more emphatically by his votes h Congress. So long ago as January 18, 861, Mr Pendleton said, in the House of Re)resentatives : "Sir, the whole scheme of court in is impracitable. It is contrary to the go, his and spirit or the Constitution." He was for the Union, indeed, in a theoretical and soutimental way, but utterly opposed to the only course by which the Union could be maintained. His views were precisely analogous to these of the well-known candidate in Maine, who, being interrogated whether he was for or against the liq-uor law, responded that he was in favor of the law but against its enforcement. -

We believe we are not mistiken in saying that Mr. Pendleton voted in Ongress against every bill intended to supply men and money for carrying on the war. Take the following specimens of the support he has given the Government in its efforts to maintain the Un-

He voted against the bill to provide increased revenue from imports, etc., which passed the House Aug. 2, 1861-year 89, nays 39.

He voted against the bill to provide internal revenue, support the Government, and pay interest on the public debt, passed April 8, 18 62-yeas 126, have only 15; among the latter such patriots as Kerrigan, Voorhees, and Vallandigham, but the vast majority, oven of Demograts, voting for the i il as essential to carry on the Government. Impelled by the same motive of hostility to the war, Pendleton voted against the internal revenue act of 1864 against the tariff act of 1864, against the bill to tax insurrectionary districts, and against the treasury-note act of February 6, 1862.

Consistent in his friendship to all the open friends of rebellion, Mr. Penelleton was one of the twenty who voted against the resolution censuring Harris of Marylan & for treasonable language on the floor of the glouse.

He was willing to repuding the debt due

from the Government to a pretion of its soldiers, and voted, March 21, 1 34, for Harding's proposition that the colored coops should be cheated out of their wages et ned.

June 30, 1864, he voted ft. LeBlond's prop-

esition for an armistice and commissioners: the campaigns in Virginia 4ad Georgia then notively going forward.

He declared by his vote on the 18th of Jannary 1864, as he had in his seech above cited; that he does not believe in the right to orush the rebellion. Mr. Green Cl y Smith, of Kentucky, offered this premable ind resolution:

"Whereas, A most despe ite, wicked, and bloody rebellion exists within the jurisdiction of the United States, and the safety and security of personal and national liberty depend upon its utter and absolute extinction, there-

"Recolved, That it is to political, civil, moral, and sacred duty of the people to meet

it fight it grash it and do not it.".
This passed with but six een mays; among them, Harris, Long, Pendleon, Voorhees, and Fernando Wood.

Three resolutions were of ered in the House December 17, 1863. The first declared for the prosecution of the war. Mr. Pendleton squarely against il-Democrate with him. The second resolution

was as follows: That we hold it to be the duty of Congress to pass all necessary bills to supply men and money, and the duty-of the people to render every aid in their power to the constitutional authorities of the Governt ent in the crushing of the rebellion, and binging the leaders

thereof to condign punish a ent." This resolution was affined to-year 153. nays 1, Harris of Marylevil. Mr. Pendleton dodged the vate, although he had just voted on the preceding resolution, at appears immediately afterward voting on is next.

We thus present Mr. Pcadleton to the pecple of the North as he appears by his own words, votes, and acts. His friends—or a portion of them-may new endeavor to give him a character for devot in to the Union, but neither he nor they can escape this proof of his consistent opposition to all practicable means of maintaining and defending the Union and Constitution alike. He is not for put ting down the rebellion. - IV. Y. Tribune.

The Tribune has the failt wing pungent par-

agraphs: Gen. McClellan, in age pting the Chicago nomination without repul sting the Platform, placed himself on the Plitform all over. His eilence gave consent. And what is that Plat-The policy of his Admistration, if he should be elected, and the purposes of his managers fare to be, numietakably gathered from the speeches of the chicago ratification meetings, Their leader of the Iowa delegation, Maho zy, said: "We must elect our candidate, and then, holding out our hands to the South, invite them to come and sit: again in the Unith circle."-] A voice -" Suppose they won come ?"] " If they will not come to us, I em in favor of going to them!" Loud cheer welcomed this undisguised sentiment.

Manifestly the quickest, cheapest, and most effectual way of releasing the suffering Union prisoners of war is to strengthen Grant and Sherman, and enable them to pulverize the Rebel armies which alone interpose between us and our captive friends. Their release could be effected in this way in ninety days. The Chicago Platform chapy don't even propose to do it after March 4, 18 5.

"Well," said a Rejublican orator, at a meeting in Meridian, "I too am a peace man, but when peace comes, I pray God she may come in the shape of a white winged angel and not in the form of a white faced slave, chained under the bloo of feet of an aristocratic

"Spades not trump this time," muttered a soldier in the army of he Potomac, after reading the McClellan Plaform. There was wit as well as politics in the veteran's allusion to the afflictive genius of McClellan for intrench-. ing without marching

THE REAL TICKET .- The Detroit Advertiser relates the following: "We were amused the other night at the att mpts of one of the unwashed, whose tong a had become a little thick from the effects of his favorite beverage, to pronounce the names of the Democratic

aint it; Hurra, I say, for McCennel and Pel'ton The poor fellow got further from the mark at every attempt, until he finally gave it up in despair, exclaiming, 'O! d-n such a mixed up mess! Hurrah for Jeff. Davis!"

The army sentiment was well expressed by soldier in the Vermont election. A Copperhead ticket was thrust at him as he limped up tween Baltimore and the border last July? to the polls. He took it and looked at it musingly, then threw it away with the remark, What a thundering fool I should be to go down to Virginia to fight Rebels three years with my musket, and then come here to stab myself in the back with a piece of paper like

THE · AGITATOR

M. H. COBB, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

WELLSBOROUGH, PENN'A:

WEDNESDAY, : : : : : SEPT. 21, 1864 NATIONAL UNION TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT: ABRAHAM LINCOLN. OF ILLINOIS. FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

OF TENNESSEE. UNION ELECTORAL TICKET.

ANDREW JOHNSON,

SENATORIAL. Morton McMichael, Philadelphia.
Thomas H. Cunningham, Beaver county. REPRESENTATIVE.

Robert P. Ring,	13 Elias W. Hall,
George M. Coates, .	14 Charles H. Shrine
Henry Bumm,	15 John Wister,
William H. Kern,	16 David McConaugh
Bartin H. Jenks,	17 David W. Woods,
Charles M. Runk,	18 Isaac Benson,
Robert Parke,	19 John Patton,
William Taylor,	20 Samuel B. Dick,
John A. Hiestand,	21 Everhard Bierer,
Richard H. Coryell,	22 John P. Penney,
Edward Hailiday,	23 Ebenezer McJunk
Charles F. Reed,	24 John W. Blanchar

LOCAL TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS. S. E. WILSON, of Tioga County. FOR ASSEMBLY. JOHN W. GUERNSEY, of Tioga. ARTHUR G. OLMSTED, of Potter Co.

FOR SHERIFF. LEROY TABOR, of Tioga. FOR COMMISSIONER.

ELEAZER S. SEELEY, of Deerfield. FOR AUDITOR. JOHN G. ARGOTZINGER, of Rutland.

FOR CORONER. . DAVID S. PETERS, of Mainsburg. CONGRESSIONAL

Ir is with unfeigned pleasure that we find ourselves able to announce to the Republicans of Tioga, that the difficulties existing in this Congressional district when our paper went out last week, have been adjusted. Mr. Benson, refusing to be a party to any division in the Union ranks, declined the nomination, and re- Frank, open as the day, he is alike incapable was exceedingly important, and would do much ferred the matter back to the Conferees, who, on Saturday. generously conceded the nomination to Mr. Wilson. They frankly declared that while they had never entetained objections to Mr. Wilson, personal or political, they were sake of harmony and the good of the cause.

We speak of what we know by personal oband Charles H. Seymour, Esq., of Tioga, we ty opponent. last week visited Lycoming, Clinton, and Conter counties, and had full and free consultation with many of the prominent men there, besides a majority of the conferees. The unsolicited proposition of these gentlemen was, that the district should devote their energies to the election of Mr. Wilson, flinging past differences behind us, and only remembering the paramount duty of united action. The spirit in which these gentlemen met us will not be forgotten. It was magnanimous—such as flows from and adorns unselfish-patriotism. And to this we cheerfully bear witness.

On all hands we were met by assurances that the nomination of Mr. Wilson was satisfactory and would receive the hearty support of the party below the mountains.

They said to us-"If you of Tioga and Potter will do your duty, we will do ours; and the election of Mr. Wilson may thus be considered s fact." . 1: --

For one, we accept the terms. To the utmost of our strength we shall labor for the entire ticket. It shall never be said that we begrudged either time or labor in a canvasa so fraught with weal or wo to the country as this most undeniably is. The declination of both Mr. Armstrong and Mr. Benson, under the circumstances, was such an action as ought to characterize the truly patriotic.

Republicans, under the assurances of our friends below the mountains, we feel safe in asserting that the Union men in the 18th district go into the canvass united, and with the certainty of success.

But we can succeed only through earnest and unremitting labor.

There is no discharge in this war. We are

voting for President in October, in moral effect. Every vote given for Wilson, Guernsey, Olmstead, Tabor, Seeley, Argotzinger, and Peters, is so much strength, aid, and comfort to the Government; and every vote given their opponents is a sop flung to Jefferson Davis.

Patriots have no choice in this matter. They desire to preserve our republic as a grand unit. But not a vote can be cast on the 11th day of October that shall not either encourage or discourage the chiefs of Rebellion.

Turn it as you will, estimate it as you willevery one of us must vote for the integrity of

before his children in a day not distant.

Who does not believe that Pennsylvania this day would have been the theater of bloody civil strife had Woodward been elected last fall? Who doubts that he would have handed the the election of a tyrant to the Presidency. State over to Breckinridge when he hovered be-

If the danger was great, then, it is far greater now. If it was a time for every man to work then, it is a crime to be idle now.

In a letter written by one of the finest of our Tioga young men, received yesterday, we read-"I am ready to go anywhere, and do any necessary work ; I am ready to devote every waking hour from this hour on, to the carvass in Tioga county."

And it is to such a spirit of sacrifice that the republic will owe its redemption. Are we all like minded?

Every true patriot to his post, and Tioga will effectively strike down the allies of treason.

We this week put the name of A. G. OLY-STEAD, Esq., upon the ticket, as one of the canthe local column.

It is hardly necessary for us to multiply words in setting forth the claims of Mr. Olmstead to the fullest confidence and support of Maine, and on the 11th October we'll send the freemen of Tioga. Those claims are disputed by no true friend of the country. Personally, we know him to be a man of unblemished integrity, both as a man and a legislator, and a patriot as true as steel. In private life he is one of the most genial men with whom it has been our fortune to meet: and we most heartily endorse the recommendation of the Harrisburg Telegraph and several other journals that he be the next Speaker of the House. His prospects are first rate.

Wno does not remember how the bogns Democracy in this county opposed to the election of Mr. Grow the cry of "Tioga's rights !" It was declared to be an imposition, and a burning shame, that Tioga should, term after term. waive her right to the member. It was argued that Tioga had not had a Congressman in many years, and that each concession of rights only paved the way to continued concession and disgrace. .

Now, let us see whether these champions of 'Tioga's rights" meant what they said then. It is now twenty-six years since Tiogs county had a member of Congress. By an agreement as generous as just, the candidate is awarded to Tioga county by the Union men of the district. Every man who has clamored for the rights of Tioga has now an opportunity to aid in securing those rights. We present for their suffrages a man well and favorably known to rests" of northern traitors. all classes, a man of unquestioned integrity, of dissembling before friend or enemy, or of to break the backbone of the rebellion. stooping to low trickery to gain his ends.

the Government as administered, for the votes fit to be trusted with the reins of power. of the true freemen of the 18th Congressional moved to concede the nomination to him for the district. Those who would give their support to the country in its hour of need will work and vote for him. And those who who are in servation concerning this matter; in company favor of a disgraceful surrender to Jefferson with Hon. A. G. Olmsted, of Potter county, Davis will work and vote for his Clinton coun-

> hear Gov. Pierrepont and Col. Montgomery, at turned with faces like a hatchet. Mansfield on Wednesday evening, 28th inst., and at Wellsboro, Thursday, 29th inst., at noon. Both are Southerners, born and bred, and if ulation this fall. such men stump the State for Abraham Lincoln, the Union men of Tioga should give them | though. a rousing hearing. Both are distinguished men, and Col. Montgomery, who was the edittertaining stumper in the country. The different Leagues are expected to send full delega-

THE Vallandighammers have nominated a Mr. THEO. WRIGHT, of Lock Haven, as their candidate for Congress in this district. Mr. Wright's nomination was one eminently fit to be made. He is a Copperhead of the intensest sort; and he has money.

These are the grand qualifications for a candidate in the copperhead faction. He must be an outspoken enemy of the Government, and ready to bleed gold at every pore.

upon this we base our expectations of a full not confirmed. vote for every man on our local ticket, from Congressman to Coroner.

gogue and too much of a patriot to endanger the success of the Government in this fearful struggle for existence, by a factious opposition Centreville on Thursday, between five Union to the will of the majority. The field is now coldiers and three guerrillas. We lost two clear, and the people have but two candidates horses and had one man severely wounded in offered for their support. The issue is sharply the engagement. defined; it is Lincoln, and an united republic North, have been sent back to Atlanta, to be -or McClellan, and a country hurried into the exchanged. theaters of incessant war. These are the al- Grant's staff, dated at City Point on Wednesternatives. Choose between them.

I mean for McKellan and Plenton? No, that to vote in October will not be able to stand erect | gust, 1861, Ged. McClellan wrote his father-inlaw, Gen. Marcy, to "make a positive and unconditional demand for an immediate draft." Therefore, Gen. McClellan is a tyrant. And therefore the Vallandighammers are advocating

ALL HAIL

HOW ARE YOU, MAINE?

DOWN-EAST!!

On have you heard from MAINE? whose record bears no stain, over all the brood of treason victorious again! Her voice rings as a bugle on the field of deadly fight, her men make war like giants, their blows are blows of Might! Over the Hoosic ranges her message cleaves the air-" Set up the pins old Keystone, we've 20,000 'spare!' " Thou art a mighty bowler. O iron-sinewed Maine! the traitors fly before thee again, and yet again! Thou sit'st a faithful warder, just at the gates of day, and each September fling'st them wide and didates for the Assembly for this district. The turn'st the floods this way. Up, men of Pennproceedings of the Conference will be found in sylvania! Maine calle you to the breach; there's work for all your thousands, ay, work for all, for each.

Up, men of Pennsylvania, we hear the shout it back again!

Hurra for Maine! Her Republicans have re-elected Gov. Cony by a majority of 18,000 or 20,000, every Congressman, and pretty nearly the entire Legislature. Friends, this looks like work; and it adds six inches to the faces of the Coppers-up and down.

Shall those Downeasters beat us Tiogans? Never 1

THERE is a slight breeze in the Copperhead ranks, caused by the alleged disagreement between McClellan's letter of acceptance and the Chicago platform. We are able to derive no comfort from this much-talked-of disagreement, for the reason that small matters, such as the abandonment of a principle, never make a serious break in the ranks of an unscrupulous

The Council of War held by the chiefs of the Pit, was quite stormy. Some were for peace: but one, bolder than the rest, declared his voice to be for "open war." There arose thereupon a mighty war of words, but at last -as the poet relates, there was harmony in

The cases, to us, appear strikingly similar. Satan's kingdom will not divide permanently on any triffing disagreement about principles THE Whitefeather party villify Mr. Lincoln because of what they call his "arbitrary ar-

Yet so early as September 12, 1861, Gen. ability, and unhesitating fidelity to the great McClelllan ordered Gen. Banks to arrest the principles which underlie the superstructure Maryland Legislature, and convey the prisonof our liberties. STEPHEN F. WILSON never ets on board a Government steamer at Annapbetrayed a friend, or a trust reposed in him. olis. He assured Gen. Banks that the arrest

Therefore McClellan, being the first man to Such is the man presented by the friends of counsel and encourage arbitrary arrests, is un-

THE elongation of the Copperhead visage since the fact that there is to be no split in the trate the phiz-ical change wrought on the emigrants to California by the gold fever. They LET there be an old-fashioned turn-out to went out with faces like a full moon, and re-

> With Wilson to contend with Mr. Wright will hardly " strike ile" in his political spec-

He may strike the headwaters of Salt River,

RIGHTS OF TIOGA COUNTY .- For a quarter of a century, the gallant county of Tioga has or of the Vicksburg Whig, and had the luck to had no representative in Congress, although be shut up in that city during its bombard she has generally furnished the votes which ment by Grant, is reputed to be the most en- elected Members. This year, her Conferees demanded their right to a Member, without being gambled out of it by a "Conference"and she has gained her just desire. Her able and true Senator, STEPHEN F. WILSON, is recognized as the Administration candidate for Congress, and we trust will be elected, and the rights of glorious little Tioga cheerfully respected by the Unionists of the District. - Lewisburg Chronicle.

WAR NEWS.

On Friday morning a large force of Rebel cavalry made a dash upon the reserve herd of cattle belonging to our army, at Harrison's Landing, and succeeded in driving off about 2500 beeves. The attack was very bold, and in But Mr. Wright's cash-box cannot control such force that our guards could make no effithe Union vote of the district. It may—it will undoubtedly bring out the entire Copperhead along about 200 of our men. There was a retired to the finance of the district. It may—it will be small be sma have to pit their devotion to principles. And that the cattle had been recaptured, but it was

The Newbern Times says there is no doubt but that the interior of North Carolina is in complete unroar concerning conscripts and de-Gen. FREMONT has withdrawn from the field serters. On the 18th ult., a collision took place as a Presidential candidate. We have always in Moore County between one thousand seven regarded him as being too little of a dema- hudred descriters and the State Guard, in which the latter were repulsed, with the loss of several killed und wounded.

A skirmish took place in the neighborhood of

vortex of the terrible fate which has made Washington, Sept. 16 .- A letter received Mexico and the South American republics the in this city to-day, from an officer on General

"I have no stirring news to record to-day, THE consistency of the Vallandighammers but everything looks bright much the Every day we lie here we are weakening the is remarkable. They rave about the tyranny enemy more or less. While their troops are the Government, or for its greater peril, if we of the draft, and call Mr. Lincoln a tyrant for deserting to our lines in droves, we are receivcandidates. Hurra for McClel'n and Pen'ton, wote at all; and any man who voluntarily fails | enforcing it. Yet so early as the 20th of Au. ing large accessions of new recruits."

day, says:

The 11th Florida (rebel) Regiment, which entered the rebel service with eleven hundred men, has been reduced, deserters say, to less than one hundred, by desertions and casual ties of war, but principally by desertions. Among the seventy-eight rebel deserters brought here this morning, from City Point,

were fifteen from this regiment. CITY POINT, Sept. 13-10:30 A.M.

Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Sec'y. of War: We ought to have the whole number of men sailed for by the President in the shortest possible time. Prompt action in filling our armies will have more effect upon the enemy than a victory over them. They prefer to believe, and make their men believe, there is such a party North in favor of recognizing Southern independence that the drait cannot be enforced. Let them be undeceived. Deserters come into our lines daily, who tell us that the men are nearly universally tired of the war, and that desertions would be much more frequent, but that they believe peace will be NEGOTIATED AFTER THE FALL ELEC-

The enforcement of the draft and prompt filling up of our armies will save the shedding of blood to an immense degree.

U. S. GRANT, Lieut. General. And now for Sherman :

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 13-6:30 P.M.

Hon. E. M. Stanton, Sec'y of War: I am very glad to hear the draft will be en forced. First, we need the men; and, secondly, they come as privates to fill up our old and tried regiments, with their experienced officers already on hand; and, thirdly, because the all Wool as soon as it comes. Don't go without stockings next winter.

J. I. JACKSON. enforcement of the law will manifest a power resident in our Government equal to the occa-

Our Government, though a democracy, should, in times of trouble and danger, be able to wield the power of a great nation. ALL IS WELL HERE.

W. T. SHERMAN,

Major General. COMMON SCHOOLS.

By request of the State Superintendent the following public examinations of Teachers are

advertised. My successor will be expected to meet them : Swamp School House, (Union) October 4. Block House, (Liberty) Lynck School House, (Morris) Butler School House, (Delmar) Holliday's, (Middlebury). Close School House, (Chatham) ·" '11: Knozville, Oceola, · 13. House School House, (Farming ton) 14. Lawrenceville, Tioga, Manafield. 19. Covington, Blossburg, " 21. a 24. Dartt Settlement Wellsboro, 25. Vermilyea's, (Elk, Shippen, Gaines) Sabinsville, (Clymer) Westfield.

Brookfield, 29. Daggett's Mills. Roseville, November 1. Mainsburg, V. A. ELLIOTT, Co. Supt. Mansfield, Sept. 3, 1864.

Hon. C. R. Coburn, Superintendent of Com non Schools-Dear Sir: I herewith respectfully tender my resignation as Co., Supt. of Tioga County. This is a step it gives me pain to take. No pecuniary consideration-nothing but a sincere desire to serve my country and make an honorable escape from the coming draft could have induced me to leave the public schools of the county to enter the army. While I most earnestly hope that the Union party in this Congressional district has schools will not suffer by the change, I cantranspired, is measurable. We are reminded not but regret that I must be judged by my of some of the cartoons once employed to illus. first years experience. Allow me to take this opportunity of expressing my sincere thanks for the many favors I have received from the people among whom I have labored, and for the uniform kindness and consideration with which I have been treated by the School Department. Yours very respectfully, VICTOR A. ELLIOTT.

We publish herewith the letter of Hon. Wu. H. ARMSTRONG, declining the nomination for Congress tendered him by the Conference which assembled at Williamsport on the 8th inst.: GENTLEMEN: I acknowledge with great pleasure, the honor of the unanimous nomination for Congress, which the Union Conferees of

four counties out of the five, composing the

District, have conferred upon me. It is the more especially gratifying, that it is based upon the expressed preference of those counties in their respective Conventions. Un- ter, Lycoming, Clinton, and Centre in the National der ordinary circumstances I would cheerfully accept it, but the unprecedented position taken by the delegates of Tioga county who, professing personal regard for me, decline to unite upon any candidate but their own, persistently refusing even to meet in the "Convention of Conferees" unless this point was first yielded, cannot be viewed in any other light than the attempt of one county to coerce the views the attempt of one county to coerce the views. of four. This is disorganiation and so demoralizing would be its effect upon the party, that I cannot permit myself to be connected with it, not suffer my name to go before the or profit under the Government of the United States,

people under such circumstances.

I am fully sensible that in declining I am tent their censure, but I am so deeply impres-ed with the paramount importance of the Nased with the paramount importance of the National issues at stake, that the comparatively trifling interests of any individual should at such a crisis be laid aside. such a crisia be laid asido. Hoping you will be able to take such action

as will ensure the success of the party, and for. pledging to it my earnest support, I must beg you to permit me to decline the nomination, with many thanks for the honor you have done Very truly, yours, &c., W. H. ARMSTRONG.

The Copperhead New York State Conven-

tion has re-nominated Gov. Seymour, His election is exceedingly doubtful. The oil and water of the two factions of the modern democracy will scarcely mix in the Empire disease arising from a disordered condition of the disease arising from a disordered condition of the distance. In that case his Excllency will be laid gestive organs. For the Force and Agna there, is on the shelf.

It is lucky that Atlanta fell before the Democracy made their "immediate efforts for the cessation of hostilities." If they will put off their efforts a while longer we will have

The Republicans of Massachusetts have unanimously nominated Governor Andrews for re-election. His appears is certain.

Lumbering Establishment for Sale. THE well known Water gang, lath, steam circular, shingle and grist Mills, on Crocked Creek, in complete running order, with every requisite to continue a large and profitable business. For terms apply to Tioga, Sept. 21, 1864. E. BAYER.

Belting and Pulleys for Sale. 50 FEET, 12 INCH RUBBER BELT as good as DU new, also PULLEYS of various sizes by Tiogn, Sept. 21, 1864-1m. E. BAYER.

STRAYED OR STOLEN. On the night of the 4th of Sept. 1864, from the premises of Tubbs, Guiles & Co., two miles above Lawrenceville on the Tloga river, a dry Muley Cow, dun or mouse color; any person giving information of her whereabouts will be liberally rewarded. Sept. 21, '64-3t* JOSEPH GUILES. AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned appointed an Auditor to distri-

bute the proceeds arising from the sale of the real estate of Simon H. Landts, will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office in Wellsborn, on the 15th day of October next at one o'clock P. M. M. F. ELLIOTT, Auditor.
Wellsboro, Sept. 21, 1864. CARDING AND CLOTH-DRESSING.

THE subscriber informs the public that the business is still carried on at the old stand, name Wellshoro; that he has provided himself with a new and improved Fulling Mill that fulls Cloth in a superior manner, giving it a good firm body that will wear better and look neater than Cloth only half fulled.
We are now ready and will dress Cloth as fast as it comes. "first come, first served," is the motto, so

bring it along.

Our Carding Machines are still running, and card September 21, 1364,*

THE BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO. PIANO FORTES.

THE undersigned is selling these superior instruments at the very lowest retail prices, made with the Insulated Iron Rim and Frame, cast in one solid plate. They excel all others in durability, superiority of tone, and elegance of external appearance.

Large sizes, rich Rosewood leaves, elegantly farnished, heavy power tone, &c.

SMALL PARLOR PIANOS. full round mellow tone—easy and elastic toucn—elegant and ornamental in appearance.

All these instruments are finished with large round corners; front and back alike; center Pianos made of materials carefully selected and prepared. Every Psano warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

Send for Circulars and address I. G. HOYT.
Osceola, Sept. 21, 1861.

The Conney of full round mellow tone-easy and elastic touch-ele-

DOUNTY TO VOLUNTEERS!—The County of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS, to Volunteers enlisting to the credit of the several sub districts in said county, to credit of the several sub-districts in said county, to the extent of their respective quotas under the late call of the President.

This bounty is not in addition to that already offered by the Townships, but in lieu of it, or so much

of it as can be raised by taxation.

N. B. Recruiting Officers and all others interested, should see to it that proper certificates of enlistment and credit are made out and returned at once to the County Clerk, at Wellsboro.

JOB REXFORD,

C. F. MILLER, Com'rs. M. ROCKWELL, Attest: THOS. ALLEN, Clerk. Wellsboro, Sept. 14, 1864.

PROCLAMATION! General Election!

W MEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to regulate she General Elections of this Commonwealth," enacted on the second day of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nire, it July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nire, it is enjoined on me to give public notice of such election to held, and enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: Therefore, I, HEZEKIAH STOWELL, Jr., High Sheriff of the County of Tloga, de hereby make known and give this public notice to the Electors of said County of Toga, that a General Election will be held throughout the County on the second Tuesday of October port which will be the second Tuesday of October next, which will be the 11th day of said month at the several districts within the County aforesaid, namely :

ELECTION DISTRICTS:
Bloss, at the Union School House.
Brockfield, at the South Road School House.
Clymer, at the house of C. P. Douglas.
Chatham, at the house of E. D. Dingman.
Charleston, at the Dartt Settlement School House.
Covington Boro, at the Dyer House.
Covington Boro, at the Dyer House.
Deemled, at the Court House.
Elk, at the Smith School House.
Elk, at the Smith School House.
Elkland Boro, at the house of Charles Ryon.
Farmington, at the house of Charles Ryon.
Farmington, at the house of John A. Kemp.
Gaines, at the bouse of H. C. Vormilysa.
Jackson, at the house of John A. Kemp.
Gaines, at the house of W. Mattison
Liberty, at the house of John H. Slosson.
Lawrenceville, at the house of W. H. Slosson.
Marris, et the house of W. Y. Cempbell.
Mannsfield, at the School House.
Morris, et the house of W. Y. Cempbell.
Mainburg, at the house of R. K. Brundage.
Middlebury, at the Holliay School House.
Nelson, at the Locey House.
Oscola, at the Hotel.
Rutland, at the house of Royal Rose.
Richmond, at the house of Royal Rose.
Richmond, at the house of R. K. Brundage.
Tiogs Borough, at the Hotel of E. S. Farr.
Union at the Big Meadows School House.
Sallivan, at the School House.
Westfield, at the bonse of Jerod O. Thompson.
At which time and places are to be elected th ELECTION DISTRICTS.

At which time and places are to be elected the following District and County officers:

One person to represent the Counties of Tiogs, Pot-Congress.
Two persons to represent Tiogs and Potter Con-

ties in the General Assembly.

One person for Sheriff of Tioga County.

One person for Commissioner of Tioga County.

One person for Auditor of Tioga County.

One person for Coroner of Tioga County.

day of October.

And in and by said act, I am further directed to

give notice that every person, except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold office or appointment of trust or of this State, or of any city or incorporated dis-trict, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a spector, judge, or any other officer of any such elec-tion shall be eligible to any office then to be voted

For instructions in regard to the organization of election boards ect., see Act of Assembly of 2d July, 1839; pamphlet laws, page 219; likewise contained in a practical digest of the election laws of this Com-monwealth, furnished at every place of holding general election, page 36, etc.
Given under my hand at Wellsboro, this 31st day of Aug. A. D., 1864.

H. STOWELL, Jr., Shenz.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS is the only great strongthening propara-tions exant. It is especially adapted to those #20 are nefficted with the Fever and Ague, or any other perhaps no medicine in the world equal to it, as it enters, purifies and replenishes the blood, which is to important to bring about a healthy action in diseases of this nature. The Bitters are now among the most popular, and at the same time, valuable specifics in the medical world. In recommending it to the public, we are fully conscious of doing them a great service, knowing, as we do, their many excellent qualities, and sure and speedy action in all cases what the disease is caused by irregularity of the digestive organs. A trial will suffice for the most skeptical the disease is caused by irregularity of the digestive organs. See advertisement. For sale by Draggists and dealers generally, everywhere, [Aug. 31, '64-1m.] ers generally, everywhere.