The Daily Telegraph.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Friday Evening, June 5, 1863.

MEETING OF THE COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The Union County Standing Committee of Dauphin county will meet at the house of Benjamin Buck, in the city of Harrisburg,

ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1863,

At 2 o'clock, P. M.

A full attendance is earnestly requested, as important business will be laid before the committee. By order of

ALEX. KOSER, *Chairman.*

SAMUEL K. SARGH, *Secretary.*

"Save the Constitution—Let the Government Go to Ruin."

The caption under which we write this article, is the spirit of every copperhead speech delivered and printed since the rebellion against the Constitution, Government and Union began. The cry is specious, because it serves to hide an ulterior object, directly antagonistic to the safety of the instrument for which so much concern is expressed. We never hear men engage in expressions of this description who are entirely loyal—who are laboring faithfully to arrest the march of rebel armies, or who are honestly determined to uphold the Government in its struggles with a bloody foe. Following a cry for the safety of the Constitution, an act in favor of rebellion is certain to be detected. Jeff. Davis, while he was in conclave with the traitors in consummating plans for the overthrow of the Government, was in the habit of entering the Senate Chamber of the United States, and there indulging in long rigmaroles concerning the safety of the Constitution. John C. Breckinridge, long after the announcement of rebellion was made, retained his seat in the same body, talking about the Constitution, that he might the better further the ends of the conspiracy. James Buchanan and his entire Cabinet were shedding crockodile tears for the safety of the Constitution, while their agents were stripping the dock yards, emptying the arsenals and depleting the treasuries of the country, in order to facilitate and maintain rebellion. Thus, straight through the entire transaction of treason, we find that those who expressed most solicitude for the Constitution, were those most imbued with sentiments of hatred to its cardinal principles. It was abolished by secession, trampled upon by traitors, spit upon by their sympathizers! While the nation was deemed incapable of contending with a formidable conspiracy, while the conspirators were regarded as invincible, the Constitution was looked upon by the sympathizers with treason as an insignificant, valueless instrument. Then the only thought which animated these men, was in relation to how we could compromise with the traitors. But when the masses of the free and loyal States established their power and asserted their determination to crush conspiracy and bring the conspirators and their sympathizers to justice, then it was suddenly discovered that the Government instead of fighting traitors, should devote its energies to saving the Constitution. Not a blow was to be struck at those in arms in the South. The Government had no authority to call out troops to fight the traitors. It was the civil power which should be invoked. The courts should be convened to try "Northern abolitionists," while Southern traitors should go unmolested, reaping victories wherever they directed their armies, and pushing forward until they had subdued the Government to acknowledge every base claim of the slave power. In this manner the Democratic leaders were to save the Constitution. The parchment instrument would have been ours, while the practical franchises and powers of the Government would have fallen into the hands of the conspirators.

Gov. Andy Johnson, in a speech recently delivered in Philadelphia, satisfactorily illustrated this idea of saving the Constitution while the Government was going to ruins. He said:

When slavery reared its arm against the Government it ceased to have any claim on the Government. When the law was proclaimed from Mount Sinai, it was made for the self-protection of every citizen. If we cannot save the nation but by trampling on the Constitution, I am in favor of doing it rather than lose the Government which has been bought with the blood of our fathers. We have been left as trustees of this Government, and we cannot surrender the rights conferred upon us. Remove the great evil of slavery, and the nation will be delivered from its worst foe, and will be destined to go on forever.

How nobly and sensibly this contrasts with the senseless and hypocritical howling of a certain class of demagogues about "the Constitution" and "saving the Constitution." The thing to be saved is *the Government*, not the Constitution. Of what use would the "Constitution" be without any Government? *Put down the rebellion!* That is the thing to be done. And do it, no matter whether the Constitution is infringed, violated, destroyed, or not. The Constitution is not in issue. It is in no danger, if the rebellion is put down. But if it were—if it even should be destroyed—it would be much easier to make another than to make another Government, should the present one be destroyed. All this cry about "the Constitution" is hypocritical—is for effect; and that effect is *aid to the rebellion*, either directly, or indirectly by throwing obstructions in the way of the Government in its efforts to suppress the rebellion. Put down the rebellion, we say, though the Constitution be torn all to flinders in the operation. Put down the rebellion, however, and the Constitution will take care of itself.

HON. W. W. KETCHAM was in the State Capital yesterday, a guest at Herr's Hotel. In this connection it may not be out of place to refer to the fact that since the announcement of Mr. Ketcham's name as a candidate for the Gubernatorial nomination of the Pittsburg Convention, he has made hosts of friends, and now wields an influence which will go far to give him that nomination. Should he be the nominee, he will make one of the most powerful contests ever conducted in such an election, for he is decidedly one of the most talented men in the Commonwealth.

In Favor of the Draft.

A sudden change has overtaken the leaders of the Democracy, in reference to the draft When the law looking to the conscription was passed, as a military necessity, a terrible howl went up from every copperhead nest in the country. It was denounced as an act of oppression. It was advertised that men were to be seized and carried from their families—that the old and the young were alike "to be forced to bear arms in a war entirely waged for the benefit of the nigger." By such supterfuges, the copperhead leaders sought to create division and dissension in the North, but they were startled from their attempts by the firm determination which the Government displayed to enforce the law. Hence it became necessary for these hypocrites to change their attitude, and strike another course in order to secure the accomplishment of the object in view. This they now hope to do by supporting with insane zeal a measure which they heretofore so persistently and so doggedly opposed. The fact that the negroes of each district are to be enrolled, has stimulated the copperheads to support the conscription. They now assert that the only way to cure the "white trash" of the north of their fighting propensities, and to bring this "unholy war against our southern brethren" to a speedy close, is to draft the nigger with the "white trash," force them to stand shoulder to shoulder in the army, and thus "Lincoln's bubble of coercing a State will soon be bursted and the war ended." This is very Democratic! Our readers will observe how zealous the Democracy have lately become for the draft. That zeal springs from the motive we have described. We leave patriotic men to estimate the baseness of the wretches who can thus treat the brave defenders of the Government, and thus also estimate the valor and devotion to the Union, with which the free white men of the loyal States have been maintaining the war against the slave-holders' rebellion.

—We ask the white men of the country to watch the acts of the copperheads in relation to the draft, as it will not require much scrutiny to detect what we have here described, as the motive of the copperheads for insisting that the draft should be enforced.

The Whining of a Dog.

Emerson Etheridge, clerk of the House of Representatives, has written a letter to the "Washington Union Club of Memphis," acknowledging and declining an invitation to be present at a public celebration of the anniversary of the surrender of that city to the federal arms. This letter has been published in such journals as the *New York Herald*, and is the lowest and meanest specimen of dog whining and attempted sarcasm at the expense of the Administration, that ever emanated from the heart of a coward or the pen of a hypocrite. Etheridge was evidently bidding for a favor of some kind, when he wrote this epistle, and we feel like predicting that it is the initial movement on his part to attach himself to the fortunes of Jeff. Davis, where his hopes and sympathies have undoubtedly been secreted ever since the traitors armed to destroy the Union. As an evidence of this, we need only assert that this dirty villifier of good men actually refused to assist the Union men of Maryland by addressing the people of that State in favor of the Government at the precipitation of rebellion, *because he was fearful it might compromise his father-in-law, and lead to the confiscation of a few acres of land he owned in Tennessee.* Yet this is the man that now attempts to vituperate those who have made noble sacrifices of property, of person and affection to promote the safety of the Government. Out upon such a dastard! Dog is too noble a term to be applied to such creatures!

Etheridge is undoubtedly bidding for copperhead support as a candidate for clerk of the coming House of Representatives. If he fails in that, he will attach himself to the rebel government just as soon as he can escape through our lines, provided that oligarchy of cut throat is in existence at that time. If not, he will join any new conspiracy to impair and destroy the Union. "Mark our prediction!"

OF COURSE the *Tory Organ* is bound to endorse all that *our* Congressman says or does, because he is *our* brother-in law. That's well enough as far as it goes, but when the question of loyalty comes up, when the fair question as to whether Miller has not already proven recreant to pledges made before the people as to his determination to support the Government, then the endorsement of the *Tory Organ* leaves him to the suspicion that he has been false to the truth, and is already engaged in misrepresenting the loyal people of his district.

The War Democrats in Motion.

The War Democrats of Fayette county organized a meeting of the Union men of that region, in Uniontown, on Tuesday evening last. The meeting was composed of men of all parties, but the *American Standard* says that its organization was yielded as an act of courtesy to the War Democrats, who conducted the speaking and reported the resolutions. Both these were emphatically loyal and patriotic. As a matter of information to the dough-face and copperhead democracy in this region, we quote a number of the resolutions passed on that occasion:

Resolved, That being in favor of the government and of crushing the rebellion, we can find nothing to condemn, but much to praise in the Administration in arresting and causing to be arrested those worse than armed traitors who reside in the North, who, too cowardly to take up arms against us and in favor of their friends in sentiment—the traitors—are continually poisoning the minds of the people against the government and attempting to demoralize our armies by their treasonable conversation and advocacy of resistance to the constituted authorities and laws of Congress providing for calling out the National forces; and this, too, in the name of democracy—thus perverting it to mean opposition to our country. From such democracy "Good Lord deliver us;" and we call upon all well-meaning and patriotic Jacksonian democrats to flee from its baneful influence as from the plague, and let those who teach it take the consequences both of odium, now and hereafter, and the penalties of the laws for such cases made and provided.

Resolved, That those who croak loudest and longest about the freedom of speech and of the press being abridged and destroyed, do not do so because of fear that loyal men will suffer.—No Union man fears that he is in danger of arrest, or that his freedom of speech is in jeopardy. Why, therefore, should those who profess to be Union men denounce the government for arresting traitors for preaching treason to the people and to the soldiers of our country, unless they feel the consciousness of guilt within, and fear that the next blow may fall upon themselves?

"No rogue e'er felt the halter draw
With good opinion of the law."

Resolved, That we protest against the democratic party being dragged from its ancient moorings and principles by political demagogues holding secession doctrines, and will use our utmost endeavors to prevent them from usurping its organization, in order, under democratic prestige, to commit the party to secession and treason against the Constitution of the fathers of our country. We therefore, in the name of our old party, and in the name of our bleeding country, call upon all good democrats and patriotic men of all parties to aid us in rallying to rescue it and the country from the machinations of all such demagogues and knaves.

—These are the sentiments of War Democrats; the sentiments of all men who truly love their country.

EXCITING INCIDENT ON THE CARS.—Last Friday an exciting occurrence took place on the passenger train from Toledo to this city. On one of the cars was a party of soldiers returning from Dixie on furlough. When the conductor approached them to collect the fare, one of them tendered a five dollar green back, saying, "take your change out of that old fellow, the best currency in the world, sir." "You may think so," responded the butternut conductor. "I don't consider it worth any more than so much brown paper." The soldier's eyes flashed fire. "You d——d Copperhead," he exclaimed, "how dare you speak that way before us? How dare you impeach the credit of our Government which we have been peilling our lives to uphold? You are not fit to live!" and drawing a pistol he pointed it at the trembling conductor, and was about to fire, when an officer, who had been watching the proceedings, seized his arm and restrained him. Then addressing the butternut knave, the officer told him that if he wished to avoid trouble, he had better leave the train at the next station, which he did, and the cars came on without him.

The above incident may serve as a warning to all Copperheads of the treatment they may expect when our brave boys in the army having conquered the rebels in the South, shall turn their attention to traitors at home.—*Detroit Tribune.*

THE LOCUSTS.—The earth is now yielding up its long buried swarms of locusts. The hogs are rooting after them, and farmers are plowing them out of their holes. Let the owners of all young fruit and ornamental, deciduous and evergreen trees, procure a quantity of oat or other soft straw. As soon as the locusts commence getting through the ground, soak the straw from six to ten hours in a strong lye, made from good wood ashes or lime. While wet make the straw into ropes and wind them into balls. Wrap the body of the tree with these straw ropes from three to six feet, owing to the age and size of the tree, commencing at the bottom and fastening well at top, so as to prevent it being loosened by the wind or shaken off the tree. If the young tree has formed its top, wrap around the bottom of the main branches. The locust bores into the main branches and sappy parts of the wood where the bark is tender, and deposits its egg. The bark soon opens and the limb soon dies, and unless removed, injures, if not kills, the tree. As soon as the locusts are principally gone, which will be in about six weeks after they appear, remove the straw bandages and cut off the tops of the trees as low down as where they are stung. New branches will immediately shoot out, and in two years you will have a much larger and healthier tree.—*Pittsburg Gazette.*

A FACT ABOUT THE TRAITOR VALLANDIGHAM.—Hon. J. C. Conkling, in his speech at the State House last Saturday night, made a statement about the traitor Vallandigham which, though perfectly consistent, exhibits his character in a new light. The statement we learn, on the best authority, to be an actual fact.

Mr. Conklin stated in substance that, although Vallandigham was in the receipt from the Government which he was endeavoring to destroy, of a salary of $3,000 a year as a member of Congress, besides his income from his profession and other sources, *he yet permitted his aged mother to be supported* in part or in whole, *by the church to which she belongs.* This is the specimen of the man who is held up by the copperheads as a model statesman and patriot.—*Springfield (Ill.) Journal.*

GLORY IN THEIR SHAME.—We have been informed that a wedding took place recently, in Clearfield county, in which every person present—groom, bride and all—wore an old rusty copper, as a badge of their sympathy with the Southern Rebels. Truly, copperheadism must be getting very bold, when men and women will thus openly acknowledge themselves traitors to their country. These deluded persons seem now to glory in their shame, but the day is close at hand when they, like the Tories of the Revolution, will try to avoid the just contempt of all loyal men by removing into the dominions of the enemies of our country. So mote it be!—*Raftsmen's Journal.*

Latest by Telegraph.

The Case of the Chicago Times.

General Burnside's Order Revoked by the President.

CHICAGO, June 4.

The *Times* having issued their paper this morning, the military took possession of the office and remained until evening, when a telegram was received by the proprietors from General Burnside saying that his order suppressing their circulation having been revoked by the President, they were at liberty to continue its publication. In the United States court to-day the entire session was devoted to hearing the arguments of the counsel for the *Times.*

From California—Large Amount of Treasure.

NEW YORK, June 5.

The steamer Northern Light, from Aspinwall on the 27th, has arrived at this port. A Panama letter of the 27th states that the steamer Orizaba arrived on that day from San Francisco, with a million and a quarter in treasure.

She has late news from Mexico via Acapulco, but the date is not given, to the effect that the French met with another severe defeat at Puebla and were again repulsed, Comonfort having added his forces to those of Ortegas. The British steamer Lubime had arrived at Panama from Mexico, with two and a half million dollars for Europe. The United States ships Lancaster and St. Mary's were at Panama.

There is no news of importance from South or Central America.

New York Money Markets.

NEW YORK, June 5.

Stocks easier; Chicago and Rock Island 101½; Cumberland coal 27½; Illinois Central 120; Michigan Southern 116½; New York Central 122½; Reading 112; Gold 146½; Treasury 6s. 107½.

LATEST FROM VICKSBURG.

THE REBELS ON HALF RATIONS.

THE WORK PROGRESSING SUCCESSFULLY

THE SURRENDER OF THE CITY DEMANDED.

THE REPLY OF GEN. PEMBERTON.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, June 4.

Advices have been received by the Government from Vicksburg up to Sunday night, May 31. They are of an encouraging character, but no specific intelligence is communicated. The rebel report that Grant had sent his whole army to the Big Black, and the unofficial Union report that he had sent thither one corps, are incorrect. Our troops are in good health and spirits.

We are assured upon the highest authority that since the 22d no assault has been made upon the rebel works; that since the 25th, up to the 31st, no fighting whatever had taken place; and that the Union loss in the assaults of the 21st and 22d has been greatly exaggerated.

A telegram in the Richmond papers of June 3, dated, Jackson June 1, says that Grant had demanded from Pemberton the surrender of Vicksburg, which was refused. Grant had then given him three days' time to consider.

The Government has official information of the close investment of Port Hudson by Gen. Banks, and the Richmond papers of June 3 assert that at the latest dates the situation there was unchanged.

We are permitted to publish the following extract from a private letter from an officer of Admiral Porter's squadron, dated near Vicksburg, May 25:

"We are meeting with successes on every side, and before long the entire river will be open. To-night we had a dispatch from Gen. Grant, stating that he was gaining ground and advancing slowly but surely on the town.

"We have kept our mortars playing on the town for the last three days and nights without cessation, and have destroyed a great many buildings, beside two batteries. Deserters and paroled prisoners report to night that the city cannot hold out much longer. They are getting very short of provisions and have already come down to half rations. They have no way of getting any more supplies. We all feel very confident here of the fall of Vicksburg in a very short space of time."

WASHINGTON, Thursday, June 4, 1863.—A telegram was received to-night extracted from the Richmond *Sentinel*, June 3d, as follows:

"JACKSON, June 1.—Gen. Grant demanded the surrender of Vicksburg on Thursday, giving three days to Gen. Pemberton to consider the demand. Gen. Pemberton replied that he did not want 15 minutes, and the troops would die in the trenches before they would surrender.—The enemy's gunboats fire heavy shot at the city. Port Hudson is invested."

The gentleman forwarding this dispatch to the Government adds: "There is nothing in the Richmond *Enquirer* of the 4th."

VICKSBURG.

GENERAL GRANT FORTIFYING BLACK RIVER.

BALTIMORE, June 4.

Richmond papers of the 2d instant have been received in the Army of the Potomac, but they do not contain any dispatches from Vicksburg, or any other division of the rebel army. Rebel officers, however, reported that Pemberton still held out, and that General Grant had fallen back to the Big Black, which he was fortifying so as to prevent any attack on his rear from Joe Johnston.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

PHILADELPHIA, June 5.

Flour dull and prices drooping; the only sales are 2,080 bbls. at $5 75 for superfine, $6 50 @7 25 for extra family, and $7 75@9 for fancy. Receipts very moderate. Rye flour dull at $5. Corn Meal at $4. No demand for Wheat, and red nominal at $1 54@1 56, and white at $1 60@1 70. Small sales of Rye at $1. Corn in good request at 86c for yellow. Oats sell on demand at 74c. Coffee dull. Sugar and Molasses no change. Provisions quiet. Lot of new Mess Pork at $14 50; 200 tierces of hams in pickle at $8½@9. Lard steady at 10@10¼c. Whisky steady at 45@46c.

NEW YORK, June 5.

Flour declined 5c—sales of 90,000 barrels at $5 15@5 30 for State; $6 15@6 25 for Ohio, $6 55@7 10 for Southern. Wheat 1c lower—sales 400,000 bushels at $1 22@1 43 for Chicago spring; $1 37@1 44 for Milwaukie Club. Corn dull—40,000 bushels sold at 78@78½c. Beef is quiet; Pork heavy; Lard steady at 9½@10¼; Whisky steady at 44@44½. Receipts of flour 2,466 barrels; wheat 130,445 bushels; corn 78,475 bushels.

BALTIMORE, June 5.

Flour quiet at previous rates. Wheat active and advanced 2@5c. Corn steady. Whisky dull.

New Advertisements

$5 REWARD.

STOLEN from the yard of the undersigned, in Fifth street, on the night of the 3d inst., a Canary Bird and Cage. The bird was yellow, with black feathers on its back, the cage was a round one, made of wire and tin, and was painted blue and white. The above reward will be paid to any one that will return the same to me. [je4-dtf] WESLEY REESE.

LOST!

ON the night of the 4th inst., somewhere at or about the Pennsylvania Canal Office, the "Jones House" and "Buehler House," a Pocket Book containing $15 to $20 in money, and four or five Pennsylvania Railroad checks, of date and amount, viz:

Check dated	February	28, 1863,	$80 00
" "	March	31, "	160 00
" "	April	30, "	80 00
" "	April	30, "	7 25

The above checks were all made payable to the subscriber, save the last enumerated for $7 50, which was payable to Aaron Steese, all of them on the order of Thos. T. Weirman, Superintendent Pennsylvania Canal. A suitable reward will be paid for the delivery of the same to the subscriber at the "Buehler House"

All persons are hereby warned not to negotiate the same, as payment has been stopped.

je5-2t JNO. RUNK, Jr.

TO CARPENTERS, BUILDERS AND HOUSE OWNERS.—I offer Dana Bickford's Patent Spring Balance and Fastener for Window Sash, to take the place of weights. It is the most complete and useful invention ever put in the market. It balances the sash perfectly at any point as well as weights. It requires no expense for boxing, and can be applied to old as well as new buildings, without any alteration in the frames. It does not balance by friction, but by means of the strength of a coiled spring, with a cord attached to the sash, the same as the cords of weights; with the addition of the sash lock, it renders it the most perfect and economical arrangement offered to the public, being a saving of one half the cost in each window frame, and giving the advantages of cords and weights, without its liability to get out of order. "As a door spring it is perfect." Model to be seen at Gilbert's Hardware Store, Market street, apposite Court house.

je5-3t WM. H. CLARKE

New Advertisements.

WANTED—MEN—MEN—MEN—For Col. Roberts' artillery, to garrison Fortress Monroe, a permanent place, comfortable barracks, no washing, no picket duty, $100 bounty, $25 in advance. A vacancy for two non-commissioned officers—must come well recommended. Apply at headquarters, Walnut street, opposite Exchange, Harrisburg.

je5 LIEUT. C. F. ECCLESTON.

FOUND—A purse containing a sum of money was found in State street yesteday. The owner can have the same by proving property and calling on BENJ. F. DOUGLAS,

je5-1t Cor. of Sixth and State sts.

COAL AT REDUCED PRICES.

I AM about closing out my coal business and will sell *pure* Lykens Valley and Wilkesbarre Coal at reduced figures, when taken in lots of five tons and upwards.

Also for sale, Carts and Harness.

Call at Coal Yard, foot of North street.

je4 d1w GILLIARD DOCK.

POTATOES.

We have Five Hundred Bushels of Potatoes for sale cheap, wholesale and retail.

je2-4t EBY & KUNKEL.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having this day been granted by the Register of Dauphin county to the subscriber, on the estate of Peter Becker, late of the city of Harrisburg, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate settlement, and those having claims are requested to present them to the subscriber.

GEORGE GARVERICH,

j 3-6taw6w Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that letters of administration were this day issued to the subscriber on the estate of Charles B. Hummel, late of the city of Harrisburg, Dauphin county, dec'd. All creditors of said estate will present their claims, and those indebted make immediate payment. AUGUSTUS L. CHAYNE,

my21-6taw6t Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration *de bonis non* were issued to the subscriber, on the estate of George Hammon, late of the city of Harrisburg, Dauphin county, deceased. All creditors of said estate will present their claims, and those indebted make immediate payment. JACOB SHELL,

my6-6taw6w Administrator *de bonis non.*

MASON & HAMLIN

CABINET ORGANS,

WITH AUTOMATIC SWELL.

PATENTED OCT. 21, 1862.

N. B. *Having recently introduced numerous very important improvements in our Harmoniums, we have secured for them by copyright the trade-mark* "Cabinet Organ," *which will distinguish them from those of other makers, and protect purchasers from imitations.*

MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS are pronounced superior to Melodeons and all similar instruments by those best qualified to judge, and are the only ones which have ever been awarded a GOLD MEDAL in this country.—See written testimony from the following most eminent Organists of New York: Boston &c., in which they are pronounced "The best of their class of which we have any knowledge:" ZUNDEL, Organist of Henry Ward Beecher's Church; FLINT, of Madison Square Church; MOSENTHAL, of Calvary Church; WELS, of Christ Church; MAGRATH, of Dr. Pise's Church; SMITZ, of the Immaculate Conception Church; HAGNER, Editor *Musical Review*, of New York; TUCKERMAN, of St. Paul's Church; WILCOX, of Immaculate Conception Church; BAUMBACH, of the Church of the Unity; LANG, of Old South Church, of Boston;—BEAL, of St. Joseph's Church; THOMAS, of the Church of the Holy Innocents; MARSH, of St. PETER'S Church, of Albany,—and many others.

The Manufacturers are in possession of testimonials to similar effect from THALBERG, MORGAN, L MASON, ZERRAHN, BRADBURY, WEBB, ROOT, HASTINGS, WM. MASON, SATTER, WOLLENHAUPT, GELHAAR, KRAUSER, WOLFSOHN, &c., &c.

PRICES.

CABINET ORGANS, Single and Double Reed	$70 to 150
CABINET ORGANS, with 6, 8, and 12 stops, pedal base, &c.	$225 to 450
MELODEONS. Nine varieties	$60 to 225

☞ Descriptive Circulars sent by mail.

Warerooms in BOSTON: 274 WASHINGTON ST.

Warerooms in NEW YORK: 5 and 7 MERCER ST.

Address "MASON & HAMLIN, Boston," or "MASON BROTHERS New York."

For sale in Harrisburg by

WM. KNOCHE,

je4-d1t-w6m Sole Agent, 93 Market st.

$5 REWARD.

LOST—Last evening, a plain Gold Watch, without guard or chain, on the road from David Mumma's, on the river bank, to Market square. The above reward will be paid by returning it to. WM. S. SHAFFER,

je3-3t Market square.

BRANT'S HALL,

FOR TWO NIGHTS.

Friday and Saturday, June 5 and 6.

The Original and Magnificent DIORAMA of the

BURNING OF MOSCOW.

New and Beautiful Dioraptic Paintings, and Amusing Scenes in Ventreloquism, by Mr. GALLAGHER, the world renowned Humorist.

Admission Fifteen Cents. No half price.

Doors open at 7—Commences at 8 o'clock.

je4-4t

WANTED—Forty or Fifty Wood Choppers. Sixty cents per cord will be paid and no piling to be done. Apply to E. S. GERMAN, 27 South Second street, below Market square, or to Jacob Thielman, Millersburg, Dauphin county, Pa. je2-d1w

A CARD!

I hereby give notice to the citizens of Harrisburg, not to trust my wife, Johanne Kunigunde Waechter, (formerly Horn,) as we have separated, and I shall not pay any debts contracted by her. MICHAEL WAECHTER.

Harrisburg, June 2, 1863—3t

BOARD AT SARATOGA SPRINGS.

WASHINGTON HALL, (late Mrs. Mason's,) so long and favorably known to visitors at the Springs, IS NOW OPEN for the reception of guests. The house is large, delightfully situated on BROADWAY, between the CONGRESS and EMPIRE SPRINGS, and is surrounded by ample and beautifully shaded grounds. Table first class—and the rooms well adapted for families and large parties of friends. For further particulars address

WASHINGTON HALL, SARATOGA SPRINGS.

je2-1m

HANDS WANTED.

TWO or THREE good steady men, with some knowledge of Farm or Garden work, will be employed for the season.

☞ The *highest wages* will be paid to persons of the right kind. Apply to H. A. MISH.

Keystone Nursery, May 22, 1863.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

GEORGE CASSEL respectfully announces that he will be a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, and if nominated and elected, pledges himself to fulfill the duties of the office with fidelity.

my29-dawtc

New Advertisements.

Notice to Bridge Contractors.

THE subscribers will receive separate proposals for the building of two new bridges—one of 75 feet span, and the other of 80 feet span—both of said bridges to be of one span each. Said bridges to be built across Wiconisco creek, in Dauphin county, the one a few miles east of Millersburg and the other about seven miles east of the same place. The said sites are respectively known as Cooper's Fording and Good's Fulling Mill Bridge. Said bridges to be erected on the Burr Top Arch Plan. Proposals will be received up to June the 22d, (Monday,) 1863, at 3 o'clock P. M., at which time the said proposals will be opened and contracts awarded. Persons wishing to propose can have printed specifications on application, by letter or otherwise, at the office of the County Commissioners at Harrisburg, on which proposals should be indorsed.

GEORGE GARVERICH,
HENRY MOYER,
JACOB J. MILLEISEN,
Commissioners.

my27-dawtd

$5 REWARD.

LOST—On or about the 6th day of April last, an Overcoat, in the pocket of which was a wallet containing a sum of money and a number of valuable papers, promissory notes, &c., &c., drawn to the order of WM. STROH. The finder will receive the above reward upon the delivery of the papers to this office, or to

WM. STROH,

je2-d3t-w1t Lebanon, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

IN the Orphans' Court of Dauphin County The Auditor appointed by the said court to make distribution, among the heirs, of the balance in the hands of Adam Brenneman, administrator of the estate of John Brenneman, late of the township of South Hanover, in said county, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment on Thursday, the 25th day of June, inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., at his office, on Third street, adjoining the National Telegraph Office, in the city of Harrisburg, when and where all parties interested will attend if they see proper.

ROBT. SNODGRASS,

je3-o3w3w Auditor.

AN ASSORTMENT OF

OVER 100 STYLES

—OF—

POCKET BOOKS, PURSES

AND

PORTMONAIES

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

AT

KELLER'S

Drug and Fancy Goods Store,

No. 91 Market Street.

A FINE LOT OF

BANKERS' CASES AND LARGE WALLETS.

Some Splendid New Patterns of

LADIES' COMPANIONS.

The best Morocco

TRAVELING SATCHELS,

And a general variety of FANCY GOODS, suitable for Presents, now on hand at

KELLER'S

my11] Drug Store, No. 91 Market Street.

353 RUBIA MILLS, 355

353 and 355 Washington Street, New York City.

GOVERNMENT COFFEE.

PUT up in tin foil pound papers, 48 in box, and in bulk. Our prices range from 7 to 30 cents. We put up the following kinds:

JAVA, MARACAIBO, RIO AND VARIOUS OTHER BRANDS OF SUPERIOR COFFEE.

We believe our Coffee to be better than any ground Coffee now in use. All orders addressed to us, or to our agents, Messrs. PLACE & YOUNG, 182 Chambers Street, corner Washington Street, New York City, will receive prompt attention.

The retail trade supplied by first class jobbing houses in the various cities.

TABER & PLACE.

WM. F. TABER. CHAS. PLACE

N. B.—Trade Price List furnished upon application. dec18-d3m-rdmr23

ROBERT SNODGRASS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office with Hon David Mumma, Jr., Third street, above Market, Harrisburg, Pa.

N. B.—Pension, Bounty and Military Claims of all kinds prosecuted and collected.

Refer to Hons. John C. Kunkel, David Mumma, Jr., and R. A. Lamberton.

my9-daw6m

HAMS!!!

20,000 LBS.—Composed of the following brands, just received:

NEWBOLD'S, *celebrated.*
NEW JERSEY, *selected.*
EVANS AND SWIFT'S, *superior.*
MICHENER'S EXCELSIOR, *canvassed.*
MICHENER'S EXCELSIOR, *not encanvassed.*
IRON CITY, *canvassed.*
IRON CITY, *not canvassed.*
PLAIN HAMS, *strictly prime.*
COUNTRY HAMS, *very fine.*

Each ham sold will be guaranteed as represented.

WM. DOCK, Jr., & CO.

FOR SALE.

200 BUSHELS prime Potatoes.
200 LBS. Buckwheat Flour.
800 bbls. Prime New York State Apples.
Buckwheat and Wheat Flour, Corn, Oats, Feed, Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, Dried Pitted Cherries, Huckleberries, Raspberries, Blackberries, &c. Choice sugar-cured Hams, Shoulders, Dried Beef, Lard, Mackerel, Codfish, &c. A prime lot of Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Raisins, Candies, Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Candles, Spices, Tobacco, Segars, &c.

A prime lot of Sweet Cider just received. Pure Cider Vinegar.

For sale wholesale and retail, No. 106 Market street, Harrisburg, Pa.

mr26 d1y W. H. SIBLE & CO.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.—We have just received the largest and finest lot of Messina Oranges offered this season in this market. Call and examine, at

NICHOLS & BOWMAN,

ap27 Cor. Front and Market streets.

AZATHEAS,

Different colored double varieties; White Fringe, Purple Fringe, or Mist Tree, and other shrubbery, at Keystone Nursery. J. MISH.

CHEESE, old and new, from prime Dairies for sale low by

NICHOLS & BOWMAN,

my15 Cor. Front and Market Streets.

LAWTON BLACKBERRY,

Strong, vigorous, bearing plants, at low price, at Keystone Nursery. J. MISH.

WALL PAPER, BORDERS, &c., &c., sold at last year's prices, without any advance

ap6 SCHEFFER'S BOOKSTORE.