

CURRENT NEWS.

A horse and a velocipede are matched for a race in Pittsburg.

Two of the survivors of Perry's victory are town paupers.

But one Revolutionary soldier now draws a pension.

The Lehigh Valley railroad is to be re-laid with steel rails the whole distance, from Easton to Mauch Chunk.

The Hollidaysburg Standard says that one line of business is brisk there—the drug business.

There was a destructive fire at Altoona, lately, which destroyed the Auditor office, and much other property.

The various Methodist churches in the country are in the midst of a great revival of religion.

Yeddo, Japan, has a hotel furnished through out with black walnut furniture made in San Francisco.

Since the prohibitory liquor law has been in force in Maine, opium eating is said to have increased to an alarming extent.

The velocipede fever is spreading as fast as some of those who "straddle the darned thing."

J. B. Gough was born in Sandgate, England, in 1817. His father was a Polemical soldier, and his mother a school teacher.

The Harrisburg Guard thinks the press are damaging the great Republican party, by assailing the Legislature for its extravagance.

A police officer, on last Tuesday morning at Seventh and Washington streets, Phila., picked up a human finger having on it a plain gold ring.

The Methodist church in Hyde Park, Luzerne county, together with two dwelling houses, were consumed by fire on last Monday morning, a week.

At a recent fire in Easton an excited woman ran out of the house with a pillow in her embrace, which she had mistaken for her baby.

Peter Downess, Williamsport, has been sent to Eastern Penitentiary for the term of two years, for the crime of biting off his wife's ear!

At the recent Woman's Rights female suffrage Convention at Chicago, Wells Brown, the negro orator, contended most earnestly that women ought to be educated before they are enfranchised.

The Clearfield Republican announces the elopement of the Rev. J. J. Shortbill, of Punxsutawney, with a sister of his flock, deserting his wife. He had preached to that flock ten years.

The Bradford county Democracy have instructed their delegates to the State convention to support Hon. Asa Packer for Governor and Hon. Wm. Elwell for Judge of the Supreme Court.

People who are interested in the Holy Land will be glad to know that macadamized road has been constructed from Jaffa to Jerusalem, and the latter city enjoys a steam mill. Yankees are responsible for both.

The following is a Spanish epitaph upon a young girl who died broken hearted: "She who lies beneath this stone, died of constancy alone; fear not approach, O passer-by—of naught contagious did she die."

Ristori is said to be applying to empty benches in a second-rate theater in Florence. The slim attendance is accounted for by the fact that the people of Florence understand what she says.

The Petersburg, Virginia, papers are waxing boastful over a boy of native growth, only seven years old, weighing over 500 pounds, four feet one inch high, and five feet four inches round, yet playing in his appearance.

There were eighteen escapes from Sing Sing Prison during the year ending January 1, 1869. Two or three occurred in one day eight or nine hours apart, and nobody knows how. Only one of the eighteen was recaptured.

A young man named Anson R. Fuller, a carpenter, while engaged in removing the old tower from the Diamond mine at Scranton, on the 15th instant, fell from the structure and was instantly killed—leaving a wife and three children.

A colored woman, in Huntington, on the 15th instant, held her child, about one year old, over a hot stove until it was so well roasted that little holes are entertained of its recovery. She is in jail—so says a correspondent of the Hollidaysburg Register.

An old copper mine in Douglas town, Montgomery county, that has been unworked for many years, is about to be reopened and again operated by a party of capitalists organized for the purpose. The vein is said to be seven feet thick, and was extensively worked before the revolutionary war.

In the United States District Court, at Richmond, the district attorney, under instructions from the Attorney General, in accordance with President Johnson's amnesty proclamation, entered a nolle prosequi in both indictments against Jefferson Davis, and in those against Lee, Wade Hampton, Breckinridge, Longstreet, Wise, Prayor, Seddons, Mahone, Early, and thirty others. The court ordered that the securities on Davis's bailbond be discharged from further consideration.

At Sullivan, Ind., a company of twenty-five or thirty women of the respectable class formed in procession, at the head of which a lady carried the Bible, and marched to the various saloons in town and held prayer meetings, for the suppression of intemperance, &c. They were kindly received by most of the keepers, and had a good time generally. A little enthusiasm was created at one of their visits; a quantity of firecrackers having been carelessly left scattered upon the stairs and in the bar-room, became ignited as they were going up stairs, causing a scene.

CONVENTIONS TO ASSEMBLE.—The following bodies will convene in Harrisburg during the next few weeks, at the place and dates affixed:

State Temperance Convention—Tuesday, February 22d, at 10 a. m., in the Court House.

State Agricultural Convention—March 17.

State Council Junior Order American Mechanics—Friday April 16th, hall of the House of Representatives.

Grand Encampment of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows—Last of the House of Representatives, May 17th and 18th.

Dedication of the Mexican Monument—May 25.

The Democrat.



HARVEY SICKLER, Editor.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA.

Wednesday, Feb. 24, 1869.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.

In obedience to the desire of a majority thereof, the Democratic State Committee are requested to meet at Bolton's Hotel, Harrisburg, on Tuesday, the 20th day of March, 1869, at 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M., to fix the time of holding the Democratic State Convention.

WILLIAM A. WALLACE, Chairman.

DAVID CALDWELL, Secretary.

Feb. 12, 1869.

The Suffrage Amendment.

Senator Bucklew proposed to the Senate, the other day, an excellent amendment to the proposed suffrage amendment to the Constitution, viz: That it shall be submitted for ratification to the Legislatures of the several States, the most numerous branches of which shall be chosen next after the passage of this resolution.

This meets the objection of the extra expense of a constitutional convention in each State, which has, doubtless, had its weight in determining the choice, hitherto uniform in all our adopted or proposed amendments, between the two methods of submission to the people authorized in the supreme law.

But it also escapes the objection generally made to that choice, and insisted upon with so much force by Senator Dixon last week, that, if the Legislatures now sitting pass upon the amendment, it will be adopted or rejected by bodies not elected by the people to and fitted for that duty.

Another consideration in favor of Senator Bucklew's plan, is, that the term of adoption or rejection will thus be limited to a reasonable and definite period, and the anomalous condition of things avoided which now exists with respect to the XIVth Amendment. That amendment has not been carried by the votes of three-fourths of the State Legislatures, except the count includes those which, having ratified, afterwards rejected the same. The opinion of every constitutional lawyer of any rank, "is that no State, a party to the contract, is concluded by its own consent till the requisite three-fourths unite in their consent; till which specific moment of time the consent of any State may be withdrawn. New Jersey, Ohio, and Oregon withdrew their consent before three-fourths of the States had united therein; but likewise did another State ratify after it had at first rejected; and this ratification cannot be accounted legal upon any principle which will not exclude the ratifications of Oregon, Ohio, and New Jersey, reversed by equal authority.

Yet where does this leave us? Why, in the condition that no amendment can be finally rejected. A hundred years hence, the XIVth Amendment will become the ratified XIVth Amendment, and the Constitution is thus put in a state of perpetual flux. Senator Bucklew's amendment ought to be accepted even by the fanatics of negro suffrage in the House.—E.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CASE OF TRANCE.—A number of our city physicians went out to Burlington yesterday to investigate the case of a child which for twenty days has been in a trance. The case is pronounced one of the most remarkable that ever came under the notice of the medical faculty, and there is a little wonder that it creates something of a sensation. A little daughter, twelve years of age, named Mina, of Christian Rausch, a German farmer, living about one and a half miles from Burlington, Racine county, in this State, had a severe attack of measles and diphtheria. She had nearly recovered from these on the 8th of January, when she called her father to her bedside and told him that she was going to sleep, and that she should sleep for a long, long time. She said she should look as though were dead, but she should not be dead; and she made the father promise that he would not bury her, which promise, it may be readily supposed, has been faithfully kept. Soon after making the request the child, to all appearances, sank quietly and peacefully into her last sleep. By all it was supposed Mina was dead, and the body was enshrouded and placed in a coffin. After the sleep the body showed no signs of death, although the pulse and the heart ceased to perform their pulsations, and no device could show that the respiratory organs were in use. The eyes closed. In this state Mina has lain now for twenty days without a sign of life and with no sign of death other than a sinking of cheeks and eyes, which would be natural with one who had fasted for so long a period. Three days ago a vein was tapped and blood flowed as naturally as it would in a living person. A blister raised on the flesh precisely as it would on that of one alive. A neighbor of Mr. Rausch told our reporter that he had pressed a finger on the hand of the girl. Her flesh was solid, and upon taking away the finger the spot was white. In a few seconds the color came again, precisely as it would if the flesh of a living person were pressed in the same manner. Under these circumstances it is reasonable for parents and friends to believe that the child lies in a trance, and there is little wonder that the case is attracting so much attention among the medical faculty. It will be watched carefully to the end, and with interest. A large number of persons have visited the house of Mr. Rausch, and all express themselves as lost in wonder and amazement at this strikingly strange affair.—Minersville Intelligencer, Jan. 25.

The Broadhead Murder Trial.

A correspondent writing from Stroudsburg to the Scranton Republican in speaking of the Broadhead murder, and the criminals, whose death penalty has been suddenly stayed by order of Court, says:

The excitement in this county in regard to the Broadhead murder case, continues rather to grow than to subside. Murder, in the first degree, is a new thing in the history of Monroe county. In the past there are two such charges but neither were sustained by the court.

The fact too, that the convicts, Brooks and Orme, have completely withheld every part of their previous history, even their true names, from the public, gives additional interest to the case; and the curious have endeavored to slake their appetite by the invention of innumerable stories, which whilst they have kept the people on tip-toe, have amounted to nothing. All that is known of Brooks and Orme, previous to the morning they were put off a coal train near Stroudsburg, is a blank that no one has read but themselves. They are not in whom the brute nature would seem to hold predominance; men, too, of at least a fair education; young, and rather below medium in size. All these features have attended to awaken interest, and these, with expressions of penitence for the past, have brought out friends to do all they can for them, and at least avert if possible the death penalty.

The Court of Errors has granted a hearing, on the first Monday in March, and as that carries the case past the 26th inst., the day fixed for the execution, and also past our February term of Court, if a new trial is granted it cannot take place before the May term.

The exceptions taken by the counsel of prisoners to the rulings of Judge Barrett, were in relation to the right of private persons making arrests of those whom they may suspect of having committed a larceny. The Judge instructed the jury that private citizens had that right equal to an officer of the law who had a warrant in his hands.—It seems in the laws of Pennsylvania there is barely a precedent to this case, and a question is to be settled which will stand as law in all cases of this kind in future.—Judge Barrett is an able jurist, and he was very positive in his rulings on this point, although he said if a private citizen made a false arrest he must bear the consequence. The defence claims that is a private citizen receives bodily harm in an arrest, a plea of death follow, it cannot go beyond man; slaughter.

THE Hon. Geo. W. Woodward stated the Georgia case in this terse and vigorous style, in the debate of Thursday of last week:

But, now, Mr. Speaker, I beg to inquire why the vote of Georgia should not have been counted; why it should have been counted with a qualification? That qualification was admirably stated by the President of the Convention when he said that the effect of the concurrent resolution was to count the vote of Georgia if it meant nothing, and not to count the vote if it meant anything. When he said that, he stated the legal effect and consequence of that resolution precisely. Now, I ask, why should a sovereign State of this Union be treated in that manner? Listen to it! The nation will listen to the words of Mr. Wade, uttered from that seat yesterday, that the two Houses had decided that if the vote of Georgia would effect nothing it should be counted, and if it would effect anything it should not be counted. If you treat Georgia in that manner this year, what State may you not treat in the same manner next year, or on some future occasion? What is that but a dissolution of the Union?—Will you say that Georgia is not in the Union? Here are her members sitting on this floor. What right have they to be here if Georgia is not in the Union? Georgia has been in the Union from the beginning, she has never been out of the Union, unless you allege, what I deny, that her attempted secession took her out of the Union. But you say her act of secession was null and void, and she herself has re-constructed her. She is not only the original Georgia, but a Georgia reconstructed by this Republican Congress. Then, I ask, why should not her electoral vote be counted like the vote of any other State?

HIS EXCELLENCY, THE PRESIDENT.—How few people seem to know that His Excellency the President is a misnomer, the official designation of the Chief Magistrate of the Republic, so far as he has one, being simply The President. In the convention framing the Constitution there were various propositions as to the title to be given the Executive, and, among others, one that he should be styled Excellency. This failed, as did all the others, the decision being that he should be styled simply what the Constitution itself calls him. It will be noticed that Mr. Seward, who is scrupulously exact in these matters, invariably addresses his communications to The President, and, perhaps, rightly simple as this may seem, it was meant to be as full of meaning as the plain title which royalists appears, not His Majesty, or His Christian Majesty, or His Catholic Majesty, but "The King."

The reticence of General Grant has completely demoralized the army of office seekers. No one appears to know any thing about the General's "little game," and the only consolation which he has is that, any how, he knows as much as his neighbor what the General intends to do. All kinds of efforts have been made to get the General to open his mouth, but they have all failed, and the man candidate is in reality the man President. Perhaps the General has read the ancient rhyme—  
I thought said to me in judgment week,  
I told these wise until I heard thee speak!

New Advertisements.

List of Persons Appointed as Jurors for April Term, 1869.

- GRAND JURORS: Brainin—Lynn Keeney, Abram Wiltman, Clinton—D. Gardner, Eaton—Job Hall, Exeter—Dewitt Kile, Forleston—Richard Rogers, Falls—Stephen Clark, Jacob Dewey, Meshoppen—Wesley Klinefelter, W. W. Miner, Mesopony—Daniel Tompkins, Wesley Jennings, Monroe—Eliza Parrish, North Branch—John Allen, John Champin, Nicholson—Chas. Riker, Hurley Steinbeck, Jacob Stephens, Tunk Boro.—James Lamphere, Tunk Boro.—John Kusman, J. Osterhout, James Gilmantri, Windham—John A. Allen, Lemoor—Cyrus Shaw.

SMALL JURORS: Brainin—John S. Lum, Ezra Kersney, Joseph Fox, P. O. Lacey, Clinton—Daniel Bidleman, D. T. Capwell, James Roberts, Eaton—Eleaner Boardman, Chas. Wheelock, Chas. Harris, Lenon—John D. Clark, Monroe—John S. Dunell, H. H. Wheeler, Monroe—Freeman Evans, Northmoreland—Eli R. Hallock, A. Herrick, North Branch—Eugene Burgess, Russ R. Garay, Falls—Stephen Clark, Jacob Dewey, Wm. Bloomfield, George Knight, Milton Benjamin, Overfield—John Avery, Tunk Tp.—Henry Stark, 2d. Ira Avery, Perry Marco, R. H. Stacks, R. A. Hill, Draper Billings, Malen Lalabar, N. C. Martin, Windham—Edmund D. Fassett, M. S. Coaklock, Washington—Chas. Russell, Dan'l Cararay.

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CAPITAL & ASSETS.....\$2,235,492 68 ANNUAL DIVIDEND \$50 per cent

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It is warranted not to streak, or in any manner injure the finest fabrics.

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See that each box has the proper Trade Mark. For Sale by BILLINGS & PHILLIPS on Bridge St. near the Canal, Tunkhanock, Pa. 562295.

DISOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given, that the firm of Eastman Bros. has been dissolved by mutual consent.

BUCHU. [From Dispensary of the United States.] DIOSMA CHENATA.—RICHIE L. LEAVES.

THE immense demand for this popular instrument has induced us to make its manufacture a specialty, and we are consequently enabled to offer them at much lower rates than are charged for similar instruments by other makers.

WANTED AGENTS.

Only Three Dollars. Simple, practical and durable makes the Elastic chain stitch, and adapted for all kinds of plain sewing.

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THE PATENT MAGIC COMB Will color gray hair a permanent black or brown—No color anywhere. Sent by mail for \$1.25.

AGENTS WANTED!

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EVERY SPORTSMAN, FARMER AND HORSEMAN, should send for our pamphlet of 20 pages containing a full description of a new invention by which the most sensitive riders, runners, and vicious horses can be driven with perfect safety.

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A LADY who had suffered for years from Deafness, Catarrh and Scrofula, was cured by a simple remedy. Her sympathy and gratitude prompts her to send the receipt free of charge to any one similarly afflicted.

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AND BANDAGE ESTABLISHMENT, 1347 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

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