THE AGITATOR.

LOCAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Wellsboro, Wednesday, Nov. 2, 1864.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION!—TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8.

New Advertisements.

Application in Divorce—Sheriff Stowell.
" " " —Sheriff Stowell.
Notice to Teachers—Israel Stone, Sec'y.
Estray—Wm. P. Campbell.
Caution—W. F. Lamb.
List of Letters—Wellsboro Post Office.

WOOD!—Those who have agreed to bring wood in payment of subscription, are notified to deliver it immediately.

Messrs. Wm. H. Smith and Charles Tubbs will speak at the Holiday School House, Middlebury, Monday night, Nov. 7.

H. W. Williams, Esq., will address a meeting at Covington on **Friday evening, Nov. 4,** instead of Saturday evening, Nov. 5, as advertised last week. This change of time is requested by our friends in Covington.

We are indebted to Mr. O. M. Patchin, of Richmond, for a lot of nice apples, and a peck of the biggest potatoes of various kinds, that we have seen this season. Richmond is great in good farmers and Republican majorities.

The Meeting at Tioga.—We had the promise of a report of the Mass Meeting at Tioga for last week's paper. It was not forthcoming, and we suffer the meeting to pass without notice. We learn it was an enthusiastic meeting, and Mr. Grow is reported to have made the best speech he ever delivered in Tioga County. About 1000 persons assembled to hear him. Wellsboro sent a good delegation, the members of which report having had a grand time. We see by the papers that Mr. Grow is speaking in New York. He will do a good work wherever he goes.

Obituary.—In Hospital at Annapolis, October 27, Lieut. CHARLES C. CONE, in his 20th year.

Our heroes fall like autumn leaves, touched by the compelling frosts; but unlike them, our heroes fall to rise and bloom forever in the grateful hearts of the patriot living. Their fall gives no pause to dry the tears of the living. We weep not as men and women without hope, but as regretting that these noble martyrs were not spared to receive the grateful benedictions of a redeemed nation.

Charles Cone was always a superior boy. When he entered the army in April, 1861, as a private in Co. H, 5th Reserves, he was but a slender boy of sixteen. But he better comprehended the nature of the struggle than thousands of double his years. He was no holiday soldier. In camp, on the tiresome march, in the tumult of battle, he was the same earnest and faithful soldier. His officers and his comrades invariably speak of him as bravest of the brave. He was one of the truly brave—comprehending the magnitude of danger, and meeting it face to face without flinching. So conspicuous was this noble trait that in 1863, he was promoted to a Lieutenancy in the 8th U. S. Colored troops, taking preference among many commissioned applicants.

In the movement north of the James, in the early days of October, he received a wound necessitating amputation of a leg, from the effects of which he died. Thus the cause of Civil Liberty loses one of its most intelligent champions in the morning of his life, in the flush of victory; and those who knew the fair-haired, blue-eyed boy, but yesterday, embalm the heroic martyr to lofty principle in their tears to-day.

PILLSBURY.

Editor of the Agitator: The Copperheads of this County were some time ago, much enlightened by the eloquence of one Pillsbury, reported to be a great and learned speaker *from* Maine. I have looked in vain for the name of this man in the list of lawyers in that State. You stated in the Agitator at the time of his advent here, that he had probably run the blockade and had got into Maine by way of Canada. In confirmation of this hypetheeis, I find in the New York *Herald* of Friday, October 28th, an advertisement stating that "Mr. Pilsbury can learn about his wife and family in Petersburg, Virginia, by calling on Dr. Geo. L. Hooper, 104, Sixth Avenue, New York." Will not some good Copperhead friend send the paper of the *Herald* to his present "stamping ground" so that he can rescue his family from the clutches of "Beast" Butler? Yours, &c.,

The Proffessor.

Tioga Baptist Association.—The first Quarterly Meeting of the Tioga Baptist Association will be held with the Delmar Church, on Wednesday, the 9th day of Nov. at 10 o'clock A. M. Rev. D. P. Marsh was appointed to preach the introductory sermon. Contributions for the Education Society.

Tioga, Oct. 31, 1864. E. T. Bentley, Clerk.

Mrs. A. J. Sofield has just returned from New York with a fine assortment of Millinery Goods, which she will take pleasure in showing her customers and will sell at a small profit. She is prepared to repair Felt and Beaver hats in the latest style, also, Bonnets and Straw Goods, and will promptly attend to all work entrusted to her care.

Ladies will find a choice lot of caps, netts, scarfs, ribbons and flowers, and everything in her line of goods. Rooms opposite Roy's Drug Store, Main St.

The Freemen of Tioga in Council.

GREAT OUTPOURING OF THE PEOPLE!

No postponement on account of the Weather!

Speeches by Hon. J. W. FORNEY, Col. FITZGERALD, and CLINTON LLOYD, Esq.

Saturday was a great day for Tioga County. The pageant witnessed in the streets of Wellsboro firmly establishes the reputation of the people of Tioga for water-and-mud-proof patriotism—a patriotism which works for "no postponement on account of the weather." An autumn rain falling for nearly thirty-six hours without intermission had reduced the roads to a condition scarcely describable. The morning was chill and unpromising, but the patriotic fire which blaze along the north tier of counties could not be dampened. Noon came, and with it the processions from Charleston, Covington, Mansfield, Blossburg and Delmar. The scene was grand and imposing. In the van was a curious looking cage made of unhewn logs, said to be the "White House of McClellan," and suspended above it the skin of some nondescript animal, perhaps of the bugbear which stayed that doughty general and his grand army in front of Washington for eight months in 1861-2. Following this came a long line of wagons drawn by four-horse teams, and behind these an almost interminable train of double and single teams, with full loads of men and women. The procession was greeted with cheer upon cheer as it filed through the Main street and after passing around the Public Square, was most skillfully disposed of by the able and efficient marshal of the day and his assistants.

Col. Forney was expected to come by the way of Tioga, where a carriage was waiting to bring him to Wellsboro. But the heavy rains had so broken up the grains on the various roads that he was unable to get to Elmira from Troy, he having addressed a meeting of the latter place on Friday afternoon. The return of the messenger from Tioga without the long and anxiously looked-for speaker was a great disappointment to the throng. It did little good to assure the people that Col. Forney would surely come across the country from Troy. The mass dispersed and feared. As the hour appointed for the meeting approached the impatience of the crowd arose fever heat. Two o'clock came, and a few minutes later the welcome news "He is here"!—was buzzed through the crowd. With him came Col. Fitzgerald, of Philadelphia, and Clinton Lloyd of Williamsport, and as the carriage passed rapidly up the street they were greeted with enthusiastic cheers by the multitude.

At a quarter to three Col. Forney mounted the stand and was introduced to the people by the President, Hon. R. G. White. His appearance was the signal for "three hearty cheers for Col. Forney," and they rang out with good will. When the applause subsided the speaker proceeded to earnest work. Of course we have neither time nor space to give even a sketch of Col. Forney's speech. But we shall be sustained in saying that it will be remembered as one of the ablest addresses ever pronounced from the rostrum in Wellsboro. Systematic, consecutive in thought and events, often rising to hights of stirring eloquence, it carried conviction to the hearts of the auditors, and elicited often applause. Avoiding vituperation and epithets, the speaker made most masterly use of the incontrovertible facts of history, arraigning the leaders of the opposition before the bar of public opinion as false and wicked teachers, whose crimes and whose names will be remembered only to be execrated. It was a grand effort, and most fully was it appreciated by the listening multitude.

He was followed by Col. Fitzgerald, who, for more than two hours, held that great crowd together, in spite of the inclemency of the weather and the approach of evening. We hardly know in what way the speaker could have been more complimented. It was a most excellent speech, full of humor, stern fact and enthusiasm. As he retired from the stand, loud calls were made for "Lloyd," who came forward and promised to address the people in the Court Room in the evening. The meeting then dispersed in high spirits, those living at a distance, for home, but many to assemble in the Court House to hear the promised speech by Mr. Lloyd.

Seven o'clock found nearly every seat occupied.—Half-an-hour later every vacant spot was occupied. It was grand good house full, and the ladies formed a conspicuous feature of the crowd. It is enough to say that a no more intelligent and respectable audience ever assembled in the Court House. Mr. Lloyd was introduced by John F. Donaldson, Esq., and spoke for over two hours to the great satisfaction of his audience as was manifest from the often and tumultuous applause which greeted him. Probably none of us ever listened to a more rigid, excoriating review of the policy and principles and of the indisputable record of the so-called Democracy, than this speech of Clinton Lloyd's last Saturday night. It will not be forgotten when this campaign shall be closed. Its influence will be felt by those to whom its home-truths were addressed, long after the minor incidents of the campaign shall have passed from memory. He "cried aloud and spared not," in the best sense of the saying. His speech was a fitting finale to the day's proceedings, and has given him a reputation of which he may be proud.

It is a not less significant than curious fact that each of the speakers was a life-long democrat; the President was likewise a democrat; and the Marshals, with one exception we think, were also born and reared in the democratic faith. Nevertheless, all these men are earnest and unwavering advocates of the re-election of Abraham Lincoln.

I have just received a large and well assorted stock dry goods and groceries, and shall sell them as cheap as living rates will admit of. Call at the "Keystone" and satisfy yourselves that Bullard intends not to be outdone by any trader west of New York.

1t. O. Bullard.

John R. Bowen informs the public that he will be happy to show the trading public as fine a stock of goods as ever reached this market. He will be found at the old place, on the corner. Come and buy yourself rich. 1t.

Jerome Smith desires to make known to his old friends and patrons, the fact that he has a new and splendid stock of fall and winter goods, just received. He will exhibit the same without cost and sell them at reasonable prices. 1t.

From the Soldier Boys.

Mr. F. M. Spencer, of the 11th Pa. Cavalry sends us a long and able letter, which comes too late for entire publication. We extract a few paragraphs. Speaking of the Chicago platform, he says:

* * Was ever such transparent weakness seen by mortals before? I think not. Soldiers regard the peace platform as a dirty insult to their honor and manhood, and they intend to resent it. It is the last desperate effort by our enemies to stain our laurels and pluck the victory from our arms, by a policy as treacherous, as it is cowardly, mean and degrading. The Copperheads have filled to the brim the measure of their shame, and it only remains for us to complete their rout on the 8th of November, for while the power the cartridge box confines our nobler foe to their citadel, we will achieve a civil victory at the ballot-box that shall be a fearful lesson to traitors, from the present down to the remotest generation. Some claim that McClellan is a great general, but do the facts sustain the assertion? Would a mighty chieftain waste the time he should use in reorganizing his broken columns, and in retrieving his disasters and reputation, waste such valuable time in dictating to the President the political policy he ought to pursue? Would he seek safety in the saloons of an "Iron clad" and leave his subordinates to fight his battles without any concert of action? would he have disobeyed orders and wasted the golden opportunities of the Maryland campaign, if had he been truly a great general? Let the facts answer.

In his letter of acceptance McClellan refers to his record; it is in keeping with the charge of *failure* in his platform. McClellan has betrayed the confidence the soldier once placed in him, and now has the face to ask us to support him for the highest gift of the people.—Will he get our votes? *Never, no never.*

A member of the 149th Pa. Vol's. writes us from camp on the Weldon R. R. near Petersburg, a sharp rebuke to the peace men of the North. He says:

* * * On the 8th of November the Chicago Platform will sink in oblivion and all its advocates with it. If the brawling Copperheads at the North want Peace, let them take their guns and come down here with their brother Rebs and try titles with the Union soldiers. We are willing yet to face the music rather than to knuckle to old Jeff and his Northern Brothers, who, are all the time howling "peace on any terms!" Let them come down here, and we can give them such peace as they need—that is pieces of shells, and all the minie pills they will be able to swallow. I was once for Little Mac; but since the Rebs in front of us on the picket line choered for Little Mac and the Chicago Platform, I can't go him and do justice to myself and my country; and, friends, to have it said we ever yielded to a dishonorable peace, or recognized the Southern Confederacy, we never will. We have struggled too long and lost too many brave men to give up our hope, our country, our rights and our liberty to Southern tyranny. When, too, we have got old Jeff to his last hole, and Lee on a tottering foundation, for fear that Grant will pounce down upon him at Petersburg and drive him into the Chickahominy Swamps and there bury the whole Southern Confederacy in McClellan's rifle pits of 1862.

Corporal George Ingerick, of the 50th N. Y. Vol's. writes his father in Charleston township an excellent letter from which we are permitted to extract as follows: "God forbid that I should even ever have to serve in the army with McClellan as President! This one thought is almost enough to make me cry out for vengance for the many brave men who were sacrificed under his lead in the Peninsula campaign, and who died as martyrs to carry out his cowardly schemes."

It makes me feel as if I could take the heart out of some of those leading Copperheads at home, and keep it as a trophy—knowing that I had the foulest organ of treason ever invented."

Edward Webster, of Co. G. 207th P. V., writes:

My Captain has just come off from picket. He says a "Johnny Reb" came over and talked with him to-day, and said that their only hope now was in the election of McClellan. If that is their only hope I think they are about played out. He can't be elected."

A loyal mother in this county writes us:

"I am nothing but a woman: but when I hear the Copperhead leaders crying out for "peace at any price," I cannot hold my peace. I have given three sons to the cause of our common country. Two of them have fallen.—And now to hear that they have fallen in vain, that the war is a failure—I should think the very stones would cry out against them from the ground they tread."

A Spartan mother indeed. God bless such women.

DIED.

In Wellsboro, on the 13th ult., of consumption, EDWARD A. RATHBUN, stepson of J. H. Shearer, M. D., aged 17 years.

The subject of the above notice was born in Brooklyn, Long Island. At the age of six years he was bereft of a kind and faithful father. In 1859 he became a resident of Wellsboro.

About a year since, Edward exhibited signs of decaying health. Fears were entertained least that fell disease consumption was preying upon him.

The best medical advice in the country was obtained and the most constant care and attention was bestowed upon him by his father, but all in vain. Week by week and day by day his wasting strength passed away. Always thoughtful on religious subjects, many weeks before his death he became very anxious about his prospects in a future life. By the teachings of praying friends the way of salvation was pointed out and he obtained a bright and precious hope in the Savior. To the love and mercy of that Savior he commended all his friends and with a joyful spirit, passed as we trust from earth to Heaven.

Com.

List of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Wellsboro, November 1, 1864:

Buckley, B. C.	Noble, B.
Buckley, Jno. H. 2	Phillips, Jno.
Bacon, Emeline	Robins, Chas.
Dettrick, Chas.	Smith, Nona A.
Dayton, Florence E.	Sears, Wm. B.
Futter, Stephen	Scribner, Sarah E.
Leifiy, Jas.	Stratton, Mary
Merrick, Wheeler O.	Wilkison, Lambert
McGan, Matilda	

☞ To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "advertised letters," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising. If not called for within one month they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office. HUGH YOUNG, P. M.

Caution.—Whereas, my wife, FRANCES, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation; I hereby caution all persons against harboring or trusting her on my account, for I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date.

Richmond, Nov. 2, 1864-3t* W. F. LAMB.

Notice to Teachers.—The Directors of Delmar School District will meet at the Butler School House, Stony Fork, on Saturday, the 19th day of Nov. next, at 9 o'clock A. M., to hire Teachers for the winter schools in said district. Teachers will please to have their certificates with them.

By order of the Board of Directors,
Delmar, Nov. 2, 1864. ISRAEL STONE, Sec.

Estray.—Strayed from the premises of the subscriber, in Delmar, on or about the 1st of Oct. ult., a RED YEARLING HEIFER. All charges will be paid to any person giving information where she may be found. WILLIAM P. CAMPBELL.

Delmar, Nov. 2, 1864-3t

Application in Divorce.

To Clementine Taft: You are hereby notified that Mijamin Taft, your husband, has applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga Co. for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony, and the said Court has appointed Monday, the 28th day of November, 1864, at the Court House, in Wellsboro, for hearing the said Mijamin Taft in the premises, at which time and place you can attend if you think proper.

Nov. 2, 1864. H. STOWELL, Jr., Sheriff.

Application in Divorce.

To Ross F. Hawley: You are hereby notified that Juliet Hawley, your wife, by her next friend Leroy Love, has applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Tioga County, for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony, and the said Court has appointed Monday, the 28th day of November, 1864, at the Court House, in Wellsboro, for hearing the said Juliet Hawley, in the premises, at which time and place you can attend if you think proper.

Nov. 2, 1864. H. STOWELL, Jr., Sheriff.

Estray.—Broke into the enclosure of the subscriber in Lawrence, on the 5th of October, two yearling Bulls, one brown and the other roan. The owner will please come forward, pay charges and take them away. T. I. MITCHELL.

Lawrence, Oct. 26, 1864-3t*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Important To Females.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.

The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and cannot do harm to the most delicate; certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline. These Pills form *the finest preparation ever put forward* with IMMEDIATE and PERSISTENT SUCCESS. **Don't be Deceived.** Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you *want the BEST and most RELIABLE FEMALE MEDICINE IN THE WORLD,* which is comprised in these Pills.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

have been a Standard Remedy for over thirty years, and are the most effectual one ever known for all complaints peculiar to *Females.* In all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity.* They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most *eminent Physicians in America.*

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the *Price One Dollar per Box,* or 6 Boxes for $5, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail, promptly,* secure from observation, by remitting to the Proprietors, or any Agent.

☞ *SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.*

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, *Proprietors.*
81 Cedar St., New York

Sold in Wellsboro, by JOHN A. ROY.
In Tioga, by H. H. BORDEN.
In Lawrenceville, by W. G. MILLER.
March 23, 1864-1y.

FEMALES! FEMALES! FEMALES!

Use that Safe, Pleasant Remedy known as

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

For all Complaints incident to the Sex. No family should be without it, and none will when once tried by them. It is used

BY YOUNG AND OLD.

In the decline or change of life, before and after Marriage during and after confinement, to strengthen the Nerves, restore Nature to its Proper channel, and invigorate the Broken down Constitution, from whatever cause originating.

USE NO MORE WORTHLESS PILLS!

TAKE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

See Advertisement in another column. Cut out, and send for it. [Sept. 28, 1864-1m.]

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.—Published for the benefit and as a CAUTION TO YOUNG MEN, and others, who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of Manhood, &c., supplying at the same time THE MEANS OF SELF-CURE. By one who has cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery. By enclosing a postpaid addressed envelope single copies may be had of the author. NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq.,
June 1, 1864-1y. Brooklyn, Kings Co., N. Y.

U. S. 7-30 Loan.

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes, payable three years from August 15, 1864, with semi annual interest at the rate of 7-310ths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars.

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges as soon after the receipt of the original Certificates of Deposit as they can be prepared.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing $25,000 or upward for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by the Treasury Department upon receipt of bill for the amount, certified to by the officer with whom the deposit was made. No deductions for commissions must be made from deposits.

Special Advantages of this Loan.

It is a National Savings Bank, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and *the best security.* Any Savings Bank which pays its depositors in U. S. Notes, considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it *cannot* pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in government securities or in notes or bonds payable in government paper.

It is equally convenient as a permanent or temporary investment. The notes can always be sold for within a fraction of their face and accumulated interest, and are the best security with banks as collaterals for discounts.

Convertible into a 6 per cent 5-20 Gold Bond.

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than *nine per cent. premium,* and before the war the premium on United States stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent per annum.

Exempt from State or Municipal Taxation.

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special Act of Congress *exempts all Treasury notes and bonds from local taxation.* On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities, only, is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

While the government offers the most liberal terms for its loans, it believes that the very strongest appeal will be to the loyalty and patriotism of the people.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for all deposits. The party depositing must endorse upon the *original* certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to the Treasury Department.

Subscriptions will be received by the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and designated Depositaries, and by the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF TOWANDA, and by all National Banks which are depositaries of public money, and ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS and BANKERS throughout the country will give further information and afford every facility to subscribers.

Aug. 10, 1864-3m.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALL BUYERS OF DRESS GOODS,

Shawls, Cloaks, Beaver Cloths, Broadcloths, Sackings, Cloak Trimmings, DeLaines, Prints, Sheetings, Shirtings, Flannels, Cassimeres, Jeans, Hoop Skirts, Hosiery, Notions, &c., are informed that they can

SAVE MONEY

BY CALLING AND EXAMINING OUR STOCK

—OF—

Seasonable Goods,

NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

We CAN and WILL make it much to every one's interest to call and

BUY WHAT GOODS THEY NEED.

All goods are high; but there is now more necessity for close buying, and for every one to get the

LOWEST CASH PRICES

than ever before. A Dollar saved is as good as a Dollar earned.

We are keeping less goods of a cheap quality than ever before, as we believe customers cannot afford to buy any but

GOOD GOODS.

THE STOCK OF

MEN'S AND BOY'S

Custom Made Boots,

AND

Ladies' and Children's Gaiters and Shoes,

OF ALL KINDS,

is now larger than ever before; and most of it is being sold at less than New York prices.

HAVING SOLD OUT

OUR GROCERY STOCK,

we have more room and more cash to use for the balance of the stock and can do better for our customers. Call and see.

J. A. PARSONS,
Corning, N. Y.
Sept. 21, 1864. [apr27,1864.]

SCHOOL.

MISS AMELIA DARTT will open a School for Children, on Monday, Oct. 31, 1864, in a room on Pearl Street, near the residence of Mr. Bailey.

TERMS—One Dollar per month.

Wellsboro, Oct. 19, 1864.

AN Assortment of TABLE GLASSWARE will be found at ROY'S DRUG STORE.

THE INHERENT DISPOSITION

OF

MANKIND,

LEADS HIM TO

PURCHASE

THE NECESSARIES,

AS WELL AS

THE

LUXURIES OF LIFE,

AT THE

Lowest Possible Prices;

AND SINCE

THE

"Almighty Dollar"

HAS BEEN STYLED

THE

SOUL OF MAN,

IT TAKES

But Ordinary Understanding

TO

COMPREHEND THE TRUE VALUE

OF

AN ESTABLISHMENT,

THAT FURNISHES A COMMUNITY

with a large variety of

SEASONABLE MERCHANDIZE,

AT UNIFORM

LOW RATES.

When Perine & Co. located their establishment in Troy, it was for the express purpose of furnishing the public with goods at

SUCH PRICES

AS COULD NOT FAIL

OF

ATTRACTING PURCHASERS.

We will allow the public to judge of their success.

Mr. E. P. PERINE,

WHILE THANKING THE PUBLIC

FOR PAST FAVORS,

WOULD SAY,

THAT NO EFFORT

SHALL BE WANTING

ON HIS PART,

TO

Merit a Continuance

OF SAID FAVOR.

HE NOW

HAS A LARGE STOCK

OF

MERCHANDIZE

FOR THE

FALL AND WINTER TRADE,

PROBABLY LARGER

THAN CAN BE FOUND

IN THIS OR

Adjoining Counties,

WHICH THE PUBLIC

ARE INVITED

TO

EXAMINE

AT

SUCH PRICES

AS CANNOT

(we have the boldness to affirm)

BE FOUND ELSEWHERE.

HE BUYS HIS GOODS

FOR CASH,

AND SELLS

FOR CASH,

and the consumer gets the worth of his money.

With quick Sales and light Profits, both Parties are enabled to realize the value of the

NIMBLE SIXPENCE.

TROY, Oct. 5, 1864.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

IN CORNING, N. Y.

J. M. SMITH,

HAVING associated with him N. E. WAITE, who has been employed for the last nine years in the Store, in the capacity of Salesman, the business will be continued under the name and firm of

SMITH & WAITE,

AT THE

NEW STORE,

OPPOSITE THE

Dickinson House,

and will be conducted as heretofore on the principle of

ONE PRICE AND READY PAY.

Ten years experience in the former, and from two to three years in the latter (during which time our business has more than doubled) has fully demonstrated the wisdom of this course. We are now receiving

Direct from New York,

a fresh supply of

SPRING GOODS,

selected with especial reference to the wants of the people of this vicinity. The Stock will consist of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

among which are

BROWN AND BLEACHED SHIRTINGS, TICKS, STRIPES, DENIMS, CHECKS, PRINTS, FLANNELS, GINGHAMS, CHAMBRAYS, DeLAINES, ALPACCAS, SCOTCH PLAIDS, and a great variety of DRESS GOODS. Also, SHAWLS, & LADIES' CLOAKINGS, CLOTHS & CASSIMERES, by the yard or made up to order. KENTUCKY JEANS, COTTONADES, LINENS, and a general assortment of Goods for

MEN'S AND BOY'S WEAR.

We also keep a general stock of

BOOTS & SHOES,
FAMILY GROCERIES,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
PALM LEAF HATS,
SUN UMBRELLAS, &c.

We shall endeavor to keep our Stock as complete as possible, by the

Continual Addition

of such articles in our line as the wants of our customers

SEEM TO REQUIRE.

Our facilities for purchasing Goods

ARE UNSURPASSED,

and while we do not pretend to sell Goods

LESS THAN COST,

yet we are willing to sell them at a

SMALL PROFIT,

and it will be our aim by

FAIR DEALING,

to merit a share of public patronage.

We are very thankful for the liberal and constantly

INCREASING PATRONAGE

bestowed upon us, and hope to merit its continuance and increase. Customers from

TIOGA COUNTY

and vicinity are cordially invited to call and examine Goods and Prices. SMITH & WAITE.

Corning, March 30, 1864.

OSCEOLA HIGH SCHOOL.

THE Fall Term of the Osceola High School, under the direction of Prof. C. A. STONE, will commence on Tuesday, Sept 20, 1864. The Winter Term, on Tuesday, Dec. 27, 1864, and the Spring Term on Tuesday, April 20, 1865. The Fall and Winter Terms will continue 13 weeks each, the Spring Term 12 weeks.

The past success of this institution has been truly gratifying to its numerous friends, and the prospects for the ensuing year are no less flattering than they have been heretofore. There is no want of commodious rooms for a large number of students. There is a building designed exclusively for ladies. Gentlemen, or companies of ladies and gentlemen together will room in the school building. A teacher will room in each of the buildings and have control of the students.

No Institution in this section of the country offers better facilities for obtaining an education than this. The range of studies embraces everything necessary to entering college.

A Teachers' Class will be formed during the Fall Term.

Tuition from $4,00 to $6,00. Prof. I. G. Hoyt has charge of the department of Music. For further particulars as to expenses, regulations, &c., address one of the Trustees and obtain a circular.

A. K. BOSARD, Esq.,
ALLEN SEELY, } Trustees.
ENOCH M. STEER,

Osceola, Aug. 17, 1863-tf.

THE BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.

PIANO FORTES.

THE undersigned is selling these superior instruments at the very lowest retail prices, made with the Insulated Iron Rim and Frame (cast in one solid plate). They excel all others in durability, superiority of tone, and elegance of external appearance.

Large sizes, rich Rosewood cases, elegantly finished, heavy powerful tone, &c.

SMALL PARLOR PIANOS,

full round mellow tone—easy and elastic touch—elegant and ornamental in appearance.

All these instruments are finished with all large round corners; front and back alike; (center Pianos) and are made of materials carefully selected and prepared. Every Piano warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

Send for Circulars and address I. G. HOYT.
Osceola, Sept. 21, 1864. [feb17ly.]

MANHOOD: HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.—Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.: also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents.

This celebrated author in this admirable essay clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure, at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Address the publishers. CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
June 15, '64-1y. 127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box 4586.

Executor's Notice.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted to the subscriber on the estate of L. D. Rumsey, late of Sullivan township, dec'd, notice is hereby given to those indebted to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement to AMANDA RUMSEY,

Oct. 12, 1864-6t* Executrix.

Executors' Notice.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted to to the subscribers on the estate of John Goodspeed, late of Knoxville, dec'd, notice is hereby given to those indebted to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement to

JOHN GOODSPEED, Knoxville,
CHARLES GOODSPEED, Westfield, } Exr's.

Sept. 28, 1864-6t*

ESTRAY.

LEFT the premises of the subscriber at Farmington Hill—four Calves—one spotted, red and white; the other three, red. Any one giving information of their whereabouts will be liberally rewarded. ELISHA SOULE.

Farmington Hill, Oct. 19, 1864-3t*

FLINT CHIMNEYS, extra quality for Kerosine Lamps, just received at ROY'S DRUG STORE.