The Tioga County Agitetor ; BY M. H. COBB

BY M. H. COBB Published every Wednesday morning and a Med to subcribers at ONE DOLLAR AND FIFT! ENTS per year, always IN ADVANCE. The paper is sent postage free to county sub bribers, though they may receive their mail at post lees lo-cated in counties immediately adjoining, 11 jonven-

nience. THE AGITATOR is the Official paper of -Si ka Co., and circulates in every neighborhood there scriptions being on the advance-pay system, it circu-lates smong a class most to the interest of ad ertisers to reach. Terms to advertisers as libera as bese of-fered by any paper of equal circulation in forthern Pannsvirania. nience. Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania. The Across on the margin of a paper denotes that the subscription is about to expire. Papers will be stopped when the start intro-time expires, unless the agent orders their continu-

VOL. X.

Sweet.

TREES ! TREES ! FOR SALE.

Apple, Price 20 cts. Extra, 25 cts.

ORAB .--- Large yellow and red. Small, do, do.

Bloodgood, Beurre Gifford, Carpenter, Dearborn Seedling, Gansel's Burgamot, Golden Beurre of Gil-

SUMMER VARIETY .- Early Harvest, Red As-

JAS. LOWREY & S. F. WILSON; A TTOBNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW, will attend the Courts of Tioga, Potter and McKean counties. [Wellsboro, Jan. 1, 3863.]

DICKINSON HOUSE,*

CORNING, N. Y. MAJ. A: FIELD,......Pro nietor. GUESTS taken to and from the De, ot free of charge. [Jan. 1, 1863.]

PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE, CORNEL OF MAIN STREET AND THE AVENUE,

Wellsboro, Pa. THIS popular Hotel, having been re-fitted and re-furnished throughout, is now open to the public as a first-class bouse. [Jan. 1, 1883.]

D. HART'S ROTEL. WELLSBORO, TIOGA CO. PENNA.

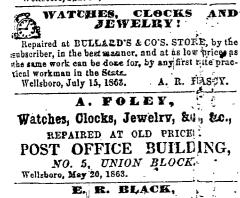
THE subscriber takes this method to horm L his old friends and customers that be ins re-sumed the conduct of the old "Crystal F antain Hotel," and will hereafter give it his entire at intion. Thankful for past favors, he solicits a renewal of the same. DAVID HART. Wellsboro, Nov. 4, 1863.-1y.

IZAAK WALTON HOUSE, Gaines, Tioga County, Pa.

THIS is a new hotel located within easy ac-T cess of the best fishing and hunting grounds in. Northern Pennsylvania. No pains will be spared for the accommodation of pleasure scekers and the travelling public. [Jan. 1, 1863.]

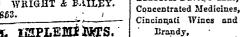
WELLSBORO HOTEL

B. B. HOLIDAY,.....Proprietor. THE Proprietor having again taken possission of the above Hotel, will spare no pains to jusure the confort of guests and the traveling public. At-centive waiters always ready. Terms reasons ile. Wellsboro, Jan. 21, 1863.-tf.



BARBER & HAIR-DRESSER. SHOP OVER C. L. WILCOX'S ST)RE, NO. 4, UNION BLOCK. Wellsboro, June 24, 1863.

FLOUR AND FEED STURE. WRIGHT & BAILEY AWE had their mill thoroughly repaired and see receiving fresh ground flour, feed, meal, &c., avery day at their store in town Cash pailt for all kinds of grain. WRIGHT & BAILEY. Wellsborg, April 21, 1863. AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMINTS.



AUTUMN VARIETY.—Beurre Bosc, Beurre Di-el, Beurre Ganbault, Bezi De La Mott, Beurre De Amilis, Buffon, Cushing, Dix, Dutchess de Angou-leme, Flemish Beauty, Fon Dante de Automne, Ful-ton. Henry Fourth, Louise Bonne de Jersey, Maria de Louise, Napoleon, Onondago, Paradise de Autom-ne, Seckel, Sheldon, Sweet Pear, Stevens' Genesce, Urbaniste, Woodstock, Vergalien, Washington. WINTER VARIETY.—Glout Morceau, Passe Colmar, Winter Wadden, Lawrence, Vicar of Wink-field. Winter Nelis. When lo! the Lord, who many mansions had, field, Winter Nelis. Plums, Price 50 ets. Frinns, Frice overs. Blecker's Gage, Columbia, Coc's Golden Drop, Egg Plum, Groen Gage, Imperial Gage, Jefferson, Law-rence Favorite, Lumbard, Magnum, Bonnum, Princes Gage, Red Gage, Smith's Orleans, Washington, Hu-ling Superb Did she make answer selfishly and wrong : ling Superb. Peaches, Price 18 cts.

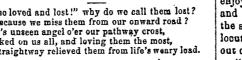
Peaches, Price 18 cts. Bergen Yellow, Melocoton, Crawford's Early, Early York, Red Rare Ripe, Sweet Water, Geo. the Fourth, Lemon Cling, Red Cheek Melocoton. Cherries, Price 38 cts. Black Heart, Black Eagle, Black Tartarian, Down-er's Late Red, Mayduke, Guigne, Eltón, Late Black, Grey's Early White, Napoleon Bigereau, Amber, Yel-low Spanish, Beauman's May, Holland Bigareau, Golden Drop of Herrington. GRAPES.—Isabella, Diana, Hartford Prolific, Ca-tawba, Rebecca, Delaware, Concord, White Sweet Water, Black Burgundy.

Water, Black Burgundy. GOOSEBERRIES.—English—several varieties. CURRANTS.—White. Cherry, Dutch and Red.

CURRANTS.—White. Cherry, Dutch and Red. ORNATIENTAL. Norway Spruce, Balsam Fir, Scotch Fir, American Arborvitæ, Siberian do. Weeping Mountain Ash, Monntain Ash, Horse Chestnut, European Larch, Green Forsythea, Whité Flowering Deutzia, Graceful Deutzia, Chinese Wiegelia, Rosce, Basket Willows. The above I offer for sale at my Nursery. They are all of superior quality. In digging and packing, care will be taken; and the charge for packing will be the cost of materials used. Trees will be delivered at the Tioga depot free of charge. Call at the Nur-sery, and look at the trees for your own satisfaction. B. C. WICKHAM. Tioga. Tioga Co., Pa.—March 9, '64-3m^{*}

WHOLESALE DRUG STORE.

Prince's Metalle Paint, Pfizer & Co's Chemicals, Thaddeus David's Inks, Fluid Extracts, Concentrated Medicines, Rochester Perfumery and Flavoring Extracts, Paints and Oils.



Kommer, Annow Y. Harrow T. Harry Harvest, Red Bseck trachan, Early Strawberry, Juneting, Early Sweet Bough, Early White, Jenkens' Pippen, Goldon Sweet. *AUTUMN VARIETY*.—Autumn Bongh, Graven-stein, Porter, Autumn Strawberry, Hawley or Dowse, Pear, Henry, Prince, Ganada Snow, Jersey Sweet, In their Redeemer's presence evermore, And God himself their Lord, and Judge, and King.

Aye, look upon this dreary desert path, The thorns and thistles wheresoe'er we turn : Pears, Price 50c. Extra, ex. Price. What trials and what tears, what wrongs and wrath, What struggles and what strife, the journey bath! SUMMER VARIETY .- Bartlett, Brandywine, They have escaped from these ;--- and lo ! we mourn

Ask the poor sailor, when the wreck is done, Who with his treasures strove the shore to reach, While with the raging waves he battled on. Was it not joy, where every joy seemed gone, To see his loved one landed on the beach? bon, Harvest, Julienne, Madeliene, Rostiezer, Osborn Summer, Summer Frank Real, Tyson. AUTUMN VARIETY.—Beurre Bosc, Beurre Di-

A poor wayfarer, leading by the hand A little child, had halted by the well, To wash from off flor feet the clinging sand, And tell the tired boy of that bright land Where this here improved the horsest Where, this long journey past. they longed to dwell,

Drew near and looked upon the suffering twain; Then, pitying, spake, "Give me the little lad; In strength renewed, and glorious beauty clad, I'll bring him with me when I come again."

"Nay, the woes I feel he too must share!" Or, rather, bursting into grateful song, She went her way rejoicing, and made strong To struggle on, since he was freed from cure.

We will do likewise. Death hath made no breach In love and sympathy, in hope and trust. No outward sign or sound our cars can reach; But there's an inward, spiritual speech, That greets us still, though mortal tongues be dust.

It bids us do the work that they laid down-

Take up the song where they broke off the strain So journeying till we reach the heavenly town, Where are laid up, our treasures and our crown-And our lost loved ones will be found again.

Select Story.

[From the American Union.] THE BEGGAR BOY. BY SYDNEY, HERCERT.

Mr. Moneypenny shook his head.

"Sure, sir, you're not going to let me pass this comfortable place at night fall, when I only ask the same shelter that your horses and oxen have, and a toss on the straw which will be none the worse for it?" Still Mr. Moneypenny shook his head.

"The night is keen, sir, and very, very cold and I have nothing to pay for my ludging; and

it is very hard that you won't give me a privilege that costs you nothing, and is of the very greatest consequence to me."

nough. I can't let stragglers into my out

some uneasiness, that his new friend was furnished with some "warm drink," which he was | was too skillful a tempter to repeat the provoenjoying with great gusto. Oliver was direct and straightforward, and he went at once to and that was enough. To overdo the matter, the side of the "old man," as the stable interlocutors had termed him, and asked for a word out of doors. "Have you sold cattle to-day, sir?" he

asked. "To be sure," said the other, placing his

T AGTTATO

Devoted to the Extension of the Area of Freedom and the Spread of Healthy Reform.

WHILE THERE SHALL BE A WRONG UNRIGHTED, AND UNTIL "MAN'S INHUMANITY TO MAN" SHALL CEASE, AGITATION MUST CONTINUE.

WELLSBORO, TIOG'A COUNTY, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 20, 1864.

hand inside of his waistcoat, to satisfy himself that his pocketbook was still there. "What of that, my lad ?"

Oliver recounted what he had heard. "Oh, ho !" said the other with a chuckling

laugh, "I'll stay and face them out !" "Well, sir-I've done my duty, and hope

you do'nt think me impertinent." "Not a bit-not a bit. Come to think, I won'r stay. I'll go. Who are you ?" "I'm a young man looking for shelter, clo-

thing and food, and willing to earn them. I've no father and no mother-am many miles from what I used to call home, and have no friends. And I answor to the name of Oliver."

"Well, Oliver, go tell the hostler to put that sorrel horse into the York wagon, and as you have no particular engagement, go home with me to-night. There are no highwaymen in the house, or footpads, but there are some people not much better-they are gamblers."

Oliver did as he was requested, and was not at all unwilling to change his stable quarters for a bed in the farmer's house. Not to multiply words, the end of the adventure was, that he was engaged as a farm hand by his new friend.

Mr. Gregory was a farmer, well to do in this world. Everything about his homestead had an air of abundant and substantial comfort .---He rejoiced in the possession of many acres, from which he was content to draw the means of living, without incurring debt; satisfied if he derived income sufficient from his farm, to pay his taxes and meet his cash expenses. The thought of accumulation or investment never occurred to him, although, in spite of his carelessness, ready money would cometimes gather on his hands until he was compelled to "put it out." He had a thrifty, managing wife, and three children. The daughter was at home, her mother's assistant. The two sons were away-like many farmers' sons, despising the honest independence of their father's avocation. And Oliver came along very opportunely to be to Mr. Gregory what one or both of his sons should have been.

Oliver, as he had said, was an orphan boy, but his conduct proved that he had received a good training. He caused Mr. Gregory's farm, a yield profits most gratifying, as they were anexpected ; for many losses which had previ-ously occurred from want of attention and foresight, ceased under his closer management.-He had an innate aversion to idleness, and a habit of seeking and planning daily precautions against waste and inconvenience. And he insensibly and unintentionally so ingratiated

nor his return was noticed, and he saw, with | prove that he was his own moster ! Many a man has made a similar error. Moneypenny cation. He saw that it was doing its work, would have been to defeat his purpose. Still there was left too much influence of the man over his master, to suit the ends of the clique, and they bethought thomselves of a new molle to lessen it.

NO. 34

"Are your sons at home, Gregory ?" asked Moneypenny. "No-they neither of them take to farm-

ing." "It's very well, then, that you have this Oliver What's-his-name to look after matters." "I could'nt have a better."

"Interest, man-interest. Everybody naturally guards his own, and is careful of the pro-

perty to which he hopes to have a title." "I do'nt understand you."

"Perhaps not-but perhaps your daughter does. It's all very well on some accounts to keep a faithful servant; but most people dislike the idea of harboring a stroller to marry into the family."

"Nonsense !" exclaimed Gregory. But the shot had TOLD as well as the other; and when the farmer walked his horse past his kitchen window, and saw the cheerful fire and light within, the scene was not pleasant to him .---There sat his wife and daughter, each occupied with her needlework, while Oliver amused them by reading aload. There was an air of domestic comfort there, which appeared to lose nothing by his absence. It looked like a party, the members of which were pleased with each other-so well pleased, that there seemed no

doubt of a closer union by and by. Gregory was furious, and believed all, and more, than his artful enemy had suggested. As he entered the kitchen, Oliver rose and

went out to take charge of the horse. There was a moody and sullen look on Gregory's face, at which his wife and daughter were not astonished, for, as he had become in the habit of absenting himself from home, gloom had gathered upon his brow. To night his discontent was more apparent than ever, and was increased rather than abated by the efforts of his wife and daughter to dispel it.

He was resolved upon a quarrel with Oliver ; and when such a determination exists, the pretext will not be long wanting. But why quarrel? it may be asked. Two reasons. Gregory was in the wrong, and knew it. And he was in long arrears of debt, and really dependent upon one whom the custom of the world regarded as uis dependent. Under such circum-

stances, how could he part with him on pleasant terms ? . Part with him he did, and speedily went to

ruin. But a few years were necessary to accomplish great changes. Gregory's habits grew from had to worse. Ilis farm ceased to support itself. His ready money found its way into the pockets of his thievish companions, and in his old age he was obliged to mortgage his propreatest consequence to me." "I've answered you—and that should be hough. I can't let stragglers into my out buses, and I've no spare beds. There are tay-the thought of any parting or separation had ns enough—try one of them." he insensibly and unintentionally so ingrating of the house-hold, that when a year or two had passed away, the thought of any parting or separation had ceased to be entertained by any of them. Oli-he possessed, and he ceased to be an olject of interest. or even tolerance, to them. They ver was an undoubted fixture. It was in his interest, or even tolerance, to them. They power to introduce reforms and changes, and | surely regretted, with hypocritical sorrew, that nobody objected to the rude bed which he had he had thrown away his property, and they constructed in an outhouse for the benefit of professed to fear that he would throw himself travelers, who, like him, on the night on which away besides. But nubody would even credit bim for necessaries, much less supply him with money. Drink had become a passion with him -a passion which, in his poverty, he could no longer always gratify. He was furious, when his forgotten debt to his old servant, with its arrears of interest, was put in suit, and judgment went against him by default. Other creditors followed, and Mr. Gregory was a completely ruined man. A Sheriff's sale wound up his affairs, and at the end of it he was doubly bankrupt, for the proceeds were not sufficient to satisfy the mortgage and the expenses of the sale. The judgment held against him by his discharged foreman, took the whole mortgage of the personal property. The conveyancer to whom the farm had been mortgaged, was the purchaser; and the same party also bought in all the farm stock. except such as happened to sell for more than its value.

Rates of Advertising.

Advertisements will be charged \$1 per square of 10 lines, one or three insertion², and 25 cents for every subsequent insertion. Advertisements of less than 10 lines considered as a square. The subjoined rates will be charged for Quarterly, Half-Yearly and Yearly advertisements:

		3 MONTHS.	6 MONTHS. 1	2 MONTES
1 Squa	re,	\$3,00	\$4.50	\$6,00
2 do.	· * *** ** ******	5,00	6.50	8.00
3 do.		7,00	8,50	10.00
1 Colu	nn,	8,00	9.50	12.50
1 do		15,00	20.00	25.00
1 do			35 00	50 00
Adve	ortisement	s not havin	g the number	of inser-

tions desired marked upon them, will be published until ordered out and charged accordingly. Posters, Handbills, Bill-Heads, Letter Heads, and all kinds of Jobbing done in country establishments.

executed nearly and promptly. Justices', Constable

and escape the advance of more money on a property which would not yield more to a nonresident in rent than it would pay in interest. Having given them this information, and desired them to postpone their answer till the morrow, Oliver took his leave.

Curtain colloquies are remarkable for their influence over husbands who are rebellious when wide awake and stirring. Sleep is a pacificator, and Mr. Gregory having been talked into slumber by his helpmate, awoke in the morning disposed to be placable. The issue will readily be conjectured. Oliver entered into possession very much on the old footing, only that Mr. Gregory had no longer the temp-tation of large sums in his pocket on cattle market days. Oliver furthermore verified Mr. Moneypenny's prediction, by marrying the daughter; and it is shrewdly suspected that this was an event to which she had never eeased to look forward, though Oliver was driven away from the homestead.

Matters soon resumed their cheerful look as the Gregory farm. Not only was the interest on the mortgage promptly paid, but the princi-pal was annually diminished, until in a few years the estate was Oliver's property in fee simple.

And Mr. Moneypenny? For many years he disappeared from the neighborhood. Ilis claims against Gregory were contested, and shown on trial to be "without consideration." Disgrace followed the exhibition which the suit caused, and losses of various kinds followed disgrace. His fellow harpies devoured the remnant of his effects, and their evil practice finally brought down the whole of the knavish coterie to their true level.

The bed for the stranger is still kept up as the Gregory farm. One night an old man, who applied for shelter, was put there to rest. In the morning he was reported ill, and Oliver was shocked to recognize in him his old enemy, Mr. Moneypenny. He was brought to the house. and well cared for until he recovered. And then, perhaps you are ready to say, he was given constant shelter and employment. Nut at all. Oliver is not romantic in his generosity, and would not endanger his own household to serve a stranger. Mr. Moneypenny went his way when he was restored to health, and finds in this land of plenty no lack of food when he is hungry, or of labor when he is disposed to undertake it.

Every condition has its consolations. And Mr. Moneypenny is not without his. For when-ever the course of the Hon. Oliver _____, in Congress, is alluded to in his hearing, Mr. M. says:

"Knew the fellow when he was a boy. Always told him he would make something. (Told him myself he would get into Congress." But further than this, relative to his early knowledge of Hon. Oliver -----, Mr. Moneypenny deposeth not.

Why a Southern Born Man is Anti-Slavery.

There was an immense Union war meeting at Bryon Hall, Chicago, last week, at which Gov. Yates, of Illinois, was the principal spea-ker. In the course of his remarks, he said :

THE LOVED AND LOST. The loved and lost !" why do we call them lost? Because we miss them from our onward road ? God's unseen angel o'er our pathway crost, Looked on us all, and loving them the most, Straightway relieved them from life's weary load.

Select Poetry.

They are not lost; they are within the door That shuts out loss. And every beautiful thing, With angels bright, and loved ones gone before,

Pear, Henry, Prince, Ganada Snow, Jersey Sweet, Stoddard, Fall Pippeń, Mammoth Pippen, Rambo, Fall Joneting, Neutral, Thomas Wells.
WINTEIL VARIETY.—Baldwin, Fay's Russett, Northern Spy, Boston Russett, Golden Russett. Payne Sweeting, Bottle Gréen. Sweet Pearmain, Peck's Plea-sant, Bentley Sweet, Rhode Island Greening. Hub-bardston, None Such, Swaar, Black; Tallman's Sweet, Danver's Sweet, Tompkin's County King, Esopus Spitzenburg, Wagoner, Lady's Sweet, Yellow Bell-flower, Dutch Mignonne, Newtown Pippen, Ladies' Sweet. And this we call a "loss." O selfish sorrow Of selfish hearts ! O we of little faith ! Let us look round, some argument to borrow, Why we in patience should await the morrow, That surely must succeed this night of death.

WOULD inform Dealers in Agricultural Imple-ments, that I have Horse Enkess of the most ap-proved styles and superior quality. Also, Hand Rakes of a better quality than any manufactured in this section, which I will furnish in any qubnity deal Wyoming M sired, to dealers in the counties of Tiog', Bradford, and Lycoming. D. B. DOJD. Maineburg, Nov. 16, 1863-2mcs.⁶

MABBLE SHOP

AM now receiving a STOCK of Il'ALIAN and RUTLAND MARDLE, (bought rish cash) and am prepared to manufacture all kinds of TOMB-STONES

and MONUMENTS at the lowest prices, HARVEY ADAMS is my authorized egent and will sell Stone at the same prices seat the shop. WE HAVE BUT. ONE PRICE. Tioga, May.20, 1363-15. A. 5. OGLE.

CLAIN AGENCY.

THE undersigned will pramptly presente all L claims against the Government for services ren-dered in the Military or Naval Service of the United States. Charges reasonable-will advance the legal necessary foce if desired. No charge is not success-ful in the spplication. D. MCNAU01170N. ful in the application. D. MCNAUGLITON. References: Hon. Victor Case, I. W. Bellyws, Ex amining Surgeon at Knoxville, Pa., B. B. Strang, Clymer, Pa., F. Strang, Hector, Pa., S. M. Beebe, Harrison, Pa. Westfield, Jan. 11, 1854.-6mos²

STATE NORMAL SCHOL, [For the 5th District, Pa. AND

Mansfield Classical Senthary.

Miss H. A. FARNSWORTH,......Austeint. Assistant, and Teacher in Model School. Assistant, and Teacher of Music.

The Fall Term of this Institution will open Sept. 2d. The Winter Term, Dec. 2d. The Spring Term, March 16th, 1561. Each term to contine i thirteen

Meeks. A Kormal School Course of study for seduntion, (mbracing two years, is adopted. Students for the Normal Course, and for the Classi-

Students for the Normal Course, and restre Classi-cal Department, are solicited. For particulars, address Rev. W. D. TATLER, Mans-field, Tioga Courty Penna. Send for a Uircular. W. COCHRAN, Project of the Board (I Trustees: SYM. HOLLASD, Secretary.

Mansfield, August 5, 1863.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT. Office of Comptroller of the Caurency,

2

WASHINGTON, MARCH 21, 1864. WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidente presented W to the undersigned, it has been mide to appear that The Finer NATIONAL BANK, of Wellsborough, in the county of Tioga, and State of Pannsylvania, has here in has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the nat of Congress, entitled "An act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof." approved February 27. 1863, and has complied with all the provise has of mid-bet required to be complied with before commencing the basiness of banking: NOW, THEREFORE, I, HUGH- MCCULLOCH, Commtained of the complete the second sec

AUW, THEREFORM, 1, internet activity that Comptroller of the Currency, do bereby cartify that the First NATIONAL BANK, of Wellsborough, county of Tioga, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforessid.

(* *)	of, witness my band and seal o at day of March, 1864. HUGH McCULLOCH,	f
1 L.s. } Mar30 64-91	Comptroller of the Carrency.	PUT

Whitewash Lime. Petroleum Oil Kerosene Lamps. Drugs and Medicines, Patent Medicines, School Books, Wall Paper, Wyoming Mills Wrap-Window Glass. ping Paper, Dye Colors, Furnished at Wholesale Prices by

W. D. TEBBELL, Corning, N. Y.

Zimmermann & Co's.

NATIVE BRANDY & WINES, 3. FOR

MEDICAL & COMMUNION PURPOSES.

CATAWBA BRANDY.

THIS BRANDY has been analyzed by the Mediical Director of the Naval Labratory at Brooklyn, and substituted for French Brandy, for use in the United States Navy. It is also used and recommend-ed by Dr. Satterlee, Medical Purveyor in' New York of U. S. Army, in the Hospital of his Department.

DRY CATAWBA WINE,

THIS WINE has all the properties of Dry Sherry

SWEET CATAWBA WINE.

THIS WINE for its mildness is adapted for Invalids and for communion purposes.

M ESSRS. ZIMMERMANN & CO., of Cincin-nati and New York had formerly partnership with N. Longworth of Cincinnati the wealthy Native Wine producer, and therefore enables them to furnish the best of American production, at moderate prices. Sold by W. D. TERBELL, at Wholesale and Retail, and by Druggists generally.

Corning, N. Y., Jan. 20, 1864-tf.

NOTICE.

Joseph R. Ingersoll In the Court of Common and others, trustees of the estate which was of William Bingham Pleas of Tioga County, State of Pennsylvania, of Septemdeceased, ber 1861, No. 282.

Edwin Inscho et al. Ejectment for a tract of land

in Deerfield township, county aforesaid, containing thirty-three and five-tenths o an acre or thereabouts, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the south-east corner of lot No. 8 in the allotment of the Bingham lands in Deerfield township aforesaid, conveyed to Caleb B Smith; thence along lines of said lot north three fourths of a degree east eighty perches, east ter perches and north twenty four perches to the north east corner of said lot No. 8; thence south seventy. nine degrees east fifty perches and four tenths of a perch to the north west corner of lot No. 10; thence long the west line of said lot south one degree wes along the west line of said lot south one agree west ninety-four perches and four-tenths of a perch to the north-east corner of lot No. 7; thence along the north line of said lot west fifty-nine perches and two-tenths of a perch to the place of beginning—it being lot No. 9 of the allutment of the Bingbam lands in Deerfield township affreesid, and part of warrant numbered 2020 in the rafae of Thomas M. Willing. 2029 in the name of Thomas M. Willing, And now, to wit, January 25, 1864, rule on John

Ward and Eliza his wife, and Benoni Watkins and Mary Aun, his wife, to appear and plead, by the first day of next term. TIOGA COUNTY, SS:

I, John F. Donaldson, Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of said county, do certify the above to be a true copy of a rule entered in the foregoing entitled suit. In testimony whereof I have hareunto $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} L, S. \\ L, S. \end{array} \right\}$ set my hand and sfixed my seal of office J. F. DONALDSON, Proth'y, J. F. DONALDSON, Proth'y,

February		DONAL	10800,	Frota y.	
DUTTY &	WINDOW	GLASS	at		-

houses, and I've no spare beds. There are tayerns enough-try one of them."

"But I've no money."

"That's not my fault, that I'm aware of .--You have words enough. You ought to be in Congress, or the State Legislature, at least. I never heard such a tease, in the shape of a beggar, in my life."

The poor boy-for boy he was-turned away. He was a stranger and a traveler ; but he never had, till now, heard the hard word beggar applied to him. His little stock of money had held out till this evening, by careful economy for he had usually obtained food as he walked, almost without asking, and lodging beside .-He was chilled through and dispirited, and without any definite purpose walked into the village inn, whose light shone invitingly. Nobody objected to his drawing near the fire, where he warmed his shivering limbs, and in the present comfort which that afforded forgot his destitution. He mechanically read the various handbills and written notices, in the vain hope of finding something that might offer him a home. Finding nothing there, he studied the

faces of the party in the room, with no better result. Warmth obtained, he began to feel the cravings of appetite, as he had eaten nothing for several hours. And he was tantalized, moreover, with the sound of the hissing fry and the smell of comestibles which came through the often opened door.

"Supper for the gentlemen," at length was unnounced.

A great, rosy-faced, good-natured man, who sat by the fireside, and had, unsuspected by our hero, been attentively observing him, arose to follow the not unwelcome summons. The poor boy looked wistfully and sighed.

" Come!" said rosy face.

"Me?" asked the boy; and he drew near the gentleman's warm check, and whisnered. ' I've no monev !"

"Who could'nt see that ?" said the other .--'It's the very reason I asked you. Will you come ?".

"With many thanks-"

"Not a word of that, my boy. Do you take anything before ?" The lad declined. But his new friend addressed himself to a preliminary modicum of spirits, and then led the way to a substantial supper, to which the boy did grateful and ample justice. The landlord, not to be outdone in generosity by his guest, refused to accept payment for the young man's supper, and added the favor of telling him that he might sleep in the haymaw, if he chose. Of course the homoless wanderer gratefully accepted the proffered shelter, and as he required no servant to light him to his lodgings, at once repaired to the place designated. He had scarcely taken ishment. possession before he heard voices below :

"Is the old man going to-night?" some one asked the hostler. The hostler had not heard. And then our hero heard a conversation between two other persons, to the purport that it would not do to let the "old man," as they Still the shot told, and the man felt more than called him, off until morning. He had sold his be was willing to acknowledge, a false shame cattle that day, and was well furnished with that he had submitted even to good direction. money, Oliver was uneasy. He waited a few He grew less cordial and kind to his friend, his minutes, slipped down from his impromptu bed, true friend, the "beggar boy," and gave him-BOY'S DRUG STORE. | and returned to the house. Neither his absence self more license in drink and in idleness-to

he came under Mr. Gregory's notice, had neither shelter nor the means of paying for it.

He would gladly have persuaded, his master from daily potations, but that was an evil which, however much he desired, he could not immediately reach. He was forced to content himself with preventing, so far as possible, the evils of the habit which he could not induce Mr. Gregory to forego; and on many occasions he stood between his friend and loss or danger. If Oliver was not strictly a disinterested friend, he came as near meriting that designation as the nature of things permits. Providence has so ordered things in this world, that it is next to impossible for a man to do his neighbors good, without some reaction of that good to his own benefit.

Others, who would have Mr. Gregory consider them friends, were certainly not disinterested. Among these was Mr. Moneypenny .--That individual had an acquaintance with games of chance, modes of betting, and other hazards, which usually resulted in his own advantage, to the cost of whatever unfortunate he could inveigle into his meshes. He was one of the company whom Oliver frustrated at the inn the first night upon which he met Mr. Gregory. True to the selfish and savage instincts of a gambler, he kept his eye upon the "young beggar." Perhaps he might have forgotten the first offence-but Oliver repeated it; and as often as Mr. Gregory was exposed, managed to protect him. The interference with their voca-

tion made the whole coterie angry, but none more so than Mr. Moneypenny. That worthy applied himself industriously to the purpose of breaking up the connection

which saved Gregory from becoming completely the dupe of himself and his companions. Inuendoes and insinuations against Oliver's character were for a long time plied with little effect. Gregory knew too well the honesty and industry of his fuithful foreman, to have his faith in his integrity shaken by interested strangers. Every man, however, has a blind side; and Moneypenny discovered the weak point in Gregory's character. And after that all went swimmingly awhile with the confederates.

"Don't be in such haste, Gregory," said Moneypenny to him one evening; " your foreman will overlook it, if you do'nt get home for once until ten or eleven o'clock."

Gregory glared on him with anger and aston

"Perhaps you did ask Oliver's permission and were to stay with us. If you did not, I will give you a written apology to him."

Gregory paid no further attention to this sally, than to order his horse peremptorily .-

"I wish Oliver had remained with us!" sighed the wife, as they sat round the hearth, no longer theirs, and looked painfully and uncertainly forward to their forced removal.

"Wishing does no good," said Gregory ;--"and if it did, I cannot see why you should wish that. Oliver was one of the first to hurry this ruin, by bringing his suit, like an ungrateful vagabond. If he had refrained, the others would not have thought of it."

"Do'nt flatter yourself," said his wife, with some asperity. "And for my part, since we must lose our home, I am glad that the just debt has preference over the others.

There was a knock at the door. In answer to the usual summons to "walk in," the subject of their conversation entered. Mr. Gregory offered him a chair, with formal politeness. Mrs. Gregory offered him her hand-Miss Gregory did not refuse hers, when he essayed to take it. There was an awkward effort to enter into conversation. None of the party knew how to commence. With an apology for doing so, Oliver at length asked what were their plans.

While Mr. Gregory was endeavoring mentally to concoct something which should be sufficiently dignified and contemptuous, Mrs. Gregory answered that they had no plans.

"Would you like to remain here ?" "Of all things, if possible," she answered.

'But that cannot be." "Certainly not," said Mr. Gregory. "We have been unfortunate, but we have not lost ALL spirit. We could not consent to come un-

der obligations to those who have ruined us." Oliver smiled with the slightest shade of bitterness, at Gregory's idea of spirit and magnanimity. He felt the intention of the remark, but his conscience acquitted him; and he proceeded to tell them how they might continue in their homestead, if they chose. The holder of the mortgage, who was the purchaser of the property, was quite ready to renew it to him. (Oliver,) and thus secure the interest in future.

"I am anti-slavery, not because I was born in New England, and have my projudices against the southern people, but because I was born in the South. There center all the memories of my youth ; there is the home of my kindred ; and I believe that the warm, genial pulsations of humanity flow in as deep a current through Southern veins, as in any people beneath the sun -but slavery has been the canker of the South, to eat out both its substance and its manhood, and to subject it to a boastful, insulting, arrogant aristocracy, which, from the habit of tyrannizing over the poor slave, has become too pampered and arrogans to submit to the rightful authority of good government and laws: Slavery not only oppressed the African race, sundering husband from wife, and father from son, exacting service without remuneration, but degraded the poor white, deprived him of his rights, reduced the wages of his labor, divided the land into large plantations, so that the white population was sparse and schools few and remote. It stood as a perpetual living wall, a black and ghastly specter, to roll back the tide of emigration which was pouring from Europe and New England, and which sought the prairies and woods of the Northwest, and which, under the genus and life-giving energy of free labor and free institutions, has marched forward with stalwart gians tread, to wealth and power, while the South, with its fertile soil and genial sky, has drooped and withered beneath the curse of slavery.

"It is for the good of the South, as well as for the welfare of the country, that I wish to see shavery extinguished. Small farms, free labor, free schools, a free press, and open Bibles, with free institutions, will make the South bloom and blossom as the rose. [Loud cheers.] Whenever, self-poised and conscious of her moral status and power-when every man can life up to God unfettered limbs and soul-then the South will start with a bound ; emigration, and genius, and art, and enterprise, will seek her sunny hills and vales; and these shall be the Lookout Mountains upon her deliverance, and a race of unending progress to wealth, power and renown." [Lengthened applause.]

ONE of the Vice Presidents of the MCCLEL-AN meeting recently held at Cooper Institute, New York, was a man named HENRY GRINNELL, who is regarded by the Southern rebels as an open and ardent champion of their cause, upon the strength of letters printed in the Richmond papers. Another Vico President, Mr. Lathers, is a South Carolinan by birth, and is said to have declared that when South Carolina, seceeded, his readiness to fight under her standard. These are the sort of patriots who are most active in pushing George B. McClellau or President.

Sorrow can never wholly fill the heart that is occupied with others' welfare. Constant melancholy is rebellion.

If you would pass for more than your value, say little. It is easier to look wise than to talk wise, 🛀

When the shepherd is angry with his sheep, he sends them a blind guide.