



HARVEY SICKLER, Publisher.

"To Speak his Thoughts is Every Freeman's Right."

TERMS, \$2.00 Per. ANNUM, in Advance.

VOL. VII.

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NO. 38.

**Wyoming Democrat.**  
A Democratic weekly paper devoted to Political News, the Arts and Sciences. Published every Wednesday, at Tunkhannock, Wyoming County, Pa. BY HARVEY SICKLER.

Terms—1 copy 1 year, (in advance) \$2.00; if not paid within six months, \$2.50 will be charged. No paper will be discontinued, until all arrearages paid; unless at the option of publisher.

**RATES OF ADVERTISING.**  
TEN LINES CONSTITUTE A SQUARE.

One square one or three insertions.....\$1.50  
Every subsequent insertion less than 8.....50  
Real Estate, Personal Property, and GENERAL ADVERTISING, as may be agreed upon.

PATENT MEDICINES and other advertisements of the kind:  
One column, 1 year.....\$60  
Half column, 1 year.....35  
Third column, 1 year.....25  
Fourth column, 1 year.....20

Business Cards of one square or less, per year with paper, 35.

Editorial or Local Item advertising—without advertisement—15 cts. per line. Liberal terms made with permanent advertisers.

EXECUTORS, ADMINISTRATORS and AUDITORS' NOTICES, of the usual length,.....\$2.50  
OBITUARIES, exceeding ten lines, each; BELLIGERENT and LITERARY NOTICES, not of general interest, one half the regular rates.

Advertisements must be handed in by Tuesday Noon, to insure insertion the same week.

**JOB WORK**  
All kinds neatly executed and at prices to suit the times.

ALL TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS and JOB WORK must be paid for, when ordered.

### Business Notices.

**R. & W. ELLIOTT ATTORNEYS AT LAW** Office on Toga Street Tunkhannock Pa.

**H. S. COOPER, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON** Newton Centre, Luzerne County Pa.

**O. L. PARRISH, ATTORNEY AT LAW** Office at the Court House, in Tunkhannock, Wyoming Co. Pa.

**M. M. PLATT, ATTORNEY AT LAW** Office in Stark's Brick Block Toga St., Tunkhannock, Pa.

**T. J. CHASE, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW** Office at the Court House, in Tunkhannock, Wyoming Co. Pa.

**J. W. BROADS, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON** Office at the Court House, in Tunkhannock, Wyoming Co. Pa.

**DENTISTRY.**  
DR. L. T. BURNS has permanently located in Tunkhannock, Borough, and respectfully tenders his professional services to its citizens.

**Portrait, Landscape, and Ornamental Painting.**  
By W. RUGER, Artist.

**BOLTON HOUSE.**  
HARRISBURG, PENNA.

**WALL'S HOTEL.**  
LATE AMERICAN HOUSE,  
TUNKHANNOCK, WYOMING CO., PA.

**NORTH BRANCH HOTEL,**  
MESHOPPEN, WYOMING COUNTY, PA.

**MEANS HOTEL.**  
TOWANDA, PA.  
D. B. BARTLET,  
Proprietor.

**Hardware,**  
Cutlery  
OF ALL KINDS,  
Hats and Caps.

**Boots & Shoes,**  
A FULL ASSORTMENT.  
This branch of business made a specialty. A lot of SEWED ARMY SHOES, A GREAT BARGAIN.

**DISSOLUTION.**  
The Partnership heretofore existing between Jacob Bell and Charles E. McVicar, in the Blacksmithing business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

**THE MEANS HOTEL,** is one of the LARGEST and BEST ARRANGED Houses in the country—It is situated in the most modern and improved style and no pains are spared, to make it a pleasant agreeable stopping place for all.

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## Detrick's Column.

### Spring Trade for '68

Will open on or about the 1st of May,  
AT TUNKHANNOCK, PENNA.

**C. Detrick,**  
(SUCCESSOR TO BUNNELL & BARNATYNE.)

Proposes to establish himself permanently in trade at this place, at the Brick store house in Sam'l Stark's Block, where by fair dealing and fair prices he expects to merit and receive the public patronage.

Attention is called to the following in

### Dry Goods:

- SILKS,
- POPLINS,
- ALPACAS,
- LUSTRES,
- DELAINES,
- GINGHAMS,
- PRINTS,
- SHAWLS,
- LADIES' SACQUINGS,
- DRESS TRIMMINGS,
- BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLINS,
- CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES
- GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
- TOILET ARTICLES.
- NOTIONS, &c.

### Groceries.

- SUGAR,
- TEA,
- COFFEE,
- MOLASSES,
- RICE,
- SYRUP,
- CANDLES,
- SOAP,
- STARCH,
- FLOUR,
- FEED,
- SALT,
- PORK,
- BUTTER,
- CHEESE,
- DRIED BEEF,
- HAMS,
- FISH of all kinds,
- BEANS,
- AC, AC,

### Hardware,

### Cutlery

### Hats and Caps.

### Boots & Shoes,

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### THE REGISTRY BILL.

The following is the bill passed by the Radicals of the Pennsylvania Legislature—under gag of the previous question—Thorn's amendment, which applies only to Philadelphia. The amendment empowers the Philadelphia aldermen to appoint a board of canvassers in each election division, to make a registry of voters. It is of great importance that all the provisions of this bill for obstructing poor men in voting should be thoroughly understood. A further supplement to the act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth.

**SECTION 1. Be it enacted, &c.,** That from and after the passage of this act it shall be the duty of the several assessors within this Commonwealth, on receiving their transcripts from the county commissioners, proceed to make out a list in alphabetical order of the white freemen above twenty years of age who they shall know, or who shall make claim to said assessors to be qualified voters within their respective townships, boroughs, wards or other election districts, and opposite said name state whether the said freeman is or is not a housekeeper, and, if he is, the number of his residence, in towns where the same are numbered, with the street, alley, or court in which situated, and if in a town where there are no numbers, the name of the street, alley, or court on which said house fronts; also, the occupation of the party, and, where he is not a housekeeper, the occupation, place of boarding, and with whom; and, if working for another, the name of the employer; and write opposite the said name the word "voter;" and, when said party claims to vote by reason of naturalization, he shall exhibit his certificate thereof to the assessor, unless he shall have voted in the township, borough, ward, or district, at five preceding general elections; and on exhibition of the certificate, the name shall be marked with the letter N; where the party has merely declared his intention to become a citizen and designs to be naturalized before the next election the name shall be marked D I; where the claim is to vote by reason of being between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two, as provided by law, the word "age" shall be entered, and if the party has moved into the election district to reside since the last general election, the letter R shall be placed opposite the name; and in all of the cases enumerated a tax shall forthwith be assessed against the person. And in order to carry this law into effect for the present year it shall be the duty of the commissioners of the respective counties of this Commonwealth within sixty days after the passage of this act, to cause alphabetical lists of the persons returned by the assessors as having been assessed in the several districts for the present year, to be made out and placed in the hands of the respective assessors, whose duty it shall be, on or before the first of September, to ascertain the qualifications of the persons so named and their claims to vote before mentioned and performed, in regard to such persons, all of the duties enjoined by this act, and furnish said list to the commissioners and election-board, as hereinafter directed; *Provided*, That the names of all persons who were duly registered and permitted to vote at the preceding general election in October, shall without further proof or application, be placed on the list or registry directed to be prepared for the election in November, but they and all others shall be subject to challenge and their right to vote be passed on as prescribed by the fourth section of this act.

**SECTION 2.** On the list being completed and assessments made as aforesaid, the same shall forthwith be returned to the county commissioners, who shall cause duplicate copies of said lists, with the observations and explanations required to be noted as aforesaid, to be made out as soon as practical and placed in the hands of the assessor, who shall, prior to the first of August next ensuing said assessments, put one copy thereof on the door of the house where the election of the respective district is required to be held, and retain the other in his possession for the inspection, free of charge, of any person, resident within the said election district who shall desire to see the same, and it shall be the duty of said assessor to add, from time to time, on the personal application of any one claiming the right to vote, the name of such claimant, and mark opposite the name "C. V.," and immediately assess him with a tax. On the tenth day preceding the general election in October next thereafter, it shall be the duty of the assessor to produce the list in his possession to the inspectors and judges of the election of the proper district at a meeting to be held by them as hereinafter directed.

**SECTION 3.** It shall be the duty of the inspectors and judge of the election, together with the assessor, to attend at the place of holding the general elections for the respective election districts on Saturday, the tenth day next preceding the second Tuesday in October, and on the other days hereinafter mentioned, and continue in open session at said place, from nine o'clock A. M. till six o'clock P. M. of said day, to hear proof of the right of the respective persons to vote whose names are contained in the assessor's list, as before mentioned, or who shall apply to them to have their names registered; and all persons who have not previously voted in the election district shall make due proof, in the manner now prescribed by the election laws, of their right to vote in said

district, and like proof shall be made in all cases by those applying for registry whose names are not enrolled by the assessor and marked "voter;" and it shall then be the duty of the assessor, forthwith, to assess said person with a tax as required by law, on the proof being made to the satisfaction of the election board, if not already assessed. On the list of the voters in the said district being completed, it shall be the duty of the election officers aforesaid to cause duplicate copies thereof to be made out, forthwith, in alphabetical order, of which shall be placed on the door of or on the house where the elections are to be held, and the other retained by the judge of the election, who shall hold the same subject to the inspection of any citizen of said district until the day of the general election, and produce the same thereafter; *Provided*, That the officers hereinafter named, when they shall deem it advisable, may meet for the purpose named in this section one or more days not exceeding four, prior to the tenth day next preceding any general or Presidential election, at which meeting, and its purposes they shall give due public notice by written or printed handbills, posted in at least six of the most public places in their respective wards in cities, boroughs, wards in boroughs, or townships; *And provided further* that where any ward in a city, borough, or ward in a borough, or township having but one assessor, is divided into two or more precincts or districts, the judge and inspectors of such election districts or precincts, in each ward in a city, borough, ward in a borough, or township, respectively, shall meet at the usual place of holding the election in the precinct polling the largest number of votes at the last preceding election in their respective wards, boroughs, or townships, and shall give due public notice as heretofore provided, of the time and place of their meeting, and in all cases where any ward in a city, borough, ward in a borough, or township, is so divided into two or more election districts, it shall be the duty of the assessor to assess each ward in the election district to which he belongs, and to furnish separate duplicate lists to the election officers in each election district. It shall be the further duty of the said inspectors, judges and assessors, in each ward, borough, and township, to meet again, at the place fixed on by the third section of this act, on the Thursday next preceding any general election, between the hours of nine and ten A. M. and remain in session until six P. M. for the purpose of hearing and determining any claims that may be presented to them by any person or persons claiming to be entitled to vote, and whose name, or names have not been entered on the registry of the election district in which he or they claim to be entitled to vote. Each person so claiming to be entitled to vote therein, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least ten days next preceding the general election then next ensuing, which witness shall take and subscribe an affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter, and the person so claiming the right to be registered shall also take and subscribe an affidavit stating where and when he was born; that he is a citizen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of the United States; and, if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where, and by what court he was naturalized; and he shall also present his certificate of naturalization for examination, unless he has been a voter in said election district for five years then next preceding; that he has resided in this Commonwealth one year, or, if formerly a citizen therein, and has moved therefrom, that he has resided therein six months next preceding the general election then next following; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has paid a State or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least ten days before the election for which he proposes to be registered, and that he was prevented from registering his name at the first meeting for that purpose as directed by this act. The said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed and when where, and to whom paid, and the tax receipt thereof, shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall make oath that it has been lost or destroyed, that he never received any receipt; *Provided*, That if the person so claiming the right to vote, shall take and subscribe an affidavit that he is a citizen of the United States; that he is, at the time of taking the affidavit, or will be on or before the day of the next election ensuing, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two; that he has resided in the State one year, and in the election district ten days next preceding such election; he shall be entitled to be registered as a voter, although he shall not have paid taxes. The said affidavits of all persons making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence, shall be preserved by the said board until the day of the election, and shall, at the close thereof, be placed in the ballot-box, along with the papers now required by law to be preserved therein. If said board shall find that the applicant or applicants possess all the legal qualifications of voters, the name or names shall be added to the list alphabetically, with like effects as if done ten days before the election, and they shall forthwith be placed with the other names at the foot of the list on the door or house of the place of election, and as each person whose name is enrolled, votes at said election, one

of the clerks thereof shall mark on or opposite to the name "vote," and it shall not be lawful for the officers of the election to receive the vote of any person whose name was not contained in said registry, made out and put up least eight days before the election, as aforesaid, or in the registry made on the Thursday next preceding the election, and the reception of the vote of any person not so registered shall constitute a misdemeanor in the election officers so receiving it, and on conviction thereof, the election officers so offending shall be subject to fine or imprisonment, or both, at the discretion of the court.

**SECTION 4.** It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained in the registry, and the right to vote has been passed upon by the election board, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and again acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, as required by existing laws, except where his case comes within the fifth provision of the sixth fourth section of the act of one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, to which this is a supplement, although the same may have been exhibited to the election board before the registry; and, on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to cause it to be distinctly written thereon the word "voted," with the month and year, and if any election officers at the same or any other district shall receive a second vote on the same day by virtue of such certificate, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, upon so offending, shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, be fined and imprisoned at the discretion of the court. *Provided*, said fine shall not exceed one hundred dollars and the imprisonment shall not exceed one year, and like punishment shall be inflicted on the officers of the election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the endorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

**SECTION 5.** On the close of the polls the registry list, on which the memorandum of the voting has been kept as before directed, shall be sealed up with and preserved in the same manner now required by law as to the tally papers, and not taken out until after the next meeting of the Legislature, unless required on the hearing of a contested election or for the purpose of being used at the election of Presidential electors, or preparatory thereto, as hereinafter provided, after which it shall again be sealed up and carefully preserved as before directed.

**SECTION 6.** Ten days preceding every election for electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, it shall be the duty of the election board and the proper assessor to meet at the place of holding the general election in the district for the same length of time and in the manner directed in the third section of this act, and then and there hear all applications of persons whose names have been omitted from the registry and who claim the right to vote, or whose rights have originated since the same was made out, and add thereto the names of such persons as shall show that they are entitled to the right of suffrage in such district, on the personal application of the claimant only, and, if the person shall not have been previously assessed, it shall be the duty of the assessor forthwith to assess him with the proper tax. After completing the list, a copy thereof shall be placed on the door of or on the house where the election is to be held, at least eight days prior to holding the same, when the same course shall be pursued in every particular in regard to receiving or rejecting the votes, marking the same on the registry list, endorsing the naturalization papers with the promonth and year, preserving the paper, and all other things as are required by this act at the general elections in October.

**SECTION 7.** At every special election directed by law, and at every separate city, ward, borough, or township election, the registry required to be kept as aforesaid, may be used by the proper officers as evidence of the persons entitled to vote thereat, and said officers shall require all persons whose names are not on the registry, whether challenged or not, to show that they possess the right of suffrage at said election; but nothing herein contained shall make the want of said registry conclusive against the right of the person to vote at such election, but the same shall be judged of and decided as in other cases.

**SECTION 8.** Before entering on the duties of their offices under this act, the respective assessors and inspectors and judges of the electors shall take an oath, before some competent authority, in addition to the oaths now required by law, "to perform the several duties enjoined by this act with fidelity, and according to the requirements thereof in every particular, to the best of their ability." They shall each have the power to administer oaths to every person claiming the right to be assessed or enrolled or the right of suffrage, or in regard to any other matter or thing required to be done or inquired into by said officers under this act, and any willful false swearing by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which they shall be lawfully interrogated by any of said officers under this act, shall be punished as perjury. Said assessors, inspectors, and judges shall each receive the same compensation for the time necessarily spent in performing

the duties hereby enjoined, as is provided by law for the performance of their other duties, to be paid by the county commissioners as in other cases, with a proper allowance to be judged of by the said commissioners for the expense of making the list of registries hereby required to be made out; and it shall not be lawful for any assessor to assess a tax against any person whatever within ten days next preceding the election to be held on the second Tuesday in October, in any year; or within ten days next before any election for electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, and any violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor, and subjecting the officer so offending to a fine, on conviction, of not less than ten nor exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both, at the discretion of the court.

**SECTION 9.** On the petition of five or more citizens of the county, stating under oath that they verily believe that frauds will be practiced at the election about to be held in any district, it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas of said county, if in session, or if not, a judge thereof in vacation, to appoint two persons, judicious, sober and intelligent citizens of the county to act as overseers at said election. Said persons shall be selected from different political parties, where the inspectors belong to different parties, and where both of said inspectors belong to the same political party, both of the overseers shall be taken from the opposite political party. Said overseers shall have the right to be present with the officers of the election during the whole time the same is held, the votes counted, and returns made out and signed by the election officers; to keep a list of the voters, if they see proper; to challenge any person offering to vote and interrogate him and his witnesses under oath in regard to the right of suffrage at said election; to examine his papers produced; and the officers of said election are required to afford to said overseers, so selected and appointed, every convenience and facility for the discharge of their duty, and if said officers shall refuse to permit said overseers to be present and perform their duty as aforesaid, or they shall be driven away from the polls by violence or intimidation, all the votes polled at such election district shall be rejected by any tribunal trying a contest under said election.

**SECTION 10.** If any prothonotary, clerk, or deputy of either, or any other person shall affix the seal of office to any naturalization paper and give out the same in blank, whereby it may be fraudulently used, or furnish a naturalization certificate to any person who shall not have been duly examined and sworn in open court, in presence of some of the judges thereof according to the act of Congress, he shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor; or if any person shall fraudulently use any such certificate of naturalization, knowing that it was fraudulently used, and shall vote or attempt to vote thereon, he shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and either or any of the persons, their aiders or abettors, guilty of either of the misdemeanors aforesaid, shall, on conviction, be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisoned in the proper penitentiary for a period not exceeding three years.

**SECTION 11.** Any assessor, election officer, or person appointed as an overseer, who shall neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined by this act, without reasonable legal cause, shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars; and if any assessor or election officer shall enroll any person as a voter whom he shall know is not qualified, or refuse to enroll any one whom he shall know is qualified, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and, on conviction, be punished by fine and imprisonment, and also be subject to an action for damages by the party aggrieved; and if any person shall fraudulently alter, add to, deface, or destroy any registry of voters, made out as directed by this act, or tear down or remove the same from the place where it has been fixed by or under the direction of the election officers, with like fraudulent or mischievous intent, or for any improper purpose, the person offending shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor and, on conviction, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, and imprisonment not exceeding two years.

**SECTION 12.** That for all elections hereafter held under this act, the polls shall be opened between the hours of six and seven o'clock A. M., and be closed at six o'clock P. M. None of the foregoing provisions of this act shall apply to the city of Philadelphia, where the aldermen for the respective wards of said city shall constitute a board for the appointment of canvassers of election in said city. The said board shall meet on the first Monday of June of each year, at a place to be provided for them by the councils of said city, (and it is hereby made the duty of the select and common councils of said city to provide the same,) and at said meeting or gauge said board by electing one of their number president, and they shall also elect a clerk and a messenger. The said board may adjourn their meeting from time to time, as their business may require. It shall be the duty of the said board, on or before the first Monday of August in each and every year, to appoint three reputable citizens for each election division of said city, all of whom shall not be of the same political party and who shall be residents of the ward of which the said division for which they are appointed is a part, to be canvassers of election of said election division, and the clerk of the said board shall forthwith notify the said canvassers of their appointment, and any va-

cancy occurring in the said canvassers shall be filled by appointment by the board of aldermen.

**SECTION 13.** It shall be the duty of the said canvassers or a majority of them to meet at the regular places for holding elections in their respective election divisions at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the first Monday in September, of each year, and proceed upon that and the two days next ensuing, to make out an alphabetical list of all such persons as they shall know to be qualified electors, who have voted at any preceding general election therein, and shall state opposite said names whether said elector is or is not a housekeeper, and if he be, the number of his residence and also his occupation, and where he is not a housekeeper, his occupation, place of boarding, and with whom. Said lists, when completed, shall be signed by the said canvassers, or a majority of them, who shall take and subscribe an oath, or affirmation before an alderman of said city, that said list is a true list of the voters in the said election division who have theretofore voted in said election division, so far as the same are known to them; and said canvassers shall then prepare three copies of said list, one of which shall be left with the city commissioner, one with the board of aldermen, and the other they shall retain. The city commissioners immediately on the receipt of the same shall cause to be printed and posted, at least in ten places in each election division, a copy of the said list with the oaths of the canvassers appended thereto, together with a notice that the board of canvassers will meet at the place of holding the general election in said division on the twelfth day immediately preceding the day of general election and for two days then ensuing, for the purpose of revising, correcting, adding to, subtracting from, and completing the list.

**SECTION 14.** It shall be the duty of the said canvassers of each division or a majority of them, to meet at the place for holding the general election in said division on the 12th day immediately preceding the day of general election, and for two days next ensuing, and they shall then and there proceed to revise said list, and correct the same by striking from it the name of any person whom they shall know or receive satisfactory proof of being deceased, or who shall have removed from said election division, and by adding thereto the name, residence, and occupation of any person who shall to their satisfaction in conformity with the provisions of this act, prove himself to be a qualified elector of said election division, and for this purpose the said canvassers shall remain in session from ten o'clock in the forenoon until seven o'clock in the afternoon of each of said days. Each person so claiming to be entitled to vote therein, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the said division, as a witness of the residence of said claimant in said division, for the period of at least ten days next preceding the general election then next ensuing, which witness shall take and subscribe an affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly the residence of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to be registered, shall also take and subscribe an affidavit, stating where and when he was born, that he is a citizen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and of the United States; and if a naturalized citizen, he shall also state when, where, and by what court he was naturalized, and also present his certificate of naturalization for examination, unless he has been a voter in said election division for five years then next preceding the general election next ensuing; that he has resided therein six months next preceding the general election then next following; that he has not moved into the division for the purpose of voting therein; and that he has not been registered as a voter elsewhere. Which said affidavits, both of the claimant and his witness, shall be preserved by the canvassers.

**SECTION 15.** Immediately upon the completion of said lists of voters by revision, correction, and addition thereto, the canvassers shall make four copies of the same, one of which they shall retain; one of which copies they shall deposit with the said board of aldermen, together with the written affidavits of the claimant and their witnesses, taken as herebefore provided; one of which copies they shall furnish to the assessors of the ward, who thereupon shall immediately assess a tax, according to law, upon every person whose name is contained in said list, and deliver the same immediately to the city commissioners, who shall cause a sufficient number of copies to be printed for the use of the receiver of taxes, and one of which copies they shall deliver to the inspectors and judges of election of the proper election division on the morning of the general election, before the opening of the polls at said election; and the only evidence that such person has resided in such election division for ten days next preceding such election shall be the fact that his name is found thereon, as herebefore provided, and the reception of the vote of any person not so provided shall constitute a misdemeanor in the election officers so receiving it, and on conviction thereof the election officers so offending shall be subject to a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars, and imprisonment not exceeding one year at the discretion of the court. And as each person whose name is enrolled, votes at said election

division, one of the clerks thereof shall mark on or opposite to the name "vote," and it shall not be lawful for the officers of the election to receive the vote of any person whose name was not contained in said registry, made out and put up least eight days before the election, as aforesaid, or in the registry made on the Thursday next preceding the election, and the reception of the vote of any person not so registered shall constitute a misdemeanor in the election officers so receiving it, and on conviction thereof, the election officers so offending shall be subject to fine or imprisonment, or both, at the discretion of the court.

**SECTION 4.** It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained in the registry, and the right to vote has been passed upon by the election board, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and again acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, as required by existing laws, except where his case comes within the fifth provision of the sixth fourth section of the act of one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, to which this is a supplement, although the same may have been exhibited to the election board before the registry; and, on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to cause it to be distinctly written thereon the word "voted," with the month and year, and if any election officers at the same or any other district shall receive a second vote on the same day by virtue of such certificate, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, upon so offending, shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, be fined and imprisoned at the discretion of the court. *Provided*, said fine shall not exceed one hundred dollars and the imprisonment shall not exceed one year, and like punishment shall be inflicted on the officers of the election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the endorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

**SECTION 5.** On the close of the polls the registry list, on which the memorandum of the voting has been kept as before directed, shall be sealed up with and preserved in the same manner now required by law as to the tally papers, and not taken out until after the next meeting of the Legislature, unless required on the hearing of a contested election or for the purpose of being used at the election of Presidential electors, or preparatory thereto, as hereinafter provided, after which it shall again be sealed up and carefully preserved as before directed.

**SECTION 6.** Ten days preceding every election for electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, it shall be the duty of the election board and the proper assessor to meet at the place of holding the general election in the district for the same length of time and in the manner directed in the third section of this act, and then and there hear all applications of persons whose names have been omitted from the registry and who claim the right to vote, or whose rights have originated since the same was made out, and add thereto the names of such persons as shall show that they are entitled to the right of suffrage in such district, on the personal application of the claimant only, and, if the person shall not have been previously assessed, it shall be the duty of the assessor forthwith to assess him with the proper tax. After completing the list, a copy thereof shall be placed on the door of or on the