VALLEY COAL COMPY. A MEETING of the stockholders of the Lykens Valley Coal Company will be held at the office of Edward Gratz, Esq., No. 4 South Seventh street, Philadelphia, on Thursday, the 12th of November next, at 10 A. M., for the purpose of amending the By-Laws by order of the Board.

INFORMATION WANTED. IF THIS should meet the eye of James McCorkle, plumber by trade, now supposed to be in Harrisburg, he is requested by his wife to return home or send a few lines to her address, No. 618 Fifth street, New York city, or if any person knows anything of him they are requested to communicate as above.

New Advertisements.

STAYED or Stolen from the subscriber, a Light Red Cow, white face and about 12 or 14 years old. On return or information of said cow, the finder will be liberally rewarded.

LARGE Quantities of Ornamental and Shade Trees at reduced prices, if orders are sent in immediately to the Keystone Farm. There could not be a more favorable fall for the planting of Shade Trees than the present. For accommodation we will superintend the planting if in the immediate neighborhood—orders are sent in at once.

CIRCULAR. The Harrisburg Thespian Society Respectfully announce their first performance THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING AT BRANT'S HALL.

Believing that the citizens will sustain us, we form ourselves into a Society of Citizens Amateurs Performers. We intend, after the first few performances, (the proceeds of which must be used to defray the expenses already incurred in organizing,) to create a Fund out of which we will make frequent and liberal donations for charitable purposes, to be taken charge of by a committee of competent persons, selected for the same. If the citizens should encourage us, we will do our best to deserve their patronage and confidence.

THE TODDLES. To be followed by Music, new and popular Ballads, and conclude with the Laughable Burlesque, entitled THE NEW FOOTMAN.

"THERE IS NO SUCH WORD AS FAIL!" TARRANT'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF Cubebs and Copaiba.

This preparation is particularly recommended to the MEDICAL PROFESSION and the PUBLIC, for the prompt and certain cure of DISEASES OF THE BLADDER, KIDNEYS, URINARY ORGANS, ETC.

It may be relied on as the best mode for the administration of these remedies in the large class of diseases of both sexes, to which they are applicable. It never interferes with the digestion, and by its concentration, the dose is much reduced.

TARRANT & CO., No. 278 Greenleaf Street, cor. of Warren St., NEW YORK.

GRAPE VINES! GRAPE VINES! ALL the good varieties offered at the most reasonable prices.

HARRISBURG BANK, Oct. 18, 1863. The annual election for thirteen directors of the bank will be held at the banking house on the third Monday, (16th) of November next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

LARGE IMPORTATION of a choice lot of the best of the latest European Brandy, just received and for sale at the New Drug Store of S. A. Kunkel & Brother, consisting of the following new brands and being the first ever offered in this city, viz: "El Paso Tyonolis," very delicious and highly flavored article, and warranted Cuba tobacco. "Centilla de Luvin Habano," the finest and best imported cigars ever imported to this market. Persons desiring to enjoy a delicious cigar and a luxurious smoke, are respectfully invited to call and give our cigars a trial.

PROCLAMATION WHEREAS, the Honorable JOHN J. WHELAN, President of the Court of Common Pleas in the Twelfth Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Lebanon and Dauphin, and the Hon. SAMUEL LAMSON and Hon. MOSES E. YOUNG, Associate Judges in said county, having issued their process, bearing date the 15th day of Sept., 1863, to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace at Harrisburg, for the county of Dauphin, and to commence on the 20th day of NOVEMBER NEXT, being the 16th day of NOVEMBER, 1863, and to continue two weeks.

It is therefore hereby given to the Coroner, 7 justices of the Peace, Aldermen, and Constables of the county of Dauphin, that they be and they be their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, of said day, to appear before me, at the Court house, in Harrisburg, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and their own remembrances, to do such things which to their own appetites be to do, and those who are bound to recognize to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Dauphin county, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Harrisburg, the 19th day of October, in the year of our Lord, 1863, and in the eighty eighth year of the Independence of the United States.

Ready Early in November. General Butler at New Orleans, A History of the Department of the Gulf in the year 1862, with an account of the capture of New Orleans, and a sketch of the previous career of the General, civil and military.

MR. PARTON has had the best possible facilities for the preparation of this work, including free access to official documents. The capture of New Orleans, and Gen. Butler's administration there, form the most brilliant epoch in the present war, and those who are acquainted with Mr. Parton's previous works will anticipate a volume of interest interest. It will be ready early in November, forming one octavo volume of about 700 pages. Price, in cloth binding, \$2 00.

TO ALL WHO Value Their Sight! JULIUS ROSENDALE, OPTICIAN AND OULIST, respectfully announces to the citizens of Harrisburg and vicinity that he has again opened an office in Market Square, next door to Mr. Felix's Confectionery, for the sale of his celebrated PANTOSCOPIC AND TINTED SPECTACLES.

These glasses are recommended by the first medical men, and all who purchased them from me will testify to their great advantages over all other ones in use.

THE glasses are ground of the finest crystal. They are made and strengthened the impact of vision, and last from 10 to 12 years without change.

Office hours from 9 A. M. till 3 P. M. Consultation free.

Wants.

WANTED—A woman to take care of a sick person. Good wages will be given. Apply immediately at THIS OFFICE.

TWO SUBSTITUTES wanted. Apply at the White Hall Hotel.

TEACHERS AND INTELLIGENT YOUNG MEN WANTED to sell the standard History of the War. 200,000 copies sold. Circulars, giving terms, &c., sent free. Address JONES BROS. & CO., Baltimore, Md.

WANTED—600 lbs. Fresh Dandelion Root, by S. A. KUNKEL & Bro., Apothecaries, 118 Market st., Harrisburg, Oct 22

For Sale and for Rent. HOUSE FOR RENT OR SALE.—The subscriber offers for rent or sale his Mansion House, on Second, above Mulberry street, Harrisburg. A part of the furniture may be leased with the house.

PROPOSALS. NOTICES TO BUILDERS. SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned Building Committee for the erection of a house for the Paxton Hose and Engine company, on the lot belonging to said company, fronting on Second street above Vine, until 10 o'clock of the 31 day of November, 1863. Proposals to be opened at the room of the Paxton Hose House on said day.

Plans and specifications of the building may be seen at the store of J. A. Haller, corner of Second and Mulberry streets, until the day of letting.

DAVID CRAWFORD, DANIEL E. WILT, ALEX. KOEHLER, JOHN A. HALLER, Building Committee.

HARRISBURG, October 20, 1863 dtd

Real Estate Sales.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned, Executors of the estate of Gen. JOHN FORBSTER, late of the city of Harrisburg, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, at the Court House in said city, on SATURDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1863, at 10 o'clock, A. M., a portion of the Real Estate of said deceased, as follows:

No. 1. A THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE. And lot of ground, situated on Front street, in the city aforesaid, now under a lease to Mrs. S. E. Dull. Said property is 23 feet 4 1/2 inches front, and extends back towards River alley 123 feet, with the privilege of using an alley between said house and the former residence of said deceased. The form and size of this property are fully exhibited by a survey and draft of the same in the possession of the Executors.

No. 2. A CERTAIN ISLAND IN THE RIVER SUQUAHANNA. Within the limits of the city of Harrisburg, with the improvements thereon erected, called Turkey Island, over which the Harrisburg bridge passes, containing FIFTY-FIVE ACRES AND ONE HUNDRED AND TWO PERCHES, as per a survey and draft thereof, which is recorded among the records of Dauphin county, to which reference is made.

No. 3. A CERTAIN TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE. Situated in the city of Harrisburg, fronting on Market street 25 feet, including a four foot alley, and extending back 85 feet 3 inches to another lot of ground belonging to the estate of the said John Forbster, deceased. This lot is 37 feet wide in the rear. The whole size and form of the lot is fully exhibited by a survey and draft in the possession of the Executors.

No. 4. A CERTAIN HOTEL AND LOT OF GROUND. Fronting on Canal street in said city, and under a lease to William P. Hughes, and 12 feet 6 inches front, and extending back 210 feet to Poplar Lane.

No. 5. A CERTAIN LOT OF PLYCE OF GROUND. Adjoining the aforesaid Hotel, fronting on Canal street 23 feet, and extending back 210 feet to Poplar Lane by one 1/2 inch, and 215 feet 9 inches by the line next to one of the lots of the lot on Poplar Lane 87 feet 3 inches.

No. 6. A CERTAIN TRACT OR PIECE OF LAND. Containing ONE ACRE AND ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-THREE PERCHES, with a very valuable two story Brick House thereon erected, situated in Susquehanna county, Dauphin county, on the public road leading from Harrisburg to the Mountain, and bounded by lands of Thomas M'Kee, Isaac Nisley, Herman Alricks, &c., and others. This property is considered a very desirable country residence, not only for its beautiful location, but also from the fact of its being so convenient to the city of Harrisburg.

Any person who may be desirous of purchasing either of the above mentioned properties, can have an opportunity of examining them or any one of them, by calling upon either of the Executors before the day of sale, or upon the Tenant who resides on the property.

A deed will be made and possession delivered to the purchaser on the 1st day of April next, "On" the terms and conditions of sale, will be, "On" the terms of the purchase money to be paid in cash, when the deed is made to the purchaser, and possession of the property delivered. One-third part thereof payable at the termination of five years, and the remaining third part, at the end of ten years from the delivery of the deed and possession, with legal interest on the deferred payments, payable semi-annually. The payment of deferred instalments, and the interest thereon to be secured by the bonds of purchasers and mortgages on the premises sold: Provided, however, if purchasers should desire to pay the whole, or any larger portion than one-third of the price in hand the terms may be varied in that respect by the undersigned, and as they may think proper.

Any information desired in relation to the above described properties, or either of them, can be had by applying to JOHN H. BERRY, Executor.

MARGARET L. FOLSBY, BENJAMIN L. FOLSBY, JOHN H. BRIGGS, Executors of Gen. John Forbster, deceased.

NEW MACKER'S. IN LARGE and small packages, just received and for sale: low price.

DRIED BEEF. Michener's. Just received by WM. DOCK, Jr., & Co.

DR. J. C. HOYER, DENTIST. OFFICE, corner of Market street, and Market Square.