Public Feeling Regarding the Late Assassination.

A poor woman, in New Haven, the wife of a Union soldier, placed mourning upon her house, when she received the news of the ensessination of our good President. The land ord, a most rabid Copperhead, and rebel sym isthizer, ordered her to take down "those, rais," and vacate the premises, which she was compelled to do. Is there no law to reach this heartless scoundrel? Something ought to be done which would give such people cause to remember that though President Lincoln is dead the Government still lives.

A few days since a German bather, in Louisians, who speaks broken English, was understood to say something disparagin, of Mr. Lincoln, and was ordered to leave n so many hours. To help his movements he was pelted with stones. A German Radical frieud of the barber says he used no disrespect ul language. Nevertheless, he is now in St. Lot is.

A Baptist clergyman from Beningham. Mass., preached in Medford last Sabbath morning. Neither in prayer nor sermon did he recognize the great woe that was oppressing the heart of every hearer. The omission was so clearly intentional that at the close of the first service a committee of the church waited upon the unfaithful preacher and ordered him to leave town immediately, which he, of course,

A poor old contraband woman stood at the iron gate leading to the White House, all the day of the funeral, waiting and hoping to get an opportunity to see the face of the dead President, weeping like a broken-hearted mother. But she waited in vaint for, like hundreds and thousands of others, she could not gain admittance. On being told that God would raise up another Moses for them, she replied, "Ah! but we had him."

In Sheldon, Vermont, last Sinday, the pastor naturally preached on the de th of President Lincoln, and an aged Copperhead, after listening as long as he could to the acathing denunciation of traitors and assassing, got up and left the church. Just as he got to the door the minister called out to him, "Don't stop, brother, till you get to Canada!" which was responded to by a hearty amen from the whole congregation.

On one of the trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad on Saturday, a person of strong secession proclivities spoke exultingly of the President's death. The train wan immediately stopped, and the disloyal man ejected from the car. Had it not been for the foar of shooting other persons he would have been shot by an indignant soldier.

A merchant of Hagerstown was recently placed in prison, at his request. His life had been threatened by the infuriated people. He some time since informed one of lifs customers that one hundred thousand dollars were being raised to secure the assassination of Mr. Lincoln, and that the deed was to take place on the 1st of April. He has always been a rabid Copperhead.

The Episcopal congregation of Belvidere, N. J., discharged their pastor for refusing to pray for the family of President Lincoln.

A young man was soundly chartised in Pittsburg last week, for expressing his gratification at the President's assassination. Two men have been shot dead in St. Louis

for exulting over the assassination of Mr. Lincoln. On a train from Skowhegan to Augusta,

Maine, two "ladies" (?) exulted in the murder, and were shut up in jail. In New Haven, a party of sentiers called or

a treason-talker, and forced him to give bonds in \$3,000 to hold himself in readiness to go with them when wanted.

In the same city, an old man named Harvey Ford, dropped dead from grief over the news of the assassination.

Junius Brutus Booth, brother of the asses sin, is at a quiet place in the country, near Cincinnati, where he paces the room and tears his hair in great grief. He expects to leave the stage.

On Saturday evening the mob called at the residence of ex-President Fierce, at Concord, N. H., and demanded his views on the sad event. He responded in a feeling and earnest speech, when the crowd quietly dispersed. The Democrat, at Westminster, Md., was so

unfortunate as to have had a leader in its issue preceding the assassination which was vituperative of Mr. Lincoln. On Saturday night the people gathered and gutted the office, burning up its contents, breaking the stone and presses, but not barming the building.

In Saratoga, Dr. Beecher expelled a young woman from his seminary for exulting over the assassination of President Lincoln. A workman in the arsenal was also "hustled out' by his fellows for rejoicing.

Otis Wright, a horse-railway superntendent in Lowell, having made use of the expression, "Who is fool enough to kill thefool?" was given half-en-hour in which to leave the city, by a mob that gathered about his office. He went.

George Scott, in Swampscott, Maine, said it was the best news he had heard in four years. He was tarred and feathered, and dragged through the town in a boat, with an American flag in his hands.

In Medway, Massachu tetts, Rev. M. Massey, of Bellingham, preached in the Baptist Church last Sunday, by exchange, and made no allusion to the President's death. At the close of the services the congregation met and passed resolutions of grief and gave the forgetful Massey fifteen minutes to leave town in, and he left.

Leonard Wood, a storekeeper in Fall River, Mass., rejoiced over the news, when his store was smashed up and gutted, and the man would have fared ill had he not been put in jail for safe-keeping.

J. J. Husband, a prominent architect in Cleveland, Ohio, was it is stated, in high glee over the news, saying, now I have mine." A crowd pounded him, but he got away; they followed him, searched the building, and finding him on the roof, threw him through the sky-light to the first-floor, kicked him down stairs, and would, perhaps, have killed him had he not been rescued by the police, who locked him up. He left town in the night, and already has his name been chipped from the place on the Court House where it was cut as the architect.

he architect.
In the same city Jones Griffin, a man from the country, called N.F. Lincoln a filthy name, and said he ought to it ive been killed long ago. Whereupon he was a wrly hammered to death by a mob, but finally bok refuge in jail.

At Arlington, Vermint, a young Copperhead was expressing his satisfaction at Mr. Lin-

warming, over his mouth and thus stopped the flow of his treasonable sentiments.

Order is restored in San Fransisco. Men have been lynched in several places throughout the assassination.

General McDowell has isued an order for the instant arrest of offensive speakers, and treason which wrested them from the nation. the prompt suppression of newspapers that utter treasonable sentiments.

A freight conductor on the Detroit and Milwaukee Railroad hurrahed for Jeff Davis as the train left Muir Station on Saturday. On the return of the train he escaped the indig- bellion; that it was impossible. And we renant people by crawling into a trol chest on the engine. Saturday, after the sad news arrived of Presi-

dent Lincoln's murder, a few of the recent emigrants from New Hampshire collected in Stanstead, Canada East, congratulating each other on what they called good news. A workman in a machine shop at Worces-

fellow-workmen on account of an obnoxious display of disloyalty. The Hon. Daniel W. Voorhees, an unscrupuous political enemy of the late President, has

found it imperatively necessary to quit Terre

Haute, Indiana, to avoid the popular indigna-

AGITATOR.

M. H. COBB, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. WELLSBOROUGH, PENN'A.

WEDNESDAY, : : : : : : MAY 10, 1865.

Mr. Seward is reported as having said recently :- "We are making history; and history has its assassins as well as heroes." This is well said. Every age and every country has had its assassins. The French Empire has a reputation all its own respecting this sort of violence. Passing bygones, we have only to read French history under the rule of Napoleon III. to find manifestations of this murderous spirit. But it is everywhere to be noted that the men who make these attempts upon public men are the very reverse of benefactors of the race. Italy owes nothing of her national redemption to the Borgias or Orsinis. And the Assassin breed is the same everywhere. It is a cowardly breed, and finds its admirers and apologists among the lowest order of poltroons. The copious extracts from exchanges, given elsewhere, reveals the humiliating fact that even here, in the North, partizan hatred may overcome the beneficent influences of free schools and superior civilization. And these instances of depravity will go upon the record as so many evidences that the Copperhead press and chiefs had long compassed the assassination of the prominent heads of the Government in their secret thoughts. These indiscreet lay-members of the party give ample evidence that they thoroughly comprehended the spirit and wishes of the men to whom they looked for guidance.

The Proclamation of the President, given in another place, puts a new face upon affairs relating to the arraignment and disposal of the chiefs of the rebellion. They are now outlaws, with a price set upon their heads as assassins; with no abiding place, no refuge save the swamps and uninhabited islands. If they set foot upon foreign shores, that moment they risk certain detection and arrest. Under the McClellan platform as declares the war to be extradition treaties with foreign powers, these fugitive felons can nowhere he safe from pur- Convention being rendered unattainable by the suing justice. They can avoid the halter only by resort to that "pistol, knife, or bowl" by which they hoped to institute anarchy in the North. What a disgraceful termination to the great revolution they inaugurated with so much pomp and circumstance at Montgomery, a little more than four years ago! The egg of treason hatching out cowardly assassination! Verily, it was a desperately base cause that depended upon, such means for its rescue, and desperately ignorant, or vilely base must be the men and women who applogize for, or sympathize with such a cause, North or South.

So, it appears, the chiefest criminal of the rebellion is not to be comparatively dignified by arraignment and trial for treason, even if apprehended. If caught, he must stand in the felon's dock, and if convicted, meet a felon's Jefferson Davis, late of Richmond, Va. and doom. Miserable end of a base ambition! a Jacob Thompson, Clement C. Clay, Beverly man who sapired to aggrandize himself thro' Tucker, Geo. N. Sanders, Wm. C. Cleary and the overthrow of law and order, made outcast other rebels and traitors against the Governby a crime which horrifies the world. But if the American people shall be taught by this terrible example, it will not have been entirely devoid of benefit to the race.

SAID the eminent historian George BANCROFT, in his eloquent oration at the obsequies of the President in New York,-" But after every allowance, it will remain that members of the Government which preceded his administration opened the gates of treason, and he clos-

ed them; that when he went to Washington the ground on which he tred shook under his feet, and he left the republic on a solid foundation; that traitors had seized public forts

and arsenals, and he recovered them for the United States to whom they belonged; that the Capital, which he found the abode of 'slaves, is now the home of only the free."

In this we get a glimpse of inexorable History. There is to be no excuse or apology for the timid traitors who, after near a half cen- States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washtury of unbroken rule, plunged the nation in- ington the second day of May, in the year of to the red abyes of civil war. If any have relied upon oblivion to hide their guilt or obliterate the memory of their crime, they have now full warning that their reliance was upon a rope of sand, their hopes vain. They will find the pillory of history less merciful than the hangman; and the ever-pointed finger of shame more terrible than the felon's dock. Great vil. litically opposed to the National administralains have escaped punishment through the wide meshes of written law; but the verdict

of enlightened public opinion is irreversible.

coln's murder, when a physician clapped a sneers with which that faction greeted Mr. Linsticking plaster which he had been quietly coln's proclamation in 1861, declaring his intention to repossess and hold the forts, arsenals and other public property. This declaration the State of California for expressing joy over a fool. How is it to-day? Abraham Lincoln lived to see every port, fort, arcenal, and custom-house repossessed, and the downfall of the

We remember, also, that from the beginning up to within four months of this present, the leaders of this faction declared that the Government could not destroy the power of the remember that this faction did their utmost to fulfil their prediction of the discomfiture of the Government, by discouraging enlistments, encouraging desertions, and depreciating the currency. To-day they behold the scepter of treason broken, its armies disarmed and captive, its chiefs driven to ignominious hiding as ter was obliged to pack up and leave by his fugitives and outlaws, and the ground upon which they, themselves, stand, tremulous with symptoms of a convulsion which threatens to involve armed traitors, and their craven shettors and sympathizers, in common ruin.

> But, thank Gon, they who forget their coun try in the hour of trial, cannot escape remembrance. The bitterness of the redeemed colonies toward Britain was susceptible to the softening influences of time; but hatred of Toryism has survived the lapse, and proved as unimpressible to the mellowing influence of time as steel. Such is the unostentatious warning of history.

It is not often that we find anything in the Opposition papers with which we cordially coincide. But when the Cattskill Recorder, in commenting upon the murder of the President -says it is the offspring of bitter partisan appeals, we agree to that : and in the way of illustration publish the following extract from one of its editorials under date of March 31. just two weeks before the assassination:

" Some people hope that Lincoln's life will be spared now, in order that the country may be saved the disgrace of an "incoherent" President. But is there not a slight chance of improvement in case that Providence should will it otherwise ?"

This is but one of many pointed allusions to the great tragedy which we have collected from the columns of that paper and preserved for "future reference," since Jan. 1, 1863. We certainly agree with its editor that the assassination of Abraham Lincoln was the legitimate consequence of party depravity, evidenced as

Those whose depravity led them to applaud the assassination of the President, as we learn from our exchanges, have generally come to grief. A fellow was thrown off a Brooklyn ferryboat for saying he was glad of it. Some have been knocked down and trampled in their kindred mire. Some have been summarily shot down; and one, a semi-rebel Maryland editor, after shooting at a man who denounced his murderous sympathy, was literally torn to pieces by the infuriated crowd. Treason and its next of kin,-assassination-are growing unpopular. And the people say "ANEN!"

As the Chicago Convention adjourned to meet on call, a friend suggests that it should reassemble at once and rescind so much of the "four years of failure." The objects of that collapse of the rebellion, we presume its reassembling is not practicable.

President Johnson has issued a proclamation postponing the day appointed for humiliation and mourning, to Thursday, the Ist of June .-This change was made in consequence of the 25th of May falling on Ascension Day, an occasion specially observed by certain religious denominations.

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION. WHEREAS, It appears from evidence in the Bureau of Military Justice that the atrocious murder of the late President, Abraham Lincoln, and the attempted assassination of the Hon Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State, were incited, concerted and procured by and between

ment of the United States harbored in Canada Now, therefore, I, Andrew Johnson, Presi dent of the United States, do hereby offer and promise for the arrest of the said persons or either of them, within the limits of the United States, so that they can be brought to trial, the following rewards:

One hundred thousand dollars reward for the arrest of Jefferson Davis. Twenty five thousand dollars for the arrest

of Clement C. Clay. Twenty-five thousand dollars for the arrest of Jacob Thompson, State of Mississippi.

Twenty-five thousand dollars for the arrest of George N. Sanders. Twenty-five thousand dollars for the arrest of

Beverly Tucker. Ten thousand dollars for the arrest of Wm.

C. Cleary, late clerk of Clement C. Clay The Provost Marshal General of the United is directed to cause a description of the said persons, with notice of the above reward to be published.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of the Independence of the United States of America the eighty-ninth.

Andrew Johnson

STATE OFFICERS. Two important State Officers are to be chosen at the next Fall electionan Auditor General and a Surveyor General.-Both those positions are now held by men potions. A new Legislature is also to be chosen, besides the usual county officers. It will be an easy matter for the Union party to maintain its preponderance if timely offorts are made to It is time to recall to mind the undisguised effect an efficient organizationWAR NEWS.

Knoxville, Tuesday, May 2-16 p. m Information from Stoneman's Cavelry states that Jeff. Davis was at Yorkville, S. C., on the was pronounced preposterous, the utterance of 28 ult. and Stoneman's forces came in on the following day. Davis has one day's start of Stoneman.

Davis is escorted by two thousand cavelry, well mounted, and commanded by Gen. Dibbrell. He is accompanied by Benjamin, Breckinridge and other Rebel leaders, and will probably be joined by all the desperadoes fleeing from justice.

It is hoped that Gen. Stoneman's forces will overtake and capture Davis, as he is burdened with eleven wagons, supposed to be ladened with specie.

Washington, April 30, 1865 .- Gen, Sherman's army is en route for Washington, overland. The Government to-day telegraphed to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York for fifty bakers from each place, in order to be ready for the army. We have now here a very larg body of troops, coming from the vicinity of Richmond and from the Shenandosh Valley, and 50,000 rations of soft bread are issued here daily.

One hundred and five officers and 1,000 mer of Morgan's old command surrendered to Gen. Hobson yesterday at Mount Sterling, Ky., In addition to these, 1,200 Rebels have surrendered at various points to Hobson's troops Eastern Kentucky is now clear of Confederates.

MONTREAL, Friday, May 5, 1865.—George N. Saunders and Beverly Tucker are out with another manifesto to-day addressed to Andrew Johnson, in which they accuse him of "a hellish plot to murder their Christian President." but give no particulars. They agree to go to Rouse's Point, or some other place, and be tried on the charge made in the President's recent proclamation, if the United States Government will pay for their defences and guarantee their safety.

It is rumgred in Washington that Gen. Simon Cameron has been urging the appointment of Col. Forney as Secretary of War upon the President.

Gen. Sherman's headquarters will be established at Alexandria Va., and his troops encamped on the Virginia side of the Potomac. It was one year ago yesterday, that Gen. Grant moved upon the foe concealed among the thickets of the Wilderness in Virginia.

W. C. Cleary, one of the persons for whom President Johnson offers a reward, publishes a letter that there is not a particle of truth in the statement that he concerted and incited the assassination of President Lincoln, and he asserts that he knew nothing whatever of it till it had been committed.

A Washington correspondent asserts that the confession of Harrold and documentary evidence found on Booth's body, clearly implicate Davis and Co., in the plot to assassinate President Lincoln.

An order has been issued for the discharge of all soldiers in the hospitals who are able to go to their homes; of all paroled prisoners; all recruits in rendezvous, except those for the regular army; and all rebel prisoners who are willing to become good and loyal citizens and are willing to return to their bomes are to be released upon terms satisfactory to the Pres-

List of Jurors drawn for May Court. GRAND JURORS.

Brookfield-James Loper. Charleston-S. Satterly. Chatham-Lowell Chappell, Henry F. Dan-

Clymer-Henry Steele, A. A. Amsbry. Covington-Richard Marvin. Delmar-David Gorrie. Elkland-Robert E. Steele. Fall Brook-Martin Stratton. Jackson-J. J. Inscho. Philip Petty Lawrence Boro-Danl. C. Ford. Liberty-John Ault. Middlebury-Geo. W. Potter. Nelson-Wm. Richardson. Osceola-John Tubbs. Richmond-J. P. Barnes. Sullivan-John Clark, Garwood H. Hill. Tioga Township-H. W. Calkins. Union-Anson Dann.

TRAVERSE JURORS. Brookfield-E. N. Baker, J. W. Fitch, Morris P. Metealf, Issac Plank.* Bloss-Jas. H. Gulick.* Charleston-Julius M. Bailey.*

Clymer-Thos. Eldredge. Chatham-L. Clark, P. P. Howland, Austin H. Roberts, John Wass.* Covington-M. Macintosh, S. F. Richards,

Svlv. Kelley, * Delos Walker. * Covington Boro-John C. Bennett. Delmar-Jas. Campbell, John Dickinson, L.

Chubbuck,* Wm. Henry,* Orson Webb,* Danl. Doan.*

Elkland-Joel G. Parkhurst. Elk-John Maynard.* Farmington-A. C. McKearney. Fall Brook-Thomas Farrer.* Jackson-Step. L. Parmentier.* Knozville-Wm, Markham.* Lawrence-Saml. Coon,* Dyer Inscho,* Eli-

es Snell.* Lawrence Boro-Danl, Noble. Liberty-Jacob Emmick, Harvey Root, Henry Beck.*

Mainsburg-Peleg Doud,* Paul Cudworth. Middlebury—Thos. J. Mann, Joel Palmer William Mitchell,* John Reddington.* Morris-Rich'd Childs.*

Rutland-Elijah Benson, W. W. Goodwin. Peter Vanness, N. Haswell, Step. H. Wood,* William Wilson.*

Richmond-Chas. Hammond, I. R. Spencer Henry Bailey,* Robt. B. Bailey,* F. Gaylord,* Harry Seymour.* Shippen-H. Broughton, Anson Holmes.

Sullivan-Frost Ashley, D. Robbins, Henry Lawrence, * B. Parkhurst.* Tioga-Wm. J. Mann, John W. Jack,* Geo. E. Prutsman.*

Tioga Boro-R. P. H. McAllister, S. B. Hathaway.* Union-Wm. Ditchburn, T. M. Larrabee, J. B. Reynolds.

Ward-P. Cameron. Westfield-J. O. Thompson, I. M. Edgecomb, * Charlton Phillips.*

Second Week.

A man lately went to Gen. Thomas, asked him not to execute a noted guerilla, giving as a reason that the war was at an end. "I guess we shall have time to hang this fellow." responded the General.

The subscriptions to the last 7-30 loan are averaging from three to four millions a day,

We find the following Potter County contribution to the Drawer in Harpers Magazine;

A short time ago you published an anecdote in which a man named Ross figured as one of the characters. Ross has lately "wrapped his mantle" about him and departed to the shades, and was honored with an obituary-

He was an honest man and a good violinist." Some days ago a friend of the writer's was passing the farm of the departed in company with a man who uses big words, when my friend was somewhat amused at being informed that it was "Ross's deceased place" they were passing .- Journal.

FOR SALE .-- A TWO HORSE DEMOCRAT, PLATFORM SPRING WAGON, made at Newark, New Jersey. For terms, apply to Catlin Hollow, May 10, '65. A. W. POTTER.

WORCESTER'S DRY YEAST, or HOP YEAST IN CAMPS DEVINE TO HOP YEAST VV IN CAKES. Every Lady should try it and have light bread. For sale at Roy's Drug Store.

FOR THE LADIES.—BABBITT'S CELEBRATED SOAP POWDER, or washing made easy and stains removed from Table Linen, Napkins, &c. For sale at Roy's Drug Store.

DEGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following persons have settled their acounts in the Register's office of Tioga County, and that the same will be presented to the Orphan's Court of said county, on Monday, the 5th day of June 1865, for confirmation and allowance:

Account of Martin Roppard, Executor of the estate of Joseph Reppard, dec'd.

Account of Charles Sherman, Adm'r of the estate of James Dann, dec'd.

Account of O. Bullard, Adm'r of the estate of Mortimer Bullard, dec'd. Wellsboro, May 10, '65. H. S. ARCHER, Reg'r.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore ting between George C. Guernsey and James H. is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between George C. Guernsey and James H. Guernsey of Wellsboro, Pa., in the Blacksmithing business, was dissolved on the 15th day of April last, by mutual consent. The partnership books have been placed in the hands of our Attorney, J. Harrison, to whom all persons indebted to said partnership are requested to make payment immediately.

C. G. GUERNSEY,

Wellsboro, May 10, '65-3m. J. H. GUERNSEY.

THE U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION.—There is an important part of the work of this great Charity, which is so little understood, that few who might and ought to be partakers of its benefits, are aware of the aid which it stands ready to afford, through its

PROTECTIVE WAR CLAIM & PENSION AGENCY, By which all papers and correspondence required to procure Fension, Bounty and Back Pay, and Prize Money for discharged Soldiers and Sailors, and for the relatives of Soldiers and Sailors, and for the relatives of Soldiers and Ballors dying in the service of the United States, are prepared and forwarded, and the proceeds of all Claims, when collected, remitted to the parties entitled, FREE of

W. N. ASHMAN, Solicitor,
JAB. W. HAZLEHURST, Assistant Solicitor,
Office 1307 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. There is also the invaluable HOSPITAL DIRECTORY, by which the Sanitary Commission has made arrangements for supplying GRATUITOUSLY, with regard to patients in all the United States General Hospitals.

the United States General Hospitals.
For information relative to patients in the Hospitals in
New York, New Jersey, the New England States, Eastern
Virginia, Maryland, District of Columbia, North Carolina,
South Corolina, Florida and Louisiana, address
Office of Sanitary Commission, Washington, D. C. For the Hospitals in Pennsylvania, address,

Office of Sanitary Commission, 1307, Chestnut Street, Philadelphia For the Hospitals in Western Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, KentuSky, Tennessee, Mississippi and

office of San. Commission, Louisville, Kentucky.

Office of San. Commission, Louisville, Kentucky.

In all cases, the name, rank, company and regiment of the person inquired for should be given, and where he was when last heard frem. If the application is by letter, the answer will be sent by return mail; if in person, it will be answered at once; or if by telegraph, an answer will be returned immediately, at the inquirers' expense.

AP Soldiers' Aid Secteties, Clergymen, Editers and others can scarcely serve the cause of humanity more effectually, than by frequently and widely disseminating a knowledge of the above, among those who have friends in the army.

Information or assistance will be cheerfully furnished to Soldiers or their friends on application to Mrs. LUCY MOORE HOTCHKIBS, Wellsborol Fa.; or to Mrs. JOS. P. MORRIE, Mansfield, Pa., Associate Managers for Women's Penn's Branch, U. S. Sanitary Commission.

A SSIGNEE SALE.—The property assigned by Henry Seely, late of Deerfield, Tioga Co., Pa., to D. Angell and Levi Scott, for the benefit of credto D. Angeli and Levi Scott, for the beneat of creditors, is offered for sale and will be sold to settle the estate, on Tuesday, Sept. 12, next. Those having claims will present them to D. Angell for settlement. Those indebted are requested to make immediate

PROPERTY OFFERED FOR SALE. A large steam power Door and Sash Factory, Saw Mill, Lumber House, and three zeres of land with about two hundred thousand (200,000) feet dry pine

lumber expressly for Boors and Sash.

A large Store and Dwelling House in Knoxville, suitable for a Dry Goods business, with a small stock

of goods now in the store.

A house and lot \(\frac{1}{2} \) acre (central) in Knoxville—a

good property. 22 seres of good farming land in Deerfield adjoin-

22 sares of good farming land in Deerfield adjoining the Factory lot.

50 scree good farming land in Chatham township.

A farm of 200 acres in Clymer, with first class buildings, with 13 Cows thereon. This is an excellent Grain, Dairy, or Sheep farm.

Three horses, two cows, farm and lumber tools, wagons, dc.

DANIEL ANGELL,

LEVI SCOTT,

Knoxville, Pa., April 26, 1865-3m.

TIOGA CO. COURT PROCLAMATION.-Whereas, the Hon. Robert G. White, Presiden-Judge for the 4th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, and Royal, Wheeler and Victor Case, Esq.'s, Associate Judges in Tioga county, have issued their pre-cept, bearing date the 10th day of April 1865, and to me directed, for the holding of Orphan's Court, Court of Common Pleas, General Quarter Sessions and Oyer and Terminer, at Wellsboro, for the County of Tioga, on the 5th Monday of May, (being the 29th day,) 1885, and to continue two weeks.

Notice is therefore hereby given, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables in and for the county of Tiogs to appear in their way proper per-

county of Tioga, to appear in their own proper per-sons, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which of their offices and in their behalf appertain to be done, and all witnesses and other persons prosecuting in behalf of the Commonwealth against any person or persons, are required to be then and there attending, and not to depart at their peril. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance at the appointed time, agree ably to notice, Given under my hand and seal at the Sheriff's Office,

in Wellsboro, the 20th day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

LEROY TABOR Sheriff.

MILLINERY.—Mrs. A. J. SOFIELD would announce to her customers that she has just received her SPRING SUPPLY OF MILLINERY. Also a good assortment of Infants' Caps, Ladies' Dress Caps and Head-Dresses, Collars and Cuffs, Embroidery and Lacsa.

BLEACHING & PRESSING done to order in all the New Styles. Wellsboro, May 3, 1865-2m. Mrs. A. J. SOFIELD.

TAVERN LICENSES.—Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed their petitions to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Tioga County to grant to them Licenses for houses of public entertainment, and for eating houses, and that a hearing upon the same will be had before said Court, on Wednesday, the 31st day of May next, at Court, on Wedne 2 o'clock P. M.

INMERPERS.

Liberty—R. H. Sheffer,* Joseph Reed. Blossburg—Rufus Farr,* Jos. Yonkin, Jno. Shields. Delmar—James S. Coles. Elkland.—Benj. Barse,* Charles Ryon.*
Westfield.—A. L. S. Leach.*
Ward.—Myron Nichols.* Covington Boro-Anson L. Johnson. Wellsboro-B. B. Holiday, Nelson Austin.* Gaines-H. C. Vermilyea. Liberty—Joel H. Woodruff.*
Fall Brook—W. W. Goff.*
Mansfield—Albinus Hunt.* Knoxville-G. W. Mattison.*

EATING HOUSES. Blossburg-James Morgan,* Horace W. Holden,* Elijah Plummer,* Joseph P. Monell,* Elisabeth

Conley.
Wellsboro—G. Hastings & Co., Wm. T. Mathers. Bloss—A. L. Bodine.
Ward—Abel S. Manley.

J. F. DONALDSON, Clerk. TO SELL BY THE QUART.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Py virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, Letari Facias, and Venditions Exponae, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Tiogs county, Patome directed, will be exposed to public sale in the Court House, in Wellsboro, on MONDAY, the 29th day of May, 1885, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the following described property, to wit: following described property, to wit:

A lot of land in Elkland borough, bounded and A lot of land in Elkland borough, bounded and described as follows: on the north by lands of Joel Parkhurst and Blackman, on the east by land of Thomas Wood, on the south by highway, and on the west by — Blackman—containing & of an acre, more or less, with a frame house, frame baru and shed and fruit trees thereon. To be sold as the property of F. G. Loveland.

property of F. G. Loveland.

ALSO—A lot of land in Richmond township, bounded and described as follows: on the north by highway, on the east by lands of James Boyler, on the south by land of Ross & Williams, and on the west by lands of L. J. Aldrich—containing 113 acres, and containing 113 acres, and co west by lands of L. J. Aldrich —containing ils acres,
40 acres improved, more or less, a frame house, log
barn and an apple orchard thereon. To be sold at
the property of Robert Sampson.

ALSO—A lot of land in Middlebury twp., bounded

Wastbook asst by Human West

ALSO—A lot of land in Middlebury twp., bounded north by Horace Westbrock, east by Horace Westbrook, south by James Brown and John Westbrook, and west by the Smead lot—containing about 125 acres, about 125 acres improved, two frame houses three frame barns and apple orchard thereon. To be sold as the property of Geo. Westbrook, Horace P. Westbrook and Epbraim C. Westbrook.

ALSO—A lot of land in the barns.

ALSO.—A lot of land in the borough of Wellsboro bounded and described as follows: northerly by land of C. B. Kelley, easterly by land of L. P. Williaton, southerly by Main street, westerly by lands of Israel Richards—containing # acre more or less, frame house, frame barn, and out buildings and some fruit trees thereon. To be sold as the property of Thomas

Allen.

ALSO—A lot of land in Jackson twp., bounded on the north by lands of Wm. H. Cowl, east by lands of Joseph Gould, William Woodford and Mart Henry, Monall Charles Hamilton south by lands of A. J. Monell, Charles Hamilton and Joseph Gould, and on the west by lands of Wm. H. Cowl—containing 70 acres, about 50 acres improved, two frame houses, one frame barn, apple or chard and other fruit trees thereon. To be sold a

chard and other trutt trees thereon. To be sold as the property of Zelpha A. Churcher.

ALSO.—A lot of land in Union twp., bounded and described as follows: north by lands of H. Gray and Jomes Gorton, on the east by lands of S. N. Dann, and the estate of C. Thomas, deceased, south by lands of D. Dandell and Lohn Company the property of the company of the property of the property

and the estate of C. Thomas, deceased, south by lands of L. B. Randall and John Carr, on the west by lands of Hiram Gray—containing 31 acres more or less, about 15 acres improved, frame house and apple orchard thereon. To be sold as the property of Hefry Fothergell and George W. Leggett.

ALSO—A lot of land in Osceola twp., bounded and described as follows: north by Morgan Seely, esst by H. C. Bosworth, south by highway, and west by highway—containing 1½ acres more or less, all improved, one two-story frame tavern house, two frame proved, one two-story frame tavers house, two frame barns, out buildings and fruit trees thereon. To be sold as the property of John S. Seely and Merit

ALSO-A lot of land in Delmar two, bounded north by V. H. Baldwin and highway, east by Smith and H. Stowell, south by H. Stowell, west by H. Stowell and V. H. Baldwin containing eighty

by H. Stowell and V. H. Baldwin—containing eighty acres more or less, about forty acres improved, a log house, frame barn, and fruit trees thereon. To be sold as the property of John J. Miller.

ALSO—A lot of land in Delmar twp., bounded north by the line of Shippen and Delmar twnships, east by lands formerly of S. E. Ensworth, south by Phelps' Dodge & Co., and west by Silas Billings—containing about 700 acres and being part of warrant No. 4427, about 4 acres improved, saw mill, 3 frame houses, shingle house and a blacksmith shop thereon.

ALSO-Another lot of land in Delmar twp., bound. ed north by John Miller and Vine H. Baldwin, ear by Joseph Bernauer and G. W. Eastman, south by Ira Wetherbee, Wm. Stratton and Wm. Eberent, and west by Roland Reed, Lewis Dexter and land ormerly owned by H. Stowell, and sold to Ralph Meade—containing about 380 acres, about 250 acres Meade—containing about for series, about for series improved, two frame houses, two frame barns and sheds attached, corn house and other out buildings, two apple orchards, peach orchard and other fruit trees thereon. To be sold as the property of H.

ALSO-A lot or piece of land situate in the town. ship of Charleston, in-the county of Tioga, beginning at the south-west corner of David Henry's lot; thence east by said lot 168 perches to a beech tree; there aouth 1744 perches to a stump, corner of lot formerly deeded to Uriah Spencer and Caleb Austin; thenes west seventy-eight perches to a post; thence north one degree west one hundred and seventy-three and a half perches to the place of beginning—containing one hundred and seventy-one acres and six-tenths of an acre with the usual allowance, about 140 acres improved, 3 frame dwelling houses, two frame barrs, frame horse barn, corn house, and some other out buildings, together with two apple orchards and some

other fruit trees thereon. To be sold as the property of Alanson E. Niles.

ALSO—A lot of land in Deerfield twp., bounded north by Hiram E. Potter, east by Bingham lands, and west by Wm. J. Knox—containing sixty-eight and one-fourth acres, about six acres improved two frame houses and a log barn thereon. To be sold as the property of R. S. Mosher and Wm. B. Rich.

LEROY TABOR. Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Wellsboro, May 10, 1865.

THE BIG FIGHT having been closed up by Messrs. Grant, Sherman Sheridan, & Co.,

KELLY & PURVIS

have volunteered for a war of extermination against high Prices, and will be found entrenched behind a NEW AND CHEAP GOODS

at the old OSGOOD STAND, where their communitions with New York cannot be interrupted. They have just received a good stock of

such as Prints, Delaines, Bareges, Muslins, Hosiery, Notions, Boots and Shoes, etc., in fact everything in the Dry Goods line may be found at our counter, and purchased at prices corresponding to the late

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

HEAVY FALL IN GOODS. We also invite purchasers to examine our fire

GROCERIES

Can't be beat this side of New York. Remember the place. "Osgood's Corner."
KELLY & PURVIS. Wellsboro, Apr. 22, 1865-1y.

\$50, or \$100 Reward! STOLEN from my barn, at Webb's Mills, N. Y., in the night of the 19th instant, a BUGGY of the following description. Body bracket front, spinds seat, square corners, plain black, with a small figure on each side; spokes 13 inch, felloss the same, said seath and the same said. tire one inch. Back of seat takes off; single reach hubs 64 inches long, good size; hub-bands painted black with fine striping; nut on end of axletree liver plated; clip king-bolt, axle and springs Mor ry's patent; cnip king-bolt, axle and springs and ry's patent; springs three leaf, 1½ inches wide. "R. G. Owens" on bottom of seat frame, inside; had iron on bottom. The above Fifty Dollars reward if the delivery of the thief, and \$100 for delivery thief and Buggy.

Webb's Mills, N. Y., April 26, '85-3w.

CAUTION.—Whereas, my wife Mary Ann, hulleft my bed and board without any just cause provocation; this is to caution all persons against harboring or trusting her on my account as I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date.

JOHN W. REYNOLDS.

Union, May 3, 1865—31*

CAUTION.—Whereas, my wife Frances 4, but left my bed and board without any just cause i provocation. I hereby forbid all persons harbonia or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no deed of her contracting after this date.

WM. H. H. METCALF.

Brookfield, May 3, 1865-3t* A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of alministration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Edward Webster, late of Midliebury, deceased, notice is hereby given to the delibert to make immediate payment, and those had be claims to present them properly authenticated it settlement to M. H. COBB, Admit Wellsboro, May 3, 1865-6t.

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