

CURRENT NEWS.

The New Orleans Tribune has suspended for want of support.

Nashville, Tenn., had its usual stabbing and shooting affray, on Monday.

The residence of B. Stern, in New York, was robbed of \$27,000 in bonds and jewelry on Sunday night.

A Cheyenne dispatch says the stables of Company I. Second Cavalry, were burned on Saturday, sixty-five horses perished in the flames. Loss, \$15,000.

Keating and Hollywood engaged in a prize fight in Kentucky, near the mouth of the Big Miami river, on Monday. Keating had his wrist broken in the third round, and thereby lost the fight.

The wife of Daniel Prince, of Dudley, Mass., aged about fifty years, left her husband in bed on Saturday night, went into an adjoining room and hung herself to a hook in the ceiling overhead. She was found by the family on Sunday morning. She had shown symptoms of insanity for some months past.

The Galveston papers are warning the Texans not to emigrate to Mexico in the hope of bettering their condition. That country they say, is too insecure for them to hope to live comfortably, and the risks of banditti and constant outrage are far worse than any disappointment that may have been caused by the failure of the rebellion.

The Pacific Railroad has climbed to the summit of the Rocky Mountains and begun its descent on the Pacific slope. A dispatch from the Chief Engineer of the work announces the laying of the rails upon the summit, with befitting ceremonies, on the 16th of April.

A Radical print says "impeachment will cost \$100,000." As the extra police for the occasion have already cost 17,000 that statement was widely short of the mark.

CONSISTENT.—To see the Radicals trying to force negro suffrage on the Southern States where that class are degraded and brutish, and at the same time reject it in the Northern States where their numbers are few.

Illinois is doing noble work for the Democracy. At Pekin the Democrats carried every ward, and made a gain of three hundred. On the same day, Bloomington, heretofore the nursery of Radicalism, elected a Democratic Mayor by a majority of 235. At Quincy an exciting election closed by the election of a Democratic Mayor, by a majority of about a thousand—a gain of more than three hundred.

Hon. Lefe Develin, formerly of the Indianapolis Herald, will probably be the Democratic Congressional nominee in the Fourth Indiana District, in opposition to George W. Julian.

James F. Wilson, Radical representative in Congress from the First District, declines a renomination.

The Virginia election is ordered for June 2nd.

The Illinois Radicals are determined to nominate General John M. Palmer, for Governor, notwithstanding his repeated refusals to serve.

The speeches of Stevens and Williams against the President before the "high court" on Monday were rapid, wishy-washy, productions, not better than ordinary newspaper articles upon the same subject.

Two "manhoods" got into an affray, in New Jersey, one day last week—one was disfranchised forever.

An exchange says Butler will go into Gen. Grant's Cabinet. No doubt, if it is not kept locked.

It is reported that Mr. Vallandigham has assumed formal charge of the editorial department of the Dayton Ledger.

"Show me a Conservative," said a Radical to a Democrat, "and I will show you a traitor or a dupe." "Oh! certainly, sir. I show myself to you, and you show yourself to me."

The Turf and Field—which ought to be posted on such matters—has a letter from Washington, which says that bets are being made on impeachment, and "millions will change hands whichever way it goes." This is certainly a pretty big estimate.

On a new slate of Ben Wade's Cabinet, Horace Greeley is put down for Postmaster General.

A Republican meeting at Richmond, Va., on Friday, was attended by 3,000 negroes, who were addressed by Hannicutt.

The Radicals at the recent charter election in Hoboken, New Jersey, headed their tickets "Grant and Victory." They were beaten worse than ever before.

The Selma Messenger says: "Ashburn, who the radicals shed tears over, was a man of bad character and infamous associations.—An ex-slave driver, ex-preacher, and low demagogue, he met his death in a negro den of prostitution where he had lived!"

The Hartford Post says of John J. Doane, the radical member elect of the Legislature from Saybrook: "He is short, fat, red-headed, and speaks several languages—among which is profane—with great fluency."

The trial of the alleged Clerkenwell conspirators terminated Monday. Barrett was found guilty. His fellow-prisoners were acquitted.

The assailant of Prince Alfred has been tried, convicted and sentenced to death.

The State Sentinel, published at Montgomery, Alabama, and flying the name of Gen. Grant for President, has collapsed a few; or to other words, the negroes were not able to read and support it. It falls back into a small weekly.

A poor family in Buffalo have been living on roasted rats.

The Democrat.



HARVEY SICKLER, Editor.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA.

Wednesday, May 6, 1868.

Democratic State Ticket.

Auditor General,
CHARLES E. BOYLE, of Fayette.

Surveyor General,
Gen. WELLINGTON ENT, of Columbia.

IMPEACHMENT.—The closing scene of the impeachment programme is now being enacted at Washington. Mr. Bingham, the woman murderer, has been finally selected to make the final argument in favor of impeachment. It was said his argument would close sometime yesterday, when, if no postponement was effected until after the Chicago Convention, the high Court would proceed to render its verdict. The postponement is urged for fear that the patronage of the Presidential office will give Mr. Wade too much influence in that convention. Some of the republican papers begin to fear the President will not be impeached. We make no predictions, for it is hard to conjecture what will come out of this Rump Senate.

The Latest "Rebel Outrage," Brutal Murder by Negroes.

One of the most brutal and savage murders ever recorded occurred on Wednesday last, in Barnwell district, South Carolina, which shows that the seed of Republicanism, so thickly sown in that state is bearing fruit with a vengeance. We are indebted to a gentleman from that locality for particulars of the horrible tragedy.

It appears that, on the day mentioned, the overseer on the plantation of Wm. J. Lawton, Esq., (a cousin of General Lawton, of this city,) near Allendale, Barnwell district, South Carolina, told one of the field hands to go to work, commence plowing. To this the negro objected and a difficulty ensued, and the wife of the negro came up and by her violent language further increased his ire, and he raised a heavy hoe that he had in his hand and attempted to strike the overseer on the head, but he managed to evade the blow. The negro attempted to strike the second blow, but the overseer drew a pistol and shot him in the face, inflicting a slight wound. He then retired to his house, and for about an hour all remained quiet.

The negro meanwhile, had been among his fellows, inciting them to violence, and soon a crowd of them assembled around the overseer's house. Nearly all the negroes on the plantation were in the assembly, and the overseer, seeing that his life was in danger, jumped out of the window and ran. Shots were fired after him, one of which wounded him. He still continued to run, however thus wounded and bleeding, and pursued by the savage crowd of brutes, now inflamed to a perfect fury.

After a chase of about a mile the overseer reached the house of Mrs. Mallord, whose husband was absent at the time. He implored her to take him in and shelter him from the yelling pursuers who were seeking his life, which she did most willingly. Then she took her stand outside the door, and for more than an hour held the murderers at bay, resisting all their efforts to effect an entrance, and refusing to accede to their demand to give up their victim. They strove to get her away, but she struggled nobly, heroically maintaining her position, and received many bruises at their hands.

Finding that they could not intimidate this courageous lady, the foremost of them broke in the window of the house, and were quickly followed by others, and the wounded man inside soon fell a victim to their savage fury. Shots were fired at him and eleven bullets entered his breast.—While he lay upon the floor in the agonies of death, negro women came up and beat him with sticks, and some of the worst among them declared that they "would not leave without a piece of his flesh to carry home with them."

A more brutal or diabolical murder has perhaps never been committed, and those who perpetrated the bloody deed, while in the act of executing their horrid purpose, acted more like demons let loose from Pandemonium than anything in the semblance of humanity.

While engaged in their murderous work they were frequently heard to cry out that the Radicals were protecting them, thus showing that the responsibility for the terrible death of this poor man rests with those who have scattered broadcast throughout the South the seeds of bloodshed and disorder.

Our informant could not recollect the name of the murdered man, but said that he came from southwestern Georgia. He was a good overseer, and an excellent man in every respect. There were thirty-one negroes engaged in the affair, and are now held in confinement; but if the Radical party has carried the day in South Carolina there is little hope that anything will ever be done with them.—Savannah, (Ga.) Republican.

GEORGIA ELECTIONS.—Eighty-four counties give in the Senate 13 Democrats and 12 Radicals. Two negroes are elected to the Senate and twelve to the House.—The official count will be necessary to decide the choice for Governor.

THE KLUX KLAN.

What are the meaning of these words? The New York Herald says they mean "The White Man's Band." There is an association under that title in the South, but the same paper declares that it is not confined to that section, and that it extends from Maine to California, numbering 700,000 men. It is very certain to our minds that the Ku Klux principle has been operating in the cities of the North, and that working men have combined upon it. What but hostility to the negro doctrines has upset such places as Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Williamsport, Altoona, and recently Chicago? These were strongholds of Radicalism, but the boue and sinew, it is well known, have formed combination which brought down the Radical party and set up the Democrats. What produced that might change in Michigan a few weeks ago? A State Radical by 30,000 majority, voted down a Constitution because of the negro doctrines incorporated in it, by 40,000 majority. What doubled the Democratic majority in Connecticut? It is the Ku Klux. The White Man's Band.

Such associations will spring up where tyranny reigns. They have done so in all ages and in all countries. And why not North and South? Think of it.—States are to be negroized; or rather are negroized. There is the fact staring the world in the face. In the South, negroes are voters, negroes are jurymen, negroes are squires, negroes are members of the Legislature. And that infernal Bureau, organizes negroes into Leagues, and causes a hateful black despotism over the property, civil rights, liberties and lives of millions of white American citizens. Soon the North will be made to share the fruits of this policy, for nigger Congressmen will appear from the South and claim to sit side by side with the white members in the Capitol at Washington. Go to that city now; visit the Senate and House and see the dirty lolling niggers filling the galleries! Yes, yes, let the Ku Klux be formed all over the South and the North. What has Hickman, Bromall, Kelly, Stevens, Wade, Sumner, others advocated? Why the nigger doctrines, in their most degrading form. The Working men of the North, in its cities, have heard the threats of the Radical gentlemen, and are aware of the fate that is in store for them and their families here at home. They must, eat, sleep, vote in company with the nigger. If there are not societies everywhere in the North of the Ku Klux Klan, there ought to be, and soon will be. "The White Man's Band," that is the antidote to tyranny, taxation, plunder and nigger equality. The Kluxers are not windy speakers, grumbling logicians, or platform makers. They are men of action. The great West will soon have a complete organization of the kind—And now white men of the Atlantic States,—both in town and country,—why not enter into this grand organization, numbers 700,000 men, and extend from Maine to California. It will be the thunder storm to clear our political atmosphere of the fogs of niggerism. It will send to their graves the miserable scoundrels who wish to govern and oppress the country through a degrading fanaticism. It will restore to the American people, peace, prosperity and Union.—Jeffersonian.

The following Act relating to the sale of goods by sample, order or otherwise, was passed for the County of Luzerne at the close of the session of the Legislature:

AN ACT for the further protection of the Wholesale and Retail Merchants in the County of Luzerne.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the same, that from and after the passage of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any merchant or his traveling agent not residing within said County, to sell by sample, order or otherwise, in the said County of Luzerne, any goods, wares or merchandise, by wholesale or retail, without first having obtained from the Treasurer of said County of Luzerne a license for that purpose, for which said license he shall pay the sum of three hundred dollars: said license shall not continue for a longer period than one year from the date thereof.

Sec. 2. Any sale made as aforesaid, by any merchant or his traveling agent without license obtained as aforesaid, within the limits of the County aforesaid, shall be held and deemed as misdemeanor, punishable by fine of not less than three hundred dollars one-half to be paid to the informer who shall be a competent witness and the other half to the School District in which the offence shall have been committed, or imprisonment, or both, at the discretion of the Court, and it shall be lawful for any Constable residing in any of the townships, wards or boroughs in said County, either upon his own knowledge or the complaint of any citizen of Luzerne County, to arrest any person or persons engaged in making sales as aforesaid by sample, order or otherwise, and convey him or them before any Alderman or Justice of the Peace residing in the said County of Luzerne, and unless the said person or persons selling as aforesaid shall be able to exhibit his, her or their license from the said Treasurer of the said County of Luzerne, said Alderman or Justice of the Peace to require such person or persons so arrested to enter into bonds with approved security for his, her or their appearance at the next Court of Quarter Sessions to answer, and in default thereof to be committed to the proper jail in said County.

ELIAS W. DAVIS, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JAS. L. GRAHAM, Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the Fourteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

JOHN W. GEARY.

Loyal Festivities.

"A row occurred on Thursday night at a nigger ball at Jackson, Mississippi, in which two soldiers were wounded and one killed, and a negro severely wounded."

These innocent recreations among the "trooly loyl" of the South, are happy indications of the advancement of morality, intelligence, and refinement, creditable to the superior influence of the Freedmen's Bureau, and the numerous Yankee school marmas.

On Summing up—The Vital Question at Issue—Tribune.

There are only Seven "Managers" of the Impeachment Trial, and as they are feeble men, incompetent Lawyers, the Tribune takes the case out of their hands and sums it up "ourselves." The argument of Mr. Evarts is quite too formidable for such "feather weights" as Bingham, and Boutwell, and so the Tribune anticipates them.

Well, the Tribune was a Great General during the War. Why not a great Lawyer now? It moved the Army "On to Richmond," and commanded at "Bull Run." It assumed the control of Impeachment, deciding that it is neither a Judicial nor a Legislative proceeding. And, as it is purely Political, who so proper to manage it as the Tribune, whose Editor did not, it is true, succeed in disgracing his Country by Peace upon the "best attainable terms," not quite succeed in making us a new Constitution, but who did bring on the "Battle of Bull Run," help Jefferson Davis out of Prison, and, with the aid of Charlie Spencer and Waldo Hutchings, run down the Republican vote of this city from 32,000 to 18,000. Upon this capital Mr. Greeley is to go into Mr. Wade's Cabinet, leaving Spencer and Hutchings to distribute the offices upon a plan which will roll up an increased majority against the Republican party in November.—N. Y. Commercial.

The Independent says: "Andrew Johnson is guilty of usurpation in undertaking to make this a white man's government." And for this the Tribune thinks, he "ought to be kicked out."

Ben. Butler, it is said, is getting up a new batch of misdeemeanors against the President. The leading one is, for refusing to give Ben three or four gold spoons which Mrs. Lincoln over looked and forgot to take away with her in the ninety deal boxes that conveyed her bereavement to Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE WAR.

Its Cause, Character, Conduct and Results. By Hon. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

A Book for all Sections and all Parties.

This great work presents the only complete and impartial history of the Cause of the War yet published, and gives those interior lights and shadows of the great conflict only known to those high officers who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountains, and whose hands were so accessible to Mr. Stephens from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.

To a public that has been surfeited with apparently similar productions, we promise a change of tone, both agreeable and salutary, and an intellectual treat of the highest order. The Great American War has at last found a historian worthy its importance, and whose hand it will receive most moderate, candid and impartial treatment which truth and justice so urgently demand.

The intense desire everywhere manifested to obtain this work, its official character, and ready sale, combined with an increased commission, make it the best subscription book ever published.

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Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., 38th & 26 South Seventh St., Philadelphia, Pa.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Western District of Penn'a.

In the Matter of Almon G. Stark, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Almon G. Stark of Tunkhannock, County of Wyoming and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District. Dated Towanda, Pa., the 30th day of April A. D. 1868.

JOHN W. MIX, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Western District of Penn'a.

In the Matter of Erastus W. Burns, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Erastus W. Burns of Nicholson, in the County of Wyoming and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District. Dated Tunkhannock the 4th day of May A. D. 1868.

J. B. RHODES, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Western District of Penn'a.

In the Matter of Stephen D. Bacon, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Stephen D. Bacon of Tunkhannock in the County of Wyoming and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District. Dated Tunkhannock the 4th day of May A. D. 1868.

J. B. RHODES, Assignee.

JUST OPENED

A full and well Selected stock of SEGARS.

SMOKING TOBACCO, CHEWING TOBACCO, SMOKERS' ARTICLES, NOTIONS, &c.

AT TUNKHANNOCK, Pa.

Enable him to supply

BETTER AND CHEAPER ARTICLES

In his line at

WHOLESALE and RETAIL than can be bought elsewhere

Call at M. R. KOHNSTAMM'S (Crane & Lull's old stand.) Tunkhannock, May 5, 1868.

INFORMATION. Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face. Also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing:

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, 24 Bond St., New York.

Miscellaneous.

April, 1868. CORNER BROADWAY & CANAL STREET, New York

THE GREAT SUCCESS OF THE REVOLUTION IN PRICES PLACES

BALDWIN, THE CLOTHIER.

AT THE HEAD

OF THE RETAIL CLOTHING TRADE IN NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE TESTIFY

their appreciation!

The Store is thronged with Customers.

The Great Bargains

are nowhere else in the city.

The Price Tells

AND

Everybody Tells

THE PRICE—THE LOWEST IN THE CITY.

THE UNIVERSAL DEMAND

is met by

Baldwin, the Clothier.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE.

THE ARTISTIC CUT,

THE POPULAR FABRICS,

THE PERFECT WORKMANSHIP.

not equalled by any house in the city!

Spring Styles.

are daily added to the Immense Stock.

20,000 FASHIONABLE

SPRING OVER-SACKS

now being made, and will be

SOLD AT RETAIL

during the month of April at the

Cor. Broadway & Canal Sts.

BY

BALDWIN, THE CLOTHIER.

v7a36if

RAPER HANGINGS!

PAPER HANGINGS!!

PAPER HANGINGS!!

4000 Pieces.

WINDOW CURTAINS—CLOTH & PAPER.

A Large Variety and all at

greatly reduced prices.

AT THE BOOK STORE OF

F. C. & R. P. ROSS,

Tunkhannock, April 15, '68—3p4d.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of Administration upon the estate of Oliver Hayden, late of the Township of Windham, dec'd., has been granted to the subscriber. All persons owing said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having demands against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

L. K. SMITH, Adm'r.

Mehopany, April 6, 1868.—v7a35w6.

CAUTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has purchased a yoke of oxen (one a pale red and the other a black ox) and left them with George Fox, of Northumberland, to be used by him during my will and pleasure. All persons are hereby cautioned against molesting said oxen under penalty of the law in such case made and provided.

AARON SICKLER.

Eaton, April 22, 1868—37v3.

SOMETHING NEW

IN MESHOPEEN!

—20—

Mrs. Charlie Bunnell

WOULD respectfully make known to the citizens of MESHOPEEN and vicinity that she is now receiving a large and carefully selected assortment of

TREASURER'S SALE

Of Unseated Lands in Wyoming County.

NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of the several acts of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, passed for the collection of Taxes on Unseated Lands, the Treasurer of Wyoming County will on the second Monday of June, (to wit: June 8th A. D. 1868), at the Court House in the Borough of Tunkhannock, expose to public sale the following tracts and parts of tracts of unseated land for the taxes and costs on them respectively. Sale to commence at one o'clock P. M.

ACRES. WARRANT NAME. TAXES.

439 Bridge James 6 58

439 Buchanan John 6 58

417 Bowman Frances 6 26

420 Clark Peter 6 30

420 Clark James 5 10

420 Clark Thomas 6 30

426 Cowles Edward 6 54

439 Cowles Samuel 6 58

439 Fisk William 6 58

435 Hastings Seth 6 30

420 Lock Thomas 6 30

400 Bettetter William 16 00

400 Berman Samuel 16 23

400 Baker or Bartol, John 16 00

406 Bowman Joseph 16 23

340 Bradley Abraham 13 60

406 Bartolet Joseph 16 23

406 Bird or Baird Benjamin 16 23

406 Backley Hannah 16 23

266 Bryce John 10 75

439 Bridge Jonas 17 57

439 Bridge Margaret 17 57