Paily Telegraph

OUR COUNTRY RIGHT OR WRONG. UNION STATE NOMINATIONS FOR 1863

PLEDGED TO A SUPPORT OF THE GOVERNMENT — THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION—THE EXECUTION

STATE TICKET. FOR GOVERNOR.

ANDREW G. CURTIN OF CENTRE COUNTY.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, DANIEL AGNEW,

> OF BRAVER COUNTY. COUNTY TICKET.

SENATOR.

DAVID FLEMING, of Harrisburg.

ASSEMBLY. H. C. ALLEMAN, of Harrisburg. DANIEL KAISER, of Wiconisco.

SHERIFF. W. W. JENNINGS, of Harrisburg.

JOHN RINGLAND, of Middletown TREASURER.

ISAAC HERSHEY, of South Hanover. COMMISSIONER. R. W. M'CLURE, of Harrisburg, 3 years.

RECORDER.

HENRY HARTMAN, of Washington, 1 year. DIRECTOR OF THE POOR. JOHN KREAMER, of West Hanover-

AUDITOR. SAMUEL M'ILHENNY, of Lower Paxton.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Monday Evening, Sept. 14, 1863. Assistant U. S. Quartermaster.—1 Good Appointment.

integrity.

both would have been benefitted.

Confiscation Act in New Orleans.

The Confiscation Act has vitality in New Orleans at least. The property of the following named persons, now in the service of the rebel Government, has been seized by order of the United States District Court, Eastern District of Louisiana, for forfeit ure and condemnation to the United States: J. P. Benjamin, Secretary subject are the same in spirit as the confessions gular army; Duncan F. Kenner, Representative ern allies of treason. Poth journals in Congress: Thos. J. Semmes, Senator in Congress; Marshal J. Smith, Colonel; I. Szymanski, Colonel: Maurico Grivot. Adjutant of Louisiana: W. B. Kouniz. Lieutenant Colonel: Daniel W. Adams, Brigadier General; Harry T. Hays. Brigadier General; Franklin H. Clark, Colonel; Charles M. Conrad, Representative in Congress. This is a blow in the right direction, as it strikes at the leaders and organizers of treason. Blows like these struck at some of the sympathizers with rebellion, would be of great service to the Government.

What Woodward and Vallacdigham Will do.

"If Woodward and Vallandigham were elected, with Scymour and Parker, they would unite in colling from the army the troops from their respective States, for the purpose of compelling the Administration to invite a Convention of the States to adjust our lues."-Extract of a speech delivered by Hiester Clymer, at Somerset, Pa.

-There is no disguise about all this. Taken in conjunction with the confessions of the Tory United States, be allowed in prace to administer Woodward, the sworn friend of the slaveholdthe Government of the said States? or shall Jefferson Davis, a traitor and usurper, who has participated in the murder of hundreds and thousands of Union men-who has been instrumental in laying waste large tracts of fruitful, peaceful and prosperous territory-who has repudiated the Constitution—who has conspired met in Convention a few days since, and nomto destroy the Union—who has sworn to spread slavery all over the free States—shall this rebel and traitor establish a government over that inaugurated by the heroes of the Revolution ? These are now the questions involved in the campaign for Governor of the State of Penncession in the State, then will come local re-represent the district most energetically and and Pennsylvania at war with the National him by a large majority. Government. Nothing could be plainer than support of the National Administration.

HONEST CONFESSION GOOD FOR THE

The Defeat of Andrew G. Curtin to be Made the Signal for the Success of the Rebellion.

We gave extracts from the Richmond copperead papers a few days since, by which we were distinctly informed that the election of George W. Woodward Covernor of Pennsyl OF THE LAWS-THE SUPPRESSION OF vania, would decide for all time the existence of THE REBELLION-THE TRIUMPH OF slavery by at once procuring the recognition THE "STARS AND STRIPES." AND A and the firm establishment of the Southern STRICT MAINTENANCE OF THE UNION. Confederacy. We were not suprised at that confession, because, since the Southern wing of the Democratic party went into the trade of blood to secure the unlimited rights of the institution of slavery, they have become peculiarly frank in speech and prompt in evil doing But this morning, after reading the Tory Organ (Jeff. Davis' mouth-piece in Pennsylvania,) we were surprised to find that an equal quality of trankness was noticeable in its editorials, and that, in unison with the Richmond Examine and other rebel organs, it now actually recommends the overthrow of the National Administration, that the war may be brought to an uncertain end, that the Southern Confederacy may be recognized, and that when that power is once established, war can be resumed for the introduction of slavery into every State of the old Union. Such are now the frank confessions and the clear inferences from the teachings of the Tory Organ. The plan to secure all this is by the election of Woodward. It is designed that, by the election of Woodward Governor of Pennsylvania, and Vallandigham elected Governor of Ohio, to . nter into an arrangement with the Governors of New York and New No person ever traduced the patriot Andrew third army corps, under Maj. Gen. Hartsuff, via Jersey, by which the troops now in the field from these four States, will be recalled, and him to apply to the old hero.

No person ever traduced the patriot Andrew third army corps, under Maj. Gen. Hartsuff, via Jamestown. Gen. Burnside, marching via Danterns were too harsh, no epithets too vile for him to apply to the old hero. thus Lee's layssion of the North left open, and the triumphant march of his cut-throats made the triumphant march of his cut-throats made the means of forever overthrowing the power and the influence of the National Government, and the influence of the National Government, and catablishing in their stead the tyranics and peals to his friends to exert themselves in his twenty eight miles from Williamsburg. Samuel B. Lauffer, late a Measurer in the ham Lincoln from the White House, by resisting ple of Schuylkill county failing to appreciate the payment of the taxes necessary to support his legal telents, he soon returned to old Berks, by the President an Assistant Quartermaster in the Government, by repudiating the National and finally succeeded in foisting bimself upon the U. S. Army, with the rank of Captain. We debt, by disbanding the National armies. It and verily the leader is worthy of the party make this announcement with sincere satisfacsays nothing about the rebels laying down and the party of the leader. Wherever known,
tion, because we know that the appointee is
their arms, not a word is ventured concerning clymer's calumnies will injure none but him
self. Hence he travels outside of old Brits to both competent and deserving. If all those the abdication of the traitor Davis, nothing blackguard Gov. Curting appointed to like positions within the last two is said in regard to the burdens now resting upon years, could boast the same qualifications, and the masses of the South, because it is necessary had they brought to the position the same as- that Davis should rule, that his marauders siduous purpose to labor faithfully for the in-should be kept under arms, that the prestige of terest of the service in which they are engaged, his tyrannies should continue to appal and inas Mr. Lauffer, the Treasury and the people timidate the people everywhere, as all these are necessary to success. What the Tory Organ -We congratulate Capt. Lauffer at his en- asks for and demands, is exactly what the slave trance on the new duties assigned to him by drivers struggle for, namely, the overthrow of From the Army of the Potomac. the Government. He has fairly earned his the National Administration, the extinction of position by his loyalty, and will as fairly dis- all National power, the destruction of all the UNION ADVANCE BEYOND CULPEPPER charge its duties by his industry and his means of National defence, the repudiation of all National obligations and the utter absorption of all that we are as a free people, by the dements and the influences of treason.

-Such is a fair exposition of the confession made by the Tory Organ this morning. That confession was of course prompted by information those who control the columns of the organ derive from Richmond. In fact, the demands of the Richmond papers on the same of State; G. T. Beauregard, General in the re- of what can and should be done by the North-The Richmond journal inests that the defeat of captured three guns and about forty prisoners.

Curtin is one of the essentials of the success of The Second Army Corps now occupies Culpepthe plans of Northern invasion. The Harrisburg organ of treason confesses that the election of Woodward alone can humiliate the National little annoyance to our pickets. Four attempts Administration—alone can destroy the National were made during the past week to destroy the Government. Here is a true state of the Quarters of the men and contrabunds on the position in Pennsylvania. It is not necessary for of the vigilance of the guards. The loyal journals to implore the people who desire operating in this section is led by a noted des the safety of the National Government to secure that safety by the election of a loyal man Governor of the State of Peonsylvania. This women affording him every facility for obtain is done in clear terms by the anxiety of the ing information and eluding our souts. Copperheads to elect a dialoyal man to the same position, confessing, as they struggle for such an election, that it is the only road to the humiliation and the destruction of the National Government. On this true expesition of the design of traitors, loyal men must base and control their actions. If they want to perpetuate the power and the glory, the inestimable benefits and the real freedom of the National Organ this morning, the declarations of Clymer Government, the road to such a result is open may be regarded as the fixed policy of the in the election of Andrew G. Curtin Governor Copperheads, a policy to end this war by the of Pennsylvania. If, on the other hand, they destruction of the National Government. This want to increase the strength of treason by narrows down the issues in the present political increasing the power of its Northern allies, if campaign to the simple question, Shall Abra- they want to make rebellion respectable and ham Lincoln, the Constitutionally elected and treason potential, they can do so by placing Constitutionally inaugurated President of the executive power in the hands of George W.

> NOMINATIONS IN THE JUNIATA AND UNION DIS TRICT.—The conferers of the district composed of the counties of Union, Snyder and Juniata insted John Boisbach, of Juniata, and Samuer H. Oswic, of Union county, as candidates for

ers' conspiracy.

the Assembly. JOHN BOISBACK, the candidate from Juniata county, is a native of Dauphin county, where a large number of his relatives still reside, but he has been for a number of years engaged in bu. The London Globe's Paris correspondent says in chevalier pamphlet on Melcan affairs is and was once before captured by Gen. Burnside at Boanoke Island. The prisoners are now on their way North. In explanation of the cartiary isolation Gen. Register was eight hundred strong, in chevalier pamphlet on Melcan affairs is and was once before captured by Gen. Burnside at Boanoke Island. The prisoners are now on their way North. In explanation of the cartiary isolation Gen. Register was eight hundred strong, and was once before captured by Gen. Burnside at their way North. In explanation of the cartiary isolation Gen. Register was eight hundred strong, and was once before captured by Gen. Burnside at the captured sylvania. If Curtin is elected Governor, Lin- has been for a number of years engaged in bucoln will continue, as he was elected, the Con-siness at Perrysville, Juniata county, as a stitutional President of the United States. If merchant of high standing. He is an upright, Woodward succeeds to the Gubernatorial suc- honest and accomplished gentleman, who will bellion—then will follow a conflict of juris- faithfully. He will receive the votes of all the diction, a collision with the National authorities, loyal men of the district, and that will elect

all this. It is an issue which the Copperheads Union county, belongs to the legal fraternity SAMUEL H. ORWIG, E.q., the candidate from have boldly made. Their speakers advance it by profession, and hails from one of the oldest on the stump and their scribes arge it in their and most respectable families in the western porjournals. Henceevery man can vote knowingly. tion of Union county. He is a man of talent, He can knowingly vote for Woodward and and will rank among the foremost in the next rebellion, or he can vote for Curtin and the House of Representatives, to which he is sure safety of the National Government by the to be elected. No more popular or better ticket stores. could have been formed in the district.

FRESS. -- Sundry gentlemen of the D. mecratic faith, comprising the members of the Democratic State Central Committee of Ohio, Lave taken upon themselves to write to Gen. Reso crans, to ask what regulations prevailed in his army regarding the circulation of newspapers and other political documents. The General replies that no authority of his will be used to prevent the free enjoyment by the soldiers of the right of suffrage which the Legislature NEWS FROM BURNSIDE'S ARMY. guaranteed them. He says it would be inconvenient and unwise to allow stump orators to go to the army to ply their vocation, and then plainly says that no papers that seek to impair the spirit and vigor of the army (as all Copperhead papers do) shall be circulated. He says As to newspapers, pamphlets and other pub lications-none have been or will be excluded on the ground of party politics. But I do not belong to that sentimental class who weakly and timidly allow brawling license to stab true liberty. Hence, when any publication appear among us so licentious, lying or traitorous, as to endanger the morality or be likely to impair the spirit and vigor of this army. I feel bound by reason, justice and duty to my country, to use my authority to prevent the circulation.

Hiester Clymer—An Apostate and Traitor.

Editor of the Telegraph: -Your strictures in yesterday's TELEGRAPH, on the disreputable course pursued by Hiester Clymer, the Berks county demagogue, in slandering our present worthy Governor, are truthful and well deserved. Although an aspirant to the gubernatorial

chair of the great State of Pennsylvania, Clymer is nothing but a low, unprincipled political weathercock. To those acquainted with him, as I have been for the last twenty-five years, the blackguardi m of Clymer is not surprising.

the oppression of the rebel oligatchy. This is behalf. In a letter now in my possession, he acknowledged himself under lasting obligations if I would induce disaffected Democrats to supcopperhead leaders. The central organ of the port him, so that he would reach the goal of latter, here in Harrisburg, has confessed that his ambition, a seat in the Legislature. He the war can only be ended by destroying the National Administration—by expelling Abraself. Hence he travels outside of old Berks to

> ONE WHO KNOWS HIM. HARRISBURG, Sept. 11, 1863.

Telegraph

SKIBHISHING WITH THE REBELS. Culpepper Occupied by the Second interested hastily across it, closing the gate be hind them. The entire structure being prepared Army Corps.

RECOVERY OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOKAG,) September 13.

about three miles beyond Culpepper after considerable skirmishing with the enemy. We

Government farms, but failed in consequence perado, named Williams, who lives about ten miles from Arlington. All attempt to capture him have thus far proved futile, the secest

A large amount of Government property. including horses, clothing and quatermaster stores, has been discovered in the pessession of farmers in Fairfax and Loudon couties, and is being recovered by our officers. Many of the from the Government corral a shortime since, and scattered through the pine forets.

Mrs. E. J. Lerch, who arrived here from Richmond yesterday, having left hat city on Tuesday last, reports that when she left there were large numbers of troops passing through, who, she understood, were from Le's army on the way to reinforce Bragg and Bearegard. It being reinforced from Bragg's.

The sutlers and those dealing insutler's sup-

plies have, as usual of late, been buy preparing for the weekly transmission to morrow under cavalry guard. Several hundred wagons will be dispatched to the different cers and headquarters.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Steamshp Arabia.

CAPE BAc, Sept. 14. The royal mail steamship Arabi, from Liver pool on the 5th inst., and Queestown on the 6th, passed this point on Sunda evening. The steamer China arrived, a Liverpool on

the 4th. The London Globe's Paris correpondent says

poleon. From Central and Soutl America. Arrival of the Steamer Cean Queen

New York Sept. 14. The steamer Ocean Queen, from ispinwall on

the 6th, arrived here at noon b-day.

Panama dates of the 6th stan the Mosqueria has rescinded the order expelling he clergy, but put them under bonds to keep the peace,

San Salvador dates of the 27th report that had with Gen. Rosecrans.

GENERAL ROSECRANS ON THE FREEDOM OF THE RATTIES Still holds out, and his army is increasing Corrus was within two leagues of the Capital.

Chili dates to the 18th state that the difficul ties with Bolivar remain in stala quo. The markets at Valparaiso are steady. There are very few arrivals thero.

Peruvian dates of the 29th state that 800 Polynesains have been redeemed by the Government of Peru, and returned to their homes. No arrivals are reported at Callao.

DETAILS OF THE MARCH FROM KENTUCKY

The Capture of Knoxville and Cumberland Gap.

Enthusiastic Reception in Knoxville

PROCESSION OF UNION WOMEN A MILE LONG. The Town Decorated with Union Flags,

Splendid Marching of Our Troops.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 13, 1863. Surgeon W. H. Church, Medical Director of the Department of the Ohio, arrived here last night from Comberland Gap, having left Gen Burnside's heatquarters on the morning of the 10th. He furnishes the following complete and trustworthy account of the remarkable opera tions of our forces in East Tennessee:

Gen. Burnside left Camp Nelson on the Kentucky river on the 16th. His command was to march in three columns—one via Loudon, under himself; the second, consisting of the Twenty-third army corps, under Maj. Gen. Hartsuff, vis 20th. On the 22d he marched to Mount Ver

The enemy being reported near, he directed a cavalry regiment to reconnoited toward Jack boro. It met a superior rebel force and routed it, capturing forty-five prisoners. From Chetwood the march was continued across New river up the Cumberland Mountains to Montgomery situated forty-two miles distant, on the summit of the range, where the column arrived on the 30th. Here it was met by General White's 30th. Here it was met by General White's command. Colouel Burt having been sent forward with a cavalry brigade, reported that Gen. Pegram, with 2,000 cavalry, held a very strong position at the Gap near Emory Iron Works, leading into Clinch river valley. Additional troops were sent forward, with the expectation of a battle on the morning of the 31st; but with daylight it was discovered that the enemy had fied. the enemy had fled.

the enemy had fied.

With the possession of this gap, the road to
Knoxville was open. Having reached Emory
river, seventeen miles from Montgomery, Gen.
Buinside ordered Colonel Foster, with amounted brigade, to make a forced march over a direct road to Knoxville, while he advanced with the main force to Kingston, six miles further. Be ing anxious to save the most extensive and im pertant bridge over the Tennessee at Loudon portant orage over the Tennessee at Loudon, twenty miles from Kingston, Gen. Burnside directed Gen. Shakelford, with his cavelry brigade, to push on to it as rapidly as possible.—Upon arriving within three miles of the bridge aregiment was deployed as akirmishers, and quickly drove the enemy beyond their rifle pits covering the approaches to the bridge. They are said heatily across it closing the catter. with turpentine and shavings for immediate destruction it was wrapped in flames in a few seconds. Gen. Shakelford, finding it impossi-ble to save it, moved off toward Knoxville, after driving the enemy from the opposite bank

with shells and musketry.

Colouel Foster reached Knoxville on the 1st and General Burnside lett Kingston on the 2d, Gen. Pleasanton reached a position to day more than two years, and cheering people lined the streets. A large meeting was held on a subsequent day, and addressed by Gen. Burnside

On the day after Colonel Foster's arrival procession of women, whose husbands and relatives were mostly in the Union service came in from the country. It was nearly a mile long. All along the route of our troops the same unmistakable evidence of almost universal loyalty on the part of the citizens became manifest. Young men seened to be mostly absent, but old ones and women by the hundreds received our troops with flags and refresh ments on the roads.

A great number of men who had lived in hiding places for months came forth and joined their deliverers. Very valuable machine shope horses belong to the number which escaped and foundries belonging to the rebel government were found in Knoxville. Also, two million pounds of salt, a large quantity of weat, the fruits of the titbe tax, and many thousand hogs. Three locomotives and a num ber of cars were likewise captured. General Burnside took for his headquarters the residence of the fugitive rebel leader.

who, she understood, were from Le's army on the way to reinforce Bragg and Bearegard. If correct, this information would seen to contradict previous statements that Lees army was being reinforced from Bragg's.

Of the lugitive reper leader.

Before leaving Kentucky General Burnside ordered Col. DeCourcy, with a brigade of infantry, to march upon Cumberland Gap by the direct route, through Ludon and Barbours ville. Learning, on the 4th, that the rebel force defending the Gap was strong, and likely to offer resistance, he dispatched Gen. Shackelford, with his brigade, en the 5th, from Knox ville, with hinstructions to seize all avenue of escape to the South. He followed himself, with another body of infantry and cavalry, on the 7th, and arrived within four miles of the Gap on the 9th, after a forced march of sixty miles. DeCourcy and Shackelford had both made demands for surrender, which Gen. Frazier declined. Upon his arrival, Gen. Burnside renewed it, when the rebel commander offered to surrender upon con dition that his officers and men were paroled An unconditional surrender being insisted upon he yielded. His forces consisted of the Second North Carolina, First Virginia, First Georgia regiments, and several companies of artillery The Georgia regiment was eight hundred strong Southern Confederacy by the Emperor Napoleon.

Naofficers a serted that Gen. Bragg had peremptorily ordered him to remain. On the night of the 7th two companies of our troops stole their way through the rebel pickets and burned a milt that had supplied the rebels with meal, in the very sight of the enemy's camp. This neat performance helped much to hasten the sur

ender. General Burnside was to return to Knoxvill on the 10th, where he will remain until the decision of the War Department, in regard to his resignation, is made.

Our troops have made excursions to Morris town, thirty miles east of Knoxville. A few and prohibited them from holding strices.

The increased taxation is creatinglissatisfaction among the mercantile dassest Panama, out. The Saltpetre works, which the rebel and the storekeepers thresen to dose their government worked, with several hundred men, are within our lines. Ready communication is

For quickness of movement, and complete uccess without bloodshed, General Burnside' perations are the most noteworthy of the war All of his troops marched over two hundred and fifty and a large portion of them over three hundred miles, and they averaged twenty miles a day, although they moved over the most difficult roads, crossing several high ranges of mountains and numerous deep streams.— The infantry marched admirably, without the least streggling. General Burnside's plans were so well conceived, and the movements of is diff rent columns so well masked and executed, that Buckner was not aware of his approach until twenty-four hours before Knoxville was occupied. He had not time to transfer all his force by rail to Chattanooga, but had to send a portion of it east. His command cannot

have been large.

Between the Cumberland river and the mountains our troops suffered a good deal from the scarcity of water; but on the southern slope of the mountains everything was found in abundance. The valleys of Clinch and Holston rivers abound with spleudid crops of coru and vegetables. Of these and wheat there is enough in the country to supply the popula-tion and our forces for a year. The women, in expectation of the advent of Union troops, had done most of the planting. No suffering from want of rations experienced by the troops. The Commissary's and Quartermaster's departments vere admirably managed. Captain Morris, the Chief Quartermaster, reported only two wagons lost out of five hundred. In the whole campaign but one casualty occurred, a private killed in a skirmish of Shackelford's cavalry with the rebel pickets, near Tagswell. Of sickness there is so little that the surgeon in charge of a hospital at Knoxville had already asked to be relieved

TOR RENT—A good stable containing five stalls. Enquire at Purke House, con Third for want of work.

The Latest News from Chattanooga.

CHATTANOOGA, Sept. 12. No details of Gen. Negley's engagement a Dug Gap have come in. From all that can be gathered the casualties were light. General Negley retired three miles to the foot of Lookout Mountain. Gen. Baird's division was also engaged. Dug Gap is four miles north of New Lafayette, where the main column of Fragg

was at the time of the engagement.

It is thought that Bragg feared to lose control over his line of retreat to Rome, and was retreating slowly to avoid a repetition of the scenes of the Tullahoma retreat and prevent straggling. Nevertheless, large numbers of deserters come in daily. Three hundred of the Nineteen Tennessee regiment came in in a body.
At least one thousand deserters have arrived here since the evacuation, and a large number are said to be on Missionary Ridge Gen. Crittenden is reported to have occupie

Lafayette to day, and the army is again con centrated.

Assistant Secretary Dana has arrived.

Died.

corner of Second and North streets. The relatives and friends are invited to attend without Bomgardner, and others. The improvements further notice.]

New Advertisemeuts.

A N ELECTION for officers and Managers of the Cumberland Valley Railroad Company will be held at the Company's office in Cham-bersburg, on Monday, the 5th day of October next, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 r. m. sept14 d3t K M. BIDDLE, Secretary.

L'LECTION NOTICE.—An election will be held at the office of the Inland Telegraph Company on Third street, on the 6th of October, for the purpose of electing President, Directors, Secretary and Treasurer to serve the ensuing year. H. J. STAHLE, Sect'y. septl4 lwd

HARRISBURG. SEPTEMBER 14th, 1863.

PATRONS AND BUYERS. HE STOCK of Dry Goods at "Jones' Store" will be renewed every 14 days, and cash buyers will find it profitable to call before buying. The stock is very general. New styles Dress Goods, Shawls, &c., constantly opening.

Special attention given to Ladies' Cloaks and Talmas [sept14 d2t] A. J. JONES. GREASON SEMINARY. PROF. E. HUNTINGTON SANDERS.

Graduate of Yale, Principal. THE Fall Term of the above Institution will commence Sept. 21st, and continue eleven

Board and Tuition about \$40 per term. Send for circular. A few vacancies occur. Address the Principal at Plainfield, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania. sept14 dlm

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE SUF-HANNA, CHAMBERSEURG, Pa., Sept. '11, 1863. SPECIAL ORDER)

EXTRACT.

6. Persons residing in Bafford, Blair, Fulton G. Persons resume in Panota, Bian, Purson, Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata, Somerest and Cambria counties, Fennsylvania, having just claims against the United States Government, the Cambridge of t or supplies and transportation furnished the United States Forces during the recent rebel invasion, and the organized Militia Forces called out by the proclamation of the Governor of the State, dated June 16th, 1868, will present them to Captain J. G. Johnson, A. Q. M. at Huntingdon, Altoona, Bloody Run and Bedford, Pennsylvanie, for settlement.

By command of Maj. Gen. Couch, JNO. S. SCHULTZE, Assistant Adjutant General. In compliance with the above order, I will

ALTOONA from the 15th to the 20th of At BLOODY RUN from the 20th to the 25th

At BEDFORD from the 25th to the 80th of And at HUNTINGDON from the 1st to the J. G. JOHNSON, Capt. and A. Q. M. ith of October sept14 d2t w1t

HENRY C. ORTH, Teacher of the Piano, Melodeon and Violin.

Terms reasonable. 15 Third street, between Market and Chest iut streets. sept11-d3m

DR. J. C. HOYER, DENTIST. OFFICE, corner of Market street and Market Square. Sept12 3m sept12 3m

be sold according to law. JOHN NEWMAN. sept11-d3te East South street. PRESERVING SUGARS, White and Brown, of all grades, for sale low by NICHOLS & BOWMAN, Cor. Front and Market streets.

Wants.

WANTED a Good White Girl for House work. Also, a Young Man as Barkeager, BURKE HOUSE, Third and Walnut streets. sept14-d112

SHOEMAKERS WANTED. IWO Good Shoemakers are wanted to work on all kinds of work. Apply immediately to MATHEW STECKLEY, septil-dlw Broad street, near Ridge Road. WANTED-One Good Quarry man who un

apply." [sept9] J. MISH. A FAMILY of three persons (one lady and two gentlemen) wish to find a suite of four rooms, with private board, in some plearant part of the city. Address at once H. S. G. sept8 d2w* N. C. Railway Office.

For Sale and for Rent.

FOB RENT—A Two Story Brick Horse, site. Hated on Cumberland street in the city of Harrisburg. Apply to A. D. Rutherford, Front street, Harrisburg. sept8 dlw FOR RENT OR FOR SALE—A six octave second hand Piano, at W. KNOCHE'S, 92 Market street.

HOR SALE.—The house and lot, situated on the corner of Second and North streets, in the city of Harrisburg. Title indisputable For further information apply on the premises, to Mrs. Joshua Fackler.

stalls. Enquire at Purke House, con Third and Walnut streets.

Proposals.

Proposals for Tin Roofing,

PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 r m., Saturday, Sept. 19th. (inet.) for forty thousand (40,000) feet of TIN ROOF. ING. of the most approved model, to be laid on the Carlisle Barracks, at Carlisle, Penna. Tin to be of the best X character, charcoal. Froposals will state price per foot square, laid free of all extra charge. Work to be commenced immediately.

By order of the Q. M. Gen., U. S. A. E. C. WILSON, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A. Harrisburg, Pa.

Real Estate Sales.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL BE SOLD at Public Sale, on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1st., 1863, On the premises, (now occupied by Jacob Dutwiler,) in Derry township, Dauphin county, Pa., one and a half miles from Derry Station, On the 13th inst., Mrs. Susan Jones, in her Lebanon Valley Bailroad, one and a belf miles On the 13th inst., Mrs. Susan Jones, in ner laborator vary national, one and a con miles from Palmyra, about mid way between the Reading and Horse-shoe Pikes, a valuable Limestone Farm, containing 105 Acres, about acres of which is the Best Timber, adjoining acres of which is the Best Timber, adjoining are a two story Frame House, a large Bank Barn, Wagon Sned, Corn Cribs, and all the neessary outbuildings; also, a never failing well at the door, a large cistern; also, an Excellent Orchard of choice fruit trees. The above Farm is conveniently laid out in fields, under good fences, and in a high state of cultivation. In short, it is one of the best farms in that section of country. Persons wishing to view said farm before day of sale will please carl on Jacob Dutwiler, residing on the farm, or Adam Ket-

tering, at Palmyra. \$5,000 or more can remain in the farm, if desired. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when due attendance will be given and terms of sale made known by
H. W. KETTERING,

Attorney in fact of Adam Kettering. N. B.—All persons knowing themselves in debted will please pay up, and these having claims will present them for settlement.

H. W. KETTERING.

Attorney in fact for Adam Kettering SAMUEL BECHTOLD, Auctioneer. sept14-decdie

PUBLIC SALE. ILL be sold at Public Sale, on Saturday, the Slat day of October 1995 the Slat day of October, 1863, on the

premises, the following Real Estate, viz: 185 ACRES OF LAND, MORE OF, LESS. situated in South Annville towns, Lip, Lebanou county, bounded on the north by the Horse shoe Turnpike, on the east by land of Ulrich and John Burkholder, on the south by lands of Jacob Haldeman and Chers, and on the west by Samuel Bowman, one mile east of Camp-Story Brick Hovee, 30 by 32 feet, New Barn to Story Brick Hovee, 30 by 32 feet, New Barn & by 90 feet, Hog Pen, Smoke House, and necessary outbut dings. The land is part limestone and part sand stone. Forty acres of it is Wood Land, part of which is heavy timber and part chestnut sprouts. The land is in good order and under good fencing. There is running water on the premises, with fountain running bringing water to the house and barn. There bringing water to the house and barn. There s also an Orchard of first-rate grafted fruit. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when conditions of sale will be made

sept10 d&wts Public Sale of Real Estate. ON SATURDAY, SEPEMBER 19, 1863. W ILL BE SOLD by public sale, on the premises, in Lower Paxton township, the following described Real Estate of George

known by

JACOB MUMMA.

Milleisen, dec'd, viz: A tract of land situate 5 miles east of Harrisburg, near the Jonestown road, and on the road leading to Union Deposit, containing 140 acres (more or less) of gravel land, having thereon erected a large Double Frame House, Bank Barn with Wagon Shed attached, and all other necessary out buildings. There is also on the premises an excellent Orchard of choice fruit trees; also a never failing spring of water, (with garing heres). About 20 acres of the (with spring house.) About 20 acres of the above land is covered with thriving timber. This tract of land is in a fine state of culti-

vation Sale to commence at I o'clock, P. H, when the terms will be made known by the heirs of said deceased. Lancaster Examiner and Lebanon Courte nsert three times and send bills to this chies mmediately for collection.

PRINTING PRESSES FOR SALE. The undersigned having purchased several new presses of the most approved machinery, to run by steam, offers for sale the following suitable for country offices, viz: IRON HAND PRESS, medium s'ze, in excel-

lent order. SMALL CARD PRESS, in good order. They will be sold very low. Apply to [tf] GEO BERGNER, Harrisburg. Aleo, for sale, a THREE-HORSE POWER ENGINE, which will be so'd very chear

ELAIN OF MARROW.

Scriber, on the 4th of September, a Red Cow. The owner is requested to come forward prove property, and take her away, or she will hair. Perfumed with flowers. Prepared and the solid according to law.

ELAIN OF MARROW.

THE pure expressed oil of Beef Bone Marrow for beautifying and strengthening the hair. Perfumed with flowers. Prepared and solid hy S. A. KUNKEL,

S. A. KUNKEL, sold by au31 Apothecary, Harrisburg.

HAMS.—A large lot of canvassed sugar cure.
Hams, embracing all the choice brands in market, for sale by NICHOLS & BOWMAN, Cor. Front and Market ste,