

CURRENT NEWS.

Miss Brandon's publisher has made an elegant villa out of her novels and gratefully calls it Audley House.

Eugene Cassery, a Democrat, was recently elected United States Senator by the California Legislature, to succeed John Conness, Black Republican.

Some of the negroes in Virginia took baskets to the polls to take home the "franchise" which was to be given them. Others being asked who they voted for, replied that they voted for "Mr. Convention."

Where one person possessing genius is nipped in the bud by lack of appreciation, two are slaughtered by too sudden recognition and over appreciation. As an English magazine writer said of Professor Aytoun, "The laurel he got was too big for him; he staggered under it."

The people of Belfast, Me., are talking of building a bridge across the Passagawamussetog River, which runs in that neighborhood. Perhaps they had better abridge the name of the river.

Hall's Journal of Health says, "there is no trouble in eating pork in cold weather." We don't dispute it—but there is a good deal of trouble in getting pork to eat this cold weather, considering prices.

It is said of a fashionable Boston lady, who went to a party in that city not long since, that she arrived there about the first of the evening, but the last of her dress did not arrive until after twelve o'clock.

A fellow coming from the top of the Alleghenies to New York, in winter, was asked whether it was as cold there as in the city. "Horribly cold," said he; "for they have no thermometers there, and, of course, it gets just as cold as it pleases."

On the occasion of an eclipse, a colored individual in Norfolk, Va., became greatly excited. "Bress de Lord," said he, "nigger's time has come at last—and now we gwine to hab a black sun."

Two women in Chicago, got into a fight because one of them called the other a "pedestrian." The indignant woman declared that she had always been respectable.

Logan still vainly duns the Ohio committee for the six thousand dollars which he thinks he earned making Radical speeches for them.

Maximilian's remains are to be received at Trieste with great pomp.

It is said that of the one hundred and thirty convicts of the State Prison of New Hampshire, nearly fifty served in the recent war.

One of the Congressional lobbyists in Washington is described as one of the lowest women on earth, and is said to "dress like an Empress."

The Tennessee Senate has passed the bill giving negroes the same right of travel as the whites in that State. It had previously passed the House.

In Baltimore a movement is on foot to establish a home for aged and indigent members of the Methodist Episcopal Church in that city.

A contract has been made to raise the Government property which is said to fill the bottom of the Tennessee river between Paducah and Eastport, Ky.

Ex-Speaker Galusha A. Grow is said to be in Washington looking after his chances for the next Vice-Presidency. There is a strong feeling in Congressional circles in his favor.

Great distress for want of food is reported in Louisiana, and it is stated that seven thousand whites and negroes are at the point of starvation.

There was a fight between whites and negroes in Albion, Ga., recently, in which a Sheriff was killed.

Tom Morgan, of Manchester, N. H., recently placed his tongue against an iron lamp post and was "frozen fast by his pains. Hot water was required to release him.

We learn from the report of the Commissioner of Pensions that the last revolutionary soldier is dead. The war of 1776, therefore, will be over only in tradition and history. The last of its living witnesses has disappeared.

Somebody—a government contractor, perhaps, who made "loyalty" profitable—has been getting a \$26,000 diamond set, of a New York Jeweler.

The Democrat.



HARVEY SICKLER, Editor.

TUNKHANNOCK, PA.

Wednesday, Jan. 8, 1868.

ADVERTISING AGENTS, EXCHANGES, and all others interested, will please note the CHANGE OF TITLE of this paper, from THE NORTH BRANCH DEMOCRAT TO WYOMING DEMOCRAT.

Democratic Club Meeting.

Pursuant to notice the Democrats of Tunkhannock Borough and vicinity assembled at the Court House in this place on Saturday evening last for the purpose of organizing a Democratic Club for the ensuing Presidential campaign. In the absence of the Chairman of the Democratic Standing Committee, Hon. Wm. M. Piatt called the meeting to order, and explained its object—he was also called to the Chair to preside over its deliberations. Upon taking the chair Mr. Piatt, in a few brief remarks, reviewed in a candid and impartial manner the issues which divide the two great political parties—admonishing all to stand by the Democratic party if they would preserve constitutional government, and transmit it to posterity, as handed down to us by our fathers.

A. Day and Harvey Sickler were chosen Secretaries.

The following Preamble and Constitution were read and adopted by the Club:

PREAMBLE. We, the Democrats of Wyoming County, of the State of Pennsylvania, believing that the perpetuity of Republican Institutions depends upon the maintenance of Democratic principles in the administration of the Government, State and Federal, and that upon the Democratic party mainly must we rely to check Radicalism now threatening to overthrow the Constitutional Government of our fathers, blot out sovereign States, and subvert the liberties of the people; in order to secure such thorough organization of the Democratic party, as will make it efficient in promulgating its principles, and to defeat the evil machinations and purposes of its enemies, whether sought to be accomplished at the polls or by fraud and violence elsewhere; hereby pledging each to the other and to the world to devote ourselves to the work of reclaiming our beloved country from the misrule of a band of desperate fanatics, corruptionists and conspirators, and in this sacred cause mutually to support and protect each other, do associate ourselves and adopt the following

CONSTITUTION. ARTICLE I. The name of this Association, is "THE CENTRAL DEMOCRATIC CLUB OF WYOMING COUNTY."

Its Officers shall consist of a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and an Executive Committee, composed of three members of the Club. ARTICLE II. The objects of this Association are:— FIRST—The attainment of a perfect knowledge of the character of the institutions of our country, and

SECOND—A complete organization of the Democratic party, to insure the success of its principles. PROMINENT among those principles WE DECLARE TO BE, implicit obedience to the Constitution of the United States and of the State of Pennsylvania, each supreme within the spheres of powers granted or reserved to each; the right of each State to regulate the qualifications of its electors; the exclusive right of the white man to govern the nation through the ballot; strict subordination of the military to the civil power; trial by jury; free speech and a free press; just and equal taxation upon all descriptions of property; economy in the expenditures of the public money, and a speedy return to a specie paying basis.

ARTICLE III. Any qualified elector of this State may become a member of this Club by signing this Constitution.

The President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and Executive Committee shall hold their offices for one year, and until their successors are elected, if they shall so long behave themselves and maintain their standing in the Democratic party.

The Secretary shall correspond with the head of the State and other County Committees.

ARTICLE IV. This Association is declared to be a subordinate branch of the Organization of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, and will act as an auxiliary thereto. AND WE, ITS OFFICERS AND MEMBERS, DO HEREBY PLEDGE OURSELVES to aid with all our power and energy in the spread of Democratic principles, by the perfect canvass of our election district; by regular meetings and discussions; by the circulation of newspapers and documents, and by vigorous work on and before election day to get out and poll our full vote.

On motion a Committee of three, consisting of A. Day, O. L. Parrish and Thos. Osterhout, was appointed to draft a set of By-Laws to be presented at the next meeting of the Club for consideration. The same Committee was empowered with the authority to secure a proper room for the regular meetings of the Club.

O. L. Parrish, Esq., was called for and made a few pertinent remarks which were

were well received by the audience. He particularly urged the importance of circulating Democratic newspapers—especially our local organ, the Wyoming Democrat, as efficient aids in converting the people to sound Democratic principles, and thereby build up and strengthen the great constitutional party of the country.

Harvey Sickler, being called for, reviewed the political situation of affairs, contrasting the Republican party of six or seven years ago with modern Radicalism, showing a wide departure from the principles upon which they elected their President and the doctrines laid down for the suppression of the rebellion and preservation of the Union with the rights and dignity of the States unimpaired. In the hour of their triumph they ignored the Constitution and were endeavoring to incorporate into the body politic the negro element in order—as members of Congress had already boasted—to perpetuate their party power. The States of the Union had already been put under the domination of the negro race with this view, by the arbitrary and unconstitutional acts of the Rump Congress. Not even General Grant or any person nominated by the Radical revolutionary party should receive the support of a single friend of Constitutional liberty—for it is well known that he or any other man cannot become the candidate of the Radicals without first subscribing to their doctrines.

On motion, the Club adjourned to meet at the Court House one week hence—Saturday evening, January 11th, at 7 o'clock.

W. M. PIATT, Pres. A. DAY, H. SICKLER, Sec'ys.

General Hancock

An interesting interview between Gen'l Hancock and the Chief of Police of New Orleans, is described in the Picayune of that city. The latter official, it appears had certain prisoners in his custody, and had determined to disobey a writ of habeas corpus issued from the civil court. The account in the Picayune thus refers to the interview:

General Hancock stated to Major Williamson, Chief of Police, that he had learned that a writ of habeas corpus had been issued and that owing to some illegality it was probable that it would not be obeyed.—That writ, Mr. Chief of Police, remarked General H., must be obeyed. I will hold you responsible in this matter. Those prisoners must be produced. I believe you will produce them, but I will myself take the necessary precaution that they be produced. I have issued an order that the writ of habeas corpus is to be observed, and it shall be. I am here to protect the dignity of the government, and the rights of the people as to life, liberty, and property, must be preserved. So long as I am in power here, the law shall be respected.

I know nothing Mr. Chief of Police about this case; do not know what these men are charged with, but it is sufficient for me to know, and you to know that a writ of habeas corpus has been issued and that writ shall be respected. I will sink the boat in the middle of the river with cannon that takes these men on board, and intercept any train of cars that carries them. If the law is not observed, who and what is safe? I may be taken away, you may be, any of us may be. Justice must be upheld. I hold you therefore, Mr. Chief of Police, responsible for the delivery of these men before Judge Thearb, in obedience to that writ.

DENIED ADMITTANCE.—John Hickman of West Chester [Pa.], Jacobin Member of Congress elect, is about on a par with Thad. Stevens in his admiration for the negro.—On that subject he is a little insane. A few weeks ago, Fred. Douglass, the negro orator was invited to West Chester to make a speech to his sable brethren. To show that he practiced what he preached Hickman extended an invitation to Douglass to be his guest during his stay in town, which invitation was accepted. The best chamber in Hickman's elegant mansion was put in trim, and the large parlors thrown open for the accommodation of the Boston negro. Mrs. Hickman, however, had no stomach for all this; and when Douglass arrived and was about to set foot in the elegant parlors, she confronted him and gave a peremptory order that he should leave pointing at the same time, to the front door. And leave he did, to find quarters with some one of his own color. This is another evidence that however much some men may prate about "equality of the races," white women cannot and will not become the advocates of the detestable doctrine. Mrs. Hickman is a Carlisle lady, and deserves credit for her determination to resist the attempt of her husband to make her home a negro rendezvous.—Carlisle Volunteer.

The "Herald" is analyzing the speeches, etc., of the negro delegates in some of the mongrel conventions, South, to show the spirit which animates them. For instances: "In the Louisiana Reconstruction Convention the ignorant and fanatical negro Jacobin delegates seem to be making considerable trouble. One of them, in a debate the other day—Cromwell by name, and Cromwell by nature, on a small scale—declared himself ready for a war of races. "We don't intend," said he, "to get down on our knees and beg for our rights," but "we will rule till we last one of us goes down forever. Gentlemen, much is said of another rebellion. I say if we can't get our rights on a full equality with whites, let it come let rebellion come." And so goes on the work of reconstruction in Louisiana.—General Hancock's recent order, subordinating the military to the civil authorities and the laws, has evidently taken something of the conceit out of the ultra Jacobins and given some hope to the conservatives of fair play. To get rid of him as soon as possible the Jacobin convention will doubtless make haste with the work before them and try to get under the wing of Congress as a full-blown reconstructed State."

The Strife Of Races.

The Convention to make a Constitution for Louisiana elected a negro for its temporary Chairman, and a like convention in Alabama by the vote of a majority, composed chiefly of negroes disfranchised from forty to fifty thousand white citizens or that State. These are facts well fitted to arrest the earnest attention of the white people of the country. They show to what length the unscrupulous and desperate Radical Republican party will go in degrading the whites and elevating the blacks, in order to keep perpetual hold of political power in the land. But that is not all they show. They indicate something far more important. And what? This: A purpose to put into the hands of the negroes of the country certainly at the South—that balance of power that casting vote in our Presidential and Congressional elections, which will enable the black race to be the actual dominant and ruling element in our national politics, and of course the Governing power in the Federal Government! In other words thirty odd millions of white people in the United States, are by a trick of Congress, to be deprived of all practical control in the National Government, and three millions of ignorant Africans are to be made, on the principle that the smallest and most worthless pebble will turn an evenly balanced scale, the preponderant and directive power in our political system! This fact is coming out clearer and clearer every hour from the dim and fermenting and slowly crystallized chaos of our affairs, and if the white people do not rise in defence of their own sovereignty they will see it snatched away by a miserable minority of semi-civilized Ethiopians!—Ez

Thad. Stevens stated one fact in the Rump, the other day. He said the condition of affairs in the South was "worse than during the rebellion." Persons who have traveled extensively over the Southern States, during the past few months, declare that the Rump "policy" has prostrated every industrial interest; brought thousands of both whites and blacks to the verge of starvation and created the most widespread alarm among the defenceless whites, who have been given over as victims to the rapacious, brutal and tyrannical blacks. Thousands of white men are sacrificing their lands and other property, and with their families, are hurrying to the North and west, for fear of the blacks, who in every State are armed, drilled and leagued for insurrection and massacre of the white people. On a few days ago a Radical leader [a Col. Moss, of Missouri] stated at a Radical meeting in Washington, that there were three hundred and ten thousand negroes thus banded and armed, the soldiers of the Federal army, during the war, were angels of mercy compared with the now dominant nigger horde and the Radical Yankee cormorants who lead them. To the South "reconstruction" is fast proving itself a besom of destruction.—Jeffersonian.

THE NEGRO OR NOTHING.—The New York Independent gives the whole programme of its party thus: "Every national question, save the question of the negro, might be just as safely trusted to the Democratic party as to the Republican. If therefore, the Republican party threw overboard the negro, we shall straightway move to throw overboard the Republican party."

"Let us say what they will," remarks a Philadelphia Jacobin organ, the impeachment of Andrew Johnson was a measure to which the republican party could not escape the responsibility, and had no way of preventing the issue except by flight. It chose cowardice as a refuge. The Capitol surrendered to the White House! Andrew Johnson is the hero of the day."

Married.

GILLSON—INGHAM—At the residence of the bride's father, in Moshoppen, Jan. 1st, by Rev. E. F. Roberts, George D. Gillson of Athens, and Miss Jennie P. Ingham.

WINANS—DAVIDSON—Also by the same, at the M. E. Parsonage, Jan. 2nd, John R. Winans of Moshoppen, Pa., and Miss Mary M. Davidson of Washington, Pa.

KITCHEN—SHEFLER—Also, by the same, Henry Kitchen and Miss Martha F. Shefler, both of Washington, Pa.

SCUTER—WHIPPLE—At the residence of the bride's mother, Jan. 1st, by Rev. J. S. Lewis, Edwin O. Scuter of Waverly, N. Y., and Miss Jennie Whipple of Mohoppen, Pa.

WINTERMUTE—FERRIS—At the residence of Simon Ferris, Esq., in Moshoppen, Jan. 1st, by Rev. J. S. Lewis, John Wintermute of Forkston, and Miss Julia A. Ferris, of former place.

SHIFFER—SMITH—Jan. 4th, by the Rev. C. R. Lane, at his residence, John A. Shiffer and Lydia, daughter of Mr. John Smith, both of Tunkhannock Tp.

HAVEELY—PLACE—Dec. 31st, '67, by the Rev. C. R. Lane, at his residence, Alexander C. Haveely of Forks, Sullivan Co., and Miss Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. Benjamin Place, of Falls, Wyoming Co. Pa.

Bradford Co. papers please copy.

Died.

MILLER—On the 1st of Jan. 1868, of brain fever. Hannah L. only daughter of J. R. and Sarah J. Miller, aged 14 years and 2 months.

KELLY—Dec. 7th 1867, Sarah M. wife of James Henry Kelly, only daughter of Halstead and Marinda Stark, aged 34 years 3 months and 12 days.

Our darling has gone to the land where no care can ever approach her or trouble her there. Her Saviour has called her to enter the fold. Prepared for the righteous one, as promised at old.

When we gaze on the cold and motionless form, which life in his memory has saved from the storm, We low our heads meekly, and said to that one, Let thy will, O our Father, not thy servants, be done. The light of those eyes that we cherished most dear, Will shine in their softness no more on us here— The tongue that ne'er spoke but in accents of love, Now joins in the choir of Angels above.

We would not be mortal—we would not be weak, Did the tear-drops not silently steal down our cheeks, For she was the bright sunlight that lighted our sky, And we grieved in our anguish when death hovered nigh.

SELLING OUT TO CLOSE BUSINESS. Having made arrangements to go out of trade we offer our extensive and varied Stock of Goods, exclusively for CASH or READY PAY AT UNHEARD OF LOW PRICES. BUNNELL & BANNATYNE. N. B. All persons indebted to us by note or book account are requested to make prompt payment.

C. P. MILLER'S OLD STAND, OPPOSITE OSTERHOUT'S LAW OFFICE. READY-MADE CLOTHING AT REDUCED PRICES. J. REDLICH, (Successor of Straus & Redlich) Having purchased the interest of Straus, is now enabled to sell READY-MADE CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, HATS, &c., &c. AT MUCH LESS PRICES Than can be found elsewhere for the same kind and quality. My stock is new and complete. He respectfully invites the people of Tunkhannock and vicinity to give their attention before making purchase elsewhere. Remember the place C. P. MILLER'S OLD STAND opposite OSTERHOUT'S LAW OFFICE. Tunkhannock, Jan. 1, 1868.

LUMBER FOR SALE. HOUSE BUILDERS and others, will find a full supply of SEASONED PINE LUMBER For Sale at Tunkhannock. This LUMBER, which was manufactured at Waltham's Steam Saw Mill in Bradford county, is of the best quality, and well seasoned. Boards will dress to inch. Plank to 14 and 2 inches in thickness. Buyers wishing their lumber planed, matched, &c., will find Planing Mills at this place to do the work. For particulars consult E. J. KEENEY, Agt. Tunkhannock, Jan. 1, 1868.

GROCERY STORE FOR SALE. THE undersigned offers at private sale a valuable Grocery Store, situated in the Borough of Shickelany, Luzerne county, Pa. The building consists of a Plank Dwelling and Store House 20 by 40 feet, Barn 30 by 50 feet, together with other out-houses, all having been erected within two years. A liberal chance will be given any one desiring to purchase, and any one buying for cash it will be sold extremely low. The purchaser can have the stock of goods at cost if desirable. Reason for selling, going West. This stand is a central one and capable of doing a large business with proper management. As the town is improving very rapidly, the rest of it as a dwelling house will pay a good percentage to any one desirous of investing capital. For further particulars address HOWMAN GANSON, Shickelany, Luz. Co., Pa.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT OF THE WYOMING NATIONAL BANK OF Tunkhannock, Pa., Monday morning, January 6th, 1868.

RESOURCES. Loans and Discounts \$96,365 07 United States Bonds at par 127,700 00 Checks and Bills of other Banks 926 82 Due from Banks 44,734 48 U. S. and National Bk Notes 16,197 00 \$285,933 37 LIABILITIES. Capital \$100,000 00 Surplus 5,000 00 Circulation 89,331 00 Deposits 89,390 79 Profits 136 43 Due Banks 1,264 15 \$285,933 37 I, Samuel Stark, Cashier, being duly sworn, doth depose and say that the above Statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. SAMUEL STARK, Cashier. Sworn to and subscribed before me Jan. 7, 1868. F. C. ROSS, Notary Public.

NEW Jewelry Store!! P. C. BURNS & BRO. HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF JEWELRY of the latest styles. GOLD RINGS, 15 Carats fine. SOLID GOLD SETTS JEWELRY, Gents' Masonic and Scarf Pins, Sleeves and Collar Buttons, &c., &c. Solid and Plated Silver Spoons, Forks, Napkin Rings, Fruit Knives, Cake, Pie and Butter Knives, Castors, Cake and Card Baskets, Butter Dishes, Sugar Bowls, Spoon Holders, Forks, Spoons, Nut-Picks, &c., &c. From ROGERS & BRO.'S Silver Plated Ware Co. Also, CLOCKS and WATCHES of the latest American and European Manufacture. Tunkhannock, Dec. 18, 1867.

IMPORTED Fruit Trees & Seeds. FARMERS, Lot owners and all others wishing to get the choicest kinds of GERMAN, FRENCH, ENGLISH and other FRUIT and ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS and PLANTS, now have an opportunity of doing so by application to the subscriber, who, for two or three years past has made annual importations from German Nurseries and Seed Growers, the largest in the world. Seventy different varieties of imported fruit trees planted last spring and the year before, by their excellent condition and rapid growth, attest their ready acclimation and peculiar adaptation to this soil. Special attention is called to the dwarf trees suitable for gardens and front yards, which, unlike those sold by most tree pedlars here, are genuine dwarfs and not low standards. These dwarfs bear fruit in the first and second years after planting. Many of them as they arrive are filled with fruit blossoms. Many of the best European varieties are rarely known here, and very few have yet tested our unsurpassed foreign varieties. Farmers inclined to try different European seeds can be supplied in large or small quantities, to wit: 100 sorts of grass and clover, mixtures of grass for horses, cattle and sheep, adapted to dry land, wet land, and under trees. Many celebrated kinds of grain and mixtures for feeding. For further particulars apply to A. MEGENHOFFEN, Tunkhannock, Pa., Dec. 18, 1867.

ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF THE BOOKS OF THE BIBLE. BY PROF. CALVIN K. STOWE, D. D. A work of real value, and an almost indispensable companion of the Bible, showing what the Bible is not, what it is, and how to use it; answering all the objections to its authenticity urged by modern infidels, and tracing the authority of each book up to its inspired authors, giving a vast amount of information heretofore locked up very rare and costly volumes, making one of the most popular books ever published. 1000 Agents Wanted. Experienced agents, clergymen, ladies, school teachers and others should send at once for circulars giving further information. Address, ZEPHYRUS, McCURDY & CO., 575-5th St., 501 Chestnut Street, Philad'a, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned, upon the estate of Abraham C. Osterhout, late of Nicholson Tp., Wyoming Co., Pa. dec'd. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payments, and those having claims against the same are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement to JOATHAM H. CASPERLINE, Administrator, or to his Attorney, T. J. CHASE, Nicholson, Pa. Nov. 21, 67. T. J. CHASE.

SHERIFF'S SALE. BY virtue of a writ of alias Venditio Emptoria, to be in directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Tunkhannock, Wyoming County, Pennsylvania, ON SATURDAY, JAN. 18th, '68, at 1 o'clock P. M. All that piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Brantwin, Wyoming County, Pennsylvania, and bounded north by land of Bradley Wakeman, and east by land of J. L. Lashar, south by Main street or River, and west by Spring Hill road, containing about three-fourths of an acre of land, all improved with one frame dwelling house thereon, a small frame barn, one ice house and some fruit trees thereon, with the appurtenances. ALSO, One other house and lot, known as the Wm. F. Rugg lot (turned out by I. N. Lacey, defendant), bounded as follows: On the north and east by lands of Wm. F. Rugg, south by Main street or River road, west by land of N. D. Ross, containing about six acres of land, all improved, with one small frame house, one small barn and one small shop and some fruit trees thereon, with the appurtenances. ALSO, All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Brantwin Wyoming County, Pennsylvania, bounded as follows: On the north by main road leading to Towanda, on the east by land of E. Edwards, on the south by meeting house lot, and on the west by land of B. Edwards, containing one acre of land, more or less, all improved, with a frame dwelling house and store house barn, with a frame dwelling house and store house barn, with the appurtenances. Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Greenell & Greenwell vs. I. N. Lacey and T. T. And will be sold for cash only by M. W. DEWITT, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Tunk, Dec. 27th, '67.

SHERIFF'S SALE. BY virtue of writs of Fieri Facias to me directed by the Court House in Tunkhannock, Wyoming County, Pennsylvania, ON SATURDAY, JAN. 18th, '68, at 1 o'clock P. M. All the right title and interest of the defendant in and to that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Moshoppen, Wyoming County, Pennsylvania, and bounded as follows: On the north by the lot of land of H. B. Brown, west by James M. Baker, south by James Quinn, and west by Washington street, containing one-fifth of an acre of land, more or less, with one frame dwelling house thereon, with the appurtenances. Seized and taken in execution at the suit of S. W. Vangorder and John Reynolds vs. Chas. W. Baker. And will be sold for cash only by M. W. DEWITT, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Tunk., Dec. 25, '67.

SHERIFF'S SALE. BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias to me directed by the Court House in Tunkhannock, Wyoming County, Pennsylvania, ON SATURDAY, JAN. 18th, '68, at 1 o'clock P. M. All the right title and interest of the defendant in and to that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate and being in the township of Tunkhannock, Wyoming County, Pa., and bounded as follows: On the north by land of Hugh Dickson, west by land of William Dickson, south by land of Franklin Decker, east by land of Amos Williams, containing about ten acres of land, more or less, about two acres three-fourths of an acre, with one small barn and some fruit trees thereon, with the appurtenances. Seized and taken in execution at the suit of John W. Graham vs. Chas. W. Decker. And will be sold for cash only by M. W. DEWITT, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Tunk., Dec. 25, 1867.

SHERIFF'S SALE. THE subscriber offers for sale on reasonable terms a number of BUILDING LOTS, situate at the west end of Tunkhannock Borough. For particulars as to prices and terms inquire of BLISHA CHURCHILL, Tunkhannock, Pa., Jan. 1, 1868/72/21m.

Our Stock of CLOTHING is complete, and not equalled in this, nor surpassed in the best New York and Philadelphia merchant Tailoring Establishments. Suits made to order in the latest and best style. We have purchased our stock since the last reduction in the prices of our goods. We have purchased largely, and are determined to sell at less prices than the same kind and quality of goods can be bought at any other establishment in this or adjoining counties. We bought them to sell, and all who call to see us will readily be convinced that we are bound to dispose of them. All goods cheerfully exhibited without scolding if you do not buy. Call and see us. SHERMAN & LATHROP. Tunkhannock, Nov. 5th, 1867.

SHERMAN & LATHROP'S COLUMN. TO THE PEOPLE OF WYOMING COUNTY GREETING: THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE JUST OPENED AT THEIR STAND, (First door below WALL'S HOTEL, in Tunkhannock) THE LARGEST AND MOST TASTEFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS IN THEIR LINE EVER BROUGHT INTO THIS MARKET; Comprising in part the following: SILKS. BROWN, BLUE, BISMARCK, MEXICAN BLEND, AND MARIA LOUISA BLUE, BLACK and BROCADE SILKS, of all grades. FRENCH and IRISH, and NEW STYLE, PLAID POPLINS. ORIENTAL LUSTRES. MOHAIRS, COBURGS, EMPRESS CLOTH, FRENCH MERINOES and ALPACCAS, of all Shades. An endless variety of TRIMMINGS to match the above. ZEPHYR GOODS of all kinds, Knit and Woven. SACKS AND CLOAKS, COMPRISING BEAUTY and ELEGANCE. THIBET, BROCHIE, and WOOL SHAWLS. BALMORAL SKIRTS. A Full and Elaborate Stock of Embroidered Goods. White Goods of all descriptions, Table and Towel Diaper, Domestic, Delaines, Prints, Gingham, &c. Alexander's KID GLOVES, of all shades, Gents and Ladies. A Large Stock of Traveling Trunks—Ladies' Reticules, Gents' Traveling Valises, &c., &c. FURS of all kinds for Ladies and Gentlemen. Carpets—Wool, Two and Three Ply, and Brussels, Stair Carpets, Matting, Oil Cloth and Druggist. Rugs, Mats and Hassocks, Ladies and Gents' Hosiery. A large stock of FURNISHING GOODS. SHOES—Woman's, Misses, and Children's. BEDDING—Counterpanes, Coverlets, White Blankets, German Blankets, &c., &c. YANKEE NOTIONS, of all kinds.