

properties of numbers, Miss Martha Peet gave explanations both in Multiplication and Division of Fractions, and also the method of reducing those of a complex form.

The weather, during the Institute, was very pleasant. The number of teachers present was nearly sixty, mostly females.

avowedly, and the other by certain implication. Both have been answered in the results of the fall elections.

It seems pretty certain that Missouri has been carried for immediate emancipation. The Conservative papers give it up after cyphering out a majority of three.

The Legislature, now in session, has to elect two United States Senators. The Radicals will support Gratz Brown for one.

The soldier's vote in this case, like that in Ohio, and Minnesota, was all one way—for the Radicals.

THINK of it: Out of about 26,000 votes cast by the Ohio soldiers, Vallandigham got less than 1000!

What a pity it is that it is unconstitutional for the soldiers to vote!

As a School-boy we remember the superstition connected with tenacity of life in snakes. It was said that, if killed in the morning, a snake would wiggle his tail until sundown.

The decision of Justices Lowrie, Woodward and Thompson, declaring the Conscription act unconstitutional, is confirmatory of the superstition referred to. Both Lowrie and Woodward were killed off on the 13th of October.

This decision was ex parte, the Government not appearing. Of course the court had no jurisdiction, but that made no sort of difference with the twin demagogues, Woodward and Lowrie.

THE Potter Journal of week before last has an able and timely article recommending A. G. OLMPSTED, Esq., for the Speakership of the State Legislature.

He has served one term in the House, where by his industry, integrity, and ability he won the respect of all. In mental qualities, much above the ordinary class of members, he could not fail of being an able and efficient officer.

He has served one term in the House, where by his industry, integrity, and ability he won the respect of all. In mental qualities, much above the ordinary class of members, he could not fail of being an able and efficient officer.

B. GRAZT BROWN, Radical, was on Friday elected to the U. S. Senate from Missouri.

WAR NEWS.

The news from the Texas expedition under Gen. Banks, is cheering. The expedition suffered some slight loss by bad weather, but had reached the Rio Grande and forced the rebels to evacuate Fort Brown, opposite Matamoros.

New difficulty from the rebellion, it seems to be confirmed, has threatened the Government from the most unexpected quarter. A plot to burn the Mississippi steamers is succeeded by a conspiracy to release the rebel prisoners from Camp Chase, and this gives place to another rebel enterprise, of invading the American lakes from Canada.

There are now two thousand rebel officers on Johnson's Island, Sandusky Bay. A despatch received from the Canadian Government by Lord Lyons gives information of a contemplated movement to invade the North from Canada, free the rebel prisoners on Lake Erie, and burn the city of Buffalo.

No definite news of the reported movement of Bragg against Burnside has been reported. In the affair at Rogersville, our forces were overpowered by superior numbers and a sudden attack, which, however, had not seriously endangered Gen. Burnside, who has a strong force and position.

From the Army of the Potomac the news is interesting. It is certain that the whole of the rebel infantry has retired beyond the Rapidan, and the south bank of which they are strongly fortified, with care, which indicates their intention to go into winter quarters.

General Averill's victory at Droop Mountain, in Western Virginia, was decisive. The enemy had a force of over 4,000, of which 300 were killed and wounded, and lost 100 prisoners, with three guns, and a large number of small arms, wagons, etc.

From Charleston we have rebel accounts to the 10th, at which date the bombardment of Sumpter was being steadily continued. No other movements are continued.

The evacuation of Virginia, it is thought, must occur before long, if Burnside and Thomas maintain their ground in East Tennessee and at Chattanooga. A paragraph in the Raleigh Standard, however, to the effect that the rebels are once more busied with the railroad connection between Danville, in Virginia, and Greensborough, in North Carolina, would seem to prove that they do not expect to leave the State at once.

A Rebel estimate gives General Thomas' centre army 60,000, General Burnside's left wing 15,000, and General Hooker's right wing 12,000. General Sherman, with 15,000 more, is near Tusculum, moving eastward to join Hooker. The cavalry apportioned to these commands is placed at 15,000, making a total of one hundred and seven thousand men commanded by General Grant.

We have news from Europe to November 1. A rumor that an attempt would be made to take out to sea by force the steam rams in the Mersey induced the English Government to send the iron-plated frigate Prince Consort and a gunboat to Liverpool to watch the rams. The Prince Consort, on her way from Plymouth to Liverpool, was seriously disabled and put into Kingston. The work on the rams has been suspended, and two gunboats were keeping watch over Laird's yard.

A new steamship line, from Liverpool and London to New-York, will be established by a company, called the National Steam Navigation Company of London and Liverpool, whose object is to substitute powerful screw steamers for sailing vessels in American and other trades. The Company has provisionally purchased three new steamers.

Mr. Beecher and the Rebel emissary, Lamar, are both passengers in the Asia. Mr. Beecher on the day before his departure was entertained at a farewell breakfast by the Liverpool Emancipation Society.

The privateer Georgia had been seen in the Bay of Biscay, and, according to latter accounts, had arrived in Cherbourg to victual and coal.

The French Government has compelled the Mexican Consuls to cease their functions. A plan of making Paris a seaport by a ship canal is revived.

New negotiations on the Schleswig-Holstein question have been commenced by Denmark and Germany. Earl Russel has sent to the Federal Diet a new proposition as a basis of mediation.

In Russia, out of 345 members known to have been chosen to the Chamber of Representatives, 260 are Liberals.

DESERTERS AND MATRIMONY.—Some amusing incidents occur in the military line occasionally. A few days ago Captain White, caused the arrest of a deserter in Potter County, and he was brought to this place. On Wednesday a request came to allow the deserter to proceed, under guard, to the Parker House to see some friends. The request was granted, and the deserter met a few friends, a sweetheart and a minister, and although he deserted his country's service, the faithful girl would not desert him, so the twin were then and there made one flesh, and the soldier was marched back to the guard house and will be sent to his regiment there to undergo such punishment as may await him.

A day or two ago, the Provost Marshal heard of a deserter, near Newbury, named John Watts who had previously been arrested in Canton, Bradford county, and escaped by jumping from the cars when under full headway. He was working at a mill under the assumed name of John Means, and under that name had taken board with a widow, passing for a single man, and had entered into a nice little matrimonial arrangement which would have been consummated in a few days but for the ruthless interference of Capt. White. One of the Marshal's detectives engaged to work at the same mill with the purpose of securing him, in which he succeeded, although Watts is a desperate character. When the disconsolate widow learned that John Means, the lover, was no other than John Watts, the married man, her grief found expression in a tirade of invectives which made the double deserter quail, and he felt a sense of relief when he was handcuffed and marched off to the guard house.—WILLIAMSPORT BULLETIN.

The more we get of election returns the better they look. Illinois shows a Union gain from last year, in 45 counties, of more than 22,000; Wisconsin in 30 counties, a gain of 8,331 from 1861; Missouri looks well, and it is not beyond hope that the Radicals may have a majority after all; Minnesota gives the Union ticket about 10,000 majority. In Maryland the Union majority will be about 23,000.—It is settled that four Unconditional Unionists and one Secessionist are chosen to Congress from Maryland.

HIGH LIFE IN WASHINGTON.—A Washington correspondent of the Independent says: "There was a sight to be seen in broad day light a few days ago, in front of the Presidential mansion, which gave those who witnessed it a shocking idea of the onward strides which the vice of intemperance has made in 'good society' during the last few years. A woman clad in the richest and most fashionable garments, with diamonds flashing from her slender fingers in the slant western sunshine, sat upon the stone balustrade, unable to proceed on her homeward walk without betraying herself. At last she rose and started on, swaying to and fro, and yet soon rested again, utterly unable to proceed. The carriage of a foreign minister passed by—the poor woman was noticed—and it turned, stopped, and took in the lady, and carried her to her luxurious home. For the lady is wealthy, and occupies a high social position; but she was drunk in the streets of Washington!"

"AGAIN."—It was the former loud boast of the Democratic leaders in Penna., that "you can't beat us two years in succession." But we did that thing FOUR YEARS, hand running—in 1855, in 1859, in 1860, and in 1861. Defeated by a handful of votes and our own neglect, in 1862, and in 1863 we have laid them out again.

"You can't elect a Governor two terms in succession." But we have elected Curtin—two terms in succession—the first time the thing has been done, in this State, in twenty years.

The German Church in Archibald, Luzerne county, was destroyed by fire on Sunday evening last. The Scranton Republican says that when the steeples fell, the Copperheads who were present in pretty large force, gave three cheers for Woodward.

Official Vote for Governor and Supreme Judge.

The following is a complete tabular statement of the official vote for Governor and Supreme Judge, cast in Pennsylvania, October 13, 1863, as it is recorded in the Secretary of State's office:

Table with columns for County, Curtin, Woodward, Agnew, Lowrie. Lists counties and their respective votes for each candidate.

Summary table showing Total votes, Governor Curtin's vote, G. W. Woodward's vote, Governor Curtin's majority, D. Agnew's vote, W. H. Lowrie's vote, and Agnew's majority.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following Administrators and Executors have filed their accounts in the Register's Office of Tioga County, and that the same will be presented to the Orphan's Court of said county, on Monday, the 7th day of December, 1863, for confirmation and allowance.

ESTRAY.

CAME into the enclosure of the subscriber on about the 26th of October last, A RED STEER, white tipped tail, 2 years old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take it away. SAMUEL ROGERS. Cherry Flatts, Nov. 18, 1863-3t.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the notes and accounts of R. H. Close, previous to Jan. 1, 1863, has been placed in my hands for collection. Persons indebted will please settle immediately and save costs. FARMINGTON, Nov. 18.

Application for License.

THE following named persons has filed her petition in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Tioga County for License to keep a House of Entertainment and a Beer and Wine Shop. Application will be had in the afternoon of Wednesday, Dec. 7, next. HENRY OF ESTABLISHMENT. Union-Sarah Jones. J. F. DONALDSON, Clerk. Nov. 18, 1863.

FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

D. HART'S OLD STAND WELLSBORO, PA. I am daily receiving a full stock of Flour and Feed from the Elmira and Covington Mills, which I will sell at the lowest market price. We warrant to give satisfaction both in price and quality. A liberal patronage respectfully solicited. WILLIAM M. KLOCK. Wellsboro, Nov. 11, 1863. 3m.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale his farm, lying about 2 1/2 miles north of Whitney's corners, in Charleston, and five miles from Wellsboro, about SIXTY ACRES cleared and under good cultivation, nearly free from stumps. It is well watered, well fenced, has an excellent orchard of 80 apple trees, together with pears, plums, cherries, and quinces. There are also two good barns, and a good house upon this farm. There is a fine well of soft water near the house. This farm is situated on the Hill's Creek Road, and will be sold at a bargain for cash, or on short time with good security. H. P. DOCKSTADER. Charleston, Nov. 11, 1863-4t.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS, my wife CORNELIA, has left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation, I hereby forbid all persons harboring or assisting her or her child, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date. JAMES L. PLUMLEY. Dolmar, Oct. 26, 1863-3t.

D. HART'S HOTEL.

WELLSBORO, TIOGA CO. PENNA. THE subscriber takes this method to inform his old friends and customers that he has resumed the conduct of the old "Crystal Fountain Hotel," and will hereafter give his entire attention. Thankful for past favors, he solicits a renewal of the same. Wellsboro, Nov. 4, 1863-1y. DAVID HART.

UNION FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

OSGOOD'S BLOCK, MAIN ST., WELLSBORO. I AM receiving, and shall keep constantly on hand, at my store in Osgood's Block, the best quality of Genesee Flour, which will be sold at lowest market price. Also, FEED, CORN MEAL, and BUCKWHEAT FLOUR. ALBERT RUSSELL. Wellsboro, Oct. 28, 1863.

YOUR ATTENTION

IS INVITED TO THE LARGE & ATTRACTIVE STOCK OF NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS

Now on hand and being received daily at the subscriber's, (NO. 3, CONCERT BLOCK, CORNER, N. Y.), in which great inducements are offered in regard to

QUALITIES, STYLES & PRICES. Goods of all kinds are being sold at as low rates as can reasonably be expected.

The Stock is in much better shape than ever before to fill all calls or orders.

WE SHALL CONTINUE TO SELL ALL DOMESTICS,

SUCH AS BROWN SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS, BLEACHED SHIRTINGS, DENIMS, TICKINGS, STRIPES, CHECKS, COTTON FLANNELS, HEAVY COTTON-ADES, YARNS, WHITE, RED, BLUE AND GREY, MIXED WOOL FLANNELS, SHAKERS FLANNELS, WRAP, PERS, DRAWERS, &c., &c., &c., &c.

At about the same low rates we have been selling the past three months. WE CANNOT BE UNDERSOLD!

PRINTS. COMMON, MEDIUM & EXTRA GOODS, AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

A very large stock to retail from.

DRESS GOODS. This stock is full of choice Goods, such as DELAINES, ALPACCAS, MOHAIRS, WOOL PLAIDS, WOOL DELAINES, PLAIN & FANCY REPS, &c.

No one should buy a dress before examining this stock.

IN SHAWLS. We can do well with all; the stock is large; plenty of

BROCHE & WOOL SHAWLS, DOUBLE & SINGLE. From low prices to extra qualities, Small Shawls, &c.

CLOAKS AND CLOAKINGS. We are doing a LARGE CLOAK TRADE, keeping all the

LEADING STYLES, and selling them at such CLOSE RATES that no one can get them up cheaper, without they can cut and make the garment themselves, and then they can't but a small portion of the costs of making. If parties prefer to make up for themselves we have the

CLOTHS & TRIMMINGS of all kinds at the LOWEST CASH RATES.

BALMORALS. We can suit any one as to price or quality, keeping them from the LOWEST IN MARKET to the EXTRA GOODS, which we sell as low as last season.

BOOTS & SHOES. This Department does its own advertising. I would simply remark that customers

CAN DEPEND on having a full supply of the SAME STANDARD GOODS, and that we warrant all articles sold to be as represented. We can suit

ALL CUSTOMERS from the best styles of Ladies wear to the heavy DOUBLE SOLE BOOT, and fit any one, from the smallest child to the extra sizes. Richardson's best make Boots. In Men's D. S. & J. D. S. Boys' and youths' always on hand in full supply CHEAP.

GROCERIES. As usual we will keep our Grocery Stock in good order, and sell everything at the lowest market rates.

WHOLESALE TRADE. All goods sold at Wholesale at lower rates than NEW YORK TIME PRICES. We can do better by all buyers of Small Wholesale Bills than most dealers, as we add but a small commission to New York Cash Prices.

PRODUCE. Of all kinds taken on as favorable terms as any buyer. CASH PAID for all marketable articles.

J. A. PARSONS, CORNER, N. Y. November 11, 1863.