

the success of their views at the ballot-box, that which they failed to accomplish by force of arms. It may depend upon the decision of Pennsylvania on the 10th of October, whether the war shall prove, at last, a failure—whether its fruits are to be only "debt, disgrace and slaughter," or whether it is to have substantial results in the death and burial of slavery, State sovereignty and the right of secession.

THE AGITATOR.

M. H. COBB, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR, WELLSBOROUGH, PENN'A.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 4, 1865.

With MALICE toward none, with CHARITY for all, with firmness in the right, let us strive to finish the work we are in, to bind up the nation's wounds, to care for him who shall have borne the battle, and for his widow and orphan, and to do all which may achieve and cherish a just and lasting peace among ourselves and with all nations.

UNION STATE NOMINATIONS.

AUDITOR GENERAL, Maj. Gen. JOHN F. HARTSHAFF, OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

SUPREMACY GENERAL, Col. JACOB M. CAMPBELL, OF CAMBERIA COUNTY.

COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR ADDITIONAL LAW JUDGE, HENRY W. WILLIAMS, of Wellbourn.

FOR SENATOR, CAPT. WARREN COWLES, of McKean.

FOR A SENATOR, DR. WM. T. HUMPHREY, of Oceda.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY, JOHN S. MANN, of Oquidest.

FOR TREATY, JEROME B. NILES, of Middlebury.

FOR COMMISSIONER, CHARLES F. MILLER, of Tioga.

FOR COMMISSIONER, EPHRAIM HART, of Charleston.

FOR AUDITOR, DAVID L. AIKEN, of Tioga, 3 years, CHARLES F. VEIL, of Liberty, 1 year.

General Election—Tuesday, October 10.

Let none fail to read the Address of the Union State Committee, on the first page of this paper. It argues the questions at issue with signal ability and clearness.

REPUBLICANS, be careful of your votes.—Don't waste them. Don't give them to irresponsible persons to distribute. Appoint challengers early,—better appoint them the night before—

Just as we go to press, we are in receipt of a slip from the Clinton County Democrat, purporting to give a report of the proceedings of the Republican Senatorial Conference, which nominated Capt. Cowles. This slip has been peddled out in this county by one S. Richard Peale—

BEWARE OF COPPERHEAD HANDBILLS ON THE EVE OF THE ELECTION!

Capt. COWLES, was put in nomination by the delegates from McKean county, and received the united vote of Clinton, Tioga and McKean, save his own in the latter. The McKean county Convention did not instruct their delegates.

They, like the Tioga delegates, went into the Conference unacquainted. They withdrew Mr. Williams without consultation with the Tioga Conference, and substituted Capt. Cowles independently of any consultation or dictation.

LDIER! D—sters, sk—ddlers, and skulkers, from the draft are turned out to you. If you let them vote we don't know how civilians will protest. Such men are not citizens of the United States, and therefore not entitled to vote under the laws of Pennsylvania.

Let us close up the ranks! Forward! no straggling! No mopping-up!—let that old Democratic turtle, which has been behind, yet still lives, get the start of us in the State!

We are no worshiper of men. The question to be adjudicated at the ballot-box next Tuesday is not one of men, but of principle; and the question for every man to ask himself before he votes on that day is,—Which of these men represent my principles?

Look out for mutilated and spurious tickets! Cut the ticket from this paper as it stands, and put it in your pocket. No ticket that any good Republican can vote will be found to differ essentially from that at the head of this paper.

If, as alleged, Mr. S. E. Peale was nominated for Senator by the "Democratic" of this district because he has made a "pile" out of oil speculations, we hazard the opinion that money of "oil-kings" will not vote in Tioga County. That was tried pretty extensively last year with a poor result. Money is a good thing, but a good war record is a better thing.

THE HARE AND THE TORTOISE.

In the good, old-fashioned times, when birds "conversed as well as sung," the respective friends of a hare and a tortoise proposed a race between those very dissimilar animals.

Now the hare, as you very well know, is a remarkably fleet-footed animal. He looked on the affair as a huge joke. "Ha, ha!" chuckled he, "I can get over more ground in three minutes than that awkward turtle can get over in half a day!"

So the parties took their places at the starting point, ready for the word "go." Away they went at the word, the hare as swift as a hare, and the turtle as slow as a turtle.

So it came to pass that the hare soon left the turtle out of sight in the rear, and reaching the half-way mark, said to himself; "So ho! I'll just 'take a nap and finish the rest of the course 'before that lazy turtle gets up with me!"

So the hare took a comfortable snooze. But the turtle jogged on, never stopping, nor looking to the right or left. The over-confident hare still slept on. And finally the turtle came up to where the hare was napping.

He crept on carefully, and left the hare enjoying his nap; and after a painfully persevering effort, he made the goal. And still the silly hare napped on.

We hope our Republican friends will make the application. But lest some may fail to do this, we may be permitted for adding point to the moral of this old fable:

For example: Tioga county is famous all over the State for its big Republican majorities. We are fully conscious of our strength as a party; but what are big majorities, and what is strength worth, unless brought into action?

Nothing. Indeed, overgreat majorities often prove a damage to the efficiency of the party which polls them. Men look over the election returns, see a big majority, and say, like the hare— "Well, it'll take the Cops some time to 'catch up to that; I'll take a nap!"

So they take a nap; and once or twice we remember that these over-confident Republicans didn't wake until after the election, and the State was lost!

Let us repeat it: In Tioga county it is not a question if the entire Republican ticket shall have a majority. That is settled.

The question is—how big a majority shall Tioga county give the Republican State, district, and county ticket? Are you ready for that question? We are.

Now if the Republicans of the Northern tier vote as well as they did last November, the Republican State ticket will be elected by a majority of 25,000. Is that worth working for?

The Republican State ticket cannot be defeated if the strong Republican counties come up to the polls in force next Tuesday. We go further, and say, that nothing can defeat us in this State next Tuesday, except THE CRIMINAL NEGLECT of Republicans.

That is the case stated. No excuses will be current with LIVE MEN for any such neglect in Old Tioga. To offer an excuse for such indifference is to plead for the right to become weary in well-doing. Who maintains that right?

Every Union vote cast in Tioga kills a Copperhead vote in the benighted counties below. We are deputed to hold them "level." Shall we do it?

Who proposes to re-enact the old fable of the hare and the tortoise? Who will sit down and fold his arms, and say: "Tioga is out of sight ahead of bogus Democracy; I'll take a nap!"

Need we assure our friends that our opponents will vote their full strength next Tuesday? When Wrong overcomes Right it is not because Right is inherently weaker than its sleepless antagonist; but because faith in the righteousness of a cause sometimes begets over-confidence in the minds of its advocates.

Better shoot over than fall short. Better rise an hour too early than too few an hour too late. Are not these familiar truths?

Let us close up the ranks! Forward! no straggling! No mopping-up!—let that old Democratic turtle, which has been behind, yet still lives, get the start of us in the State!

Full in! fall in! knapsacks along, forty rounds of buck and ball, and a day's rations! We propose to move directly upon the rebel lines! Come on!

We are no worshiper of men. The question to be adjudicated at the ballot-box next Tuesday is not one of men, but of principle; and the question for every man to ask himself before he votes on that day is,—Which of these men represent my principles?

In our judgment the Republicans of Tioga were never presented with a better ticket than is offered for their suffrages this fall. You may take the ticket at the head of this paper, from the highest office to the least, and you will find not one man who has not contributed freely, either of his flesh and blood, or personal service, or money and influence, to sustain the Government in wiping out the Great Rebellion. The record of every man on our ticket will bear the light. The fitness of every man on this ticket for the position to which he is named, cannot be successfully denied.

On the other hand, what one of the miscalled "Democratic" candidates on the local ticket gave willing support to the Government, in any way, during the trial by battle from 1861 to the surrender of Lee? Were not these men

of those who supported Woodward in 1863, and McClellan in 1864? Were not Messrs. Peale, Kirkendall, Bennett, Frost, and the rest of the misnamed "Democratic" local candidates, of those who always declared that the North could not put down the rebellion; and have they not steadily adhered to the party which seldom smiled during the war save when loyal men mourned the temporary defeat of the Union armies? Where did these candidates stand when "bloody treason flourished over us"—for the Government, or against it?

With not a spark of personal ill-will toward any of these bogus democratic candidates, we earnestly urge our friends to roll up the largest possible majority for Williams, Cowles, Humphrey, Mann, Niles Hart, Chas. F. Miller, Aiken, and Veil, that their opponents may be most signally defeated. For their opponents can ask no milder punishment for their falling away from the country in its day of trial than public repudiation when they ask public favor.

If we would destroy wrong we must STRIKE DOWN ITS ALLIES! These men are in bad company; punish them for it.

When Capt. COWLES, our candidate for Senator, was braving danger and sharing the hardships of the campaign before Richmond at the head of his Company, his opponent, Mr. S. E. PEALE, was adhering to the Northern enemies of the Government, and thus giving aid and comfort to the rebellion which Capt. Cowles and other brave Union soldiers were risking their lives to put down. That is the difference in the records of the two candidates for Senator—a difference which will constitute a tremendous distinction with every true Republican.

Dear this in mind when you go to the polls next Tuesday, and vote your full strength for WARREN COWLES, the gallant soldier, against S. Richard Peale, one of the most virulent of Clinton county Copperheads.

We see by the last week's issue of the Wayne county Herald, that CHAS. MENNER, Esq., one of the proprietors, has disposed of his interest in the paper to his partner, THOS. J. HAN, Esq. Mr. Menner has been attached to the 'Herald' Office, as printer, and proprietor, about twenty years. Few men so employed have made so few enemies, or attracted so many friends.

It was our fortune to know him in the beginning of life in Pennsylvania, and to esteem him as a man of public and private virtue. He was incapable of malice toward an opponent, or of bad faith toward a friend. May he regain his health and prosper as richly as he deserves.

The paper under Mr. Han's sole control will, we presume, prove in the future as in the past, one of the ablest "Democratic" organs in the State.

The last number of the Clinton Co. Democrat informs its readers in staring capitals, that every Republican county and State Convention yet held has declared in favor of negro suffrage and negro equality. We knew that Diffenbach was a most unconscionable liar before, but that beats Gulliver.

Further from the Record of the Copperhead Candidate for Auditor General. The Doylestown Intelligencer says: We print this week some additional extracts from the editorial columns of the Doylestown Democrat, the newspaper owned by Col. W. W. H. Davis, the present Democratic candidate for Auditor General of Pennsylvania.

These articles appeared in that paper during the fall of 1863, while Col. Davis' name yet remained at the head of the paper, as its proprietor and editor, and before the child-like attempt was made to relieve the real owner of the responsibility by issuing in the name of another person. These articles appeared in the Democrat while Col. Davis was in the field aiding in the work of carnage, and helping to create the enormous taxation so much bewailed in the pages of his newspaper. The following editorial appeared in the Democrat of August 18th 1863:

"WHAT IS AT STAKE. "The great issues involved in the present campaign are now fairly before the people; and the battle, between the friends of the constitutional Union and the advocates of a disgraceful and oppressive despotism, will soon be fought. The issues involved are really momentous—they are more, they affect the very existence of all that men should hold most dear—the enjoyment of all civil and personal rights under a constitutional Government. The Lincoln administration has denied those rights.—It has trampled under foot every guarantee of constitutional freedom—and its defenders, in the State of Pennsylvania, glorifying in their shame, have boldly avowed their own infamy by endorsing the policy and acts which have violated the rights of freemen; outraged the plain provisions of the Constitution—and which have surpassed the modern tyrannies of Louis XIV. and the Czr of Russia. Do these obarques seem exaggerated? Let us look at the sad record of the past two years. Proclaiming that they were the advocates of freedom, the Abolitionists grasped the reins of power, and in little more than a month after Mr. Lincoln was inaugurated, and after he had sworn to support the Constitution and the laws, the great writ of right, the writ of Habeas Corpus, the sheet anchor of personal liberty, solemnly recognized by that Constitution—insisted upon and provided for by those laws, was suspended at his mandate. The personal liberty of the citizen was thus left at the mercy of the Government. The courts were powerless to protect, and in less than one year two thousand prisoners were incarcerated in the American Bastilles, which Mr. Lincoln has the honor of introducing. What was the offence which these men had committed? They were seized at night, by armed men, and if they were felons, they were dragged from their families, they were denied interviews with counsel, they were refused a hearing—they were not informed of the charges against them, they were confronted with no accuser—they were not even lodged in the jails of our own country—but were dragged out of the State and cast into military prisons—they were kept and treated as felons for a year and upwards, and they were discharged without a trial after languishing months of imprisonment. What had they done, what horrible crime had led to these penalties? We blush to answer. These men were politi-

cal prisoners. They had denounced the imbecile, the corrupt, and the unconstitutional acts of the Abolition Administration—they had exercised the birth-right of American citizens and criticised the acts of public servants—they had believed in adhering to the Constitution and the laws, and they were treated as felons—Worse than felons. For the prisoner in the dock enjoys a trial by jury. He is brought face to face with his accuser; he is allowed or provided with counsel, and can have a verdict rendered by his peers; and if he thinks that he is unlawfully imprisoned, can test the legality of his imprisonment at any moment.—The felon enjoyed privileges which were denied to the political opponent—and victim of Abolition malignity. This action of the Lincoln Government has been ratified by the Abolitionists of Pennsylvania, and one of the resolutions adopted by their late Convention endorses the action of the Administration in its military arrests. Thus the issue is fairly presented. The right of the citizen to personal liberty without control or restraint save by due course of law is claimed by the Democracy, and resisted by the Abolitionist. This of itself is enough; but the tyranny which has thus struck a blow at personal liberty, has sought to destroy its co-relatives, free speech and a free press. Mobs have been secretly encouraged to attack and destroy those presses which had the manliness to expose and denounce Administrative corruption, tyranny and imbecility and have been openly applauded for their destructive acts. Newspapers have been thrown out of the mails, their publication forbidden, and their circulation interdicted by the orders of the National Government. Private individuals have been driven from the country, exiled from their homes, and robbed under the pretence of martial law; and all the inherent absolute rights of freemen, personal security, and private property, have been annihilated by the mandate of this Abolition Administration. The Abolition Convention approves of these enormities—and the Democracy and the Abolitionists are thus at issue upon these questions. The triumph of the Democracy will restore and preserve these rights. The success of the Abolitionists will destroy them; and these precious fruits of suffering and blood, worth all and more than they cost, will be gone forever.

THE CABINET ORGANS manufactured by Messrs. Mason & Hamlin are becoming great favorites in the household. Their compactness, delicacy of tone, and elegant construction, make them very desirable as ornaments, as well as attractive for their musical capabilities. They are different in many respects from other instruments of this class, and the manufactures have availed themselves of the highest skill in workmanship, and the best materials to bring them to perfection.—Boston Post.

The Doylestown Democrat, owned and edited by Colonel Davis, the Democratic candidate for Auditor General, has an editorial in defence of the infamous Captain Wirz, who starved and murdered our prisoners at Andersonville. It asserts that the military commission, before which he is on trial, is a usurpation of power, and that the prisoner has not been fairly dealt with.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The undersigned have formed a partnership for the purpose of merchandising, at Tioga, Pa., under the name of T. L. BALDWIN & CO. T. L. BALDWIN, A. M. BENNETT, F. H. ADAMS.

NEW MILLINERY SHOP.—I take this method of informing the Ladies of Wellbourn and vicinity, that I can be found at the house lately occupied by James Guernsey, corner of Pearl and Walnut Streets, and am now prepared to do all kinds of Millinery Work in the best manner. I would like my share of patronage as I am in need of it.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned having been appointed an Auditor to distribute the proceeds arising from the Sheriff's Sale in the case of P. D. Parkhurst vs. J. A. Ellis, will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office in Wellbourn, on Monday, December 13, 1865, at 10 o'clock, A. M. J. B. NILES, Auditor.

ASSIGNEE SALE.—The Property assigned by Henry Seely, late of Deerfield, Tioga Co., Pa., to D. Angell and Levi Scott, for the benefit of creditors, is sold to be paid to said assignees on Tuesday, Dec. 5, next. Those having claims will present them to D. Angell for settlement. Those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

Property Offered for Sale. A large steam power Door and Sash Factory, Saw Mill, Tannery, Horse and Cart Works, and other buildings, with about 200 acres of land, and a lumber expressly for doors and sash. A large Store and Dwelling House in Knoxville, suitable for a Dry Goods business, with a small stock of goods on the store. 22 acres of good farming land in Deerfield adjoining the Factory lot.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of the county of Tioga, the undersigned Administrators and Administratrix of the estate of George M. Prutzman, late of Tioga township, dec'd., will on the 8th day of December, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the house of E. M. Smith, on the premises in Tioga, expose for sale at public auction, the following described farm, known as the Prutzman farm, in Tioga township, Tioga county, Penn., bounded as follows:

Beginning at a buttonwood tree on the west side of the Tioga River at the south-east corner thereof; thence north 79 degrees west twenty-four and six-tenths perches to a post; thence north 74 degrees west seventy-six perches to a post; thence north 3 degrees east one hundred and sixteen and three-tenths perches to a post; thence west one hundred and sixty and five-tenths perches to a pine; thence south one hundred and sixty-four perches to an oak; thence east one hundred and thirty-four perches to a post; thence south 102 degrees west eighty-two perches to a post; thence east one hundred and twenty-eight and four-tenths perches to the east bank of the Tioga River; thence down the said river by its various courses and distances to the place of beginning—containing two hundred and fifty-seven acres and ninety-five perches of land be the same more or less, one hundred and ten acres improved, two frame houses, two frame barns, a horse barn, corn house, feed house, tool house, two sheds, two apple orchards, and some other fruit trees and shrubbery thereon. The said land is also bounded north by lands of Abram Prutzman, east by lands of Abram Prutzman, south by lands of Sylvia Parmentier and Andrew M. Prutzman, and on the west by lands of Sylvia Parmentier. Said sale is to be made upon the following terms: Eleven hundred and sixty-three and 63-100 dollars cash on confirmation of the sale. Two hundred and ninety-five dollars and interest on the whole sum unpaid on the first day of June, A. D. 1866, and the balance of the purchase money to be paid in annual installments of twenty dollars each, until the principal and interest shall be paid in full. The unpaid amount said property shall bring immediately after the decease of Caroline Prutzman, widow of George M. Prutzman, with interest on the same annually on the first day of June in each year until the principal and interest shall be paid in full. The same to be secured by proper bond and mortgage upon the premises. B. C. WICKHAM, Adm'r.

NEW ARRANGEMENT! A PLAIN STATEMENT OF FACTS.—Goods have advanced largely since the middle of August, and all stocks purchased before that time can be sold LARGELY BELOW PRESENT PRICES. If the owners wish to. I intend to do, so and am now selling LARGE AMOUNTS OF GOODS AT LESS THAN PRESENT NEW YORK WHOLESALE RATES. I will endeavor to convince any one of that WHO WILL GIVE ME A CALL. Our Stock is larger in amount, and BETTER ASSORTED than ever before. I have made my arrangements for a large trade, and if a BIG STOCK OF GOODS, At very Low Prices, WILL BRING IT, I WILL NOT BE DISAPPOINTED. As samples, read the following LIST OF BARGAINS:

Stock of DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, HATS AND CAPS, PAINTS AND OILS, WALL PAPER, GROCERIES, &c., &c., &c. WHICH WILL BE DISPOSED OF CHEAP. FOR Ready Pay Only!

C. & N. HAMMOND'S NURSERY.—Middlebury, Tioga Co., Pa., situated on the Plank Road, four miles from Tioga. We are prepared to furnish 100,000 Fruit Trees at the following prices: Apples—large size, 25 cents at the Nursery; 30 cents delivered. Common size, 20 cents at the Nursery, 25 cents delivered. Pear Trees, 50 cents.

BORDEN BROS., Would respectfully announce to "all whom it may concern," that they keep constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of DRUGS AND MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS AND WALL PAPER, DYE STUFFS, FAMILY DYES, LAMPS, GLASS WARE, PLATED WARE, such as CASTORS, SPOONS, TEA & TABLE FORKS, CAKE DISHES, &c. WRITING PAPER, ENVELOPES, SCHOOL BOOKS, PATENT MEDICINES, Tea, Coffee, Spice, Pepper, Ginger, Salsaparilla, Starch, TOILET AND WASHING SOAPS, and an endless variety of YANKEE NOTIONS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately existing between A. D. Cole and Henry D. Calkins, under the firm of "Cole & Calkins," was dissolved on the 28th day of September, 1865, by mutual consent. The said Calkins has purchased the interest of Cole, and will continue the business by himself. A. D. COLE, HENRY D. CALKINS.

PUTTY & WINDOW GLASS at ROY'S DRUG STORE.

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LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at Tioga, Oct. 1, 1865: Brockway Mrs. Delona Z. Bell Mr. Frank Boliver Miss Helen Cunningham M. Wood Carter George W. L. Craig Mr. A. Francis Samuel D., Francis Robert, Helgens S. S. Harris Angie E. Lee Mr. Thomas, Reynolds L. B. Rotenberg Mr. Jesse, Smith Mr. W. H. Turner Mr. Hunt E. Tiltonson Mr. Eliza H. King.

TO OBTAIN any of these letters, the applicant must call for "advertised letters," give the date of this list, and pay two cents for advertising. If not called for within one month they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office. SARAH M. ETZ, P. M.

ESTRAY.—Came to the enclosure of the subscriber in Lawrence township, on or about the middle of August, a dark Red, white face, two year old Steer, the owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away. Lawrence, Oct. 4, '65-3c H. L. SMITH.

CAUTION.—Whereas, my wife Elizabeth Ann has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation. All persons are hereby forbid to harbor or trust her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date. Rutland, Oct. 4, '65-3c NELSON GOLD.

ESTRAY.—Came into the enclosure of the subscriber on or about the 20th of Sept. 1865, two yearling, one golden eye, one green eye, red bull with one horn, the other a small bridled bull with a mouse colored nose. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away. ELIJAH F. JENNINGS. Charleston, Oct. 4, 1865-3c

NEW MILLINERY GOODS!—Miss PAULINE SMITH is now receiving fresh from New York, a choice lot of Winter Goods, comprising latest styles of Hats, French Flowers, Ribbons, and Plumes, which will be sold for cash very cheap. Wellbourn, Oct. 4, 1865-3m.

KING'S PORTABLE LEMONADE is the only preparation of the kind made from the fruit. As an article of economy, purity, and deliciousness, it cannot be surpassed, and is recommended by physicians for invalids and family use. It will keep for years in any climate, while its condensed form renders it especially convenient for travelers. All who use lemonade are requested to give it a trial. Establishments at home, parties, and picnics should not be without it. For sale by all Druggists and first-class Grocers. Manufactured only by LOUIS F. METZGER. Sept. 6, 1865-1y. No. 649 Pearl St., New York.

JOHN S. MANN, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Coudersport, Pa., will attend the several Courts in Potter and McKean counties. All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. He has the agency of large tracts of good situated land and will attend to the payment of taxes on any lands in said counties. Coudersport, Sept. 13, 1865-1y.