# Call for 500.0 0 Men.

A PROCLAMATION.

WASHINGTON, July 13. WHEREAS, By not approved ply 4th, 1864, suitiled an Act further to regulate and provide for the calling out of the national forces, and for other purposes, it is provided that the President of the United States may, at his discretien, at any time hereafter, cell for any numper of men as volunteers for the respective rerms of one, two or three Jams for military service, and in case the quote of any part thereof; of any town, township, werd of a city, precinct or election district, or of a county not sub-divided shall not be filled within the space of fifty days after such call, then the President shall immediately order a draft for one year to fill such quotes or any part thersof which may be unfilled.

And whereas; The new enrolment heretofore ordered, is so far completed as that the aforesaid act-of Congress may now be put in operation for recruiting in Leeping up the strength of the armies it he field, for gatrison and such military operations as may be required for the purpose bi suppressing the rebellion and restoring the authority of the United States Government in the insurgent States; now, therefore, I, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States do issue this my call for five hundred thousand volunteers for the military service: provided nevertheless that this call shall be reduced by all credits, which may be esta lished under sention 3th of the aforesaid act on account of persons who have entered it i haval service during the present refer ion, and by credits for men inrnished to the military service is excess of calls here ofore made. Volunteers will be accepted under the call for one, two cr three years at they may elect, and will be entitled to the tounty provided by the law for the period of service for which they enlist. And I hereby proclaim, order and direct, that immediately after the 5th day of September 1864, being fifty days from date of this call, a draft for troops to serve for one year, shall be had in every town, township, ward of a city, prepinct or election district; or county not sub-divided, to fill the quota which shall be assigned to it under this call, or any part thereof which may be unfilled by volunteers on the 5th day of September 1864.

In testimony whereof I threunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affized. Done at the city of Washington, this eighteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty four, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty ninth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, By the President:

WM. H. SEWARD. Secretary of State.

#### A Terrible Calamity .- Four Children Smothored to Death in & Chest.

A man named Andrew Sologer, living near Edward's tavern, on the Kinsman street road leading to Warrensville, Oblo on Wednesday afternoon, accompanied by his wife, went into the field to work, taking with them their oidest boy, and leaving four children at home-Charles, aged ten years, Mary, aged seven, John, aged four, and Catharine, one year old. The children were told to go to the corn-house and shell some corn. On the parents returning from the field, the children could not be found, Immediate search vies made, assisted by the neighbors, but no clue to the missing little ones could be had. Mesterday morning the sparch was resumed, and another visit was made to the corn-house, in the corner of which was an old German ches, the lid of which closed firmly with a spring loak. Upon opening it a most horrible sigid vas presentedthe four children lying there cead, their faces black from suffocation. In p lying, they had got into the chart, and, either in sport or accidental, the lid was clozed, s jutting out forever the light of their young res. This is a terrible realization of Roge / favorite song of "GENEVRA."

THE SPECIAL ELECTION, to the resification or rejection of proposed (in numents to the Constitution of Pennsylvailla is to be held on August 2d. There are thing amendments to be voted for, briefly as follows: 1st. to give the soldiers of the State, which in service, the right to vote at elections: 20 That the Legislature shall not have power to pass any bill having therein more than one subject. This is to prevent "log rolling" 3d. That where the courts have full jurisdiction of any matter the Legislature shall not have power to pass any law which would in offe it, be an exercise of the same jurisdiction in authority. All of these amendments are goes, and they should be unanimously ratified by the people.

At the election there are to be three boxes. The tickets are to be labeled on the outside, "First Amendment," "Lecond Amendment," "Third Amendment." tach of such numbered tickets is to contain on the inside, "For the Amendment."

The returns are to be opened, and counted before the Legislature on the 23d of August, and the result certified by the Speakers of both Houses .- Exchange.

BUCHANAN'S OFFICE HOLDERS PLOTTING TREASON IN CANADA,—We learn from Halifax that Geo. N. Saunders and Ex-Secretary Thompson, of Buchanan's Cabinet, together with a number of other Rebels, have arrived from Europe. Simultaniously with this we bave a statement that the former of these gentlemen comes over to hely engineer the Chicago Convention, and a card from him virtually acknowledging the corn. He says that he is is valuable to either section ;" but he omits to add that he has recently honcluded a contract with certain English ship-bailders for the construction of one or more Robel pirate ships. That is the kind of "peaks" he is working for. -Albany Evening Journal. . . .

OUR CITIZENS owe it to themselves to press earnestly forward the fork of volunteering. Men of means should frirnish a double representation of recruits, and all who have influence should see that, the quotas are rapidly filled. Our State itself can become a great recraiting agent, and to the extent of all its power it should, aid the people to answer the new call without the resert to draft, Gov-ZENOE CERTIN is now, vie understand, making arrangements to recrui in the robel States: but only a portion of the demand can be supplied in this way. It is necessary that public spirit should be generally aroused to fill the State quota in the fifty days of preparation before Ha-Piett.

#### AGITATOR THE

M. H. COBB. EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. WELLSBOROUGH, PENN'A:

WEDNESDAY, : : : : : JULY 27, 1864.

NATIONAL UNION TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT: ABRAHAM LINCOLN CF ILLIMOIS.

-. FOR TICE PRESIDENT: ANDREW JOHNSON. OF TENNESSEE.

Union electoral ticket.

SENATORIAL. Morton McMichael, Philadelphia. Thomas H. Cunningham, Beaver county.

BEPRESENTATIVE. Robert P. King, 13 Elies W. Hall, 2 George M. Coates, 3 Henry Bumm, 4 William H. Kern, 14 Charles H. Shriner, 15 John Wister, 16 David McConaughy, 6 Charles M. Runk, 17 David W. Woods, 18 Isanc Benson, Robert Parke, () William Taylor, John A. Hiestand, 19 John Patten, 20 Samuel B. Dick, 21 Everhard Bierer, 22 John P. Penney, 10 Richard H. Coryell, 11 Edward Halliday, 12 Charles F. Rosd, 23 Ebenezer McJunkin, 24 John W. Blanchard.

Constitutional Amendments.

SPECIAL ELECTION, AUGUST 2,. 1864. In Tavor of Soldiers Votling.

Republican County Convention.

At a meeting of the Republican County Committee held in Wellsboro, on Saturday, the 9th inst., it was That the cutspoken and unequivocal friends and supporters of the present National and State Admin-istrations, electors of Tioga County, be requested to assemble at the usual places for holding elections in their respective election districts, on the afternoon of SATURDAY, August 13th, next, then and there to

elect two delegates to represent each such district in the Republican County Convention, to be holden at Mansfield, on FRIDAT, August 19th, following. The Committee recommend to the Committees of Vigilance that at least six days notice of such delegate elections be given by notices posted in the usual places in each district. And further, that as such Committees constitute the election boards at said election, they are especially requested to see to it that none but the outspoken and unequivocal friends of the State and National Governments as administered, be permitted to rote at said election

for dolegates.

The Convention will reminate the following can-

One person to represent the 18th District in Conone person for member of Assembly. One person for Sheriff.

One person for Commissioner. One person for Auditor.
And appoint Conferees to the Representative and Congressional Conferences,

COMMITTEES OF VIGILANCE: Bloss-A. T. James, Stephen Bowen. Brookfield-Isaac Plank, John W. Fitch. Chatham—Lucien Beach, Reuben Close.
Charleston—D. G. Edwards, H. P. Dockstader.
Clymer—B. W. Skinner, E. H. Stebbins.
Covington—Hollins Clemens, John Lewis.
"Boro—Thos. Jones, Henry Kilbern.
Desrfield—Hiram Potter, Chester Hoyt.
Pelmer—B. F. Kelser George Hildrach

Delmar—B. F. Kelsey, George Hildreth. Elk—J. C. Maynard, James F. Wescott. Elkland—Joel G. Parkburst, Amasa Culver. Farmington-Wm. Vandusen, R. T. Hell. Geines-Henry Crofut, Benj. Furmen. Jackson-Edward Kinner, O B Wells. Knoxville—J. G. Seely, Chester Hopkins, Liberty—G. R. Sheffer, Jared Phelps.

Liberty—G. R. Sheffer, Jared Phelps.
Lawrence—Dyer Powers, Dyer Inscho.

"Boro—T. B. Tompkins, James Kinsey.
Mainsburg—A. C. Witter, F. A. Fish.
Mansfield—Albert Clark, John A. Holden.
Morris—John Wilson, Edwin Gregory.
Middlebury—Wm. Stephens, A. Clark Cole.
Nelson—M. H. Brooks, Saml. Hazlett.
Occeola—A. R. Bessard, John Tubbs.
Richmond—Markie Wells, Jas. Madison Ross.
Rutland—Peter V. Vanness, Lafayette Backer.
Shippen—Horace Broughton, John Schoonever.
Sullivan—Bateman Menroe, W. A. Rockfiell.
Tioga—James Dewey, Fdsel Mitchel.

"Boro—Henry R. Fish, H. K. Smith.

Union-Solomon W. Wright, Martin Harrington. Ward-Peter Cameron, Jr., Joshua Denmark. Westfield-Orren Edgecomb, Chas, Goodspeed, Wellsbore-Elisha J. Purple, C. B. Kelly. M. H. Cobo, J. P. Biles, Geo. P. Card, Jas. H. Gulick, V. DePui, W. W. Babb, H. C. Vermilyez, Committee.

"Give me neither poverty nor riches!" That was the prayer of an ancient worthy. It comprehends more than many pretentious volumes.

Moderate poverty is a most excellent restraining influence. As vice and crime flourish in greatest degree at the extremes of Wealth and indigence, so the rarest exhibitions of virtue will be observed in those communities where the people are moderately independent. The philosophy of this appears in the fact that the force of temptation decreases as we recede from the extremes of poverty and wealth. The der is referred to the call itself. We desire to miserably poor resort to crime for temporary gain or relief, and the inordinately rich become vicious from the excesses which nature visits upon the idle and unrestrained. The middle class, in circumstances, eat their frugal viands seasoned with labor. They have no time to expend in trifling, and the constant endeavor to maintain a well-earned independence precludes the likelihood of habits of excess.

The same rule holds good with nations. Experience goes to show that great material prosperity and national integrity do not increase in like ratio. Superabundant wealth does not beget a higher appreciation of the charms of virtue. Our own country is an example of the fact practically worked out. The first half-century of our national existence was a struggle with various forms of adversity. We had the for "peace" and for the testoration of all that | disability and debts of three wars to weigh us down. Our material resources were undeveloped, we had little available capital, our commerce limited by competition with that of our formidable antagonist, Great Britain. But during that period of constant struggle with adversity the standard of common integrity was borne high. The people were contented and happy. There was a broader pattern of cloth provided for the mantle of human charity than has been used for the last thirty years before

the advent of this great war. Taking this view of the matter, we are not of those who look with fear or regret upon the magnitude of the public debt, present and prospective. The debt will have several excellent ment, which, in a season of profound peace, and folding should be observed. Let none but

tion thereby, or get repute for being "one of out that the pretended agents were not authorthe richest men in town," or that he may in- ized to act as such by the rebel authorities. dulgs in the superfluities of life, - whoever, ac. The object was to entrap Mr. Lincoln into cumulates for any of these objects, aims low, some admission or act, out of which some sort grubs under ground like a mole, strikes at the of capital might be made for the Copperheads. best interests of society, and dwarfs himself. The telegraph informs us that the rebel headbelow the stature of a man.

"I take great pleasure in paying my taxes to cause. support the Government," said he, "and am willing to pay double the amount if necessary." We present him as a specimen of a healthy citizen. The burden falls upon the shoulders best able to bear it: upon the man whose income exceeds a frugal living; and upon the man of have been printed in any of the Richmond paprosperous manufacturing and commercial pers and received the applause of Jeff. Davis. relations; upon the professions and mercantile intereste. We comprehend that it will be er the alleged decay of Justice in the North, said that the tax must finally come out of the, from which we conclude that the editors have consumer. So he it. All are consumers of a decided hankering after hemp. Certainly if staples, and bear the tax according to the quantity consumed. But to offset this we have the worker demanding and receiving increased wages for his labor. This restores the equilibrium to such a degree that the burden falls as

nearly equal as legislation can make it. War is a terrible scourge, but not, we maintain, because it increases the common debt. With a debt of \$1,700,000,000 owed to its own citizens, the Government is this day stronger by many fold than ever before. Find a croaking, snarling, faultfinding man among those who have permanent incestments in national stocks if you can! Men who gamble in stocks will grumble when they want to buy at low figures. But that is true of stock-gamblers in all times. The true creditors of the Government always work together for its support and where the interest of each is the interest of all.

And it will be observed that the bitterest opponents of the Government as administered, as well as the noisiest grumblers about taxation, pay the least taxes, and therefore feel the burden of the public debt the least of all. It is a good thing to ask these railers how much they pay to sustain the Government.

THE SECOND OF AUGUST is very near. Before another, number of this paper is published the freemen of Pennsylvania will have given to the soldiers the constitutional right to vote in their respective camps, or have failed to give them that right. Failure can come only through the criminal neglect of the Union voters. The Woodocrats are thoroughly organized to contest this matter at the polls all over the State. They will contest it in Tioga, howthe contrary. They are sleeplessly active.

Union men, how is it with you? Are you the matter in issue? Or will you say to your place of this date having been transmitted selves-" It will all come out right without my over their wires ... vote !"

We do assure you that such a frame of mind is dangerous. It is suicidal. It threatens de- this office up to this hour-4 o'clock. feet to a vitally important measure. Defeat at Nzw York, July 22,-4 P. M.-Despatches damaging than a defeat in the field.

ery county to defeat you next Tuesday. Every Union paper we open speaks of these secret organizations. The enemies of the Government are never idle. If an open, above-board cam- had been superseded by Gen. Hood, and that paign will not do they will not scruple to em- a battle had taken place between the two arploy secret, underhanded measures.

The truth is, freemen of Tioga, THE WOOD WARD PARTY INTEND TO STILL-HUNT. YOU NEXT TUESDAY!

Wz publish elsewhere the President's Proclamation, calling for 500,000 volunteers for one, sending Early to Winchester and taking the two, and three years. For particulars the ren- other-division toward Millwood. call attention to certain facts which the town- front of Winchester, killing and mounding ship and other authorities may find suggestive. 300 of his officers and men, capturing four An act of Congress of last winter authorizes the Governor of any State to recruit in any of the States in rebellion, the recruits so obtained our hands. Col. Board of the 53th Virginia to count on the quote of the State so recruit- is killed.

Now this recruiting in rebellious States will be done through Agents authorized by the Governor.. If Tioga County, or any township or borough therein, or several townships combined, wish to recruit their quotas in this manner, they will do well to apply to Gov. Curtin for authority to do so; then select the best man in the county and employ him to go South and

recruit. better. Townships and borcoghe could then repulsed with much slaughter and driven into receive men according to their willingness to their fortifications. Maj. Gen'l M'Pherson dupay for them.

The quota of the county can be very nearly filled in this way and by home volunteers, and a draft avoided.

But not if we sit down and suck our fingers, or ring bells and meet together to wrangle. The agents first in the field will get the most

men with the least money. We can only arge the authorities to act, and without delay. When the time for action comes, our entire support may be counted on. What will you do?

THE TICKETS to be voted next Tuesday are to be folded as ballots are commonly folded-with the words "For the Amendment," effects. It will constrain to the exercise of concealed. There are ten ballots for each of economy in the administration of the govern- the Amendments on a sheet. Care in cutting under Mr. Buchanan, coat nearly \$00,000,000. reliable persone distribute tickets. the crops in this region.

Much interest has been excited touching cer-It will also beget and fix habits of economy upon the people at large. It will weaken the tein peace propositions said to have emanated vice of avarice, and finally emancipate hund. from rebel agents in Canada, and directed to reds of thousands from its hateful thrall. It the Government. The rebel agents, through is undeniable that money-getting for the love Horace Greeley, applied for a safe-conduct to of accumulating, has been a prominent char- Washington and back to Canada. Mr. Linacteristic of the American people in this latter | coln replied that any persons authorized to sot age. It is well to accumulate; but whoever for the rebel authorities, in the matter referred accumulates that he may purchase social post- to, would be received and protected. It turned

quarters in Canada are much frequented by We were struck with the remark of a white, prominent Copperhead politicians just now. haired old man in conversation a few days ago. That is right. They are engaged in a common

We lately glanced over the editorials of the Harrisburg Patriot & Union, for which constructive treason against Time we hope to be forgiven. We found nothing that might not tack the wheat. We noticed, however, many plaintive wails ov-Justice were done, the proprietors of that paper would be required to emigrate South or

THE New York Dailies have raiesed their subscription price to \$10. Printing paper is 25 cents per pound—about three times as much as of old. Ink has advanced 80 per cent, and other materials nearly in proportion. No city weekly of reputation can now be had for less than \$2. Club rates are abolished.

For these reasons we have advanced the rate of advertising in this paper 25 per cent.

## WAR NEWS.

We give the latest news from Gen Sherman; who is said to have occupied Atlanta and severed the connection between that place and Richmond, thus preventing any immediate reencouragement. They are in a co-partnership inforcement of Lee by Johnston. The importance of this victory, if true, cannot be overra-

> The absence of news of active operations in Grant's department need not be taken as evidence of inactivity. Gen. Grant is never idle. He has never yet failed. His manner of conducting a campaign ignores the flourish of trumpets. Be patient and hopeful, for than Gen. Grant there is no more skillful and thoroughly earnest chieftain in America.

GENERAL SHERMAN'S ADVANCE!

Louisville, July 22,-The Nashville Union, of yesterday, says that on Monday morning Decatur, Georgia, was occupied by our forces. thus cutting off all rebel communication with South Carolina by way of Macon.

Deserters and stragglers have been coming into our lines in great numbers since we crossed ever their words and actions may indicate to the Chattahoochie. They represent that all hope of saving Atlanta has disappeared.

New York, July 22 .- The Western Union thoroughly awake to the vital importance of with Atlanta, Ga., to-day, messages from that Telegraph Company are in communication

. No official announcement of the capture or occupation of Atlanta has been received at

to private parties state that Atlanta was this the bellot-box in such a cause cannot be less morning occupied by Sherman's force, and that General Thomas has his head-quarters in And we can assure you that the enemies of that city. This statement is credited in offthe Government are secretly organizing in evil cial circles, and we think no doubt need be entertained in regard to it.

Washington, July 22-A despatch was received by the Government this afternoon, announcing that the rebel General Johnston mles, in which Sherman defeated the enemy. Washington, Thursday, July 21, 1864.

A dispatch from Gen. Hunter reports that the following has just been received from Gen. Averill:

" Near Winchester, July 20 .- Breakenridge divided his force at Perryville last night,

"I attacked and defeated Early to-day in cannon, several hundred small arms, and about 200 prisoners.

"Gen Lilley is seriously wounded and in

The cannon and prisoners have been sent te Martinsburg.

"The enemy's loss in officers is heavy. "Prisoners admit their force to have been

WASHINGTON, July 24-11 P. M. The government has received dispatches from Gen. Sherman announcing that on Friday the rebels under Gen. Hood massed a heavy force against his left wing and made a desperate attack, gaining a temporary advantage. The enemy after terrific fighting, in If the Commissioners will act, so much the which a number of charges were made, were ring the battle became separated from his staff, and was killed by a sharpshooter. -

A later dispatch says our forces had obtained possession of the elevated ground on the northeast of the town and that siege guns had been mounted, which command the place .-Also that the rebels were burning their stores preparatory to a retrogade movement. Car troops buried one thousand rebels left

on the field and within our lines. Besides which the rebels buried many of their dead near their own works.

Upon this basis is estimated that the rebel killed and wounded on Friday will exceed 6,-600, the proportion of killed and wounded in battle being about one to seven, Our loss will reach about 2,500 in killed and

mounded. Everybody feels confident that Atlanta by this time has fallen into our hands.

THE rain of Monday last, greatly benefitted

THE Copperhead papers are choked nearly to strangulation, by the victory of the Rearsarge over the Alabama. The idea that an American ship should be shown, in a fair fight, to be better built and manned and armed and fought than an Anglo vessel of the same class, is a cruel mortification to American Tories. The Copperhead newspapers have no space for details of the victory of the Kearsarge. If the Alabama had sunk the Kearsarge, they would have issued extras, and left out editorial matter, in order to give the full particulars.

The Copperhends seem to neglect a great argument which might be used against Mr. Lincoln. It is from a recent speech of Hon. J. L. M. Curry, the Secession leader of Alabama. "Should Lincoln be re-essent, says Mr. Carry, "our fond hopes will be dashed to the ground." This is an argument "Should Lincoln be re-elected," the Copperheads neglect.

THE bay crop of Cheater County is abundant; not a ton was damaged by the rain. The crop has been gathered and housed in less time than usual, despite the alleged insufficiency of labor. Next week the farmers will at-

POUND AT LAST!—It is found that the Coccanut Oil is far superior to all the famous Hair restoratives now in use. It stops the hair from coming out, removes dandruff, softens the scalp and promotes the growth of the hair. The new Coccanut Hair Oil for sale at Roy's Drug Store, is undoubtedly the most elegant and useful hairdressing in the market.

#### ANNOUNCEMENTS. FOR SHERIFF.

We are requested to anounce the name of LEROY TABOR, of Tiega, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff; subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention,"

FOR COMMISSIONER. We are authorized to appounds the name of GEO FERRIS, of Chatham township, as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the de-sision of the Republican County Convention.

We are requested to announce the name of REU-BEN MORSE, of Chatham, as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the deci-sion of the Republican County Convention.

We are requested to appounds the name of W. P. SHUMWAY, of Charleston, as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

### Orphaus' Court Sale.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Tioga county, bearing date the 20th day of July, 1864, the following described real estate, late the property of Horace Davis, late of said county, deceased, will be offered at public sale on the premises, on Monday the 22d day of August, 1864, at 2 o'clock, P. M.:

A lot of land in the Borough of Mansfield, in said county, bounded on the north by lot of Mrs Eunice Sykes, on the east by the Williamson Road, on the south and west by Mrs. Alice Phelps-containing about one-half of an acre, with frame house and barn and fruit trees thereon. Terms of sale, cash, on confirmation of the sale.

A. J. ROSS, Adm'r of the estate of Horace Davis, deceased.

Mansfield, July 27, 1864-4t.

#### HUGH YOUNG, BOOKSELLER & STATIONER \_ AND DEALER IN

American Clocks, American, English, and Swiss Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, Spectacles, Picture Frames, Photographic Albums, Stereoscopes, Microscopes, Perfumery, Yankes Notions, Fishing Taskle and Flies, and Fancy and Toilet Articles.

SCHOOL BOOKS of every kind used in the County, constantly on hand and sent by mail or other erwise, to order.

NO. 5, UNION BLOCK, WELLSBORO, PA. DR. JACKSON. THE CELEBRATED

 $\mathbf{G}\mathbf{M}\mathbf{A}$ Indian Physician, OF ERIE CITY, PENN'A,

REFORM BOTANIC,

#### Pennsylvania State Mormal School. MANSFIELD, TIOGA CO., PA. THE Second School Year will commence on Mon-

dey, September 5, 1884.
PROF. F. A. ALLEN, for the past six years in FROM. F. A. ALLEM, for the past six yours in charge of the Chester County (Re.) Normal School, has been sleated Principal, and Prof. Frank Grossyrecently of the same institution, has been appointed to the Professorship of Languages and Literature. Prof. ALLEM is well known throughout the State as a gentleman of accurate scholarship, passessing a practical environments. tical experience of fifteen years as an educator of teachers. Prof. Chossy possesses the advantage of a rare and successful experience as a teacher of the various branches which are pursued in schools of the

higher grade.
Excellent Chemical and Philosophical apparatus will be in readiness at the opening of the School.
A Gymnasium will be erected, for which a valuable apparatus has already been secured. Tunion, in advance, per term, \$6.00. No extra

charges for the languages or mathematics. Boarding in the hall, or in private families, from \$2.53 to \$3.00 por week.

W. C. RIPLEY,

ALBERT CLARZ, See'y. Pres't Board of Trustees,
Mansfield, July 20, 1864-17.

# Wheeler's Horse Powers and Thresh-

joining counties, that he still continues to sell the above named MACHINES, and that I have the pleasure of offering this season some valuable improvements on the cld machines and a large a ldition to the variety. I now have for sale Railroad Herse Powers for one, two, and three herses, three different sizes of Wheeler's Rake Cleaners, six horse Lever Powers, Howard's Mowers and combined Mowers and Reapers, Smith's Green Mountain Shingle Machine Palmer's self-sustaining Horso Forks, Clover Hullers, Feed Cutters, Circular and Drag Saws, adapted to horse powers. Horse Rakes, &c., &c. All of which will be sold strictly at the manufac

turer's prices, adding transportation, and will be war-ranted to give entire satisfaction or no sale. Extras for repairing old machines kept on hand. WM. T. MATHERS, of Wellsbore, and G. H. WM. T. MATHERS, or hensoore, and G. H. BAXTER & CO., of Noison, ere my assistant agents for Tioga County, where Forks will be kept on hand and orders left for other Machinery will be promptly attended to. Descriptive Circulars containing price list sent to all applicants.

B. S. TEARS.

WANTED! FEW of the COUNTY BOUNTY BONDS for JOHN N. BACHE.

CASH.
Wellsboro, July 13, 1864. RUIT JARS a large supply of Glass Jars and Bottles, of various pattents for preserving fruits, will be found at Roy's Drug Store.

Troy, Pa., June 29, 1864-tf.

KEROSINE LAMPS at ROY'S DRUG STORE.

## PROCLAMATION! Special Election:

HEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly V HEREAS, by an act of the or neral Assembly of the Commonwealth of Fenn virtualia, passed the 131 day of April, A D. one thousand eight bundred and sixty four—it is provided, that for the parpose of ascertaining the sense of the people of this poss of ascertaining the sector of the proper of this Commonwealth, in regard to the adoption or rejection of certain Amondments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, or rather of them, which are beginning after specified, it it enjoined on the to give pair, notice of each electron to be hold—therefore I, it? notice of finite electrics to be held—therefore I, high called the County of Tioga, do hereby mand known or give this public notice to the electron of raid county of Tioga, then Special Licetton will be held throughout the county on the first Tuesday of August, which will be the 2d day of said month of August heat, at the service direction within county stream, namely

ELECTION DISTRICTS

Lies, another Union School House
Brookfield, at the South Road Sereol House,
Claure at the house of C. P. Douglas,
Charleston, at the burst Fottlement Serool House
Covington Bore, at the Dyer House,
Covington Bore, at the Dyer House,
Covington Bore, at the Dyer House,
Covington Township, at the Dyer House,
Destfield, at the Cowanesque House,
Delmar, at the Count House,
Elk, at the Smith School House,
Elkland Horo, at the house of Charles Ryon,
Farmington, at the house of John A. Kemp
Gallass, at the house of H C. Vermiyea,
Jackson, at the house of H C. Vermiyea,
Jackson, at the house of Famili Mattison
Liberty, at the house of Famili Mattison
Liberty, at the house of John H. Siossen
Mansfield, at the School House,
Mornity, or the house of W. T. Campbell
Mansfield, at the School House,
Mornity, at the house of W. T. Campbell
Malbury, at the House of M. B. Brundage,
Middlebury, at the Huse of R. B. Brundage,
Middlebury, at the Huse of R. B. Brundage,
Middlebury, at the House
Oscoela at the Hotse,
Rutland, at the house of Doyal Rose.
Elichmond, at the house of Doyal Rose. . . FLECTION DISTRICTS Consoli, at the Hotel.

Rutland, at the house of Royal Rose.

Rutland, at the house of Royal Rose.

Rutland, at the house of John Hillyer.

Shippen, at the Eig Mediows School Hause

Sullivan, at the house of R. S. Brunlage

Tioga Borough, at the Hotel of F. S. Parr.

Tioga Township, at the Hotel of F. S. Farr

Union at the house of John Isric

Weilsboro, at the Court House.

Ward, at the School House.

Wettheld, at the house of Jerod O. Thompson,

At which time and Many Totas will be

At which time and place votes will be received for er against the following amendments.

1st Anendrent, Lietien 4-Whenever and of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual Military partice, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are or shall be prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual plans. of elections.

2d Amendment, Section 3-No bill shall be passed by the Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the till, except

which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.

3d Amendment, Section 9—No bill shall be pasced by the Legislature, granting any powers or privileges, in any case where the authority to grant such powers, and in the contract the contract of t or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred Courts of this Commonwealth, has been agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each House of the Legislature, at two successive sea. sions of the same.

It is further directed that the meeting of the return

Judges at the Court House in Wellsborough to make out the general returns shall be on the first Friday succeeding the said election, which will be the 5th day of August. AN ACT

Prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the

people, for their approvel and ratification, or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution, WHEREAS, A joint resolution, proposing certain mendments to the constitution of this commonwealth, has been agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each house of the legislature, at two each successive sessions of the same, the first session commencing on the first Tuesday of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and natythree, and the second session commencing on the hist Tuesday of Jenuary, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight bundred and sixty-four:

And whereas, It is provided in the touch stills of

the constitution, that any amendment, so agreed upon, shall be submitted to the people, in such manner, and such times, at least three months after being so agreed to by the two houses, as the legislature shall prescribs, such submission to be in such manner, and form, that the people may vote for, or against, such amendment

separately, and distinctly: therefore,
Section 1. That said election shall be appead, held and closed, upon the day last aforestid, at the places, and within, which the general elections of this commonwealth are directed to be opened, held, and closed and it shall be the daty of the judges, inspectors and clerks, of each of said townships, boroughs, waris precincts, and districts, to receive, at the said elec-tion, tickets, not exceeding the number of proposal tion, therets, not exceeding the human to his real amendments, either written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, from each of the quality voters of this State, who may offer the same and to deposit them in a box, or boxss, to be for that purpose newtided by the proper offers, which ticket shall be, respectively, labelled, on the catalle, "First Amendment," "Second Amandment," and "Third Amendment," and those who are favorable to said Cameron, N. Y., Briggs House, Tuesday, Aug. 2. '64.
Rathbouville, N. Y., Rathbon House,
Wednesday, August 3,
Addison, N. Y., Declittle House,
Thursday, Aug. 4,
Corning, N. Y., Dickinson House,
Bath, N. Y., Park House,
Saturday and Sunday, Aug. 6 and 7,
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Saturday and Sunday Aug. 6 and Saturday and Sunday, Aug. 6 and 7, Lawrenceville, Pa., Slosson's Hotel, Tuesday, Aug. 9, Wednesday, Aug. 10, Wednesday, Aug. 11, Blossburg, Pa., U. S. Hotel, Thursday, Aug. 11, Blossburg, Pa., Hall's Hotel, Friday, Aug. 12, care amendments not approved by them, containing on the invide thereof, the words, "Against the Amendment," the electors, roting for, or against, the first amendment, shall be considered as voting for, or against, the first amendment, shall be considered as voting for, or against, the first amendment, shall be considered as voting for, or against, the first amendment, shall be considered as voting for, or against, the first amendment, shall be considered as voting for, or against, the first amendment and there were a substitution, extending the right of suffrequity. the constitution, extending the right of suffreg; to soldiers; electors, voting for, or against, the second amendment, shall be considered as voting for, or against, the proposed eighth section to article eleven of the constitution; and electors, voting for, or against, the third amendment, shall be considered as

against, the third amendment, shall be considered a voting for, or against, the proposed minth section to article eleven of the constitution.

Escrive 2. That the elevitors, on the said proposed amendments, shall, in all respect, be conducted as the general elections, of this commonwealth, are now conducted; and it shall be the duty of the return judges, of the respective counties, and districts, thereof, first having executing executioned the number of votes given for, or against, each of said amend-ments, in the manner aforesaid, to make out duplicate returns thereof, expressed in words, at length, and not in figures: only; one of which returns, so made, shall be ledged in the protonorary's office, of the court of common pleas, of the proper county, and the other sealed, and directed, to the secretary of the commonwealth, and by one of said judges deposited forthwith, in the most convenient post office, upon which postage shall be prepaid, at the expense of the

proper county.

Section 4. That the several duties required to be performed by the sherius, commissioners, constables, judges, inspectors, and all other officers, whatever, in, and about the general elections of this common-wealth, shall be performed, by such officers, in and THE subscriber would respectfully announce to to the Threshers and Farmers of Tioga and adjoining counties, that he still continues to any local commission of any offence, at in or about the said closest of the still continues to adjust the still continues to adjust the said closest of about, the election herein provided for; and all percommission of any offence, at, in, or about, the said election, as they would, for the neglect of like duty, or the commission of like offece, at, in, or about, the same all elections of the offece, at, in, or about, the seneral elections of the offece, at, in, or about, the general elections of this commonwealth.

eneral elections of this commonwealth.

HENRY C. JOHNSON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives,

JOHN P. PENNEY.

Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The twenty-third day of April, Anno

Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-fer.

A. G. CURTIN

For instructions in regard to the erganization collection boards ect., see Act of Assembly of 24 July. 1830; pamphlet laws, page 219; likewise contained in a practical digest of the election laws of this Commonwealth, furnished at every place of holding sentent election news

eral election, page 86, etc.
Given under my hand at Welisboro, this 1st day of
July, A. D., 1864.

H. STOWELL, Jr., Sherif.

## AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

HE undersigned appointed an Auditor to di tribute the money raised by the sale of the real estate of G. D. Smith, late of Wellsbero, dead, will attend to the duties of said appointment on Wednesday, the 10th day of August, next, at the Commis-sioner's Office in Wellsboro, at 1 o'clock P. M. THOS. ALLEY, Auditor. Wellsboro, July 13, 1834.

MOTICE. A LL persons indebted to A. R. Wightman, will find their accounts with H. C. Bosworth for sittlement. Please call immediately.

July 18, 1864-3t.