Daily Telegraph

"OUR COUNTRY RIGHT OR WRONG."

UNION STATE NOMINATIONS FOR 1863.

PLEDGED TO A SUPPORT OF THE GOVERNMENT—THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION—THE EXECUTION OF THE LAWS—THE SUPPRESSION OF THE REBELLION—THE TRIUMPH OF THE "STARS AND STRIPES," AND A STRICT MAINTENANCE OF THE UNION.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

ANDREW G. CURTIN,

OF CENTRE COUNTY.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

DANIEL AGNEW,

OF BEAVER COUNTY.

COUNTY TICKET.

SENATOR.

DAVID FLEMING, of Harrisburg.

ASSEMBLY.

H. C. ALLEMAN, of Harrisburg.

DANIEL KAISER, of Wiconisco.

SHERIFF.

WM. W. JENNINGS, of Harrisburg.

RECORDER.

JOHN RINGLAND, of Middletown.

TREASURER.

ISAAC HERSHEY, of South Hanover.

COMMISSIONER.

B. W. M'CLURE, of Harrisburg, 3 years.

HENRY HARTMAN, of Washington, 1 year.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

JOHN KREAMER, of West Hanover.

AUDITOR.

SAMUEL M'ILHENNY, of Lower Paxton.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Thursday Evening, October 8, 1863.

THE INFLUENCE OF ENGLISH GOLD ON AMERICAN ELECTIONS!!

A BOLD ATTEMPT OF THE BRITISH ARISTOCRACY

To Debase the People of Pennsylvania.

It is well known in financial circles, that the Democratic slave owners in the South have been sustained in their efforts to overthrow and destroy the American Government by the GOLD OF THE BRITISH ARISTOCRACY!—The loan of money for this purpose was secured by a pledge of the cotton crop of the South, but in the desperation of the rebels, when the cordon of the Federal arms was tightening around the conspirators, they destroyed these crops lest they should fall into the hands of the Federal Government. The cotton crops of the South, for the next twenty years, will not more than pay for their harvesting. This the money changers of England fully understand and now, to save the "cotton loan," and secure a collection of their claims against the Southern confederacy, these same money changers are subscribing large sums of money to carry the elections in the States of New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio.

A member of the National Democratic Committee, a celebrated banker in New York, Augustus Bellmont, is the agent of the British Aristocracy, and it is through the hands of Bellmont that the English bankers disburse the money to carry the elections in New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio.

Thus, if Woodward can be elected by the aid of this money, the understanding is, that the influence of the State of Pennsylvania shall be thrown to force the National Government to assume and pay the rebel debt. The English aristocracy, the money dealers in that country, are anxious to save themselves. They are convinced that the southern slaveholders cannot and will not pay their honest debts. The head of the southern conspirators, on a former occasion, advocated the repudiation of debts owing to the English people. Hence Jeff Davis is not trusted, and hence the idea of putting men into power who can be moulded to the uses of the British aristocracy.

We leave these facts to the people of Pennsylvania. Woodward is pledged to two great objects—

1st. He, Woodward, will attempt to cast the influence of Pennsylvania in a direction which will soonest secure the success of the slaveholders' rebellion; and,

2d. If Woodward and his party fail in thus securing the success of the rebellion, the debts incurred in the efforts of the slaveholders to destroy the American Union, must be assumed by all the States, by the loyal people of Pennsylvania as well as by the traitors of South Carolina.

Will the voters of Pennsylvania submit to this grand scheme of relieving the rebels and their British allies from the responsibility which they have assumed in attempting to overthrow and ruin free government on this hemisphere? This is a question to be answered at the polls on Tuesday next.

THE LAST CARD.

A Most Infamous Falsehood.

We have just been informed that SAMUEL SINGER of this city, has been circulating a report that he has seen Gov. Curtin frequently intoxicated. We can hardly believe that Mr. Singer has been guilty of circulating a falsehood like this, but if he has done so, he is a most WILFUL AND MALICIOUS FALSIFIER. We dare him or any of Gov. Curtin's opponents, to come out over there own signature and make such allegations.

Mr. Singer owes it to himself to come out publicly and deny the charge imputed to him. The fact of his having said so to several persons, has been communicated to us by a reliable and responsible gentleman, and if he does not publicly deny it over his own signature, we shall take it for granted that he has been guilty of slandering a neighbor without cause. We can hardly believe that Mr. Singer is guilty, but let us have the facts or he will be branded AS A MALICIOUS AND WILFUL FALSIFIER.

WHITE SLAVES.

The Success of Woodward will be Tantamount to the Enslavement of all Labor.

WORKINGMEN! READ! READ!!

It is of the greatest importance to the workingmen of Pennsylvania to understand the true sentiments and objects of the leading traitors of the South. Their opinions of workingmen—who earn their support by their daily labor—are clearly set forth in the following extract from the speech of Mr. Hammond, of South Carolina, in the Senate of the United States, on the 4th of March, 1858:

"In all social systems there must be a class to do the mean duties, to perform the drudgery of life—that is, a class requiring but a low order of intellect, and but little skill. Its requisites are vigor, docility, fidelity. * * * *It constitutes the very mud sills of society* and of political government; and you might as well attempt to build a house in the air, as to build either one or the other except on the mud-sills. Fortunately for the South, she found a race adapted to that purpose to her hand. * * * We use them for the purpose, and call them slaves.

The man who lives by daily labor, and scarcely lives at that, and who has put out his labor in the market, and take the best he can get for it—in short, *your whole class of manual laborers and operatives, as you call them, are SLAVES.* The difference between us is, that our slaves are hired for life, and well compensated; there is no starvation, no begging, no want of employment among our people, and not too much employment either. Yours are hired by the day. * * *YOUR SLAVES ARE WHITE, OF YOUR OWN RACE*—you are brothers, of one blood. *Our slaves do not vote.* We give them no political power. *Yours do vote;* and, being the majority, they are the depositories of all your political power. If they knew the tremendous secret, that the ballot-box is stronger than an army with bayonets, where would you be? Your society would be reconstructed. * * * Not by meetings in parks, with arms in their hands, *but by the peaceful process of the ballot-box.*"

The law-abiding and Union-loving workingmen of the Union—whom the Senator denounces as "White Slaves," went to the ballot box, according to the Constitution, and effected a "peaceful revolution." But the "gentlemen" traitors of the South, less loyal and less honest, went "with arms in their hands," and treason in their hearts, and have compelled the working men of the South to rise against their brothers of the North, in order to make "white slaves" of them all.

There are many other advocates of the doctrine of Senator Hammond who can be produced.

George W. Woodward, the copperhead candidate for Governor, is prominent among these advocates, because he declared that slavery was an incalculable blessing—a blessing which should be secured to the capitalists of Pennsylvania without hesitation or delay.

These things being true, we charge,

1st. That the rebellion of the South Carolina traitors is an attempt to destroy the interests of the Democratic working classes of the Union.

2. That it is an effort to build up forever a system by which *"Capital shall own Labor."*

3d. That it is an attempt to make slavery—and property in slaves—the controlling interest of the Union.

4th. That slavery is, and from its nature must be, the deadly enemy of Free Labor.

5th. That the success of the traitors will be a death-blow to the interests of Free Workingmen, North and South.

6th. That self interest and patriotism both call upon Workingmen to stand by the Government firm as a rock till the rebellion is put down, and peace restored by the constitutional authorities.

SPLENDID ELECTIONEERING DODGE

To Give Aid and Comfort to Rebellion!!

The Election of Woodward to be made the Influence of Recognizing the Southern Confederacy.

The *Tory Organ*, this morning, with its usual hypocrisy, attempts to ridicule one of the exploded schemes of the copperhead leaders to make the election of Woodward the means of securing the recognition of the Southern Confederacy. The character of the scheme is set forth in the following circular, which accidently fell into the hands of a loyal Democrat of this city, upon whom the copperheads have heretofore relied as a supporter of Woodward, but who will vote for the re-election of Gov. Curtin. This circular the *Tory Organ* pronounces a forgery. We grant that it is, and a baser forgery was never attempted by the copperhead leaders in order to give aid and comfort to treason. It is a forgery on the loyal sentiment of the people of the State. A forgery on the valor and devotion of the gallant Pennsylvanians, who are now perilling life and limb in defence of the Government.

☞—But we will not longer detain the reader from the perusal of this precious specimen of copperhead sympathy for the slave-holders' rebellion. Here it is. Let freemen read and reflect upon the atrocious scheme which it suggests:

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept., 1863.

DEAR SIR:—We have been informed that you are an unconditional Democrat; and as such we ask you to be up and doing. We must work or be forever defeated, for the Abolitionists are doing all they can—let us take example by them. The time is short; and if we go to work we may yet accomplish what we should have done last July, but in a different way.—We have a true friend of our cause in New York, Gov. Seymour, but he says he can do nothing unless Pennsylvania and Ohio join him, by electing our man Woodward, and Ohio electing Vallandigham. We will then be all right, so we need not fear all the Abolition States of the East. The way to accomplish this is, if we are blamed as being disunionists, we must deny it in every shape and form, as there are some that do not actually know what is to their interests. They are made believe that without the old Union they could not live. This is one of the greatest humbugs entirely; why not live as well as Prussia, and Austria, and many other nations, who have nothing but blazed trees between them, and yet they live in harmony, and why should not we, besides ours would be Democratic. If New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois were joined together we could elect whoever we please, to rule over us, without asking the Eastern States who might suit them. Every State has a right to do what they see proper. This is what the confederate States contend for, and justly. So, if they are let alone, they will not trouble us. To do this, if we can get our Democratic candidates elected in Pennsylvania and Ohio, we will have our soldiers called home. And then if Lincoln wishes to carry on this war to subjugate the confederate States, let him see where he gets his men. You must urge upon your neighbors, that Curtin has violated every trust, and that he has never done for the soldiers what he has represented to have done. That they are all Republican lies. If you have any in your neighborhood that pretend to be Union Democrats—call them Abolitionists and everything you can think of to drive them into the ranks. Tell them that just such men as they have been the cause of having martial law declared in Kentucky. If it had not been for martial law, Kentucky would have been all right, that is, she would now be where she should be, in the Southern confederacy.

☞This circular is strictly confidential.—Whatever you do, keep it a secret. Let none of the Republicans or Abolitionists, get this, or it might raise an awful gale, and they might put martial law in force which would frustrate all our plans. If possible we will get some of our friends from the country towns to visit every election district on the day of the election, with one of these circulars and warn the people against such news. This will have the desired effect, if in case some should be lost or lifted in a mistake. Be sure and vote for your whole State and county ticket. None received the nomination but unconditional members of our cause. Yours, respectfully,

B. A. N., Secretary.

By order of the Confidential Committee.

Official Majorities of 1860 and '62.

We give below the official majorities at the Governor's election in 1860, and also the Auditor General's of 1862. These will be important for reference, and we recommend to those who want them to cut them out and preserve them, as we shall not again publish them.

The aggregate vote of the State in 1860, was:

A. G. Curtin	263,397
H. D. Forster	230,269
Whole vote	493,666
Curtin's majority	32,128

In 1862 the aggregate vote was:

Slenker	219,066
Cochran	216,684
Whole vote	435,750
Slenker's majority	3,382

The vote of 1862 was 57,916 short of that in 1860. We had designed to give an estimate for each county of Tuesday's election. We have no doubt that A. G. Curtin will be elected by about 25,000 majority, and it may reach double that. With such a record as Woodward presents, he ought to be beaten 50,000 at least.

The Vote for Governor in October, 1860, and for Auditor General in October, 1862.

MAJORITIES.

COUNTIES.	Curtin, U.	Foster, C.	Cochran, U.	Slenker, C.
Adams		76		411
Allegheny	6,689		4,428	
Armstrong	776			226
Beaver	967		534	
Bedford		97		641
Berks		3,485		5,914
Blair	879		664	
Bradford	4,336		4,063	
Bucks	53			707
Butler	918		153	
Cambria		406		1,199
Cameron			60	
Carbon		208		700
Centre	941			831
Chester	1,627		2,354	
Clarion		502		959
Clinton	47			387
Clearfield		285		852
Columbia		733		1,570
Crawford	2,099		1,417	
Cumberland		91		844
Dauphin	1,253		874	
Delaware	1,187		1,311	
Erie	3,144		1,542	
Elk		212		311
Fayette		174		935
Franklin	674		17	
Fulton		129		283
Forest	60		28	
Greene		1,140		1,920
Huntingdon	956		643	
Indiana	1,786		1,900	
Jefferson	393			71
Juniata	38			454
Lancaster	5,859		4,939	
Lawrence	1,686		1,498	
Lebanon	1,613		832	
Lehigh		390		1,944
Luzerne		254		2,621
Lycoming	531			923
Mercer	650		372	
M'Kean	392		152	
Mifflin	233		98	
Monre		1,341		1,662
Montgomery		1,580		1,647
Montour		237		471
Northampton		1,742		2,491
Northumberl'd		566		983
Perry	288			42
Philadelphia		1,826	2,801	
Pike		519		632
Potter	795		777	
Schuylkill	234			1,594
Somerset	1,605		1,060	
Snyder	569		339	
Sullivan		149		329
Susquehanna	1,654		1,196	
Tioga	2,816		1,986	
Union	801		425	
Venango	449		68	
Warren	940		655	
Washington	562			429
Wayne	73			941
Westmoreland		446		1,867
Wyoming		174		191
York		1,343		8,086
Total				

The Soldier Candidate for Sheriff in Lancaster County.

The *Tory Organ* attempts, this morning, to make some capital out of the fact that the copperheads have nominated a gallant soldier for Sheriff in Lancaster county, insinuating as it does so, that the people of that county are too *loyal* to vote, which means that they are too much opposed to Democracy to support any man belonging to that party for office of trust or honor. Now we happen to know (through knowledge derived from good authority) that Col. Hambright has written to a copperhead friend in Lancaster city, declining the nomination for Sheriff, on the ground that he does not desire to be connected with a party that is identified in sympathy with the great rebellion which he is now fighting. *But this letter has been suppressed,* AND WITH AN IMPUDENCE ONLY EQUALLING THEIR MALIGNITY, THE COPPERHEADS OF LANCASTER COUNTY PERSIST IN HOLDING ON TO THE NAME OF A GALLANT SOLDIER TO BO A LOYAL CAUSE A VITAL INJURY. *Shame!*

OPERATIONS AT THE MINT.—The monthly statement of the United States Mint for the month of September, shows a gold coinage of $261,552 55, mostly in double eagles, and a silver coinage of $27,674 88.

Hon. Thaddeus Stevens

Lost heavily by the destruction of his iron works between Chambersburg and Gettysburg, which were utterly destroyed by the rebels in the July raid. We propose that loyal men of the North create a fund by subscriptions of five dollars each, to rebuild these iron works, or otherwise invest the amount, say one hundred thousand dollars, for the benefit of this great champion of *free labor.*

The RECORD OF THE TIMES office will head the list with $5, and a number of gentlemen from different parts of the State have expressed a willingness to unite in the testimonial. Can it be done.—*Wilkesbarre Record of the Times.*

Yes. No man in this country deserves more at the hands of loyal men than Thaddeus Stevens—and no single individual has suffered more severely at the hands of traitors, than he. We are willing to give the $5 proposed to the above subscription, and there are thousands more in the State, who will subscribe a like or a greater amount, if required. Pass the paper around. Let the people restore what the traitors destroyed for Thaddeus Stevens.

THE REVOLUTIONARY PLAN OF DEALING WITH TRAITORS.—In the course of a most effective speech delivered in Philadelphia a few evenings since, by Gov. Noble, of Wisconsin, he remarked that:

"Three short resolutions were passed by the Continental Congress in '76. Every house in Philadelphia, occupied by suspected parties, was searched for arms, and all arms were seized for the use of the Government. And it was enacted that *all persons inimical to the cause of the government were to be seized and imprisoned.*

"That was in the days of Washington and Jefferson. What abominable tyrants Knox and Hamilton must have been in the sight of copperhead reasoning! This doesn't sound like the copperhead Unionism of to-day. Is it right? (Roars of "Yes, yes.") Was it right to take up the innocent lamb, Vallandigham? (Curse him, hang him.) If men are true they cannot take offence at this. It is only the traitor that it hurts. If the garment fits, put it right on. If the fathers of the country were right, we are right. Was it right to take men in overt act, arrest and secure them! (Cries of "Yes.") Such men are more deserving of punishment than the innocent soldiers seduced by their pleading."

By Telegraph.

A GRAND FIZZLE.

CARLISLE, Oct. 8, 1863.

It was expected, from the extensive preparation that had been made by the copperheads, that the meeting to be held to-day would be a grand affair, but it has proved an entire fizzle. There are hardly people enough present to constitute a common town meeting.

THE WAR IN GEORGIA AND TENNESSEE.

Gen. Rosecrans' Army in a Perfectly Safe Condition.

A GREAT BATTLE MUST SOON BE FOUGHT.

NEW YORK, October 7.

A special dispatch from Cincinnati says:

"Our correspondents report that the army of Gen. Rosecrans is perfectly safe.

MORE REINFORCEMENTS ARE NEAR AT HAND.

Fresh troops are constantly arriving from the West and elsewhere.

The rebal cavalry cannot seriously interfere with the supplies of General Rosecrans.

A great battle must soon be fought.

Perfect confidence is felt in the final issue.

GUERILLAS AT WORK IN KENTUCKY, ETC.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 7—Guerrillas at Woodburn, Warren county, recently committed many depredations, burning a number of houses, robbing citizens, etc.

Reports are current here that a raid into Glasgow, Ky., was made near daybreak to-day. Eighty-five guerrillas surprised our forces amounting to upwards of three hundred, and captured nearly all of them.

The officer commanding is said to have killed two rebels with a revolving rifle, and on approaching the stockade found it occupied by rebels, but six of our men being in it when overpowered. Our newspapers deny this story; but the story is repeated this evening by travelers, though it is discredited in military circles.

General Grant's order of September 23d has been published at Memphis, making that city and New Orleans marts for the sale of cotton by the loyal owners thereof, and banishing all cotton speculators from the Mississippi Valley, south of Helena, Arkansas.

To-day's Nashville *Press* denies the burning of the bridge by the rebels near Stewart's creek. It says that the rebel General Wheeler crossed the river at Washington, last Thursday morning, crossed thirteen miles above Chattanooga, and passed down Sequatchie Valley.

The rebels captured fifty wagons of one of our trains at the foot of the mountains, near Anderson's Cross Roads, burning a number of them and killing about three hundred horses and mules.

A train loaded with ammunition, clothing, and rations, forty wagons carrying medical and sanitary stores, and about fifty sutlers' teams, were also lost by our forces.

General Mitchell, as soon as he learned of the crossing of the rebels, pursued them, and on Friday and Saturday killed and wounded twenty rebels, took 200 prisoners, and captured 250 mules.

On reaching Walnut range the rebels shot 200 mules, to prevent their falling into our hands.

MISSOURI.

Two Thousand Rebels Enter the Southwestern Part of the State.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 7.

Intelligence has been received at headquarters here, stating that about 2,000 rebels, from General Marmaduke's command, under Colonel Shelby, had entered Southwest Missouri, from Arkansas, for raiding purposes.

Ours troops were concentrating upon them from several points, and their capture is not improbable.

It is believed that this rebel force is intended to be the nucleus of the Missouri State Guard, the re-organization of which, since the capture of Jeff. Thompson, has been placed in the hands of Waldo P. Johnson, late United States Senator from Missouri.

Tonw ections in Connecticut—Union Majorities.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Oct. 8.

The *Palladium* gives the returns from the town elections in this State. In one hundred townships, the Unionists carried fifty-five, and the opposition forty-five. These returns embrace nearly all the towns in which elections were held on Monday. The vote in many parts of the State has been unusually heavy. The Union men regard the result as highly gratifying.

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF.

REPORTED FIGHT AT BRASHEAR CITY—GEN. FRANKLIN REPULSED—ARRIVAL OF GEN. ORD—THE REBELS DEFEATED.

CHICAGO, Oct. 7.

The *Evening Journal* has information from passengers just from New Orleans to the effect that Gen. Farnklin's corps was repulsed in an attack upon the rebels at Brashear City, but that Gen. Ord's 13th Army corps came up and completely defeated the rebels.

No particulars are given. The news is said to have been officially communicated to Gen. Sherman, at Memphis.

Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 8.

There is a firmer feeling in breadstuffs; 2,000 bbls. extra family sold at $6 75@6 87½ and a small lot of superfine at $5@5 25. Receipts and stocks light. Rye flour firm at $5 50. Wheat active and higher, with sales of 5,000 bus. new red at $1 40@1 50, and white at $1 70@1 75. Rye is firmer at $1 15. Corn is steady at $1 for yellow and 98c. for mixed western. Oats have advanced 5c. and 4,000 bus. sold at 83@85c. Petroleum is unsettled and lower; say 33c. for crude and 50@53c. for refined in bond. A shipment of 4,000 bbls. has been made from Liverpool to New York. Provisions firmer. Sales of old and new mess pork at $13 25@14 37½ and 500 tcs. of lard at 11¼c. Whiskx has advanced to 60c.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.

Flour dull—sales of 7,000 bbls at $5 90@5 35 for superfine State; $5 20@5 35 for common to good western and $6 05@7 for round hoop Ohio. Wheat declined 1c—sales of 85,000 bus at $1 15@1 22 for Chicago spring; $1 26@1 33 for red. western. Corn advanced 1c—sales of 100,000 bus at 99c@$1 00 for mixed western and 95@97c for mixed eastern. Beef quiet. Pork quiet. Lard steady at 11@11½. Whisky firm at 60c.

Married.

At Carlisle, on the 6th inst., by the Rev. C. P. Wing, Mr. AMBROSE J. FAUST, of Harrisburg, to Miss NAN CLELAND, daughter of Mr. James Cleland, of Shermansdale, Perry county.

—We could not, if we would, disguise our gratification of being able to record the happy union of our friend, the groom, in the above matrimonial alliance. He is now *one of us,* a member of the mystic circle which is controlled by the sweetest of connubial influences; and we hope that, while life is lengthened out to himself and his beautiful bride, its joys may be undisturbed and its felicities daily increased.—We drink to the health of the happy party in the sparkling beverage which accompanied their marriage notice; and for the sumptuous cake which made up a portion of "the remembrance of the printer," they will please accept the printer's blessing.

New Advertisements.

DR. B. M. GILDEA,

DENTIST.

NO. 119 MARKET STREET,

Teeth positively extracted without pain by the use of nitrous oxide. oct7dtf

NOTICE TO PENSIONERS.

OLD Pensioners in this and adjoining districts, are notified to appear for bi-ennial examination at the Court House in Harrisburg, on Monday, the 12th of October, 1863.

WILLIAM S. ROWLAND,
S. T. CHARLTON,
Examining Surgeons for Army and Navy Pensions. oct8 d3t

PUBLIC SALE.

OF

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

WILL BE SOLD at Public Sale on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7th, 1863,

On the premises, in the borough of Middletown, Dauphin county, Pa, all that certain large and commodious Double Brick House, and three adjoining Lots of Ground with Barn, Stable and small Dwelling House, Wash House and other convenient outbuildings. The grounds are handsomely laid out, and planted with choice Fruit Trees in full bearing, Grape Vines, Shrubbery, &c.

The Brick House and Lot of Ground fronting on Maine street is 60 feet front by 200 feet deep, and is No. 3 on the plan of the borough, and includes a Store House and fixtures complete.

The other 2 Lots fronting on Water street, adjoining the above, are 200 feet deep and numbered 12 and 13 on the plan. No. 12 includes the small House, and No. 13 includes the Barn and Stable. The property is well known as the residence of Joseph Ross, dec'd.

The above properties will be offered separately or as a whole to suit purchasers.

Also, an out Lot of Ground, situated at the end of Spring street in said borough, containing One Acre and Twenty Perches, more or less, adjoining properties of Hatfield and Lauman, a very good location for building.

☞ Sale to commence at half-past two o'clock, P. M., when terms will be made known. Any person wishing, can examine the property by calling at the Mansion House. By order of

oct8 d1w wts EXECUTORS.

ALL PERSONS wanting Shade Trees planted this fall, who have not already ordered, will be promptly supplied, and have my personal attention of the planting by sending orders at once through the Post office or to the place immediately below the city.

oct7 J. MISH.

BRADY'S

Fine Bread and Cake Bakery,

74 Market Street.

THE subscriber, thankful for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him since he has taken the Bakery formerly occupied by David Brady, successor to Thomas Finley, takes this method to inform the public that he has purchased the interest of David Brady, and will now use greater exertions to please his customers and all who may favor him with a call, with the choicest of CAKES, and the best BREAD that clean, careful and experienced hands can make of the best extra family flour.

TEA CAKES, BISCUIT, PIES,

And a great variety of Fancy and Common Cakes always on hand or made to order. Come and try our Bread and Cakes.

A. E. BRADY, Proprietor,
oct6-d1m G. S. BRADY, Sup't.

LOST OR STOLEN.

A WHITE and Liver-Colored SETTER PUP, six months old—stripe down his nose. A liberal reward will be given by returning him to Colder's Stage Office. oct8-dtf

MUSIC.

MISS G. F. HOUSTON will give instructions in Music to pupils at their residences, or at her own, in Walnut street near Front.

TERMS—$8,00 per quarter, of twelve weeks.

Refers to

REV. W. C. CATTELL, JNO. A. FISHER, ESQ.,
MR. J. MCCORMICK, JR. JOHN A. WIER, ESQ.

sept26-3taw2w]

Wants.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply at this office. oct8-d2t

WANTED—A colored girl to do the work of a small family. Must be a good washer and ironer. For address apply at this office. oct7 dtf

WANTED.

SIX TO EIGHT GOOD CARPENTERS at the [s28 d&w2w

HARRISBURG CAR MANUFACTORY.

WANTED—One Good Quarryman who understands the business. "No others need apply." [sept9] J. MISH.

TEACHERS AND INTELLIGENT YOUNG MEN WANTED to sell the standard History of the War. 200,000 copies sold. Circulars, giving terms, &c., sent free. Address

JONES BROS. & CO.,
o1 d6m Baltimore, Md.

For Sale and for Rent.

FOR RENT—A dwelling house with six rooms, wash shed, large yard, stable, &c. Pleasantly situated on State street near the river. [oct8d1w) CHAS. C. BAWN.

FOR RENT—Three rooms, located in Washington Avenue, two doors from Second. Enquire of MRS. HENRY VOGEL. oct8-d4t

FOR SALE—A two story brick house and lot, (Scott House,) opposite Car Factory. Enquire on premises. oct7 d2t

FOR SALE—A Two Story Frame House in Sixth Ward, opposite the Duck Tavern. Inquire of Michael McAdams, River Alley, below Washington Avenue. Terms easy. oct7 d1w

New Advertisements.

DAN RICE'S

GREAT SHOW!

DAN RICE! DAN RICE! DAN RICE! DAN RICE! DAN RICE! DAN RICE! DAN RICE!

DAN RICE'S GREAT SHOW

WILL VISIT

Harrisburg,

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, OCT. 9TH AND 10TH.

Performance every afternoon at 2 o'clock.
" " evening " 7½ "

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