

Baily Telegraph

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.—All advertisements, Business Notices, Marriages, Deaths, &c., to secure insertion in the TELEGRAPH, must invariably be accompanied with the CASH.

HARRISBURG, PA. Tuesday Evening, December 9, 1862.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

AN INFANTRY SWORD, scabb, belt and gun blanket, all first class, and never been used—will be sold for \$20. Enquire at this office. 318

A MEETING OF THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION will be held at their rooms in Keller's Building this evening at 8 o'clock, and a full attendance is requested, as special business will be transacted.

CAPT. DAVIS, of the Seventh Cavalry, P. V., who has been in this city, (having accompanied the remains of Lieut. Lutz,) returns to his regiment to-day. Capt. Davis has won for himself a splendid reputation since he has been in the service, as well for his bravery as a soldier, as for his courteous deportment as a man. He is a credit to his native city.

SANFORD'S OPERA HOUSE.—A great bill is provided for this evening. Sanford in one of his best characters, the "Virginia Mummy," which is alone worth the price of admission, to say nothing of Talbot's great feat of ascension on the pole. Brown's local songs are also a novelty. We see a piano has been added to the orchestra, thus improving the already beautiful music of Sanford's band. The season, so far, at this establishment, has been very favorable, and if it continues, Mr. Sanford will have no cause to complain of his investment.

A SHOT FROM A MASKED BATTERY.—The Peculiar Warfare of Secesh.—When we alluded to the recent affair in one of our public schools, we did so at the request of one of the best men in the city, who gave us a relation of facts which have not yet been disproved. In all that we wrote, we made no mention of Miss Gill, and whatever she may suffer by being thus thrust before the public, she must hold her anonymous defenders, and not the TELEGRAPH, responsible. But her virtues and accomplishments as a teacher, (which we freely admit,) can be no offset to any act such as that which disgraced some of the scholars attached to her school. That act has made a deep impression on the public mind. It has developed a domestic relation before which the true friends of the country may well stand appalled, and from denouncing which no personal virtue, no professional accomplishment or short sojourn in our city of any individual, can deter us for a moment.

In regard to this difficulty in the school, the flash communication in the Patriot this morning, displays a spite and a malevolence which are in line accord with the treason sympathy of the writer of that production. He does not dispute the difficulty by his appeals for Miss Gill or his soapy defence of the Common School system, because neither were or are at issue in this matter. And if there has been no difficulty in the school, no spiteful display of treasonable sentiment and feeling—no assault on the girl's who professed loyalty, why was one of the young ladies who refused to sign the card, punished with an extra task? Will "Justice" answer this question. And when he next writes for the Patriot will he state to the public whether or not a weekly collection is taken up in any of the schools, to pay for subscriptions to the same journal. While these interrogatories have nothing to do with the first disgraced conduct which we were so loath to expose, an answer to each will help to show the public that even that which was designed to be the glory and pride of a free people, can, by evil influences and base parties, be made to contribute to their disgrace and humiliation.

THE ANDERSON TROOP.—Patriotism in Young Manhood.—Who is the Hero?—The Philadelphia Press of to-day says that last summer a young lad, a pupil in the seminary at Williamsport, whilst sojourning in that city to pass away the weeks of vacation, enlisted in the Anderson Troop, now in camp near Louisville, Kentucky.

His mother, who is a widow, was then absent on a visit to a daughter in Maryland. Informed on her return to Philadelphia what had transpired, she wrote her son, who is a minor, as to whether she should commence proceedings with a view to his discharge from the service, and received his answer, asking her to desist from such undertaking, in these patriotic words:

"You wish to know if I like the life. Certainly not. I never expected to, but am much better pleased than I even anticipated. I did not enter the army because I thought I would like it, but enlisted simply out of a sense of duty. I am a Northerner by birth; all my interests in this world are there, and I was reared and educated under the American flag, the glorious 'old stars and stripes,' and I could not stand as a casual witness of the downfall of that flag without raising my arm in its defence. I could not see our glorious Union tattered and fall without rushing to its rescue. You had four sons, and out of those four I was the only one able to obey my country's call, the only one capable of defending the rights of our Constitution—and this is the reason I entered the army; so do not again ask me if I like it, or if I want to be taken out, at your commands. We have received word, and are kept busy drilling all day; it makes one very tired. I have had one or two kicks, although I have a very gentle and an careful. J. is very kicked on the leg while on drill. One young man was thrown and injured for life, consequently unfit for service. We will most likely be ordered to Nashville next week."

The Press further states that this young dragoon is a native of Harrisburg, where some of his kindred now reside; whilst many of his name sleep in the old churchyard at Paxton, a historic spot, three miles from the capital of this State. —Will some of our readers assist us in discovering the name of the "young dragoon," whose devotion and patriotism shed so much lustre on his native city. His name should be honorably mentioned.

SERIOUS DISTURBANCE.—A recruit of the Regular Army bayoneted by the Provost Guard.—Yesterday several officers attached to the Regular Army were in this city, on a hunt for recruits, who had been left here "loose," awaiting transportation to Carlisle. While thus engaged, and the number of recruits increasing, and their condition being rather boisterous on account of the liquor they had imbibed, it became necessary to call for assistance on the Provost Guard.

A detachment of the Guard was immediately detailed, and while assisting to convey the recruits to the depot, considerable difficulty was experienced. Some of the men were almost ungovernable, being in a condition of complete and maddening intoxication. When the Guard reached the depot, one of the recruits became perfectly unmanageable, rushing on the Guard, and endeavoring to inflict personal injury upon all within his reach. While thus assailing those around him, the recruit was bayoneted in the abdomen, receiving a severe and what is considered a dangerous wound.

In the confusion which ensued, it was found necessary to remove all the recruits to Camp Curtin, as it was impossible at the time to get transportation. The men were greatly excited by this affair, and threatened vengeance on the Provost Guard. All who witnessed the bayoneting declare that it could not have been avoided, and that the member of the Guard was not to blame for his action.

THE PROVOST GUARD.—Their Operations in the Streets Day and Night.—The duty which the Provost Guard has had to perform has been one involving a great responsibility, in which the peace of the city has been at stake, and the life of every man attached to the Guard constantly in danger. This every man knows who has any knowledge of the service which is exacted from and which is faithfully performed by the Provost Guard. But notwithstanding all this, we have been called on several times by some of our best citizens, who seemed to think that certain members of the Guard occasionally exceed their prescribed duties, by assuming an authority to which they are not entitled, in interfering with private citizens, arresting civilians and confining them in the guard house. If this is really so, there is a remedy for such arrests, in an appeal to the Provost Marshal; where redress will be found more speedily than any which can be afforded by a newspaper discussion of the grievance.

This morning a respectable business man in West Second street, called to complain, that while some of the Guard were in pursuit of an escaping soldier, they had fired on the fugitive, lodging three balls, in the shutters and door of his place of business. This gentleman (whose name we are of course ready to give to the Guard) complained that this reckless firing was uncalled for, as the escaping party was not attempting to desert entirely the service, but merely endeavoring to reach his quarters without being captured and put into the guard house. We are not willing to apologize for what seems wrong, but we cannot refrain from expressing our regret, that any difference should arise between the citizens and the Provost Guard. We trust that a good understanding will be had—that the Guard may be kept within its bounds, and that the good services which this body of men have already rendered to the city, may not be destroyed or counteracted by any dereliction on their part at this time.

A MYSTERY OF THE CHAINS.—Hard Times and Brilliant Displays.—Devotion and Death with Luxury, Pampers Fashion, and Wild Extravagance.—What holds good in other cities is equally discernible in the State Capital. What our cotemporaries abroad complain of and are puzzled with, equally arrests our attention and confounds our understanding. There are some things in the world, which the wisest cannot fully comprehend or understand, and which it is difficult to solve by any recognized mode of reasoning or rule of cyphering. Harrisburg at the present time presents one of those anomalies in view of the prevalence of the war, the exorbitant prices charged for everything eatable or wearable, in the scarcity of labor, all taken in connection with the expenditure that seems to pervade every class of society. The streets never made a finer exhibition of well dressed women, and it only needs a pleasant afternoon to draw them forth. The markets were never better supplied, and even the high prices charged do not seem in the least to decrease the patronage bestowed upon them.

Silks of the costliest character, and dress goods of the most valuable fabrics are to be found in the public promenades, and produce at the highest price goes home for daily consumption. Fuel ranges at exorbitant rates, labor remains at figures that are comparatively low, yet, this apparently unwarranted extravagance continues from day to day, without any evidence of cessation.

In the meantime, everything is taxed. The check by which a man draws his money, the note on which he loans it, the protest which signifies its non-payment. He contributes to the revenue on every telegraphic dispatch he sends to enquire as to the health of a sick relative; and pays additional if he takes a seat in the cars to visit one he may never behold again. He pays for the stamp which must be affixed to the deed which conveys to him purchased property, and is charged an additional tax on the property he has acquired.

Yet in spite of all this additional taxation, money certainly seems as plentiful in our city as in the most prosperous times. Everybody is well dressed. Every hand, almost, is ornamented with jewelry—diamonds sparkle on bosoms that never before even dreamed of their lustre. One of our principal jewelers states that his sales are larger now than ever before. He also states that his information from those with whom he deals in New York and Philadelphia, is that the sales of diamonds and other precious stones had been larger this, in those cities, than at any previous season. He could account for it in no other manner than that army contractors or employees, formerly of limited means, had acquired such wealth in Government transactions that they were seeking up on an extensive scale, and beginning life in a magnificent style. "So we go. War is a source of aggrandizement to some, while to others it is a leveler whose approaches cannot be withstood.

FUNERAL OF AN AGED CITIZEN OF DAUPHIN COUNTY.—The funeral of Mr. Jacob Mark, one of the oldest inhabitants of this county, took place on Sunday morning from his late residence in West Hanover township, and was largely attended by his relatives and friends. Mr. Mark was born in Lebanon county, but removed to this county at an early period of his life. He was for many years a consistent member of the Lutheran church, and was highly esteemed by those who knew him well. He died after a short illness at the advanced age of nearly 78 years.

SOLDIERS' COFFEE.—A correspondent thus describes the coffee supplied to one of the army camps not yet upon the battle field: "You can form some idea of the rations it takes to feed such a body of men, when I tell you that at breakfast this morning it took eleven hundred gallons of coffee to supply them, that is, what the contractor calls coffee. I should like to have the handling of that fellow; I would oblige him to drink three times a day a quart of his villainous compound. I think he has begun to add burnt barley among the ingredients. I expect the next dose he puts in will be a small medium of strychnine. I think a very good course to pursue in regard to those contractors who concoct these messes, would be to serve them as Napoleon I. used to treat his contractors, who furnished the soldiers poor rations—take them out some fine morning and give them an ounce more or less, of cold lead. I think it would have a very beneficial effect on those left. Our contractor, not satisfied with giving us hodge-podge messes, has left off putting any sweetening in it, and you can imagine what a savory liquid it must be."

THE BLACK TONGUE IN HORSES.—A Preventative and a Cure.—We printed a paragraph in this department, yesterday, in reference to the disease of the "black tongue" among the Government horses in the vicinity of Washington. This morning an army officer called to inform us that he had seen the evil effects of the same disease among the horses belonging to the army in service in the south-west, where at least \$50,000 worth of horse flesh had been lost to the service before the disease could be arrested.

The disease first shows itself in small ulcers breaking out on the tongue, which quickly enlarge and become black, when in the absence of relief, the tongue literally "rots off," thus producing of course the most painful death to the animal. In Kentucky, when this disease was first discovered among the horses, it was thought that it was produced by the "regulation bit," which is a heavy, rough and at best a painful piece of machinery to place in a horse's mouth. But examination and observation seemed to dispel this belief, as with the same bit, horses have been protected from the disease by using the following preventative:

After enclosing a particle of assafetida in an ordinary piece of cotton rag, bind it firmly to the bit, and with this in the mouth of the horse, the animal will be protected from this "black tongue." It is of course necessary to prevent the staining of animals afflicted with the disease with others in sound health, as it is of a contagious character, and horses have been known to take it that have been stabled where others have had the disease months before. It is thought that animals leave the contagion on the troughs or mangers.

The cure for the "black tongue" is simple and easily administered. The following ingredients are necessary:

- 1 ordinary pale of water.
1 lb. of copperas.
2 sticks of caustic.

These are dissolved, and the preparation used by swabbing the ulcers on the tongue of the diseased animal two or three times a day. The effect of this sponging or swabbing is, of course, to canterize the ulcers, and in a few days the tongue becomes entirely relieved from their presence, and the horse restored. When an animal is attacked, he should be removed immediately from all contact with others. If this precaution is not taken the disease will be communicated to others, and in a short time every stable in a wide circuit becomes filled with horses suffering and dying from the effects of the black tongue.

—We submit this preventative and cure to those interested, and ask for it a circulation in the columns of our cotemporaries, for the benefit of the government and the people.

A CARD.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 9, 1862. We, the undersigned, being fully convinced that the acquisition of photography by the young of both sexes would fully repay them for the time and expense of learning it, and having examined Mr. Topham's certificates, do hereby recommend that all who can find time should enroll themselves as members of the classes now forming in this valuable accomplishment and useful art.

Rev. Chas. A. Hay, Miss A. M. Hays, Rev. Wm. O. Cattell, Miss C. P. Hetsel, Rev. Franklin Moore, Miss Jennie Robinson, Rev. G. J. Marts, Mr. J. F. Seller, Dr. O. Soller, Mr. D. J. Burns, Daniel D. Boas, Mr. F. U. Worley, Henry Shellenberger, Mr. A. E. Eyster, Miss Marion E. Gill, Mr. J. Lloyd, Miss A. Y. Woodward, Mr. E. S. Engle.

SPECIAL NOTICES. MILITARY BUSINESS, Of all kinds attended to. EUGENE SNYDER, Attorney-at-Law. Office: Third Street, Harrisburg, Pa. [o271].

LADIES' HOOP SKIRTS.—It is not our purpose to speak of the origin of Hoop Skirts, but history informs us that they were introduced into France and England many years since. In the United States they are of modern introduction, but have become very popular from their beauty, comfort and convenience. The late improvement in those manufactured by J. W. Bradley, Nos. 144, 146, 148 and 150 Chambers street, New York city, has attracted special attention, and are for sale at the cheap dry goods House of Ulrich & Bowman. d8 d2t

The Photography classes now forming will hold recite as follows: The Clergymen's class on Monday, Dec. 16th, at 4 o'clock P. M., at the house of Rev. W. C. Cassell. The Ladies' class Tuesday, Dec. 16th, at 7 o'clock (probably at the Harrisburg Female Seminary.) The Boys' High School class at the Hope Engine House School room Wednesday, Dec. 10th, at 4 o'clock P. M. The Ladies' High School class at the North Ward High School, on Thursday, Dec. 11th, at 4 o'clock P. M. The business and young men's class on Thursday, Dec. 11th, at 7 o'clock P. M., in the State Librarian's room at the Capitol.

Ladies will enroll their names on the rolls left in the hands of the teachers of the Harrisburg Seminary, the teachers of the High School and in the charge of Rev. Messrs. Cattell, Leacock, Hay and Robinson. dec-5-tf. We are happy to announce that Mr. Topham has, in addition to the names of a large number of the daughters of our most influential citizens, and very many young men, the names of Rev. Messrs. Leacock, Robinson, Hay, Cattell, Wood, Moore, Marts, and others of our clergymen.

HEIMSTREET'S IMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE. IT IS NOT A DYE. But restores gray hair to its original color, by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance, impaired by age or disease. All instantaneous dyes are composed of lunar caustic, destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair, and afford of themselves no dressing. Heimstreet's Imitable Coloring not only restores hair to its natural color by an easy process, but gives the hair a Luxuriant falling. It promotes its growth, prevents its early fall, eradicates dandruff, and imparts health and pleasantness to the head. It has stood the test of time, being the original Hair Coloring, and is constantly increasing in favor. Used by both gentlemen and ladies. It is sold by all respectable dealers, or can be procured by them of the commercial agent, D. R. Barnes, 302 Broadway, N. Y. Two sizes, 50 cents and \$1. nov1 Tues! Fri 6md 1w

FURS! FURS!!—We have received from New York a splendid assortment of Furs at all prices. Black Cloaks, ready made and made to order. 600 Hoop Skirts, all styles from 75c. up. 50 pieces of white, red and yellow flannel. 25 dozen of white and grey Undershirts and Drawers. 25 pieces of new Delaines and other Dress Goods. 30 pair of splendid white (all wool) Blankets. 200 splendid Cambric Bands, best French needle work. A very large assortment of ladies, gentlemen and children's Stockings, (wool and cotton,) all prices. 10 dozen of Nubias, Woolen Hoods, Sontags, and Chenille Scarfs. 50 pieces of Cassinets and Kentucky Jeans, for men and boys' wear. 10 pieces of Morinos, (all colors,) Alpaccas, and Paramattas.

Our stock now is large, and bought before the rise in goods, and those wishing to buy we would invite to call. S. LEWY.

To the Afflicted. The undersigned would respectfully inform those who are afflicted with Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Consumption of Liver and Kidney, Coughs, Fevers, and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, that she is prepared to furnish Mrs. Westhoven's German Vegetable Medicines at very moderate rates. I have also on hand a quantity of invaluable Salve for Sore Eyes, Frozen Feet and Piles. References can be furnished as to their wonderful efficacy, whenever called upon. There need be no apprehension in regard to my competency to administer it, as I have had it on hand for the past six years. As they are now sold at reduced prices, no family should be without them over night. They can be had at any time at my residence, in Pine street, between Second and Front. (no13-d1m) MRS. L. BALL.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3, 1862. Mr. Ball.—I feel no hesitancy in acknowledging the virtue of your medicine, its soothing influence and healing power. For several years I was afflicted with dyspepsia, and during my stay in Harrisburg you cured me in the short space of one month, of that annoying and distressing disease, and at the same time also cured me of a running scrofula, which had existed for over one year without ceasing.—During my years of affliction, I applied frequently to doctors of medicine, but they proved ineffectual. I have the utmost confidence and belief in the power of your medicine, and would say to those afflicted, who wish to enjoy life in its natural element, with a system renewed to vigorous nature, to try your medicine as I did. Yours truly, GEO. J. McCREERY, 54 North Eighth Street, Philadelphia.

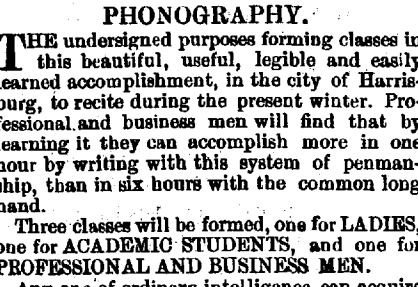
Take no more emollient and unsafe Medicines. For unpleasant and dangerous diseases, use HELMOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, which has received the endorsement of the most PROMINENT PHYSICIANS IN THE U. S. It is now offered to afflicted both as a certain cure for the following diseases and symptoms originating from diseases and abuse of the Urinary or Sexual Organs. General Debility, Mental and Physical Depression, Impediment, Determination of Blood to the Head, Confused Ideas, Headache, General Irritability, Restlessness and Sleeplessness at Night, Abcess of Muscular Tissue, Loss of Appetite, Type of Rheumatism, Low Spirits, Disorganization & Paralysis of the Organs of Generation, Enlargement of the Heart, and in fact, all the concomitants of a Nervous and debilitated state of the system. To insure the genuine, call this out. ASK FOR HELMOLD'S. TAKE NO OTHER. CURE GUARANTEED. nov1 dec2m

A MODEL ESTABLISHMENT.—Among the many improvements lately made in our city, to which we can point with pride as an evidence of prosperity and as a determination on the part of our business men, no longer to remain behind the "light house," is the completion of Ely & Kunkle's large brick building at the corner of Market and Fifth streets, which is alike creditable to the owners and ornamental to that part of our city. The building is not only one of the largest, devoted to the grocery business, outside of New York, but the stock challenges comparison.—Without going into detail, we may safely say that the firm keep on hand everything usually kept in a grocery store, (liquors excepted), and that they sell at very small profits. Their clerks are civil and accommodating, and have strict instructions under no circumstances whatever to misrepresent or take advantage of any customer. A general invitation is extended to the public to visit the new building and examine the extensive stock, whether they purchase or not.

AYER'S PILLS. ARE you sick, feeble and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure, such as Headache, Foul Stomach, Dysentery, Bilious Complaints, Indigestion, Derangement of the Liver, Constiveness or Constipation. As a Dinner Pill they are both agreeable and effectual. Pains 25 cents per Box, or FIVE BOXES FOR \$1. Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Massachusetts.

PHONOGRAPHY. THESE undersigned purposes forming classes in this beautiful, useful, legible and easily learned accomplishment, in the city of Harrisburg, to recite during the present winter. Professional and business men will find that by learning it they can accomplish more in one hour by writing with this system of penmanship, than in six hours with the common long hand. Three classes will be formed, one for LADIES, one for ACADEMIC STUDENTS, and one for PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS MEN. Any one of ordinary intelligence can acquire a practical knowledge of Phonography in a course of twelve lessons of one hour each, one lesson per week being given. Either Fiskman's, Gresham's or Langley's Text Books may be used. My terms will be as follows: For course of twelve lessons in class... \$3 00 For course of twelve lessons at office or residence for one pupil... 8 00 Office or residence for two pupils each... 5 00 Three pupils each... 4 00 Rolls will be left at the offices "Harrisburg Telegraph," "Patriot and Union" and Post Office. Hoping that the citizens of Harrisburg will give me an earnest support, I remain very truly at their service. dec3 d1m J. LYBRAND TOPHAM.

STERLING'S AMBROSIA FOR THE HAIR. A HANDSOME HEAD OF HAIR is a crown of glory. With proper care and culture it will last as a protection to the head as long as the nails do to the fingers, or the eyelashes to the eyes. STERLING'S AMBROSIA is the only article yet discovered that will bring about the desired results. It is a preparation the result of science and experiment; the science pointing out what was needed, and experiment finding the required properties in certain roots, barks, and herbs. It has consumed a long time in its preparation, has been tested by persons of most unobtrusive reliability in this city, and is by them pronounced perfect, and the only satisfactory article, and is now offered to the public. The proprietors, determined to give it the most thorough tests, practical and chemical, and now certain that it will make the hair grow luxuriant on Bald Heads, Preventing Greyness and Baldness, Reinvigorating and Beautifying the Hair, rendering it soft and glossy. Dr. Sterling's AMBROSIA is a stimulating, oily extract of roots, barks, and herbs, and, aside from its neatness, permanency, and gloss, it is medically adapted to preserve and add to the beauty of the hair. The only article yet discovered that will Cure the Disease of the Scalp, and cause the Hair to Grow.



CERTIFICATES. This is to certify that about eighteen months ago, I commenced using STERLING'S AMBROSIA. My hair was short, thin and rapidly falling out. I had tried many Hair Tonics, Invigorators, &c., without receiving any benefit. Soon after using the Ambrosia, my hair ceased falling out, and commenced growing so rapidly as to astonish me. Now my hair is thick, soft, and glossy, and is five feet four inches in length—when let down, reaching to the floor. This wonderful result I attribute solely to the use of STERLING'S AMBROSIA, as since I commenced using it I have applied nothing else to my hair. MRS. LUCY A. BROWN. Sworn to before me this 15th day of April, 1861. H. N. PARKER, Com. of Deeds. City Hall, New York. For Sale by D. W. GROSS & CO., Harrisburg, Pa. no14-d3m

POSTAGE CURRENCY. WE have received an assortment of Wall-Let adapted for carrying safely and conveniently the New Currency, with lot of LEATHER GOODS GENERALLY. Ladies' Satchels, Ladies' Companions, Pursets, Portmonnaies, Segar Cases, Card Cases, Writing and Sewing Cases, Portfolios. KELLE'S DRUG STORE, 91 Market St. COAL OIL LAMPS.—Hand, Parlor, Tin, Glass, and Brass Lamps, for sale by NICHOLS & BOWMAN, Corner Front and Market Sts. d8

New Advertisements. SILAS WARD. AGENT FOR STEINWAY'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS, Princes Melodeons &c., VIOLINS, GUITARS, FLUTES, FIFES, ACCORDEONS, DRUMS AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE. Of every kind. HOWE'S SEWING MACHINES, PORTRAIT FRAMES, Large Pier and Mantle Mirrors, Photograph Frames and Albums. at the New Music Store of SILAS WARD, no14-15 No. 12, North Third Street, above Market. Office of JAY COOKE, SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers, 114 SOUTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

The undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the New Twenty Year 6 per cent. Bonds, of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

THE COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1000. THE REGISTER BONDS in sums of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1000 and \$5000. Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is PAYABLE IN GOLD, Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufacturers, &c., &c., in the country; and that the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these bonds the Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office. A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery. JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent. nov4-d8w3m

CAUTION. ALL persons are hereby warned against depredating or in any manner trespassing on the Farm of Mrs. C. M. Misch, adjoining the city, and under the management of the subscriber. I have arrested several of these petty thieves and nuisances, and made them pay pretty well for their sport. Hereafter I shall not only punish to the extent of the law, but will publish in the Telegraph and other papers the names of all offenders. JACOB MISH. Oct. 13, 1862.

GRAPPE VINES (and other desirable hardy native varieties, and they are the only class worth planting in the open air,) for sale at the Keystone Nursery, adjoining the city. Among them are some of the newer varieties, such as Delaware, Diana, Rebecca, Concord, Muscadine, Hartford, Proflig, &c., which have sold at very high prices for small and weak vines.—Strong, well ripened and thirty vines are now offered at reasonable prices. JACOB MISH. Oct. 13, 1862.

UNION VILLAGE. VINES of this Monster among Native American Hardy Grapes for sale at the Keystone Nursery. The clusters frequently weigh a pound and a half, and the berries are larger than the Celebrated Black Hamburgh. The quality is also good—equal, at least, to the well known Isabella. J. MISH. nov1-d1f

FOR SALE. 3,000 BUSHELS prime Yellow Corn. 500 bushels barley mat, first quality. 200 bushels rye. 50 barrels whiskey, first quality. Equipage of Washington avenue, Harrisburg, no29-d1f

CHOICE lot of Tobacco, for sale at reasonable prices, by NICHOLS & BOWMAN, no13 Corner Front and Market Sts.

100 BBLs. FINE CHOICE APPLES. FOR SALE CHEAP at JOHN WISE'S, in Third Street, next door to Brady's Barber shop. ALSO, ANOTHER LOT OF FINE LARGE CATAWBA GRAPES, cheap, wholesale and retail. CHOICE SYRUPS and BAKING MOLASSES for sale cheap by NICHOLS & BOWMAN, no14 Cor. Front and Market Streets.

TUBACCO, Cavendish, Congress and Twist, for sale low by NICHOLS & BOWMAN, Corner Front and Market streets. SUGAR cured hams, just received an for sale, by NICHOLS & BOWMAN, sep 17 Cor. Front and Market street. MESS Mackerel, just received, and for sale, by NICHOLS & BOWMAN, no16 Cor. Front and Market Sts.

NEW Orleans Sugars, white and brown, just received and for sale low by NICHOLS & BOWMAN, Cor. Front and Market streets. PLUM TREES, IN variety, at Keystone Nursery, Harrisburg. Oct. 13, 1862. HAVANA ORANGES. LOT of fine, sweet Havana Oranges just received and for sale cheap at JOHN WISE'S, no25-d1f Third Street, near Walnut. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR. SMALL lot of extra, just received and for sale by WM. DOCK, JR., & CO. oct23-d1f