CURRENT NEWS.

Smoking has been prohibited in the negro churches in Louisville.

VIRGINIA has had thirty-three hundred cases under the bankrupt law thus far.

To dispel darkness from about you, make light of your trubles.

ONE of the jury which tried Aaron Burr for treason is still living at Chillicothe, Ooio

The cultivation of olive trees is becoming extensive in California.

In honor of the birth of the first born "catnip weddings" have been invented.

A METHOD of extracting the indigo from second-hand postage stamps has been patented in England.

The report of our general land office is to be printed in several languages and distributed in Europe to induce emigration.

Some 192,640 Englishmen get fighting drunk every year, according to the court records.

It is estimated that not one-eight of the people of the United States attend public worship on Sunday.

It cost $40,000 last year for "pasting and folding" in the Pennsylvania State Legislature.

John C. Breckinridge intends to return to Kentucky, and seek a livelihood by practising his professions, the law.

Gen. Sheridan's commissary feeds his Indian prisoners on roast horse and dog fricasee.

Minnesota thinks it would be a "big thing that it can raise four hundred bushels of potatoes to the acre, if it did not also raise bugs enough to eat them.

The person sent East with the electoral vote of California was quite well when he borded the steamship, at San Francisco, but died of small-box before reaching Panama.

Divorce has gone out of style in Chicago But they still have plenty of "family dismemberment," "domestic segregation," and "connubial subtraction."

Bets are already being made about the length of General Grant,s inaugural message. It is said that it will be the shortest ever delivered.

A Florida correspondent says they have great trouble in trying cases before the mixed white and black juries in that State because "the jurymen will go to sleep."

The "National Freedman's Bank." at Mobile, has suspended. A circus visited that city, and the depositors at once began a "run" on the bank, accordidg to the Mobile Register.

A Respectable old grocer died last month and left £15,00 to Charles Dickens, on condition that he will read his "Trial from Pickwick" in the presence of the grocer's family once a year till he dies.

An Irishman (of course) who had blistered his fingers by endevoring to draw on a pair of new boots, exclaimed;—"By St. Patrick! I believe I shall never get them on until I wear them a day or two."

"Jemmie, "said an Irishman to another the first time he saw a locomotive, "What is that snorting baste?" "Sure, I don't know was the reply, "unless it is a steamboat splurging along to get to wather."

Rumors are current in Mexico of an impending revolution. The people are disgusted with the administration of Juarez. They are also incensed against the United States, and clamor for another war.

Henry Kurtz, Esq., of Mt. Joy, who has been noted for his fine cattle, has just received another addition to his already large stock, in the shape of an ox which weighs in the neighborhood of 4,000 pounds.

A Large onion, planted so near a rosebush as to touch the roots, will greatly increase the odor of the flowers, and the water distilled from such roses is far superior in flavor to other rose-water. So says a Massachusett, contemporary.

A Man killing hogs, became vexed, and venteting his spleen, wished they were in ——. "Oh, dear me, what can he mean?" exclaimed a little girl, who overheard him "Mean! I suppose the awful wretch wants his provisions sent on before him."

An aged lady in Found du Lac, Wisconsin, possesses a watch belonging to Major Andre, with the name and 1774 engraved on the back. The Fond du Lac *Commonwealth* says she is anxious to dispose of it. Here is a chance for some historical society to add to its treasures.

Wild Rabbits have pecome so plentiful in Australia as to threaten to starve out sheep on the remote farms. The animal was only introduced two years ago by the Acclimatization Society, and now the settlers are offering rewards for their extermination One farmer estimates that it will cost him $50,000 before he can succeed in thinning out the vermin, as the rabbits are considered

One of our exchanges has this odd announcement:—"On Friday, we shall issue a second edition, but no first edition." This reminds us of the story told of an honest Hibernian. He called at the office of a certain paper with an advertisement, the price of which, he was told, would be a dollar and a half for the first time, and one dollar for the second—"Faith, then " said he, "I'll have it in the second, and not the first time at all."

The following appears among the regular marriage notices in the Omaha Republican: COX—HARRINGTON.—On the east half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-two (22), township twenty-one (21), north of range eleven (11) east, in an open sleigh, and under an open and unclouded canopy, by Rev. J. F. Mason, James B., only son of John Cox, of Colorado, and Ellen C., eldest daughter of Major O. Harrington, of Burt county, Nebraska.

The Democrat.

HARVEY SICKLER, Editor.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA.

Wednesday, Jan. 20, 1869.

Jury Trials before Justices.

We this week devote considerable of our space to the publication of the law changing the mode of criminal proceedings in certain of the minor cases of misdemeanors—The provisions of this law with its severeral supplements was extended to this County by act of April 13th 1868.

As the original act was passed in 1861, and the supplements at intervals between that date and now; but little if anything, is known of its provisions by the mass of the people, who do not have access to the printed acts of Assembly from year to year. We venture the assertion that not one in ten of the Justices of the Peace in the County have taken the time or trouble to look up these different acts of Assembly, This law will therefore be new to nearly all of our readers.

We design to print this law and its supplements together with some forms—not generally accessible—in a neat pamphlet form for the convenience of Justices of the Peace and others who may desire it. As only a limited number of them will be required in this County, we shall probably be obliged to charge about 50 cents each for this little book of the law, with the forms under it.

A HOME OF YOUR OWN.—An exchange very appropriately remarks that every poor laboring man should buy himself a town lot—get that paid for, and then work to get the necessary improvements—a little here and a little there will in due time produce you a home of your own, and place you outside the landlord's grasp. Remember that $50 a year saved in rent will in a very few years pay for your own home and the money it costs you to move and shift about will, without any loss of furniture and of time, pay interest of a five hundred dollar mortgage against your property until you can gradually reduce it to nothing. You can all buy in that way—why do you not risk it? If you fail you are no worse off—If you succeed, as any careful man is sure to do—you have a home and established a credit equal to another which will start you in business. Poor men, take our advice, buy one of the lots offered for sale and see how much better it will be for you and your family five years after this.

Amalgamation---A Disgusting Case---Marriage of a Negro to a Pretty White Woman.

A strange couple came up from Erie, on the Lake Shore Road, Saturday evening—exciting the disgust and intense curiosity of every passenger in the car. It comprises a sooty, greasy negro, and a pretty white girl, whom he had married the day before at Erie. The girl evidently felt a great deal of shame at her situation, for she kept herself doubly veiled, and looked out of the car all the time. Her OTHELLO, however, was all passionate tenderness and attention. We have learned the antecedents of the pair, which we lay before our readers: On Thursday, a tall, gaunt, very black negro, about forty years of age, registered at the Morton House, Erie, as "William Lindsey and wife, Ohio." He requested the landlord to give him the best room in the house, as his wife would arrive on the next train, and join him. His wife not putting in her appearance by the next morning' he went to Oberlin after her. It happeded that the girl, Carrie Brown by name—however, was en route for Erie, to join her lover (ugh!) and the train that he was on, passed hers, Arriving at Erie, and learning the State of affairs, Carrie remained in the depot till evening, when Lindsey returned from Oberlin.

They then went to the hotel and asked to be shown to their room, The landlord asked the negro if the lady with him was his wife. Andrews answered him in the affirmativs. The landlord then interrogated the lady who was a beautiful young girl. She said they were not yet married, but they had come for the purpose of being married. The two were then told that they must produce a certificato of marriage before they could occupy a room together, whereupon they called upon the Rev. Mr. Nutting, of Erie, and were married. The girl said she came from Boston, Mass., that she had been living in the family of Prof. Allen, of Oberlin, and attending school; that she there met this man, her present husband, Wm. Delancey, ALIAS Wm. Lindsey, He says he is a Wesyleyan Methodist preacher. Prof. Allen knew of her leaving to marry the negro, and was in favor of her marriage. They left Erie on Saturday morning for Oberlin. The bride is a very pretty girl, and is well dressed. She says her parents live in Boston. She has been in Oberlin since October lest. The girl is about eighteen or nineteen years of age. Delancy wore a tall stovepipe hat, and carried a cotton umbrella in his hand.—*Cleveland Plaindealer.*

SMALL COURTESIES.—The way to make yourself pleasant to others, is to show them attention. The whole world is like the miller of Mansfield, who cared for nobody—no, not he, because nobody cared for him. And the whole world would serve you so, if you gave them the same cause. Let every one, therefore, see that you do care for them, by showing to them the small courtesies, in which there is no parade, whose voice is still to please, and which manifest themselves by tender and affectionate looks and little acts of attention, giving others the preference in every little enjoyment at the table, in the field, walking, sitting or standing.

AN ACT.

CHANGING THE MODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS IN CERTAIN CASES.

The Defendant allowed to demand a trial in a Justice's Court by a Jury of six.

The following Act of Assembly changing the mode of proceedings in certain criminal offenses, of an inferior grade, was passed in 1861 for the counties of Erie and Union. It has, with its supplements of 1862-8, been extended at various times to other counties of the State,—in some cases with slight modifications—until it has now become the law in about twenty counties of the Commonwealth.

The provisions of this act with its supplements were extended to Wyoming County by the Legislature of 1868; and is therefore, now, a part of the criminal law in force here.

ORIGINAL ACT

(APPROVED MAY 1, 1861.)

Justices' Courts—Jurisdiction in certain offenses.

SECTION 1, *Be it enacted, &c.*, That the several justices of the peace of the county of Erie and Union, be and are hereby authorized to hold (monthly) courts, with jurisdiction to hear and determine, in the manner hereinafter provided, the several offenses and misdemeanors mentioned in the thirtieth, thirty-first, forty-fourth, forty-sixth, sixty-ninth, seventy-second, ninety-seventh, one hundred and third [except where the value of the property stolen shall exceed ten dollars]* one hundred and twelfth, one hundred and fortieth, one hundred and forty-eighth, one hundred and fifty-second sections of the act of the thirty-first day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty, entitled, "An Act to consolidate, revise and amend the penal laws of this commonwealth."†

Proceedings where defendant pleads guilty.

SECTION 2. That whenever any person shall be brought before a justice on a warrant issued by said justice, founded on the oath or information of the party aggrieved, or of some one acting for the party aggrieved, the complaint or information shall be fully read aloud in the hearing of the defendant or party accused; and if the defendant shall plead guilty to the charge against him, the justice shall proceed to inquire into the circumstances of the case, so far as he shall think best for a proper understanding of the defendant's guilt, and shall proceed to pass sentence upon the defendant, which sentence shall have the full force and effect of a sentence pronounced by the court of quarter sessions in like cases, and the defendant shall be committed to the jail of the county until the sentence be complied with.

Trial by Jury of six—Recognizance, &c.

SECTION 3. If the defendant shall plead not guilty to the offence charged, and shall at the same time signify his determination to be tried by a jury of six, before the said justice, the justice shall make an entry to that effect upon his docket, and the defendant shall then enter into recognizance with good and sufficient surety or sureties, conditioned for his appearance before the said justice, at the ensuing monthly session, and not to depart without leave until discharged according to law; but if the defendant shall not enter into such recognizance as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the constable to keep him or her safely, until duly discharged by course of law; and in either case the justice shall proceed to the trial of the cause, in the manner pointed out in the following sections of this act; but if the defendant shall not signify his or her determination to be tried before said justice, the justice shall proceed with the said defendant as if this act had not been passed.†

Jury how chosen—Venire to issue.

SECTION 4. Whenever a defendant shall signify his or her determination to be tried by a jury of six, before the justice of the peace, for any of the offences of which a justice of the peace shall have jurisdiction, according to the provisions of the first section of this act, in the manner pointed out in the foregoing section, the said justice, upon such demand, is hereby required to continue the cause to the ensuing monthly court, and to issue a *venire*, directed to any constable of the proper borough, city or township, where the said cause is to be tried, commanding him to summon six good and lawful men, citizens of said township, city or borough, and having the qualifications of electors therein, who shall be in nowise of kin to either defendant or complainant, nor in any manner interested, who shall be chosen as follows, to wit: The justice shall write in a panel the names of eighteen persons, from which the defendant or his agent or attorney shall strike one name, the complainant or prosecutor one, and so on alternately until each shall have stricken six names; and the remaining six shall constitute the jury, to be and appear before such justice at the time to which said cause shall have been adjourned, to serve as a jury for the trial of such cause: *Provided*, That in case either party shall neglect or refuse to aid in striking the jury as aforesaid, the justice shall strike the same in behalf of such party.†

Service of venire by constable.

SECTION 5. That it shall be the duty of such constable to make service of said *venire*, and to return the same with the names of the persons by him summoned, at the time appointed for the trial of the cause.

Constable to attend trial—His duties and pay.

SECTION 6. That it shall be the further duty of such constable, to be in attendance on said court, at the time appointed for said trial, and during the progress of the same; and if by reason of challenge for cause, sickness or other disability, the persons whose names shall be returned by the *venire*, or any of them, shall not be empannelled as jurors, the said constable shall fill the panel from the bystanders, as is done by the sheriffs in the courts of common pleas; and the said constable shall be allowed for his attendance on said court, one dollar per day, to be taxed in the bill of costs; and at the close of the trial, the jury shall be conducted by the constable to some private and convenient place, where they may deliberately and without interruption consult upon their verdict.

Competence of witnesses—Oaths of jurors, witnesses and constable. Jurisdiction of jury over costs—County not to be liable to pay—Sentence.

SECTION 7. That the competence and credibility of witnesses, the form of the oaths to jurors and witnesses, and the constable who shall wait upon the jury, shall be the same as in the trial of the same offences in the court of quarter sessions, and the jury shall have the same jurisdiction and control over the payment of costs: *Provided*, That the county shall in no case be liable for either the prosecutor's or the defendant's bill of costs; and the justice, in case the jury shall, by their verdict, direct that the prosecutor or the defendant shall pay the whole or any part of the costs, shall proceed to pass sentence accordingly, and the party who shall be thus sentenced, shall be committed until the sentence be complied with.

Verdict to be final, as to questions of fact—Removal by certiorari—Duties of District Attorney—Reversal of proceedings—New trial.

SECTION 8. That the verdict of the jury shall be final and conclusive upon all the questions of fact involved therein, and no writ of *certiorari*, or of error or appeal, shall be allowed for the review of such case of fact so tried by the jury; and in case the proceedings shall be removed to a higher court upon *certiorari* or otherwise, the district attorney shall thereafter conduct the proceedings in behalf of the commonwealth, and his fees shall be the same as upon indictments formed by the grand jury, to be taxed and paid as the other costs of the case; and if the proceedings shall be reversed on any *certiorari* or writ of error, sued out on behalf of the defendant, on account of any defect in the statement of the offence with which the party is charged, the court shall send the proceedings back to the justice for a new trial, and direct [the information or accusation in said case to be amended by]* the district attorney and sworn to by the prosecutor, and thereupon the defendant shall be required to enter his plea to such amended information or accusation, and thereupon the new trial shall proceed before the justice as on the former hearing.

Sentence—Collection of fines, &c.

SECTION 9. That whenever the jury shall render a verdict of guilty, the justice shall proceed to pass sentence upon the defendant according to law, and with the like effect as if the defendant had plead guilty or been convicted in the court of quarter sessions; and any sentence of imprisonment which may be imposed, shall only be inflicted in the jail of the proper county; and all fines imposed shall be collected and paid into the school fund of the school district in which the offense was committed; and it shall be the duty of the justice to receive the amount of the fine and pay it into the treasury of the proper district, and any neglect to pay the same as aforesaid shall be considered a misdemeanor in office.

Fees of justices and jurors.

SECTION 10. That in all cases which shall be tried by a jury under the provisions of this act, the justice of the peace trying the same shall be entitled to a fee of two dollars, and each juror shall be entitled to fifty cents per day, to be taxed as costs.

Jurors failing to attend to be fined.

SECTION 11. That when any person shall be summoned to attend as a juror, and shall fail to attend at the time and place specified in the *venire*, having no reasonable excuse to assign for such failure, every such person shall be fined in any sum not exceeding ten dollars, for which fine the justice of the peace shall render judgment in the name of the commonwealth, and issue execution therefor, and when collected shall pay the same into the township, borough or city school treasury, for the use of the common schools therein.

SUPPLEMENT TO ACT.

CHANGING THE MODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS.

(APPROVED April 5th 1862.)

Repeal of provisions as to Monthly Courts—Time of trial.

SECTION 1, *Be it enacted, &c.* That so much of the first, third and fourth sections of said act, as requires the several justices of the peace in said counties to hold monthly courts, be and the same is hereby repealed; and the said justices are hereby required to hear and determine all cases arising under the first section of said act, forthwith, except as hereinafter provided.

Time of trial—Recognizance—Defendant may be committed in, default of.

SECTION 2. *That if* the defendant shall plead guilty, and demand a trial by jury, as provided by section three of said act, the justice shall make an entry to that effect in his docket, and require the defendant to enter into a recognizance, with good and sufficient surety or sureties, conditioned for his or her appearance before said justice, not less than four, nor more than ten days thereafter, unless the defendant shall then make affidavit that he or she cannot, within the longest time herein mentioned, procure the necessary witnesses for his or her defence, when the hearing shall be continued by the justice to such time as will give the defendant a reasonable and fair opportunity to procure the evidence; and if the defendant shall not enter into such recognizance, and the day of trial shall be postponed for a longer period than ten days, the constable may commit the defendant to the jail of the county for safe keeping until the day of trial, and for such service he shall be allowed the fees now provided by law: *Provided*, That if the office of the justice shall be within ten miles of the jail of said county, the constable may in every case in which bail is not given, commit the said defendant to jail for safe keeping.

Juries when and how chosen—Time of trial.

SECTION 3. *That the jury* provided for in the act to which this is a supplement, shall be selected and struck on the day on which the defendant shall first be brought before said justice, if both the parties are present in person, or by attorney, but if the defendant desire counsel, he shall have a reasonable time to procure such counsel, and in the mean time he shall be securely kept by the constable, and the day of trial shall in all cases be computed from the time of choosing said jury: *Provided*, That if after said jury is struck, both parties desire to proceed to trial immediately, the justice shall make an entry to that effect in his docket, and forthwith proceed with said trial.

Verbal amendments to Section 8 of the Original Act.

SECTION 4. *That the eighth* section of the act to which this is a supplement, is hereby amended, by the insertion in the fourteenth line of said act, as the same is published in the pamphlet laws of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, after the word "direct," in said line, the words, "the information or accusation in said case to be amended by," and the last word in said section is hereby struck out, and the word "hearing" substituted therefor.

Jurisdiction restricted in Larceny to cases where the value of property stolen shall not exceed ten dollars.

SECTION 5. *That the justices* of the peace in said counties shall not have jurisdiction to hear and determine, in the manner provided by this act to which it is a supplement, offenses mentioned in the one hundred and third section of the act of March thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, if the value of the property stolen shall exceed the sum of ten dollars.

SUPPLEMENT TO ACT.

CHANGING THE MODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEEDING.

(APPROVED April 11th 1868.)

Prosecutor to be liabel for costs in certain cases, tried in the Quarter Sessions.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted &c. That in all the counties* of this commonwealth, wherein the said act of the first day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixly-one, and its supplements, are in force, if the prosecutor in any criminal proceeding before a justice of the peace shall, in the information made before the justice, charge the defendant with any crime or misdemeanor not triable before a justice and a jury of six under the provisions of said act, and the defendant shall be required to answer to the charge in the court of quarter sessions of the county, and shall there be convicted only of an offence triable before a justice of the peace and a jury of six, the defendant shall not be liable to pay the costs of the prosecutor or other witnesses for the commonwealth, but but the same shall be paid by the prosecutor in all cases of conviction after the passage of this act, and he shall be sentenced by the court to pay the same: *Provided*, That the provisions of this act shall not apply to the county of Potter: *Provided*, That if the president judge of the court trying the cause shall certify that the prosecutor had good cause to believe at the time he made the information that an offense not triable before a justice and a jury of six had been committed by the defendant or defendants as alleged in the information, then and in that case the prosecutor shall have his costs taxed and paid as if this act had not passed.

*Amennment by supplement of 1862, P. L. p. 275.

†Modified by supplement of April 1862.

THIRTEEN YEARS AGO.—In 1855, Mr. Buchanan was minister to England. Captain George B. McClellan was detailed on secret service in the harbor of Cuba, under instructions from Secretary of War, General Quitman, Lieut. Beauregard and others were plotting filibustering raids against the Island, for which the Government soon after made an offer of $100,000,000. Parson Brownlow had written a savage work in defense of slavery, and was challenging Northern clergymen to dispute its divine authority. Gerret Smith, Dr. Howe, Henry Ward Beecher, and a few hundred others were doing a quiet and limited business over the underground railway. John Brown had not yet left his his farm in the Northern wild. An obscure individual rememberd by a few as having once represented Sangamon district, Ilinois, in the House, and opposed the Mexican war in an awkward, disingenious and extremely unpopular argument, received a few complimentary votes for Vice President, in competition with Mr. Dayton, the nominee. Captain Ullysses S. Grant, hardly suspected of being an ex-army officer by those who bought molasses or cord wood of him, was generally taken as a steamboat captain, temporaily stranded by a stress of ill-luck, or who hardly had the energy and pluck to succeed in any business calling, and had, therefore, collapsed into a speculator in sundries. W. T. Sherman was teaching in Louisiana. Generals Butler, Sickles and Logan were rough-and-tumble Democratic lawyers of some noteriety. Two of the most prominent and promising officers of our little army were Colonel Albert Sidney Johnson and Lieutenant-Colonel Robert E. Lee. Brief as is the period since then, we have but two men in official life—Mr. Seward and Mr. Chase—whose prominence has not either been created or overthrown during this eventful epoch. So says *Putnam's Monthly.*

The Fifth Avenue Hotel pays the highest rental of any hotel in New York—$96,640 a year. The St. Nicholas comes next, paying $90,200.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Wholesale Price of Country Produce, Corrected Weekly by BILLINGS & PHILLIPS, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., &c., on Turnpike St (near the Canal), Tunkhannock, Pa.

Apples, green,	per bushel	$1.00 @	$1,25
Apples, dried	" lb	0.10 "	0,12
Beans,	"	2.50 "	3,00
Beeswax,	per lb	30 "	35
Butter,	" "	40 "	42
Buckwheat,	" bush	90 "	1,00
Corn,	" "	1,60 "	1,00
Eggs,	" doz	35 "	35
Hay	" ton	16,00 "	18,00
Honey	" lb	12½ "	16
Hides,	" "	07 "	08
Lard,	" "	15 "	18
Pork,	" "	12½ "	13
Potatoes,	" bush	60 "	70
Oats,	" " 32lb	70 "	75
Onions,	" "	1,25 "	1,50
Rye,	" "	1,25 "	1,25
Wheat,	" "	1,75 "	2,00
Poultry,	per lb	10 "	10

New Advertisements.

NEW CLOTHING & MERCHANT TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

C. DETRICK,

Takes pleasure in announcing to the public that he has secured the services of a first class CUTTER from New York, and will keep hereafter, in connection with his Clothing Department, a first class shop, for the manufacture of CLOTHING, in all styles of the times.

CUTTING & MAKING, done at short notice. Every description of

MENS' & BOYS' CLOTHING,

constantly on hand, such as

Dress Coats,
Business Coats,
Sack Coats,
Overcoats,
Pants,
Vests,

SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS & DRAWERS,

and all goods kept in the Clothing and Gents Furnishing line.

Call and examine goods and prices, before purchasing elsewhere.

C. DETRICK.

Tunk., Pa. n23-1y

A Large and fine Stock of **Furs, Shawls, Blankets and OVERCOATS,** WILL BE SOLD AT COST! In order to close out Stock for the Spring Trade.--at Tunkhannock, Pa.---n23tf

SHERMAN & LATHROP'S.

THE EAGLE

DRUG STORE,

TUNKHANNOCK, PA.

C. J. WRIGHT,

(Successor to Drs. Lyman & Wells,)

Begs to announce that he will continue trade at the old stand, on

TIOGA STREET,

Keeping a well selected stock, adapted to this market. A full assortment of

Drugs,

all the popular PATENT MEDICINES—Ayers, Jayne's, Hollister's, Wishart's, Wolcott's, Scovill's, Schenk's, Upham's, Helmbold's Scott's, &c., &c.

LATEST & BEST PERFUMERY,

ALSO,

PAINTS,
OILS,
DYESTUFFS,

&C., &C., &C., &C.

Prescriptions, carefully compounded.

C. J. WRIGHT.

Tunk., Pa., Jan. 1st, 1869.—v8n22-1y

STENCIL PLATE CUTTING.

The subscriber is prepared to do all Stencil Plate Cutting of letters of and inch and upwards, in the neatest and most artistic style.

FARMERS, MILLERS and GRAIN DEALERS, who wish to letter bags, boxes, or parcels, will have their orders for plates attended to promptly.

Orders by letter accompanied with Cash—8 cents per letter, will receive prompt attention.

B. G. WHITE.

Mehoopany, Pa., Jan. 5, '68.-v8n22 w2.

EASTMAN invites the attention of the public to the style, workmanship, material, variety and price of his stock of ready made work.

Special Notices.

FRESH GROUND

CAYUGA PLASTER

FOR SALE AT

E. J. MOWRY'S MILL,

MESHOPPEN, PA.

PRICE PER TON, $9.00.

PLASTER FOR SALE.

I have Several Hundreds of Tons of (Cayuga) Ground Plaster, which I offer for sale in any quantities to suit purchasers,

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

Farmers should now provide a supply for the coming season.

HIRAM HALL.

Tunk., Pa. Jan. 5, 1869.-v8n22.

QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP. QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP. QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.

For doing a family washing in the best and cheapest manner. Guaranteed equal to any in the world! Has all the strength of old rosin soap with the mild and lathering qualities of genuine Castile. Try this splendid Soap. Sold by the ALDEN CHEMICAL WORKS, 48 North Front Street, Philadelphia

v8-n5 1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Almanza R. Tyrrel, Deceased.

Letter of Administration, on the estate of Almanza R. Tyrrel, late of Northmoreland Tp., Wyoming County, dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said County, to Charles Frear, of Overfield Tp., in said County. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of the decedent, are requested to make them known to the said Administrator, at his his residence in said Township, and those indebted to make immediate payment.

CHARLES FREAR, Adm'r.

Jan. 5th '69—v8n22-6w.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

Whereas, letters of Administration to the estate of Sylvester Carpenter, late of Clinton tp., dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber. All persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decendent, will make known the same duly authenticated without delay to SARAH E. CARPENTER

Clinton, Dec. 23rd '68—n21-6w Administratrix.

AGENTS WANTED TO TAKE ORDERS

FOR RECOLLECTIONS & PRIVATE MEMOIRS OF WASHINGTON.

BY HIS ADOPTED SON

GEORGE WASHINGTON PARKE CUSTIS,

With Illustrated and Explanatory notes by BENSON J. LOSSING.

A book for all sections and all parties, containing the minute details of Washington's Private Life, as well as his public career, (which general history does not reveal.) This book is written by a member of Washington's own family—one who lived with him from infancy, and must prove peculiarly acceptable to the American Public.

The great demand for this work, its ready sale, and an increased commission makes it the best book for Agents ever published.

The most liberal terms to agents, and exclusive sale in the territory assigned.

Send for descriptive circular and terms to Agents.

Address, WILLIAM FLINT,

No. 26 South 7th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

v8n16.w4

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a rery simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow suffers the means of cure

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