Friday Evening, July 10, 1863. THE SITUATION.

THE IMPENDING BATTLE.

Public feeling is highly intensified, all over the country, in view of the impending battle between the forces of the Union and those of rebellion. On its result depends the continuance of the armed resistance to the Government If Lee is defeated, the bogus concern at Richthe rebel government (?) in a civil capacity, become a miserable band of wanderers, without

morning, that the Army of the Potomac had men of the State off their guard, as there is no bivouacked, last night, fifteen miles from the main forces of Lee, and that the pickets of the two armies were in sight of to the country, the absorbing business of every each other. If Lee, therefore, is auxious copperhead leader in the State, is to perfect the to accept battle, it must be delivered to him by Gen. Meade to-day. The rebels must either fight now in whatever entrenched position they sylvania were apprised of these facts. While have been able to secure, or continue to avoid loyal men are zealously and patriotically ena battle for a day or two longer, and then be gaged in fighting the battles of the Unioncompelled to fight on a comparatively open field. This is now about the position of affairs. The battle is momentarily imminent. It may be even now raging.

There was no fighting yesterday; but las night General Buford's moved, out with his division, and is pushing the enemy towards three to five miles. None of their forces are herdstown. The rope ferry at the latter place Williamsport. It appears that the rebels found shore to shore. It is reported that the ene- achieve. my has a pontoon bridge near Williamsport; —In view of these tacts, that the loyal men of Pennsylvania at once but it is doubted whether it is available at the present stage of the water. General Lee is paying a proper attention to a vigorous still sending over to the Virginia shore his party organization, we can only defeat the wounded and his supply trains, but no troops machinations of the copperhead sympathihave yet crossed. Ammunition is being hurzers with treason, who are concentrating has being hurAT THE CEMETERY are buried: ried over to the Maryland shore, and there is polls next October. Such a success would be artillery, killed on the 3d of July. every indication that he intends to give us bat- more blighting to the cause of the Union than tle at Hagerstown. Both armies are evidently if Lee had marched with fire and sword over preparing for a decisive conflict, which is now every acre of the State of Pennsylvania. Far imminent at any moment. Our forces received better would it be for the people of Pennsylva fresh horses for the artillery and a large supply of shoes yesterday.

THE ARDOR OF OUR TROOPS.

A gentleman who was with the army on Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, and who reachIt must not be viewed with indifference. All where a charge was made, will be found—Sered this city at noon to day, declares that good men at home must at once go to work geant John Wogan, privates Jasper M'Intire, ed this city at noon to day, declares this good men at home muss at once by James Clay, James Coyle and James Wright, nothing could surpass the ardor of the Army of and organize. There is no time to be lost, of company G, 69th regiment Pennsylvania the Potomac. The losses it has suffered have the Potomac. The losses it has suffered have been repaired by reinforcements, the labor it has performed has been compensated by a glorious victory, and the men are really yearn-influence in the Union organization. ing for the struggle. The men of the free States are anxious to settle the mooted question of superiority or inferiority on which the rebellion was first based - an inferiority which the South has all along been assuring the world belonged to the North. Our informant declares that the was born in Dublin, and educated for the prevailing sentiment in the Army of the Potomac is that the battle of Gettysburg fixed the to decide a question which the chivalry of the South interpolated in the issues of the war, as to the superiority of races—the superiority of the Southern over the Northern man. Thus have the traitors invited a worse doom than

THE CONDITION OF THE WOUNDED.

The care of the wounded in the hospitals in the vicinity of Gettysburg, is a work of immense responsibility, involving care, ability, experience and devotion. It will be gratifying to the people who have friends or relations wounded in the army hospitals, and who cannot reach such as these to aid or succor them to know that every provision within the reach of a liberal Government, has been made to secure the largest comfort and the best care for all our wounded. The action of the authorities, both civil and military, in this particular, burg and Port Hudson, yet, we say, the neces of the manner in which the rebels abandoned Law remains as great as ever. By such a mes their wounded to our care, and left their dead to rot on the field of their struggles for aught shat Lee cared as to their Christian burial. are both of the sympathies of copperheadism.

Thereon, Philadelphia and New York by the for an occasion of importance, and not demand their father's house, and with their own hands.

American and Inland telegraph lines, Patriot an immediate discharge; but this is not the applied with cool fresh water all troops who It is reported that two citizens were killed at and Union buildings.

Corydon, when the rebe's entered the town. and Union buildings of Toda continue of Case with three or six months troops sause susseit our in little de rodin ari

What our Enemics are Doing.

For three or four months past, the attention

of the loyal men of Penusylvania was absorbed in watching the movements of Lee and his ragamuffins. In fact, ever since the war was have suffered neither personal or political interests to interfere with their duty to their country. While this has been the case with the true men of all the States, and while it has been Pennsylvania, advantage has been taken of the condition in which this course has left a certain the rebellion. That battle will decide the fate of the and corrupt politicians, who hope to steal a politicians the positions desired. No crites of the North, and had I Omnipitent litical victory from the indifference of the people as to political results, and thus aid the mond will be broken up, and those represent side with Lee and his cut throats against the be commissioned as field officer, is epected to It was understood in military circles this election. This is intended to throw the Union Commission and to the applicants themplyes by actively on the campaign to secure such an election, and even at the present hour of peril organization and harmony of the discordant cliques of which that party is composed, bIt is time that the Union men of the State of Pennwhile Republicans in the field and Republicans at home are bending their energies to the overthrow of the rebellion-while all good citizens are devoting themselves to the uses of either Lexington, Frankfort, Hickman's Bidge, the Government in counteracting the influences or any other point of the Blue Grass ration. of treason, the only work which the Democratic The election takes place in Kentucky on the leaders deem worthy of attention, is that which first Monday in August, when there can be ittle promises the success of their party and the embarrassment and defeat of those in power who State with guerillas, at that time, with a liew Hagerstown, which the enemy occupied, with are grappling with rebellion. Jeff Davis is not of defeating Bramlette by force and fraud. his front extending from Bakersville to Funks more anxious for the failure of the National Gen. Burnside will undoubtedly see to it, that spoken Union men, but that he loathed such town, and thence around at a distance of from Administration, than is Judge Woodward. The the people have an opportunity to vote their detestable traitors as themselves. more anxious for the failure of the National Gen, Burnside will undoubtedly see to it, hat Richmond Enquirer is not more illiberal in its sentiments attacks on the friends of that administration in the neighborhood of Sharpsburg or Shep- than are all the organs which represent the copperhead organization. The Democratic leaders has been destroyed, and the only means of are perfecting their organization for the sole purpos crossing in the possession of the enemy are at of everthrowing both the State and National Administrations. Such an overthrow is expected to secure the success of two great objects. It will place a large amount of lumber at the latter place, Damocracy and slavery once more in power, and with which they built flatboats. They are fer thus of course end the rebellion, because the ried across by means of ropes stretched from rebels will have gained all they conspired to J. D. Moore, 17th regiment, commanding, lies near the woods. Forty six other men of his

commence a vigorous organization. By nia at once to pass an ordinance of secession than to wait a few months for the purpose of placing the State under the control of one so utterly indifferent to the cause of the Union as the same place.

Captain N. H. Harris, 100th Union Virginia Judge Woodward. The contemplation of such a probability is at once frightful and appalling. and a secret enemy conspiring and plotting in our midst. Let every good man remember this, and at once concentrate his strength and his

DEATH OF ARCHBISHOP KENRICK. The Rt. Rev. Francis Patrick Kenrick, D. D., Catholic Archbishop of Baltimore, died suddenly on volunteers, Sergeant Jeremiah Boyl, 69th regiment Pennsylvania volunteers.

Wednesday morning at his residence in Baltiment Pennsylvania volunteers.

Another board near by has the following: more in the sixty-sixth year of his age. He Church at Rome, and came to the United Hope, company I, 71st regiment Pennsylvania States in 1821. He was Bishop of Philadelphia from 1841 to 1851, when he was appointed fate of the rebellion that it established the Archbishop of Baltimore. He was the author safety of the Government. The next battle is of many theological and controversial works. The Baltimore Clipper of yesterday thus refers o the circumstances of this death:

His Council had assembled in the Cathedral at the usual hour (6 o'clock) yesterday morning, for the purpose of solemnizing mass, and the Bishop not making his appearance at the regular time, fears were entertained that he migh any which the most sanguine Union man every be ill. Upon proceeding to his bed chamber imagined would overtake the participants in he was found clasped in the cold embrace of death. A calm smile was upon his lips, while his features denoted that he had passed away from life as if sinking into a sweet slumber. The Bishop had been upon the streets on Tuesday, and appeared in excellent health, and retired to his chamber on Tuesday night shortly after nine o'clock. Upon discovering that he was dead, Dr. Donovan and two other physicians were summoned, who gave as their opin-ion that his death was caused by apoplexy. Deceased was born in Ireland in the year 1797, and in his younger days gave indications of those remarkable talents which have since rendered his name familiar throughout the land.

THE CONSCRIPTION LAW should be enforced a once. Even though Lee's army be annihilated and though our forces make a triumphant entry into the rebel strongholds of Bichmond, Vickscontrasts beautifully and cheeringly with that sity for the enforcement of the Conscription present three years' enlistment; and this alone will do more than half a dozen crushing defeats Oh! most chivalric and noble Southerners! to dishearten, and discourage, them. A strong meeting. Boyer and his friends have instituted Oh! most righteous rebellion! How worthy army will be necessary for at least a year after the rebellion is over, and this can only be ladies supposed to have been engaged in the raised by a draft. We must not depend on affair. short time volunteers. They do not become THE Government having relinquished the soldiers before they are discharged; and after telegraph line from Gettysburg to Baltimore, the day for dismissal they are of little value. messages can now be sent direct from here to When regiments have been in the service for tion of our troops at Westminster, Md., says: York, Hanover, Gettysburg, Baltimore, Wash- two or three years, they will often volunteer The ton, Philadelphia and New York by the for an occasion of importance, and not demand whole day long of the 2d remained in front of

ดังที่ 48 เมา. เบเซนนะคล้างประชาสต

TROOPS - The Washington Chronele learns that rebels were in possession of Carlisle they use been made to the Military Board in that city | 'orders,' "blanks," &c. Before they evacuafor commissions in the colored reaments; that ted the office, Capt. J. G. Gorman, Co. C, 2d precipitated, the loyal people of the free States | these applicants have been carefuly examined, N. C. Troop, "set up" and left in a "stick" the and that a large number have ben declined, following as expressive of his sentiments: ome for lack of proper qualification, and others on account of physical disability. The colored favor of peace, only on the basis of eternal sepatroops must be commanded by whe men, and boundless desert, its male citizens rotting on the case particularly with the Union men of it is the determination of the Boat to select battle fields, its mothers and daughters perishfor them the very best to be had. We are told ing with hunger and its children outcasts and that it is not uncommon for applicats to pre- beggars in a strange land, than accept a peace political organization by a set of unscrupulous sent themselves for examination wo are en- with the damned of hell, as the canting hypo one should present himself for enmination without having previously masteredit least the rebellion far more effectually than if the same elementary principles of infantry ctics, and men were to enter the field and fight side by of picket and guard duty. And an aplicant to Union. The copperhead candidate for Governor be not only well posted in tactics, bula man of contributed his share to the game which his fair intelligence and unexceptional haits. The friends are playing, when he announced his Board have determined to accept non other, resolution to enter on no canvass to secure his and much valuable time might be savd to the a right understanding on this point.

> THE INVASION OF KENTUCKY.—The Cicinnati Temes, of the 7th inst., learns from the headquarters of that department, that the abel invasion of Kentucky has been greatly daggerated. Morgan's forces do not exceed three thousand five hundred, and after reching Lebanon, they scattered into small partie. Our forces are in pursuit. The reported crowing at Mill Springs is a mistake; or at least no atempt had been made to cross up to 5 P. M , of jesterday; nor were there any indications if the presence of any considerable force in that quarter. There are no rebels in the vicinity of doubt but an attempt will be made to fill the

> > The Battle at Gettysburg.

We are under obligations to Dr. Bradford from Beaver county, who has just returned from the battle-field, for the following list. It wil be of great service to persons who may desire to see their wounded friends, and also the remains of their dead relatives:

BURIED, by the rebels, near the poor house on the hill, during the first day's fight. Capt. regiment lie buried together in one entrench ment, near the above.

Lieutenant Bloom, Hith Pennsylvania regi

ment, is buried near the same place. The head board contains the inscription, "please do not pull up this board."
Near to him lies Second Lieutenant W. H.

James. H. Regan lies with the above in the same grave.

B. F. Sherman, company G, 6th regiment.

M. French, battery F, 110th Pennsylvan

artillery.
E. Y. Anderson, same battery and artillery J. H. M'Cleary, battery B, same artillery. Brigadier General E. J. Farnsworth, United States velunteers, killed July 31, 1863, lies at

cavalry.
In the field on the left flank of our army,

A head-board near by has the following in scription: "In memory of Captain George C. Thompson, company F, 69th regiment Penn-sylvania volunteers."

Another board near by has the name of Neal M'Cafferty, company F, 69th regiment Pennsylvania volunteer

In the same vicinity can be found the bodies of Corporal Samuel Habon, 106th Pennsylvania

"Captain Michael Duffy, 69th regiment Pennsylvania volunteers, company I; John volunteers.

Near the Theological Seminary lies R. P. Cummings, 146th regiment Pennsylvania volunteers. Lieutenant A. S. Tucker, company E, 146th

Pennsylvania volunteers. At the 11th army corps, two-and a-half miles from town, west of the Baltimore pike, can be ound Sergeant Peter Hilger, company D, 78d Pennsylvania volunteers. Gotfried Hanmer, 74th Pennsylvania volun-

Gideon E. Barger, company H, 153d Pennvlvania volunteers. H. A. Miller, company B, 158d Pennsylvania

James Irving, company G, 73d Pennsylvania Lieutenant Colonel M'Farland was wounded in the right knee and his leg had to be ampu-

tated above the knee.

The left leg was also injured by a ball pass

In the same building are one hundred and Sharpsburg and the Potomac at Shepherdstown seventy nine wounded men of Col. M'Farland's to-day, establishes the fact that there is no 151st regiment Pennsylvania volunteers. They are all well cared for.

Some twenty five hundred rebel wounded are lying in Gettysburg; eight hundred and fifty-three of these are in the college building. They have only four rebell cadets with them who were left to take care of them. It may be inferred that they have but poor attention. This is characteristic of the chivalry. They care little for the wounded and much less for the

THE YOUNG LADIES of a certain section of Clearfield county rotton-egged the notorious Boyer of that county, whilst he was engaged in berating the Government at a copperhead

correspondent, giving an account of the recep-"Little Miss Fanny and Anna Troxell, the

Two LITTLE GIRLS TO BE REMEMBERED. -A

APPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS TO COMMAND COLINED | THE SENTIMENTS OF A TRAITOR. - While the NEWS FROM REBEL SOURCES. nearly one hundred and forty applications have the office of the American Democrat to print their

> "I am in for the war, or "till death;" am in on any other terms. I would as soon fraternize as immensity between the two nations that are now arrayed in arms against each other.

-Such a manifestation in "type" must have Democrat proprietors.

in our present neighborhood, at Millerstown, was quiet.
relates the following incident, which will admit
The hea

of a repetition: It seems that, while the rebel Jenkins with his cavalry were in occupation of the above named town some dozen of the male inhabi

answered, for Davis. Upon this he called ten caped capture. The instruments of the office of his orderlies, ordered them to dismount, and fell into the hands of the enemy and were carted the tax Corolled. answered, for Davis. Upon this he called ten told the ten Conerheads to mount, come with i him to his camp, and he would arm and equip

form, the whole ten; in an earnest manner; "begged off." Jenkins let them go, and with the remark that had they such among them in the South, every "mother's son" of them would be shot without judge or jury, and concluding with the remark that he honored the true out

ed and numbered."

Natest by Telegraph

FROM GEN. MEADE'S ARMY. Fully One Third of the Rebel Army . Wagons Destroyed.

THE CAVALRY WORKING DESTRUCTION. THE REBELS DRIVEN BACK. GENERAL PLEASONTON IN THEIR BEAR OUR FORCES READY FOR BATTLE

Boonsboro, Md., July 9.—10 P. M. The number of wagons destroyed by our cavalry is over 500. Buford destroyed 200 on Monday, Dablgren destroyed 170 on the same On Saturday and Sunday Kilpatrick burned, captured and destroyed between 200 and 300. Fully one third of the transportation of the rebil ormy has been destroyed, and the damage to them of fully twice what they are able to carry out of Pennsylvania. The cavalry, under the vigorous leadership of Pleasanton and his subordinates—Buford, Gregg and Kilpatrick—have

done immense service during the past ten days.

They have truly filled the mission of cavalry. on hank and rear, have dispersed and defeated his own cavalry, have destroyed his trains, and won a reputation equal to that of our infantry Of course, they have experienced heavy los in men and horses, and they are still actively at work keeping up a lively front. Yesterday the enemy presse

hack upon Boonsboro, and at sundown three a few shells into the place. Buford then dismounted his whole command, his horses being very much exhausted, and tought the rebels on foot, for two hours, finally driving clear back to Antietam creek.

From a captured letter we learn that the rebels are trying to shove a portion of their force and their wounded across the river at Shepherdstown. Pleasanton will stop that today. The rebels have run the greater portion of their trains into a valley near Williamsport, and covered them by artillery posted on the south side of the Potomac.

The prospect of another collision increases.

Boossboro, Md., Thursday, July 9—3 P. 1 The rebels were drawn up in line of battle this morning at a place called Benevola, three and a half miles from this point, on the road to toward the Potomac in the vicinity of Bakers

From a citizen who was in Williamsport tolearn that the rebels were slowly passing their wagons and wounded over the river. They positively had but two flat-boats in use. are bringing well men back, showing their inten-tion to make a further stand—at least until they, can safely cross. They appear to be in consid-erable confusion, the men being more or less subordinate for lack of something to eat.

They are harassing the citizens greatly for ons, and say they have actually dra rations for ten days, and have lived on what they have picked up.

They are throwing up rifle pits in the vicinit

The left leg was also injured by a ball passing through it above the ankle. He is lying at the Seminary and in good spirits. He will no within two days. Our forces are so disposed doubt recover it proper attention is will be within two days. doubt recover, if proper attention is paid to now that a collision may occur almost any hour. A reconnoissance made from this point to

enemy in that vicinity, and no possibility of the enemy crossing there at any point below. The enemy crossing there as any point was river is not fordable—so the public can rest easy about Maryland Heights and Harper's Ferry, neither of which points is worth a straw to either force.

THE INVASION OF INDIANA Morgan in the State, with from Six to Right Thousand Troops.

CAPTURE OF CORYDON

Indianapolis, Thursday, July 9. meeting. Boyer and his riends have instituted Morgan's forces, of infantry, cayairy and ar-suits for assault and battery against six young tillery, numbering from 6,000 to 8,000, have crossed into Indiana and captured Corydon Our forces are falling back. The rebels, it is supposed, are marching on New Albany and Jeffersonville, where large quantities of supplies are stored.

Troops are being organized throughout the State and sent forward as rapidly as possible.
Business is entirely suspended here to-day.
Citizens are forming companies for self-defence.
One regiment has been raised since last night.

Confirmation of the Destruction of Southern Railroads.

OPERATIONS ON THE PENINSULA. [From the Richmond Enquirer, July 6.]

The events in the vicinity of the city, since Friday night last, gave rise to many interesting rumors, which, however, having generally exploded, it is unnecessary to repeat. At midnight Friday, until early Saturday, there was heavy cannonading along the entire line of the enemy near the White House, which laid the foundation for one very large surmise of a bloody battle by moonlight, but no such battle having occurred, we are left to conjecture that the demonstration was only a Fourth of July salute from the gunboats and batteries of the

Nothing occurred during the morning to in been cheering for the copperheadism of the dicate an advance from the enemy, but in the evening our pickets at Baltimore Cross Roads, five miles below Bottom's Bridge, wore driven A GOOD DODGE TO ESCAPE THE DRAFT .- One in by a strong detachment from Barhamville, of the amiable and excellent Quartermasters the advance post of the enemy's force in that belonging to our army, and whose residence is direction. On yesterday the "situation" there in our present residence is direction.

The heavy cavalry force which had been sent up through King William, Caroline and Han-over, on a special raid, proceeded on Saturday to tear up the track on portions of the Centra road, cut the telegraph wires, and done miscel

named town some dozen of the male inhabitants thereof voluntarily surrendered themselves to him, and at the same time stating that they desired to be paroled, in order that they might have sufficient reason for not complying with the expected Draft, should they be among the number drafted.

Jonkins, upon questioning them in reference to their political sentiments, ten stated that they were Copperheads, while two boldly avowed themselves Union men. The question was asked of these ten which they would rather fight for, Jeff. Davis or Lincelu, each of whom in the called ten in reference to their political sentiments, ten stated that they were Copperheads, while two boldly avowed themselves Union men. The question was asked of these ten which they would rather fight for, Jeff. Davis or Lincelu, each of whom

The fight of South Anna is described hem.

hem a very animated affair, the coffict continuing for a considerable distance along

The raiders are still at "large."

The Mission of Alexander H. Stepher The following is the correspondence relating Robert Ould to Fortress Monroe:

FORTERS MONROE, July 4, 1863. U. S. STEAMER MINNESSTA-2:30 P. M. Ion. Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy: The following communication is just receive

from Mr. Stephens, who is on the flag of truce boat, which has arrived above. I shall inform Mr. Stephens that I await your instruction before giving him an answer : CONFEDERATE STATES STEAMER TORPEDO,

IN JAMES RIVER, July 4, 1862. SIR: As a military commissioner, I am the bearer of a communication, in writing, from Jefferson Davis, commander in chief of the land and naval forces of the Confederate States, to Abraham Lincoln, commander-in-chief of the land and naval forces of the United States Hon. Robert Ould, Confederate States agent of xchange, accompanies me as secretary.

For the purpose of delivering the communi-

ation in person, and conferring upon the subect to which it relates, I desire to proceed to Washington in the steamer Torpedo, cammanded by Lieut. Hunter Davidson, of the Confederate States Navy; no person being on board but the Hon. Mr. Ould, myself, and the boat's officers

Yours, most respectfully,
ALEXANDER H. STEVENS. S. P. LEE, A. R. Admiral.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, July 4.

Acting Rear Admiral S. P. Lee, Hampton Roads.
The request of Alexander H. Stophens is inadmissible. The customary agents and chan-nels are adequate for all needful military com-munication and conference between the United States forces and the insurgents.
GIDEON WELLES

Wem Advertigements

IMMEDIATELY. WANTED—A salesman in a store. A young man who has had experience in an active mercantile business, and a reputation as such. None other need apply. Undoubted references [jy10 2t] A. J. JONES.

POTATOES! POTATOES! 500 BUSHELS Prime N. Y. Mercer and Peach Blow Potatoes for sale at No. 106 Market street, Harrisburg, Pa. iv10 W. H. SIBLE & CO.

\$10 REWARD.

WILL be given to any person who will find the body of Charles St. Clair and will inform his Father, living in York Haven, York county. Pa. The said Charles St. Clair was drowned on the 8th of July, 1863. Please address the letter to Falmouth Postoffice. Labcaste county, Pa. The said Charles had on his per son a dark and yellow stripe overalls, and a watch with guard chain, with two small pieces of silver—one 5 and the other 3 cent pieces The said person had on blue military parts.

jv10 3t

JOHN ST. CLAIR.

FOR RENT. A BRICK HOUSE containing seven rooms Rent \$9 per month. For further particu lars enquire of CHARLES WINGERT, 2d street, above Pine.

WANTED—A domestic to do the housework VV of a small family. A middle aged woman preferred. Enquire in Chestnut street, wes

side, three doors north of Third street. jy7-4t MELODRONS AND CABINET ORGANS.

TWENTY-SIX FIRST PREMIUMS.

TWELVE SILVER MEDALS, and the

ONLY GOLD MEDAL (ever won by instru ments of this class) has been awarded to MASON & HAMLIN'S INSTRUMENTS.

A full assortment of these instruments al ways on hand, at W. KNOOHK'S, Sole Agent 93 Market street ie4-2taw1v

DOCTOR A. H. STEVENS, ELECTRICAL PHYSICIAN, is curing all CHRONIC DIS-EASES, both of Ladies and Gentlemen, by a new method in the use of Electricity alon-without any Medicine, or even any Pain. BOARD may be had, with Treatmer Patients from abroad, at reasonable res

Patients from abroad, at reasonable to the Doctor's Family.

LETTERS applying for circular for further and Residence at 1418 SOUTH ASSOCIATION SQUARE, tral as well as delightful parteof, the city.

Cut this out for futor parteof, the city.

ap8-d8taw8m A LARGE variety of Notions, just received

New Advertirements

GRAND PIC-NIC

Benefit of the Hope Fire Co., No. 2,

AT HOFFMAN'S WOODS, SATURDAY, JULY 25TH, 1863.

John M'Comas.

T. G. Sample, John M D. E. Martin, Wm. C. J. M. Garverich.

No improper characters will be admitted and there will be a sufficient police force on the ground to preserve order.

NICHOLS & BOWMAN, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS.

Cor. Front and Market Streets, RESPECTFULLY inform their customers and the public generally that they did not remove any of their goods during the late invasion, and consequently they will be able sell all of their public processes at much long wife. consequently they will be able sell all of their choice stock of groceries at much lower prices, than can be purchased elsewhere. Call and see our full shelves and cheap goods.

NICHOIS & BOWMAN.

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T OF THE SUSQUEHANNA, | HARRISBURG, PA., July 6th, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER No. 7. It has been represented to these Headquattels hat the militia troops are often found selling U. S. stores that have been issued to them. Soldiers found guilty of doing so will be rigor ously punished. Persons who purchase such stores from them are informed that they will be seized by the U.S. authorities.

By command of Major General D. N. COUCH.
JOHN S. SHULIZE,
y6-dlw Assistant Adjutant General.

UNITED STATES HOTEL HARRISBURG, PA.

COVERLY & HUTCHISON, Proprietors HIS well known Hotel is now in a condiaffording the most ample conveniences alike for

the transient guest and the permanent boarder. THE UNITED STATES HOTEL has been entirely refitted throughout, and now has accommodations equal in extent, comfort and luxury to any hotel between Philadelphia and Pittsburg. Its location is the best in the State Capital, being in easy access to all the railroad depots, and in close proximity to all the public offices and business localities of the city. It has

now all the conveniences of

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL,
and the Proprietors are determined to space
reither expense, time or labor to ensure the
comfort of the guests. The patronage of the
trappling public is remarkfully calledted. traveling public is respectfully solicited.

BRANT'S HALL. FOR ONE WEEK ONLY. COMMENCING, MONDAY, JULY 6.

DAVIS' MAMMOTH PANORAMA

SOUTHERN REBELLION

THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD! With Men and Horses, Life Size

Vast and comprehensive, officially authentic and minute in all its details. The most extensive, popular and complete exhibition of the kind before the public. Every scene sketched upon the spot, and painted with scrupnious fidelity by a corps of celebrated artists. Commenced at the first breaking out of the rebellion, it has been in steady progress down to the present time, and showing every event of importance connected with this terri ble contest for liberty and Union, from the bombardment of Sumter through a space of more than two years of hostilities to the last grand battle, profuse with startling diorams effects, entirely new, and on a scale of magnificance never before attempted. The fire and smoke of the advancing fort is seen; the thunder of cannon and the din of the battle field upon the ears of the audience, and the tearful work of carnage and death is presented with a distinctness and vividness mocking reality, so that the audience can readily imagine

themselves actual spectators of the sublime and stirring scenes repres Doors open at 7, Panorama ing at 8 o'clock.

Tickets 25 cents: Children 15 cents.

The best of order will be preserved during the exhibition. Front seats will be reserved. for the ladies.

NOTICE OF the application of an insolvent debter to be discharged from debt.

Name of applicant L. W. Chase.

Date of the first publication of this notice une 18th, 1863. Officer before whom creditors are require to appear, Hon. Harlon S. Orton, Judge of the 9th Judicial circuit.

Place appointed for such appearance, office or C. Hopkins, Esq., Madison, Dane county Time of such appearance, August the 31st юз, at Zo'clock, р. м. Dated June 10th, 1863.

G. W. HAZELTON, Attorney for Petitioner. ie18-doawtd

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. TOTICE is hereby given, that letters of ad MOTICE is nereby given, that letters of an ministration were this day issued to the abscriber on the estate of Charles B. Hummel. WANTED—\$100 BOROUGH BOND.—Any late of the city of Harrisburg, Dauphin county, deo'd. All creditors of said estate will present their claims, and those indebted make immediate payment. AUGUSTUS L. CHAYNE, their claims, and those indebted make immediate payment. AUGUSTUS L. CHAYNE,

my21-doaw6to Administrator ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. LETTERS of administration having this day been granted by the Register of Dan him county to the subscriber, on the cet ate of Peter Becker, late of the city of Heartisburg. deceased, all persons knowing the melves in lebted to said estate are requested to make in mediate settlement, and those a to make in

ie3-doawdw having classification in the subscribhaving claims Administrato PROC

JLAMATION. YOR'S OFFICE, HARRISBURG, every

resent crisis, it is important that citizen should be perfectly calm in performance of his duty. Therefore, to clude all unnecessary excitement in this city. it is hereby enjoined on all Tavern Keepers Betail Liquor Dealers and Keepers of Lager Beer shops, to close their bars and shops and discontinue the sale of any intoxicating lique

whatever until further notice.
A. L. ROUMFOLT,

50,000 LBS1!! "EXCELSIOR"

low Receiving, which we can sell wholesale of by the single Ham, at a very low figure.
my30] WM. DOUK, Jr., & CO