The Paily Telegraph.

SABBISBURG, PA

Saturday Evening, May 30, 1863

UNION STATE CONVENTION. The LOYAL CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVA NIA, without distinction of party, who desire cordially to unite in sustaining the NATIONAL AND STATE ADMINISTRATIONS, in their patriotic efforts to suppress a sectional and un holy rebellion against the UNITY OF THE REPUBLIC, and who desire to support, by every power of the Government, our heroic brethren in arms, who are braving disease and the perils of the field to preserve the UNION OF OUR FATHERS, are requested to select a number of Delegates equal to their Le gislative representatives of the State, at such times and in such manner as will best respond to the spirit of this call, to meet in STATE CONVENTION, at PITTSBURG, on WEDNESDAY, the FIRST DAY OF JULY next, at eleven o'clock, A. M., on said day, to nominate candidates for the offices of GOVERNOR and JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, and to take such measures as may be deemed necessary to strengthen the Government in this season of common peril to a common country. C. P. MARKLE,

Chairman of the Union State Central Com-

GEO. W. HAMERSLY, Secretaries. WM. J. HOWARD. The Committee also passed the following resolution unanimously, viz:

Resolved, That it be recommended to the Loyal citizens of Pennsylvania, without dis-Loyal Citizens of Fennsylvania, without unstinction of party, to organize, in each Election District of the State, Union Leagues, for the purpose of sustaining the Government in suppressing this causeless and wicked rebellion, which now seeks to divide and destroy the Republic.

THE SITUATION.

The Washington Geronicle of this morning come in his rear. The reports of his death, cession sympathizers in Washington, have no foundation. Repeated assaults have been made upon the rebel works, and at every trial something has been gained. The rebels are losing heart every day. They have lost all their field artillery, and what is more, we have gained it. We do not think we hazard anything in prophesying that Vicksburg is now occupied by our forces, and that a vast quantity of stores and ammunition and a large number of prisoners have been taken. We hope that a very few days will announce to us the complete capture of the 'Gibralter of the West.'

The Dilemma of the Copperheads.

The copperhead leaders of Pennsylvania, when they made issue with the National Administration, on the policy of suppressing armed rebellion with armed force, fell into the same mistake which first induced the slave drivers always asserted the cowardice, the unwillingness to fight of the masses of the north er free States. This faith in the cowardics of the people of the free States, was derived from the cringing manner in which, for years, the representatives of northern States and districts in Congress, submitted the districts of the years composed largely of the locofoco species. The delegation from this State, from Ohio, New York and the other powerful Commonnays" as it suited the slave driver's interest. the abject cowardice of the northern people, left to fight. Thus, on the other hand, i into the miads of their constituents; while the treason sympathizers destroy the Adminismiserable dough faces who thus degraded them. tration, there could be no Government lefttually flattered themselves with the notion that contend with traitors, and therefore the slave they really reflected north, eastern and western drivers would have nothing to do but announce manliness as well as politics, and that as they to the world the triumph of their schemes, eshad been accustomed to licking the dust from lablish their government on the rains of the the slave driver's feet, their constituents too Republic, exile or outlaw all who battled for forsooth, would cast themselves upon their freedom, and invite their allies to sit down bellies and crawl before the same audacious with them at a feast in honor of the burial of gressing satisfactorily, and that Gen. Grant is masters. It was this faith which prompted the all the symbols of the only free Government on abundantly able to maintain his investment of the town and repel any attack upon his rear. bellies and crawl before the same audacious with them at a feast in honor of the burial of masters. It was this faith which prompted the slave drivers to organize their conspiracy. It she face of the globe.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

THE Auditor appointed by the Court of Commendation and the same belief, which in done their Democratic allies to oppose the war policy of the National Administration. The first believed that the offer of armed resistance first believed that the offer of armed resistance would at once awe the North into acceding to any etrms. The latter hoped that the opposite the Administration to the Administration would cause those of the South. He does not that he had thereupon concluded that the place was to other act of Congress, wherever and the same service of the globe.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

THE Auditor appointed by the Court of Comments and continuity, to distribute to was at reason and the same service of the globe.

THE Auditor appointed by the Court of Comments, and the same service of the first class shall have been called.

SEC. 7. And be if further macied, That it shall have been called.

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SEC. 7. And be if further macied, That it shall to the Administration where the same of the Administration, be certain to put him down by the Court of Comments are the town and resistance points from highly respectable sources represent that General Grant, sincé Sanday, had made office, in the city of Harrisburg, on Tuesday, the works at Vickaburg, and failed to carry them; the difference of the globe.

Forty-five hundred rebel prisoners, captured to Murpermasson, Tenn. May 28, 1863.—Reports from highly respectable sources represent the down and estate of the real estate of the real estate of Lewis and Jones Faust, on read, at. No. 47, April term, initial states until those of the first class shall have been called.

SEC. 7. And be if further macied, That it shall have been called.

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SEC. 7. And be if rebellion would be, first, the triumph of slavery, then the vindication of Democracy, and last, the overthrow and humiliation of the party in power. It was calculated to do all this, without disturbing the Government. The slave driving and still the Government would be uninjured, lar. Let them, too, oppose the Northern for unimpaired in its majesty and force. This of the Administration as strongly and as boldly the rebellion, was the justification of Demo- Both are engaged for its complete destruction ing the conspiracy.

-It is now hard to tell which of the two parties have been most disappointed in their meeting in New York, told his abolition hearers estimate of the Northern people. The slave that he "believed the next President will be a helders were misled by the Democracy, while the Democracy deceived themselves. The estimate of Northern valor, courage and capacity
to carry on the war, has proven to be a fatal
error to those who had calculated on its deficlency or incapacity. The rebels stand appalled
before a unanimity which they were taught to before a unanimity which they were taught to There is no necessity for your giving this adbelieve could never be produced among the vice to your driver to "cut behind." It is not Northern people. The poltroon politicians of so often betrayed Northern interests in labor and Copperhead Democracy that he alluded to.—

slavery, are amazed at the force which they next President will be a Democi. but he won't often depreciated, and stand shivering in effort of the leading Democratic politicians to pose the Government by denouncing the Ad for them to occupy. Hence their dilemma. They allies, by depreciating the capacity of the Government and the devotion of the masses Thus left, the dilemma in which these tories find themselves is indeed awful. It has but one parallel in history, that of the betrayal of the Son of God by Judas; and to preserve the identity, the betrayers in this instance must either hang themselves or they should be speedily hung by the fair judgment of the law. Truly, a horrible dilemma for the leaders of copperhead Democracy!

Who Are Against the Government?

When we look seriously at the men of the South engaged in the effort to destroy the Union, we are impressed with the similarity which exists between those conspirators and certain parties in the North, who are assuming such novel positions in the conflict now raging. The traitors of the South declared, when they began to secede from the Union, that they were tired of the Government. Just about that time, power says: Gen. Grant is progressing well in the siege and patronage had departed from the control of of Vicksburg. A dispatch was received from him the Democratic party, and with that departure at headquarters yesterday that he was getting the prestige and influence of Southern instituon very satisfactorily, and he felt himself amply tions showed their first signs of decay. Hence competent to take care of any force that might the people of the South, or rather the few thousand slave owners who represent all that there which have been maliciously circulated by selis of interest in that section, resolved to destroy the Government. They went to work deliberately. They had prepared themselves for the attempt. The issue was made thus: If Lincoln is elected, then is the assurance plain that the energy of the nation is to be devoted to freedom, and slavery can have no fellowship in such a Government. It was the wrong which the election of Lincoln was supposed to have inflicted on slavery that induced the slave States to strike against the Government; and at this point we are brought to the similarity between the Southern armed traitors and the Northern sympathizers with treason. The one antagonizes the Government, because in the mighty progress and development of that Gov ernment slavery is threatened with destruction. The others oppose, not, as they profess, the Government, but the Administration, because that Administration, by its defence of a to revolt. The slave drivers of the south have

Government whose free principles are opposed \$280, in appreciation of his character and serto slavery, interferes seriously with partisan Democracy. Whatever affects slavery impairs Democracy! A war for the defence of the their country. General Robinson, commanding wrongs of the one could not fail, sooner or later, to involve the other, because where the wrongs of the one would be placed to dauger, there the dently contemplates a movement, but as to corruption of the other might reasonably hourly what point can only be a matter of conjecture. southern element. That representation was for anticipate annihilation. Hence, while the Democratic slave drivers are striking at the Government, the natural allies of those traitors, the Democratic leaders of the North, are strik-pend upon that of the enemy. wealths of the east and the west, was imbued ing at the Administration. The object sought so strongly with locofoco dough-faceism, that after is one and the same, notwithstanding the the crack of the slave driver's whip was all points assailed are different and separate. If that was necessary to control the "yeas and the slave drivers destroy the Government, the Administration goes to pieces in the general The representatives of the South infused the wreck, and of course the sympathizers with slaopinion which was thus forced upon them, of very treason in the North would have nothing

tion to the Administrations would cause those oppose it to aid those who are fighting these in authority to shrink from appealing to the traitors, but simply and plainly and practically opened a terrible and sustained fire upon it in authority to shrink from appealing to the traitors, but simply and plainly and practically masses for support, and that the result of the to aid the success of the rebellion. Here is the conspirators and the Democracy had so arrang. struction of the Government, because it seeks ed their theories and proclaimed their dectrines the embarrassment of those engaged in efforts for that administration and government were made to the defence. There is no more difference beassume different aspects and mean different tween the men who fight in arms against the things. The world was to be hood-winked Government and those who bluster in words with the idea that the slave drivers, with the against the Administration, than there is beassistance of the Democracy, could trample on tween the villain who secures the victim while an administration after it was inaugurated, Let loyal men not be deceived by the claim which could defy its authority and spit upon its rule, seeks to establish any difference in this particu

monstrous doctrine was the life giving force of opposed. Both are the enemies of the Union. cratic refusal to aid the Administration in crush- and until both are overthrown there will be no peace in the land.

> JOHN VAN BUREN, at the late Madison square Democrat," and also stated that he thought he

your stage that John Van Buren, will be after the North, the miserable lick-spittles who have trying to get on. It was not your pirty of be compelled to abandon the siege. commerce, to satisfy Southern demands for the Nothing of the sort. We say too, as did Mr.

be of the Vallandighamer-Wood Seymour and. The enemy is now a mile and a half from our terror before the majesty and power of a people Cessna kidney. And we expect too to vote for a position. He keeps up a slight cannonading off whom they have so often betrayed. Hence the Democrat for the next President, should one be nominated—such a man, for instance, as Gen counteract the spirit which pervades the largest Butler, Andy Johnson, Daniel S. Dickinson, Gen. number of the returning soldiers, who came back Dix, or Jos. A. Wright. It was this kind of Deminten ified in their abhorence of treason, resolved ocrat John Van Buren meant, and very likely he in their determination not only to crush out that | had one of these men in his mind when he spoke. which is arrayed in arms in the South, but also There is no difference between these men and that which secrets itself in the North in sym-such Republicans as Cameron, Chase, Banks, pathy for the same treason. The leaders of the Seward, Blair, or any of those prominently Democracy have nothing more to do, but to identified with the Republican party, on the continue to support the rebellion and op great question of suppressing the rebellion and maintaining the Government—and this is the ministration. There is no middle ground left only question of importance that can divide men into two parties—those of patriots and traitors, have deceived themselves and the foes of the friends and enemies of the country. We expect country of which they are the natural that one of the men we have named will be "the next President," and we expect to vote for him. along with John Van Buren and every other true friend of the Republic.

A SHORT STORY .- The State Teachers' Association of Indiana, numbering 170 teachers, at their late meeting summed up the political situation in a very few words by unanimously adopting the following platform:

Resolved, 1. That the Union Government is right and the rebellion wrong.

Resolved, 2. That we will sustain the right and oppose the wrong by all the means God has placed in our power. se the wrong by all the legitimate

by Telegraph

FROM WASHINGTON.

Inspection of Hospitals at Potomac and Aquia Creeks.

Excellent Physical Condition of the Soldiers.

The Medical inspector, Dr. G. K. Johnson, has recently inspected the corps hospitals at Acquia and Potomac creeks, and will soon submit to the Department a detailed report. These hospitals exhibit a remarkable exemption from mortality in the surgical operations This is attributable to the excellent physical condition of the men previous to the battle, as well as to the completeness of the arrangements and skillful medical attendance in the hospital. Scarcely a case of amputation has terminated fatally.

An amputation of the hip joint was performed death, and consequently has, it is said, been discarded in European and American surgery.

The patient is now in a fair way of recovery The non-commissioned officers and privates of the New York 9th State Militia to-day presented Dr. Charles J. Nordguist, Chief Surgeon, Second Division, First Corps, with a superb Ameri vices while Surgeon of their regiment. The occasion was the second anniversary of that the Division, together with his Staff, were pre-

He continues to show off troops in front of Fredericksburg, as if with the design of deceiv ing our military there. There is no indication

VICKSBURG.

Repel any Attack Upon His Rear.

OUR FINAL SUCCESS ASSURED.

selves to the uses of their political masters, ac no force, no power with life and ability in it to Arrival of Forty-five Hundred Prisoners at Memphis,

> Washington, May 29.
> Dispatches from Gen. Grant, dated near Vicks burg, May 25, have been received at the War

Department to-day.

They represent the siege of Vicksburg as pro-

with his artillery.

point in his department.

It was not supposed the city could possibly hold out longer than to-day.

Parties who entered our lines to-day from the South report that Breckinridge and Crother's

Brig. Gen. Harding has tendered his resignaion on account of disability.

Continued Bombardment of Puebla by

the French. THE FRENCH WILL SOON BE COMPELLED

TO ABANDON THE SIEGR. IMPORTANT MOVEMENTS BY THE MEXICANS.

San Francisco, May 29. Advices received from the city of Mexico, via loapulco on the 5th inst., have been received. Up to the 5th inst the French continued the bombardment of Puebla, but with little progress. It is believed that the French will soon

protection, development and extension of Van Buren, that we are inclined to think the into Puebla and strengthen Artego.

On the 7th Comonfort telegraphed to Juarez: All his attention is directed to my movements. My line extends to San Pueblr Dumonte. The soldiers are very enthusiastic and intend to profit by it. COMONFORT.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

CAPE RACE, May 29. The steamer Jura with Liverpool, dates of the 21st and Londonderry of the 22nd, was boarded A general feeling of suspense prevails in re-lation to American news.

The Derby race was won by Macaroni by a short head only. Lord Clifden was second. Cotton sales for three days 11,000 bales, the warket closing dull and slightly lower. Breadstuffs quiet and steady without change in prices. Provisions dull and unchanged. Consols 93%

THE LATEST.

MAY 21-Cotton sales for the week 28,000 bales. Prices are 1@1 lower for American and Surais. The Glasgow arrived out on the 21st.

From Admiral Wilkes' Squadron. PORTLAND, May 80.

Ship George Turner, from Buenas Ayeres, via st. Thomas on 16th inst., arrived here to ringing four invalid seamen from the U.S. steamer Alabama, four from the bark Gemsbek, four from the steamer Wachusett, one from the teamer Oneida, and one from the Vanderbilt. all of Admiral Wilkes' squadron. The Vander-bilt had taken in 1,500 tons of coal and was ready for a cruise.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

PHILADELPHIA, May 80. But little doing in breadstuffs; 500 bbls. Ohio extra family sold at \$6 75@7, and superfine dull at \$5 75@6. By effour sells slowly at \$5@5 25, and corn meal \$4. Wheat moves slowly; sales of 3,000 bus. red at \$1 56@1 58. and white at \$1 75@1 78. Bye declined to 1\$. Corn in fair request; 5,000 bus. sold at MOVEMENTS OF GENERAL LEE

851@86c. for yellow, and 88c. for Western mixed. Uats steady; 7,000 bus. sold at 70@78c. No sales of barley or malt. Cloverseed wanted at \$5.75. Timothy is nominal at \$1.50, and flaxseed at \$2.50. Coffee drooping, has recently inspected the corps hospitals at and sugar and molasses attract very little attention. Provisions held firmly, but not much doing. Whisky has advanced, and closed at 45@46 for Penna. and Ohio.

New York Money Markets.

NEW YORK, May 30.

Stocks better. Chicago and Bock Island 108 Cumberland coal 30; Illinois Central B. B. 1101; in the second division, first corps hospital, an Illinois Central bonds 118; Michigan Southern operation which is almost invariably followed by 1161; Reading 118; Milwaukee and Wisconsin 1161; Reading 118; Milwaukee and Wisconsin 84; Missouri 6: 71; gold 145; treasury 7 8-10: 4071; filinois war loan 1021.

Died.

At his residence in this city on the 28th inst. General John Forster, in the 86th year of his

The funeral will take place on Monday after noon, at two o'clock, from his late residence on Front street, below Market, which the rela tives and friends are invited to attend. On the 29th inst., Maggis C. M'Clure, in ier seventh year.

The funeral will take place on Sunday after noon at three o'clock, from the residence of her mother, near the Paxton Furnace, which the relations and friends are invited to attend.

New Advertisements

WANTED-A boy, about 14 years of age, to Gen. Grant Able to Maintain His Position and Sent Able to Maintain His Position and JACOB SCHLAYER, my80-210] South st., 3 doors from 8d st.

> BRANT'S HALL. Wednesday & Thursday, June 3 & 4 BARCLAYS New and only correct panorama of JERUSALEM!

And vicinity ever painted, and PERISCOPE OF THE HOLY LAND. Doors open at half-past seven. Panorams loves at eight P. M. Admission reduced to 15

cents. No half price. [my80-d8ta

50,000 LBS !!!

" EXCELSIOR "

(CANVASSED) HAMS!

Now Receiving, which we can sell wholesale or by the single Ham, at a very low figure.

WAR IN MEXICO. ed to make the lines of said street as laid out

President Common Council. Attest-David Harris, Clerk. Approved May 28, 1863.

mySodlt A. L. ROUMFORT, Mayor.

WANTED! CABINET Makers, Carpenters, Machinists and Laborers wanted at the my29-8t EAGLE WORKS.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

New Advertisements.

[OFFICIAL.] STATES ENROLLMENT LAWS

WAR DEPARTMENT WASHINGTON, April 21, 1863.

The following regulations for the government of the Bureau of the Provost Marshal General of the United States, having been approved by the President of the United States, he com-ABRIVAL OF THE STEAMER JURA. mands that they to published for the government of all concerned, and that they be strictly EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

EXTRACTS.

PARAGRAPH 25. To enable Provost Marshals delivered to the civil authorities, and, upon to discharge their duties efficiently, they are authorized to call upon the nearest available military force, or on citizens as a posse comitament not exceeding five hundred collars, or by noth of tus, or on United States Marshals and Deputy said punishments.

Sign. 88. And be it further enacted, That all perhambers are thereby enjoined to aid the Provost Marshal in sons who, in time of war or of rebellion against

on so to do. C C C C C C C PAR. 62. This enrollment must include:—

2. All nersons of foreign birth, not so exempted, who shall have declared on oath, their intention to become citiz-ns of the United States, under and in pursuance of the laws

PAR 88. To establish exemption under the 2d of the Act for enrolling, &c. The Board of those entitled to exemption will be omitted Eurollment shall require the affidavits of the from the enrollment on making satisfactory person seeking to be exempt, and, of two respectable men, (heads of families) residing in he district, that the man in question is only son liable to military duty of a widow dependent on his labor for support," "the only son of aged or infirm parent or parents dependent on his labor for support," or otherwise, according to the particular provision of the section under which the exemption is claimed. These affidavits will be required. asde according to the forms hereinafter preoaths. These forms of affidavits shall be pub- add two gallons of warm water. lished by the Board of Enrollment in the newspapers of the district, for the information of the public when a draft is ordered.

Par. 90. Persons claiming exemption from enrollment, must furnish clear proof of their right to such exemption. They will be enrolled where the proof of their exemption is not clear and conclusive.

EXTRACTS FROM THE ACT FOR ENROLLING AND CALLing out the national forces, &c., approved march 3, 1863.

Be it enacted, &c., That all able-bodied male citizens of the United States, and persons of foreign birth who shall have declared on oath their intention to become citizens under and in

for that purpose. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the folowing persons be, and they are hereby excepted and exempt from the provisions of this act, and shall not be liable to military duty under the same, to wit: Such as are rejected as physically or mentally unfit for the service; also, first, the Vice President of the United States, Judges of the various Courts of the United States, the hears of the various executive departments of the Government, and the Governors of the several States; second, the only son liable to military duty of a widow depend-

his labor for support; seventh, where there are a father and sone in the same family and house hold, and two of them are in the military service of the United States as non-commissioned wise, at the office of the County Commissioners. the residue of at Harrisburg. such family and household, not exceeding two, indorsed. shall be exempt. And no persons but such a are herein excepted shall be exempt. Provide

however, That no person who has been convicted of any felony shall be enrolled or permitted to serve in said forces. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted. That the Na tional forces of the United States not now in the military service, enrolled under this act, shall be divided into two classes, the first of which shall comprise all persons subject to do military duty between the ages of twenty and thirty five years, and all unmarried persons subject to do military duty above the age of thirty-five and under the age of forty first thirtysubject to do military duty above the age of thirty-five and under the age of forty-five; the second class shall comprise all other persons subject to do military duty, and they shall not, in any district, be called into the service of the United States until those of the first class shall have been called

to detect, seize and confine spies of the enemy, who shall without unreasonable dels y be delivered to the custody of the General commanding the Department in which they ray be arrested, to be tried as soon as the existencies of the service permit, to obey all orders and regulations of the Provost Marshal General, and such as may be prescribed by law, concerning the enrollment and calling into service of the National

SEC. 23. And be it further enacted, That the clothes, arms, military outfits, and accourage ments, furnished by the United States to any soldier shall not be sold, bartered, exchanged, pledged, loaned, or given away; and no person not a soldier, or duly authorized officer of the United States, who has possession of any such vishner on the Linestown road adjoining pro-South report that Breckinridge and Grother's divisions of Bragg's army were on their way South.

And Ordinary of a street to be opened, graded and curbed from Seventh to Eighth street.

And Ordinary of the City of Harrishura. That Comberland by the Common Council of the City of Harrishura. That Comberland street.

By 30]

WM. DOCK, Jr., & CO.

Into a soldier, or duly authorized officer of the United States, who has possession of any such clothes, arms, military outfits, or accountry ments, furnished as aforesaid, and which have been the subjects of any such sale, barter, excleding the property of John Shoop, William Allison and the Haehnlen estate, it being the property of John Sele, dec'd, containing twenty-one acres, more vidents line has been refired. from Seventh to Eighth street.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Harrisburg, That Cumberland street, from Seventh street to Eighth street, be and the may be seized and taken whenever found by same is hereby directed to be opened, graded and same is hereby directed to be opened, graded and same is hereby directed to be opened, graded and same of the United States, civil or mili-ordained by the Common Council change, pledge, loan, or gift, shall have any or less, erected thereon is a good two story may be seized and taken whenever found by lings, good water, and a thriving young APPLE or and shall thereupon be delivered to the Council of the United States, civil or mili-ordained by the Common Council change, pledge, loan, or gift, shall have any or less, erected thereon is a good two story lings, good water, and a thriving young APPLE or and shall thereupon be delivered to the council of the City of Harrisburg, That Cumberland street, in the council of the City of Harrisburg, That Cumberland street, in the council of the City of Harrisburg, That Cumberland street, in the council of the City of Harrisburg, That Cumberland street, in the council of the City of Harrisburg, That Cumberland street, in the council of the City of Harrisburg, That Cumberland street, in the council of the City of Harrisburg, That Cumberland street, in the council of the City of the Cit curbed, as provided in section thirty-five of the city charter; and that the Regulators be directive charter; and that the Regulators because the same charter and the same charter an ed to make the lines of said street as laid out on the plan of the city, approved by act of Assembly of April 1, 1863, and also to establish the grades necessary for the same.

Passed May 12, 1863.

W. O. HICKOK.

Ceive the same; and the possession of any such clothes, arms, military outfits, or accountements, by any person not a soldier or officer of the United States, shall be prima facie evidence of such a sale, barter, exchange, pledge, loan, or gift. as aforesaid. or sift, as aforesaid.

SEC. 24. And be it further enacted, That every person not subject to the rules and articles of

war, or who shall procure or entice, or attempt to war, or who shan procure or entere, or accompany procure or entire a soldier in the service of the United States to desert, or who shall harbor; conceal, or give employment to a deserter, carry him away, or aid in carrying him away, knowing him to be such; or who shall purchase from any soldier his arms, equipments, ammunition, uniform, clothing, or any part thereof; and any captain or commanding officer of any ching, wassal, or any captain. TEORGE CASSEL respectfully announces ing officer of any ship or vessel, or any superintendent or conductor of any railroad, or any superintendent or conductor of any railroad, or any County Commissioner, and if nominated and elected, pledges himself to fulfil the duties of the office with fidelity.

The office with fidelity.

The office with fidelity.

The office with fidelity.

The office with fidelity is a canonic for any railroad, or any other public conveyance, carrying away any such soldier as one of his crew or otherwise, knowing him to have deserted, or shall refuse. General Commonced an important movement, designing to get in the rear of the Erench and then throw his 15,000 troops into Puebla and strengthen Artego.

The omce with nathry.

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New Advertisemenis

of the same, in any sum and exceeding five hundred dollars, and he shall be imprisoned not exceeding two years nor less than six months.

Smc. 25. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall resist any maft of men enrolled under this act into the s rvice of the United States, or shall counsel or aid any person to ret sist any such draft, or shall assault or obstrucany such officer, or shall counsel any drafted men not to appear at the place of rendezvous, or wilfully dissuade them from the perform ance of military duty as required by law, such person shall be subject to summary arrest by the Provost Marshal, and shall be forthwith PARAGRAPH 25. To enable Provost Marshals delivered to the civil authorities, and, upon

the execution of his lawful duties when called the supreme authority of the United States, shall be found lurking or acting as spies in or about any of the fortifications, posts, quarters, 1. All able bodied male citizens of the United or encampments of any of the armies of the tates, between the age of twenty and forty- United States, or elsewhere, shall be triable five years, not exempt from military service by by a general court-martial or military commission, and shall upon conviction, suffer death JOHN KAY ĆLEMENT.

Capt. and Pravo:t Marshal, 14th Dist. PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, }

Harrisburg, May 28th, 1863, Nors.—The enrolling officers are instructed PAR. 88. To establish exemption under the to take the names of all male persons between 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th provisious of Section the ages of twenty and forty-five years, and

B. T. BABBITT'S

Concentrated Condensed or Pulverized SOFT SOAP.

THREE gallons of handsome white SOFT SOAP made in five minutes. No grease

DIRECTIONS. - Dissolve one pound of B. T. scribed, and must in all cases be taken before a Babbitt's Concentrated Condensed or Pulverized civil magistrate duly authorized to administer Soft Soap in one galion of boiling water, then you will have three gallons of Handsoms White

Ten pounds will make one barrel of soft scap.
The coap thus made is an excellent wash for trees, shrubs and plants of all kinds.

Just received and for sale by WM. DOCK, JR., & CO., my27] Market st., opposite the Court House

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR

SALE, ON the corner of State and Filbert streets, now occupied as a MACHINE SHOP AND

FOUNDRY.
The lot is 75 feet on State and 175 on Filbert. their intention to become citizens under and in pursuance of the laws thereof, between the ages of twenty and forty-five years, except as hereinafter excepted, are hereby declared to constitute the National forces, and shall be liable to perform military duty in the service of the United States when called out by the Decade the service or sicht dwallings. These is clear to restrict the service of the United States when called out by the Decade the service or sicht dwallings. These is clear to restrict the service of the called the called the called the service of the called the calle United States when called out by the President seven or eight dwellings. There is also a two story warehouse on the corner of Filbert street and North alley, 28 by 30 feet, that can be altered into two dwellings; in the rear of this building is a foundry, which may be altered in

to dwellings also. The above property, with all the machinery a complete running order, is for sale as it is, or the real estate without the machin my27-d2w] T. H. WILSON & CO.

Notice to Bridge Contractors.

THE subscribers will receive separate proposon liable to military duty of a widow dependent upon his labor for support; third, the only son of aged and infirm parents or parents dependent upon his labor for support; fourth, where there are two or more sons of aged or infirm parents subject to draft, the father, or if he is dead, the mother may elect which son shall be exempt; fifth, the only brother of children not twelve years old, having neither father or mother, dependent upon his labor for support; sixth, the father of motherless children, under twelve years of age, dependent upon 1863, at 3 o'clock P. M., at which time the said sals for the building of two new bridgesren, under twelve years of age, dependent upon 1863, at 3 o'clock P. M., at which time the said which preposals should be GEORGE GARVERICH, HENRY MOYER,

JACOB J. MILLEISEN, my27-dawtd Commissioner

Steam Weekly to Liverpor'

POUCHING at QUEENSTOWN, (CORE HAS BOR.) The well known Ster mers of the Liverpool, New York and Phila selphia Steam ablp Company, are intended to sail as follows:
Etna, Saturday, June 6 . Edinburgh, Saturday, June 13; City of Asuchester, Saturday, June 20, and every succeeding Saturday, at RATE 10F PASSAGE

RATE OF PASSAGE, PAYARLE IN GOT O, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CUR

ets here at these rates. For further information apply at the Compa

ny's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, N. Y. Or C. O. ZIMMERMAN, Harrisburg. f23dly.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PUBLIC SALE.

Sale to commence at two o'clock, as above stated, when the terms and conditions of sale will be made known by JOHN BRADY, Administrator de bonis non C. T. A.

my25-td CARDEN SEEDS.

Shaker's, Mt. Lebanon, N. Y., and Priggs & Bro., Rochester, N. Y. A large invoice, comprising every variety and description, just received and for sale by an14 WM. DOCK, Jr., & CU.

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