

D. HART'S ROTEL. WELLSBORO, TIOGA CO. PENNA. THE subscriber takes this method to inform his old friends and customers that he has re-runed the conduct of the old "Crystal Fountair Hotel," and will hereafter give it his entire attention Thankful for past favors, he solicits a renewal of the seme. DAVID HART. Wellsboro, Nov. 4, 1863.-1y.

IZAAK WALTON HOUSE, Gaines, Tioga County, Pa.

THIS is a new hotel located within easy ac-Coss of the best fishing and hunting grounds in Northern Pennsylvania. No pains will be späred for the accommodation of pleasure scekers and the trav-elling public. [Jan. 1, 1863.]

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY ! Å Repaired at BULLARD'S & CO'S. STORE, by the subscriber, in the best manner, and at as low prices as the same work can be done for, by any first tate practical workman in the State. Wellsboro, July 15, 1863. A. R. HASCY.

A. FOLEY, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Stc., &c., REPAIRED AT OLD PRICES. POST OFFICE BUILDING.

NO. 5, UNION BLOCK, Wellsboro, May 20, 1863.

E. R. BLACK, BARBER & HAIR-DRESSER. SHOP OVER C. L. WILCOX'S SHORE, NO. 4, UNION BLOCK. Wellsboro, June 24, 1863,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEM INTS.

WOULD inform Dealers in Agriculti ral Imple-

DRUGS & MEDICINE . NO. 3, UNION BLOCK, WELLSBOR), PA.

P. R. WILLIAMS,

BEGS leave to announce to the citizens f. Wells-boro and vicinity, that he keeps corn antiy on hand all kinds of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES Chemicals, Varnish, Paints, Söaps, Perfumi v, Glass, Emshes, Putty, Fancy Goods, Pure Wines: Francies, Gins, and all other kinks of Liquors of the best culty. All kinds of

PATENT MEDICINES

Furnished at Wholesale Prices by W. D. TERBELL, Corning, N. Y. r** Zimmermann & Co's. NATIVE BRANDY & WINES, FOR MEDICAL & COMMUNION PURPOSES: CATAWBA BRANDY. THIS BRANDY has been analyzed by the Medi-ical Director of the Naval Labratory at Brooklyn, and substituted for French Brandy, for use in the United States Navy. It is also used and recommend-ed by Dr. Satterlee, Medical Purveyor in New York of U. S. Army, in the Hospital of his Department.

DRY CATAWBA WINE. THIS WINE has all the properties of Dry Sherry

Wine. -SWEET CATAWBA WINE.

THIS WINE for its mildness is adapted for Invalids and for communion purposes.

M ESSRS. ZIMMERMANN & CO., of Cincin-nati and New York had formerly partnership with N. Longworth of Cincinnati the wealthy Native Wine producer, and therefore enables them to fornish the best of American production, at moderate prices. Sold by W. D. TERBELL, at Wholosale and Re-tail, and by Druggists generally. Corning, N. Y., Jan. 20, 1864-tf.

Farmer's Catechism.

Question. What is the best kind of Wooden beam Plow?

Answer. The WIARD PLOW. Ques. Wherein does it excel all others?

Ans. In ease of draft, in being less liable to clog, and in fact it excels in every particular. Ques. Where is this Plow to be found? Ans. At the KNOXVILLE FOUNDRY, where

they are made, and st various agencies around the country. Ques. Are there any other plows made at that

Foundry? Yes J Biles makes various kinds of woodon Ans. and iron beam Plows, both for flat land and side hill, and he keeps shead of all other establishments by getting the BEST PATTERNS invented, without regard to the COST. - Ques. Are Plows all that Biles makes?

Anis. By no means. He also makes HORSE HOES; a superb article for Corn, Potatoes, &c. ROAD SCRAPERS that beat the world. Cast Caltivator Teeth of a very superior pattern. Shovel Plow Castings for new land, and indeed almost every thing that is ever made at a Foundry, from a Boot Jack to a Steam Engine. Ques. Would you then advise me to buy there?

Ans. Most certainly would I, for besides making the best KIND of every thing, Biles makes those that are the most DURABLE, and it is a common ex-pression where his Plows have been introduced, that pression where his Plows have been introduced, that they last as long as from two to four got at any other shop; he has always been at the business from a "small boy and ought to know how it is done, and if you try his wares once, you will be ready with me to tell all wanting anything in that line to go, send, or in some other way procure them of J. P. BLLES, at the Knoxville Foundry. Souls like thine clasped Hope and went Where the swords bright flash was blent With the patriot fire that shone : E'en from eyes that tears had known -Tears that had some magic wrought-To the boy stern manhood brought.

* * * * Well, the battle-storm was done;---Done! ah, me! the setting sun Kissed the lip—haloed the brow Once so noble—lifeless now! Father ! God ! Ah Thou dost know Neath crimson hands the hearts like snow Faint type of the cracified, Pierced and bleeding—thus he died. BURLINGTON, Pa., Sept. 10, 1864. E. S.

Dolitical.

THE CHICAGO CONVENTION.

Appeal of the National Union Committee to the People of the United States.

> HEADQUARTERS OF THE NATIONAL UNION COMMITTEE; New York, Sept. 9.

The great rebellion, which for more than three years has wrapt the nation in the flames of civil war, draws near its crisis. Its armies have been beaten, its territory has been conquered, the forts and posts which it treacherously seized have been occupied and held by the soldiers of the Republic; its foreign allies have been detached from its support, and its hostile arm, paralyzed by exhaustion and discouraged by defeat, is upheld solely by the hope of political victories to be achieved by its allies in the Presidential election in November next.

If the people in that election sustain the Government, if they reassert its just authority, and reaffirm their purpose to maintain it by war so long as war assails it, the rebellion will speedily end. If they falter in this determination, or leave any room for doubt on this vital point ; the rebels will take fresh courage, and prolong the contest. Every, utterance of their organs and their agents affirms and confirms this position. Every rebel in arms and every rebel in office, every rebel in the States or in foreign lands, every hater of democratic freedom and the rights of man. longs and labors idential chair.

In the Northern and Western States this of the rabel Government, and proclaim to the without delay. hostility has been embodied and organized in people of the rebel States that their only hope the acts and declarations of the Chicago Con- of peace lies in abandoning their hostility to vention, gives a silent approval of the rebell. | the Government, and resuming their allegiance ion itself, and an open condemnation of the to the Constitution and the laws of the United war waged for its suppression. Without a States. onspirators who plotword of censure for th

spects the action that Convention took accords with the result the rebels seek. Both denounce, with unsparing bitterness, the Government of the United States; and both alike seek its overthrow. Both demand that the attempt to conquer armed rebellion by force of arms shall be abandoned. And both demand that when the Government of the United States shall have passed into the hands of men opposed to an armed defence of the Government against rebellion, the war shall end by peaceful conference of these allied powers. What more than this could the rebels ask or need for the consummation of all their plans? We call upon the people to bear in mind that if they elect the candidates of the Chicago Convention, they arrest the Government in the execution of its plans and purposes, on the very eve of their fulfillment, and one-third of a year before any new Administration can take its place. The interval will be one of hope and confidence for the rebels, and of exultation for their allies in the loyal States. In the Western States armed preparations have already been made by the disciples and advocates of secession, to follow the example of the South, and sever the West from the Federal Union. The success of the Chicago procarrying these designs into execution, and the 4th of March will dawn upon a new Western Confederacy, aiming at independence, defying

the power of the national arms, and co-opera-ting with the slave power of the Southern States in blotting from existence the free Republic of the Western world. We call upon the people to crush all these schemes, and to brand their authors and allies with their lasting reprobation. We call upon them to support the Government, to quell the rebellion, to defend and pseserve the Union. We call upon them to stand by the President, who, under circumstances of unparalelled difficulty, has wielded the power of the nation with unfaltering courage and fidelity, with in-

tegrity which even calumny has not dared to impeach; with wisdom and prudence, upon which success is even now stamping the surest the world the unaltered and unalterable deter-

We call upon the Union Committees and the

ent administration is undoubtedly its connection with the war, which so many "Democrats" egard not only as needless, but as unholy and atrocious. They assumed, with Buchanan, in the beginning, that the general government had no right to "coerce a State," and that every step taken in that direction was an usurpation and an outrage. Now General McClellan volunteered the use of his sword in this war at a very early day, and he has never since ceased to maintain its lawfulness and necessity both by words and deeds. How the "Democrats," then, particularly the peace faction, can consistently assail the administration for its adherence to the war, and yet hold up McClellan, who is no less strongly committed to it, we do not see. Every word they shall utter in condemnation of the one may be retorted upon the other; both candidates, indeed, will be in the same boat, exposed to the same storms of abuse to the same missiles of criticism. This will be no little advantage to the Republicans, who are now obliged to take the exclusive responsibility for the actual condition of public affairs.

Again, some of the most obnoxious measures of the war-those which have perhaps excited the severest opposition to it-have been gramme in November will be the signal for approved and defended by General McClellan. We all remember the howl of indignation with which the democratic journals met the conscription, although they had themselves clamored for it for more than a year. It was denounced as tyrannical, unjust, un-American, barbarous, and disgraceful, with so much vehemence that in this city a formidable riot was raised against it, which mob cheered for Jefferson Davis and General McClellan. Could they have known at the time that McClellan was the very first of our prominent men to propose a resort to a draft? In August of 1861—just a month after the battle of Bull Run-when volunteers were pouring into Washington by regiments and brigades, he wrote to the President as follows: WASHINGTON, August 20, 1861.

"SIR :-- I have just received the enclosed dispatch in cypher. Colonel Marcy knows what he says, and is of the coolest judgment. and final seal. His election will proclaim to I recommend that the Secretary of War ascertain at once by telegraph how the enrollment for the overthrow of the Admistration, and the mination of the American people to quell the proceeds in New York and elsewhere, and that, expulsion of Abraham Lincoln from the Pres. rebellion and save the Union. It will strike if it is not proceeding with great rapidity, down forever the false hopes and 'expectations | drafts be made at once. We must have men

> "Respectfully, your ob't servant, "George B. McClellan, "Major-General, U. S A."

The following is a copy of the urgent note of Gen. Marcy, his father-in-law and chief of

The joke was too good to keep. If you want to start fun, ask Sam how he likes to keep city hotel .- Milwaukie (Wis.) Democrat. George H. Pendleton the candidate of the

or of a peculating contractor now and then, is

a pitiful proceeding beside the nabbing of an

entire legislative body. Cromwell's dispersion

of the Long Parliament has become historical ;

it has been both painted and sung; but it was

a tame affair compared with McClellan's meth-

od of getting rid of the Maryland Parliament.

His "democratic" admirers, especially those

who are champions of State rights, would do

well to put the scene upon their transparencies

and banners. It would make an extremely

picturesque and effective emblem of political

How SAM MILLS PLAYED CITY LANDLORD .-

Were you ever in Condersport? Here is a de-

scription of the place. It is a village contain-

ing two hundred souls (i. e., if every human

biped has a soul), and is situated between a

a clump of alder-bushes and a noted frog-pond.

But to my story. In times of old, there resi-

ded in said village a hotel-keeper, who, for

convenience, we will call Sam Mills. Now

Sam was an excellent landlord. Many miles

have travelers gone out of their way to stop

with Sam. His only failing was his love of

city style. Having returned from the city, his

little one-horse tavern was dull. He was on

the point of closing, when, horror of horrors,

several city gents drove up to the door. Hav-

ing no waiters, Sam was nonplussed. There

happened to be an old rum customer, known

as Pus H----, lying around, and to him, Sam,

in this dire necessity, applied, telling him, if

would act on this occasion, his whiskey-bill

would be nix for the next month. Pus readily

consented; and, dressed in one of Sam's cast-

off suits, he presented himself at the dinner-

table. The guests were seated, when up steps

"What will you have, gents? We have

ham, ram, lamb, sheep, mutton, codfish, and

Suddenly in comes Sam, with:

"Here, Pus, you go to the bar."

Pus with :

venison."

consistency-N. Y. Ere. Post.

so-called Democratic Party for the Vice Presidence is the bosom friend of the traitor Vallandigham with whom he has resided most of his time during his congressional career. He is a Virginian by birth and but for his location, having been in Cincinnati, would no doubt be in the rebel service, where his relatives are at the present time, fighting against the Old Flag. His abilities are of the most ordinary character, and but for the influence of his distinguished friend, Vallandigham, would never have been dreamed of for the position for which the Copperhead Convention has nominated him. He is an open and avowed enemy of the war. and has invariably refused to vote men or money to carry it on. In a few words, he is a copperhead of the vilest and most abominable

ach as Jayne's Expectorant, Alterative and Pills; rich as Jayne's Expectorant, Alterative sult fills, Ager's Sarsuparilla, Pills and Cherry Pectoral; Helm-buld's Extract Buchu, Sarsuparilla and Bors Wash; Mrs. Winslow's Solhing Syrup; Wrig's Pills; Cirti's and Cheeseman's Pills; Hall's Bersim; Bin-itger's London Dock Gin; Herrick? Pills End Plas-May 25, 1864-1y. P. R. WI LAMS. May 25, 1864-1y.

REVENUE STAMPS.

TOHN M. PHELPS, Deputy Collector o Mans I field, has just received a large lat of bovenue hans, of all denominations, from one cere 1. to to \$5. Larperson wishing Stanps can get them at 1 y office 2 Mansfield, or of M. BULLARD, Assistant & seesor, t Wellsboro, Pa. J. M. 4411 LPS. Mansfield, May 2, 1864.

Wheeler's Horse Powers and Threshers and Cleaners.

THE subscriber would respectfully concurce to to the Threshers and Farmers of Tioga and ad During counties, that he still continues to sell the shore named MACHINES, and that have the Hearing this season some valiable imthe variety. I now have for sale Railrund Horse Pewers for one, two, and three horses, three different File of Wheeler's Rake Cleaners, six horse Lever Powers, Howard's Mowers and combined Mowers and Leapers, Smith's Green Mountain Shingle Machine, Pelmer's self sustaining Horse Forks, Clover Hullers, Ted Cutters, Circular and Drag Saws, adapted to bute powers, Horse Rakes, &c., &c. All of which will be sold strictly at the manufac-

ant's prices, adding transportation, and will be war. Ruled to give entire satisfaction or no sale. Extras is repairing old machines kept on hand. WM. T. MATHERS, of Wellsboro, and G. H.

LATER & CO., of Nelson, are my assistabl agents 1 TER & CO., of Nelson, are my assistabl agents 1 Tioga County, where Forks will be kept in hand tal orders left for other Machinery will be promptly Rended to. Descriptive Circulars containing price het sent to all applicants. Troy. Pa., June 29, 1864-tf. B. S. TEARS.

HUGH YOUNG, BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

AND. DEALER IN

American Clocks, American, English, and Swiss Austrean Clocks, American, English, and Swiss Witches, Jewelry, Silver Platod Ware, Spectacles, Little Frames, Photographie Albums, Stateoscopes, Littoscopes, Perfumery, Yankee Notionsi Fishing Taylie and Flies, and Fancy and Toilet Afficies. SCHOOL BOOKS of every kindfreed in the Cuty, constantly on hand and sent by mail or oth-tivite, to order. NO. 5, UNION BLOCK, WELLSBORD, PA:

THE BOARDMAN, GRAY &'CO. PIANO FORTES.

HE undersigned is selling these superior instru ments at the very lowest retail prices, made with te Insulated Iron Rim and Frame, cast in end solid They excel all others in durability, superiorit of tone, and elegance of external appearance. Large sizes, rich Rosewood leaves, elegantly fur-thet, heary power tone, &c.

SMALL PARLOR PIANOS,

al round mellow tone-easy and elastic touch rele-Litound mellow tone—easy and clastic touch tele-tand ornamental in appearance. All these instruments are finished with large round timers, front and back alikes, center Pianos made of takinals carefully selected and prepared. Every Piano warranted to give perfect satisfact on. Send for Circulars and address I. Gir HOYT. Oregola, Sept. 21, 1864. [feb17ly.] TRUIT TAPE a large supply of Glass. Jars and

r der

Knoxville, March 30, 1863-tf.

New Millinery Goods.

MRS. A. J. SOFIELD desires to call the atten-tion of the Ladies of Wellsboro and vicinity, to her New Stock of Spring Millinery Goods, consisting of the latest styles of Bonnets, Hats, Head Dress-es, Caps, &c., and a variety of French Flowers, Shell and Straw Ornaments, the latest novelties in the way of Trimmings. Infant's Hafs and Caps, Old Ladies Dress Caps, Grenadein Veils of the newest shades. Mrs. S. feels particularly grateful for the newest sindes. Mrs. S. feels particularly grateful for the patronage of her friends, and would say that she has engaged one of the best Milliners for the season, and is pre-pared to repair Straws in the best manner. She is receiving Goods constantly from New York, and will keep a good assortment. Her rooms will be found hereafter opposite Roy's Drug Store, in the building lately occupied by Miss Smith. Wellsbore, April 13, 1864-tf.

REMOVAL.

MISS PAULINE SMITH has removed to the house (late the residence of Chas. Williams.) opposite the United States Hotel. I wish to inform my customers that I have just received my SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

and can be found at the above place, ready to do work

call. PAULINE SMITH. Wellsboro, April 13, 1864-tf I have started a Millinery Shop at Mainsburg, to

which I invite the attention of people in that section of the county. It will be under the management of Miss Ellen Green.

COWANESQUE HOUSE.

THIS House which has been open for convenience of the traveling public for a number of years, has lately been newly furnished throughout and fitted up in as good style as can be found in any country or city Hotel. The Proprieter does not hesitate in saying that there will be no pains spared to add to the ing that there will be no pains spared to and to the comfort of his guests, and make it a home for them. The best of stabling for teams; and a good hostler always in attendance, all of which can be found one mile east of Knoxville, Pa. M. V. PURPLE, Proprietor.

Deerfield, May 25, 1864 .- 1y.

Robbed from the Safe of the Tioga Co. Bank.

O^N Wednesday night, May 25, 1864, the following described bonds and notes:

1 U. S. 5-20 coupon bond, 4th series, letter F, No. 14,719, for \$500. 3 U. S. 5-20 coupon bonds, 4th series, letter C, Nos.

3 U. S. 5-20 coupon bonds, 4th series, letter C, Nos.
.36,150, 81-82, each \$500.
17 U. S. 5-20 coupon bonds, 4th series, letter F, Nos. 73,879 to 73,895, each \$100.
14 U. S. 5-20 coupon bonds. 4th series, letter M, Nos. 19,824 to 19,837, each \$50.
3 U. S. 5-20 coupon bonds, 3d series, letter A, Nos. 5,804-5.6, each \$1000.

5,804-5.6, each \$1000. 4 U. S. 5-20 coupon bonds, 8d series, letter A, Nos. 8,050.51-52-53, each \$500. Tioga County Bank notes, old issue, 5's, 10's and 20's-\$5,000. Signed by former officers of the bank, all purched through centre of vignette, and had been retired for three years. No other notes of this bank had over been punched. The public are hereby cautioned against purchasing or taking any of the said bonds and notes. A. S. TURNER, Tioga, May 28, 1864.

Executor's Notice.

Executor's routice. Executor'

ing denunciation the patriots and heroes who in every State, county and town, to perfect defend its life. While it passes in utter si-lence the gigantic usurpations of Jefferson Da. activity into their operations; to canvass carevis and his confederate traitors-while it over- fully and promptly their respective districts; the additional troops you require. Men will to know the additional troops you require. Men will looks entirely, and thus, by just and necessary to circulate documents and newspapers con- not volunteer now, and drafting is your only looks entirely, and thus, by just and necessary to circulate documents and newspapers coninference, approves their abrogation of politi- taining just and forcible expositions of the successful plan. The people will applaud such cal rights and personal liberties over all that merits of our cause; to combat by assemblages a course, rely upon it. I will be in Washingportion of the United States in which they of the people in public meetings, by conversa- ton to-morrow. have been able thus far to sustain their usurconstitutional President of the United States has sought to defend and protect the life and liberties of the nation, whose executive power is placed in his hands.

That Convention had no words of exultation soldiers and sailors who have shed blood to achieve them. While it denounces our Government for neglect of duty to our "fellow-citizens. who are now, and long have been prisoners of war in a suffering condition," it has not even a syllable of censure for those rebel authorities who, with more than savage cruelty, and in utter disregard of every dictate of humanity as well of every usage of civilized warfare, have deliberately and with systematic purpose inflicted upon these prisoners all the tortures of exposure, of neglect and starvation, and have offered premiums for their murder to the brutal guards to whose grim custody they have been consigned. And, on the very eve of the most glorious victories that have ever crowned our arms; after three years of bloody, costly and successful war, when three-fourths of the territory originally held by the rebels had passed into our hands; at the very moment when the rebellion itself is tottering to its fall, and the flag of our couptry is rapidly advancing to its old supremacythe party represented at Chicago demands that "immediate efforts be made for a cessation of hostilities"-a step which would instantly arrest our conquering armies, and snatch from them the glories of a final triumph ; repeal the blockade, and throw the whole reb el frontier open to the supplies they so sorely need ; secure the recognition of foreign Powers, and either accomplish their independence or give them the ability to fight for it four years longer.

We appeal to the people of the United States -lovers of the Union and friends of freedomagainst the consummation of the foul crime against both which the acts and declarations of the Chicago Convention involve. We invoke them not to sanction these principles and sentiments by electing the candidates put forward to represent them. We implore them, as they love their country, as they seek the renewed integrity of its territory, as they desire

1

ted the nation's death, it brands with unspair- Union Leagues, and upon all loyal associations staff:

tion, by letters and personal appeals, and in

for our victories -- no thanks and honors for the most deeply interested in our destruction, tism which our fathers erected as the rights of could well afford to expend millions in overthrowing this Administration, and placing in ed, arbitrary, and exorbitant of all acts of the power the nominees and representatives of the kind-the seizure and imprisonment of the en-Chicago Convention.

The skies are bright and full of promise .heart of the people beats true to the Union .-troops arouses afresh the courage and confi- | federacy, McClellan wrote to him in this wise : dence of Union men and chills the heart and

decmates the ranks of the submission secessionists represented at Chicago. A Union vic-tory in November will end the long and laborious strife. It will paralyze the arm of rebellion. It will disperse its armies, destroy the hope by which the despotism at Richmond and under the protecting Constitution and flag | tion. of the United States. It will enable our own

for the counsels of peace; to relax the stern which a state of war renders unavoidable; to be sure that none escape. restore our financial system, to dissolve all milihonors, and to be held in everlasting remembrance, that great army of our citizen soldiers in regard to this very important matter. who have bared their breasts against armed

Missing plank in the Chicago, copperhead platform :

"NEW-YORK, August 20, 1861.

stripe.

How THESE TRAITORS LOVE ONE ANOTHER! -That the traitors of the South and the traitors of the North understand each other well, we suppose every loyal man in the country, whether North or South, by this time knows and feels. The Chattanooga Rebel, of a recent date, seeming to fear that there might be yet some one so blind as not to be able to "see it," spoke in this wise :

We admire McClellan, and we admire Buell also : we admire Vallandigham more than all, because he was against the war at the start, and has kept his faith ever since.

Any Northern Copperhead paper would just as cordially say; "We admire Lee, and we admire Beauregard,

also, and we admire Jeff. Davis more than all because he was for slavery at the start, and has kept his faith ever since."

MCCLELLAN VS THE PLATFORM .---" Weak as your platform is," exclaimed Mr. Long, at the Chicago Convention, "looking in some degree to peace, as it does, in God's name don't place upon it a man who is pledged to every act against which your platform declares."-What does this mean? Ben. Wood insists that the platform and the candidate mean peace; Mr. Long admits that the platform means peace, but that the candidate means war! There must be a doubt somewhere .---The people will solve the doubt by electing Lincoln and Johnson, who stand upon a platform that is not liable to a construction like that of the Chicago abortion.

THE two States that have thus far voted this year have done better than they did in 1863, when the Union men carried every loyal State except New Jersey. The only change thus far in elections to the next House of Representatives is the loss of the only democrat who has had the chance of going before the people. Such are the signs of the times 1

WHEN Gen. Fremont was nominated for the Presidency he resigned his Major Generalship and stopped drawing pay from the national treasury without rendering service in return. We have not heard that Gen. McClellan has followed his good sxample.

Vallandigham was a member of the Committee which framed the Chicago platform. He was to have been chairman, but was persuaded to yield to Guthrie from motives of policy But he wrote the platform. The statement is · . .

HENRY J. RAYMOND, Chairman.

lic march with steady step and unfaltering | Banks was at that time in command at Baltipurpose to a speedy and glorious victory. The more, and as it was suspected that the mem-Every triumph of the Union arms over rebel carry the State out of the Union into the Con-

[Confidential.]

Headquarters Army of the Potomac,) WASHINGTON, Sept. 12, 1861.

" Maj.-Gen. N. P. Banks, U. S. A. :- GENE-RAL :-- After full consultation with the President, Secretaries of State, War, &c., it has been now holds its subjects in bondage, release the decided to effect the operation proposed for the people of the Southern States from their 17th. Arrangements have been made to have enforced disloyalty, and give them again the ra government steamer at Annapolie to receive blessings of self government within the Union the prisoners, and carry them to their destina-

"Some four or five of the chief men in the Government to exchange the weapons of war affair are to be arrested to-day. When they meet on the 17th, you will please have everycontrol over public action and public speech thing prepared to arrest the whole party, and

"It is understood that you arrange with itary courts, and hand over again to the civil tri- General Dix and Governor Seward the modus bunals of justice the punishment of crime and operandi. It has been intimated to me that the preservation of public order, and to restore the meeting might take place on the 14th; to their firesides and their homes, clothed with please be prepared. I would be glad to have you advise me frequently of your arrangements

"If it is successfully carried out, it will go rebellion, and won the imperishable renown of far towards breaking the backbone of the resaying the glorious Union for which their fath- bellion. It will probably be well to have a special train quietly prepared to take the prisoners to Annapolis.

"I leave this exceedingly important affair to your tact and discretion-and have but one thing to impress upon you-the absolute necessity of secrecy and success. With the highest

Signed by the Committee.

ers and brothers died.

"I urge upon you to make a positive and unconditional demand for an immediate draft of

B. B. MARCY."

But worse than the draft even, in the sight ped authority, it pours out its wrath, without all just and proper modes, the deceptive and of these patriotic "democrats," are those arstint or measure, upon every act by which the perilous sophistries of the agents and political bitrary arrests that have done so much to allies of the rebellion. Let them be on their weaken the Administration. How they have guard against the arts of corruption and of thundered against them night and day as intrigue which will be brought, with unscru- breaches of the constitution, infringements of pulous desperation, to bear upon them. The the sacred liberty of person, and a reckless rebel Government, and those foreign Powers overthrow of all the safeguards against despothe States. Nevertheless, the most high-handtire legislature of a State, of the sovereign State of Mrryland-was ordered and to a cer-The lion-hearted citizen soldiers of the Repub- | tain extent executed by General McClellan .-bers of the legislature might take measures to