The Daily Telegraph.

HARRISBURG, PA.

Wednesday Evening, May 13, 1863.

The Tory Organ Pushed to the Wall.

With a lie sticking in its throat, and perfectly confounded with cowardly fear, the *Tory Organ* this morning endeavors to crawl out of its mean assaults and still meaner insinuations on the character of Gen. Hooker. We expected this. We knew that it would chew its own words, and skulk into some safe retreat of denial or double prevarication, in order to escape the just indignation of those whom it had outraged. But its attempt to crawl behind the Philadelphia *Press* will not save it. Had it quoted the *Press* fairly; had it simply given the words of the *Press* with reference to Gen. Hooker's drunkenness, we might have passed the matter by in silence.—But this would not do. The *Tory Organ* had a purpose to serve. It quoted the *Press* and then asserted that the *reports that the army has either confidence in him* [Hooker] *are unfounded*. If this will not answer to show how basely the *Tory Organ* libelled and traduced Gen. Hooker, we quote from its issue of Saturday, in which the *Tory Organ* declared that HE [Hooker] IS A BRAGGART—A BOASTER AND NOT A GENERAL.—The poor drivellers, who can thus assail a brave General—who can denounce a man who has visited the hardest blows on treason which it has yet received, as a BRAGGART AND A BOASTER, will not hesitate to give credence and the apparent force of truthfulness to the rumor that he also a drunkard!

—Now a word personally to the writers for and secret abettors of the *Tory Organ*. Individually and unitedly, we regard them as neither terrible, dangerous or fearful. They have had their day of boasting over the disasters which have attended our arms—they have had their surfeit of ridiculing the efforts to put down rebellion—they have rioted in their injustice to the soldier by his disfranchisement—they have mocked the soldier's sentiments when the brave men in the field met and passed resolutions defining their loyalty to the Government—and now, when they cap the climax of their infamy by denouncing the gallant leader of brave men, *fighting Joe Hooker*, first as a BRAGGART, A BOASTER AND NO GENERAL, and next AS A DRUNKARD IN WHOM THE ARMY HAS NO CONFIDENCE, they shrink from the men who love Hooker and dare to ask exemption from the indignation which their base language merits. Is this the conduct of loyal men? Is this even the action of brave villains? Let the honest people of Dauphin answer. So far as we are concerned, our answer must ever be, that it is the language and conduct of men who have reached their full stature of treason—who have done all to injure the government and insult its brave defenders, but take up arms in their hands, and deluge the free homes of the north with blood! Copperheads of the *Tory Organ*, you must face the music. You have talked treason long enough. Come out now, in the presence of this country's defenders who are in the city of Harrisburg, and fight like men for the cause of treason you have so persistently advocated, or forever hereafter confess yourselves craven cowards as you are arrant knaves.

Playing with Edge Tools.

The Washington *Chronicle* says that when the capitalists of England entered so largely upon the business of breaking our blockade, furnishing the rebels with supplies, and building ships-of-war for them to ravage the seas withal, they hoped and expected that they should render good service in securing the recognition of the Southern confederacy, and sweep American commerce from the ocean. But in their indecent haste to serve the slave power and fill their pockets with ill-gotten wealth, they overlooked entirely the danger that would accrue to their own interests, and the heavy burdens they would entail on their innocent and law abiding neighbors, who were content with honorable gains. They have succeeded in damaging our commerce most materially. Our ships are rotting at the wharves. Insurance can scarcely be obtained at any price. A great many of our merchants have lost their ships and cargoes at the hands of the ruthless pirates hatched in the "Confederacy," and fledged in British shipyards. But the plain violation of neutrality of which the English, and they alone, have been guilty, has subjected their vessels to great suspicion, and the British flag no longer carries with it its accustomed immunity. Since all blockade-runners carry that flag, all ships that sail under it are necessarily objects of suspicion; some of them, when found under suspicious circumstances, are overhauled and taken into port, when, perhaps, there is no just ground for a condemnation in a prize court. This is natural, and unavoidable. In playing with edgetools they have cut their own fingers.

Their rage and chagrin at this very unpalatable result of their cunning tricks is almost laughable. The deputation of indignant merchants who waited on Earl Russell in regard to Mr. Adams's certificate of character to Howell & Zirman, complained most bitterly that insurance rates had gone up at Lloyd's to a ruinous height, while in France they remain unchanged. The appearance at this moment, in the English *Shipping Gazette*, of an advertisement inviting public that a French ship is loading in London for the West Indies, is also eagerly seized upon to show how the conduct of Admiral Wilkes and the American Government had injured the British shipping interest, and had driven shippers to employ the French flag, "because that is not molested."

Of course, the French flag has not been molested. What insults have we ever received from France or Frenchmen? What interference have France or Frenchmen offered in our affairs, except in a manner perfectly regular and well authorized. If the French flag is not viewed with suspicion by our cruisers, and if French ships can pass unchallenged where probably an English ship would be overhauled, it is simply and only because, since the breaking out of the war, the French ship-owners and the French Government have united in a strict and honorable observance of the neutrality laws, while Englishmen have openly boasted, even in Parliament, of their evasions and their defiance of these regulations. On the contrary, the pirates have obtained their ships from England; they have armed them with English guns, stored them with English supplies, and manned them with English sailors from English ports. The difference between the two nations is wide and easy to be discerned. While the former enjoy the immunity to which they are entitled from their honorable observance of the courtesy due from one nation to another, the latter are suffering the pains and penalties which will assuredly, sooner or later, follow upon every breach of fair dealing and legitimate traffic.

Vallandigham, the Traitor.

A Washington paper of yesterday has the following paragraph:

We understand that the members of the court-martial which has been trying C. L. Vallandigham at Cincinnati, Ohio, have agreed on a verdict, and submitted it to General Burnside to be approved or disapproved by him. The majority of the court, we learn, have sentenced Mr. Vallandigham to the Dry Tortugas for two years. The minority, it is said, were in favor of sending him South, with the injunction not to return until the war is over.

—Neither the report of the minority or of the majority of the Court Martial will be received with favor by the loyal masses of the American people or the brave men who are bearing our banners forward in the face of treason. Vallandigham is a notorious, deliberate and confessed traitor. If the Constitution provides for anything in explicit terms, it is for the trial and punishment of such villains. If the law against treason means anything, it is death against such men as Vallandigham. Why should he not be made to suffer this penalty? There is no reason to exempt Vallandigham except the milk-and-water policy of conciliating the temper which animates men of Vallandigham's disposition; a policy, we may add, which has done more to prolong the war than all the fighting of the rebels in arms. It has sacrificed thousands of lives, any one of which was worth to the country and to mankind a dozen such men as Vallandigham. If the law is worth being sustained by the armed force of loyal men on one side, against armed forces of traitors on the other, it is also worth being enforced with a halter when men like Vallandigham have incurred its penalties. Hang such a villain, and the Government stops the mouths of hundreds of blatant traitors in the loyal States. Force him to the doom he has richly earned, and the flow of loyal blood will be stopped, the law will have vindicated itself, the Government will have shown its stern purpose to maintain its power. But, if the traitor is allowed to live and incur a comparatively light punishment, every day that he is in confinement will add to the odium which such as he are striving to create against those in authority. In times like these, one effective blow against such men, is worth mountains of conciliation and saves the shedding of rivers of blood. Let the traitor, then, receive the doom of treason!

Domestic Traitors.

The following, from a rebel organ, the *Mobile Advertiser*, suggests the treatment which domestic traitors have earned at the hands of those who claim nationality on the basis of their treason to the fairest and purest government on which the sun ever shone. There is something so singularly applicable, in the tone of this article, to a class of men in our own midst, that we cannot refrain from suggesting its consideration to loyal men. The sympathizers with treason in Harrisburg and in Pennsylvania, cannot blame us, at least, for commending the suggestions of their friends, the slave-driving traitors, to our friends, the struggling, loyal and patriotic people of this city and State.—Read it, all who have stomachs for justice and hearts for the country.

DOMESTIC TRAITORS.

[*From the Mobile Advertiser and Register, April 28—leading article.*]

There are two kinds of traitors—the one manifests his treason by bold and overt acts of hatred to his country, and the other proves it in a meanness and cowardice that refuses to bear the least of the common risks and burdens incident to a great struggle for national liberty. The first is infinitely the most respectable of the two classes. His unnatural hate for the land of his birth, which ought to be the land of his love, is at least redeemed by a courage and manliness that dare the risks and responsibilities of the course he has selected. But the *treacherous, cowardly and feline creature, who robs the sacred cause of millions living and of millions yet to be, for the sake of saving a few paltry dollars to his dirty pockets, is a weak whom it were base slander to call a man.* We hinted the other day a case, real or supposititious, of a man who had been among the loudest and foremost in the political agitations which had paved the way to, and fired the popular heart for this most righteous and necessary revolution, and yet who, now that we were in it "chin deep," with life, honor, property and liberty all trembling in the balance, was base enough to repudiate confederate currency in his private transactions. Intelligent enough to know that a blow at the public credit is a blow at the great cause for which the public is struggling, and that it enhances the cost of the war to the Government, and makes food and clothing frightfully dear to the wives and children of the soldiers who are daily baring their breasts and shedding their blood to protect him and defend his right to hold his lands, and stocks, and negroes—this act of his leaves him naked to the charge of basely bartering his country, his Government, his brave defenders, and their families, for his private gain. In other words, he sets up his interests, bounded by the narrow limits of his estate and family circle, against the interest of twelve millions of his countrymen.

This subject has attracted the attention of the Committee of Public Safety, and that body has adopted and published in our columns to-day, a report and resolutions expressing their views upon it. It is a timely act. *If a man speaks or writes against our Confederate cause, he is branded and expelled as a traitor or public enemy. Let his arrant insincere compared to that of the pretended freetill, who exerts a feather's weight of his influence to depreciate the public credit.* He inflicts an injury on the cause more deadly than could be inflicted by a hostile army of invaders and plunderers. He is no adjutor of the extortioner, and a powerful ally of the public enemy. The Committee of Safety proposes to publish the names of those who are guilty of this parricidal crime, that they may be held up to the public scorn. The punishment is too light for the man, who is so basely selfish as to be guilty of it must needs have a rhinocerous hide, impenetrable to public opinion, and a heart seared by a love of mammon into insensibility to shame. His doom should be that of the soldier who disgraces his uniform and his corps by some degrading crime, and who is drummed out of camp to the tune of the Rogue's March. *The degraded citizen should be driven beyond the Confederate lines*, and sent to a more congenial companionship and residence among the Yankees. It is monstrous injustice that he should live here to reap the fruits of the toil, the sacrifices and the blood of a brave people, while his solitary agency in the terrible drama is to add to its burdens by sacrificing to his own selfishness and cupidity.

Latest by Telegraph.

FROM WASHINGTON.

DEATH OF STONEWALL JACKSON.

WASHINGTON, May 12, 1863.

REPORTED DEATH OF STONEWALL JACKSON.

A telegram from Fort Monroe, dated to-day, contains a statement based on what is claimed as good authority, that Stonewall Jackson was not expected to live, and that he was accidentally shot by his own men, while another dispatch, dated headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, appears in the *Star*, saying that the Richmond papers of yesterday contain an obituary notice of Jackson, who died on Sunday afternoon.

DEATH OF GEN. STONEWALL JACKSON—THE ANNOUNCEMENT CONFIRMED.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, May 12.—The Richmond papers, of yesterday, announce the death of Stonewall Jackson, on Sunday afternoon, from the effects of amputation and pneumonia. His burial is fixed for to-day. The military band in Fredericksburg has been performing dirges a greater portion of the afternoon.

When the news reached Richmond, announcing the fact of Jackson being wounded, the Richmond *Enquirer* published the following:

THE WOUNDS OF GENERAL JACKSON.

[*From the Richmond Enquirer, May 7.*]

Our victory on the Rappahannock has cost us dear in the severe wounds unfortunately received by the great and good General Jackson. *His left arm has been amputated above the elbow; a ball let has passed through his right hand.* His condition is now, we learn, as favorable as could possibly be expected; and he will doubtless recover, and is not, we trust, lost to active service. We could better spare a brigade or a division. It would be grievous to think that his banner will never more flash out upon the Yankee rear, and throw them at its first gleam into headlong rout, with the sudden outcry, "Jackson's coming!" that the stern eye of the hero will never more lighten with a warrior's joy as he launches brigade after brigade upon the stubborn foe, until the hated line stoops, and the columns reel, and break, and fly, with the vengeful Confederate cheer ringing in their ears.

Our base foe will exult in the disaster to Jackson; yet the accursed bullet that brought him down was never moulded by a Yankee.—Through a cruel mistake in the confusion, the hero received two balls from some of his own men who would all have died for him.

THE IRISH BRIGADE.

GENERAL MEAGHER'S OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE OPERATIONS AT CHANCELLORSVILLE AND SCOTT'S MILLS—RESIGNATION OF GENERAL MEAGHER, ETC.

HEADQUARTERS, IRISH BRIGADE,
HANCOCK'S DIVISION, COUCH'S CORPS,
ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, May 8, 1863.

Major John Hancock, Assistant Adjutant General:

I beg most respectfully to tender to you, through the proper authorities, my resignation as Brigadier General, commanding what was once known as the Irish Brigade. That brigade no longer exists. The assault on the enemy's works on the 18th December last, reduced it to something less than a minimum regiment of infantry. For several weeks it remained in this exhausted condition. Brave fellows from the convalescent camp and from sick beds at home gradually reinforced this handful of devoted men, but failed to reach the strength or proportions of anything like an effective regiment. Those facts I represented as clearly and forcibly as it was in my power to do in a memorial to the Secretary of War, in which memorial I prayed that a brigade which had rendered such service and incurred such distressing losses should be temporarily relieved from duty in the field, so as to give it time and opportunity in some measure to renew itself.

This memorial was in vain. It never even was acknowledged. The depression caused by this ungenerous and inconsiderate treatment of a gallant remnant of a brigade that had never once failed to do its duty most libterally and heroically almost unfitted me to remain in command. True however, to those who had been true to me (to a position which I considered sacred under the circumstances—I remained with what was left of my brigade, and though feeling that it was a sacrifice rather than a victory that we were going, I accompanied them and led them through all the operations required of them at Scott's Mills and Chancellorsville, beyond the Rappahannock.

A mere handful, my command did its duty at those positions with fidelity and resolution which won for it the admiration of the army. It would be my greatest happiness as it would surely be my highest honor, to remain in the companionship and charge of such men; but to do so any longer would be to perpetuate a public deception, in which the hard won honors of good soldiers, and in them the military reputation of a brave old race would inevitably be involved and compromised. I cannot be a party to this wrong. My heart, my conscience, my pride, all that is truthful, manful, sincere, and just within me, forbid it.

In tendering my resignation, however, as the brigadier general in command of this poor vestige and relic of the Irish Brigade, I beg sincerely to assure you that my services, in any capacity that can prove useful, are freely at the summons and disposition of the government of the United States. That government, and the cause, and the liberty, the noble memories, and the future it represents, are entitled unquestionably and unequivocally to the life of every citizen who has sworn allegiance to it, and partaken of its grand protection. But, whilst I offer my own life to sustain this glorious good government, I feel it to be my first duty to do nothing that will wantonly imperil the lives of others, or, what would be still more grievous and irreparable, inflict sorrow and humiliation upon a race who, having lost almost everything else, find in their character for courage and loyalty an invaluable gift, which I, for one, will not be so vain or selfish as to endanger. I have the honor to be, most respectfully and truly, yours,

THOMAS FRANCIS MEAGHER,
Brigadier General Commanding.

Another Prize Fight.

NEW YORK, May 13.

A prize fight was fought at Weehauken this morning between Dunn and Elliott, in which Dunn was the victor, almost without a scratch. There were twelve rounds lasting thirty minutes. Elliott was badly punished.

From Hilton Head.

NEW YORK, May 13.

The steamer Cosmopolitan arrived at this port this morning from Hilton Head, on the 10th inst., with 850 sick, wounded and discharged soldiers. Among the passengers is Col. Fessenden, whose collar bone was broken by a fall from his horse.

BALTIMORE, May 13.

Flour dull and unsettled; prices are drooping. Wheat quiet. Corn advancing; prices 1@2c. higher. Whisky dull at 45½@46½c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13

Flour dull, prices weak, and sales of 500 bbls good western extra family at $7@7 50 and superfine at $5 87½@6; small sales of rye flour at $5 25 and corn meal at $4 25; wheat has declined 5c per bushel; we quote red at $1 63@1 65 and white at $1 70@1 85; rye commands $1 07; corn is in steady demand at 82½c for yellow and 90c for white; oats are in fair request at 80@82c; coffee is firm, with sales of Rio at 29½@33c and Laguira at 33c; sugar is steady; in molasses we notice sales of 800 hhds. Cardenas at 43c; no change in provisions; cloverseed ranges from $5 to $5 75 and flax seed from $3 25 to $3 50; whisky moves slowly at 45@46c.

NEW YORK, May 13.

Cotton dull at 60@61. Flour steady; 9 500 bbls sold at $5 85@6 21 for State and $6 75@6 85 for Ohio. Wheat quiet and nominal. Corn steady; sales of 35,000 bushels at 85@86c for sound and 81@84c for unsound. Pork dull; old mess $12 25@12 37½ and $10 75@12 50 for old and new prime. Lard steady. Whisky dull at 45@45½c.

ONE BOTTLE OF EWING'S BLOOD PHYSIC (very agreeable to the taste) is more effective in cleansing the circulation, and thus removing all diseases which arise from an impure state of the blood, than ONE DOZEN BOTTLES OF SARSAPARILLA. It is not a Sarsaparilla, although it contains as much of that drug as is usually found in preparations purporting to be PURE Sarsaparilla. *It depends for its success upon a far more active depurative agent.* It contains not a particle of mercury, but on the contrary is the best *antidote* ever yet discovered for the ravages of that insidious and dangerous poison. It is WARRANTED to drive out and *thoroughly remove all diseases which arise from an impure circulation which are curable by any means* One dollar per bottle, six bottles for $5.

Principal depot
EWING'S DRUG STORE, 280 Baltimore street, Baltimore.

For sale in Harrisburg by
D. W. GROSS & CO., Druggists. [ap17-1m*

New Advertisements

HOUSE WANTED—By a newly married couple. A small, neat house, rent not to exceed one hundred and fifty per annum. Address [my13-1t] W. T. R., Postoffice.

WANTED!

WANTED—A young man, from 15 to 18 years of age, with some knowledge of the dry goods business. Apply immediately at the southeast corner of Front and Market streets.
my13 C. L. BOWMAN.

TAVERN LICENSE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Samuel W. Roberts has filed his petition to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin County for tavern license, and that the same will be presented to the said court on the 29th day of May inst.
J. C. YOUNG,
my13-3t* Clerk of Sessions.

LOST—A round Breast Pin, gold, with pearl in centre. If found, call
my12-1t* U. S. HOTEL.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Samuel H. Hoolander, late of Halifax township, Dauphin county, deceased, having been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to call upon him to make settlement, and all persons having claims against the same, will please present them for examination and allowance, if found correct.
CHRISTIAN LYTER,
my13-d1t-w6t Administrator.

New Goods....Just Opened!

AT

BERGNER'S

BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE,

embracing every new and improved style of

POCKET BOOKS,

MAGIC CURRENCY HOLDERS,
CALF SKIN POCKET BOOKS,
BUCKSKIN PURSES,
PORTMONAIES, &c.

at prices to suit all circumstances.

POCKET CUTLERY,

Consisting of a fine assortment of Westenholm's Superior Pocket Knives.

GOLD PENS,

From Newton's celebrated manufactory. *Every Pen sold with a guarantee.*

PORT FOLIOS,
WRITING CASES,
ROSSWOOD DESKS,
PAPETERIES, &c.

Together with every article usually found in a first class Book and Stationery establishment, at
BERGNER'S
my12 51 Market Street.

DOMESTIC GOODS!

MUSLIN,
GINGHAMS,
CALICOES,
DELAINES,
DRILLINGS, &c.

Goods of this order at very little advance on manufacturers' prices.
CATHCART & BROTHER,
Next door to the Harrisburg Bank.
my12-d2w

MOURNING GOODS.

EVERYTHING in this line manufactured for Ladies' Summer Wear. A great many goods of new material. CATHCART'S
Next door to the Harrisburg Bank.
my12 d2w

Sun Shades and Sun Umbrellas.

A FINE ASSORTMENT. All the different styles and prices. CATHCART'S
Next door to the Harrisburg Bank.
my12-d2w

JUST RECEIVED,

A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF DRESS GOODS, at prices that defy competition. CATHCART'S
Next door to the Harrisburg Bank.
my12-d2w

SALE OF HOTEL FURNITURE.

WILL be sold at public sale, on Friday, at three o'clock, the 15th inst., at the BURNSIDE HOUSE, on Pennsylvania avenue, a lot of hotel furniture, choice liquors, bagatelle table, beds and bedding, dishes, &c., &c.
my11-4t* JOS. H. MILLER.

New Advertisements.

FANS,
FANS, FANS,
FANS, FANS, FANS,
FANS, FANS, FANS, FANS,
FANS, FANS, FANS, FANS, FANS,
FANS, FANS, FANS, FANS,
FANS, FANS, FANS,
FANS, FANS,
FANS,

FOR the largest and best assortment in the city, call at CATHCARTS,
my12 d2w No. 14 Market Square.

AN ASSORTMENT OF

OVER 100 STYLES

—OF—

POCKET BOOKS, PURSES

AND

PORTMONAIES,

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

AT

KELLER'S

Drug and Fancy Goods Store,

No. 91 Market Street.

A FINE LOT OF

BANKERS' CARDS AND LARGE WALLETS.

Some Splendid New Patterns of

LADIES' COMPANIONS.

The best Morocco

TRAVELING SATCHELS,

And a general variety of FANCY GOODS, suitable for Presents, now on hand at
KELLER'S
my11] Drug Store, No. 91 Market Street.

ROBERT SNODGRASS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office with Hon. David Mumma, Jr., Third street, above Market, Harrisburg, Pa.

N. B—Pension, Bounty and Military Claims of all kinds prosecuted and collected.

Refer to Hons. John C. Kunkel, David Mumma, Jr. and E. A. Lamberton.
my9-dawom

MACKEREL—A large lot of Mackerel in barrels, halves and quarters, for sale low, by NICHOLS & BOWMAN,
my8 Cor. Front and Market sts.

PURE AND UNADULTERATED SPICES, from the most celebrated mills in the country, just received and for sale by
jl4 WM. DOCK, Jr., & CO.

ORANGES, Lemons, Raisins and other foreign fruit just received and for sale by
NICHOLS & BOWMAN,
my4 Cor. Front and Market sts.

LARD and Bacon wanted, from corn-fed pork. Apply at NICHOLS & BOWMAN'S,
my4 Cor. Front and Market sts.

SMOKED HALIBUT.

A VERY choice article just received, and for sale by WM. DOCK, Jr. & CO.

FOR SALE.

A THIRTY horse power steam engine, nearly new. Price low. Address
A. C. MILLER,
ap17 2m* Newville, Cumberland County.

E. M. MATEER,

THE OLD BILL POSTER,

HARRISBURG.

ALL orders left at the Telegraph Printing office promptly attended to. Bills carefully posted and distributed. my6 d2w*

PIANOS!

STEINWAY'S, CHICKERING'S, BRADBURY'S, ESLEY'S and GROVESTEEN'S MELODEONS, &c., by

PRINCE, TREAT & LINDLEY.

VIOLINS, GUITARS, FLUTES, FIFES, ACCORDEONS, DRUMS, &c.

Sheet Music sent by mail to any place.

PICTURE FRAMES, ALBUMS and LOOKING GLASSES.

Howe's Sewing Machines, &c., at the Music Store of SILAS WARD,
No. 12 North Third Street, above Market.
aug14-d1y

COFFEE! COFFEE! COFFEE!

WANTED, every Grocer and the Public to try WORRELL'S NONPAREIL PREPARED COFFEE.

Warranted to give satisfaction, or the money refunded. It is universally acknowledged the

BEST EVER USED.

Prepared and for sale at the Eagle Steam Spice and Coffee Works, No. 244, North Front, (corner of New st.,) Philadelphia, Pa.
mch9d3m* HOWARD WORRELL.

E. J. McGUIGAN,

Importer and wholesale dealer in

THREAD, TAPES, HOSIERY,

Notions, &c.

MATCHES AND BLACKING,

No. 24 Strawberry Street, Philadelphia.
f25-d3m

30,000 LBS. Hams, canvassed and uncanvassed, of every choice brand in market, for sale very low, in large quantities or singly. Each ham warranted. For sale by NICHOLS & BOWMAN,
my8 Cor. Front and Market sts.

30,000 LBS. HAMS of all the choice brands in market, canvassed and uncanvassed at the very lowest price.—Every ham sold warranted, at
NICHOLS & BOWMAN'S,
my4 Cor. Front and Market sts.

VEGETABLE OR GARDEN SEEDS!

WE Have received for this season more than our usual stock of

FLOWER SEEDS.

Some choice varieties on hand. Also, Garden and Vegetable seeds of the best quality.
KELLER'S DRUG STORE,
my4 91 Market street.

NEW ORLEANS SUGARS, of all grades, very low, just received and for sale by
NICHOLS & BOWMAN,
j10 Corner Front and Market Sts.

BURNING FLUID! Unadulterated, and made from the best materials. For sale wholesale and retail, at KELLER'S DRUG STORE,
j14 91 Market street.

LARGE EVERGREENS.

A few quite large and fine evergreens, for IMMEDIATE ORNAMENT, for sale at reasonable prices, at Keystone Nursery. [ap17] J. MISH.

EXCELSIOR HAMS.—Michener's Excelsior Hams just received and for sale by
NICHOLS & BOWMAN,
mr16 Cor Front and Market Streets.

TOBACCO—Congress, Navy, Pittsburg, &c., together with a large stock of segars, for sale by NICHOLS & BOWMAN,
ap20 Cor. Front and Market streets.

New Advertisements.

THE STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN
WALTER PATON, Commander.

WILL be dispatched

FROM LIVERPOOL	FROM NEW YORK.
Saturday.....May 16	Saturday.....June
Tuesday.....June 30	Tuesday.....July

And at the same regular intervals thereafter.

First cabin from.....$95 to $145
Second cabin.....$70

Excursion Tickets out and back, in the first and second cabin only, a fare and a half.

Servants accompanying passengers and children under twelve years of age half fare. Infants free.

Third cabin.....$60
Steerage, with superior accommodations.....$30

All fares payable in Gold, or its equivalent in U. S. currency.

Each passenger allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

For passage apply to
CHARLES A. WHITNEY,
At the Office, 26 Broadway, New York.

For freight apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents,
mr18 dtje9] 54 South st., New York.

GRAND NATIONAL CIRCUS

AND

MODEL SHOW!

Under the Immediate Direction of Mrs. Charles Warner, formerly

MRS. DAN RICE!

Will exhibit at

HARRISBURG,

THURSDAY, May 14th,

AFTERNOON and NIGHT.

Admission 25 cents.
No half price.

SEATS FOR EVERYBODY.

THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD!

MORE HORSES, PONIES AND MULES.

BETTER PERFORMERS. MORE OF THEM.

GREATER ATTRACTIONS AND A FINER ENTERTAINMENT

Than have ever been given in

ANY CIRCUS

THAT EVER EXHIBITED IN HARRISBURG.

my5d5tw1t

Wednesday, May 13th, Carlisle.
Thursday, May 14th, Harrisburg.
Friday, May 15th, Lebanon.
Saturday, May 16th, Reading.

CRACKERS!!!

BOSTON CRACKERS,		MILK BISCUIT,	
FARINA	do.	SODA	do.
WATER	do.	WINE	do.
ALMOND	do.	BUTTER	do.

GINGER NUTS.

We receive supplies of the above every week, and our customers can therefore *rely upon their being Fresh.* [ap28] WM. DOCK, Jr., & CO.

A. LENK,

TEACHER OF PIANO, GUITAR AND SINGING. Address at WM. KNOCHE'S Music Store, 93 Market street. [mr9-3m*

TOILET SOAP, white and mottled Castile, Windsor, and other brands, for sale by
NICHOLS & BOWMAN,
mr27 Cor. Front and Market streets.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer

16 & 18 *CHAMBERS ST.*,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

WOULD call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy,	Demigroe,
Fine Rappee,	Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee,	Nachitoches,
American Gentleman,	Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch,
High Toast Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot,
Honey Dew Scotch,
Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a Superior Quality.

TOBACCO.

SMOKING.

Long,	S. Jago,
No. 1,	Spanish,
No. 2,	Canister,
Nos. 1 & 2 mixed,	Turkish.
Granulated.	

FINE CUT CHEWING.

P. A. L., or plain,
Cavendish, or Sweet,
Sweet Scented Oronoco,
Tin Foil Cavendish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mr11-d1y

THE BEST

FAMILY SEWING MACHINE,

IS

WHEELER AND WILSON'S.

NEW OFFICE Market Square, next door to Colder's office. Call and see them in operation. A general assortment of machines and needles constantly on hand.

Miss Margaret Hiney will exhibit and sell them, and also do all kinds of machine sewing on these machines in the best manner.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. apr11-d6m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that letters of administration were this day issued to the subscriber on the estate of William Henne, late of the city of Harrisburg, Dauphin county, dec'd. All creditors of said estate will present their claims, and those indebted make immediate payment. JOHN W. COWDEN,
f25-d1t-w6t* Administrator.

CHOICE Green and Black Teas, Imperial, Young Hyson, Souchony, Oolong, &c., &c., for sale by NICHOLS & BOWMAN,
ap7 Corner Front and Market Sts.