

SKETCH OF THE DAUPHIN COUNTY REGIMENT.

[127TH PENNSYLVANIA VOLUNTEERS]

UNION STATE CONVENTION. THE LOYAL CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA, without distinction of party, who desire cordially to unite in sustaining the NATIONAL AND STATE ADMINISTRATIONS...

Chairman of the Union State Central Committee. Geo. W. HAMBRETT, Secretaries. WM. J. HOWARD.

A Most Righteous Sentence. The bold and fraudulent means used by the copperheads in the city and county of Philadelphia has at last met its proper reward.

Desperate efforts were made to evade a conviction of these return judges, but the evidence was so plain that even a Philadelphia jury was bound to convict them.

The Evening Bulletin of last evening gives the following proceedings of the case, viz: This morning, in the Quarter Sessions, Judge Allison decided the motion for a new trial in the case of Thomas Egan, returned on the Twenty-fourth Ward, convicted of misdemeanor in preparing an illegal certificate declaring Isaac Leech a member of Common Council.

The law regards your crime as most infamous. It affixes to it the penalty of a disability on your part to hold any office of honor, trust or profit in this Commonwealth for the period of seven years, and takes from you for the same period the power of exercising the elective franchise.

When this man spoke in Harrisburg some months since, he delivered words of truth and eloquence, and indulged in a reasoning in defence of the Government which no man who then heard him, could resist.

It matters not whether we are satisfied with the policy of the President or not. This is a struggle for national existence, and he who falters, from whatever motive, or who wishes success to the enemy, is a traitor, and should be treated as such.

The 127th regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers was organized by Governor Curtin at Camp Curtin, Harrisburg, Pa., August 16th, 1862, and mustered into the United States service for the period of nine months by Captains Lane and Norton, U. S. A.

The regiment left Harrisburg on Sunday morning, August 17th, 1862, with nine companies, numbering 869 men, together with a full complement of field and staff officers, and the requisite number of line officers, reaching Washington city the same night.

The following morning the regiment reported to Gen. Silas Casey, and was immediately ordered to Camp Welles, in the defenses of Washington, a distance of about five miles from the city. On the 22d of August, Col. Jennings was ordered to report to Brig. Gen. Whipple, and the following morning the regiment marched from Camp Welles to Camp B—between Fort Ethan Allen and Chain Bridge—a distance of four miles.

On the 9th of December, the regiment reported to Maj. Gen. Burnside, and was immediately placed in the 3d Brigade—Col. Hall—of the 2d Division—Gen. Howard—2d Army Corps—Maj. Gen. Couch—and right Grand Division—Maj. Gen. Sumner—and encamped near Falmouth, Va., at Camp Allen.

On the morning of the 11th of December, the regiment was marched to the support of Rickett's Battery, and remained there during the bombardment of Fredericksburg. The 127th regiment P. V. constituted a part of the first Brigade which crossed the pontoon bridge at Fredericksburg under a scathing fire from the sharpshooters and the enemy's batteries.

On Monday, the 18th of May, the regiment marched into Camp Curtin. During about one-half the time the regiment was in service, Col. W. W. Jennings commanded the Brigade, and Lieut. Col. H. C. Allen commanded the regiment.

Col. W. W. Jennings, moulder, Harrisburg—Wounded slightly in foot at the first battle of Fredericksburg, December 13th, 1862. Lieut. Col. H. C. Allen, lawyer, Harrisburg—Wounded slightly in knee at the first, and slightly in side at the second battle of Fredericksburg, December 13th, 1862, and May 3d, 1863.

Adjutant, John F. Orth, merchant, Hummelstown, Dauphin county, Pa., made Quartermaster of regiment October 18th, 1862. Adjutant, Augustus L. Chayne, carpenter, Harrisburg, promoted from second lieutenant of Co. D October 13, 1862, wounded slightly in leg at battle of Fredericksburg, December 13th, 1862.

Sergeant Major, Charles H. Small, Harrisburg, wounded at battle of Fredericksburg, December 13th, 1862. Hospital Steward, W. Porter Oglesby, druggist, Harrisburg.

Company A was by order of Major General Wood detached from the regiment at the date of its organization, doing provost duty at Harrisburg and Washington during their term of service, and never joined the regiment. They were mustered out of service, May 8th, 1863.

COMPANY B. Company B was organized in Harrisburg, August 8th 1862, under the name of "Awi's Fire Zouaves," by the election of the following officers: Captain, J. Wesley Ayl, lawyer, Harrisburg; First Lieutenant, Albert J. Fager, school teacher, Harrisburg; Second Lieutenant, William M. Carroll, tobaccoist, Harrisburg.

COMPANY C. Company C was organized in Hummelstown, Dauphin county, Pa., August 1st, 1862, under the name of the "Derry Fencibles." The following officers constituted the original organization: Captain, James Henderson, physician, Hummelstown; First Lieutenant, Curtiss J. Nesbitt, merchant, Hummelstown; Second Lieutenant, William B. Orth, lawyer, Hummelstown.

COMPANY D. Company D was organized in Harrisburg, August 5th, 1862, and was named the "Boss Gandy." The following officers constituted the original organization: Captain, H. C. Allen, lawyer, Harrisburg; First Lieutenant, Rufus E. Cable, clerk, Harrisburg; Second Lieutenant, Joshua M. Westling, lawyer, Harrisburg.

COMPANY E. Company E was organized in Lebanon, Pa., August 8th, 1862, under the name of the "Greenawald Guards." The company numbered originally ninety-six men, and reached Camp Curtin August 9th, 1862.

COMPANY F. Company F was organized in Harrisburg, August 6th, 1862, under the name of the "Russell Guards." The company originally numbered ninety-eight (98) men, and marched into Camp Curtin July 31st, 1862.

COMPANY G. Company G was organized in Harrisburg, August 9th, 1862, under the name of the "City Guards." They originally numbered eighty-three (83) men and marched into Camp Curtin August 10th, 1862.

COMPANY H. Company H was organized in Middletown, Pennsylvania, August 6th, 1862, under the name of the "Sasquehanna Rangers," and numbered originally ninety-three (93) men. They were mustered into the United States service August 12th, 1862.

COMPANY I. Company I was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh. The following were the original officers of the company:

COMPANY J. Company J was organized in Harrisburg, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

COMPANY K. Company K was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

COMPANY L. Company L was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

COMPANY M. Company M was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

COMPANY N. Company N was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

COMPANY O. Company O was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

COMPANY P. Company P was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

COMPANY Q. Company Q was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

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COMPANY T. Company T was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

COMPANY U. Company U was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

COMPANY V. Company V was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

COMPANY W. Company W was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

COMPANY X. Company X was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

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COMPANY AA. Company AA was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

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COMPANY AK. Company AK was organized at Camp Curtin, August 11th, 1862, and mustered originally eighty-three (83) men. The company consisted of men from the counties of Adams, Lebanon and Lehigh.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM WASHINGTON. WASHINGTON, May 19. The tedious and protracted negotiations for the adjustment of the claims of the citizens of the United States on the Pottsville government, have been brought to a satisfactory conclusion.

Brilliant Military Successes in the Southwest. WASHINGTON, May 19. The tedious and protracted negotiations for the adjustment of the claims of the citizens of the United States on the Pottsville government, have been brought to a satisfactory conclusion.

THE REBEL GENERAL JOE JOHNSTON AT VICKSBURG. Gen. Grant marching on the Enemy's Stronghold.

Official Dispatch from General Harburt to General Halleck. WASHINGTON, May 18.—The following was received to-day at headquarters of the army: MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 16.—Major General Halleck, General in Chief: Papers of the 14th from Vicksburg and Jackson report that Grant defeated Gregg's brigade, at Raymond, on Tuesday the 12th. The rebel loss is admitted in the papers to be seven hundred.

General Grant's army, through Federal channels, to the 11th inst. via Walker's B. & O. 14th inst. General's Logan and O'Connell were moving towards Jackson, driving General Brown, with a force reported at fifteen thousand, before him. General Grant was marching upon the Black River, and expecting to engage Pemberton at the bridge over that stream. Pemberton's force was estimated at fifty thousand, and was said to be strongly entrenched near the bridge. A great battle is imminent. The health of the army is better than ever before.

SPEDY RE-OPENING OF THE MISSISSIPPI. WASHINGTON, May 18, 1863.—The reports of success achieved by General Grant's forces in their operations in the rear of Vicksburg are regarded at the War Department as substantially correct and the reduction of the place is considered as likely to occur within a very few days. Private advices recently received from that quarter state that the arrangements for its reduction and the capture of the rebel army engaged in its defence are so complete that it cannot much longer hold out, and it is expected that the navigation of the Mississippi to the Gulf will very soon be unimpeded by rebel fortifications or gunboats.

REBEL ACCOUNTS. THE BATTLE AT RAYMOND, MISS. The Richmond (Va.) Sentinel of the 15th inst. has the following dispatch: JACKSON, Miss., May 12.—The enemy yesterday advanced with ten thousand men upon Raymond, Miss., where Gen. Gregg had four thousand one hundred infantry, a few cavalry and no artillery. Skirmishing began at nine o'clock a. m., the enemy being continually reformed till one o'clock p. m., when he opened battle heavily with musketry. General Gregg fought two hours with musketry alone, then, learning that the enemy were heavily reinforced, and that the reinforcements were ready to engage, General Gregg retreated through Raymond. He will make a stand at Mississippi Spring, where he has been reinforced with his infantry and artillery.

THE CAPTURE OF JACKSON BY UNION TROOPS. MOBILE, Ala., May 14, 1863.—Jackson, Miss., is occupied by the Federal. We fought all day, but could not hold the city. MURKIN, Tenn., May 17.—The General Grant has taken Jackson, Miss. He took it after a hard day's fighting.

REBEL COMMENTS ON THE NEWS. The Petersburg (Va.) Express of the 16th inst. says: The affairs about Vicksburg at this time cannot be regarded as flattering. Although safe, it will require the utmost caution, care and year's time to perfect all the defenses, it appears that we are now set upon in the very best contrivance to say this man; but it is due stand, and if danger threatens they know how affairs to know in what quarter it is. The place for the next fight will be below Vicksburg, or on the railroad between Vicksburg and Jackson.