Daily Telegraph

HARRISBURG, PA. Thursday Morning, October 15, 1863.

The Election in the First Ward.

We continue to hear complaints concerning the wilful violations of duty on the part of the judge vacated his place and made room for one of the most violent partizans residing in the city; and that man, with all his -prejudices, assumed the duties of the judgeship; and, from what we can learn, he was a willing tool for the execution of all that is mean and dishonorable. Men who had an undoubted legal right to vote were summarily rejected; while some, more determined than others, were only permitted to deposit their ballots when they came sustained by the direct decision of a prominent judicial officer of this county. The election officers in question shrank from opposing their opinions to those of the President Judge of the district.

These obstacles were only experienced by men who intended to support the Union candidates. On the other hand, when copperheads presented themselves, they found no difficulty. One man, with a family residing in Clearfield county, attempted twice to vote; but the proof of his residence being in Clearfield county was so strong, that the biased judge refused it twice, after a long and deliberate consultation. The party, however, being determined to vote illegally, presented himself for a third time; and by the assistance of a clerk in the freight department of the Pennsylvania railroad company, this fraudulent vote was actually received and deposited in the ballot box. This was a deliberate cheat on the part of the election board, participated in also by the clerk in question. The case had been fully decided after two different applications, and yet influence was brought to bear on the third attempt by which the vote was received. The clerk of the Pannay vania rajiroad company was privy to the fraud, and he deserves to be prosecuted with the officers of the election. Some of the friends of the Union made application to some promi nent employees of this railroad for assistthese with a refusal, on the plea that sented by any of the tyrants of the world, who none of the employees were permitted to take utterly refuse to recognize the rights of the part in politics. But it seems that at the same time prominent officers of the same road can assist in stuffing the ballot box. We have. however, no feeling on the subject; but we do insist on a rigid enforcement of the law against the election officers. Let us know whether men

Cel. H. C. Alleman.

copperhead malevolence and treason-sympa. opposed itself to Col. Alleman at every step in been disgraceful; their doom is eternal death. the campaign. Our readers abroad may in. quire why this bitterness was manifested against Colonel Alleman. This we cannot answer, unless it be with the explana.

Attorney. The following card was handed to us for publication this afternoon:

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE,

Harrisburg, Oct. 15, 1863.

I respectfully ask any cinizen who has knowledge of any election officer rejecting a vote knowing it to be legal or receiving a knowing it to be legal, or receiving a vote knowing it to be illegal, to give me information of the fact, so that I may be enabled to bring the guilty party to justice.
A. J. HERR, District Attorney.

of fraud at certain election polls in this city, their honor in the contemplation of the present are length found their way to the proper great victory; their reward is the assurance that it unconditional submission to the new constituof fraud at certain election polls in this city, their honor in the contemplation of the present officer, and all that is wanted now, is the co- was partly due to their efforts, that the country operation of competent witnesses to establish has been rescued from the clutches of the traithese facts, when the District Attorney will tors in the north, whese sole purpose of victory

fellow citizens to debate the issues involved, our duty to oppose any of the generous or galwherever they assembled. He was ready to last War Democrats who did so nobly for the meet the champions of the cause of treason, country on Tuesday last. wherever they made the challenge. And now in his official capacity, he comes forward to vindicate the law and bring its violators to jus-

The Old Democratic Leaders, the Coward Opponents of those who Fight the Battes of the Nation.

Now that the smoke of battle has been swept from the field of action, we are enabled to make such observations of the effects of the strife as on the rights of some of our best citizens. They will lead to many new discoveries, which will constitute lessons for the future guidance of the eople of Pennsylvania. One of the most startling facts which the contest of the 18th of October has developed, is that in connection with the Democratic leaders and the soldiers' vote. Instead of being ready to make any compromise Harrisburg. It seems that the regularly elected to enable the brave defenders of the Government to exercise the right of suffrage, the Democratic leaders recorted to every subterfuge and fallacy to deprive those veterans of their votes. In this city a youthful subordinate officer of the Supreme Court, acting under the advice of the clerk of that Court, who in turn was doubtless instructed by the two Judges of the same body who were candidates, compiled and circulated a pamphlet containing the grossest misrepre sentation of facts, the most horrid perversions of law, all concocted by the parties referred to for the deliberate purpose of defrauding the soldier. We repeat our solemn conviction, that both Judges Woodward and Lowrie were parties

to a base conspiracy, to degrade the American soldier beneath the level of the African slave. In this century of intelligence and progress, this is a magnificent position for any party to occupy. When civilization was less cultivated -when the ideas of right were less understood among men, those who periled their lives in defence of their country, were always exalted to the highest honors in the gift of the Gov. Esq. These gentlemen all neglected their own ernment. Bome and Greece acknowledged the services of their defenders with pomp, pride and glory. The nations of more modern times have been no less magnificent in these recognitions. bestowing upon the soldiers large honors and enfranchising them with the highest rights as citizen: But it was reserved for the Democracy of the great Republic of the West-the Democracy who have ever arrogantly insisted upon being the sole representatives of the true idea of popular progress, and the only real defenders of the people's right—it was reserved for these demagogues to attempt the base experiment of degrading the soldiers of the land, to make slave's of those who peril life and limb in the defence of the honor and perpetuity of the Government. Truly, a more humiliating spectacle

aublect. The course of the Democratic leaders in reference to the rights of the soldier, puts the final seal of death upon the organization of that party. Its leaders can never hereafter make professions of patriotism or take position among with impunity, and deprive legal voters of their the honorable parties of the country. Peace party, if that organization is to be led by the nen who have of late so degraded and disgraced We make no inviduous distinction by select. it. If ever the party again takes position in which ing Col. H. C. Alleman for a notice in connectit can be trusted, it must be under the lead of the tion with the result of the late election in this men who fled from its ranks to defend their county. He was singled out as the object of country. And before such as these will again attach themselves to that organization, it will thising detraction. His character as a man was be forced through suck as will rid it of its Shelby three times and is still in close pursuit 118 was depreciated corruptions, and render it like almost any other. Their escape is hardly possible to had no friends to departy but the one which, under the name of Two expeditions recently sent into Northwhere it was supposed he had no friends to de party but the one which, under the name of fend him. He was maligned in secret and Democracy, lent its energies to a base conspiracy Pilot Knob, over one hundred prisoners, Pilot Knob, over one hundred prisoners, (Signed)

J. M. SCHOFIELD, corner. Every puppy in the lecofoco kennel war party, it will go down into the tomb where was let loose at his heels. Every shyster lawyer Federalism and Whiggery lie buried. As the in Harrisburg howled in his path. No man on foes of the heroes of a just war, the leaders of To Mojor General Halleck, General in Chief: the ticket, heretofore, in this county, was con- the Democratic party will be refused all confifronted with the same difficulty as that which dence or respect hereafter. Their end has

Room for the War Democracy. We have that tenacious love for our principles and party, which nothing can turn aside tion that it was nothing more than a but just such danger as that which now invests common ebulition of the partizen vindicitie Union and threatens the Government. In tiveness peculiar to the class of men with this hour of peril to the Government we have whom Colonel Alleman was forced to contend been and still are willing to sacrifice party to They sought to bully Col. Alleman into a dis- insure the general good. Nor have we been graceful defeat. Lacking argument and de- alone in the exercise of such a feeling of sacricency, they swore to cheat Col. Alleman out of fice. The War Democracy of Pennsylvania U N I O N VICTORY. his election. But in this they failed, and we have set their brethren of the Nation an exam are now constrained to regard the success of ple which will be emulated hereafter by all Col. Alleman as among the brighest triumphs true Democrats who are in earnest in their efof the contest. Nor will he disappoint his forts to rescue the land from rebellion. Let friends. He has the ability as well as the in- the War Democracy, then, be invited to the tegrity to serve the solid interests of the people highest honors of the triumph. Let room be of this county. He will stand above the common made for them, wherever the country's defendmen who so vilely aspersed Col. Alieman, take altars. They have scaled their devotion to cavalry and artillery being engaged on both their defeat for their reward, and learn in the their country in a sacrifice such as men never success which has attended him, a lesson of before made. The glory of a party which had truth and manliners to do them good for the almost become sacred in their eyes, was trampled into the dust to defend the glory of the To the Public-A Card from the District which was invested with the most sacred memories, and around which clustered their holiest affections, were repudiated to render imperishable the traditions of freedom-to secure the perpetuation of the Union and the Government. The United States of Columbia Beclared These men asked no honor or position, while they were thus battling for the cause of the country, except the position in which they could flercest fight the common danger. Hundreds and thousands of these men will never confess the 7th inst., arrived here this morning. the good they have done. They will not even It will be seen by the above, that the reports participate in the general rejoicing. They have prosecute the flagrancies of the election officers was to secure the success of the traitors in the in question to the fullest extent of the law.

—In this connection, we deem it due to Dismust honor them by recognizing, acknowledgies to restor the command of the arms to him and leave the country. Barries declined. Barries trict Attorney Herr that his great services in ling and repaying their great services. the campaign which has just closed, should be They are patriots as noble as are those who properly acknowledged. He labored with a sacrifice life and limb on the battle field. They clined. zeal which was at once productive of the most have earned the gratitude of the nation; and glorious results. He was willing to meet his we trust that it may never, hereafter, become

An Amende.

cers of the Fourth ward bemeaned themselves in a manner at once disgraceful and outrageous RESULT OF THE CANVASS. laid themselves open to the charges of corrup- A REPUBLICAN GOVERNOR tion and perjury, which, we trust, will at once be preferred by the District Attorney, and prosecuted with all the vigor and ability peculiar to that officer, until justice has had her due in inflicting a righteous punishment on the offenders in question. Honest men of all parties de mand this punishment.

The Champions of Our Cause in Dauphin County.

We must not forget, in the excitement and rejoicing of the hour of victory, the intrepid and independent men who took the stump in this ounty, to advocate the election of our candidates and defend the purity of our principles. The candidates themselves stood up to the work like men who understood the character of the opponents with whom they had to deal. Such as these need no commendation at our hands The victory which crowns them all to day is, a higher credit than we could bestow upon them. But the men who had no aspiration to gratify in the contest, save that of serving the country, and who went forth to defend our great cause because they loved it, are those who deserve our warmest thanks. Among these we must refer with special credit to A. J. Herr, Esq., William T. Bishop, Esq., J. M. Wiestling, Esq. A. C. Smith, Esq., Dr. J. B. Hover, J. C. Young, Esq , Daniel Burns, Esq., Robert W. Snodgrass, private business to engage in the service of their country, at an hour when it required the ut-defence. To the efforts of these patriots, we owe Bucks..... the splendor of our victory in Dauphin county Butler 300 That victory gives these champions a claim upon the loyal men of the county which can never be liquidated, but which will be honored as often as it is presented. In the meantime they have our nine times repeated, Hip! Hip! Huzza!! and "A Tiger!"

Telegraph

FROM SAINT LOUIS

General Brown Defeats the Rebels Under Shelby-They are Scattered in Every Direction.

SE CAPTURES HEAVY LOSSES ON BOTH SIDES.

Official Dispatches of General Scoffeld. WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.

The following dispatches were received at the eadquarters of the army here, to-day: Sr. Louis, Oct. 13. To Ma: prown; has beaten the rebels under

eastern Arkansas have captured and sent to

Sr. Louis, Oct. 14. Gen. Brown brought the rebels under Shelby

to a decisive engagement yesterday. The fight was obstinate and lasted five hours. The rebels were finally completely routed and the revers were many complexity routed and scattered in all directions, with the loss of all their artillery, baggage and a large number of small arms and prisoners.

The enemy's loss in killed and wounded is

very great; ours also is very large. Our troops list is as follows: are still pursuing the flying rebels.
(Signed)

J. M. SOHOFIELD,

ENGAGEMENT AT BRISTOL.

CAPTURE OF A REBEL BATTERY. WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.

The extra Star says: The firing yesterday in the front was that of a considerable engagement corruptions of legistators, and seek to take part of are received with loud acclaim. Let them tion of the army of the Potomac—a scout of in no scheme of fraud or dishonor. Let the be welcomed to our hearths and blessed at our men who so vilely aspersed Col. Alleman take alters. They have sealed their devotion to

> The result was a decided Union victory. The rebels being beaten with the loss of an entire battery and a hundred prisoners.
>
> Ere the termination of the fight Maj. Gen. country. The traditions of an organization Sykes corps came up and assisted in driving he enemy off the field.

> > FROM HAVANA.

in a State of War.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15. The steamer Ocean Queen, from Panama on General Masequeera had declared the United States of Columbia in a state of war, and or-

Guatemala, and President Barrios, of San Sal vador, did not result in anything. proposed to resign the command of the army

would leave San Salvador. This Carera de-The Baltimore City Election-Success the Unconditional Unionists.

and give a decree of amnesty if the allied troops

BALTIMORE, Oct. 14. The election for members of the City Council to-day, is progressing quietly. There is little

BALTIMORE, Oct. 14.—The vote for member We owe the Democratic officers of the Second of the City Council, to-day, was very light.— two deserters from the regiment now in confinetice, asking only that good citizens give him their aid while he engages in this work. We predict that he will be fully sustained in the elections held on Tuesday, we inadvertently wards, where "Independents" were elected of the second ward with a All are Unconditional Union men.

condemnation which should have been given PRNNSYLVANIA RECUTION.

REPUBLICAN SENATE Republican liouse of Representatives, WHICH SECURES AN

APPORTIONMENT OF THE STATE, AND THE STATE TREASURER.

LOYAL MEN REJOICE! THE LINE IN

70,000 MAJORITY FOR THE UNION. OWA IN THE RANKS.

We give below a summary of the reported majorities, in counties that have reached us, the Blackwater, on Monday evening, and there details of cities, boroughs and was a skirmish below Arrow Bock yesterday

townships. REPORTED MAJORITIES. Counties. Curtin. Armstrong 590 Berks..... Beaver..... Bedford..... Clearfield..... Jamona..... Carbon.....2500

 Carbon
 2500

 Chester
 2000

 Crawford
 2000

 Cumberland
 1400

 Dauphin Eile ... 8000
Franklin ... 850
Fulton 1200
Ludlina 2100 260 awrence......1800 1691 2200 Lehigh 1500 Monroe.... Montgomery.....

Wyoming.... LATEST ESTIMATE. 1700

Perry......92 Schuylkill

Tioga......2576

Union 775

Snyder..... Susqueh mus.....

Venango.....

PHILADELPHIA, October 15 .-- Union League allowing the majorities claimed by Democrats for the rest of the State, present the following totals: Curtin, 55,308; Woodward, 34,886; making Curtin's majority 20,422.

THE LEGISLATURE. The Republicans having elected the Senator in the First District of the city of Philadelphia. will give them at least a majority o

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. The Republicans will also have a majority of members in the House of Representatives. The

Philadelphia......12

;	Delaware 1
1	Chester 3
	Montgomery,
d	Bucks.
1	Northampton. Lehigh and Carbon
	Lehigh and Carbon
1	Monroe and Pike
1	Wayne
	Luzerne.
٠	Susquehanna 1
1	Bradford 2
1	Wyoming, Sullivan, &c
ı	Lycoming and Clinton
	Centre.
	Mifflio
:	Union, Snyder and Juniata 2
1	Northumberland.
1	Schuylkill
١	Dauphin 2
1	Lebanon 1
1	Berks
1	Lancaster4
ŀ	York
	Cumberland
1	Adams
1	Franklin and Fulton 1
	Bedford
i	Somerset 1
	Huntingdon 1
-	Huntingdon 1 Blair 1 Cambria.
-	Cambria
l	Indiana1
-	Armstrong and Westmoreland.
	Fayette
-	Greene
	Washington
1	Allegheny
1	Beaver and Lawrence 2
ŀ	Butler 2
١	Mercer and Venango 2
	Clarion and Forest
J	Jefferson, Clearfield, &c
	Crawford and Warren 2
	Erie 2

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 15, 1863. Returns from the different parts of the State predicate that the Union majority on the home vote will exceed 50,000. You can add to this 20.000 majority of the men who are fighting

CHARLESTOWN, VA., Oct. 14, 1863. The Ohio troops at this place held an election resterday, which resulted as follows: Brough, ,733; Vallandigham, 5.

BALTIMORS, Oct. 14, 1863.

At an election of the Ohio soldiers here, 79 voted for Brough, and 2 for Vallandigham. The two votes cast for Vallandigham were given by two deserters from the regiment now in confine-which was immediately turned on them with additional and reserved and effect.

Look the lead.

During the engagement the rebels charged discovery that, by the proper use of the Production of the Strat New Jersey cavalry gallantly charged out any pain.

Respectable parties will be selected from the which was immediately turned on them with additional and reserved and effect.

Admission 25 cents. Front seats reserved

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15. vote Brough 80, Vallandigham none. 1867A In the city, Brough 80, Vallandigham one. CINCINNATI, Oct. 15.

Returns from 54 counties give Brough a majority of 52,144, being a gain of 47,777 in the above counties.
15 counties gave Vallandigham majorities.

The largest belog Fairfield, which gave 1,127, all of which gave large Union gains. all of which gave large Union gains.

The complete returns of Cincinnati give of the character that partakes of a general engramment.

Brough a majority of 6 476, and his majority in
Up to eight o'clock to night no official
Up to eight o'clock to night no official Hamilton county will be 6,753.

DESMOINES, IOWA, Oct. 14. Twenty-six counties in Iowa give Col. Stone the Republican candidate for Governor, 7,988 majority over Gen. Tuttle the Democratic candidate. The only counties yet reported as giving majorities for Gen. Tuttle, are Dubuque and Napier, which both together give him 1,175 majority, showing large Republican gains. Col. Stone's majority in the State will probably reach 12 000 to 15,000.

THE RAID IN MISSOURI. Pursuit of the Rebel shelby SKIRMISHING AT ARROW ROCK. MO

Arrow Bock yesterday morning, About 2,560 repair here, as there is no dock large enough to Federals were in pursuit, and had killed twelve receive her.

QUEBEC, Oct. 15—Business in both Houses of QUEBEC, Oct. 15—Business in both Houses of Parking A fight is reported to have taken place on

morning, but no particulars are given. General Fisk, at Priot Knob, reports that a Federal expedition in Arkansas met a body of rebels under Reeves and Crandall, at Pittman's

Ferry. Thirteen rebels were killed, and quite a number captured, including one lieutenant colonel, one major and two captains.

On the 7th instant Major Watson surprised a rebel camp at Evening Shades, Lawrence county, and captured one captain, three lieutenants, forty-six privates, all the horses and arms, and

destroyed the camp.

The people of Lawrence county have organized to resist the rebel conscription.

Ex United States Senator Waldo P. Johnson

has abandoned the organization of the Missouri State Gnard

War in Virginia. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC. REAVY SKIRMISHING ON THE RIGHT

A Severe Contest—The Rebels Checked and Punished. Conduct of Ger. Gregg's Penna. Cavalry.

GENERAL BATTLE APPREHENDED. EXAGGERATED RUMORS, &C.

RECONNOISSANCES AND ENGAGEMENT WITH THE ENEMY.

SITUATION ACTIVE

PHILADELPHIA, October 15.—Union League the 2d B igade of the 2d Division was ordered House reports from most of the State, and to Fox Mountain, to support Gen. Kilpatrick; which were greenbacks. A reward of \$20 will allowing the majorities claimed by Democrats but finding that Kilpatrick did not need reinforcements, the brigade left him on Sunday morning, and rejoined the division at Culpepper.

On Sunday night General Gregg moved to Sulphur Springs, arriving at about 8 o'clock at

On Monday morning two regiments, the 4th and 18th Pennsylvania, were sent toward Jef ferson, about five miles from Sulphur Springs, and the 1st Maine was sent out towards Little ngton to reconnoitre.

The last named regiment encountered a large force of the enemy just beyond Amosville and were surrounded, but gallantly out their way out and crossed the river at Waterloo Ford, sboot twelve miles above Sulphur Springs. About ten o'clock on Monday enemy advanced on the 4th and 18th Pennsyl vania regiments, which were at Jefferson, with cavalry, showing heavy infantry supports in their rear, when our cavalry, seeing they were being overpowered, fell back slowly, contesting and children. Large assortment of Hoop the ground, to a large forest this side of Jeffer-Skirts and Balmorals, Shawls and Cloaks, son, where General Gregg, who led these regl ments in person, dismounted a portion of his men and sent them cut as skirmishers, their horses having been sent back to Sulphur

Springs.

After stubbornly contesting the ground for nearly two hours, they were ordered to fall bac alowly, and as they were doing so, a heavy in-fantry force of the enemy was discovered on each flauk, and at the same time three regiments of rebel cavalry, having made a wide detour attacked tham in the rear.

At this time the 10th New York was sent to the support of Gregg, and Reed's Battery M. 2d United States artillery, opened on the rebel cavalry; but owing to the short range of the guns, which were brass Napoleons, no damage was inflicted on the enemy by them.

giments were attacked on each flank and in the

Our men cut their way through and escaped across the river with heavy losss.

The 16th Pennsylvania cavalry was now dis

mounted, and thrown out along the river banks as skirmishers, while the 8th Pennsylvania was also dismounted, and ordered to support the battery, which had only four short range guns, and the enemy opened on us with some twent pieces of artillery, but our troops gallantly 'neld the ground for several hours, repulsing the charges of the enemy and gradus in falling back on the Fayetteville road, the enemy following but heaving at a recommendation. back on the respectaving russ, whe enemy following, but keeping at a respectable distance.
Gen. Gregg had two aids with him, Lients.
Martin and Cutler, both of whom were wounded, the former severely and the latter slightly.
Lieut. Adams, of the 4th Pennsylvania; Maj.
Wilson of the 8th Pennsylvania: Lient Col. Wilson, of the 8th Pennsylvania; Lieut. Col Kettler, of the 1st New Jersey, and Major Bus sell, of the 1st Maryland, were wounded.

The loss of the 2d brigade, it is thought, will amount to 400 men in killed, wounded and missing, the 4th and 18th Pennsylvania regiments enffering meet saverely mesting, the tell since the relinsylvanta regi-ments suffering meet severely.

Gen. Gregg is highly spoken of for the man-ner in which he fought his men, and it was owing to his skill and bravery that the 4th

and 18th Pennsylvania fought their way out of

The Obic soldiers at Chestout Hill Hospital on the Chestout Hill Hospital on man being wounded while on placed-last the Book Stores and Bannvart's Drug Store.

Our cavalry yesterday held the enemy in for Ladies. Doors open at 7 o'clock, Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets for sale at one man being wounded while on placed-last the Book Stores and Bannvart's Drug Store.

EXAGGERATED RUMORS OF A DISASTER ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF THE POTOMAU.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—Exaggerated rumors were in circulation to day of fighting on the south side of the Potomac. There seems to be no doubt that there has been skirmishing among the cavalry, but there has been nothing of the character that partakes of a general en-

dispatches had been received concerning the military movements of the day, hence there is no reason to believe that we have met with any erious disaster.

Later News from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.

Sr. Johns, N. F., Oct. 14. The steamship Africa still remains opposite the entrance of the harbor but will probably move up to a more sheltered pesition.

Her mails go to Halifax on Thursday, by her

najesty's steamship Vesuvius.

Capt. Stone considered himself fifteen miles further south when the Africa struck.

The ship was making water so fast that when Sr. Louis, Mo., Oct. 14. The latest accounts of Shelby's robel raiders say that they divided eight miles southwest of the engineer slowed to take on board a pilot the passengers had to assist the crew at the pumps say that they divided eight miles southwest of the raiders. Her injuries are difficult to

QUEERC, Oct. 15—Business in both Houses of the Canadian Parliament closed last night. The

Rejoicing in Buffalo.

BYFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 14. There will be a great torchlight procession.

Rejoicings in Erie, Pa

ERIR. Oct. 14. There are great rejoicings here to day in honor of the election of Curtin and Brough. This evening a national salute was fired in

nor of the victories. BRADFORD COUNTY.

Curtin has 4,000 majority. The whole Re-publican County Ticket is elected.

Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15. There is firm feeling; 3,000 bbls. were disposed of at \$5 25@5 50 for superfine, \$6 for axtra and \$6 50@7 50 for low grade and extra and \$6 50@7 50 for low grade and choice family; receipts and stocks light. Small sales of rye flour at \$5 75. Corn meal, nothing doing. There is good demand for wheat and 15,000 bus. sold at \$1 50 and 1,500 bus. choice Kentucky white at \$1 85. Small sales of rye at \$1 25. Corn is rather quiet; sales of yellow at \$1 05. Oats are active at 85c. In greceiving no change and not much doing. In groceries no change and not much doing. In provisions there is a firm feeling; sales of mess pork at \$16; hams at 121@181; sides at 71c.; shoulders at 6@8c. Laid is firm at 111 - Whisky is unsettled; sales of 290 bbbls. at 61

New Advertirements

@624c.

\$20 REWARD.

CONDUCT OF GEN. GENERG'S CAVALET.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—The Romine No., of Investigation was ordered from Bealton Station on Saturday, towards Culpepper, and arrived at Culpepper, and arrived at Culpepper at 4 o'clock on that afternoon. Thence the 20 Signal of the 24 Division was ordered by the 25 Division was ordered by the 25 Division was ordered by the 24 Division was ordered by the 25 Division wa ISRAEL SHANABBOOK.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. WHEREAS, my wife, CAROLINE HIN-TON, has left my bed and board withust cause or provocation, I hereby caution all persons not to harbor or trust her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contract-

focto and loskeh hinton HARRIEBURG BANK, Oct. 13, 1863. The annual election for thirteen directors of this hank, will be held at the banking house, on the third Monday, (16th) of Novem er next, between the hours of 10 A. M and 3 P. M. oct18 d3t-wte J. W. WEIR, Cashler.

TU-T received, Calicos at 16, 18 and 20 cts.; Muelins 18, 20 and 25 cts.; large lot of flan-Skirts and Balmorals, Shawls and Cloaks, Plain and Plaid Dress Goods to be sold at Philsdelphia prices. At Brownold's Cheap Corner, Market and Second, opposite Jones House.

Wants.

MANTED—A Substitute. Apply to [1t] EBY & KUNKEL.

WANTED-A colored girl to do the work of a small family. Must be a good washer and ironer. For address apply at this office. oct7 dtf

WANTED—A Wool Carder and a Weaver. Steady employment will be given. For particulars apply to B. C. Hopkins, River alley The 4th and 13th Pennsylvania were now between Chestnut and Market street, or at the pressed severely on the front, and our centre T. Lindsey's Factory, on the Connedogulate was broken, and at the same time the two regiments were attacked on each flank and in the greek, five miles from Harrist urg. oct13 d3.6

Am asements.

LAUCHABLE: INTERESTING: WONDERFUL! LAUGHING GASI PROF. HARRY LEE, A. M., WILL GIVE

TWO GRAND EXHIBITIONS ΔT BRANT'S HALL,

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY EVENINGS,

OCTOBER 15th AND 16th, 1863, ASSISTED BY PROF. HALLER,

ELOQUENCE, WIT, SONG AND DANCE ARE BROUGHT OUT BY THE GAS!

These Exhibitions, given by Prov. LEE, at a precarious position.

The same and the first the same and the carnest solicitation of his friends, to whom the carnest solicitation of his friends, the ca the thickest of the fight, and in several charges most popular and amusing new before the took the lead.

During the engagement the rebels charged discovery that, by the proper use of the Pro-

ADMISSION 25 cents. Front seats reserved